1 CITY OF SANTA MONICA Gov. Code, § 6103 DOUGLAS SLOAN, SBN 194996 Electronically FILED by 2 City Attorney — Douglas.Sloan@smgov.net Superior Court of California, 1685 Main Street, Room 310 County of Los Angeles 6/26/2024 11:07 PM 3 Santa Monica, CA 90401 David W. Slayton, Telephone: 310.458.8336 Executive Officer/Clerk of Court, 4 By K. Hung, Deputy Clerk GIBSON, DUNN & CRUTCHER LLP 5 THEODORE J. BOUTROUS JR., SBN 132099 tboutrous@gibsondunn.com MARCELLUS MCRAE, SBN 140308 6 mmcrae@gibsondunn.com 7 KAHN A. SCOLNICK, SBN 228686 kscolnick@gibsondunn.com 8 TIAUNIA N. HENRY, SBN 254323 thenry@gibsondunn.com 9 DANIEL R. ADLER, SBN 306924 dadler@gibsondunn.com 333 South Grand Avenue 10 Los Angeles, CA 90071-3197 Telephone: 213.229.7000 11 Facsimile: 213.229.7520 12 Attorneys for Defendant, 13 CITY OF SANTA MONICA SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 14 FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES 15 16 PICO NEIGHBORHOOD ASSOCIATION; and CASE NO. BC616804 MARIA LOYA, DECLARATION OF KAHN A. SCOLNICK 17 IN SUPPORT OF DEFENDANT CITY OF Plaintiffs, 18 SANTA MONICA'S MOTION RE v. **FURTHER PROCEEDINGS ON REMAND** 19 CITY OF SANTA MONICA. 20 Hearing Date: September 20, 2024 Defendant. Hearing Time: 9:00 a.m. 21 Assigned to Judge Steve Cochran 22 Department 16 23 24 25 26 27

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I, Kahn A. Scolnick, declare as follows:

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I am a partner with the law firm Gibson Dunn & Crutcher, LLP, counsel for the City of Santa Monica in this case. I am authorized to practice law in the State of California and submit this declaration in support of the City's motion concerning further proceedings on remand. The following matters are based upon my personal knowledge, and if called to testify to such facts, I could and would do so competently.

DECLARATION OF KAHN A. SCOLNICK

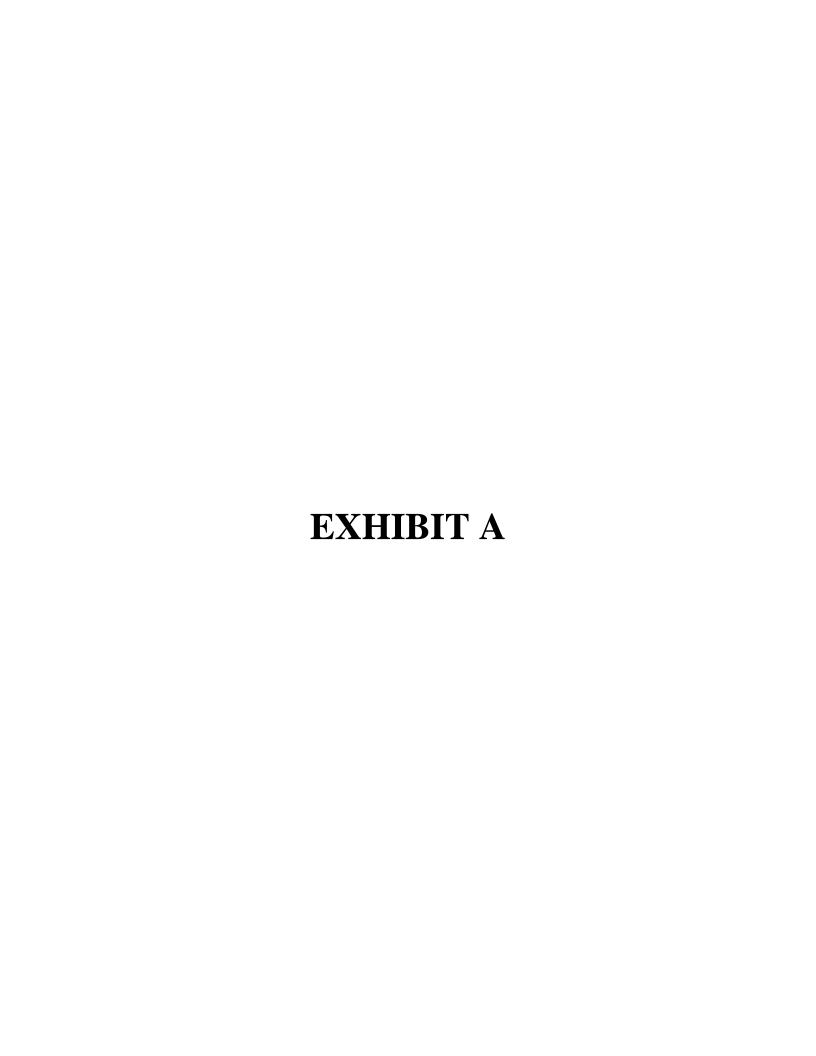
- 1. The documents attached to this declaration are for the most part pleadings filed in, or exhibited admitted by, the trial court. But for the convenience of the parties, which have been litigating an appeal for many years, I have also provided appellate citations from the appellant's appendix and the reporter's transcript.
- 2. Attached as Exhibit A is a true and correct copy of the Court of Appeal's decision in this case, which was issued on July 9, 2020.
- Attached as Exhibit B is a true and correct copy of the Court of Appeal's order, dated 3. February 9, 2024, remanding this case to this Court.
 - 4. Attached as Exhibit C is a true and correct copy of Trial Exhibit 1639 (28AA12278A).
- 5. Attached as Exhibit D is a true and correct copy of a certified transcript of proceedings held on September 11, 2018 (RT9111:15-16).
- 6. Attached as Exhibit E is a true and correct copy of a certified transcript of proceedings held on August 3, 2018 (RT2470:8-10).
 - 7. Attached as Exhibit F is a true and correct copy of Trial Exhibit 1393 (27AA11947).
 - 8. Attached as Exhibit G is a true and correct copy of Trial Exhibit 1394 (27AA11994).
- 9. Attached as Exhibit H is a true and correct copy of Trial Exhibit 1513 (27AA12125, 27AA12128).
- 10. Attached as Exhibit I is a true and correct copy of Trial Exhibit 1515 (27AA12145-12146).
- 11. Attached as Exhibit J is a true and correct copy of a certified transcript of proceedings held on August 13, 2018 (RT4390:22-25).

- 12. Attached as Exhibit K is a true and correct copy of a certified transcript of proceedings held on August 30, 2018 (RT7552:18-23; RT7560:9-7561:27).
- 13. Attached as Exhibit L is a true and correct copy of the complaint dated April 12, 2016 (1AA70).
- 14. Attached as Exhibit M is a true and correct copy of the first amended complaint dated February 23, 2017 (4AA1141).
- 15. Attached as Exhibit N is a true and correct copy of a certified transcript of proceedings held on August 6, 2018 (RT2957:3-28).
- 16. Attached as Exhibit O is a true and correct copy of Trial Exhibit 1653A (28AA12328-12332).
- 17. Attached as Exhibit P are true and correct copies of Trial Exhibits 272, 275, 278, 281, 284, 287, and 290 (25AA11006-11012).
- 18. Attached as Exhibit Q is a true and correct copy of plaintiffs' trial brief dated July 30, 2018 (the cited pages are 14AA5409, 14AA5420, 14AA5422).
- 19. Attached as Exhibit S is a true and correct copy of a certified transcript of proceedings held on August 7, 2018 (RT3179:3-3181:2).
- 20. Attached as Exhibit T is a true and correct copy of a certified transcript of proceedings held on September 5, 2018 (RT8296:20-21; RT8346:1-10).
- 21. Attached as Exhibit U is a true and correct copy of a certified transcript of proceedings held on August 16, 2018 (RT4823:3-4).
- 22. Attached as Exhibit V is a true and correct copy of a certified transcript of proceedings held on September 4, 2018. (RT7811:6-13.)
- 23. Attached as Exhibit W is a true and correct copy of the trial court's tentative decision, dated November 8, 2018 (22AA9966).
- 24. Attached as Exhibit X is a true and correct copy of documents from late 2018 relating to the trial court's statement of decision, including the order requiring plaintiffs to propose a statement of decision (23AA10254).
 - 25. Attached as Exhibit Y is a true and correct copy of the judgment proposed by plaintiffs

on January 3, 2019 (24AA10353).

- 26. Attached as Exhibit Z is a true and correct copy of the statement of decision proposed by plaintiffs on January 3, 2019 (24AA10368).
- 27. Attached as Exhibit AA is a true and correct copy of the trial court's order, dated February 13, 2019, overruling the City's objections to the proposed statement of decision and judgment (24AA10667).
- 28. Attached as Exhibit AB is a true and correct copy of the statement of decision dated February 13, 2019 (the cited pages are 24AA10681-10682, 24AA10685-10686, 24AA10692-10693, 24AA10693- 10694, 24AA10706-10707, 24AA10716-10727, 24AA10738).
 - 29. Attached as Exhibit AC is a true and correct copy of Trial Exhibit 1387 (26AA11611).
 - 30. Attached as Exhibit AD is a true and correct copy of Trial Exhibit 1389 (26AA11657).
 - 31. Attached as Exhibit AE is a true and correct copy of Trial Exhibit 1390 (26AA11692).
 - 32. Attached as Exhibit AF is a true and correct copy of Trial Exhibit 1391 (26AA11733).
 - 33. Attached as Exhibit AG is a true and correct copy of Trial Exhibit 1392 (27AA11868).
 - 34. Attached as Exhibit AH is a true and correct copy of Trial Exhibit 1557 (28AA12253).
- 35. Attached as Exhibit AI is a true and correct copy of the City's notice of appeal, dated February 22, 2019 (24AA10740).
- 36. Attached as Exhibit AJ is a true and correct copy of the trial court's order, dated March 6, 2019, denying the City's ex parte application to confirm that the judgment was stayed pending appeal (25AA10888).
- 37. Attached as Exhibit AK is a true and correct copy of the City's petition for a writ of supersedeas, dated March 8, 2019. (25AA10888A)
- 38. Attached as Exhibit AL is a true and correct copy of the Court of Appeal's order granting the City's petition for a writ of supersedeas on March 27, 2019 (25AA10889A).
- 39. Attached as Exhibit AM is a true and correct copy of the Court of Appeal's order, dated October 6, 2023, calling for supplemental briefing.
- 40. Attached as Exhibit AN is a true and correct copy of the Supreme Court's order granting judicial notice of Santa Monica City Council elections held in 2018, 2020, and 2022.

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CERTIFIED FOR PUBLICATION

IN THE COURT OF APPEAL OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

SECOND APPELLATE DISTRICT

DIVISION EIGHT

PICO NEIGHBORHOOD ASSOCIATION et al.,

Plaintiffs and Respondents,

v.

CITY OF SANTA MONICA,

Defendant and Appellant.

B295935

(Los Angeles County Super. Ct. No. BC616804)

APPEAL from a judgment of the Superior Court of Los Angeles County, Yvette M. Palazuelos, Judge. Reversed.

Lane Dilg, City Attorney, George Cardona, Special Counsel; Gibson, Dunn & Crutcher, Theodore J. Boutrous Jr., Marcellus A. McRae, Kahn A. Scolnick, Tiaunia N. Henry and Daniel R. Adler for Defendant and Appellant.

Cole Huber and Derek P. Cole for League of California Cities and California Special Districts Association as Amici Curiae on behalf of Defendant and Appellant.

Strumwasser & Woocher, Bryce A. Gee and Caroline C. Chiappetti for The Santa Monica Transparency Project as Amicus Curiae on behalf of Defendant and Appellant. Shenkman & Hughes, Kevin I. Shenkman, Mary R. Hughes, Andrea A. Alarcon; Law Office of Robert Rubin, Robert Rubin; Goldstein, Borgen, Dardarian & Ho, Morris J. Baller, Laura L. Ho, Anne P. Bellows, Ginger L. Grimes; Parris Law Firm, R. Rex Parris, Ellery S. Gordon; Law Offices of Milton C. Grimes and Milton Grimes; Schonbrun Seplow Harris & Hoffman, Paul Hoffman and John Washington for Plaintiffs and Respondents.

Panish Shea & Boyle and Brian Panish for Richard Polanco, Sergio Farias, Juan Carrillo, Richard Loa and Austin Bishop as Amici Curiae on behalf of Plaintiffs and Respondents.

Hogan Lovells US, Ira M. Feinberg, Zach Martinez, Patrick C. Hynds and Joseph M. Charlet for FairVote as Amicus Curiae on behalf of Plaintiffs and Respondents.

A neighborhood organization and a resident sued the City of Santa Monica, which uses at-large voting to elect its City Council. The plaintiffs claimed this system discriminated against Latinos, which is the term all parties use. After a bench trial, the trial court agreed and ordered the City to switch to district-based voting. We reverse and enter judgment for the City because the City violated neither the California Voting Rights Act nor the Constitution.

Ι

We describe the setting.

Α

At the time of trial, about 90,000 people lived in the City of Santa Monica, which is the defendant and appellant in this case and which we call the City. Latinos then comprised about 16

percent of the City's total population and 13.64 percent of the City's citizen-voting-age population.

The plaintiffs and respondents are Pico Neighborhood Association and Maria Loya.

Pico Neighborhood Association is an organization dedicated to improving conditions and advancing the interests of the Santa Monica neighborhood near Pico Boulevard. Residents formed the association in 1979 to help neighbors participate fully in the democratic process and to ensure a safe and secure community. Members advocate for neighborhood interests before the Santa Monica City Council.

Maria Loya is a Pico neighborhood resident and a Pico Neighborhood Association board member. Loya ran for the Santa Monica City Council in 2004 and lost. Loya's husband, Oscar de la Torre, is a leader of the Pico Neighborhood Association. Oscar de la Torre won Santa Monica-Malibu Unified School District Board races in 2002, 2006, 2010, 2014, and apparently in 2018 as well. He ran for the Santa Monica City Council in 2016 and lost.

We refer to the respondents collectively as Pico unless otherwise specified.

В

This case concerns two alternative election methods: atlarge versus district voting. At-large voting is city-wide. District voting is also called ward voting: "district" and "ward" are synonyms. District voting would divide the City into the number of districts (or wards) corresponding to the number of council members.

The City now uses at-large voting to elect its seven-member City Council. The City holds elections every two years. National presidential elections are every four years. In those years, four council seats are up for election: each voter can cast four votes. In between national presidential contests are elections for Governor. For elections held those years, voters each get three votes for the three council seats at stake. Depending on whether there are three or four seats open, the top three or four candidates receiving the most votes win. Santa Monica also uses at-large voting for its School, Rent Control, and College Board elections, but this suit targets only City Council elections.

District voting differs from at-large voting. In district voting, each voter casts one vote and votes to select only one candidate to represent that district.

C

Over the years the City has debated and used both at-large and district voting. We review this history, which has six stages. We pay particular attention to 1946 and 1992: the years in controversy, which are stages three and five. But first we begin at the beginning, in 1906.

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A 1906 charter divided the City into seven districts, called wards. Voters in each ward voted for one council member to represent the ward.

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In 1914, the City switched from wards to at-large elections. Voters in this new system elected three commissioners at large. Each commissioner occupied a different and specialized post: public safety, public works, and finance. The City held separate elections for each post. Voters could cast only one vote for one candidate in each election.

In 1946, the City changed its at-large voting into the system it uses today. The events of 1946 are crucial in this lawsuit and bear careful attention.

How can we tell what happened in 1946? What are the sources of evidence? Apart from the proposed charter and documents with voting results, the trial court considered only one direct source of evidence about events in 1946. This direct source was 1946 Santa Monica newspaper excerpts. In other words, no trial witnesses testified about what they saw or heard in 1946.

The 1946 newspaper excerpts reveal the following.

In a nutshell, the City in 1946 embarked upon charter reform. A deliberative body called the Board of Freeholders debated and crafted a proposed new charter. Supporters and opponents campaigned about it, and then voters overwhelmingly approved it.

We present the events of 1946 in more detail.

Voters elected a 15-member Board of Freeholders charged with proposing a new city charter. The Freeholders issued their charter proposal on August 15, 1946. They proposed the City continue at-large elections but expand the number of council members from three to seven. They proposed eliminating the three specialized posts in favor of seven equal city council members, each with a general and comprehensive portfolio. Voters would elect three or four council members, depending on the year, and correspondingly would cast up to three or four votes.

The new charter proposal would also create the staff office of city manager. For this reason, news articles in 1946

sometimes called the Freeholders' proposal a "council-manager" form of government.

The record gives us limited demographic information about the City in 1946. A table lists the total 1946 population as 67,473, with "White or Anglo" as 64,415. The other categories are "Black," "Asian," and "Latino," but there is no breakdown within these columns until later years. Today, there is no majority racial or ethnic group in California; statewide, every group is a minority. (Sanchez v. City of Modesto (2006) 145 Cal.App.4th 660, 666 (Sanchez).) The recent situation has been different in Santa Monica; in 2010, the white or anglo population was about 70 percent of the City's total. The situation was also different in Santa Monica in 1946, when the white or anglo population constituted about 95.5 percent. We refer to 1946 Santa Monicans in the 4.5 percent group as minorities.

All minority leaders in our record supported the proposed change in 1946. None opposed it. This fact is of dominating significance in this lawsuit about race discrimination, and so we elaborate.

Jean Leslie Cornett was Secretary to the Board of Freeholders and signed an advertisement supporting the charter. Cornett met with members of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People (NAACP) and explained that the Freeholders' charter proposal would increase the opportunity for minority group representation by two and a half because it expanded the City Council from three to seven members.

Freeholder Vivian Wilken was a member of the NAACP and an organizer in the Santa Monica Interracial Progress Committee, which worked toward "[r]espect for human dignity through common appreciation of the worth of each individual

regardless of racial origin." Wilken also signed on to an advertisement supporting the charter.

Seven members of the Committee for Interracial Progress endorsed the charter amendment in newspaper advertisements. Among them was Reverend W.P. Carter, the preeminent African-American civil rights leader in Santa Monica in the 1940s, 1950s, and 1960s. Reverend Carter was a past president of the NAACP in Santa Monica.

Blanche Carter, Reverend Carter's wife and the first African-American Santa Monica school board member, signed an advertisement supporting the charter. So did other African-American, Latino, and Jewish community leaders.

No member of the Committee for Interracial Progress opposed the charter. No minority leaders, groups, or residents opposed the charter.

By a vote of 15,132 to 6,512, voters approved the charter on November 5, 1946.

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In 1975, voters rejected Proposition 3, which, among other items, proposed the City switch back to district voting.

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The year 1992 was another focus of attention in this case. We review 1992 events in detail.

As with 1946, the direct evidence about 1992 came strictly from historical records. There were only two direct sources of evidence: a written commission report and a videotaped City Council meeting where the report was discussed.

One fact witness was present at the 1992 meeting. This witness was former City Councilmember Antonio Vazquez. Vazquez was on the City Council in 1992 and was one of the

seven council members who voted on the decision the trial court condemned. Vazquez testified at trial by deposition. But as far as the record shows, Pico never asked Vazquez whether the City's decisionmaking in 1992 was for the purpose of discriminating against Latinos.

So the lone eyewitness did not weigh in on the crucial equal protection issue because Pico refrained from asking him about it.

As a result, only two items of evidence directly show what happened in 1992. These two direct sources are the report and the videotape. First we give an overview of what they reveal. Then we delve into detail.

The overview is the City did not change its electoral system in 1992. A special study commission concluded the status quo should change but could not achieve consensus on what the change should be, and so recommended inaction and further research. The City Council debated the matter at length and could not agree on anything except more study. In short, 1992 was a year of dissatisfaction, study, debate, and no change.

Now we plunge into more detail. We begin with the work of the Charter Review Commission, and then describe the City Council meeting where the Council discussed this Commission's report.

a

We describe the special study commission and its work.

The City Council appointed the 15-member Charter Review Commission to analyze a set of questions about the city charter, including alternatives to the at-large system the City adopted in 1946.

The Commission issued its report in June 1992. The report is more than 90 pages and it covered more than a dozen topics,

including term limits, selection of the city attorney, competitive bidding, official bonds, council meeting protocols, and so forth.

The first and largest topic in the report was the pertinent one here: the at-large election method for the City Council. The Commission comprehensively explored five voting options: at-large voting, district voting, mixed voting systems, and two types of proportional representation: single transferable votes and cumulative voting.

The Commission emphasized its dominating goal of racial justice. "The central issue, in the Commission's view, is not one of having Council members who are ethnic, but of empowering ethnic communities to choose Council members, and on this criterion, the at-large system is felt to be inadequate." The Commission sought to "distribute empowerment more broadly in Santa Monica, particularly to ethnic groups" The Commission also wrote district voting was not "clearly the most empowering option to insure minority influence in Santa Monica's political life." It decried "the consequence of disempowering ethnic minorities." The Commission underlined the virtue of bringing "Latinos much closer to placing their choice on City Council."

The Commission recounted its efforts to obtain enlightened perspectives on the issues. It met with Richard Fajardo, a former attorney with the Mexican American Legal Defense and Educational Fund (MALDEF), as well as with members of the NAACP and Citizens United to Reform Elections (CURE), which was Santa Monica's election reform advocacy group. Three Commissioners were members of CURE.

The Commission consulted scholarship about electoral systems. "A substantial part of this material [focused] on ethnic

representation questions." A historian who later served as Pico's expert wrote a report to the Commission stating his view that the City adopted its at-large system with racially discriminatory intent in 1946.

The Commission was dissatisfied with the at-large status quo but could not agree on what to do about it. After reviewing the options, the Commission advised the City Council to delay action and to gather more information.

A bare Commission majority favored some type of proportional voting but recognized these systems were unusual, complex, and largely untested. Apparently the City would have to write software from scratch. As alternatives to proportional voting, the Commission recommended that—if the City Council decided *not* to propose a proportional method to the voters—both a district system and a hybrid district/at-large system should be "seriously considered."

Five of the 15 Commissioners favored district voting as their first choice.

Most Commissioners reported "that we were making our decision with less information than we would have liked to have had before us" The Commission "strongly" suggested further study, "utilizing experts in this area as needed."

b

The City Council met to consider the Commission's report on July 7, 1992. This public meeting began at 7:40 p.m. and ended at 2:00 a.m. Our record contains a video of the entire meeting.

The Council consisted of Mayor Ken Genser, Mayor Pro Tempore Judy Abdo, and members Robert T. Holbrook, Herbert Katz, Kelly Olsen, Antonio Vazquez, and Dennis Zane. Commission chair Nancy Greenstein presented the report. Other Charter Review Commissioners and members of the public commented about different election systems and then responded to the City Council's questions, which were many and searching.

Greenstein noted the election method question was the most difficult for the Commission. She said the majority of Commissioners recommended the City move away from the atlarge system, but Commissioners were unsure about district voting as a replacement system. While a majority recommended the proportional method, this method admittedly was complex and had drawbacks. The Commissioners did not have enough time to study it. Only five of the 15 Commissioners favored district voting. Ultimately, the Commission was "not giving [the Council] a definitive yes on any system," but was recommending either staff or a small committee continue to study the proportional method and to provide more information about the proper technique for counting votes.

Commissioner Chris Harding was in the Commission's minority and supported districting. Harding urged the City Council to "do a thorough investigation and gather further information and certainly open this up for more public discussion." He did not "expect [Council] to make a decision tonight about this" and encouraged the Council to consider the lack of diversity among past mayors and council members.

George Hickey, another Commissioner, urged the Council to call on members of the public in its deliberations, especially those who served on the Commission.

Some speakers favored districts. They argued the City had never elected a council member from the Pico neighborhood, which had the highest African-American and Latino population concentration. They wanted neighborhood-specific representatives.

Other speakers opposed a district system out of a desire to have all City Council members represent all residents.

Council members actively questioned speakers and discussed the issues.

For instance, Councilmember Holbrook asked Commission chair Greenstein if the Commission explored whether a hybrid district/at-large system would provide any additional advantage for underrepresented people to win elections.

Greenstein responded the Commissioners were not particularly interested in the hybrid system. Some thought the hybrid system would corrupt the district system and others preferred the proportional system. Some also thought the hybrid system still would dilute minority representation by making an intentionally-formed minority district larger. Councilmember Zane responded the hybrid system would only do so if the City did not expand the number of districts.

Councilmember Katz was concerned a district system would lead to "total provincialism" and believed each council member should represent the city as a whole.

Katz asked several speakers how they felt about a hybrid system's ability to balance the needs of individual neighborhoods with those of the City while intentionally forming districts to empower minorities. Katz emphasized the City would have to pick the districts, because having an all-white district would not help minorities. Katz gave an example of having neighborhoods like Pico become districts while keeping other seats at-large, and asked whether such a system would increase minority

representation and still keep the Council focused on overall City politics.

Richard Fajardo answered Katz. Fajardo was a former MALDEF attorney who had worked on voting rights cases and had advised the Commission. Fajardo told Katz it would depend on whether the at-large representatives could still dilute the power of the district representatives. Fajardo said the hybrid system had been used as a compromise in a number of voting rights cases.

Councilmember Holbrook expressed concerns about how districting would work if minority communities were spread out in their geographically small city, making it difficult to carve out districts.

Councilmember Vazquez favored districts, but noted the report raised a troubling prospect: a district system could pit minorities against each other.

Councilmember Zane spoke as an advocate of affordable housing. Zane asked Fajardo about the effect of district voting on the prospects for affordable housing projects. Zane worried every representative in a district voting system would take a Not-In-My-Backyard (NIMBY) view of low-cost housing projects, meaning every representative would oppose these projects and thus doom them. We quote Zane's lengthy question verbatim for reasons that later will be apparent. We italicize the one sentence that emerged as an issue.

"This is a question about districts that goes less to the sort of legal representational issues, more to some kind of policy concerns that I want to hear if you have had any experience or reflection on. The concern I have about districts sort of somewhat mirroring the parochial kinds of concerns that Mr. Katz alluded to has to do with, issues like affordable housing and issues that are not simply the representational issues of the poor, for example, and historically discriminated-against minorities but are the sort of substantive needs. One of the experiences of people I have been acquainted with, who have made a transition from at-large systems to district systems, is that it becomes very difficult to get affordable housing projects passed. And the reason is, each council member has, for one thing, become something of a case manager of services rather than a policy maker. Two, each council member feels more vulnerable to any neighborhood protest, and affordable housing frequently, if not always, brings some level of neighborhood protest. In some of the communities I am aware of, they simply don't get affordable housing projects approved any more. Because every council member is afraid of them. And so, you gain the representation but you lose the housing. Now, do you have experience with that?"

Fajardo agreed "that has been an issue and it has been a problem" because "even within the Latino community" a debate between homeowners and renters would have to continue. But Fajardo's concern was the inability of minority communities to elect their preferred candidates to boards and commissions.

Zane replied "I just want us to make sure we, you know, don't try to solve our representational issues at the expense of our, the needs of the poor or things like affordable housing. We need a system we can choose both."

Zane returned to his affordable-housing theme about 45 minutes later, in response to Doug Willis's public comments. Willis, who was African-American and one of the 15 members of the Charter Revision Commission, said he belonged to CURE and

represented the Santa Monica-Venice chapter of the NAACP. Willis said he lived in the Pico neighborhood and supported district voting.

Zane responded to Willis. Zane acknowledged district voting has some advantages, but asked Willis if he, in turn, would acknowledge some of the disadvantages of district voting. Zane repeated his concern about whether district voting would end affordable housing projects by making district representatives frightened of the neighborhood protests that usually accompanied such proposals.

Willis replied the Pico area had the most affordable housing in the City.

Zane said "I'm not trying to identify a particular district."

Rather, Zane contrasted Santa Monica's willingness to approve affordable housing projects with communities that "proclaim similar progressive philosophies about housing" but cannot get affordable housing approved. Zane said the way these other places explained it was that the district council members are "freaked out" by every neighborhood uprising on any issue—not just affordable housing, but also "social service centers" and the like. "A small district makes those protesters look very powerful." Zane asked Willis, "how do we combat that" if we adopt district voting?

Willis understood Zane's point but said "I don't tend to agree" and said no more, thus ending their exchange.

After hours of further discussion, the council members voted four to three not to put a district election system on the 1992 ballot. They did agree, unanimously, to gather more information about the hybrid system and the single-member district system.

The record evidence was that, thereafter, the City's staff did provide the City Council with further information about hybrid voting, at-large voting, and district voting.

In this way, Santa Monica did not change from at-large voting in 1992.

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In 2002, voters rejected ballot measure HH, which included a proposal to switch back to district elections.

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Because of its history since 1946, Santa Monica now has an at-large City Council composed of seven council members. At the time of trial, two of these council members self-identified as Latinos: Antonio Vazquez (later replaced by Ana Maria Jara) and Gleam Davis. Another council member named Terry O'Day lived in the Pico neighborhood. During trial, then, the percentage of self-identified Latinos on the City Council was about 29 percent, which is about twice the percentage of voting-age Latinos in Santa Monica.

D

Now we turn to this lawsuit. Its pertinent procedural history began with Pico's operative complaint of February 23, 2017, alleging the City's at-large election system violated the California Voting Rights Act and the California Constitution. Pico alleged those who adopted and maintained the at-large system did so intentionally to dilute Latino voting power and to deny Latinos effective political participation in City Council elections. Pico also alleged the at-large system prevented Latino residents from electing candidates of their choice or influencing election outcomes.

Seven expert witnesses and nine fact witnesses testified during a bench trial beginning August 1, 2018, and ending September 13, 2018. There were 24 days of testimony. Trial days usually started between 9:30 and 10:30 a.m. and ended between 3:00 and 4:00 p.m., with a 90-minute lunch break, meaning that a "trial day" ranged between three and five hours. The trial court handled other cases for the balance of each day.

The trial devoted more time to experts than to fact witnesses. Pico's main expert, a historian, testified on 10 of the 24 days, for six full days and four partial days. Another Pico expert and two City experts each testified on three days, with one of them testifying for three full days.

Fact witnesses testified more briefly. Only one witness was present at the 1992 meeting and could testify about what he witnessed. That was former Councilmember Antonio Vazquez but, as noted above, Pico avoided asking Vazquez whether the City Council's 1992 vote had been for the purpose of discriminating against Latinos. Nor did Pico seek to present testimony from Richard Fajardo, Doug Willis, or anyone else present when Zane spoke words that decades later Pico would contend were racist. So no eyewitnesses testified from personal knowledge gained in 1992 about the purpose of the City's actions that year.

Rather the factual testimony was about other topics. Plaintiff Loya testified for two partial days, as did her husband Oscar de la Torre. Each of the other fact witnesses testified for one or two days.

On November 8, 2018, the trial court issued a tentative order stating the court was ruling in Pico's favor on both causes of action. This order did not provide legal reasoning, but rather set a remedies hearing and a briefing schedule. In response to the City's request for a statement of decision, the court ordered Pico to prepare one.

On December 12, 2018, the court prohibited the City from holding any at-large City Council elections and ordered future elections to be district-based elections, according to an attached map.

Pico asked the trial court to clarify this order because, among other reasons, the court's map defined only one district rather than the seven necessary for the City's seven-member council to be elected through district voting. At a hearing, the trial court stated: "I am thinking maybe it makes sense to go with the seven districts [drawn by Pico's expert]; order the special elections; run with your appeal; and we will see where we end up."

The court ordered Pico to include seven districts in its proposed statement of decision and proposed judgment, and again stated, "We will let it run and see where it goes in the court of appeal."

On January 3, 2019, Pico filed its proposed statement of decision and proposed judgment. The City filed objections, including some 200 objections to the proposed statement of decision. The court sustained eight objections and overruled the rest. The trial court's statement of decision and judgment thus basically mirrored Pico's proposals. This ruling, issued on February 13, 2019, was Pico had proved the City violated the California Voting Rights Act as well as the equal protection clause of the California Constitution.

Using data provided by a historian, the trial court found "a consistent pattern of racially-polarized voting" in the City's at-

large elections. The historian analyzed seven City Council elections between 1994 and 2016 involving at least one Spanish-surnamed candidate, and estimated support from Latino voters and support from non-Hispanic white voters. The historian presented analyses showing a statistically significant difference in how non-Hispanic white voters and Latino voters voted in six of the seven elections. In all but one of those six elections, Latino voters cohesively supported the Spanish-surnamed candidates. According to the historian, "in all but one of those six elections, a Latino candidate received the most Latino votes, often by a large margin. And in all but one of those six elections, the Latino candidate most favored by Latino voters lost, making the racially polarized voting legally significant."

The trial court rejected the City's argument the candidate's race was irrelevant under the California Voting Rights Act. The court ruled it would consider only Spanish-surnamed candidates to be Latino candidates. Although City Councilmember Gleam Davis testified she "considers herself Latina because her biological father was of Hispanic descent," the court did not count Davis as Latina, because not enough people knew about Davis's ethnicity.

The trial court found several qualitative factors supported its finding of legally significant racially polarized voting, including the City's history of discrimination against Latinos.

At trial, the City argued the law required Pico to show vote dilution—not simply racially polarized voting—to prove the atlarge system violated the California Voting Rights Act. The trial court acknowledged the City's argument that dilution was a separate liability element and held that, assuming dilution was a separate element, the evidence still showed the system diluted

Latino votes. The court noted "it is impossible to predict with certainty the results of future elections" but found the evidence showed "some alternative method of election would enhance Latino voting power."

The trial court also found the at-large system violated the California Constitution's equal protection clause because the City adopted the system with discriminatory intent in 1946, and maintained it with discriminatory intent in 1992. For both years, the trial court analyzed five factors from *Arlington Heights v*. *Metropolitan Housing Corp.* (1977) 429 U.S. 252, 266–268 to determine whether the City adopted or maintained the at-large system with discriminatory purpose: the impact, the historical background, the specific sequence of events leading to the decision, departures from the normal procedural sequence, and legislative history.

The trial court acknowledged minority leaders in 1946 favored the Freeholders' proposal and none publicly opposed it. The court nonetheless concluded "all understood that at-large elections would diminish minorities' influence on elections." The court found "the evidence of discriminatory intent outweighs the contrary evidence."

Analyzing the same factors, the trial court concluded the City in 1992 deliberately decided "to maintain the existing atlarge election structure because of, and not merely despite, the at-large system's impact on Santa Monica's minority population." The trial court based its finding primarily on the Charter Review Commission's report, the July 7, 1992 City Council meeting, and Councilmember Zane's statements about affordable housing at the meeting.

Having basically adopted Pico's statement of decision, the court likewise adopted the district map drawn by a Pico expert as the appropriate remedy. The court found it would "likely be effective, improving Latinos' ability to elect their preferred candidate or influence the outcome of such an election." The trial court ordered the City to implement district-based elections for its City Council in accord with the seven-district map presented at trial.

The City appealed. It also asked the trial court to confirm the final judgment operated as a mandatory injunction that the appeal automatically would stay, or in the alternative to stay a portion of the judgment pending appeal. The trial court denied both requests.

The City petitioned the Court of Appeal for a writ of supersedeas, requesting an immediate stay. We granted the petition.

Based on its trial victory, Pico has asked the trial court to order the City to pay it about \$22 million in attorney fees and costs. The trial court set a future hearing on this request.

П

This case presents two legal issues. The first is whether the City violated a statute. The second is whether it transgressed the California Constitution.

This section concerns the statute. The next section, section III, tackles the constitutional issue.

To summarize our statutory analysis, the trial court misinterpreted the statute. Properly interpreted, the statute imposes a dilution element Pico failed to prove. The City's actions complied with the statute.

We independently review issues of statutory interpretation. (Weatherford v. City of San Rafael (2017) 2 Cal.5th 1241, 1247.)

The next section sketches the background for the statute, which concerns at-large and district voting. The following sections describe and apply the statute.

Α

As context for our statutory analysis, we sketch the background against which this statute operates.

People debate whether at-large voting or district (or "ward") voting is the superior form of democracy. Opinions vary.

Some of the briefing in this case speaks to this point. Amicus League of California Cities is an association of 478 cities in California. Joining it in this brief is the California Special Districts Association, which consists of over 900 special districts throughout California. The special districts provide Californians with services relating to police, fire, roads, harbors, waste, sewage, mosquitoes, libraries, parks, and similar matters.

This amicus brief presents the perspectives of these 1,000 plus California jurisdictions. This brief is not a source of facts from which a court could make factual findings. Lawyers wrote this brief, and like any brief, it is merely legal advocacy on behalf of those with an interest in the outcome of this case.

The amicus cities and special districts all hold elections. These entities take different views about at-large voting versus district voting. They recognize at-large voting can dilute minority voting power *in certain circumstances*, and that, when this occurs, it is bad. They argue, nonetheless, that legitimate debate remains over the merits of the two methods.

The amicus brief claims some member district and city officials support at-large elections. The main idea is at-large

voting elects representatives devoted to the welfare of the whole. Supporters say the district alternative leads to ward politics.

"Ward politics" is a term with a possibly pejorative connotation. (See, e.g., Plunkitt, Plunkitt of Tammany Hall (Project Gutenberg 2013) ch. 6 & 23 [talks given by George Washington Plunkitt around 1905].)

Some abuses of ward politics are a matter of record here. Santa Monica's Charter Revision Commission noted ward elections—also called district elections—were the rule in U.S. cities at the end of the 19th century. Widespread graft and corruption in city politics then led to reforming upheaval in municipal governance and swept away ward and district elections.

The record in this case also shows that, by 1989, at-large elections had become the norm in California. Among California cities, for instance, 205 cities then used at-large voting while only 15 cities preferred district voting. In 2014, most local governance bodies in California were elected on an at-large basis. (*Jauregui v. City of Palmdale* (2014) 226 Cal.App.4th 781, 788 (*Jauregui*).)

Another aspect of district voting is its requirement of drawing district lines, which in turn poses the issue of gerrymandering. (See *Reynolds v. Sims* (1964) 377 U.S. 533, 578–579.)

Yet, according to amici League and the special districts, today some among their members take a contrary view and favor *district* voting as the more democratic approach.

Officials who favor district voting say they believe their connections to distinct communities allow them to represent those communities better by responding more attentively to local and particular interests.

We also note that, for many decades, esteemed civil rights leaders have observed shifts from ward to at-large elections can deprive minority voters of fair and effective procedures for electing candidates of their choice. (E.g., Days & Guinier, Enforcement of Section 5 of the Voting Rights Act in Minority Vote Dilution (Davidson edit., 1984) p. 169.)

Amici League and special districts assert their organizations do not favor one system or the other. Rather they hold there are legitimate arguments for each system. Reasonable people can differ on the choice between district and at-large voting.

В

The Legislature weighed in on the debate about district voting by passing the California Voting Rights Act, which took effect in 2003. The Act consists of eight sections of the Elections Code: sections 14025 to 14032. Henceforth we refer to this statute as the Act. All further statutory references are to the Elections Code unless otherwise indicated.

The Act created a private right of action against political subdivisions of the state of California.

This case requires us to construe the Act. We begin with its language and structure in our quest to ascertain its purpose. Our central goal is to effectuate that purpose. We must interpret the statute's words in context, keeping in mind the statutory purpose. We start by considering the ordinary meaning of the statutory language, the language of related provisions, and the structure of the statutory scheme. If the language of a statutory provision remains unclear after this analysis, we may explore extrinsic sources like legislative history. (*Scholes v. Lambirth Trucking Co.* (2020) 8 Cal.5th 1094, 1102–1103 (*Scholes*).) We

construe the statutory words in context so we can harmonize individual sections by considering the provision at issue in the context of the statutory framework as a whole. (*Kim v. Reins Internat. Cal.*, *Inc.* (2020) 9 Cal.5th 73, 83.)

The Act requires plaintiffs to satisfy five elements to make out a claim:

- 1. Protected class;
- 2. Resident;
- 3. At-large voting;
- 4. Racially polarized voting; and
- 5. Dilution.

Protected class. Element one requires plaintiffs to prove membership in a protected class. (§§ 14032 [stating this element], 14026, subd. (d) [defining protected class].) A protected class is a class of voters who are members of a race, color, or language minority group, as defined in the federal Voting Rights Act (52 U.S.C. § 10301 et seq.). (§ 14026, subd. (d).)

Resident. Element two requires plaintiffs to prove they reside in the political subdivision they are suing. (§§ 14032 [stating this element], 14026, subd. (c) [defining political subdivision].) A political subdivision is a geographic area of representation created for the provision of government services, and includes general law cities and charter cities. (§ 14026, subd. (c).)

At-large voting. Element three requires plaintiffs to prove the political subdivision used an at-large method of electing members to the governing body of the political subdivision. (§§ 14027 [stating this element], 14026, subd. (a) [defining at-large method of election].) At-large voting includes any of the following election methods: (1) one in which voters of the entire

jurisdiction elect members to the governing body; (2) one in which candidates must reside in given areas of the jurisdiction and voters of the entire jurisdiction elect members to the governing body; and (3) one that combines at-large elections with district-based elections. (§ 14026, subd. (a).)

Racially polarized voting. Element four requires plaintiffs to prove racially polarized voting occurred in the political subdivision's elections. (§§ 14028 [stating this element], 14026, subd. (e) [defining racially polarized voting].) Racially polarized voting is voting in which a protected class's electoral preferences are different from those of the rest of the electorate in a legally significant way. (§ 14026, subd. (e).)

Dilution. Element five requires plaintiffs to prove the political subdivision's at-large election method impaired "the ability of a protected class to elect candidates of its choice or its ability to influence the outcome of an election, as a result of the dilution or the abridgment of the rights of voters" who belong to a protected class. (§ 14027, italics added.)

Section 14030 is a one-way attorney fee provision: the prevailing plaintiff party is entitled to fees and costs, so long as the plaintiff is not the state or a political subdivision. There is no fee provision for prevailing defendants. Prevailing defendants do not recover costs unless the action was frivolous or the like. (See generally *Rey v. Madera Unified School Dist.* (2012) 203 Cal.App.4th 1223, 1235–1245.)

The Act defines only five of its statutory terms. (§ 14026, subds. (a)–(e).) The Legislature left a number of statutory terms undefined, as we explain below.

The City does not appear to contest that Pico has satisfied elements one, two, or three, but it does take issue with the trial court's finding of racially polarized voting and dilution.

C

This case turns on element five, which is the dilution element. We thus do not consider element four.

As we have just recounted, the dilution element required Pico to prove the City's at-large method impaired Latinos' ability to elect candidates of their choice or to influence the outcome of an election as a result of the *dilution* or the abridgment of Latino voting rights. (§ 14027.)

We focus on the word dilution, as does Pico. In defending its trial court victory, Pico in its brief to us uses a form of the word *dilution* more than 40 times. It uses a form of the word abridgement only once, and then only in passing. We focus on the issue Pico has posed.

The Legislature decided not to define the word "dilution." We must decipher what the Legislature meant this word to mean. We approach this interpretative work with the standard tools of statutory construction. We start by considering the ordinary meaning of the statutory language. (*Scholes, supra*, 8 Cal.5th at p. 1103.)

Dilution is a familiar word with a plain meaning. Dilution is the act of making something weaker by mixing in something else. (The Random House Dict. of the English Language (2d ed. unabridged 1987) p. 554 ["to reduce the strength, force, or efficiency of by admixture"].)

Pouring a quart of water into a quart of milk, for instance, dilutes the milk to half strength. Diluting the milk weakens its nutritional value.

This familiar concept applies to electoral results.

Many techniques can manipulate a voting system to dilute the ability of particular groups to achieve electoral success. Both district voting and at-large voting can be mechanisms of mischief.

In a district voting system, for instance, one can draw district lines to divide a group's supporters among multiple districts so they fall short of a majority in each district.

That is "cracking." (Gill v. Whitford (2018) ____ U.S. ___, ___ [138 S.Ct. 1916, 1923–1924] (Gill); cf. Garza v. County of Los Angeles (9th Cir. 1990) 918 F.2d 763, 769 [county intentionally fragmented Latino population to dilute that vote].)

Or one can draw district lines to concentrate a group into a few districts so the group wins there by overwhelming margins but achieves less overall success than if different line-drawing spread the group more evenly through a larger number of districts.

That is "packing." (*Gill*, *supra*, 138 S.Ct. at pp. 1923–1924; cf. *Georgia v. Ashcroft* (2003) 539 U.S. 461, 470, 481, 486–488 [explaining packing and unpacking].)

At-large elections are another possible method for diluting voting power and curbing electoral success, under particular conditions. At-large voting is not a per se violation of minority voting rights. (*Thornburg v. Gingles* (1986) 478 U.S. 30, 48.) This common system can serve legitimate ends. But under certain circumstances it is possible to weaken a group's electoral success by using at-large voting instead of district voting.

A hypothetical example illustrates the point.

In this hypothetical we speak generally of groups, because the groups in electoral cases often are political parties rather than expressly racial or ethnic groups. This statute is drafted specifically in terms of racial, color, and language groups, but the mechanisms of voting dilution extend beyond these categories.

For our hypothetical, assume everyone votes strictly according to group membership and, if possible, only for candidates who are members of their own group. Further assume one group has voting power of only 10 percent in a given city but, within that city, the group's voting power in neighborhood X is 60 percent. If neighborhood X were a voting district, the group could elect one of its own members as a district representative. The 60 percent neighborhood voting power would guarantee success. But now switch to at-large voting. This switch defeats the group's ability to elect anyone from its own ranks, because 10 percent is not enough to win. Changing from district to at-large voting under these circumstances would weaken that group's electoral success: the change would deny it the ability it previously had to elect a member of its own group.

This hypothetical example shows, with district voting, the group could elect one representative belonging to its group. But with at-large voting, the group could not elect anyone from its own group. Going from one representative to zero would dilute this group's ability to elect candidates from its group. Under these circumstances, an at-large system has diluted the group's voting power in a politically damaging way: the group lost the power to elect a representative of its choice.

The possibility of dilution does not mean it is generally a negative outcome when voters in a minority lose an election. Generally, democracy is majority rule. Under ideal conditions in a democracy, the majority of voters tends to win and the minority of voters tends to lose. When candidates or causes lose elections

simply because too few voters support them, that is not democracy failing. That is democracy working.

The dilution element thus must do the work of distinguishing between the general case, when majority rule is proper, and the special case, when some mechanism has improperly diluted minority voting power.

D

The City correctly notes Pico offered no valid proof of dilution.

As we have observed, the dilution element required Pico to prove the City's at-large method impaired Latinos' ability to elect candidates of their choice or to influence the outcome of an election as a result of the dilution of Latino voting rights. (§ 14027.)

One cannot speak of the dilution of the value of a vote until one first defines a standard as to what a vote should be worth. Justice Frankfurter made this point in his long and bitter dissent from the landmark decision in *Baker v. Carr* (1962) 369 U.S. 186, 300 (dis. opn. of Frankfurter, J.). Frankfurter thought his point was a reason to reject that decision, but the case law in its wake accepted his wisdom and built it into a standard litigation practice. (E.g., *Reno v. Bossier Parish School Bd.* (1997) 520 U.S. 471, 480 [plaintiffs must postulate an alternative voting practice to serve as the benchmark undiluted voting practice, because the concept of vote dilution necessitates the existence of an undiluted practice against which the fact of dilution may be measured].)

Pico agreed it was its burden to postulate a reasonable alternative voting practice to serve as the undiluted benchmark. Pico proposed a district system that, for one district within the City, would have 30 percent Latino voting power, as compared to

the 14 percent city-wide voting power Latinos hold in at-large elections.

Pico's showing was insufficient. Pico failed to prove the City's at-large system diluted the votes of Latinos. Assuming race-based voting, 30 percent is not enough to win a majority and to elect someone to the City Council, even in a district system. There was no dilution because the result with one voting system is the same as the result with the other: no representation.

Pico thus failed to show the at-large system was the reason Latinos allegedly have had trouble getting elected to the City Council. The reason for the asserted lack of electoral success in Santa Monica would appear to be that there are too few Latinos to muster a majority, no matter how the City might slice itself into districts or wards. At-large voting is not to blame. Small numbers are.

Perhaps the same holds true for other minorities in Santa Monica. Pico's briefing, however, gives us little data about other groups and their electoral histories in Santa Monica.

In passing, the trial court mentioned "cumulative voting, limited voting and ranked choice voting" as systems that, as alternatives to district voting, would also "enhance" Latino voting power. The court's treatment of these alternatives was perfunctory. The court did not define cumulative voting, limited voting, or ranked choice voting. Nor did it attempt to analyze how each might satisfy the dilution element. This fleeting reference, which Pico authored, is insubstantial and cannot support the judgment.

 \mathbf{E}

Pico responds with two arguments.

First, Pico argued the Act contains no dilution element at all. In its 95-page brief, Pico devoted only one sentence to this argument. An amicus brief also argued this point. At oral argument, however, Pico expressly and conclusively abandoned this argument, and for good reason.

To grasp this argument, recall element four requires plaintiffs to prove racially polarized voting occurred in elections held by the political subdivision. (§§ 14028 [stating this element], 14026, subd. (e) [defining racially polarized voting].)

Pico claimed a showing of racially polarized voting under section 14028 completely satisfies and thus supplants the dilution element in section 14027. Pico quoted the first sentence of subdivision (a) of section 14028: "A violation of Section 14027 is established if it is shown that racially polarized voting occurs in elections for members of the governing body of the political subdivision or in elections incorporating other electoral choices by the voters of the political subdivision."

Pico thus contended the word "dilution" in section 14027 has no content independent of subdivision (a) of section 14028.

Pico's analysis contravened principles of statutory interpretation, in two independently fatal ways. Standard principles of statutory interpretation direct us to the ordinary meaning of the statutory words, the related provisions, and the structure of the statutory scheme. (*Scholes*, *supra*, 8 Cal.5th at p. 1103.)

Two standard factors—statutory text and the rule against surplusage—upend Pico's argument and have forced Pico to abandon it. We now detail the application in this case of these two aspects of statutory interpretation.

The statutory text is paramount and is contrary to Pico's argument. Three sections require plaintiffs to satisfy *both* the dilution element of section 14027 and section 14028's requirement of racially polarized voting. The three sections containing this decisive language are sections 14032, 14029, and 14030.

Section 14032 of the Act grants a private right of action to any voter in a protected class who resides in a political subdivision where a violation of sections 14027 *and* 14028 is alleged.

Section 14029 also is compelling, as plaintiffs gain remedies only by establishing a violation of both 14027 *and* 14028.

Section 14030 follows the same pattern for attorney fees and costs.

In sum, the legislature required litigants to prove both dilution *and* racially polarized voting to establish a claim, to have a remedy, and to recover fees.

These statutory passages require sections 14027 and 14028 to have independent content. Pico's argument ran aground on this requirement.

b

A second and independently fatal problem with Pico's argument was the rule against surplusage. If the Legislature had intended the result Pico urges, it would not have included the word "dilution" in the Act. But it did, and that too defeated Pico's argument.

Pico argued the statutory word "dilution" was mere surplusage. But surplusage in legislation is unusual and disfavored. The venerable assumption is drafters avoid surplusage and therefore so should judges who interpret the drafting. (E.g., *People v. Leiva* (2013) 56 Cal.4th 498, 506 [avoid a construction that makes some words surplusage]; *Market Co. v. Hoffman* (1879) 101 U.S. 112, 115–116 [this rule was old in 1879].)

The word "dilution," moreover, is not just any old word. The word "dilution" has been a core part of the voting rights vocabulary at least since the 1964 decision in *Reynolds v. Sims*, *supra*, 377 U.S. at pages 555 and footnote 29, 557, 563, 567, 568. Dissenting Justice Harlan wrote the entire decision in that landmark voting rights case boiled down to the concept of dilution. (See *id.* at p. 590 (dis. opn. of Harlan, J.).)

It would have been incongruous for the Legislature to make a key word nugatory. Pico cited no precedent for this illogical form of statutory interpretation.

Pico's proposed interpretation of the Act thus was incorrect. (Cf. *Sanchez*, supra, 145 Cal.App.4th at p. 666 [Act was designed to combat a kind of vote dilution].)

In sum, it is incorrect to read the Act to say a mere showing of racially polarized voting necessitates a finding a city has misapplied at-large voting. Under the Act, racially polarized voting is a necessary but not sufficient element. Dilution also is an independent and necessary element. As we have explained, Pico did not prove dilution.

2

Pico's second response is its "influence" argument. Pico argues the change from 14 percent to 30 percent is legally significant because it increases the electoral "influence" of

Latinos. The Legislature added the word "influence" to section 14027 of the Act but did not define it.

Pico proposes a definition of this word that would give a winning cause of action to any group, no matter how small, that can draw a district map that would improve its voting power by any amount, no matter how miniscule. The trial court followed this approach by asking whether "some alternative method of election would enhance Latino voting power." According to this standard, any unrealized increase in a group's percentage would satisfy the dilution element.

This standard is untenable because it would create absurd results.

A hypothetical illustrates this fatal problem.

Assume three facts: there are 3,000,000 voters in a city; 3,000 belong to a small racial group G; and all voters are racially polarized in the sense voters will vote only for candidates of their own race.

In an at-large election, group G would constitute 0.1 percent of the electorate. Suppose we now switch from at-large voting to voting in 15 districts, each with 200,000 voters, and we draw the lines to maximize the voting power of group G. Now one district incorporates all 3,000 voters of group G. Thus group G would increase its voting power from 0.1 percent strength at large to 1.5 percent in that district. A change from 0.1 to 1.5 percent is a 15-fold increase, which seems sizeable in relative terms. This change would improve G's "influence" as Pico would define the term. But a group with a vanishingly small numerical presence—be it .01 percent or 1.5 percent—can have no practical numerical influence in any voting system. There are simply too

few voters in group G to be numerically effective in an environment of race-based voting.

To define "influence" as Pico proposes would merely ensure plaintiffs always win.

Pico cites the case of Georgia v. Ashcroft, supra, 539 U.S. at pages 470–471, 482–483. Georgia v. Ashcroft is inapposite in many ways. It interpreted section 5 of the federal Voting Rights Act, not section 2. These sections combat different evils and, accordingly, impose different duties. (*Id.* at pp. 477–478.) Section 5 deals with "retrogression," id. at p. 477, which is not a subject of the California Voting Rights Act. And Georgia v. Ashcroft merely held a trial court failed to consider all relevant factors when examining whether a redistricting plan would diminish minority voters' effective exercise of the electoral franchise. (Id. at p. 485.) It did not hold groups will influence elections at the 30 percent level but not at the 14 percent level. The holding in *Georgia v. Ashcroft* does not assist Pico. (See Bartlett v. Strickland (2009) 556 U.S. 1, 19–20 (plur. opn. of Kennedy, J.) [a party asserting § 2 liability must show the minority population in the potential election district is greater than 50 percent].)

Pico seeks to rescue its influence argument by suggesting non-Latinos might "cross over" and vote for Latino candidates, buoying Latino power and clearing the 50 percent threshold to electoral success. This suggestion arbitrarily embraces racially polarized voting when it helps and abandons it when it hurts. It creates a manipulable standard boiling down to plaintiff always wins.

The City agrees some "influence" claims in theory could be valid if evidence showed a near-majority of minority voters in a hypothetical district would often be sufficient for the minority group to elect its preferred candidates. But the City correctly notes we need not decide that question today, for this case presents no such district.

At oral argument, Pico said plaintiff Maria Loya would have won using the seven-district map the trial court adopted. The trial court, however, made no such finding. Nor did Pico's briefing to us argue this point, which Pico thereby forfeited. Parties cannot fairly raise a new theory for the first time in oral argument, for that tactic deprives the other side of notice and an opportunity to be heard. It likewise deprives the court of a thoughtful adversarial discussion of the issue. (E.g., Jones v. Jacobson (2011) 195 Cal.App.4th 1, 5, fn. 12, 19 [parties forfeit issues and arguments raised for the first time at oral argument].)

Dilution requires a showing, not of a merely marginal percentage increase in a proposed district, but evidence the change is likely to make a difference in what counts in a democracy: electoral results.

In sum, Pico failed to prove dilution. The City did not violate the statute. In light of this conclusion, we do not reach the issues of whether there was racially polarized voting or whether the trial court's interpretation of the Act would make the Act unconstitutional as applied to this case.

We turn to the constitutional question.

III

The constitutional question concerns equal protection. The trial court found the City's voting system violated equal protection because, in 1946 and again in 1992, the City acted with the purpose of suppressing Latino political power. The court, however, applied an erroneous legal standard to reach

these faulty conclusions. A proper analysis shows Pico did not prove the City adopted or maintained its system for the purpose of discriminating against minorities.

Α

Federal and state equal protection standards are not always the same, but they are for this analysis. (See *Jauregui*, *supra*, 226 Cal.App.4th at p. 800 [California decisions involving voting issues closely follow federal constitutional analyses].) The trial court took this approach and no party disputes it.

The City correctly argues the trial court applied the wrong legal rule. We independently review this question of law. (Air Couriers Internat. v. Employment Development Dept. (2007) 150 Cal.App.4th 923, 932.) This analysis does not require us to resolve disputed facts.

In this case there were no eyewitnesses who testified in a pertinent way to the crucial events. Rather, direct evidence about the key events came from three types of historical artifacts: (1) 1946 newspaper excerpts, voting records, and the proposed charter; (2) the 1992 Charter Review Commission report, and (3) the July 7, 1992 City Council meeting video. These historical artifacts are the core of record for the equal protection analysis. They were not created for purposes of litigation.

We independently review trial court findings based on historical artifacts like videotapes. (See *Scott v. Harris* (2007) 550 U.S. 372, 379–380 (*Scott*) [appellate judges interpret "what we see on the video" for themselves; the appellate court gives no deference to the trial court's findings]; *id.* at p. 384 [as a matter of law, appellate judges conclude video shows car driver posed a threat to pedestrians; no deference]; *In re Rosenkrantz* (2002) 29 Cal.4th 616, 677 ["Because the trial court's findings were based

solely upon documentary evidence, we independently review the record."].)

Historical artifacts differ from the live witness testimony in a case Pico cites: *Nestle v. City of Santa Monica* (1972) 6 Cal.3d 920, 924–928. We are in the same position as the trial court was to evaluate materials like the 1946 newspaper clippings, the 1992 commission report, and the 1992 video. We do not defer to a trial court's reaction to historical artifacts like these, any more than we would defer to a trial court's "findings" that A Room of One's Own concerns Napoleon in Russia or that Citizen Kane shows Druids built Stonehenge. News articles, videos, and other texts that were not created for litigation are different from witnesses in a courtroom testifying and being cross-examined under oath, and are not fit topics for trial court factfinding to which appellate courts will defer.

Deference to factual findings stems from the fact finder's observation of the demeanor of live witnesses and their manner of testifying. (*In re Avena* (1996) 12 Cal.4th 694, 710.) That deference is inappropriate when evidence does not involve the credibility of live testimony. (*In re Resendiz* (2001) 25 Cal.4th 230, 249; see also *People v. Ogunmowo* (2018) 23 Cal.App.5th 67, 79 [no deference is given to trial court's conclusion about written documents, because trial and appellate courts were in the same position in interpreting that evidence].)

Experts in this case testified about these written and video artifacts, but that does not change our analysis. Appellate courts are not required to defer to expert opinion regarding the ultimate issue in a case. (*Vergara v. State of California* (2016) 246 Cal.App.4th 619, 650.) "Expert" opinion about how a court should interpret, for instance, this 1992 video is simply highly

partisan advocacy in the guise of evidence; this type of "expert testimony" boils down to argument, not evidence. Courts have been familiar with this problem for some time. (Cf. *Winans v. N.Y. & Erie Railroad Co.* (1858) 62 U.S. (21 How.) 88, 101 [courts cannot receive professors to prove to the court the proper or legal construction of instruments of writing; experience shows that opposite opinions of persons professing to be experts may be obtained in any amount].)

В

The central purpose of equal protection is to prevent officials from discriminating on the basis of race. (Washington v. Davis (1976) 426 U.S. 229, 239.) An inquiry into the purpose of the challenged conduct is essential. A showing of a racially disproportionate impact alone is insufficient. (Rogers v. Lodge (1982) 458 U.S. 613, 617–618.) To prevail on its equal protection violation claim, Pico had to prove the City adopted or maintained its at-large system with the purpose of discriminating against minorities. (Washington v. Davis, supra, at pp. 239–244.) The parties agree on this.

Discriminatory *purpose* requires more than *knowledge* of consequences. (*Personnel Administrator of Mass. v. Feeney* (1979) 442 U.S. 256, 279 (*Feeney*).) It implies the decision maker selected or reaffirmed a particular course of action not in spite of adverse impact on a group, but because of that impact. (*Ibid.*)

The facts of *Feeney* illustrate the difference between the mental states of purpose and knowledge: between acting with the goal of achieving an end, which is purpose, and merely acting with awareness a side effect will result, which is knowledge.

In *Feeney*, a Massachusetts statute gave veterans preference over others for state jobs. The goal was not to harm

women, but that was the effect, because only two percent of veterans then were women. The statute created winners and losers, and, overwhelmingly, women lost. Legislators knew that would happen. They knew nearly all veterans at that time were men. But the law did not deny women equal protection, even though its authors knew it would disproportionately harm women, because harming women was not their purpose. (*Feeney*, *supra*, 442 U.S. at pp. 270, 274–281.)

This equal protection principle holds true as a general matter. (*Rogers v. Lodge*, *supra*, 458 U.S. at pp. 617–618.) Legislators' awareness of a racially disparate impact is not enough to prove their intent to discriminate by race. (*City of Mobile v. Bolden* (1980) 446 U.S. 55, 66–67, 71 & fn. 17, superseded by statute on other grounds.)

This careful distinction between purpose and knowledge is familiar in the law. The Model Penal Code precisely defined purpose and knowledge. (See Model Pen. Code, § 2.02, subd. (2)(a) & (b).) Its definitions perfectly fit the distinction *Feeney* drew.

People act *purposely* to achieve gender or race discrimination when it is their conscious object to engage in conduct of that nature or to cause such a result. People act *knowingly* when they are aware it is practically certain their conduct will cause a disparate impact along gender or racial lines. (See Model Pen. Code, § 2.02, subd. (2)(a) & (b).)

The logic of this constitutional distinction is apparent. Redistricting legislatures presumably are aware of racial demographics, just as we presume they are aware of age, economic status, and other demographic factors. But this awareness, this *knowledge*, does not prove a *purpose* of race

discrimination. (*Shaw v. Reno* (1993) 509 U.S. 630, 646.) Plaintiffs must show the government adopted or maintained the election system for the purpose of racial discrimination. A knowledge of a disparate impact is not enough. (*City of Mobile v. Bolden, supra,* 446 U.S. 55 at pp. 66–67, 71 & fn. 17.)

The trial court departed from these equal protection standards. Its departure invalidates its conclusions. The trial court erroneously concluded the City acted with discriminatory intent in 1946, when the City adopted its at-large system, and in 1992, when the City left this at-large system unchanged. But there was no evidence the City had the *purpose* of engaging in racial discrimination on either occasion. For this reason, the City's actions did not violate equal protection.

We examine events in 1946 and then 1992.

1

In 1946, 100 percent of the leaders of the minority community who expressed a public opinion supported the City's action. None opposed it. The people who knew best and cared most detected no City purpose of race discrimination against them. As a matter of law, this unanimous evidence is a litmus test dictating a finding in the City's favor. The City in 1946 did not act with a purpose of race discrimination.

Contemporaneous and unanimous support from minority community leaders shows the 1946 charter was not a hostile effort to oppress minorities. No one has a more sensitive eye or a stronger vested interest than leaders of minority communities. If they speak publicly with one supporting voice, as they did about the election in 1946, minority leaders are bellwethers for voters who care most keenly about the quality of life for minorities.

Pico's claim is unprecedented. It asks us to rule a city and its electorate engaged in hostile discrimination against minorities when that city and its electorate *did what minority leaders asked*. Pico cites no case with that illogical holding.

Pico does not explain how it, today, has greater insight into the racial realities of 1946 than the unified leaders of the minority communities who, in 1946, lived in Santa Monica. Pico does not argue all these leaders were somehow tricked, out of touch, muzzled, or corrupted. Pico simply suggests their views do not matter. This is error.

Pico incorrectly contends "both proponents and opponents of at-large elections understood such elections would prevent minority representation." To the contrary, the evidence shows there was uniform minority support for the City's 1946 charter change. The only newspaper critiques of the proposed charter were advertisements run by an anonymous group calling itself the Anti-Charter Committee.

The work of the anonymous Anti-Charter Committee does not show a general understanding the Charter would harm minority groups. It is not evidence minority communities were divided in their support of the 1946 charter.

In 1946, the identity of Anti-Charter Committee members became a notorious issue in the City. In its ads attacking the charter, the Anti-Charter Committee identified itself only as "a group of business men [sic] and other private citizens." A newspaper editorial, however, questioned who belonged to, and who contributed to, this "well-heeled group." This editorial contrasted the open and published "names of nearly 200 prominent Santa Monica citizens who have endorsed the new city charter" with the secrecy surrounding the identity of the Anti-

Charter Committee's membership and its source of funding. The editorial asked if the Anti-Charter Committee's contributors included people "who sell certain supplies to the city government under contracts very favorable to them, and who are unwilling to have their names appear?" "The people of Santa Monica are entitled to know who they are."

The Anti-Charter Committee never responded to this editorial, so far as the record shows.

The Anti-Charter Committee's ads provide insight into its perspective. One ad, titled "Who's Going to Manage the City Manager?", states that, "[l]ike Communism, the [charter's] theory of a city-manager-operated city is wonderful. Practically it does not work out. Dictatorship never does."

A different Anti-Charter Committee ad stressed systems like the one in the proposed charter "have higher tax rates and higher indebtedness" than the City's existing system. "Don't write a blank check and give it to a cause that has proved itself a spendthrift!"

Another Anti-Charter Committee ad stated "[t]he first claim of minority groups is that they are making a change in the interest of 'true democracy'—this is much the same manner as the communists work from within."

This same ad continued: "Do you want increased taxes, rule of the city by a few? If you don't, then—VOTE NO "

Another ad, titled "DO YOU WANT THIS DISASTER IN SANTA MONICA?", reprinted letters to the editor from a paper in Montebello, which the ad said had a government like the proposed Freeholders' charter. The letters expressed anger at the high taxes and expenditures in Montebello. After these letters, the ad concluded:

"What more could be said to prove our point that this proposed Charter will plunge Santa Monica into bitter political strife and chaos; it will mean unbearable taxation, will establish dictatorial rule that will starve out minority groups and will throw our entire model Civil Service into the discard."

Pico puts special emphasis on one Anti-Charter Committee ad titled "MINORITY GROUPS and the Proposed Charter." This ad posited "[t]he lot of a member of a minority, whether it be in a location of not-so-fine homes, or one of race, creed, or color, is never too happy under the best of conditions." The ad predicted the proposed charter would create a "dictatorship" of council members who would "mostly originate from North of Montana" and this "dictatorship type of government" would block access to government. "Where will the laboring man go? Where will the Jewish, colored, or Mexican go for aid in his special problems?"

No evidence shows any "laboring man" or the "Jewish, colored, or Mexican" supported the Anti-Charter Committee or its advertising or opposed the 1946 charter.

Pico's reliance on these ads is misplaced. The Anti-Charter Committee was not an advocate for minorities or for minority voting rights. Pico claims news clippings show everyone in Santa Monica in 1946 understood at-large voting disadvantaged minorities, but the news clippings show the opposite. Nor are they reason to discard the legal principle that unanimous minority support for an electoral result shows the election was not the product of racial prejudice against those minorities.

The same holds for Pico's other supposed sources of insight into the 1946 election. All these arguments unacceptably assume Pico and its experts can know better than minority leaders in 1946 what was good for minorities in 1946.

In sum, Pico failed to prove the City acted with the purpose of discriminating against racial minorities in 1946. (*Feeney*, supra, 442 U.S. at pp. 279–281.) To the contrary, minority leaders who spoke in 1946 unanimously favored the City's action. The City did not violate equal protection in 1946.

2

We turn to 1992.

In 1992, the City appointed a 15-member commission that wrote a high-minded and comprehensive, but perplexing, report. The report was perplexing because it expressed strong dissatisfaction with the status quo but offered no consensus alternative. The report's final recommendation was to delay action and gather more information. The City Council met publicly to mull the report. This public discussion was a model of civic engagement: substantive, open, participatory, and cordial. There was never a hint of hostility to minorities. To the contrary, speaker after speaker sought ways of increasing minority empowerment. But after discussing the issue for hours the City Council remained deadlocked about the right alternative to the status quo and resolved simply to study the issue further.

As a matter of law, this series of actions was not purposive race discrimination. The trial court erred again by applying the wrong legal standard. *Feeney* required proof of a *purpose* of racial discrimination. There was none.

"There is, [moreover], an added wrinkle in this case: existence in the record of a videotape capturing the events in question. There are no allegations or indications that this videotape was doctored or altered in any way, nor any contention that what it depicts differs from what actually happened. The videotape quite clearly contradicts the version of the story told by

[Pico]." (*Scott*, *supra*, 550 U.S. at p. 378.) Pico's version of events is "so utterly discredited" by this video as to dictate judgment for the City. (*Id*. at p. 380.) The trial court "should not have relied on such visible fiction; it should have viewed the facts in the light depicted by the videotape." (*Id*. at pp. 380–381.)

We have studied this 1992 videotape. It contains nothing showing a purpose of racial discrimination.

Pico incorrectly focuses on a single sentence from one speaker, and argues this sentence showed the City's entire deliberation and vote was for the purpose of hostile race discrimination. This one sentence was when Councilmember Zane said "And so, you gain the representation but you lose the housing."

This sentence is not evidence the City had a purpose of hostile discrimination against anyone. This sentence contained no express, implied, or coded racial reference or hostile purpose of racial discrimination.

An objective observer watching this video sees Zane ask about an incentive that district voting creates. This incentive is for district representatives to be more responsive to district voices. Zane questions whether this is a good thing. He was concerned this incentive would imperil a political cause he favored: affordable housing projects.

Zane supported affordable housing. Affordable housing is not a policy with a purpose of harming Latinos or minorities. For instance, Councilmember Antonio Vazquez testified Santa Monicans for Renters' Rights endorsed his successful run for the Santa Monica City Council in 1990, and he thought he probably would not have won without that endorsement.

Zane noted affordable housing projects usually engendered NIMBY protests from neighbors. Zane asked Richard Farjado and Charter Review Commissioner Doug Willis whether they would acknowledge a drawback of district voting in this context. The drawback, Zane explained, was the proclivity of district representatives to oppose affordable housing projects because of their heightened sensitivity to neighborhood protests. "A small district makes those protesters look very powerful," said Zane.

Zane made no reference to Latinos or the Pico area. He suggested he was concerned with a general tendency, not a particular district: "I'm not trying to identify a particular district."

Zane expressed concern district voting would make NIMBY voting so prevalent as to doom affordable housing projects. Richard Fajardo, a former MALDEF lawyer with experience in voting rights cases, agreed "that has been an issue and that has been a problem" because "even within the Latino community" a debate between homeowners and renters would have to continue.

In context and beyond question, Zane's comment was not a statement of discrimination against Latinos. The entire exchange, in context, was a substantive and cogent discussion of the pluses and minuses of district voting. There were no coded messages of hostility to Latinos or revealing Freudian slips.

Pico claims Zane implied the Pico area was a dumping ground for undesirable low-income housing projects. This claim is incorrect. Zane explained he was not discussing particular districts but rather the tendency of any district representative to fear the local protest Zane said typically accompanied affordable housing projects.

We decline Pico's invitation to take the unprecedented and unwise path it urges.

When a city's commission supports minority empowerment but neither it nor the city can achieve consensus about the right alternative to at-large voting, the municipal decision to gather more information does not violate equal protection. As a matter of law, a court need go no further to vindicate this decision against the allegation of an invidious purpose.

In sum, the City did not act with a racially discriminatory purpose in 1946 or in 1992. Pico's equal protection claims fail.

We gave the parties our tentative opinion in this case in advance of oral argument. This tentative opinion included the equal protection analysis presented here, including our statement of the standard of review and our analysis of the 1946 news clippings and the events of 1992. At oral argument, Pico forcefully and at considerable length presented its response to our tentative opinion, but did not contest our equal protection analysis in any respect.

The City did not violate the California Voting Rights Act or the California Constitution. We do not reach the remedies issue because there was no wrong to remedy.

DISPOSITION

We reverse the judgment. We award costs to, and direct the trial court to enter judgment for, the City of Santa Monica.

We concur:

BIGELOW, P. J.

GRIMES, J.



R. Cervantes

IN THE COURT OF APPEAL OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

SECOND APPELLATE DISTRICT

DIVISION EIGHT

PICO NEIGHBORHOOD ASSOCIATION et al.,

Plaintiffs and Respondents,

v.

CITY OF SANTA MONICA,

Defendant and Appellant.

B295935

Los Angeles County Super. Ct. No. BC616804

ORDER

THE COURT:

The trial court entered judgment in 2019. It found the City of Santa Monica had created an election system that violated constitutional equal protection as well as the California Voting Rights Act.

This court reversed both rulings in 2020.

The Supreme Court depublished this court's opinion and, in 2023, reversed this court's analysis of the Act. The high court did not review the constitutional issue, nor did it reinstate the trial court's judgment on the Act. The high court identified the proper way to analyze the Act and remanded for a searching evaluation of the totality of the facts and circumstances, including the characteristics of the specific locality, its electoral history, and an intensely local appraisal of the design and impact of the contested electoral mechanisms as well as the design and impact of the potential alternative electoral system. (See also *Pico*

Neighborhood Association v. City of Santa Monica (2023) 15 Cal.5th 292, 308 ["In predicting how many candidates are likely to run and what percentage may be necessary to win, courts may also consider the experiences of other similar jurisdictions that use district elections or some method other than traditional at-large elections."].)

This case is remanded to the Los Angeles Superior Court for further proceedings consistent with the Supreme Court's guidance.

Motions are moot.

STRATTON, P. J.

GRIMES, J.

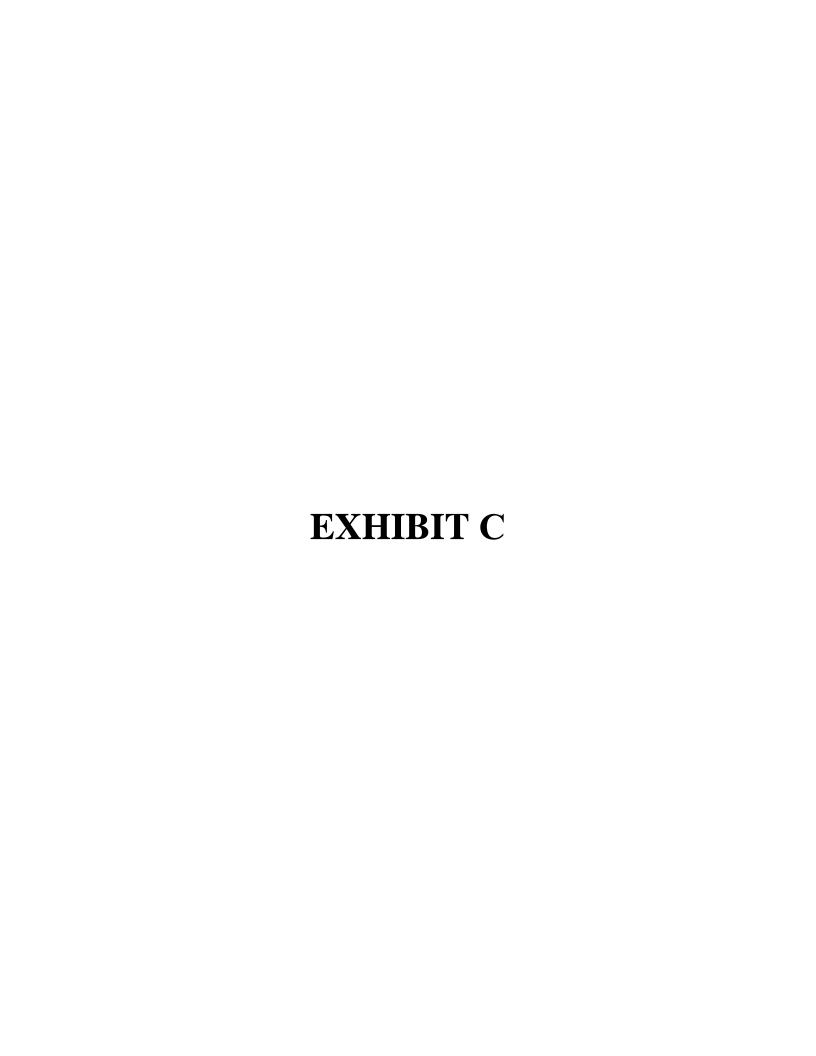
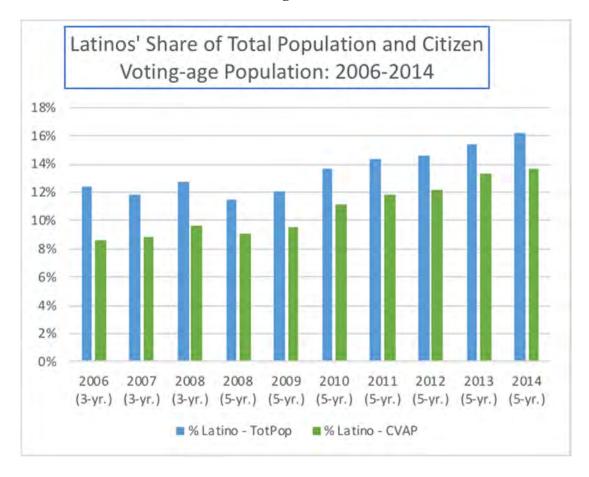
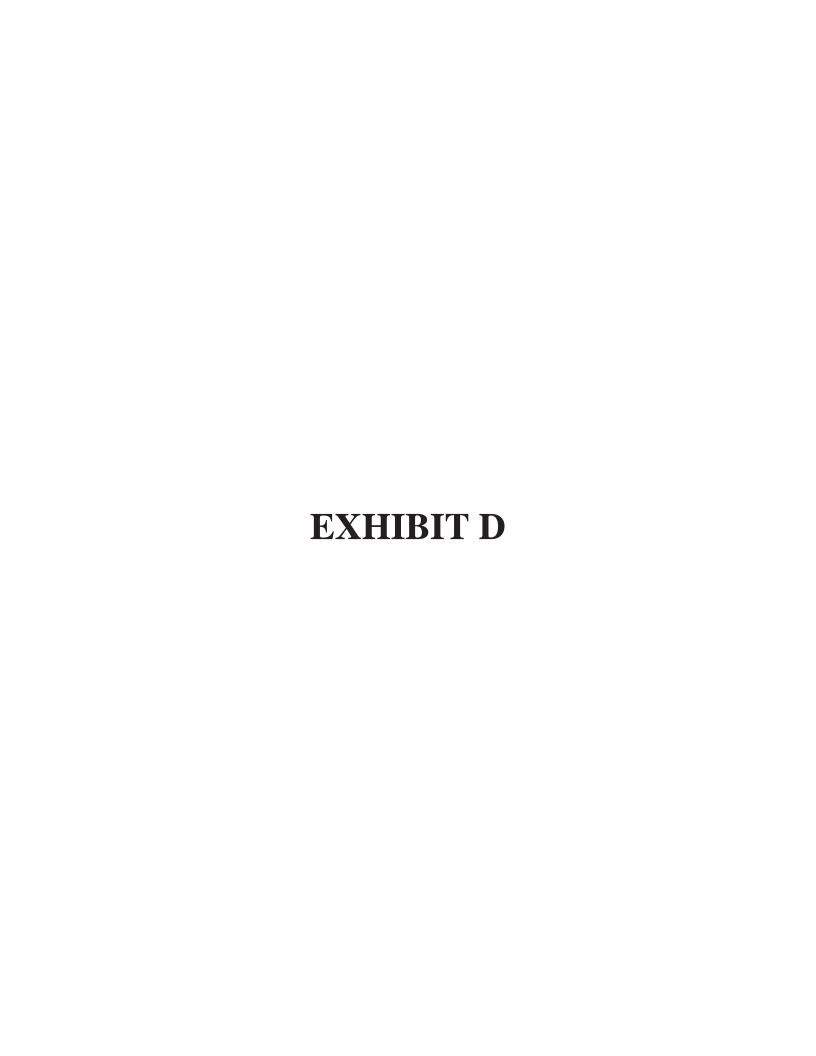


Figure 1





1	
1	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
2	FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES
3	
4	DEPARTMENT 28 HON. YVETTE M. PALAZUELOS, JUDGE
5	PICO NEIGHBORHOOD ASSOCIATION,) ET AL,)
6	PLAINTIFFS,)
7	vs.) NO. BC616804
8	CITY OF SANTA MONICA, ET AL.,
9	DEFENDANTS.)
10	<u> </u>
11	REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS
12	TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, 2018
13	APPEARANCES:
14	FOR PLAINTIFFS:
15	SHENKMAN & HUGHES, PC
16	BY: KEVIN SHENKMAN, ESQ. ANDREA A. ALARCON, ESQ.
17	28905 WIGHT ROAD MALIBU, CALIFORNIA 90265
18	kishenkman@shenkmanhughes.com
19	PARRIS LAW BY: R. REX PARRIS, ESQ.
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21	43364 10TH STREET WEST LANCASTER, CALIFORNIA 93534
22	LAW OFFICES OF MILTON C. GRIMES
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24	LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA 90043 miltgrim@aol.com
25	(APPEARANCES CONTINUED)
26	PAGES 9001 TO 9232-9250
27	REPORTED BY: LORA J. JOHNSON, CSR 10119 RPR, CRR, RMR, CCRR #202
28	OFFICIAL REPORTER PRO TEM

years that Ms. Crane has articulated? 1 Yes. 3 Could you give us an example? I -- well, the most recent one actually had to 4 5 do with the childcare center that I was speaking about in the Pico neighborhood. Ms. Crane was opposed to the 6 establishment of that childcare center. 7 8 She also has been very active in Residocracy 9 which I would characterize as a growth skeptic 10 organization. They typically oppose development 11 projects within Santa Monica. 12 Now that we've put a keener focus on the views 1.3 expressed by Ms. Crane, at least in those illustrative 14 examples, is it your view that Ms. Crane expresses the 15 sentiments and views of all Santa Monicans? 16 MR. SHENKMAN: Objection. Vague and 17 ambiguous. Are we limiting to those two? 18 MR. McRAE: Yes, that's fine. 19 MR. PARRIS: I would object as to relevance. 20 THE COURT: Overruled. 21 MR. PARRIS: The person --2.2 THE COURT: Overruled. 23 THE WITNESS: May I answer? 2.4 THE COURT: Yes, you may. 25 THE WITNESS: So with regard to the childcare 26 center, there was obviously vigorous opposition, but 2.7 there was also vigorous support. So I would say in 28 that instance she did not represent the views of the

majority of people within Santa Monica.

As regards to development issues, what I can say is that I know people who are diametrically opposed to her positions, and when we're had elections -- for example, our recent election on Measure LV, which Ms. Crane, I believe, was responsible for having drafted and put on the ballot, that was soundly defeated at the time of the election.

BY MR. McRAE:

1.3

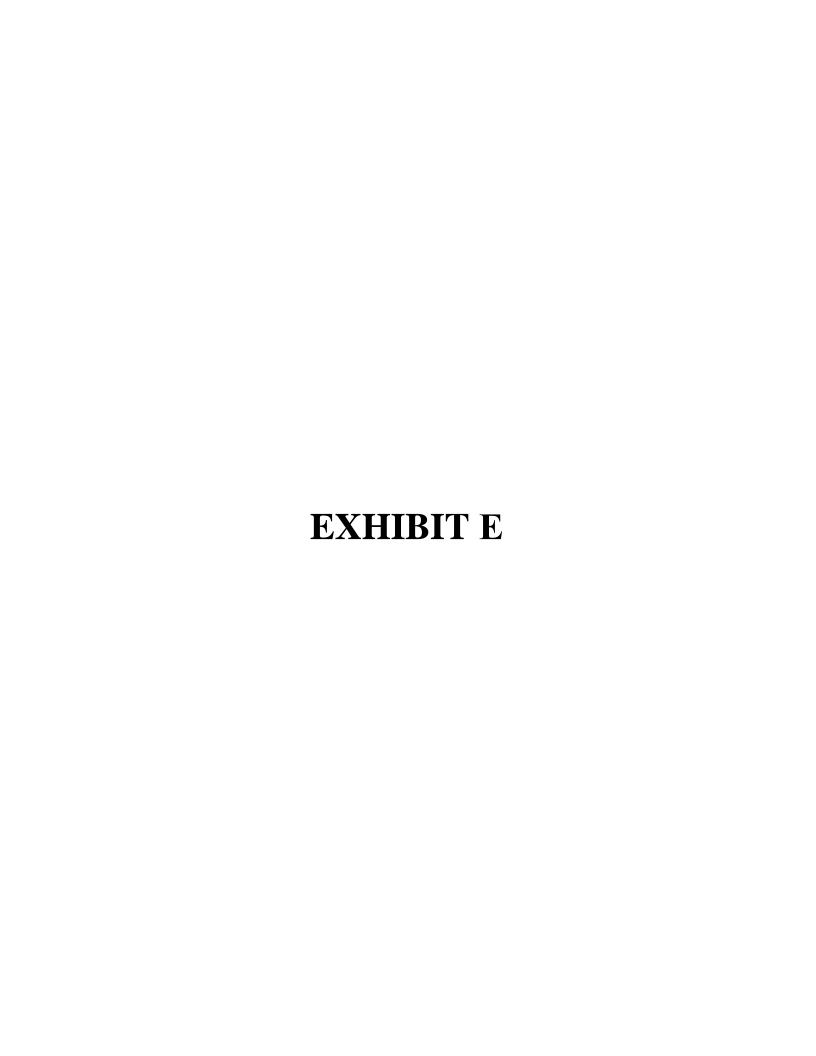
2.2

2.4

2.7

- Q And what was Measure LV again?
- A It was a requirement that buildings over certain heights and floor area ratios, that if someone wanted to build a building of that size, it would have to be put to a vote of the people.
 - Q Are there about 90,000 people in Santa Monica?
- 16 A I think it's approximately 93,000.
 - Q Is the Northeast Association -- Northeast Neighbors Association membership a small fraction of that 90,000?
 - A Well, it's a fraction. I don't know how you would characterize small, but it's a fraction.
 - Q And is the membership -- you've been to meetings of the Northeast Neighbors membership -- excuse me -- Association. Is the membership of that organization similarly a fraction of a total number of residents in the Northeast neighborhood?
 - A Yes. Northeast Neighbors is primarily, not exclusively, but primarily, a single-family residents

```
neighborhood, so it's less dense than some other areas.
 1
    So it would probably be less of a fraction than some
 3
    other neighborhood groups that represent more dense
 4
    areas.
 5
              MR. McRAE: Oh, your Honor, I didn't recognize
    this when we started. I see an unfamiliar face in the
 6
    courtroom. I don't know who the individual is. I just
 7
    wanted to make sure that we were operating within the
 8
 9
    parameters of the rule and --
10
              MS. ALARCON: A member of the public.
              MR. McRAE: I understand, but there's an issue
11
12
    with respect to anyone who could be any witness in the
    case not being in the courtroom.
13
14
              MR. SHENKMAN: I don't see anyone in the
15
    courtroom that we plan on calling.
16
              MR. McRAE: Thank you, your Honor.
17
              MR. PARRIS: And I think we've advised them
18
    we're not calling any witnesses, your Honor.
19
              MR. McRAE: Okay. Thank you. I didn't know.
20
    I wanted to clarify. Thank you.
2.1
    BY MR. McRAE:
2.2
              Similarly with respect to the Pico
23
    Neighborhood Association, is that organization
2.4
    similarly a small fraction of Santa Monica's total
25
    population?
2.6
        Α
              Yes.
2.7
              And would that association, Pico Neighborhood
28
    Association, also be a fraction of the total number of
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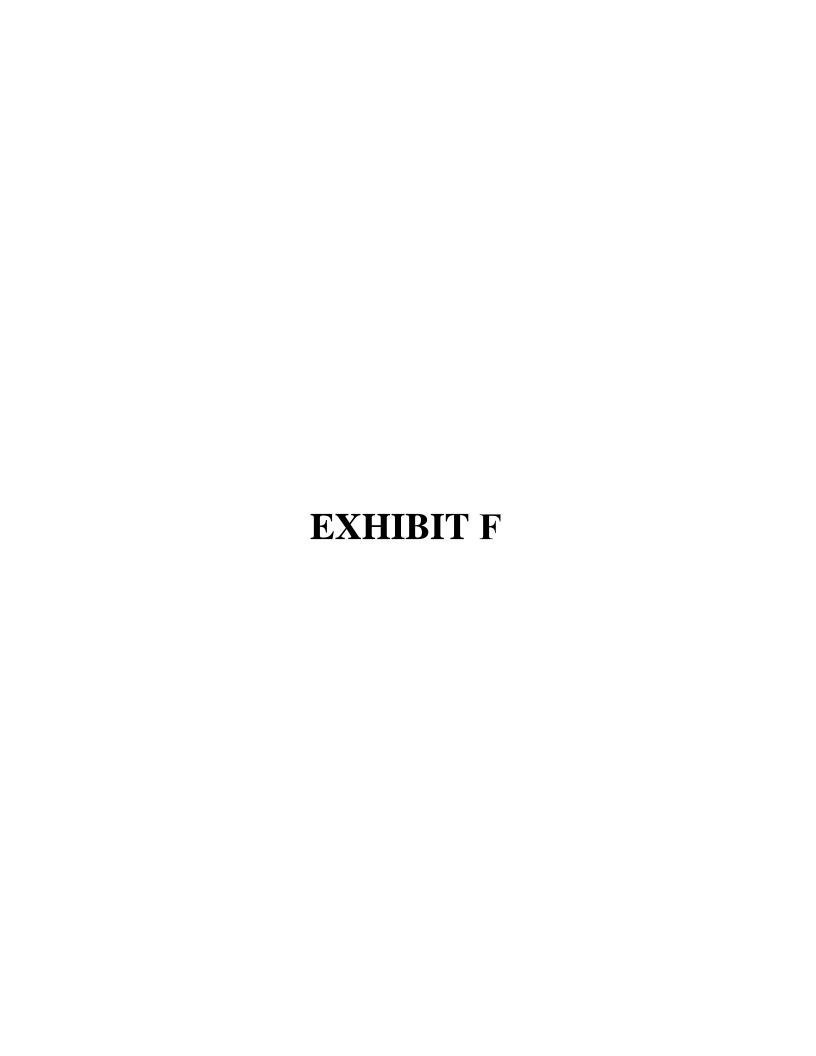


1	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
2	FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES
3	
4	DEPARTMENT 28 HON. YVETTE M. PALAZUELOS, JUDGE
5	PICO NEIGHBORHOOD ASSOCIATION,) ET AL,)
6	PLAINTIFFS,)
7	vs.) NO. BC616804
8	CITY OF SANTA MONICA, ET AL.,
9	DEFENDANTS.)
10	<u> </u>
11	REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS
12	FRIDAY, AUGUST 3, 2018
13	A.M. SESSION
14	APPEARANCES:
15	FOR PLAINTIFFS:
16	SHENKMAN & HUGHES, PC BY: KEVIN SHENKMAN, ESQ.
17	ANDREA A. ALARCON, ESQ. 28905 WIGHT ROAD
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19	PARRIS LAW
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23	BY: MILTON C. GRIMES, ESQ. 3774 WEST 54TH STREET
24	LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA 90043 MILTGRIM@AOL.COM
25	(APPEARANCES CONTINUED)
26	PAGES 2401 TO 2473-2550
2728	REPORTED BY: LORA J. JOHNSON, CSR 10119 RPR, CRR, RMR, CCRR #202 OFFICIAL REPORTER PRO TEMPORE

```
directions, and they tend to balance them out --
1
    balance themselves out relatively well.
 3
              It's been my experience that the numbers that
     I get correlate extremely well with the distribution of
 4
 5
    citizen voting age issues, and so the data -- the
    application of the method is not inconsistent, the data
 6
 7
    is not inconsistent, but the result of those errors on
    individual precincts is inconsistent.
 8
 9
              So we don't have precise numbers, but we have
10
    reliable -- we have reliable estimates for doing
11
    statistical analysis.
12
    BY MR. SCOLNICK:
              I think I understand. So in areas where there
13
14
    are very few Latinos, the error rates for surname
15
    matching can be substantial, right?
        Α
16
              They can be, yes.
17
              MR. SCOLNICK: Finish by noon, right, your
18
    Honor? I have just a few questions before noon.
19
              THE COURT: You want to stop now or --
20
              MR. SCOLNICK: Let me close out this and
21
    then --
22
              THE COURT: Yes, let's do that.
23
    BY MR. SCOLNICK:
24
              Let's just pivot to Santa Monica now,
25
    generally.
              There are seven city council seats currently
26
2.7
    in Santa Monica?
              That's correct.
28
```

```
And one out of seven is 14.3 percent?
        0
1
                                                      I think
    we did the math in your depo.
 3
              I believe that's right.
              Right. And the citizen voting age
 5
    population -- and by the way, I'm going to use that
    term a lot. Can we just say CVAP?
 6
 7
              Fine with me.
        Α
              The Latino CVAP in Santa Monica is 13.64
 8
 9
    percent?
10
        Α
              That's correct.
              And the Latino CVAP in Santa Monica, then, is
11
12
    less than one-seventh of the city's CVAP?
1.3
              Slightly, yes.
14
              And of the 13.64 percent of Latino CVAP in
15
    Santa Monica, you're not sure what percentage lives
    inside the Pico neighborhood, are you?
16
17
              Not sitting here right now, no.
18
              I believe you testified yesterday the Pico
        0
19
    neighborhood is not majority white, it's plurality
20
    white, you said?
2.1
        Α
              That's correct.
22
              And by plurality, you mean there are more
23
    white people than any other ethnicity?
24
        Α
              That's correct.
25
              MR. SCOLNICK: That's all I have for this
26
    morning, your Honor.
2.7
              THE COURT: Okay. Let's take our break. Come
    back at 1:30.
28
```

```
MR. McRAE:
                          Thank you.
 1
              Your Honor, just so you know, we were able to
 2
 3
     confirm that we haven't received Cole, the Cole
    designation, and we -- we don't have Morrison yet
 4
 5
    either.
              THE COURT: What do you mean the Cole
 6
 7
    designation?
 8
              MR. McRAE: Remember, Rick Cole, the witness?
 9
    We had a -- that's one of the orders of business this
10
    morning. We were talking about needing to receive --
11
    I'm sorry.
12
              THE COURT: That's all right.
1.3
              Oh, yes. Rick Cole.
14
              MR. SCOLNICK: We don't have it.
15
              MR. SHENKMAN: Your Honor, we will resolve
    this over the lunch break.
16
17
              MR. McRAE: Well, but your order was if we
18
    hadn't received Cole -- we could get Morrison this
19
    morning, but if Cole had not been received, he's out.
20
    So Cole is out, and we still don't have Morrison.
21
              MR. PARRIS: Your Honor, what does it matter
2.2
    if it gets there this morning or --
              MR. McRAE: -- because the Court said there's
23
24
    a deadline.
25
              (Speaking simultaneously.)
26
              MR. PARRIS: Wait a minute. Let me finish,
2.7
    Counsel. I don't interrupt you.
28
              Your Honor, what does it matter if we fail --
```



RESOLUTION NO. 10721 (CCS) (City Council Series)

RESOLUTION OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY
OF SANTA MONICA ACCEPTING THE LOS ANGELES COUNTY
REGISTRAR RECORDER/COUNTY CLERK'S OFFICIAL CANVASS
AND OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST FOR THE
CONSOLIDATED MUNICIPAL ELECTION HELD ON
NOVEMBER 6, 2012, AND DECLARING THE RESULTS THEREOF

WHEREAS, a Consolidated General Municipal Election was held in the City of Santa Monica on November 6, 2012, as required by law; and

WHEREAS, the provisions of the Elections Code of the State of California for the holding of elections in Charter cities were complied with in that notice of the election was given in the time, form and manner as provided by law; voting precincts were properly established; election officers were appointed; votes were cast, received and canvassed; and the returns were made and declared in the time, form and manner as required; and

WHEREAS, the Los Angeles Registrar Recorder/County Clerk canvassed the returns of the election and certified the results to the City Council, and those results are attached and made a part hereof as "Exhibit A",

NOW, THEREFORE, THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF SANTA MONICA DOES RESOLVE AS FOLLOWS:

SECTION 1. The vote totals for the Consolidated Municipal Election held on November 6, 2012, in the City of Santa Monica, as certified by the Los Angeles County Registrar Recorder/County Clerk, shall be and hereby are approved and adopted as the formal vote count of the City of Santa Monica for said offices and said measures of said election.

SECTION 2. The names of the candidates on the ballot were:

Santa Monica City Council

Terry O'Day
John Cyrus Smith
Bob Seldon
Ted Winterer
Shari Davis
Gleam Olivia Davis
Steve Duron
Tony Vazquez
Roberto Gomez
Frank Gruber
Richard McKinnon
Jonathan Mann
Armen Melkonians
Jerry Peace Activist Rubin
Terence Later

Santa Monica Rent Control Board

Christopher D. Walton Robert Kronovet Ilse Rosenstein

Santa Monica-Malibu Unified School District Board of Education

Ben Allen Karen Farrer Craig Foster Seth Jacobson Maria Leon-Vazquez Jose Escarce

SECTION 3. The number of total ballots cast for this election was:

Santa Monica-Malibu Unified School District Board of Education:

REGISTERED	PRECINCT	ABSENTEE	TOTAL
<u>VOTERS</u>	<u>BALLOTS</u>	<u>BALLOTS</u>	<u>BALLOTS</u>
72,590	37,300	20,054	57,354

City of Santa Monica:

REGISTERED	PRECINCT	ABSENTEE	TOTAL
VOTERS	BALLOTS	<u>BALLOTS</u>	<u>BALLOTS</u>
60,821	31,721	16,237	47,958

SECTION 4. The following persons were elected to office as follows:

Candidates elected to the Santa Monica-Malibu Unified School District:

CANDIDATE	VOTES	PERCENT
Ben Allen	23,810	24.48%
Maria Leon-Vazquez	18,996	19.53
Jose Escarce	16,872	17.35

Candidates elected to the Rent Control Board:

CANDIDATE	VOTES	PERCENT
C D Walton	12,447	35.01%
lise Rosenstein	12,184	34.27

Candidates elected to the Santa Monica City Council:

CANDIDATE	VOTES	PERCENT
Ted Winterer	17,716	14.86%
Terry O'Day	17,126	14.36
Gleam Olivia Davis	15,217	12.76
Tony Vazquez	11,939	10.01

SECTION 5. The measure that appeared on the ballot read as follows:

MEASURE GA: Shall the City Charter be amended to allow the annual rent control general adjustment to be based on 75% of the annual percentage change in the Consumer Price Index, but limited to an adjustment between 0% and 6%; and to give the Rent Control Board discretion, after a public hearing to impose a dollar limit, within

the 0-6% range, calculated using the same formula employed when imposing a limit under the existing general adjustment formula?

The measure received votes as follows:

Measure GA was approved by the voters by the following votes:

YES VOTES

18,650

60.52%

NO VOTES

12,166

39.48

SECTION 6. The City Clerk shall enter on the records of the Santa Monica City Council, a statement of the result of the election showing: (1) the total number of votes cast for the offices and the measure in the election; (2) the names of the persons voted for; (3) the text of the measure voted upon; (4) the office that each person was running for; (5) the number of votes given at each precinct to each person, and for and against each ballot measure; and, (6) the total number of votes given to each person, and for and against the ballot measures.

SECTION 7. The City Clerk shall immediately make and deliver to each of the persons so elected a Certificate of Election signed by the City Clerk and authenticated. The City Clerk shall also administer to each person elected the Oath of Office prescribed in the Constitution of the State of California and shall have each person subscribe to it and file it in the office of the City Clerk. All of the persons so elected shall then be inducted into the office to which they have been elected.

SECTION 8. The City Clerk shall certify to the adoption of this Resolution, and thenceforth and thereafter the same shall be in full force and effect.

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

EXHIBIT A

Los Angeles County Degistrar-Decorder/County Clerk

Certificate of the Canvass of the Election Returns

I, DEAN C. LOGAN, Registrar-Recorder/County Clerk of the County of Los Angeles, of the State of California, DO HEREBY CERTIFY that pursuant to the provisions of Section 15300 et seq. of the California Elections Code, I did canvass the returns of the votes cast for each elective office and/or measure(s) for

Santa Monica Lity

at the General Election, held on the 6th day of November 2012.

I FURTHER CERTIFY that the Statement of Votes Cast, to which this certificate is attached, shows the total number of ballots cast in said jurisdiction, and that the whole number of votes cast for each candidate and/or measure(s) in said jurisdiction in each of the respective precincts therein, and the totals of the respective columns and the totals as shown for each candidate and/or measure(s) are full, true and correct.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my seal this 30th day of November 2012,



DEAN C. LOGAN Registrar-Recorder/County Clerk County of Los Angeles

COUNTY OF LOS ANGE	iles ge	NERAL ELECT	rion				NOVEMBE	R 6, 2012		PAGE	105.1
				SANTA MON	ICA CY GEN MBER	MUN .					
	i.		•	TERRY					•		
				O'DAY	JOHN CYRUS	s					
FINAL OFFICIAL					SMITH	вов				•	
STATEMENT OF VO	TES CAST					SELDON	1 mm		•		•
•							TED WINTERER				
								SHARI DAVIS			
						-			GLEAM OLI DAVIS	AIV	
CITY/PREC		REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST		<u> </u>					STEVE DURON	
Santa Monica Av/Vem	6250001A	.929	544 292	159 86	76	54 27	1183	7000 273 2001 85	163 82		
TOTAL	:	929	836	245	23 99	:81	287	1258	245	4	
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250003C	1045	520 331	183 114	. 61 32	60 50		186 120	186		
TOTAL	Caranára	1045	851	297	93	110	330	306	296	i 2:	5] .
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250005A	1268	700 329	261 121	91	38 20		185 85	241 105		
SANTA MONICA	6250006A	1268 1105	1029 641	77.67 (382: 231	135 74	· 58		270 153	346 209		
AV/VBM	025,00002	0	298	116	. 35	25	115	65	113	14	4
TOTAL SANTA MONICA	6250008A	1105	939 568	347 2000/1173	109 200059	78 41		218 144	322 765 244163		
AV/VBM TOTAL	1.055	o	410	149	51	36	134	109	138 301	33	
SANTA MONICA	6250010E	1197 1106	978 624	322 205	7777 2 110 87	77 60		253 163	185		
AV/VBM TOTAL		0 1106	301 925	92 298	27 114	26 86		67 [.] 230	84 269		
SANTA MONICA	6250011A	1165	建设设施638]	10 m 20 12 20 0.	32255 Jul 87	43	211	10000001116	132221188	1000019552	图 医新球菌属 医克拉氏
AV/VBM /TOTAL		1165	341 979	118 318	49 136	31 74		72 188	95 283		
SANTA MONICA	6250015B	1310	571	204	101	104	223	162	181	. 21	7
AV/VBM TOTAL		1310	465 1036	130 334	· 75	100 204		109 271	141 322		
Santa Monica AV/VBM	6250016A	1339	716 402	.5ghr.st.g 212	121	83	2.64	177 102	212 134		
TOTAL		1339	1118	142 354	62 183	56 139	410	279	346		
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250017A	1348	682 411	224 124	77 45	71 42		230 132	193 134		
TOTAL	CDE00107	1348	1093	348	122	113	400	362	327	55	• <u> </u>
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250019A	1387	605 368	178 117	101 59	64 39		89 75	129 112	28	
TOTAL SANTA MONICA	: 6250020A	1387 1099	∴ ⊹⊞⊹973- 596	295 230	160 7 <i>7</i>	103 51	257	164 113	241 188		
AV/VBM	SESOUE OR	. 0	284	100	43	45	107	. 51	93	11	7 .
TOTAL SANTA MONICA	-:6250024A	1099 809	880 438	330 131	120 69	96 38		164 	281 124		
AV/VBM	, and the	. 0	193	69	31	.10	75.0000075	51	72	1	
TOTAL	Marie Company	809	631		100	48	193	》指於於107	196	1813 112	用 都的数据的现在分词。

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GE	NERAL BLEC	TION .			-	NOVEMBER	6, 2012		PAGE	105.2
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST							SHARI DAVIS	GLEAM OLI	IAM OLIVIA	
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST						DAVIS	STEVE DURON	
SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL TOTAL	1114 1203 1203 757 1180 1246 0 1246 1216 1216 1216 1259 1259 1259 1259 1260 1259 1260 1259 1260 1289 1260 1062 1062 1082 1082 1082 1082 1082 1082 1082 108	580 218 798 626 349 975 275 242 617 617 327 956 644 312 956 676 377 1053 644 318 962 649 346 955 649 348 962 649 348 957 649 348 957 649 348 957 649 348 957 649 348 957 649 348 957 649 349 349 349 349 349 349 349 349 349 3	255 79 334 218 114 332 124 72 196 225 111 336 289 111 400 129 389 211 389 211 206 129 389 211 389 211 400 129 389 211 389 211 389 211 389 211 389 211 389 212 243 243 273 206 219 326 219 326 219 326 219 326 219 326 219 326 219 326 219 326 219 326 219 326 219 326 219 326 219 326 219 327 327 327 327 327 327 327 327	79 27 106 85 50 135 52 357 86 42 128 106 41 147 154 97 47 154 97 42 139 151 152 60 28 88 88	33 13 46 54 44 98 99 80 36 16 24 52 18 70 57 25 83 46 25 21 83 46 27 71 59 33 33 46 27 71 59 33 34 45 34 45 48 34 48 34 48 34 48 34 48 34 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48	190 56 246 271 136 407 151 81 232 213 325 247 95 342 224 101 325 232 131 169 91 260 189 122 311 189 85 274 214 25 274 274 274 274 274 274 274 274	125 51 176 125 101 226 54 57 151 149 68 217 192 102 152 160 212 123 72 123 72 123 123 124 125 125 121 125 125 121 127 125 121 125 125 127 125 127 127 128 129 129 129 129 129 129 129 129 129 129	195 78 273 215 108 323 922 562 154 204 111 315 238 97 335 331 121 354 206 127 333 181 104 285 200 1400 1400 1415 316 233 2200 147 86 233 2200 122	15521 42233 32254 15426 21	9 1 3 3 3 6 6 0 1 1 3 3 3 6 6 0 1 1 3 3 5 6 6 7 7 3 1 1 4 5 6 7 7 3 1 1 4 5 6 7 7 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

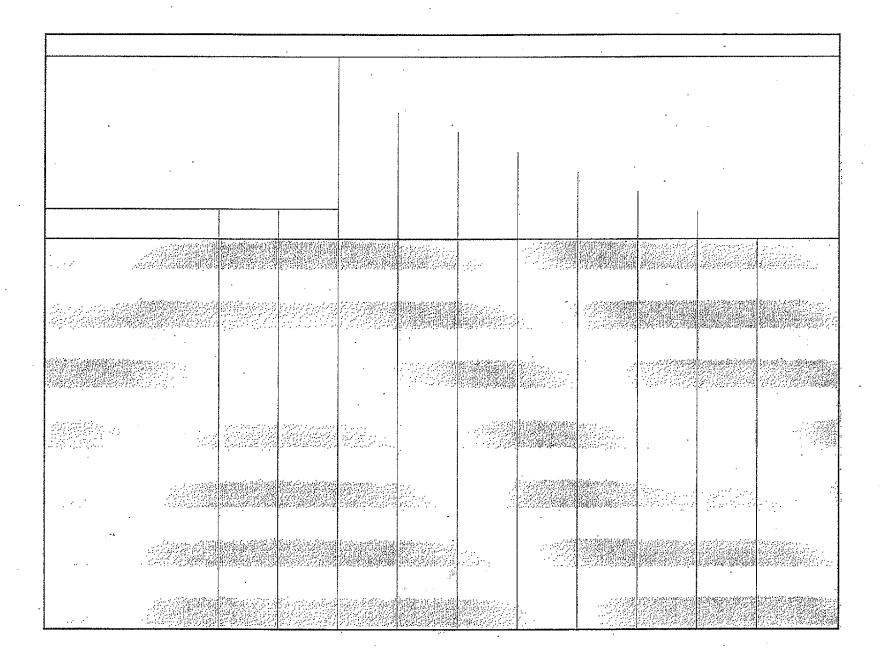
COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GEN	ERAL ELECT	:ION	`			NOVEMBE	R 6, 2012		PAGE	105.3
			Santa Moni Councilmen	ica cy gen Ber	MON					
			TERRY O'DAY							•
•			DAX	JOHN CYRUS	3					
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST				D. C.	BOB SELDON					
			-			TED WINTERER				
•							SHARI DAVIS			
								GLEAM OLI DAVIS		
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	Ballots Cast			. · · · · ·				STEVE DURON	
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	1003	386 191	97 66	57 22	22 13	85 51		77 66		0
SANTA MONICA 6250060A	1003 884	57 7	163 154	79 80	35 38	136 141	107 94	143 132	20	5
AV/VBM TOTAL	0 884	194 637	73 227	28 108	21 59	58 199	48 142	71 203	4	0
SANTA MONICA 6250061A AV/VBM	956	559 168	259 71	54· 18	7 35	196 62	78 38 116	231 78 309		4
SANTA MONICA 6250062A	956 947 0	72 7 483 164	330 200	72 49 29	31 31	258. 157 41	84	182 56	2	
AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250067A	947 	164 647 1765	49 249 302	78 	34 48	198	123 16:3833(139)	238	3:	1
AV/VBM TOTAL	0 1295	293 1058	98 400	37 128	9 57	131 475	48 187	100 345	4	6
SANTA MONICA 6250069A AV/VEM	1206 . 0	647 338	247 119	91 55	48 28	272 121	160 75	188 105	1	1
TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250070A	1206 1206 1118	985 590	366 246	146	76 40	393 273	235 163	293 208	12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	5 1600000000000000000
AV/VBM	0 1118	305 895	96 342	40 121	31 71	116 389	76 239 91	100 308 188	4	
SANTA MONICA 6250071A AV/VBM	975 0 975	516 172	226 74 300	63 27 90	35 14 49	187 55 242	39	61	. 1	0
TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250072A AV/VBM	1345 0	688 719 377	263 132	111 47	63 32	325 148	161 88	222 112	4	0 ") 在機構
TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250076B	1345 902	1096	395 167	158 101	95 58		249 93	334 125	6	0
AV/VEM TOTAL^^	0 902	268 770	81 248	53 154	37 95	94 295	67 160	71 196	2	
SANTA MONICA 6250078A AV/VEM	836 0	480 205	171 71	69 32	34 10	17,5 74	112 47	159	Taran and a same and a same	
TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250081A	836 1189	685 694	242 266	101 98	44 52	249 318	159 159	221 227 80	3	6
AV/VBM TOTAL ADMIN MONTON	0 1189 64666000000000	263 957 paragrafia de electron	95 361 249	38 136 136	27 79 54	93 411 309	49 208 132	307	5	2
SANTA MONICA 6250083A AV/VEM TOTAL	1211 0 1211	668 292 960	89 338	107 50 157	25 79	119 428	55 187	81 277		5 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7

COUNTY OF LOS AND	erles ged	NERAL ELECT	CION	······································			NOVEMBE	8 6, 2012		PAGE	105.4	•
•				SANTA MONI	ICA CY GEN MBER	MUN						
				TERRY O'DAY								
					JOHN CYRUS	3				-		
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF V						BOB SELDON						
						_	TED WINTERER					
		,				·		SHARI DAVIS				
									GLEAM OLI DAVIS	AIV		
CITY/PREC		REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST							STEVE		
SANTA MONICA	6250085A		% (% % 583)	194	95	48	258	126	159 77		22 20	
AV/VBM TOTAL	مان و من المان المان و من المان المان و المان مان و المان و ا	1286	353 936		50 . 145	26 74	130 388	67 193	235		42	
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250089A	1227	712 349	218 80	100 50	63 29	387 187	164 74	180 112		29 15	
TOTAL SANTA MONICA	6250092A	1227	1061 28039-22 637	298	150 64	92 36:	574 330	238	292 212		26	360
AV/VBM		1	297 934	97	27 91	17 53	143 473	53 204	91		21 47	
SANTA MONICA	6250094B	1011	637	217	95	47 17	228 103	125 43	192 95		31	
av/vbm Total		1011	272 909	89 306	22 117	64	331	168	287 230	ŀ	44 29	
SANTA MONICA AV/VEM	6250095A		634 372	233 131	102 57	63 49	242 133	120 62	112	-	41	A T
TOTAL SANTA MONICA	6250098A	1355 1278	1006 692	269	94 (159)	112 44	298	126	342 210		70 35	.,
av/vem Total		0 1278	. 322 1014	104 373	45 139	15 59	120 418	61 187	104 314		13 48	
SANTA MONICA AV/VEM	6250106B		603 339	1884/48/2 3 P		40 30	244 127	115 56	192 98		29 13	
TOTAL (30%)		11228	942	FARMES 350	130	70	371 244			→ 学系组织	42 30	girts .
Santa Monica AV/VBM	6250107A	į. o	610 361	124	73 37	48 25	131	70	106 286		20 50	
TOTAL SANTA MONICA (1990)	6250110D	1263 904	971 494			73 44	375 188	200 117	用源点形成159	Jana William	.18] gggg	#6#G
AV/VEM TOTAL		0 904	265 759		28 104	17 61	286	59 176	104 263		6 24	ryddyddiol Gellolaid
SANTA MONICA AV/VEM	6250113A		578 402	253 150	88 42	. 62 25	240 132	131			29	
TOTAL SANTA MONICA	6250121A	1401 1276	1080	403	130 (e)600 (cab 95)	87 Minutes46	372 215	203 	192	Acordon	49 25 23	Singiry :
AV/VBM		以 到是为1000	265 892	91	49	37	93 308	55 176	290		23 48	
TOTAL SANTA MONICA	6250125A		572	204	92	67	241 146	176 121			30 18	himandi fra cara.
AV/VBM TOTAL		0 1158	350 922	328	133	37 104	387	297	309		48	explanation of the
SANTA MONICA AV/VEM	6250127A	1129 0	647 276	108		36 19	288 126	145 63	95		39 11	
TOTAL		1129	923				414	208	313	《 国际公司的	50	全性的智能

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GEN	veral eleci	NOI			.*	NOVEMBE	R 6, 2012		PAGE 1	05.5	
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST							SHARI DAVIS	GLEAM OLIV			
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST				-	·	DAVIS	STEVE		
SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA *6250128C AV/VEM TOTAL PRECINCT TOTAL VOTE	931 0 931 88 0 88 60821	453 323 776 0 72 72 31721		32 86 0 7 7 4476	2:750	165 111 276 0 24 24 211993	186 147 333 0 29 29 7119	122 988 210 0 39 39 9916	24 40 0 4 4		
VEM TOTAL VOTE VBM BY GROUP TOTAL GRAND TOTAL VOTE	0 0 //60821	16224 13 47958	5640 4 17126	2135 2 6614	1	2 2 477716	2	3 15217	2465		
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COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GEN	ERAL ELECT	ION				NOVEMBE	R 6, 2012		Page	105.6
-			SANTA MONI COUNCILMEN	ica cy gein Aber	MUN'					
			TERRY O'DAY						,	
FINAL OFFICIAL				JOHN CYRU: SMITH	BOB					
STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST					SELDON	TED WINTERER				
							SHARI DAVIS	GLEAM OLI	עדט .	
	REGISTRA-	BALLOTS						DAVIS	STEVE	
CITY/PREC	TION 60821	CAST 31721	11482	4476	2750	11993	.7119	9916		
COUNTYWIDE VOTE BY MAIL	٥	16237	5644	2138	1531	5723	3726	5301	914	
FOTAL	60821	47958	17126	6614		17716	10845	15217	2465	
33RD US CONGRESSIONAL	60821	31721	11482	4476	2750	11993	7119	9916	1551	
33RD US CONGRESSIONAL VOTE BY MAIL		16237	5644	2136	1531	5723	3726	5301	914	
TOTAL	60821	47958	17126	6614	4281	17716	10845	15217	2465	J. Park Jonal
26TH ST SENATE	60821	31721	11482	4476	2750	11993	7119 	27.00	1551	
26TH ST SENATE VOTE BY MAIL	0	16237	5644	2138	1531	5723	3726	5301	914	
TOTAL	60821	47.958	17126	6614	4281	17716	3 (10845	15217	2465	Anger Jackson L.
SOTH STATE ASSEMBLY	60821	31721	11482	4476	2750	11993	7119	9916	1551	
SOTH STATE ASSEMBLY VOTE BY MAIL	MARKET PROPERTY.	46237	5644	2138	1531	5723	3726	53.01		
TOTAL	60821	47958	17126	6614	4281	17716	10845	15217	2465	ng galawa gantanjer in tanpa Vilik i
3RD SUPERVISORIAL	60821	31721	11482	4475	2750	11993	71119	(2) (2) (2) (3) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4	1551	
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COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GE	NERAL ELECT	LOM				NOVEMBER	6, 2012		PAGE I	.05.7
			SANTA MONI COUNCILMENT TERRY	ica cy gen Mber	MUN					
FINAL OFFICIAL			YAGTO	JOHN CYRUS SMITH	BOB SELDON	•		·		
STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST							SHARI DAVIS	GLEAM OLIV	<i>U</i> TA	
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST		,				DAVIS	STEVE DURON	
3rd SUPERVISORIAL VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	60821	16237 47958	5644 17126	2138 6614	1531 4281	5723 17716	3726 10845	15217	914 2465	
SED BOARD OF BOUALIZATION SED BOARD OF BOUALIZATION	60821 0	31721 16237	11482 5644	447 6 2138	2750 1531	11993 5723	7119 3726	9916 5301	1551	
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL CITY OF SANTA MONICA	60821 60821	47958 31721	17126 11482	6614 4476	4281 2750	117716 11993	108 45 7119	15217 9916	2465 1551	提起 。
CITY OF SANTA MONICA VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	60821	16237 47958	5644 17126	2138 6614	1531 4281	5723 17716	3726 10845	5301 15217	914 2465	
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		nices Langue Peg								- - (4)



COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES	GENERAL ELEC	TION	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			NOVEMBE	R 6, 2012		PAGE	106.1
			SANTA MON COUNCILME	ica cy gen Mber	MUN		•			
			TONY VAZQUEZ							
				ROBERTO						
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CA	ST				FRANK GRUBER					
						RICHARD MCKINNON				
]	JONATHAN MANN			
		,						ARMEN MELKONIAN	s	
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST	***************************************		77		<u>.</u>		JERRY P RUBIN	
ANTA MONICA 62500 AV/VBM	01A 929 0	544 292	/// //////////////////////////////////	28 2	103 58	73 49	49 23	35 17	14144 2 2	4.
ANTA MONICA 62500	929 03C 1045	836 520	137 92	32 11	161 59	122	72 35	52 25	《海拔编》第3	2
AV/VEM TOTAL	0 1045	331 851	72 164	6	58 117	52 165	. 21	17 42	***	9
ANTA MONICA 62500 AV/VBM		700	171	20	53	紧侧影影/AE03·	gar, 78	-47	4.	5 [17] 2000 空間
TOTAL ANTA MONICA 62500	1268	1029	61 232	15 277:: 35	32 95	44 7147	26 104	26 73	. 6	3
AV/VBM TOTAL	0	: 641 298	151 65	26 14	57 28	106 52	60 25	5.4 24	4 2	7
ANTA MONICA 62500	1	939 568	216 216	40 3000/11/22/	85 1120(12) 5 0	158 90	85 46	78 2 (14)		5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
TOTAL	1197	410 978	78 184	13 35	52 102	64 154	39 85	34 66	5	
ANTA MONICA 62500: AV/VBM	0	624 301	110 50	32 11	67 22	104 40	62 28	40° 29	3.	
TOTAL ANTA MONICA 62506:		925 638	160 150	43 50	89 :59	144 Varied (1897)	90 266-246-76	69 65	5	- 1
AV/VBM TOTAL		341 979	.81 231	24 74	28 87	47 144	49 125	36 101	2:	2
ANTA MONICA 625001 AV/VEM	1310 0	571 465	103 82	21 18	83 66	101 68	53 47	56 41	3 2	91
TOTAL ANTA MONICA 625001	1310 1339	103 <i>6</i> 716	185 162	39	149	169 115	100 77	97 X402300 47)	6	D _i
AV/VBM TOTAL	0 1339	402 1118	93 255	12 53	38 120	57 172	38 115	33 80	2 6	7
ANTA MONICA 625000 AV/VBM		682 411	99 79	14	116 89	138 63	51 38	42 27	3'	7
TOTAL NTA MONICA 625000	1348	1093 1093	178	26	205	201	89	69	6.	4
AV/VBM TOTAL	41.55	368	66	34 27	65 44	82 68	72 38	65 44	5°	3
ANTA MONICA 625002 AV/VEM		973 596	184 134	61 23	109 59	150 112	110 61	70 70	62 m 4 0 8.	0
TOTAL	1099	284 880	54 188	12 35	21 80	58 170	25 86	25 95	1: 6:	5,
ANTA MONICA 625802 AV/VBM	o	438 193	116 59	43 16	38 14	50 26	57 27	35 24	2: 1(
TOTAL	809	631	-175	59	52	Fig. 76	. 84	59	3:	

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GEN	ERAL ELECTIO	ON		•		NOVEMBE	R 6, 2012		PAGE 10	5.2
			SANTA MONI COUNCILMEN	ICA CY GEN BER	MUN		······································			
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST	REGISTRA- F		TONY VAZQUEZ	Roberto Gomez		RICHARD MCKINNON	JONATHAN MANN	armen Melkonian	s Juerry P	
CITY/PREC	TION	CAST	,						RUBIN	
SANTA MONICA	1114 1203 1203 0 1203 757 180 180 1246 1216 1216 1216 1219 1299 1259	580 218 798 626 349 975 242 617 617 327 278 997 644 312 956 6377 1053	205 54 259 175 87 262 68 104 148 75 223 149 58 207 155 73 228 170 109 279 155	62 28 90 29 17 46 24 14 38 37 18 55 37 10 47 44 23 67 48 23	45' 28 73 109 72 181 58 33 91 70 39 109 80 40 120 62 32 94 66 34 166	72 20 92 131 69 200 55; 37, 92 111 58 169 109 54 163 169 54 163 87	76 38 114 60 24 84 44 28 72 76 30 106 76 32 126 84 42 126 84 42 126 70 70	63 24 87 47 47 28 75 33 21 54 56 23 87 77 73 33 110 54	11 51 33 16 49 22 9 31 29 24 53 41 15 56 38	
TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250046A AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250050A AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250051A AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250052E AV/VEM TOTAL	1259 1260 1062 0 1062 1289 244 0 944	318 962 649 346 995 549 272 821 671 338 1009 466 223 689	66 221 130 92 222 160 55 215 172 96 268 140 64 204	20 58 26 76 33 19 52 60 25 85 31 17 48	43 111 63 32 95 50 30 52 51 103 47 16 63	137 711 48 119 81 33 114 82 29 64 27	107 99 36 135 58 29 87 96 42 138 75 16	89 53 25 74 25 69 59 59 46 20 66	71 46 26 72 35 18 53 45 23 68 43 12	
SANTA MONICA 6250053A AV/VBM TOTAL	1305 0 1305	631 351 982		52 26 78	67 43 110	93 62 155	75 34 109	51 . 39 . 90	44 19 63	

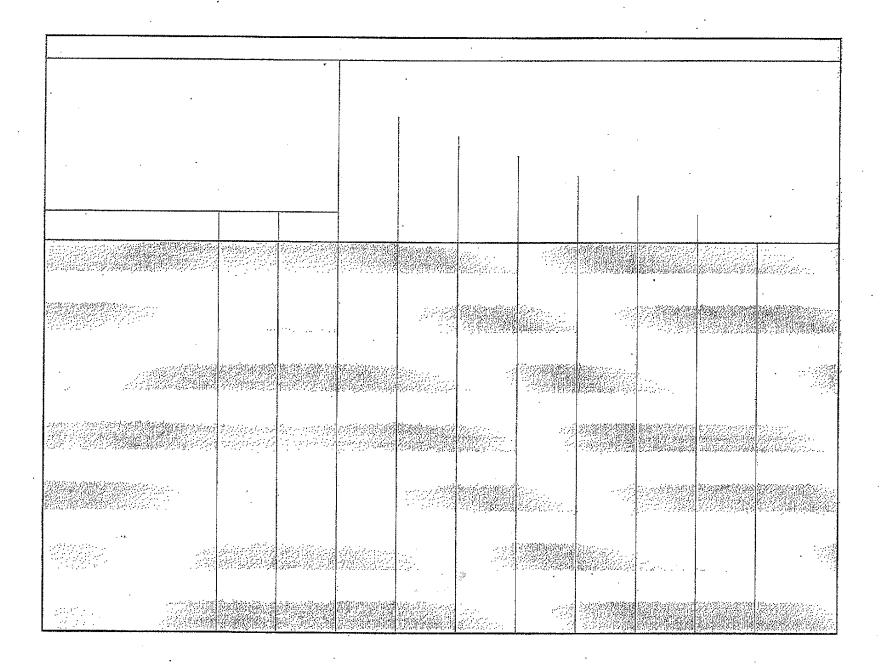
COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GE	MERAL ELECTION				NOVEMBEL	6, 2012		PAGE	106.3
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST			r Berto Mez	Frank Gruber			ARMEN MELKONIANS		
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- BALLOTS TION CAST							JERRY P RUBIN	
SANTA MONICA 6250056A AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250060A AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250061A AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250062A AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250067A AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250069A AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250069A AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250069A AV/VEM TOTAL	1003 386 0 191 1003 577 884 443 0 984 637 956 559 0 168 956 759 947 483 0 164 947 647 1295 765 1295 1058 1206 647 938	113 171 62 233 251 70 321 213 42 255 195 61 256 151 67	29 13 42 53 16 81 22 103 56 24 80 38 12 50 53 15 68	40 17 57 31 16 47 43 15 58 38 12 47 135 60 195 85 80 135	39 41 80 52 19 71 69 21 90 16 66 66 255 205 114 63 177	42 28 70 61 25 86 65 24 90 68 22 90 30 38 118 53 31	37, 35, 72, 36, 21, 57, 25, 40, 25, 6, 31, 54, 78, 44, 78, 44, 78,	31 46 26 14 56 31 49 49 40 28 66	
SANTA MONICA 6250070A AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250071A AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250072A AV/VEM TOTAL TOTAL TOTAL	1918 590 0 305 1918 893 975 516 0 172 975 688 1345 715 0 377 1345 1096	786 65 271 201 56 257 224 95 319	50 23 73 62 24 86 50 19 69	85 61 146 56 14 70 119 78	93 42 140 39 27 66 174 86 260	58 27. 85 62 24 86 64 33	40 19 59 33 18 51 52 28	50 113 61 40 122 40 123 40 124 125 126	
SANTA MONICA 6250076B AV/VBM TOTAL. SANTA MONICA 6250078A AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250081A AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250083A AV/VBM TOTAL TOTAL TOTAL	902 502 0 268 902 767 836 480 0 205 836 685 1189 957 1211 668 292	58 172 117 42 159 186 72 258 212	22 18 40 37 13 50 40 18 58 35 17	93 56 149 58 28 96 91 24 115 137 51	111 58 169 77 39 116 144 43 187 750 56	41 23 64 61 27 88 75 42 117 68 20 88	43 17 60 28 27 55 60 23 83 40 20	27 17 29 8 37 52 24 76 43	

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FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST	REGISTRA-	BAILOTS	SANTA MON. TONY VAZQUEZ	ICA CY GEN MBER ROBERTO GOMEZ	MUN FRANK GRUBER	RICEARD MCKINNON	JONATHAN MANN	armen melkonian	JERRY 2	
CITY/PREC ANTA MONICA 6250085A	TION 1286	CAST 583	187	-62-r46	esta and a territoria	0392 - 158	. ,.:55	100000000000 0004	RUBIN 38	
AV/VEM TOTAL AV/VEM TOTAL AV/VEM TOTAL AV/VEM TOTAL AV/VEM TOTAL AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL AV/VEM	1286 1227 1266 1227 1266 1011 0 1011 1355 1278 0 1278 1228 1228 1263	353 936 712 349 1061 637 297 934 637 272 909 634 372 1014 603 942 610 333 942 610	187 102 289 288 106 394 183 84 267 137 68 205 169 85 256 63 228 75 231 152	20 32 34 22 56 40 17 57 28 11 39 51 22 73 30 16 46 51 13 64 27	95 194 197 291 118 61 179 51 18	243 210 316 109 316 109 57 166 116 52 168 127 67 194 119 57 176 65 150 76	30 85 57 33 90 76 27 103 75 31 106 71 44 115 91 35 126 69 27 96 55	277 71 44 15 59 50 25 45 41 93 63 27 90 53 91 42 27	32 70 29 16 45 49 17 66 40 15 55 21 74 426 70 58 24	
AV/VEM TOTAL ANTA MONICA 6250110D AV/VEM TOTAL AV/VEM	1263 904 0 904 1401 0 1401 1276 1158	361 971 494 265 759 678 402 1080 627 265 892 572 350 922 647	91 243 129 600 189 181 100 281 171 54 225 109 76 185 174	19 46 13 29 41 17 58 47. 21: 58: 22, 6 28	69 146 55 24 79 61 35 96 64 21 85 88 39 127 89	141 82 38 120 117 71 188 89 50 139 128 72 200 105	95 50 30 80 76 40 116 96 34 130 48 21 69 65	53 19 72 61 36 97 33 90 46 30 76 51	69 29 10 39 57 29 86 58	

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GE	NERAL ELEC	TION				NOVEMBE	R 6, 2012		PAGE	106.5
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST			SANTA MON COUNCILME TONY VAZQUEZ	ICA CY GEN MBER ROBERTO GOMEZ	MUN FRANK GRUBER	RICHARD MCKINNON	JONATEAN MANN	ARMEN		
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST						MELKONIAN	JERRY P RUBIN	
SANTA MONICA 6250128A AV/VBM 70TAL TOTAL SANTA MONICA +6250128C AV/VBM	88 0	453 323 776 0 72	0 17	13 0 3	48 99 0 22	51 131 0 4	36 37 73 0 3	42 22 64 0	C302 C43)
TOTAL PRECINCT TOTAL VOTE VEM TOTAL VOTE	60821 0	72 31721 16224	17 8186 3751	1993 923	k erikanan dan	5304	3 3469 1 6 65	2550 1407		
VBM BY GROUP TOTAL GRAND TOTAL VOTE	. 0 60821	13 47958	11939	0 2916	2 6166	2 8041	1 5135	1 3958	100000000000	
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COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GEN	NERAL ELECT	TION				NOVEMBE	R 6, 2012		PAGE	L06.6
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST			COUNCILMENT TONY VAZQUEZ	ICA CY GEN MBER ROBERTO GOMEZ	MUN FRANK GRUBER	RICHARD MCKINNON	Jonathan Mann	ARMEN MELKONTAN	s	
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST							JERRY P RUBIN	
COUNTYWIDE COUNTYWIDE VOTE BY MAIL	60821 0	31721 16237	8186 3753	1993 923	39 <u>46</u> 2220	2737	3469 1666	2550 1408	2090 979	
TOTAL 33RD US CONGRESSIONAL	60821 60821	47958 31721	11939 2000 8186	2916 1993	6166 3946	8041 5304	5135 3469	395 8 2550		
33RD US CONGRESSIONAL VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	60821	16237 47958	37 53 11939	923 2916	2220	2737 2737 8041	1666 5135	1408		
26TH ST SENATE 26TH ST SENATE VOTE BY MAIL	.60821 0	31721 	3753	1993 923	3946 2220	5304 2737	3469 1656	2550 1408	2090 979	
TOTAL SOTH STATE ASSEMBLY	60821 50821	47958 31721	11939 8186	2916 1993	6166 3946	8041 5304	5135 3469	3958 2550	3069 2090	
50TH STATE ASSEMBLY WALL VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	ALW HARMANIA DATA	16237 47958	3753 11939		2220 6166	2737 8041	1666 5135			
3RD SUPERVISORIAL	60821	31721	8186	1993	3946	5304	3469	2550	2090	

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GEN	NERAL ELECT	CION				NOVEMBE	R 6, 2012	·	PAGE :	106.7
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST			TONY VAZQUEZ	ICA CY GEN MBER ROBERTO GOMEZ	Frank Gruber	RICHARD MCKINNON	JONATHAN MANN	ARMEN MELKONIAN	s	
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST				Andrews Andrews			JERRY P RUBIN	
3RD SUPERVISORIAL VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	60821	16237 47958	3753 11939			2737 8041	1666 5135			
3RD BOARD OF EQUALIZATION	60821 0	31721 16237	8186 3753	1993 923	3946 2220	5304 2737	3469 1666			
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL CITY OF SANTA MONICA	60821 60821	47958 31721	11939 8186			8041 5304	5135 3469			
CITY OF SANTA MONICA VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	0 60821	16237 47958	3753 11939		6166		1666 5135			
				8	2015 1100 1100 1100					



COUNTY OF LOS	ANGRLES GE	NERAL ELEC	TION			, -	NOVEMBE	R 6, 2012		PAGE	107.1
				BANTA MON	ICA CY GEN MBER	MUN	SANTA MON RENT CONT	ICA CY GEN ROL BOARD	MON		
				TERENCE LATER							
FINAL OFFI	CIAL					i					
STATEMENT	OF VOTES CAST					* China dampide regions	[C D	•			
•				Termina di di Harina di			WALTON	ROBERT	•		•
		r=========			-				ilse Rosenstein	ī	•
CITY/P	REC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST			-	-		ų.		
Santa Monica AV/VBM Total	6250001A	0.00	544 292	73 51)	151 193	85 31	4 ,	
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250003C	929 1045 0	836 520 331	124 65 51	<i>:</i>	VV POPP	142 85 63	244 143 104	116 80 55	. • •	. 人名英格里
TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM	6250005A	1045 1268	851 700 329	116	18 <i>Pro</i> 1		148 173	2≙7 141	135 167		:.Ý:
TOTAL SANTA MONICA	6250006A	1268 1105	1029 641	18 70 52			292 265 175	67 208 112	89 256 173	. ,	
AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA	6250008A	0 1105 434441197	298 939 12-20-25-68	26 78 37	efects as		81 256 129	59 171 18 20 128	94 267 133		
AV/VEM TOTAL		11.97	410 978	27		. :	104 233	128 91 219	104 237		
ANTA MONICA AV/VBM TOTAL	6250010E	1106° .0 1106	624 301 925	43 29 72			147 62 209	137 68 205	150 64 214	·	
EANTA MONICA AV/VEM	%62500LTA	1165 0	638 341	43 19			.169 	136	176 108		
TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250015B	1165 1310 0	979: 571 465	62 46 37		Mid du	256 131 98	207 156 144	284 135 106	hthphilip it e	
TOTAL SANTA MONICA	6250016A	1310 (1339)	1036 716	83 7777 177 53		N. S.	229 169	300 164	241 162	(Arades(eges)	
AV/VBM TOTAL ANTA MONICA	6250017A	0 1339 1348	402 1118 682	29 92 108			98 267 93	93 257 199	99 261 97		
AV/VEM TOTAL		0 1348	411 1093	51 159	tou.		74 167	139 [°] 338	62 159	ankaratura atau sarat	
ANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL	6250019A	1387 0 1387	605 368 973	57 29 86			160 112 272	128 79 207	145 91 236		
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM TOTAL	6250020A	1099 0	596 284	35 18			157 86	104 61	175 79	Company Commencer Commencer	
SANTA MONICA AV/VEM	%6250024A	1099 809	880 438 193	53 21			243 108 60	165 76 50	254 114 64		
TOTAL		809	631	26	经 的情况	种种数学的	168	126	178	vezenálalo: Evshi Oznako evshiji	

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES	GENERAL ELECT	rion				NOVEMBE	R 6, 2012		PAGE	107.2
			SANTA MON COUNCILME	ICA CY GEN MBER	MUN	SANTA MON RENT CONT	ICA CY GEN ROL BOARD	MUN		
	•	•	TERENCE LATER							
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CA	N (1973									
STATEMENT OF VOIES C	HS1					CD				
•						WALTON	ROBERT	•		
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CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST								
	025B	5B0		Workstoner		1168	133	171 70		
	O ATIIA	218 798	18 55		• 😾	238	176	241	e in including the second	
ANTA MONICA 62500 AV/VBM	026A 1203	626 349	56 29			154 78		140		
TOTAL	1203	975	85	F:		232	260	230		Ì
ANTA MONICA AV/VBM	029A 757	375 242	36 22		# :	72 37	7116 78	38		
TOTAL ANTA MONICA 62500	产6000 (60) [20] [20] [20] [20] [20] [20] [20] [20]	617 617	50 //58	Teration (Co.)	11	109 156		92 141	in that is far	
AV/VBM	0	327	19		-	87	78	90		
TOTAL ANTA: MONICA: \$250,000 (1986250)	1180 034A 2246	944 719	69 54	Santoria de la compa	Water in	243 172	1.30 NO 1250	231 172	10.45 kilo (10.7)	######################################
AV/VEM TOTAL	0 1246	278	18			84 256	7.0	81 253		
NTA MONICA 62500		997 644		titanokkinkusi (a. h.		199	139	195	Saktivistika sis usulinti	epartin belognise to to a con-
av/vem Total	1216	312 956	18 70			108 307		111 306		
INTA MONICA 62500	041A 1299	676	58	0.5000000000000000000000000000000000000	Service Visionia	179	151	7187		San
av/vbm Total		377 1053	29 87			116 295		300		
INTA MONICA 62500 AV/VBM	045A 1259	644 318	53 20	•		166 84		14.9		
TOTAL	1259	962	73			250	204	217	Selection of the selection	es source continues sources -
NTA MONICA 62500 AV/VBM		649 346	41	在的學習		171 120		149 109		
TOTAL	1260	995	59			291	218		ingrada da	
NTA MONICA 62500 AV/VBM	050A 1062 0	549 272	32 14		F	161 85	63	82		-
TOTAL NTA MONICA M	1062 051A 1289	821 671	46		encepiistosismi	246		249 176	Carrena e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	J
ZOZAV/VBM	0	: 338	15			111	. 83	105		
TOTAL ANTA MONICA 62500	1289 052B 944	1009 466	58 48			278 148	102	. 281 147	moje da jek e	្រៃ សម្មក់ ស្រី ស៊ីនីម៉ា
AV/VBM TOTAL	944	223 689	19 67] 		72 220		71 218		
ANTA MONICA 6250	053A 1305	631	42			第43条 276	135	173		
AV/VBM	1305	351 982	28 70	1		110 286		98 271		

COUNTY OF LOS ANGE	LES GEI	ŅERAL ELECI	ION.				NOVEMBE	R 5, 2012		PAGE	107.3
				SANTA MO	ONICA CY GEN ÆMBER	MUN		ICA CY GEN ROL BOARD	MUN	•	
				TERENCE				•			
						•		•			•
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VO	res cast				. - -	1					
•						1	C D WALTON				
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CITY/PREC		REGISTRA- TION	EALLOTS CAST								
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250056A	1003	386 (191		3		91 57	90 48	66		
SANTA MONICA	6250060A	1003 884	643 443	2	4		148 123	138 105	118		
AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA "MONICA	60500673	884 884	194 637	. 3	16		57 180	53 158	182		i an
AV/VEM	6250061A	956 0 956	559 168 727		11 8 19	1	188 55 1243	103 33 136	62		
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250062A	947	483 164	3	16		135	113	122		
TOTAL SANTA MONICA	6250067A	947 1295	647 765	4 30700360354	9 5		180	150	165 baccon205		
MAV/VA TOTAL		0 1295	293 1058	1	7 6		7 <u>4</u> 273	199	288	第次系	
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250069A	1206	647 338	2	17		145 87	132 78	85		
TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250070A	1205 1118 0	985 590´ 30 5		4 66 19		232 159 67	210 114 79	146		
TOTAL SANTA MONICA	6250071A	1118 975	895 516	و 🔆 🦠 ج)5 10		226 168	193 104	216		
AV/VBM TOTAL		0 975	172 688	1	4		59 227	49 153	55		
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250072A	1345	.719 377	. €	9		217 24	192 109	203 95		
SANTA MONICA	6250076B	1345 902	- 1096 502	4	98 (1.11,546 15		103	301 118	298 98		
AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA	6250078A	902	268 770	6	9 .	s & Samudania	72 175	70 188	157		
AV/VBM TOTAL	625UU / 8A	836 0 836	480 205 685	2	13 15 18		102 47 149	110 64 174	43		
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250081A	1189	694 263	2	2	. S. 1.73, A 527 W.S.	197	144	207		The state of the s
TOTAL SANTA MONICA	6250083A	1189 1211	957 944:5:668	5	72		277	201 156	290 158		
AV/VBM TOTAL		0 1211	292 960	######## 2	15 17		80 247	71 227	81		

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES	GENERAL ELECTION				NOVEMBE	R 6, 2012		PAGE 107.4
		SANTA M	ONICA CY GEN MEMBER	MUN	SANTA MON RENT CONT	ICA CY GEN ROL BOARD	MUM	•
•		TERENCE						•
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FINAL OFFICIAL				[.				
STATEMENT OF VOTES CA	72.T.]C D			
· ,		-			WALION	ROBERT		
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CITY/PREC		LLOTS AST					Rosenstein	
SANTA MONICA 62500 AV/VBM	85A 11 1286	1-(583) - (5) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1	15 (1) 23 (2		129	J44 73	124 79	
TOTAL SANTA MONICA 62500	89A 1227	936 712	58()) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)		194 156	217 198	203 153	
· AV/VBM TOTAL	1227		27 ⁻ 93	4	80 236	91 289	89 242	
SANTA MONICA 62500 AV/VBM		637 297			168 80	1130 56	182 68	
AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 62500	1266	934	19 04 - 12 - 23 - 25 - 25 - 25 - 25 - 25 - 25 - 2		248 160	186 108	250 165	
AV/VBM TOTAL	1011	272	19		81 ⁻ 241	58 166	75 240	
SANTA MONICA 62500 AV/VBM		634	13 11 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12		195	136 83	195 94	
TOTAL SANTA MONICA 62500	400 70 M 1355 1000	1006	88 14 5 5 5 5	VE /	289	219	289	
AV/VBM	Ö	322	55 18		168 91	131 58	194 93	Ì
TOTAL SANTA MONICA 62501		- 1:16 03 10:27 2:38:32	73 520 \$17 \$20 \$20	SW Martin	259 164	189 125	287 145	
AV/VEM TOTAL			17 18		. 94 258	67 192	93 238	
SANTA MONICA 62501 AV/VBM	07A 1263		5		199 108	103	167 . 99	
TOTAL SANTA MONICA COMPAGNA 62501	1263 10D 2004	971 6	51 0		307 139	191 108	266 140	
AV/VBM TOTAL	904	265	8 8	152 1 gradin	90 229	61 169	89 229	
SANTA MONICA 62501 AV/VBM		678	14 16		215 136	139 99	191 122	
TOTAL	1401	1080	70]	351	238	313	Estimation and State Control
SANTA MONICA 62501 AV/VBM	20.0		2		173 84	145 66	165 80	
TOTAL SANTA MONICA 62501		572	6 51		∴257; 106	211, 149	245 112	WARRANG PARTER AND THE PARTER OF THE PARTER
AV/VEM TOTAL	0 1158		L9		76 182	91 240	70 182	
SANTA MONICA 62501 AV/VBM	27A // 1129	A. 547 B. A. A. K. C. C.	3 9		204 :73	141 61	184 82	
TOTAL	 ************************************	923	2		277	202	266	學的學術學學學學

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES	GENERAL ELEC	TION				NOVEMBE	R 6, 2012		PAGE	107.5	
			SANTA MON COUNCILME	nica cy gen Imber	MUN	SANTA MON RENT CONT	ICA CY GEN ROL BOARD	MUK			
			TERENCE						,		
Final Official Statement of Votes Ca:	ST					lc D				•	
			,	1		WALTON	ROBERT.				
							KRONOVET	ILSE ROSENSTEI	4	٠.	
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST									
SANTA MONICA 62501: AV/VEM 707AL SANTA MONICA *62501: AV/VEM	0 931	453 323 776 0 72	19 62			73 49 122 0 20	89 200 0	65 146 0 10			i de estado O o servido O de estado O de estado
TOTAL PRECINCT TOTAL VOTE VEM TOTAL VOTE	88 60821 0	72 31721 16224	2531		To the second se	20 8119 4325	7016	200			1.0 2 (1.4) 1.1.13 1.1.13
VEM BY GROUP TOTAL GRAND TOTAL VOTE	60821	13 47958	けんぶつ シアガモリとこむ			12447	5 10922	3 12184			
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COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GET	NERAL ELECT	ZION				NOVEMBE	R 6, 2012		PAGE	107.6
			SANTA MONI COUNCILMEN	ica cy gen Mber	MUN	SANTA MON RENT CONT	ICA CY GEN ROL BOARD		,	
			TERENCE LATER				•	•		
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST							C D WALTON ROBERT KRONOVET			
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST					45.0-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1	ilse Rosensteii	N	
COUNTYWIDE COUNTYWIDE VOTE BY MAIL	60821	31721 16237	2531; 1225	y Negative		8119 4328	7016 3906	7912 4272		
TOTAL	60821 60821	47958 31721	3756 2531	2 4 4 5 7 8 9 3 2 4 5 7 8 9 3		12447 8119	10922 7016	12184 7912		
33RD US CONGRESSIONAL VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	60821	16237 47958	1225 3756	Harry Salay Zannaha		12447	3906 10922	4272 12184		
26TH ST SENATE 26TH ST SENATE VOTE BY MAIL	60821 0	31721 16237	2531 1225		.:	8119 4328	7016 3906	7912 4272	grif x ,	
TOTAL 50TH STATE ASSEMBLY	60821 60821	47958 31721	3756 2531			12447 8119	10922 7016	12184 7912		
50TH STATE ASSEMBLY BY MAIL TOTAL	60821	16237 47958	1225 3756			4328 12447	3906 10922	4272 12184		
3RD SUPERVISORIAL	60821	31721	2531			8119	7016	7912		

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GE	NERAL ELEC	TION			· ·	NOVEMBE	R 6, 2012	PAGE	107.7	
			SANTA MON	ica cy gen Mber	MUN	SANTA MON RENT CONT	ICA CY GEN ROL BOARD	MUN		
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FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST										
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CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST		-				ROSENSTEI	N - -	
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TOTAL CITY OF SANTA MONICA	60821 60821	47958 31721	3756 2531			12447 8119	10922 7016	12184 7912		
CITY OF SANTA MONICA VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	60821	16237 47958	1225 3756			4328 12447	3906) 10922			
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COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES G	ENERAL ELEC	TION				NOVEMBE	R 6, 2012		PAGE	108.1
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ANTA MONICA 62500012 AV/VBM	929 0	544 292	162 100	175 91		258			(VIZTO 2017) (S.) (M. a.) (2.) (S.)	
TOTAL ANTA MONICA 62500030	929	836 520	262 200	266 126	11.	1.00				The Paper of Control
. AV/VBM TOTAL	0 1045	331 851	105 305	93 219						
ANTA MONICA 62500057 AV/VEN		700 329	267 122	183 72		٠,				
TOTAL ANTA MONICA 62500067	1268	1029 641	389 261	255 145		,	CONSTRUCTION OF THE PARTY OF TH		100000000000000000000000000000000000000	
av/vem Total	0 1105	298 939	136 397	62 207						
ANTA MONTCA AV/VEM	n .	56B 410	.198 :160	149 1113			17. VICE 54			
TOTAL ANTA MONICA 62500101	1197	978 624	358 220	262 152						
AV/VEM TOTAL	0 1106	301 925	116 336	59 211						
ANTA MONICA 62500111 AV/VEM		638 341	243 125	142 87		1	12 / 13 (4)			
TOTAL ANTA MONICA 6250015E	1165	979 571	:368 202	229 174	1018CU.		-> 2790			
AV/VBM TOTAL	1310	465 1036	179 381	124 298				•		
ANTA MONICA 62500167		716 402	246 141	199 114		70 - 40 - 73 - 74 - 75 - 75 - 75 - 75 - 75 - 75 - 75				
TOTAL ANTA MONICA 62500171	1339	1118 682	387 228	313 195		distrib	-0.75	Er-Arrent Herrig	MARK WA	
AV/VEM TOTAL	1348	411 1093	132 360	126 321				,		
ANTA MONICA 62500191 AV/VBM		605 368	207 134	125		en de la companya de La companya de la companya de				
TOTAL INTA MONICA 62500202	1387	973 596	341 231	217 138		藝術的社			10-20-27 (1-0-2) 10-20-27 (1-0-2)	
AV/VEM TOTAL	1099	284 880	114 345	138 66 204						
ANTA MONICA 6250024A AV/VBM		438	144	. 97						
TOTAL	809	193 · 631	91 235	51 148				\$ (v)		

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GE	neral blec	TION			,	NOVEMBE	R 6, 2012		PAGE 108.2		
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SANTA MONICA 6250025B		580	234	150	Innering	Age.	23.25.25.20				
AV/VBM U	1114	216 798	330	52 202		2.41					
SANTA MONICA 6250026A AV/VBM	1203	626 349	249 162	150 87							
TOTAL	1203	975	411	237	ļ.	174			G Set S A millioner execu	a data a companya di unita ada anti alternativa del companya di unita ada anti alternativa del companya di uni	
SANTA MONICA 6250029A AV/VBN	757	375 242	131 69	118 88							
SANTA MONICA 6250032A	757	617 617	200 230	206 141		8709	1 -00				
AV/VBM	0	327	125	80							
TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250034A		944 719	355 294	221 151		建物现在 经			Salver a High		
AV/VBM TOTAL	0 1246	278 997	123 417	65 216							
SANTA MONICA 6250036B	1216	644	255	161	- 111 (0.1100)	Berman Brown of Street an				Name of the Section of the	
AV/VBM TCTAL	1216	956	142 397	70 231		ŀ.					
SANTA MONICA 6250041A AV/VBM	1299 0	676 377	262 170	171 87			建 等的。			. 4829	
TOTAL	1299	1053	432	258				. ••			
SANTA MONICA 6250045A AV/VEM	1259	644 318	253 120	152 68							
TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250046A	1259 1260	962 2020/06 49 9	373 252	220		tan ar variotik selecisi					
AV/VBM		346	169	66						3	
TOTAL 6250050A	1260 1062	995 549	421 225	229 121					1 1 m		
av/vem total	1062	272 821	111 336	7.4 195			[•		1	
SANTA MONIĆA 6250051A	1289	(4.7.1) (4.7.1)	(1) (27 7	2000年153		2000M	COURSE NA		148554	33 4 Garan	
AV/VBM TOTAL	1289	338 1009	136 413	96 249		*/1983 (大) (2)					
SANTA MONICA 6250052B AV/VBM		466 223	198	115 55							
TOTAL	944	. 689	99 297	170					P Language Language Con-	la su consideration de la	
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	1305	631 351	249 141	170 197							
TOTAL	1305	982	390	267		3.35	1 5 4 6 6				

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES	GENERAL ELECT	CION				NOVEMBE	R 6, 2012		PAGE	108.3
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AV/VBM TOTAL	1003	191 577	27	97 151						
	0060A 884	443	198 194	148 95	Allege solvers red	0.2	Haranara kebilingil	heragen segunda	g saggiotopatharter)	e engleserarum ()
TOTAL	884	194 637	95 289	45 140				name a constraint disco	Hervick groups, and other	la:
SANTA MONICA 6250 AV/VBM	0	559 168	248 67	58						
	062A 947	727 483	.315 185	187 131			1110006268			
AV/VEM TOTAL	· 0	164 647	65 250	37 168						
SANTA MONICA 6250 AV/VBM	0067A 1295	765 293	319 125	180 /-70		MAYA SALA	:	CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE	Karin	
TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250	069A 1295	1058	444 254	250 160						
MEV\VA LATOT	1206	338 985	115 359	89 249		•				-
	070A 1118	590	233	161					PEASING	
TOTAL	1118	305	215 : 126 21714 2359	79 240						
AV/VBM	071A 975	516 172	237 73	124 43	"				1	
	975 972 A 134 5	688 719	310 282⊜⊜282	167 199	/3/3/3		lyoha.		polinical .	
AV/VBM COTAL	1345	377 1096	148 430	107 306					i Vigenatia	
AV/VBM	902	502 268	158 93	126 78		7	, .]	
TOTAL SANTA MONICA	902 1078A	770	251 358333174	204			Marketines com o			
AV/VBM TOTAL	0 836	205 685	76 250	56 183						
	081A 1189	694 263	289	166	<u></u>	The sub-endocry Right	, Lide and Gilde very (A)	areatile en entire	1	• • •
TOTAL	1189	957	109 398	67 233	:	. ** • • • *!	Silobananananan	A *** .**		
AV/VEM		6681 292	249 113	184 75	,				114 MARION 3125 NATO-1	
TOTAL	1211	960	362	259	<i>:</i> :		器制制器	和部長的原 符		\$

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES G	eneral elec	rion	<u> </u>			NOVEMBE	R 6, 2012		PAGE	108.4
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AV/VEM TOTAL		353 936	123 324	105 282						
SANTA MONICA 5250089. AV/VEM	A 1227	712 349	281 129	192 105		1 (13), 6,612 (\$16)	Manual Caracteristics	Pratarioni (propad		
TOTAL SANTA MONICA (SANTA MONI	1227	1061 : ::637	410 286	297	li Discourse			iikoraman sintovik	leastatentolika tild	Children to a
TOTAL TOTAL	C 150 100 0	297 934	127 413	68 223						
SANTA MONICA 6250094. AV/VBM	B 1011	637 272	240 120	139 54				,		
TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250095	1011 A 1355	909 63 4	360 247	193 164	L ESSEMBLES/PSE	70.70 m		n in maneral establish	tuseans de la la	
AV/VBM TOTAL	.0 1355	372 1006	173 420	.75 239		10000				
SANTA MONICA 6250098: AV/VBM	0	6 <u>9</u> 2 322	261 131	178 76			,			
TOTAL BANTA MONICA 6250106		1014 603	392 249	254 130	100%		Pare		,	. <u> </u>
AV/VEM TOTAL	0 1228	339 942	131 380					anikanaa		
SANTA MONICA 62501072 AV/VEM	0	610 361	235 138	143 82						
TOTAL SANTA MONICA 62501101	A 4 5 1 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	971 494	373 198	225 126	Store et	. 1 T			:246462453×49	ázázánye.
AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 62501133	904	265 759	119 317	65 191						
AV/VEM TOTAL	0	678 402	281 171	175. 110						•
SANTA MONICA 6250121	1401 1276	1080 627	452 235	285 178		iller File Love			Mary (Spensor) Spensor	
AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 62501257	1276	265 892 572	105 340 216	78 256						
AV/VBM TOTAL	1158	350 922	123	161 94	Ť					
SANTA MONICA 62501277	1129	647 . 276	339 260 129	255 159 59			Z			
TOTAL	1129	923	389	218						

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GE	NERAL BLEC	TION	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			NOVEMBE	R 6, 2012		Page	108.5
			SANTA MON MEASURE G	ICA CITY A	, , , , , , , ,				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
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SANTA MONICA 6250128A AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA *6250128C AV/VEM TOTAL	931 : 0 931 88 0 88	453 323 776 0 72 72	112 255 0 30	131 					100	
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COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES	GENERAL ELEC	TION				NOVEMB	ER 6, 201:	2	PAGE	108.6
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TOTAL 33RD US CONGRESSIONAL	60821 60821	47.958 31721	18650 12184	12166 8003					**************************************	
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SETE ST SENATE SETE ST SENATE VOTE BY MAI	60821 C	.31721 16237	12184 6466	8003 4163	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH					era Mariarana Aligaria
TOTAL	60821 60821	47958 31721	18650 12184	12166 8003						
OTE STATE ASSEMBLY VOTE BY MAI	计误称系统的证	16237 47958	18650	4163 1216 <i>6</i>	: . .:					
RD SUPERVISORIAL	.60821	31721	12184	8003			1.04 - 1.05 - 1.05 - 1.05 - 1.05 - 1.05 - 1.05 - 1.05 - 1.05 - 1.05 - 1.05 - 1.05 - 1.05 - 1.05 - 1.05 - 1.05 -			

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TOTAL	60821	47958	18650	12166	···	e, 'A limanel Ma	est to Wallake set A	Particular for the first of the fore		Turis are est
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CITY/PREC		REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST					Advantage of the Land Land Land Land Land Land Land Land	LEON-V	azquez Jose Escarce		
MALIBU AV/VBM	4050002A	801	393 227		79 72		180 92	123		51 34 55 33		
TOTAL MALIBU AV/VEM	4050003A	801 678 0	520 374 162		151 76 58	265 199 75	272 203 65	190 159 44		106 73 48 32 27 16		
TOTAL MALIBU AV/VEM TOTAL	4050004A	678 619	536 272 220		134 62 43	274 121 84	268 1125 85			75 50 42 31 34 31		
MALIBU AV/VEM TOTAL	4050014A	619 901 0 901	379 272 651		98 69	205 140 100	210 133 104	161 102 82		76 368 46 30 39 33		a Maratan in Angelo Kin-i
MALIBU AV/VEM TOTAL	4050051A	1324 0 1324	660 358 1018	;	167 164 103 267	.240 331 152 483	237 298 157 455	184 272 133 405		85 63 78 60 57 47 135 103		
MALIBU AV/VEM TOTAL	4050057A	931 0 931	456 285 741	;	108 60 168	222 138 360	208 131 339	176 111 287		62 48 38 39 100 87	j.]·····	e ver management alleger.
MALIBU AV/VEM TOTAL	4050059B	625 0 625	280 211 491	W.B.	60 43 103	133 99 232	127 94 221	95 80 175	 A V 1	45 33 28 23 73 56		
MALIBU AV/VBM TOTAL MALIBU	4050062A	992. 0 992	473 307 780		96 67 163	307 164 471	271 161 432	254 134 388		50 40 36 31 86 71		
AV/VEM TOTAL MALIBU	4050064A	978 0 978 1390	412 346 758 644		.84 .71 .79	233 155 388 304	223 138 361 299	186 118 304 234	1. July 1. 1. 1. 1.	55 38 57 49 112 87		
AV/VEM TOTAL MALIBU HEIGHTS	4060001A	1390 1390	451 1095		148 127 160	187 491 80	299 175 474 : 85'	138 138 372 57		65 61 170 151		21,300
AV/VBM TOTAL MALIBU HEIGHTS	4060003A	432 733	136 356 290		34 94 70	53 133 94	52 137 108	31 88 74		19 17 52 48 42 29		
av/vem Total Malibu eeights	*4060005B	733 ×212	95 385 300-200-20	The factor of the	25 95	26 120	37 145	18 92	listration.	20 15 62 44		
AV/VEM TOTAL		212	156 156	基据记录	45 45	83	82 82	59 59	ing a salar	20 15 20 15	1	

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES G	EMERAL ELEC	PION					NOVEMBE	R 6, 2012		PAGE	110.2
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ALIBU HEIGHTS 40600122	326	177 104		45 25	70 38	7.0 32		30 20	16 16		
ANTA MONICA 6250001A	326	281	·	70	108	302	60	50	32	16866	24234 STEEL
AV/VEM	929	544 292		242 L27	96 52	139 66		169 80	174		
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		520 331		79 60	80 69	117		163 84	179 88		
AV/VEM TOTAL ANTA MONICA 6250005A	1045	3//2/851	4	39	149	212	138	247	267		
AV/VBM	1268	700 329		26	94 60	144 68		274 109	245 95		
TOTAL ANTA MONICA 6250006A	1268	1029	4	38	154	212	113	383	340		
ANTA MONICA 6250006A AV/VBM	1105	641 194 298		89 30	97 61	145 65		239 104	217 94		
TOTAL	1105	939	18 M. W.	19	158	210	107	343	311	1	.30
ANTA MONICA 6250008A AV/VBM	1197	568 410		34 93	92 58	120 81	69 ⁻	162 156	158 143		
TOTAL	1197	978	4	27	150	201	120	318	301		
ANTA MONICA 6250010E AV/VBM	1106 0	624 301		51 12	102 43	142 62	35	219 87	180 83	3-5-c	
TOTAL	1106	925		63	145	204	110	306	263		rational Madeira
ANTA MONICA 6250011A AV/VBM	1165	638		49	114	157	86	209	170		
TOTAL	1165	341 979		91	53 167	84 251	. 49 135	105 314	98 268		i
INTA MONICA 6250015B AV/VEM	1310	多数数571		82	108	160	83	184	182	MARKETACK	illiated cons
TOTAL	1310	465 1036		14 96	102 210	120 280	78 161	134 318	154 336		
NTA MONICA 6250016A AV/VBM	1339	716		23	137	177	105	219	241		
TOTAL	1339	402 1118		70	. 225	99 276	58 163	132 351	123 364		
INTA MONICÁ AV/VEM	30,27,1348	682	15954959 3	19指数	(4153)	199	125	185	100 mg 1202		
TOTAL	1348	411 1093		01 20	81 234	105 304	73	105 290	1117 319		
NTA MONICA 6250019A AV/VBM	1387	605	2	31	128	172	93	151	135	aliter mendekantalan milih sempe (dana)a	Later Agency from Callet Self (1972)
AVY VSM TOTAL	1387	368 973		42 73	81 209	104 276	64 157	100 251	85 220		
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AV/VBM IOTAL	1099	284 880		25 75	45	66	45 117	91 : 301	80 262	DESERVE SEED	

COUNTY OF LOS	angeles ge	NERAL ELEC	FION				NOVEMBE	R 6, 2012		PAGE	110.3
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		REGISTRA-	EALLOTS					LEON-VAZO	Jez Jose Escarce		
CITY/P	REC	TION	CAST					•			
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TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA	6250026A 6250029A	1114 1203 0 1203	798 626 349 975	393 312 165 477	118 131 64 195	193 167 77 244	81 85 53 138	361 246 132 378	280 232 		
AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL	6250032A	757 C 757 1180	375 242 617 617 327	189 108 297 268 138	63 41 104 116 52	93 56 149 158	55 42 97 87 41	127 66 193 219	131 75 206 189 102		
TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA	6250034A	1180 1246 0 1246 0216	944 719 278 997	406 316 118 434 307	168 124 40 164	231 174 73 247 172	128 88 46 134 84	325 261 100 361 253	291 225 92 317 222		
AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM	6250041A	1216 1299 0	312 956 676 377	154 461 275 164	52 158 139 63	252 252 191 88	44 128 87 49	124 377 215 138	114 336 181 123		
TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA	6250045A 6250046A	1299 1259 //0 1259 1260	1053 644 318 962 649	439 261 137 398 268	202 113 67 180 115	279 159 83 242 155	136 71 40 111 60	353 213 114 327 214	304 172 101 273 199	Ada San	.,
AV/VEM TOTAL AV/VEM AV/VEM TOTAL	6250050A	0 1260 1062	346 995 549 272 821	166 434 242 123	46 161 99	70 225 126 	35 95 45 31	153 367 233 102	146 345 184		
SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA	6250051A 6250052B	1289 0 1289 1289	671 338 1009	365 269 146 415 206	139 122 51 173	184 173 91 264 140	76 84 45 129 74	229 123 352 176	275 199 108 307	gradus de gete Bergrienerek	
AV/VEM		944	223 689	92 298	47 142	68 208	21 95	98 264	75 216		

COUNTY OF LOS ANG	ELES GE	NERAL ELECT	TION				· NOVEMBE	R 6, 2012		PAGE 110.4
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF V		registra-	BALLOTS	SANTA MON BOARD OF I BEN ALLEN	ICA-MALIBU EDUCATION KAREN FARRER	UNIF CRAIG FOSTER	SETH JACOBSON	MARIA LEON-VAZQI	jez Jose Escarce	
CITY/PREC		TION	CAST							
SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM	6250053A 6250056A	1305 0 1305 1003	631 251 982 386 191	251 149 400 125 83	117 69 186 82 38	152 87 239 104 63	48 113	222 120 342 109 62	197 106 303 73 59	
TOTAL ANTA MONICA AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA	6250060A 6250061A	1003 884 0 884 956	577 443 194 637	208 199 86 285 287	120 76 38 114 79	167 94 62 156 114	73 37 36	171 218 77 295 318	132 150 73 223 263	
AY/VBM TOTAL FANTA MONICA AV/VBM TOTAL	6250062A	0 956 9⊈7, 0 947	168 727 483 164	81 368 241 61 302	38 117 75 34 109	38 152 114 36 150	62	64 298	65 328 181 47 228	
ANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL	6250067A	1295 0 1295 1206 1206	765 293 1058 647 338	371 127 498 280	123 45 168 97 55	175 60 235 158	34 117 72 239	291 103 394 259 136 395	275 98 373 243 127 370	
ANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL ANTA MONICA	6250070A	1118 0 1118 975	590 305 895 516	445 296 137 433 265 77	152 103 65 168 85	225 157 79 236 122	79	262 122 384 261 74	241 121 362 220	
TOTAL ANTA MONICA AV/VBM TOTAL ANTA MONICA	6250072A 6250076B	975 1345 0 1345 902	688 719 377 1096 502	342 336 174 510 251	121 142 67 209	161 197 82 279			290 262 135 397 168	1000
AV/VEM TOTAL ANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL	. 6250078A	0 902 836 0 836	268 770 480 205 685	113 364 195 88 283	64 155 94 50	773 1193 119 55 174	39	78 256 198 68 266	76 244 147 65 212	
ANTA MONICA AV/VBM TOTAL		1189 0 1189	694 263 957	330 114 444	107 44 151	175 63 238	66 25	294 97 391	249 74 323	

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELS	is Gei	TERAL ELECT	CION			· ·	NOVEMBE	R 6, 2012		PAGE 1	.10.5
				SANTA MON BOARD OF	ICA-MALIBU EDUCATION	UNIF					
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTE	S CAST			Ben Allen	KAREN FARRER	CRAIG FOSTER	SETH JACOBSON	MARIA LEON-VAZQI			
CITY/PREC		REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST						Jose Escarce	of the same of the	
AV/VBM TOTAL	250083A 250085A	1211 0 1211 1286	668 292 960 583 353	311 139 450 253 145	131 50 181 112 63	180 73 253 142 86	79 44 123 68 42	268 121 389 219 128	243 101 344 190 118		
TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6 AV/VBM TOTAL	250089A 250092A	1286 1227 0 1227 1266	936 712 349 1061 637	398 351 170 521 307	175 132 59 191	228 191 777 268 160	110 87 50 137 56	347 324 155 479 297	308 282 138 420 256		
AV/VBM TOTAL	250094B	0 1266 1011 0 1011	297 934 637 272 909	145 452 260 119 379	47 141 92 45	65 226 132 58 190	26 82 60 29	134 431 210 93 303	122 378 189 88		
AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6	250095A 250098A	1355 0 1355 1278	634 372 1006 692 322	287 166 453 294 125	110 81 191 126	164 102 256 2 146	77 59 136 57	230 115 345 243 116	195 109 304 208		
SANTA MONICA 6 AV/VBM TOTAL	250106B 250107A	1278 1228 0 1228 1263	1014 603 339 942 610	419 272 123 395 275	169 103 57 160	211 144 74 218	81 60 34 94 74	359° 245 117 362 220°	303 207 104 311		
TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6 AV/VEM TOTAL	250110D	. 1263 904 0 904	361 971 494 265 759	162 437 230 121 351	59 153 72 34 106	89 218 135 55 190	55 129 66 25 91	137 357 187 111 298	124 314 150 96 246		
AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6 AV/VBM	250113A 250121A	1401 0 1401 1276	678 402 1080 527 265	309 187 496 250 115	116 61 177 113 49	156 97 253 183 85	77 54 131 73 39	253 146 399 227 90	203 140 343 194 79		
TOTAL	250125A	1276 1158 0 1158	892 572 350 922	365 297 169 466	162 87 50 147	268 121 74 195	112 77 38 115	317 198 129 327	273 214 119 333		

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GE	NERAL ELEC	TION				NOVEMBE	R 6, 2012		PAGE	110.6
			SANTA MON BOARD OF	ICA-MALIBU EDUCATION	UNIF			-		
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST			BEN ALLEN	KAREN	CRAIG FOSTER	SETH JACOBSON	MARIA LEON-VAZQ	uez jose escarce		
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST								
SANTA MONICA 6250127A AV/VEM 5 TOTAL 5 SANTA MONICA 6250128A AV/VEM TOTAL	1129 0 1129 931 0 931	647 276 923 453 323 776	115 406 220 138	109 36 145 87 50 137		48	369 139 75	102		
SANTA MONICA *6250128C AV/VEM TOTAL TOPANGA *7100032A AV/VEM		0 72 72 0 205	0 32	0 10	18 18 18 0		0 21 21 21 0	30 30 0		
TOTAL TOPANGA 7100033A. AV/VEW TOTAL	260 1039	205 549 280	58 4233334162	59 195	67 206 98 304	41 154 72 236	42 111 59	31 75	,	
PRECINCT TOTAL VOTE	72590	37300	15607	8132	10338	5 775	12541	11014		
VEM BY GROUP TOTAL	0	20039 15	:8200 3		5460 4	.3396 	/6352 //3	5856 2		
GRAND TOTAL VOTE	72590	57354	23810	12595	15802	9173	18996.	16872		
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COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GE	NERAL ELEC	rion				NOVEMBE	R 6, 2012		PAGE	110.7
•			SANTA MON BOARD OF	ICA-MALIBU EDUCATION	UNIF					
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST			BEN ALLEN	KAREN FARRER	CRAIG	SETH JACOBSON				
				· ·			MARIA LEON-VAZQI	uez Jose Escarce		
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST								
COUNTYWIDE COUNTYWIDE VOTE BY MAIL	72590	37300 20054	15607 8203	8132 4463	10338 5464	5775 3398	(12641 6355	11014 5858		1.2-
TOTAL 33RD US CONGRESSIONAL	72590 72590	· · 57354	23810 15607	12595 8132	15802 10338	9173 5775	18996 12641	15872 11014		
33RD US CONGRESSIONAL VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	0 72590	20054 57354	8203 23810	4463. 12595	5464 15802	3398 9173	6355 18996	585 8 16872		
26TH ST SENATE 26TH ST SENATE VOTE BY MAIL	. 60821 . 0	16237	14261 7163	.5526 2870	7802 3893	3747 2181	11843 5738	10426 5322		
TOTAL	60821 11769	47958 5579	21424 1346	8396 2606	11695 2536	5928 2028	117581 798	15748 588		
27TH/ST SENATE VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	0 11769	3817 9396	1040 2386	1593 4199	10571 4107	1217 3245	617 1415	1124		
SOTH STATE ASSEMBLY	72590	37300	15607	. 8132	10358	5775	12641	11014		

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GE	NERAL ELEC	TION				NOVEMBE	R 6, 2012		PAGE	110.8
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST REGISTRA- BALLOTS			SANTA MON BOARD OF BEN ALLEN	ICA-MALIEU EDUCATION KAREN FARRER	CRAIG FOSTER	SETH JACOBSON	MARIA LEON-VAZQ	Jez Jose Escarce		
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST			The state of the s					
50TH STATE ASSEMBLY WAIL TOTAL	72590	20054 57354	8203 23810	4463 12595	5464 15802	3398 9173	18996	16872		
BRD SUPERVISORIAL RD SUPERVISORIAL VOTE BY MAIL	72590 	37300 20054	15607 8203	8132 4463	10338 5464	5775 3398	12641	11014 5858		
TOTAL 3RD BOARD OF EQUALIZATION	72590 72590	57354 37300	15607	12595 8132	15802 10338	9173 19173 5775	18996 12641	16872 11014		
3RD BOARD OF EQUALIZATION VOTE BY MAIL	72590	20054 57354	8203 23810	4463 12595	5464 15802	3398 .j/. .9173	6355 18996	16872		
CITY OF MALIBU CITY OF MALIBU VOTE BY MAIL	9239 0	4343 2840	1009 747	2167 1242	20 67 1203	1691 978	582 437	437 377	Margarithmuse Carrier various and Construction	
TOTAL CITY OF SANTA MONICA	9239 60821	7183 31721	1756 14261	3409 5526	3270 3270 7802	2669 3747	1019 11843	814 10426		
CITY OF SANTA MONICA	5.28 m 12.20 	16237		62 287. 0	3893	2181	5738	5322		

County of los angeles ger	NERAL ELEC	TION				NOVEMBE	R 6, 2012		PAGE	110.9
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST			SANTA MON BOARD OF I BEN ALLEN	ICA-MALIBU EDUCATION KAREN FARRER	UNIF CRAIG FOSTER	SETE JACOBSON	MARIA LEON-VAZQ	JOSE		
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST						ESCARCE		
TOTAL UNINCORPORATED	160821 2530	47958 1236	21424 337	8396 439		337	215	15748 151		And Alberta
UNINCORPORATED VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	2530	977 2213	293 630	790		239 3141 576				
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Adopted and approved this 11th day of December, 2012.

MUMULUU
Gleam Davis, Mayor Pro Tem

l, Sarah P. Gorman, City Clerk of the City of Santa Monica, do hereby certify that the foregoing Resolution No. 10721 (CCS) was duly adopted at a meeting of the Santa Monica City Council held on the 11th day of December, 2012, by the following vote:

AYES:

Councilmembers:

Holbrook, McKeown, O'Connor, O'Day, Shriver,

Mayor Pro Tem Davis

NOES:

Councilmembers:

None

ABSENT:

Councilmembers:

None

ATTEST:

Sarah P. Gorman, City Clerk



RESOLUTION NUMBER 10850 (CCS)

(City Council Series)

RESOLUTION OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF SANTA MONICA ACCEPTING THE LOS ANGELES COUNTY REGISTRAR RECORDER/COUNTY CLERK'S OFFICIAL CANVASS AND OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST FOR THE CONSOLIDATED MUNICIPAL ELECTION HELD ON NOVEMBER 4, 2014, AND DECLARING THE RESULTS THEREOF

WHEREAS, a Consolidated General Municipal Election was held in the City of Santa Monica on November 4, 2014, as required by law; and

WHEREAS, the provisions of the Elections Code of the State of California for the holding of elections in Charter cities were complied with in that notice of the election was given in the time, form and manner as provided by law; voting precincts were properly established; election officers were appointed; votes were cast, received and canvassed; and the returns were made and declared in the time, form and manner as required; and

WHEREAS, the Los Angeles Registrar Recorder/County Clerk canvassed the returns of the election and certified the results to the City Council, and those results are attached and made a part hereof as "Exhibit A".

NOW, THEREFORE, THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF SANTA MONICA DOES RESOLVE AS FOLLOWS: SECTION 1. The vote totals for the Consolidated Municipal Election held on November 4, 2014, in the City of Santa Monica, as certified by the Los Angeles County Registrar Recorder/County Clerk, shall be and hereby are approved and adopted as the formal vote count of the City of Santa Monica for said offices and said measures of said election.

SECTION 2. The names of the candidates on the ballot were:

Santa Monica City Council

Sue Himmelrich
Jerry Rubin
Pam O'Connor
Terence Later
Frank Gruber
Phil Brock
Nick Boles
Whitney Scott Bain
Zoe Muntaner
Kevin McKeown
Richard McKinnon
Jon Mann
Michael Feinstein
Jennifer Kennedy

Santa Monica Rent Control Board

Nicole Phillis Steve Duron Todd Flora

Santa Monica-Malibu Unified School District Board of Education

Laurie Lieberman
Dhun May
Ralph Mechur
Oscar de la Torre
Richard Tavildaran-Jesswein
Craig Foster
Patty Finer

Santa Monica Community College District

Barry Snell Maria Loya Louise Jaffe Nancy Greenstein Andrew Walzer Dennis C.W. Frisch

SECTION 3. The number of total ballots cast for this election was:

City of Santa Monica:

REGISTERED VOTERS	PRECINCT	VOTE BY MAIL	TOTAL
	BALLOTS	BALLOTS	BALLOTS
58,803	17,875	10,454	28,333

Santa Monica-Malibu Unified School District Board of Education:

REGISTERED	PRECINCT	VOTE BY MAIL	TOTAL
<u>VOTERS</u>	<u>BALLOTS</u>	BALLOTS	BALLOTS
70,536	21,363	13,224	34,591

Santa Monica Community College District:

REGISTERED	PRECINCT	VOTE BY MAIL	TOTAL
<u>VOTERS</u>	BALLOTS	<u>BALLOTS</u>	BALLOTS
70,453	21,363	13,170	34.537

SECTION 4. The following persons were elected to office as follows:

Candidates elected to the Santa Monica City Council:

CANDIDATE	VOTES	PERCENT
Kevin McKeown	10,138	17.08%
Sue Himmelrich	9,262	15.60%
Pam O'Connor	6,696	11.28%

Candidates elected to the Rent Control Board:

CANDIDATE	VOTES	PERCENT
Nicole Phillis	7,790	37.07%
Steve Duron	6,746	32.10%
Todd Flora	6,480	30.83%

Candidates elected to the Santa Monica-Malibu Unified School District:

CANDIDATE	VOTES	PERCENT
Laurie Lieberman	15,247	20.75%
Richard Tavildaran-Jesswein	12,277	16.71%
Craig Foster	12,126	16.50%
Oscar de la Torre	11,990	16.32%

Candidates elected to the Santa Monica Community College District Board of Trustees:

CANDIDATE	VOTES	PERCENT
Nancy Greenstein	14,604	20.46%
Louise Jaffe	14,447	20.24%
Barry Snell	11,804	16.53%
Andrew Walzer	11,114	15.57%

SECTION 5. Five measures appeared on the ballot. The first measure read as follows:

MEASURE D Shall the Santa Monica City Charter be amended to require the City to continue to operate the Santa Monica Airport in a manner that supports its aviation uses unless the voters approve the Airport's closure or change in use, and until that voter approval occurs, the City shall be prohibited from imposing additional restrictions on aviation support services to tenants and airport users that inhibit fuel sales or the full use of aviation facilities?

The measure received votes as follows:

Measure D was not approved by the voters by the following votes:

YES VOTES NO VOTES 10,288

41.19%

14,688

58.81%

The second measure read as follows:

MEASURE FS Shall the City Charter be amended to establish a maximum annual registration fee of up to \$288 per controlled rental unit and to limit the amount that landlords may pass through to tenants to 50% of the registration fee?

The measure received votes as follows:

Measure FS was approved by the voters by the following votes:

YES VOTES

12,061

51.57%

NO VOTES

11,325

48.43%

The third measure read as follows:

MEASURE H Shall an ordinance be adopted that amends the real estate transfer tax so that for commercial and non-commercial real estate sold for one million dollars or more, the tax rate would be \$9 for each thousand dollars of sales price?

The measure received votes as follows:

Measure H was not approved by the voters by the following votes:

YES VOTES

10,364

42.50%

NO VOTES

14,020

57.50%

The fourth measure read as follows:

MEASURE HH ADVISORY VOTE ONLY: If the proposed transfer tax on commercial and non-commercial real estate sales is approved by voters, should the revenue be used to preserve, repair, renovate and construct affordable housing for low-income people who work or live in Santa Monica, including seniors, veterans, working families and persons with disabilities?

The measure received votes as follows:

Measure HH was approved by the voters by the following votes:

YES VOTES

12,179

50.53%

NO VOTES

11,923

49.47%

The fifth measure read as follows:

MEASURE LC Shall the City Charter be amended to: (1) prohibit new development on Airport land, except for parks, public open spaces and public recreational facilities, until the voters approve limits on the uses and development that may occur on the land; and (2) affirm the City Council's authority to manage the Airport and to close all or part of it?

The measure received votes as follows:

Measure LC was approved by the voters by the following votes:

YES VOTES NO VOTES

15.434

60.45%

10,096

39.55%

SECTION 6. The City Clerk shall enter on the records of the Santa Monica City

Council, a statement of the result of the election showing: (1) the total number of votes

cast for the offices and the measures in the election; (2) the names of the persons voted

for; (3) the text of the measures voted upon; (4) the office that each person was running

for; (5) the number of votes given at each precinct to each person, and for and against

each ballot measure; and, (6) the total number of votes given to each person, and for

and against the ballot measures.

SECTION 7. The City Clerk shall immediately make and deliver to each of the

persons so elected a Certificate of Election signed by the City Clerk and authenticated.

The City Clerk shall also administer to each person elected the Oath of Office

prescribed in the Constitution of the State of California and shall have each person

subscribe to it and file it in the office of the City Clerk. All of the persons so elected shall

then be inducted into the office to which they have been elected.

SECTION 8. The City Clerk shall certify to the adoption of this Resolution, and

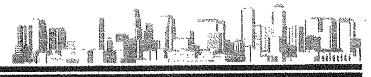
thenceforth and thereafter the same shall be in full force and effect.

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

MARSHA JONES MOUTRIE

City Attorne

7





Los Angeles County Registrar-Recorder/County Clerk

Dean C. Logan Registrar-Recorder/County Clerk

November 28, 2014

Ms. Sarah P. Gorman, City Clerk City of Santa Monica P.O. Box 2200 Santa Monica, California 90407

Dear Ms. Gorman:

Enclosed are the Official Canvass Certificate and the Official Statement of Votes Cast by precinct for the Santa Monica City General and Special Municipal Election consolidated with the General Election held on November 4, 2014.

Please call the Election Planning Section at (562) 462-2317, if you have any questions.

Sincerely,

DEAN C. LOGAN Registrar-Recorder/County Clerk

Francis Guijaro, Head Election Planning Section

Enclosures
Official Canvass Certificate
Official Statement of Votes Cast

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12400 Imperial Highway, Norwalk, California 90650

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COSM 853

Los Angeles County Registran-Decorder/County Clerk Certificate of the Canvass of the Election Returns

I, DEAN C. LOGAN, Registrar-Recorder/County Clerk of the County of Los Angeles, of the State of California, DO HEREBY CERTIFY that pursuant to the provisions of Section 15300 et seq. of the California Elections Code, I did canvass the returns of the votes cast for each elective office and/or measure(s) for

Panta Monica Eity

at the General Election, held on the 4th day of November 2014.

I FURTHER CERTIFY that the Statement of Votes Cast, to which this certificate is attached, shows the total number of ballots cast in said jurisdiction, and that the whole number of votes cast for each candidate and/or measure(s) in said jurisdiction in each of the respective precincts therein, and the totals of the respective columns and the totals as shown for each candidate and/or measure(s) are full, true and correct.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my seal this 28th day of November 2014.



DEAN C. LOGAN
Registrar-Recorder/County Clerk
County of Los Angeles

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL ELECTION								1/04/14			104.1	- PAGE - 141	190 of 14541
			SANTA MON	ICA COMM C	OLLEGE									
			BOARD OF	TAUSTEES										
FINAL OFFICIAL							Æ							
STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST			<u> </u>	.0-	Æ.		, S	1						
BY PRECINCT			₹. ₹.	Š.	, 3 3	A 25	, 2	so.						
LOCATION	REGIST-	BALLOTS	8	45	\$	\$ B	.8⁴	<i>\$</i> .5						
EQVA(ION	PATION	CAST	Take Makes	A CONTRACTOR	No.	TO SERVICE STATE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TO SERVICE STATE OF THE PERSON NAMED	Signal Market	Mos Asset	1 1		1	l	1	1
JALIBU - 4050002A	779	259	54	58	72	72	58	71				1		
VOTE BY MAIL	0	165	43	34	52	54	44	25			1	1	İ	
TOTAL	779	424	97	92	134	126	102	96			<u> </u>	1		
MALIBU - 4050003A	676	250	64	50	77	77	59	53						
VOTE BY MAIL	O.	141	50	21	50	50	38	34					1	ļ
FOTAL	678	391	114	71	127	127	97	87			1	1	1	<u> </u>
VALIBU - 4050004A	602	184	43	43	58	44	41	43						
VOTE BY MAIL	0	153		21	48	42	40	29				1		1
TOTAL	502	337	90	64	108	86	81	72			1			
MALIBU - 4050014A	857	255	57	55	56	58	52	53					1	
VOTE BY MAIL	1.0	194	54	35	50	57	44	42				1	1	
TOTAL	857	449	111	90	106	116	96	95					1	
MALIBU - 4050051A	1268	435	114	85	140	129	105	110						1
VOTE BY MAIL	a	259		58		78	58	55			1	1	1	1
TOTAL	1268	894	182	143	228	207	163	165					1	
MALIBU - 4050057A	912			50		73	77	80				1775	1	
VOTE BY MAIL	1 6	227		44	77	81	76	41			1		1	
YOTAL	912	526	148	94	166	154	153	121			1	1	1	1
MALIBU - 4050059B	614	168	31	33	49	44	29	32						
VOTE BY MAIL	0		39	28	44	35	37	27						
TOTAL	614	324	70	61	93	79	68	59	1	1	1	1 .		
MALIBU - 4050062A	944			73		91	73	82						
VOTÉ BY MÁIL	0	230	55	39	63	81	58	39		1	1	1	1	
TOTAL	944	593	138	112	160	152	131	125	1	1			1	1
MALIBU ~4050063A	9(3	266	56	59	77	73	63	61					1	1
VOTE BY MAIL	0	234	71	52	79	70	74	36			1	1		1
TOTAL	913	602	127	111	156	143	197	97	1					1
MALIBU - 4050064A	949	310	64	73	94	97	89	60				T	1	
VOTE BY MAIL	0	247	67	37	106	99	ត	50	1			1	1	
TOTAL	949	557	131	110	194	198	136	110		1	1		1	
MALIBU HEIGHTS - 406000 IA	324				39	34	40	33	1	1	1			
VOTE BY MAIL	0	•	t .	11	17	21	18	9	1		1	1	1	1
TOTAL	324	187	44	39	58	55	56	42			1			
MALIBU HEIGHTS - 4060001C1	93			0	0	0	0	0		I				
VOTE BY MAIL	} 0		8	1	9	8	в	4	1	1				
TOTAL	93	,	1	1	1	8	6	4			1			
MALIBU HEIGHTS - 4960003A	542			19	22	23	17	28]	1			
VOTE BY MAIL		35	6	4	9	6	7	2	i	1		1		
TOTAL	542				31	29	24	30	ı	}	1	1	1	1

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL ELECTION							1	1/04/14			104,2	-PAGE - 1419	1) of 14548
	·			ICA COMMIC TRUSTEES	OLLEGE									
				HOOFEL			^							
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT			Tales Assess	Z	Š.	À	STATE OF THE PARTY	<i>*</i>						
BI FREGING!			74.	9	44	A &	Ê	£ 3.						
LOCATION	REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	84 A	Man Com	38	S TO SECOND	\$	No N	1					
MALIBU HEIGHTS - 4060003B*	101	0		0	0	.0	0	0						
VOTE BY MAIL	1 0	45	9	8	14	. 8	15	11	- [
TOTAL	101	45	9	8	14	8	15	11						
MALIBU HEIGHTS - 4060004A	383	62	18	20	10	14	7	18						
VOTE BY MAIL	0	109	34	22	35	32	34	21	1					
FOTAL	383	171	52	42	45	46	41	39	}					
MALIBU HEIGHTS - 4060012A	619	123	26	31	38	39	34	41						
VOTE BY MAIL		131	41	21	32	28	27	21						
TOTAL	519	254	67	52	70	67	61	62						
SANTA MONICA - 6250001A	893	317	96	64	145	147	109	94						
VOTE BY MAIL	1 0	215	75	- 44	95	88	5B	46						
TOTAL	893	532	3	108	240	235	167	140			1		1	
BANTA MONICA - 6250003C	1011			61	169	171	117	91						,,
VOTE BY MAIL		265	i	62	138	141	105	83					:	
TOTAL	1011	568	248	123	305	312	222	174						
SANTA MONICA - 6250005A	1184			116	176	196	139	133				例。		
VOTE BY MAIL	0	186		44	93	89	63	38					1	
TOTAL	1184	594	210	160	269	285	202	159						
SANTA MONICA - 6250086A	1079	423	141	110	174	177	150	115						
VOTE BY MAIL		191	73	53	83	89	54	50						
TOTAL	1079	614	214	163	257	265	204	165				49		
SANTA MONICA - 6250008A	1132	299	108	62	131	125	109	79						
VOTE BY MAIL	i o	260	78	57	101	106	89	63				1		
TOTAL	1132	559	184	119	232	231	198	142						
SANTA MONICA - 6250010E	1102			94	133	131	116	99			1			
VOTE BY MAIL		199	69	50	81	74	68	52				l		
TOTAL.	1102			144	214	205	184	151						
SANTA MONICA - 6250011A	1103			80	125	124	92	105						
VOTE BY MAIL	1 7	216		55	83	86	79	64			1	I		
TOTAL	1103			135	208	212	171	169	į į		1	ļ		
SANTA MONICA - 62500158	1247			103	204	201	152	133			1			
VOTE BY MAIL		5	1	80	134	130	104	98	•		1	l	1	l
TOTAL	1247	ŧ	1	183	338	331	256	291	1		1		1	l
SANTA MONICA - 6250016A	1320			105	190	201	141	115	<u> </u>		T			
VOTE BY MAIL	'''	1		1	1	102	73	87						l
TOTAL	1320		1			303	214	182					1	1
SANTA MONICA - 6250017A	128					203	168	139			1			
VOTE BY MAIL	1	300	1	1		•	102	1			1	1		
TOTAL	128			1	1	344	258	203	1	1	1	i		1
	1 ""	1 ~~	1 ~~		. ~'	1 ""		1	4	1	1	1	l .	i

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL ELECTION								11/04/14			104.3	-PAGE - 1419	2 of 1454
			SANTA MON	ICA COMM C	XOLLEGE									
			BOARD OF	TAUSTEES										
FINAL OFFICIAL							A STANKAN							
STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST			¥.	ď.	g.	4.	32	2						
BY PRECINCT			7.	\$	1.3	7 %	À.	SO.						
LOCATION	REGIST-	BALLOTS	E.	\$3	Ş	\$ B	\$	\$ 5						
200411011	RATION	CAST	Tallo V James	KO) PARAS	No. of the last of	S TO SERVICE STATE OF THE SERV	₹.	No togge			1	l	1 1	
SANTA MONICA - 6250019A	1365	287	88	83	112	114	100	108					1 1	
VOTE BY MAIL	1 0	205	77	53	85	64	78	54			1	ļ	1	
TOTAL	1365	492	185	138	197	198	178	162				I	1 1	
SANTA MONICA - 6250020A	1066	381	119	98	171	152	134	126	<u> </u>		 	†	1	
VOTE BY MAIL	0	151	41	48	51	60	53	55	ł		ĺ	1	1 1	
OTAL	1066	632		144	222	212	187	181					1 1	
SANTA MONICA - 6250024A	763	,	67	80	85	98	75	87	<u> </u>					
VOTE BY MAIL	1 7			31	44	46	24	38			1	1		
OTAL	763			111	129	142	99	125				1	1	
SANTA MONICA - 62500258	1093		64	96	92	94	85	77				 	1 - 1	
VOTE BY MAIL	,,,,,	126		49	1	55	45	43]		
TOTAL	1093		116	145	150	149	180	120		1	1	1	1 1	
SANTA MONICA - 6250028A	1194			151	212	210	154	162						····
VOTE BY MAIL	1184	260		73			68	79			i	ļ	1 1	
TOTAL	1194			73 224	334	110 329		9			l		1 1	
SANTA MONICA - 6250029A	762		102	224 54	113	116	222	241	 -	ļ	ļ	 	+	
VOTE BY MAIL	/62	1					73	76				1 %.	1 1	
•	1 .	1	1	25		73	67	64			l	İ .	1 1	
TOTAL	752		170	79	182	189	140	129		ļ	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
SANTA MONICA - 6250032A	1123		112	78	1	137	100	189]	1	1 1	
VOTE BY MAIL		1		68	111	115	74	59]		1 1	
OTAL	1123			146		252	174	168	ļ		ļ	ļ	-	
SANTA MONICA - 6250034A	1165	•	l .	83	181	175	138	129	l			1		
VOTE BY MAIL	0	1	60	61	71	76	53	67				1		
TOTAL	1165			144	252	251	191	196			ļ	<u> </u>		
BANTA MONICA - 6251036B	1149			92		148	124	113	1		i			
VOTE BY MAIL		4		42		79	Bi	51		l			1 1	
TOTAL	1149			134	234	227	205	184	1					
BANTA MONICA - 6250041A	1276	319	114	90	140	141	115	112		i		1	1 1	
VOTE BY MAIL		208	78	61	85	92	69	63		l	1	1	1 1	
POTAL.	1275			151	225	233	184	175		<u>l</u> .		<u> </u>		
SANTA MONICA - 8258645A	1204	309	99	108	132	139	108	119			1	1		
VOTE BY MAIL	1 (186	56	42	80	77	60	59		1		[
TOTAL.	1204		165	150	212	216	168	178					<u> </u>	
BANTA MONICA - 6250046A	1260	364	133	114	162	171	113	104						
VOTE BY MAIL	1 0	194	88	65	93	93	60	57		1	1		1 1	
TOTAL.	1283	556	221	179	255	284	173	161		1				
SANTA MONICA - 6250050A	1012	291	118	83	135	193	100	73	T			1	TT	
VOTE BY MAIL		145	59	42		72	48	33	1		1	1		
TOTAL.	1012	436	177	125	203	205	148	106	I	I	ì	1	1 t	

OUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL ELECTION							1	1/04/14			104.4	- PAGE - 1419	83 of 14548
		1	SANTA MON		OLLEGE									
		1	BOARD OF	TAUSTEES										
FINAL OFFICIAL							All Samuel Market							
STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST			Ø.		Æ.		, y	4.						
BY PRECINCT			*	,ġ [*]	, \$	1 to	4	, S						
	REGIST-	BALLOTS	Æ.	a T	₹	\$ 19	å.	<i>ૹ૾૽ૺ</i> ૢૢૢૢૢૼ						
LOCATION	RATION	CAST	THE VANDE	KO MAN	No.	A SECOND	1	No to all			1			
ANTA MONICA - 6250051A	1237	365	134	108	141	165	125	121			_	1		
VOTE BY MAIL	1	198	68	43	67	78	67	81			1	1		
OTAL	1237	663	202	151	208	241	192	182	- 1					
SANTA MONICA - 6260052B	901	209	75	54	89	68	74	72						
VOTE BY MAIL	""	117	44	37	45	50	30	39				1		
OTAL	901	326	119	91	134	138	113	105			l			
SANTA MONICA - 6260053A	1252	261	83	85	105	118	90	91			 			
VOTE BY MAIL	1202	200	60	67	67	68	56	67			1			
TOTAL	1252	461	143	142	172	186	146	148			1			ł
	954		140	39	52	52	48	47			-	 		
BANTA MONICA - 6250056A	1			28	24	19	18	28			1	1		
VOTE BY MAIL	0	1 1		20 64	76	71	66	26 75			1	1		
TOTAL.	984		60		74	89	63	74			 	 		
SANTA MONICA - 6250060A	873		70	83			56	47				1	1	
VOTE BY MAIL	0			47	62	83					1	1		
TOTAL	873		130	130	136	152	119	121			 	3.		
SANTA MONICA - 8250061A	991			145	110	145	101	123						1
AQUE BA WYII'	1 .0			45	30	44	30	33				1		
TOTAL	991			190	146	169	131	156				<u> </u>		
SANTA MONICA - 6250062A	887		i .	108	97	126	89	99			1		į	•
ADJE BA WYIT	- (31	33	27	33	23	ĺ		1	9		1
TOTAL	887			139	130	153	122	122			ļ			
SANTA MONICA - 6250067A	944			90	158	166	117	93			1	i	ł	
VOTE BY MAIL	(E .	1	1	42	38	30					1	
TOTAL.	944			109		208	155	123		,	<u> </u>		ļ	ļ
SANTA MONICA - 6250088D	582	177	58	62	1	79	63	67			1		ł	i
VOTE BY MAIL	1	85				39	28	25		t	1			į
TOTAL	58	262	66			118	91	92						
SANTA MONICA - 6250059A	114	385	155	107	184	165	123	114		l		1	}	1
VOTE BY MAIL	<u> </u>	207	66	68	85	88	63	63		l	1			•
TOTAL	114	692	221	175	269	253	186	177						
SANTA MONICA - 8250070A	110	337	156	102	213	186	133	116						
VOTE BY MAIL	1 ,	224	97	61	122	119	70	66			1			
TOTAL	110	561	263	163		305	212	172		L				<u> </u>
SANTA MONICA - 6260071A	93	247	86	113	102	109	85	64			1			
VOTE BY MAIL) (45	42	43	46	40	43			1	1		1
TOTAL	93	346			145	155	125	127			1			
SANTA MONICA - 6260072A	129				257	245	188	175	T	[T			
VOTE BY MAIL		1 .	1	E	L		102	102		1	1		1	1
			300		377	373	290	277					ŧ	1

OUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL ELECTION							1	1/04/14			104.5	- PAGE - 1411	94 of 14548
			SANTA MON BOARD OF	ICA COMM C	OLLEGE	•	•							
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT			Tallor 4 Marie	Š	A STATE OF THE STA	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY O	SE SE SE SE SE SE SE SE SE SE SE SE SE S	Mos.						
LOCATION	REGIST- RATION	Ballots Çast	4 test	Wash Core	3			No to the last	i	į	1 1	l	1 1	
ANTA MONICA - 0250078B	878			81	159	146	99	92						
YOTE BY MAIL	0	178	84	46	93	91	83	54						
OTAL	878	491	213	129	252	237	182	146		•			! I	
ANTA MONICA - 6259078A	828	262	85	95	114	t 10	78	95						
VOTE BY MAIL		132	41	39	51	47	35	47						
OTAL	826	394	126	134	165	157	113	142						
ANTA MONICA - 6250081A	1103	404	138	129	181	189	142	153		•				
VOTE BY MAIL		145	52	33	66	85	50	53						
OTAL	1103	549	188	182	247	264	192	208					!	
ANTA MONICA - 6250083A	1180	417	159	109	220	219	157	147						
VOTE BY MAIL	. 0	216	80	. 62	104	106	73	64			1			
OTAL.	1160	633	239	171	324	325	230	211					1 1	
ANTA MONICA - 6250085A	1252	374	121	116	152	161	116	126						
VOTE BY MAIL	1 0	247	85	87	108	118	71	76				1		
OTAL.	1252	621	206	203	260	277	187	201						
ANTA MONICA - 6250089A	1207	637	207	158	284	262	190	168				183.,		
VOTE BY MAIL		283	122	78	135	142	104	73					1	
OTAL	1207	820	329	236	399	404	294	271					1	
ANTA MONICA - 6259092A	1231	363	144	105	183	178	128	128						
VOTE BY MAIL		233	87	78	118	109	79	81			1		I	
OTAL	1231	596	231	183	301	287	207	209			į .		1	
ANTA MONICA - 62500948	943	284	81	76	115	120	84	86						
VOTE BY MAIL	1 0	181	67	36	63	63	49	41			1	1	1	
OTAL	943	465	148	112	178	183	133	127			İ			
ANTA MONICA - 6250095A	1311	353	124	101	157	172	138	117						
VOTE BY MAIL	0	257	97	67	105	116	85	63						
OTAL	1311	810	221	168	262	286	223	180						
IANTA MONICA - 6250098A	1199	383	134	116	162	169	119	127						
YOTE BY MAIL	0	198		47	85	88	60	48						ĺ
OTAL	1199	579	211	163	247	254	185	175					1	1
ANTA MONICA - 6250108A	955	271	98	90	121	122	89	71						
VOTE BY MAIL	1 0	193	76	63	87	63	57	40						
OTAL	966			153	208	205	148	111						
ANTA MONICA - 6250107A	1181	378	129	107	161	166	126	110						
VOTE BY MAIL		256	105	57	126	125	96	44						
OTAL	1181	634	234	184	287	291	222	164						<u> </u>
ANTA MONICA - 6250110D	910	298	96	92	115	132	91	87						
VOTE BY MAIL.	1 0	157	52	40	76	81	59	34			1	1	1	l
				132										

OUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL ELECTION							1	1/04/14			104.6	PAGE - 14192	5 of 14548
				CA COMM CO	OLLEGE									
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PREGINCT			SANTA SPEL	Š.	No.	160 160	ST THE ST	W.O.S.						
FOCATION	REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST		N.C. T.	3		* 1	NO TO SEE	1	1		į	i_	
SANTA MONICA - 6250113A	1372	342	110	92	144	160	117	108						
VOTE BY MAIL	0	238	85	65	07	94	69	66	- 1	1	- 1	- 1		
TOTAL	1372	580	201	157	231	254	186	172	1			i		
ANTA MONICA - 6250121A	1205	371	121	120	154	184	119	130			i	- 1		
VOTE BY MAIL	ol ol	183	59	58	68	81	03	46						
TOTAL	1205	554	180	178	222	245	182	196						
SANTA MONICA - 6250125A	1138	385	123	98	160	169	123	110						
VOTE BY MAIL	0	242	100	65	114	117	78	52			- 1		1	
TOTAL.	1138	627	223	161	274	286	201	162	- 1					
SANTA MONICA - 6250127A	1072	374	153	130	161	185	114	127				,,		
VOTE BY MAIL	e e	169	60	64	73	86	51	45	l	- 1	j	1		
TOTAL.	1072	543		184	234	271	165	172		- 1	- 1			
SANTA MONICA - 6250128A	876	290	94	59	112	117	85	65						
VOTE BY MAIL	a a	238		45	110	102	62	53	- 1	1				
TOTAL	878	526		101	222	219	147	118					1	
TOPANGA - 7100032A*	255	0		0	0	0	0	û				18.,		
VOTE BY MAIL	0	133		29	54	42	32	26						
TOTAL	255	133	1	29	54	42	32	25						
TOPANGA - 7100033A	1001			76	113	107	89	99						*******
VOTE BY MAIL	0	213	1	54	88	72	59	59		1				
TOTAL	1001	530		129	201	179	148	158						
BALLOT GROUP 181 - 9990181A	0	0		0	0	0	0	0						
VOTE BY MAG.	ì		2		i	2	1	0					[
TOTAL	, i		2	ا أ	1	2	1	0				1	[
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COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL ELECTION							1	10414	,		184.7 -	PAGE - 1419	8 of 14548
			SANTA MON BOARD OF		OLLEGE		_						,	
FINAL OFFICIAL, STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT			AND Y SHE	Ŷ.	Salar Salar		ST MINES	A 0 8						
LOCATION	REGIST- PATION	Ballots Cast	AND TO	MONTH COM	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		3	No state of the st	1	1			1	
PRECINCT TOTAL	70453	21363	7139	5928	8002	9151	6927	6711	i			1		
VBM TOTAL	0	13170	4663 2	3314 0	5444 1	5451 2	4188 1	3466 0	ļ]			
GROUP TOTAL GRAND TOTAL	70453	34537		9242	14447	14604	11114	10177						
212020 101100	""	. 4 1441	1.541				****	,,,,,		- 1				
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SANTAMORICA-MALIBIU IN SIGH SCHOOL OF STATISHEN OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT LOCATION RECORT BY PRECINCT LOCATION RECORT BY PRECINCT CAST MAILED -400500A 778 259 60 35 26 39 30 31 32 40 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,								'	11/04/14			105.1	-PAGE - 1419	# DI 14340
MAILBU - 4850002A MAILBU - 4850005A MAILBU - 4850005A VOTE BY MAIL O 166 62 13 32 42 52 83 11 1 VOTE BY MAIL O 166 62 13 32 42 52 83 11 1 VOTE BY MAIL O 167 891 288 581 58 66 88 244 34 11 1 WOTE BY MAIL O 167 891 288 581 58 66 88 244 34 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1					EDUCATION	l									
MAILBU - 48500072A	STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST			Waller W.	S. T.		2	AN CORONY	a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a	ST.					
MAILBU - 48500072A	LOCATION			PATTAN	A PERMIT	²⁵	8 8 1		8	King.					
TOTAL 778 424 122 48 58 58 58 244 34	AALIBU - 40500D2A	77	259			26	58	35	151						
MALIBUJ - 465000D3A OT 141 O	VOTE BY MAIL	(165	62	19	32	42	52	93	11					
VOTE BY MAIL 0	TOTAL	77	424	122	48										
COTAL 678 391 128 58 65 80 92 251 59	AALIBU - 4650003A	67	250	79	40	37	58	50	164	31]]	
MALIBU - 4050001A MALIBU - 4050001A MALIBU - 4050001A MALIBU - 4050001A MALIBU - 4050001A MALIBU - 4050001A MALIBU - 4050001A MALIBU - 4050001A MALIBU - 4050001A MALIBU - 4050001A MALIBU - 4050001A MALIBU - 4050001A MALIBU - 4050001A MALIBU - 4050001A MALIBU - 4050001A MALIBU - 4050005B MALIB	YOTE BY MAIL		141	49	16	28	28	38	87	19					
VOTE BY MANL.	TOTAL	67	391	128	56	65	86	92	251						
DOTAL GOZ 337 88 33 62 56 65 201 39	KALIBU - 4050004A	80	184	42	16	28	32	31	115	21					
ARALBU - 4050014A	VOTE BY MAIL	I (163	44	17	38	27	34	86	· · · · · ·					
VOTE BY MAIL	TOTAL	60	337	86	33	62	59	65	201	30					
MAILBU - 4690051A 857 449 102 40 64 91 78 244 63	WALIBU - 4050014A	85	255	51	21	27	50	39	156	32		ľ			
MALIBU - 4050051A	VOTE BY MAIL		194	51	19	37	41	39	88	31					
VOTE BY MAIL 0 258 62 39 41 44 65 139 45 170	TOTAL	85	7 449	162	40	64	91	78	244	63					
TOTAL 1268 694 161 102 108 142 148 408 103	MALIBU - 4050051A	126	B 435	119	63	67	98	83	269	58					
MALIBU - 4050057A MALIBU - 4050057A MALIBU - 4050057A MALIBU - 4050057A MALIBU - 4050059B MALIBU - 4050059B MALIBU - 4050059B MALIBU - 4050059B MALIBU - 4050059B MALIBU - 4050059B MALIBU - 4050059B MALIBU - 4050059B MALIBU - 4050059B MALIBU - 4050059B MALIBU - 4050059B MALIBU - 4050059B MALIBU - 4050059B MALIBU - 4050059B MALIBU - 4050059B MALIBU - 4050059B MALIBU - 4050059B MALIBU - 4050059B MALIBU - 4050059B MALIBU - 405005BA MALIBU - 4050	VOTE BY MAIL		259	62	39	41	44	65	139	45				[
VOTE BY MAIL 0 227 75 20 45 49 64 143 30	TOTAL	128	8 694	181	102	108	142	146	40B	103					
TOTAL 912 526 147 54 80 113 121 338 71 MALIBU - 4050059B 614 168 30 18 21 41 26 104 22 VOTE BY MALL 0 158 56 71 50 205 38 MALBU - 4050062A VOTE BY MALL 0 220 54 28 25 35 48 153 25 VOTE BY MALL 0 220 54 28 25 35 48 153 25 VOTE BY MALL 0 220 54 28 25 35 48 153 25 VOTE BY MALL 0 220 54 28 25 35 48 153 25 VOTE BY MALL 0 230 54 28 35 26 160 44 VOTE BY MALL 0 231 79 35 48 55 60 129 27 TOTAL 913 500 133 70 72 118 112 298 71 MALBU - 4050064A 949 510 33 40 49 61 82 184 38 VOTE BY MALL 0 247 77 22 50 56 67 120 32 TOTAL 946 557 170 62 99 117 139 310 70 MALBU - 4050061A 948 557 170 62 99 117 139 310 70 MALBU - HEIGHTS - 4050001A 324 114 35 18 22 24 22 65 22 VOTE BY MALL 0 73 18 2 9 16 17 28 3 MALBU - HEIGHTS - 4050001C* 93 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	MALIBU - 4050057A	91	2 299	72	34	35	64	57	195	41			ী,		
MALIBU - 4050058B 614 160 39 18 21 41 20 104 22	VOTE BY MAIL		0 227	75	20	45	49	64	143	30					
VOTE BY MAIL 0 156 55 18 35 30 33 101 16 16	TOTAL	91	2 526	147	54	80	113	121	338	71					
TOTAL 614 324 94 36 66 71 59 205 38 MALBU HEIGHTS - 4050001C* 93 20 7 2 1 7 9 17 1 MALBU HEIGHTS - 4050001C* 93 20 7 2 1 7 9 17 1 MALBU HEIGHTS - 4050001C* 93 20 7 2 1 7 9 17 1 MALBU HEIGHTS - 4050001A 942 642 61 22 1 7 15 64 99 10 10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	MALIBU - 4050059B	81	4 168	39	18	21	41	26	104	22					
TOTAL 614 324 94 36 66 71 59 205 38 MAIBU + 4050062A 944 383 77 55 53 265 38 VOTE BY MAIL 0 230 54 28 25 35 48 153 25 VOTE BY MAIL 0 230 54 28 25 35 48 153 25 VOTE BY MAIL 0 230 54 28 56 35 24 63 52 169 44 VOTE BY MAIL 0 234 79 35 48 55 60 129 27 VOTE BY MAIL 0 234 79 35 48 55 60 129 27 VOTAL 1 112 298 74 MAIL 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	VOTE BY MAIL	1	156	55	18	35	30	33	101	16					
VOTE BY MARL 0 230 54 28 25 35 48 153 25 YOTAL 044 693 132 71 62 90 101 418 81 MALIBU - 4050003A 913 268 56 35 24 63 52 169 44 VOTE BY MAIL 0 234 79 35 46 55 60 129 27 TOTAL 913 562 135 70 72 118 112 298 71 MALIBU - 405008A 939 310 93 40 49 61 62 184 38 VOTE BY MAIL 0 247 77 22 56 56 57 126 32 TOTAL 948 557 170 52 99 117 139 310 70 MALIBU HEIGHTS - 4050001A 324 114 35 18 22 24 22 65 22 VOTE BY MAIL 0 73 18 2 9 16 17 28 3 TOTAL 324 187 53 20 31 39 39 91 25 MALIBU HEIGHTS - 4050001C* 93 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 VOTE BY MAIL 0 28 7 2 1 7 9 17 1 MALIBU HEIGHTS - 4050003A 542 81 22 17 13 24 14 43 11 VOTE BY MAIL 0 32 5 4 2 7 5 8 5	TOTAL	61	4 324	94	36	56	71	59	205	38					
VOTE BY MAIL 0 230 54 28 25 35 48 153 25	MALIBU - 4050082A	94	4 363	78	43	37	55	53	265	36					
MALIBU - 4050003A 913 268 56 35 24 63 52 169 44	VOTE BY MAIL	i		54	28	25	35	48	153	25					
VOITE BY MAIL 0 234 79 35 40 55 60 129 27	TOTAL	84	4 693	132	- 71	62	90	101	418	81			1	1	
TOTAL 913 602 133 70 72 118 112 298 71	MALIBU - 4050063A	91	3 269	56	35	24	63	52	169	44					
MALIBU - 4050064A 948 310 93 40 49 61 82 184 38 VOTE BY MAIL 0 247 77 22 50 56 57 120 32 TOTAL 946 557 170 62 99 117 139 310 70 MALIBU HEIGHTS - 4050001A 324 114 35 18 22 24 22 65 22 VOTE BY MAIL 0 73 18 2 9 16 17 28 3 TOTAL 324 187 53 20 31 39 39 91 25 MALIBU HEIGHTS - 4050001C* 93 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 VOTE BY MAIL 0 28 7 2 1 7 3 17 1 TOTAL 93 28 7 2 1 7 9 17 1 MALIBU HEIGHTS - 4050003A 542 81 22 17 13 24 14 43 11 VOTE BY MAIL 0 32 5 4 2 7 5 8 5	VOTE BY MAIL		6 234	79	35	40	55	60	129	27		İ			}
VOTE BY MAIL 0 247 77 22 50 56 67 126 32	TOTAL	91	3 502	135	70	72	118	112	298	71		l	1		
TOTAL 946 557 170 62 99 117 139 310 70 MALIBU HEIGHTS -4080001A 324 114 35 18 22 24 22 65 22 VOTE BY MAIL 0 73 18 2 9 16 17 28 3 TOTAL 324 187 53 20 31 39 39 91 25 MALIBU HEIGHTS -4080001C 93 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 VOTE BY MAIL 0 28 7 2 1 7 3 17 1 TOTAL 93 20 7 2 1 7 9 17 1 MALIBU HEIGHTS -4080000A 542 81 22 17 13 24 14 43 11 VOTE BY MAIL 0 32 5 4 2 7 5 8 5	MALIBU - 4050064A	94	9 310	90	40	49	61	82	184	38					Į .
TOTAL 049 557 170 62 99 117 139 310 70 MAILBU HEIGHTS - 4060001A 324 114 35 18 22 24 22 65 22 VOTE BY MAIL 0 73 18 2 9 16 17 28 3 TOTAL 324 187 53 20 31 39 39 91 25 MAILBU HEIGHTS - 4060001C* 93 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 VOTE BY MASL 0 28 7 2 1 7 3 17 1 TOTAL 93 20 7 2 1 7 9 17 1 MAILBU HEIGHTS - 4060003A 542 81 22 17 13 24 14 43 11 VOTE BY MAIL 0 32 5 4 2 7 5 8 5	VOTE BY MAIL	ì		1	22	50	56	67	126	32		!	1		l
VOTE BY MAIL 0 73 18 2 9 16 17 28 3 TOTAL 324 187 53 20 31 39 39 91 25 MALIBU HEIGHTS - 4060001C* 93 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 VOTE BY MAIL 0 28 7 2 1 7 3 17 1 TOTAL 83 28 7 2 1 7 9 17 1 MALIBU HEIGHTS - 4060009A 542 81 22 17 13 24 14 43 11 VOTE BY MAIL 0 32 5 4 2 7 5 8 5	TOTAL.	94			62	99	117	139	310	70		L			
VOTE BY MAIL 0 73 18 2 9 16 17 28 3 TOTAL 324 187 53 20 31 39 39 91 25 MALIBU HEIGHTS - 4060001C* 93 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 VOTE BY MAIL 9 7 2 1 7 9 17 1 TOTAL 83 26 7 2 1 7 9 17 1 MALIBU HEIGHTS - 4060003A 542 81 22 17 13 24 14 43 11 VOTE BY MAIL 0 32 5 4 2 7 5 8 5					18	22	24	22	65	22				T	
MALIBU HEIGHTS - 4050001C* 93 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	VOTE BY MAIL			18	. 2	9	16	17	28						
VOTE BY MASL 0 28 7 2 1 7 3 17 1 TOTAL 93 20 7 2 1 7 9 17 1 MALIBU HEIGHTS - 4060003A 542 81 22 17 13 24 14 43 11 VOTE BY MAIL 0 32 5 4 2 7 5 8 5	TOTAL	33	4 187	53	20	31	39	39	91	25			L	L	L
TOTAL 98 20 7 2 1 7 9 17 1 MALIBU HEIGHTS - 4060009A 542 81 22 17 13 24 14 43 11 VOTE BY MAIL 0 32 5 4 2 7 5 8 5	MALIBU HEIGHTS - 4060001C*		13 (0	0	0	0	0	0	0		I .			
MALIBU HEIGHTS - 4060009A 542 81 22 17 13 24 14 43 11 VOTE BY MAIL 0 32 5 4 2 7 5 8 5	VOTE BY MAIL		0 28	7	2	1	7	9	17	1	!		1		
MALIBU HEIGHTS - 4060009A 542 81 22 17 13 24 14 49 11 VOTE BY MAIL 0 32 5 4 2 7 5 8 5	TOTAL		3 28	7	2	1	. 7	. 9	17	1	L	L	<u> </u>		
VOTE BY MAIL 0 32 5 4 2 7 5 8 5						13	24	14	43	11	Ι		1	I	1
			ł .	4				5	8	5					l
		54						19	51	16		1	1		1

OUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL ELECTION							1	11/04/14			105.2	- PAGE - 141	198 of 14548
			SANTA MON	ICA-MALIBU	UN 6CH							•••		
			00400 00											
FINAL OFFICIAL			S AMERICAN MANAGEMENT AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND		•		A TANKO WASHINGTON	_						
STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST			€		7	.3	*82.	Æ	Æ					
BY PRECINCT			.\$	Š	#	. \$	£ ⁹ ₹	₽ ₀	₫ [®]					
LOCATION	REGIST-	BALLOTS	A.	5	₹.	34	22	, O	È.					
LOCATION	RATION	CAST	3	A MAN MAN AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND A	A CAMPANA	Day Sept.	P & 1	Sale Calle	Kall Lines		1	ı	1	ł
AALIBU HEIGHTS - 4060003B*	1 101			0	0	0	- 0	0	0				 	
VOTE BY MAIL	",			7	7	8	13	26	4					j
OTAL	101		12	7	7	8	13	26	4					1
AALIBU HEIGHTS - 4060004A	383		11	9	8	15	18	38	6				 	···
VOTE BY MAIL	1 0	1	37	19	25	24	36	66	16		1			1
OTAL	383	1	48	28	33	39	52	94	22		l			1
MALIBU HEIGHTS - 4060012A	519		34	34	21	31	30	69	14	······································	ļ	 	 	
VOTE BY MAIL] "6	1 :	41	23	20	33	31	62	15					
OTAL	516		75	57	41	64	61	131	29			1	1	1
ANTA MONICA - 6250001A	893		138	45	111	191	100	98	54			 	·	
VOTE BY MAIL	090		95	21	76	73	62	56	19			1		1
OTAL	893			16	187	174	182	154	73			1		l
ANTA MONICA - 6250003C	1011			31	138	115	181	119	44	••••		 	- 	
VOTE BY MAJE	ווענ	1		36		82	91	76	44		1		1	1
OTAL	, ,						222					İ		1
SANTA MONICA - 6250005A	1011			87 59	241	197		195	88		 			
VOTE BY MAIL	1184	1			163	151	161	121	55					1
OTAL	1 '	1		15	85	73	80	45	27			l		1
BANTA MONIGA - 6250006A	1184	1	283	74	248 142	224 143	241	166 131	82	***				
	1079	1	ŧ.	72	1		162		64				1	1
VOTE BY MAIL]	191	3	29	71	71	8.9	46	28		1	1	1	1
OTAL.	1079			101	213	214	245	177	, 92		ļ	<u> </u>		ļ
SANTA MONICA - 625000BA	1192			56	82	92	102	86	65		1	ł		
VOTE BY MAIL				29		89	1	70	32			i · ·	j	1
TOTAL	1132			85		181	186	166	87		 	 		ļ
SANTA MONICA - 6250010E	1102	1		44		111	126	98	55		1	ŀ		
VOTE BY MAIL	(1	•	35				53	29					1
TOTAL	1103			79		184	190	161	84		ļ	 		ļ
SANTA MONICA - 6250011A	1103	•		62		98	102	84	49			1		1
VOTE BY MAIL	1 9	'l	1	36		71	82	68						1
TOTAL	1103			98		169		152			ļ	ļ		ļ
SANTA MONICA - 8260016B	1247			50		163		135		!		1		
VOTE BY MAIL	1			39		110	1	1			1	1		
TOTAL.	1247			89		263	1	214				<u> </u>	1	ļ
BANTA MONICA - 6250016A	1320		1	55		144		132	63		1			
NOTE BY MAIL				30		85	Ł	64	34					
POTAL.	1320			85		229		196	97	<u></u>	1		4	<u> </u>
SANTA MONICA - 6260017A	1281	3		60	ŧ	129	•	172			1			1
VOTE BY MAIL	(· ·		36		88		107	53					1
TOTAL	128	780	354	86	278	217	248	279	112		l .	1	1	1

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL ELECTION							1	1/04/14			105,3	- PAGE - 141	199 o f 14546
			SANTA MON BOARD OF	EDUCATION	ł	***								
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PREGINCT			S. Manuel Balleton	, de	ALS. MECHA	2000 3 10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Sometiment,	Same Contra	ATT FIRE					
LOCATION	REGIST- RATION	9ALLOTS CAST	NA I	CHUMAN.	18 T	88	A GO I	8	A. I	1		l	ı	I
BANTA MÓNICA - 6250019A	1385	287	128	51	103	105	93	99	48					1
VOTE BY MAIL	0	205	85	29	65	65	76	55	34				l	
rotal .	1385	492	213	80	168	178	175	154	82					i
BANTA MONICA - 6250020A	1068	381	171	55	128	132	127	122	70					
VOTE BY MAIL	0	151	85	26	52	85	48	43	28					ŀ
TOTAL	1066	532	236	81	180	197	175	165	98					
SANTA MONICA - 8250824A	763	219	107	45	73	88	78	78	35					1
VOTE BY MAIL		98	47	14	33	43	48	31	18					
TOTAL.	783	317	154	59	106	131	126	107	53					
SANTA MONICA - 6250025B	1093	237	88	47	67	120	91	75	36					T
VOTE BY MAIL	0	126	85	25	41	67	50	35	25					1
FOTAL	1093	363	153	72	108	187	141	110	61			1		1
SANTA MONICA - 6250026A	1194	449	245	86	183	198	192	148	81			·		
VOTE BY MAIL	0	260	114	25	113	65	99	51	36			l		
FOTAL.	1194	709	359	111	296	263	291	199	117		İ	17 3.		1
SANTA MONICA - 6250029A	762	251	118	36	191	58	96	70	38				1	
VOTE BY MAIL	1 0	166	71	22	56	53	47	51	25				1	
TOTAL.	752	417	189	68	157	119	143	121	63		[1	ı	1
SANTA MONICA - 6258092A	1123	307	137	40	112	122	100	BH	55					
VOTE BY MAIL	1 0	229	104	20	95	80	79	65	31		i .		1	1
TOTAL	1123	638	241	60	207	202	179	159	86				1	1
SANTA MONICA - 6250034A	1165	382	192	58	141	131	153	116	65					
VOTE BY MAIL	i o	201	78	26	50	66	68	65	27				į	1
TOTAL	1165	583	270	84	191	197	221	171	62				1	
SANTA MONICA - 6250036B	1149			84	111	119	123	111	49			l	†	
VOTE BY MAIL	1 0	189	90	26	77	77	67	60	38			1	ľ	
TOTAL .	1149	521	246	90	188	196	190	171	87			1	Į.	
SANTA MONICA - 6250041A	1275	319	147	63	119	129	126	91	49			-		
VOTE BY MAIL		208		39	77	76	85	68	29					
TOTAL	1275	527	236	102	198	205	221	157	78					
SANTA MONICA - 6256045A	1204			67	98	117	130	105	62			1	†	1
VOTE BY MAIL	0	1	•	34	63	70	76	58	28		1			
TOTAL.	1284		1	101	161	187	206	163	90		1		1	1
SANTA MONICA - 6250046A	1283			58		135	127	96	58					1
VOTE BY MAIL		•	4	26			73	57	30		1			1
TOTAL.	1283	1	1	84	196	205	200	155	88			l		1
BANTA MONICA - 6250050A	1012) 		45			122	79	41		 	t		1
VOTE BY MAIL		1 '		24			60	35	17		1	1	1	1
TOTAL	1012			89	1		182	114	58	1		1		1
	1	1		1	1	l '-	I	1 .	I ~~	1	l	1	1	1

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES.	GENERAL ELECTION							1	1/04/14			105.4	- PAGE - 1420	0 of 14548
			SANTA MON BOARD OF	EDUCATION	l									
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT			HOARD OF	*	M. Call Modellie	N September 18	A TANALO SERVICE SERVI	SALE CONTA	Sally Mes					
LOCATION	REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	5	Search May 2	18 J	88		3 ⁸	4 1	!		L		
BANTA MONICA - 6250051A	1237	385	176	67	120	135	114	116	79]			
AOLE BA WAIT	0	198	! 1	28	68	69	70	56	23		1	l	1	
OTAL	1237	563	248	95	186	194	184	172	102	.,			ļ	
BANTA MONICA - 6250952B	901	209	88	38	67	88	72	61	45		1		1 1	
VOTE BY MAIL	0	117	55	18	39	48	43	25	22				1	
OTAL	901		143	58	106	136	115	76	67		ļ <u> </u>		1	
SANTA MONICA - 6250053A	1262	• 1	114	52	82	100	99	89	57			1		
VOTE BY MAIL	0	200	74	36	52	60	62	63	26		1		1 1	
TOTAL	1252		188	88	134	168	161	142	82					
SANTA MONICA - 8250056A	954	7.57	56	30	43	50	39	37	23		1		1 1	
VOTE BY MAJL	1 0	79		14	17	18	22	20	12		1			
OTAL.	954	1	78	44	60	68	61	57	35			L		
SANTA MONICA - 8250080A	873	183	89	38	63	88	67	69	44		1			
VOTE BY MAIL	0		66	30	64	62	45	40	22		1		1	
TOTAL	873		149	68	117	150	112	109	66		<u> </u>			
SANTA MONICA - 6250061A	991		127	59	83	157	119	98	60			1		
VOTE BY MAIL	1 0			16	32	50	46	22	18				1 1	
TOTAL	991			75	115	207	165	118	78			 		
SANTA MONICA - 6250062A	887	251		58	98	140	94	81	62			l		
VOTE BY MAIL		94	,	18	21	47	29	32	17		1	- 21	1	
TOTAL	887			76	119	187	123	113	69		ļ	<u> </u>		
SANTA MONICA - 6250067A	844		167	34	142	137	147	89	32					
VOTE BY MAIL	1 (1		7		45	53	25	11				1 1	
TOTAL	944			41	191	182	200	114	43					
SANTA MONICA - 6250366D	586		1	30	3	75	74	55	27			1		
VOTE BY MAIL] (, ,-	1	12		27	24	28	16			1		
TOTAL	686			42		102	98	83	43		<u> </u>			
SANTA MONICA - 6250069A	1149			52		158	153	199	68					
VOTE BY MAIL		'I ***	\$	27	1	66	75	48	31				•	
TOTAL.	114			79		224	228	157	89		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
SANTA MONICA - 6250070A	110	1		51	169	145	178	126	46	ŀ	1			
VOTE BY MAIL	(7		33	1	86	105	58	23			1		
TOTAL	110			64	271	231	283	182	69		ļ			
SANTA MONICA - 8258071A	936	1	1	49	1	112	96	69	44					l
VOTE BY MAIL	(1	1	18		47	48	33	20		1	1		
TOTAL.	93			67		169	144	102	64			<u> </u>	ļ	
SANTA MONICA - 6250072A	129	1	1	63		200	229	166	70			1		
VOTE BY MAIL		-, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -		46	•	102	117	77	42			1		
TOTAL	1 129	4 790	434	129	331	302	346	243	112	1	1	1	l .	i

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL ELECTION							1	1/04/14			105.5	- PAGE - 142	01 cl 14546
				CA-MALIBU	UN SCH					•				
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FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT			W. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C.	, <u>2</u> 2	3	3	18 A		5					
LOCATION	REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	5 miles of the second	CHON MAY.	ALCOHAR CHUS	To the last of the	A Zaring San California and Californ	Se California	A LANGE TO SERVICE TO	1	1	1	.	1
ANTA MONICA - 6250076B	876	313	167	43	128	122	143	101	38					
VOTE BY MAIL	1 0	178	90	20	87	. 84	84	65	22					
OTAL	878	491	247	69	215	206	227	166	60					
SANTA MONICA - 6250078A	828			49	93	104	110	77	36			1		
VOTE BY MAIL	0			24	43	42	47	46	18					
OTAL	826	394	176	84	138	148	157	123	54		<u> </u>			
SANTA MONICA - 8250081A	1103	404	187	82	149	157	169	129	57					
VOTE BY MAIL	0	145	66	25	52	55	49	40	27		l	İ	1	ĺ
OTAL	1103			107	201	212	218	169	84			ļ		
BANTA MONICA - 6250083A	1180			65	182	167	183	146	51					1
VOTE BY MAIL	6	216	115	24	93	77	91	55	23			1		
TOTAL.	1160	633		69	275	244	274	201	74					ļ
SANTA MONICA - 6250085A	1252	374	167	62	144	135	154	115	44				1	1
VOTE BY MAIL.		247	119	47	86	101	89	81	43		l	1	1	
TOTAL	1252	621		109	232	235	243	196	87			<u> </u>		<u> </u>
SANTA MONICA - 6260089A	1207	537	284	87	231	219	243	171	82			17/4		1
VOTE BY MASL	j	283		38	138	108	122	77	42		1		1	i
TOTAL	1207	820	444	125	367	327	365	248	124			<u> </u>		<u> </u>
SANTA MONICA - 6250092A	1231	363	191	61	182	174	164	106	67				1	
VOTE BY MAIL		233	115	41	98	100	92	70	37			0		1
TOTAL	1231	596	306	102	260	274	256	176	94			<u> </u>	.↓	<u> </u>
SANTA MONICA - 6250084B	943	284	124	45	89	100	£18	88	33		l	1	1	1
VOTE BY MAIL	į (181	67	9	65	63	64	40	21		1	1		1
FOTAL	943	465	191	54	154	163	182	128	54		1			L
BANTA MÓNICA - 6250095A	1911	353	175	69		117	123	107	74			1		
VOTE BY MAIL	(267		43	1	88	96	67	32		1	{	1	1
TOTAL	1311			112		203	219	174	108			<u> </u>		<u> </u>
SANTA MONICA - 6250098A	1186	•		57	146	141	143	114	64			1	ļ	1
VOTE BY MAIL	,) 190	91	25		60	78	48	22		1	1		1
TOTAL	1193			82		201	221	160	B6		<u> </u>			
SANTA MONICA - 6250106A	959	271	131	45	1	116	115	81	44			1	1	1
VOTE BY MAIL		193	1	33		75	80	42	26		1]
TOTAL	950			78		191	195	123	70		<u> </u>			
SANTA MONICA - 6260107A	118		4	51		134	137	99	64					1
VOTE BY MAIL	1			26		95	104	57	39		1		1	
TOTAL	118	634		77		229	241	156	93			<u> </u>		
SANTA MONICA - 6260110D	910	296		55		117	105	75	44					1
VOTE BY MAIL	4) 155	73			58	55	38	22		l			
TOTAL	910	ol 459	200	76	167	175	160	113	66		1	1		1

CUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL ELECTION							1	1/04/14			105.6	-PAGE - 1420	2 of 14548
				ICA-MALIBU L EDUCATION										
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT			BOARD OF MILES AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND	, <u>s</u> 2	BUCHHOOM.	T See See See See See See See See See Se	Trees No.	Sale Contract of the Contract	Party Piller					
LOCATION	REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	380087	A NATURE !	18 J	8 8 1		8 N	de l					
ANTA MONICA • 6250113A	1372	342	149	56	119	130	1116	100	90					
VOTE BY MAIL	l o	23B	105	97	71	75	79	61	41					
OTAL	1372	580	254	93	190	191	190	169	97					
ANTA MONICA - 6250121A	1205	371	176	56	137	145	135	114	60					
VOTE BY MAIL	0	163	84	39	57	63	64	54	33				}]	
OTAL	1205			95	184	208	199	168	93					
ANTA MONICA - 6250125A	1138	385		45	137	122	149	118	61			l	[
VOTE BY MAIL	0			23	101	81	101	72	26					
OTAL.	1138	627	311	68	238	203	250	108	87					
ANTA MONICA - 6250127A	1072			66	150	170	154	115	61				i	
VOTE BY MAIL	0	169	84	20	70	63	68	43	23		ļ			
OTAL.	1072			86	220	233	222	158	84		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1	
IANTA MONICA - 6250128A	878	290	136	31	99	76	123	118	37					
VOTE BY MAIL	0	236	117	22	77	57	88	61	29			1	1 1	
TOTAL	878	526	253	53	176	133	211	179	66					
SANTA MONICA - 6250128C*	83	Ö	0	0	0	0	0	Ô	Đ		1			
VOTE BY MAIL	0			4	18	19	15	19	12		1	l		
OTAL	83		24	4	18	19	16	19	12			<u> </u>	 	
OPANGA - 7100032A*	255	0	0	O	0	0	Đ	0	0		1			
VOTE BY MAIL	0	133	53	14	37	41	44	34	16				1 1	
TOTAL	255			14	37	41	44	34	15		ļ		<u> </u>	
OPANGA - 7100033A	1001	317	107	44	50	93	66	178	43			1		
VOTE BY MAIL	0	213	76	32	62		69	108	30				!	
FOTAL.	1001	630	183	76		155	127	288	73			<u> </u>		
BALLOT GROUP 181 - 9990181A	(1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			1		
VOTE BY MAIL		4	2	0	1	2	2		ð			1		
TOTAL		4	2	0	1	2	2	1	0			<u> </u>		
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COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL ELECTION								11/04/14			105,7	- PAGE - 142	03 of 14548
FINAL OFFICIAL			SANTA MON BOARD OF	EDUCATION	LINISCH V		٠							
STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT			E LEGIS	A MAN	ST CONTROL OF THE PARTY OF THE	T Same of T	Solution of the second	SW CONTRACTOR	SALL VANDE					
LOCATION	REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	3	3	8 ³ 5	88		18 ⁸ 1	K.	1	ł	[1	1
PRECINCT TOTAL /BM TOTAL BROUP TOTAL	7053	21363 13224	9532	3373 1798 0	7091 4430 1	7611 4577 2	7658 4619 2	1/68	3274 1874 0	~,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				
HAND TOTAL	7053	34591	15247	5169	11522	11990	12277		5148		<u> </u>			
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COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL ELECTION							1	1/04/14			127.1	PAGE - 1428	3 of 14548
			SANTA MON	EMBER						_	***************************************	-		
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCY		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	SLE FILME CACO.	STALL FROM,	N. Company	I Department of the contract o	A STATE OF THE STA	A STATE OF THE STA	A STATE OF THE STA	Lice suring	Commence of the Commence of th	Maganing	J Ž	, A
LOCATION	REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	SUE H	F	²⁸	A 1	8 ²	A I	* P		A I		A COMPOSITOR OF THE PERSON OF	N. C.
ANTA MONICA - 6250001A	893		90	16	72	50	69	87	11	31	6	92	65	1
VOTE BY MAIL	0	215	53	5	.61	37	39	52	5	11	7	57	35	
OTAL.	893	632	143	21	133	87	108	139	16	22	15	149	100	
ANTA MONICA - 6250003C	1011	333	107	9	78	48	67	77	6	22	8	107	63	
VOTE BY MAIL	0	255	58	6	69	38	56	68	15	6	6	70	50	
OTAL	1011	688	165	15	147	86	123	143	21	27	14	177	113	
ANTA MONICA - 8250005A	1184	408	160	16	191	19	57	85	25	16	11	160	69	
VOTE BY MAIL	0	188	72	5	62	6	29	37	9	6	1	72	28	
OTAL	1184	594	232	20	163	25	86	122	34	21	12	232	87	
ANTA MONICA - 8250008A	1079	423	152	31	94	28	71	98	27	14	9	133	57	
VOTE BY MAIL	1 0	191	70	8	48	14	32	33	9	9	6	75	32	
OTAL.	1079	614	222	39	142	40	103	131	36	23	15	208	89	
ANTA MONICA - 8250008A	1132	299	83	25	71	17	59	67	16	9	7	82	47	
VOTE BY MAIL		260	66	18	70	14	47	55	14	21	6	69	37	
OTAL	1132	559	151	43	141	31	106	112	30	30	13	₂₀ 151	84	
ANTA MONICA - 6250010E	1102	309	106	19	66	18	43	63	21	12	8	92	55	
VOTE BY MAIL	1 0	199	67	12	41	8	33	40	12	. 8	7	64	33	
TOTAL	1102	608	173	31	107	22	76	103	33	20	15	158	88	
SANTA MONICA - 6250011A	1103	296	83	23	62	18	50	51	14	18	10	94	35	
VOTE BY MAIL		216	64	15	53	11	50	28	15	11	3	· 7 1	29	
TOTAL	1103	512	137	38	115	29	100	79	29	29	13	165	64	l
SANTA MONICA - 6250015B	1247	416	130	17	104	25	73	117	15	15	12	141	78	
VOTE BY MAIL		1	95	11	51	25	39	114	8	13	7	137	66	
OTAL.	1247		1	28	155	50	112	231	23	28	19	278	146	}
SANTA MONICA - 6250018A	1326			18	94	31	65	116	22	16	10	158	65	
YOTE BY MAIL	""	256		15	85	19	42	60	9	13	3	73	32	
TOTAL	1321			1	169	50	97	176	31	29	13	231	97	
SANTA MONICA - 6250017A	128		122	14	106	65	110	130	16	21	. 9	137	102	
VOTE BY MAIL	""	300	r	1	71	41	74	88	19	12	2	90	55	
TOTAL	128	1		24	177	108	184	216	35	33	11	227	157	į.
SANTA MONICA - 6250018A	138					28	34	63	11	18	9	91	34	
VOTE BY MAIL		1	1	1	•		28	30	8	11	6	66	26	1
TOTAL	136	1	1			37	62	93	19	29	15	167	60	1
SANTA MONICA - 6250020A	108					18	48		15	23	15		46	T
VOTE BY MAIL		0 15					13	1	8	10	2	7	30	1
TOTAL	108	1	1	•			81	99	. 23	33	17	173	76	
SANTA MONICA - 6250024A	78						36		19	8	8	65	23	
VOTE BY MAIL		0 9			1	6	20	1	9	5	4	37	15	1
TOTAL	76	1	3	1	1	16	58	51	28	13	12	102	4	1
	"]	1	1		"							1	

OUNTY OF LOS ANGELES - GE	NERAL ELECTION							1	1/04/14			127,2	- PAGE - 1429	≱4 of 14546
	····		SANTA MON COUNCILM	EMBER							, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		10 PO PARTIES AND IN THE PROPERTY.	San Alan	A STATE OF THE OWNER, THE OWNER, THE OWNER, THE OWNER, THE OWNER, THE OWNER, THE OWNER, THE OWNER, THE OWNER,	Transactura Ethio	Park Stubes	W to the second	Salar I	Lice Sall Mark	Sp. Walland	Consumptions.	<i>Q</i> Ž	Ť
LOCATION	REGIST.	BALLOTS CAST	N. A. A. A. A. A. A. A. A. A. A. A. A. A.			E I	A. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S.	N. I	\$ B		\$ [*]	₽ _®	OF STATE OF	THE PARTY OF
ANTA MONICA - 62500258	1093	237	63	20	70	10	-52	43	8	9	8	69	27	- 1
VOTE BY MAIL] 0	126	44	11	30	4	23	27	1	3	1	46	25	
OTAL	1093	383	107	31	100	. 14	75	70	9	12	9	115	52	
ANTA MONICA - 6250026A	1194	449	129	24	93	31	91	118	13	26	13	170	76	
VOTE BY MAIL] 0]	266	88	15	62	15	50	30	9 [7	1	111	51	
OTAL.	1194	709	217	39	155	46	141	156	22	32	14	281	127	
ANTA MONICA - 6250029A	752	251	90	18	53	14	39	67	13	10	5	86	45	
VOTE BY MAIL	0	166	47	. 8	27	22	31	56	4 1	14	4	61	33	
OTAL.	762	417	137	26	80	36	70	123	17	24	9	147	78	
ANTA MONICA - 6250032A	1123	307	109	16	70	16	43	79	17	9	10	116	65	
VOTE BY MAIL	0	229	69	8	57	5	34	53	7	9	10	78	37	ĺ
OTAL.	1123	536	178	24	127	21	77	132	24	18	20	168	92	Ĺ
ANTA MONICA - 6250034A	1165	382	136	22	99	23	70	70	19	12	12	144	60	
VOTE BY MAIL	0	201	70	13	44	14	34	49	7	Б	9	63	345	ĺ
OTAL.	1165	583	206	35	143	37	104	119	26	17	21	207	95	Ĺ
ANTA MONICA - 6250036B	1149	332	121	13	85	27	66	54	14	22	8	ী 120	57	
VOTE BY MAIL	a	169	71	11	54	12	28	39	14	7	3	69	28	
OTAL.	1149	521	192	24	139	39	94	93	28	2₿	11	189	85	l
ANTA MONICA - 6250041A	1276	310	118	19	78	14	51	56	29	16	14	101	46	1
VOTE BY MAIL	o o	208	80	13	51	14	28	33	6	17	5	. 77	26	l
OTAL	1275	527	198	32	129	28	79	89	35	33	19	178	72	
ANTA MONICA - 6250045A	1264	309	89	27	86	15	56	61	21	13	12	74	46	
VOTE BY MAIL	0	186	58	9	41	11	30	34	11	8	8	69	27	
OTAL	1204	485	147	35	127	26	88	95	32	21	20	143	73	
ANTA MONICA - 6250048A	1283	364	125	27	99	32	49	67	17	20	6	121	70	
VOTE BY MAIL	0	194	68	9	67	16	36	32	7	9	2	75	34	l
OTAL	1263	658		36	156	48	85	89	24	29	8	196	104	1
ANTA MONICA - 6250650A	1012	291	128	16	65	11	36	44	11	10	15	102	27	
VOTE BY MAIL	0	145	66	9	44	14	20	18	6	8	5	51	21	1
OTAL	1012	496	182	25	109	25	56	62	16	16	20	153	48	1
ANTA MONICA - 6260051A	1237			30		31	63	83	16	23	22	98	54	
VOTE BY MAIL	0	198	1	9	1	10	44	34	12	7	2	58	17	1
OTAL	1237	563	1	39	149	41	97	97	28	30	24	154	71	
ANTA MONICA - 6250052B	901	209		13		13	36	32	8	5	15	63	17	T
VOTE BY MAIL	0	117		9		8	7	17	3	8	1	41	8	
OTAL	901	326		22		19	43	49	11	13	16	104	25	1
SANTA MONICA - 6260053A	1252			13		18		48	19	16	14	74	36	T
VOTE BY MAIL	1 0	200	1	11		18	80	23	9	13	13	54		

OUNTY OF LOS ANGELES .	GENERAL ELECTION							1	1/04/14			127.3	PAGE - 1429	15 of 14548
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			SANTA MONI COUNCILM	EMBER			,							
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT			Sie filmen and	San Flam.	San Compa	Town Weigh	THE STATES	A A	A ST	Tropies Sort	CA MANAGES	A MARCHAN	10 NO.	THE WAY TO
LOCATION	REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	**************************************	E.	**************************************	A L			**************************************	# 3	<i>®</i> 1	E	\$ \$ B	
ANTA MONICA - 6250058A	954	121	38	8	29 [8	16	24	81	191	10	34	9	18
YOTE BY MAIL	[0	79	23	9	20	7	10	14	6	8	3	12	8	!
OTAL	954	208	81	17	49	18	26	38	13	21	13	46	17	2
BANTA MONICA - 8250860A	873	183	84	8	51	8	33	36	6	10	11	74	38	1
VOTE BY MAIL	0	124	51	14	31	В	18	32	6	8	7	41	16	
OTAL	873	307	115	55	82	14	51	68	12	18	18	115	64	1
SANTA MONICA - 8250061A	991	269	86	23	81	17	73	48	13	20	10	96	44	1
VOTE BY MAK.	0	86	35	4	21	1	13	19	0	3	2	44	14	
OTAL.	991	375	121	27	102	18	88	67	13	23	t 2	140	58	2
SANTA MONICA - 8260062A	887	251	78	11	81	15	60	51	15	19	6	97	38	1
VOTE BY MAIL	0	94	24	8	32	9	26	16	8	В	4	30	8	
TOTAL	887	345	102	18	113	24	86	67	21	25	10	127	46	
SANTA MONICA - 6250087A	944	323	133	10	63	10	87	56	14	18	2	149	57	
VOTE BY MAIL		129	58	8	30'	5	42	21	6	3	3	60	11	
TOTAL.	944	452	191	18	93	15	109	77	20	18	5	199	68	
SANTA MONICA - 6260068D	582	177	55	10	46	. 10	39	45	16	8	2		28	1
VOTE BY MAIL	(85	22	8	18	3	13	22	3	6	5	30	18	
TOTAL	582	262	77	18	64	13	52	87	19	14	4	86	44	1
SANTA MONICA - 6250069A	1149	365	107	13	111	29	90	80	18	10	10	159	61	,
VOTE BY MAIL	(207	66	13	38	23	38	35	4	12	4	. 78	32	·
TOTAL	1149	692	173	28	149	52	126	115	22	22	14	237	93	
SANTA MONICA - 6250070A	118	337	133	17	91	33	85	66	18	18	7	145	65	;
VOTE BY MAIL		224	87	6	38	19	47	41	3	12	8	84	38	
TOTAL	110	561	220	23	127	52	132	107	21	30	15	229		
SANTA MONICA - 8250071A	933	247	84	10	63	7	46	41	13	9	12	83]
VOTE BY MAIL		ol 99	30	7	27	4	17	21	5	7	4	45	16	
TOTAL	93			17	90	11	63	62	18	16	16	138		
SANTA MONICA - 6250072A	129	1 522	154	34	133	29	104	89	16	22	13	211	145	
VOTE BY MAIL		271	79	16	61	28	45	60	6	16	2	118		
TOTAL	129			50	1	\$7	149	149	. 21	38	15	329	216	<u> </u>
SANTA MONICA - 6250076B	87			10		28	69	65	9	11	8	140	72	1
VOTE BY MAIL		0 170		4	ı	1	40	48	6	12	7	76	48	
TOTAL	87		5	14	102	35	109	113	15	23	16	216	120	İ
SANTA MONICA - 6250078A	82			16		19	52	52	14	13	8	102	61	
VOTE BY MAIL	1 -	0 137	1	6	,	14	30	23	5	14	3	49	17	1
TOTAL	82	1		22	76	33	82	75	19	27	tt	146	78	
SANTA MONICA - 6250081A	110			30			53			13	11	175	60	
VOTE BY MAIL	,,,,	0 14		9	i .	1	32	1	1		1	58	26	1
TOTAL	110		1	39		1	85			17	12	233	85	1
10thc	1 ""	"l	'I -'''		1 ""	ł "''	1 "	1	1			1	1	1

OUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL ELECTION							1	1/04/14			127.4	- PAGE - 1429	8 of 14548
			SANTA MON MJEJNUOG	EMBER										
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT			SLE-HUMEL SICH	ATTAN ALBAN	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PERSON OF	THE WELVISH	AMM STEEL	To the last of the		tog some	Coc Mannes	Manage Ma	20	A. A.
LOCATION	regist. Fation	BALLOTS CAST	** I	E .	م م	A I	A. T.	**************************************	A I		\$.	É	A TOMOS S	S. Markey
ANTA MONICA - 6250083A	1180	417	153	21	109	44	96	80	10	30 }	19	1/9	1 80	2
VOTE BY MAIL	0	216	58	11	38	14	40	45	. 14	10	5	91	49	1
OTAL	1180	633	211	32	147	58	136	138	30	40	20	270	120	3
ANTA MONICA - 6250085A	1252	374	111	14	79	17	92	99	23	21	6	160	95	2
VOTE BY MAIL	0	247	73	13	56	14	51	68	9	15	4	104	62	1
OTAL.	1252	621	184	27	135	31	133	165	32	36	10	264	157	4
ANTA MONIGA - 6250089A	1207	637	160	28	115	34	143	140	19	27	12	228	120	2
VOTE BY MAIL	0	263	72	14	64	19	74	53	13	15	3	137	58	
OTAL	1207	820	232	42	179	53	217	193	32	42	15	365	178	
ANTA MONICA - 6250092A	1291	363	122	26	75	16	94	82	13	8	7	173	67	
VOTE BY MAIL	0	233	67	13	56	12	58	42	12	5	4	93	1 1	1
OTAL.	1231	666	189	39	131	28	152	124	25	13		266		
ANTA MONICA - 6260094B	943	284	169	18	60	11	39	60	11	18	8	108	1 1	1
VOTE BY MAIL	0	181	68	13	35	11	18	31	8	3	7	73	1 1	1
OTAL	943	465	175	31	95	22	55	91	19	21	15	179		
FANTA MONICA - 8250095A	1311	353	118	34	93	27	63	56	27	15	10	ি 122	56	1
VOTE BY MAIL	1 0	257	97	19	50	15	32	43	17	13	8	85		2
TOTAL	1311	810	215	53	143	42	95	99	44	28	19	207	101	
SANTA MONICA - 625009BA	1198	383	122	27	82	23	74	67	10	16	13	145		8
VOTE BY MAIL	0	190	58	11	46	3	32	40	8	10	5	72		1
TOTAL	1199	573	160	38	108	26	106	107	18	26	18	217		
SANTA MONICA - 6250106A	955	271	89	21	64	15	67	54	22	8	в	99		1
VOTE BY MAIL	0	193	76	16	50	12	38	30	3	5	7	71		1
TOTAL	959	464	165	36	114	27	95	84	25	13	13	170		
SANTA MONICA - 6250107A	1181	378	126	30	95	13	78	39	22	6	10	136		
VOTE BY MAIL	0	258	6 3	21	78	7	38	43	12	7	. 11	\$	1	
FOTAL	1181	634	208	51	173	20	118	82	34	13	21	231		
SANTA MONICA - 6250110D	910	298	97	24	68	6	54	62	15	14	5	100		3
VOTE BY MAR.	0	167	64	12		6	30	15	9	. 9	3	6!		
TOTAL	910			36		12	84	77	24	23	8	169		
SANTA MONICA - 6250113A	1372	342	126			16	52	78		18	7	134	1	
VOTE BY MAIL	1 0	238	84		1	19	30	36		18	15	7		i i
TOTAL	1372	2 580	210			35	82	114	29	37	22	207		
SANTA MONICA - 6250121A	1205	371	111	24		22	72			22	11	13	1	
VOTE BY MAIL] (o] 183	54	16	40	9	t ·	1 .		14	8	1		
TOTAL.	1208	554	165			-	106		35	36	17			
BANTA MONICA - 6250125A	1136	8 385	110				66	98		26	14	11	1	
VOTE BY MAIL	(242	73	12	61	21	44	66	10	3	6	9	1 63	
									34	28	20	20	5 170	

FINAL OFFICIAL SYNTEMENT OF VOTES CAST YF PRODUCT LOCATION REGIST- RATION RATION	UNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL ELECTION			,,,,				1	1/04/14			127.6	PAGE - 1429	7 of 1454
NITA MONICA - 6250127A 1072 374 1055 27 92 14 70 64 20 13 10 130 74 70 70 64 20 13 10 130 74 77 77 77 77 77 77 78 107 107				NOM ATMAR MJIONJOO									•		
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NTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL ELECTION							1	1/04/14			127.6	PAGE - 1429	18 of 1454
			SANTA MON COUNCILM											
VAI. OFFICIAL ATEMENT OF VOTES GAST PRECINCT			SE THERESTON	AND MESSA	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	The Court of the C	A STATE OF THE STA	W. W. W. W. W. W. W. W. W. W. W. W. W. W	10 80 80 B	TOO SOUTH TO SOUTH THE SOU	To Manhage	TEIN MOTOR	PÈ.	Š
LOCATION	REGIST- PATION	BALLOTS CAST	**************************************	A	A .	A .	18. E	, J	**************************************		\$	T. T.	Control of the contro	Ç,
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SANTA MONICA - 6250016A	LOCATION	REGIST- FIATION	BALLOTS CAST			ı	ı	l		1		1			
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SARTA MONICA - 6250015A 1011 533 34 42 37	YOTE BY MAIL	0				1	i	1		- !	i				l
NOTE BY MAIL 0 255 32 37															
COTAL 1011 588 74 74		1011					l			- 1					l
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VOTE BY MAIL	The state of the s								h					 	-
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VOTE BY MAIL 0 266 28 34														1	
TOTAL 1328 659 83 117		l l				[
SANTA MONICA - 8250017A 1281 474 40 62									1			l	1		
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TOTAL 1281 780 67 94	·	ş	4	1						1		i	1		
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VOTE BY MAIL 0 205 26 35 TOTAL 1365 492 67 83 SANTA MONICA - 8250020A 1066 381 62 74 VOTE BY MAIL 0 151 14 26 TOTAL 1086 532 76 160 SANTA MONICA - 8250024A 763 219 30 46 VOTE BY MAIL 0 98 14 14							Ī		l						1
TOTAL 1365 492 67 83 SANTA MONICA - 8250020A 1066 381 62 74 VOTE BY MAIL 0 151 14 26 TOTAL 1088 532 76 100 VOTE BY MAIL 0 98 14 14		I			1		l	1	1	1		1		İ	1
SANTA MONICA - 625002DA 1066 381 62 74 VOTE BY MAIL 0 151 14 26 TOTAL 1086 532 76 100 SANTA MONICA - 6250024A 763 219 30 46 VOTE BY MAIL 0 98 14 14		136							1	1				<u> </u>	
VOTE BY MAR. 0 151 14 26 TOTAL 1068 532 76 100 SANTA MONICA - 6250924A 763 219 30 46 VOTE BY MAR. 0 98 14 14					74					T		[
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SANKA MONICA - 8250924A 763 219 30 46 VOTE BY MAIL D 98 14 14		1086					<u> </u>		<u>L</u>	<u></u>		<u> </u>		1	
	SANTA MONICA - 8250024A			30	46									1	1
YOTAL 769 317 44 60	VOTE BY MAIL	'	98	8 14	14	1	1	1		1	l	1	1		l
	TOTAL	76	317	7 44	60	1]	İ						i	

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL ELECTION							1	1/04/14			127.8	-PAGE - 14	100 of 14548
			SANTA MONI COUNCILM	CA CITY GE	MUNI									
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT														
LOCATION	REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	A STATE OF THE STA		1	1	1	ļ	1			1	1	Į
ANTA MONICA - 8250025B	1093	237	50	39							<u> </u>			
VOTE BY MAIL	0	126	16	21							ł	1		
OTAL.	1093	363	66	60							<u> </u>		1	
SANTA MONICA - 6259026A	1194	449	67	85								1		l .
VOTE BY MAIL	0	260	31	47							l		1	1
OTAL.	1194	709	98	132							L	ļ	ļ	ļ
ANTA MONICA - 6250029A	752	251	26	45									ŀ	i
VOTE BY MAIL	0	166	11	19								1		
TOTAL	762	417	37	84							ļ			<u> </u>
BANTA MONICA - 6250032A	1123	307	37	73							l	1		
VOTE BY MAIL	. 0	229	27	50									1	1
TOTAL	1123	538	64	129								L		<u> </u>
SANTA MONICA - 6250034A	1165	382	52	54							1	J .		1
VOTE BY MAIL	0	201	21	36							l ·	1		1
TOTAL.	1165	583	73	100							<u> </u>			<u> </u>
SANTA MONICA - 6250036B	1149	332	34	81								₩ ₄	1	ŀ
VOTE BY MAIL	0	189	24	37							1	1		ł
FOTAL.	1149	521	58	118										L
SANTA MONICA - 6250041A	1275	319	60	57					•			1	-	1
VOTE BY MAIL	0	208	24	45										
TOTAL	1275	527	84	102										
SANTA MONICA - 6250045A	1204	309	36	50							1			
VOTE BY MAIL	0	186	22	32							i .			
TOTAL	1204	495	58	82								<u> </u>		
SANTA MONICA - 6250848A	1263	364	51	63										
VOTE BY MAIL	o	194	19	29				I		l		1		
TOTAL	1263	658		92	<u> </u>	L	L			<u> </u>	L	1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
SANTA MONICA - 6250050A	1012	291	29	78				[1	1		
VOTE BY MAIL	0	145		37	1			l			1	1		1
TOTAL	1012	436		115		-		L			1	1		
SANTA MONICA - 6250051A	1237	365	55	58							1			
VOTE BY MAIL	0	198	41	23			1	1	ŀ	1		1	l	1
TOTAL	1237	563		61	<u></u>		L	<u></u>		<u></u>				
SANTA MONICA - 6250052B	901	209	32	49							T			1
VOTE BY MARL	o l	117	27	32	l	l	İ]						
TOTAL	901	326		81		L			<u> </u>					
SANTA MONICA - 6250953A	1252	281		56									1	
VOTE BY MAIL	0	200	12	20	1	l		1				1	-	1
				75										

OUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL ELECTION							1	1/04/14			127,9	- PAGE - 143	Ot of 14548
			SANTA MON	ICA CITY GEI	4 MUNE									
			COUNCILM	EMBER										
FINAL OFFICIAL		- 1												
STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST				^										
BY PRECINCT			¥Ã	<i>జ్</i> నా										
LOCATION	REGIST-	DALLOTS	£ \$	Ē.										
3-4-1111	RATION	CAST				1							ļ	
ANTA MONICA • 8250058A	954	121	18	25										
YOTE BY MAIL	1 0		15	10										
OTAL	954	200	33	35										
ANTA MONICA - 6250060A	873	183	24	52			1	- 1					1	
VOTE BY MAIL	0		23	19]	. 1					
OTAL	873		47	71				<u> </u>				<u> </u>	ļ	
ANTA MONICA - 6250061A	991	289	35	51						1			1	
VOTE BY MAIL	0	86	16	24								l		l
OTAL.	991		51	75									<u> </u>	
IANTA MONICA - 6250062A	887	261	31	35							ł	1	i	!
VOTE BY MAIL] 0	94	14	ŧ									1	1
OTAL.	887		45	43										
SANTA MONICA - 6250067A	944	323	60	78									1	
VOTE BY MAIL	0	129	13	16								l	ŀ	
OTAL.	944	452	63	94								<u> </u>		
SANTA MONICA - 6250088D	682	177	26	22								€ .		1
VOTE BY MAIL	0	85	15	10					,			1	1	1
OTAL	582	262	41	32								<u> </u>		<u> </u>
SANTA MONICA - 6250069A	1149	385	52	76										i
VOTE BY MAIL	0	207	30	38									1	l
TOTAL.	1149	592	82	108										<u> </u>
SANTA MONICA - 6250070A	1101	337	45	77									1	1
YOTE BY MAIL	0	224	17	43										1
TOTAL	1101		62	120								<u> </u>		
SANTA MONICA - 6250071A	930	247	33	62									1	
VOTE BY MAIL	0	99	12	16						1	ļ		1	
TOTAL.	930			78										
SANTA MONICA - 6250072A	1294	522	81	80										
VOTE BY MAIL	1 0	271	29	33	1		İ				1	1	1	
TOTAL '	1294	793	90	113			l							<u> </u>
SANTA MONICA - 6250076B	878	313	48	38							1			1
VOTE BY MAIL	į o	178	21			1	1							1
TOTAL	676			69								<u> </u>		
BANTA MONICA - 6250076A	826	262							l	1				1
VOTE BY MAIL		132	14			1					1	1	1	1
TOTAL	826	394				L			<u> </u>		<u></u>			<u> </u>
SANTA MONICA - 6250081A	1103	404	68	102										1
VOTE BY MAIL		145	18	34	1	1		l		1]	1		1
	1103	549	il 88	138				i		1	1	1	1	I .

OUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL ELECTION							1	1/04/14			127,10	PAGE - 143	02 of 14548
			SANTA MON	CA CITY GEN	IMUN)				,					
FINAL OFFICIAL			Caltoria	CHIDEN										
STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT			N &	Æs.										
LOCATION	REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	**************************************	TO THE STATE OF TH	1	ı	}	1	1					L
ANTA MONICA - 6250083A	1180	417	60	68										
VOTE BY MAIL	0	216		31	I		1	ļ	- 1	1			Ì	
OTAL.	1180	633	95	09										ļ
SANTA MONICA - 6250085A	1252	374	49	67			ŀ		1					
VOTE BY MAIL	0	247		37				- 1	1					•
OTAL.	1252	621	88	104										ļ
SANTA MONICA - 6250089A	1207	537	98	6B	1			- 1						1
VOTE BY MAIL	0	283		49										1
TOTAL	1207	820		147										
SANTA MONICA - 6250092A	1231	363		64 28			I	- 1	- 1			l	1	1
VOTE BY MAIL	0	233		92			ļ		-					
TOTAL	1231	596 284	80 40	60								 		
SANTA MONICA - 6250094B VOTE BY MAIL	943	284 181		32			1		i					
FOTAL	943			92										
SANTA MONICA - 6250095A	1311			71								975 ₉		
VOTE BY MAIL	""		1 1	54				1				1	l	1
TOTAL	1311	1		125										1
SANTA MONICA - 6250098A	1199			54				~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~				 		
VOTE BY MAIL	1200	1		21										
TOTAL .	1199			75										
SANTA MONICA - 6250108A	955			51								 		
VOTE BY MAIL	0	1	2	28]	1	
TOTAL	955		1	79								l	1	1
SANTA MONICA - 6250107A	1181			78									1	
VOTE BY MAIL	1	1	1	35							l	1		
TOTAL	1181	634	100	113								1		L
SANTA MONICA - 6250 110D	910	288	38	68										
VOTE BY MAIL	0	Į.		38				Į į				1		1
TOTAL	910	455	52	104								<u></u>	<u></u>	<u> </u>
SANTA MONICA - 8250113A	1372	342	42	85										1
VOTE BY MAIL	0	236	36									1		į.
TOTAL	1372									<u> </u>		1		L
SANTA MONICA - 6250121A	1205	371	56										1	
VOTE BY MAIL		1							l				1	1
TOTAL	1209			101								<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1
SANTA MONICA - 6250125A	1138]
VOTE BY MAIL		242							l	1			1	1
TOTAL	1136	627	70	78	1	i		J.	l	l		ı	1	1

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL ELECTION							t	/04/14			127.11	-PAGE - 1430	3 of 14548
FINAL OFFICIAL			SANTA MON COUNCILM	ICA CITY GEN EMBER	MUNI									
STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PREGINCT			¥Ē	F à										
LOCATION	l	BALLOTS CAST												
BANTA MONICA - 6250127A	1072	374	58]	8/		- 1		- 1	1	- 1				
VOTE BY MAIL	0	169 543	31 89	39 126	- 1	1	-	ŀ			1		,	
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6258128A	1072 878	290	24	35										
VOTE BY MAIL	370	236		19	1	ļ		1		ŀ	Į			
TOTAL	878	526		54	1									
SANTA MONICA - 6250128C*	83	0	0	0										
VOTE BY MAN.	0	54.		11	ļ		.		l	1	- 1			
TOTAL	B3	54		11										
BALLOT GROUP 181 - 9990181A VOTE BY MAIL	0	0	00	0		+				1				6
TOTAL	اة ا	4	. 0	0	l		1			1				
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COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL EU	ECTION						1	1/04/14			127.12	- PAGE - 1430	4 of 14548
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST			No.	SANTA MON COUNCILM		i Muni								
BY PRECINCT LOGATION	Ţ	REGIST-	BALLOTS CAST		TO WELL									
		RATION	CAST	A. C.	260									
PREGINCY TOTAL VBM TOTAL GROUP TOTAL		58803 0			3921 1718 0									
GRAND TOTAL		58803	26333		5037			 						
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COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL ELECTION								11/04/14			128,1	- PAGE - 143	05 of 14548
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FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES GAST BY PRECINCT			AM Co	ŖŤ	§ [®]									
LOCATION	REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	Monte Paulo	A STREAMENT	A PART OF THE PART		l		I	l	l	ı	i 1	
BANTA MONICA - \$250001A	893	317	43	43	46							·		
VOTE BY MAIL	0	215		29	31									
TOTAL	893	532	76	72	77			<u> </u>			<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
BANTA MONICA - 6250003C	1011	333		63	56				ł					
VOTE BY MAIL	0	255		42	46			1	•			l		
TOTAL .	1011	588	108	105	102									
SANTA MONICA - 6250005A	1184	408	130	108	101			1		ŀ	1			
VOTE BY MAIL	C	186		46	32		1	ŀ		ŀ	1			
TOTAL	1184	594	175	154	133			ļ					<u> </u>	
SANTA MONICA - 6250088A	1079	423	130	109	94						1			
VOTE BY MAIL	6	191	54	48	49					l	l			
TOTAL	1079	614	184	167				ļ		ļ	ļ			
SANTA MONICA - 6250088A	1132			67	67		l			Ì	İ			
VOTE BY MAIL	0			49	1		l		ł]	l			
TOTAL	1132	559		116			ļ		ļ			A	1	
SANTA MONICA - 6260010E	1102			76	75		l		l	1	1	i	1	
VOTE BY MAIL	0			42	1					į	1			
TOTAL	1102			118				ļ		 	ļ			
SANTA MONICA - 6250011A	1103	1	1 :	80	1			l	İ	1				
VOTE BY MAIL	0	216		59	1			l			1	9	1	
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250015B	1103	512		139							ļ		ļ	
VOTE BY MAIL	1247	416		95 57	99			1]	1	1	1	
TOTAL	•	309		152	1			1		ļ		1		
SANTA MONICA - 6250B18A	1247	725						 		ļ	ļ	ļ	ļ	
VOTE BY MAIL	1928	403 256		108 50	1			1			1			
TOTAL	1328	250 659		50 158	1					1			ŀ	
SANTA MONICA - 6250017A	1281	474		71]	}	 	 	 	
VOTE BY MAIL	1201	306		32				1	1	1				
TOTAL	1281	780		103				1		ļ			l	
SANTA MONICA - 6250019A	1365	287	92	86				 	 	 	 	 	ļ	
VOTE BY MAIL	1300	267 205		49			ļ		1			1		1
TOTAL	1365	492		135	137				1				1	
SANTA MONICA - 6260020A	1086			103		 	 	 		 	 	 	 	
VOTE BY MAIL	1000	151		30		1	ŀ		1]	!	1		1
TOTAL	1058			133		Į	1	1	1	1		I	1	l
SANTA MONICA - 6260024A	763			56				 	 	 	 	 	1	
VOTE BY MAIL	700	98		24	23					1	i		1	l
TOTAL	753	9	88	80	87					ŀ	i	1		
	l '**	l *''	, ~	, ~	. ‴	l	ł .	1	į.	1	1	l .	ì	ı

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL ELECTION							1	1/04/14			128.2	-PAGE - 143	08 of 14546
······································			SANTA MON	CACTY GE	N MONI									
				TRÓL BOARI	3									
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST				*										
BY PRECINCT			A.	\$₹	82									
	REGIST-	BALLOTS	Š	, Kar	£ [₹]									
LOCATION	HATION	CAST	Modern Mes	Selecular.	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH				i	+		1		
BANTA MONICA - 6250025B	1093	237	70	62	59									
VOTE BY MAIL	0	128	43	30	30							İ		
TOTAL	1093	363	113	92	89							<u> </u>		
BANTA MONICA - 6250026A	1194	449	132	97	97									
VOTE BY MAIL	0	260	61	56	53								1	
TOTAL	1194	709	193	153	150		Ĺ						1	
SANTA MONICA - 6250028A	752	251	38	32	29								1	
VOTE BY MAIL	0	166	18	25	20									
TOTAL.	762	417	56	67	49									
SANTA MONICA - 8260032A	1123	307	92	75	73									
VOTE BY MAIL	o	229	63	63	62			,			1	1		
TOTAL.	1123	536	155	138	125								L	
SANTA MONICA - 6250034A	1185	382	128	108	95									
VOTE BY MAIL	0	201	51	45	49									
TOTAL.	1165	583	179	153	144		-							
SANTA MONICA - 62509369	1149	392	114	94	81							Tille:		
VOTE BY MAIL	0	189	65	63	55			ļ			l	1	1	
TOTAL	1149	521	179	157	136						l	1	1	
SANTA MONICA - 6250041A	1275	319	115	69	96							1		
VOTE BY MAIL	l o	208	68	52	53			1		İ		i .	1	
TOTAL	1275	527	183	141	149	ļ		1		İ	1			
SANTA MONICA - 6250045A	1204		93	69	74						1	T	T	
VOTE BY MAIL	0		52	47	36						1	1	1	1
TOTAL	1204	495	145	116	£10	İ						1		1
SANTA MONICA - 6250046A	1283	364		88							†	1"	1	i
VOTE BY MAIL	0	194		53	64		ł		l					
TOTAL	1263	558	167	141	147		1				ļ		ļ	
SANTA MONICA - 6250050A	1012	291	111	89	87							1	1	
VOTE BY MAIL	0	145	52	43	40			1		1	1			
TOTAL	1012	ſ	1	132				1		1		1	1	
SANTA MONICA - 8250051A	1237			78						·	ļ			
VOTE BY MAIL	0	l .		48		1	l	1	l ·	}	1	1		1
TOTAL	1237		1	126				1]			1 .		Į.
SANTA MONICA - 6260852B	901	289	83	62	65		T	1			1	1	1	i
VOTE BY MAIL				38			1		1				1	ł
TOTAL	901	1	•	100	1			1				1		i
SANTA MONIGA - 8250053A	1252			70							T		1	1
VOTE BY MAIL	,			44		ł		1	1		1			[
TOTAL	1252	3	1	114			1						1	
	I '		i ~,	1	1 '''	ł	1	1	1	I	i	1	1	1

OUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL ELECTION							1	1/04/14			128.3	-PAGE - 143	07 of 1454
			SANTA MON RENT CON	ICA CITY GE TROL BOAR	N MUNI D					•				
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT	The state of the s		M. C. C. F. F. F. F. F. F. F. F. F. F. F. F. F.	S. STREETHON	, 5									
LOCATION	REGIST- I	BALLOTS CAST	\$ ⁸ , 1	E S	No. No.				,			.	i	l
IANTA MONICA - 6250058A	954	121	37	-	1 **									
VOTE BY MAIL	0	79	23	27								İ	1	İ
OTAL	954	200	60	59	54									
SANTA MONICA - 6250060A	873	183	54	42	45									
VOTE BY MAIL	0	124	44	31	34								1 1	
TOTAL	873	307	98	73	79							<u> </u>		
IANTA MONICA - 6250081A	991	289	98	89	92									
VOTE BY MAIL	0	88	32	30	26							ĺ		i
OTAL	981	375	130	119	118							<u> </u>		
SANTA MONICA - 6250062A	887	251	95	78	77									1
VOTE BY MAIL	0	94	23	17	17		į į	<u> </u>]	1	
OTAL	887	345	118	95	94							<u> </u>		
BANTA MONICA - 6250067A	944	353	97	85										
VOTE BY MAIL	0	129		82	27								1	l
OTAL	944	452	133	117	107									
BANTA MONICA - 6250068D	582	177	52	47								397		1
VOTE BY MAIL	.] 6	85	28	17	17					İ				1
TOTAL.	582	282	80	64		*****				<u> </u>			1	
SANTA MONICA - 6250069A	1149	385	101	84										ļ
VOTE BY MAIL	0	207	55	47	45					İ				ļ
TOTAL	1149	592	156	131								<u> </u>		<u> </u>
BANTA MONICA - 8250070A	1101	397	92	79								1		1
ACLE BA WAIT	0	224	57	50	49						l			
TOTAL	1101	561	149	129								<u> </u>		L
SANTA MONICA - 8250071A	930	247	83	65			[
VOTE BY MAIL	1 0	99	33	31	35		1			ļ			1	ł
TOTAL.	930	346		86										<u> </u>
SANTA MONICA - 6250072A	1284	622	137	119			l	1				i	1	
VOTE BY MAIL	l o	271	76	71										1
TOTAL.	1294	793		190								<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
SANTA MONICA - 6250076B	878	313		64			_						1	
VOTE BY MAN.	0	178		37						1		1		
FOTAL	878	491		101			L	L				<u> </u>	1	
BANTA MONICA - 6260078A	828	262		67			1							
YOTE BY MAIL	0	132		•	•					l	1	1		
TOTAL	628	394		95										
BANTA MONICA - 6250081A	1103	404	140	117			1				1			
VOTE BY MAIL	0	145	ŧ	32			1	1	l	l	1	1		1
FOTAL	1103	549	171	149	199					•				1

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL ELECTION								11/04/14			128,4	- PAGE - 143	08 of 1454
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		SANTA MON RENT CON	ICA CITY GE ITROL BOAR	N MUNI D				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT			Modern Company	Serenan.	Š									
LOCATION	REGIST- PATION	BALLOTS CAST	**************************************	Sep.	N. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S.	ŀ	i 1		l 1	!		1		į.
SANTA MONICA - 6250083A	1180	417	110	105	106		-					ļ	!	
VOTE BY MAIL	0	216	60	53	44							1	1	
TOTAL.	1180	633	170	158	150							1		
SANTA MONICA - 6250085A	1262	374	92	88	81									
VOTE BY MAIL		247	68	72	65							1	j	
TOTAL	1252	621	160	154	146							•	i ·	
SANTA MONICA - 6250088A	1207	537	121	108	113					····		<u> </u>		
VOTE BY MAIL	1	283		57	56	l	1	l				l		
FOTAL	1207	820	185	165	169			[1	
SANTA MONICA - 6250092A	1231	363	113	84	91								 	
VOTE BY MAIL	1 1	233		63	55									
TOTAL	1231	596	179	167	146			l					1	1
SANTA MONICA - 6250094B	943	284	78	71	88		 		ļi				ļ	
VOTE BY MAIL	0	181	70 54	56	44							1		
TOTAL	943	465	130	127	112				Į i			l	1	
SANTA MONICA - 6250085A	1311	353	125	107	86		<u> </u>	ļ	ļ			\$26	ļ	
VOTE BY MAIL	1911	353 257	125 71	69 101	63	ļ								
TOTAL	1311	207 819	#1 196	176	149	l .						ŀ		1
SANTA MONICA - 6250098A	1199	383	123	105	103	<u> </u>	ļ					ļ		
VOTE BY MAIL	1199	190		38	1									
TOTAL					46	1								ļ
SANTA MONICA - 6250108A	1189	573	169	143	149									
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	955	271	70	58	58							l	ļ.	
VOTE BY MAIL	0	193		49	44	l						[1	
TOTAL	965	464	122	105	100							<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
SANTA MONICA - 6259107A	1181	378	100	99	87	1							1	1
VOTE BY MAIL	0	256		69		1						•	1	
FOTAL .	1181	634	176	168	151		ļ							
BANTA MONICA - 6250110D	910	208		74	70]							
VOTE BY MAIL	0	157		43	46	l	İ						J	
FOTAL	910	455	144	117	116			ļ						
SANTA MONICA - 6250113A	1972	342		91	83			1				1		
VOTE BY MAIL	0	238		67	62	1	1					ł	1	l
TOTAL	1372	560	182	15B	145	ļ		ļ					<u> </u>	<u> </u>
BANTA MONICA - 6250121A	1205	371	107	89	89	l						1		
VOTE BY MAIL	0	183		48		ł		l				ł	1	
FOTAL	1205	554		137	130							<u> </u>	<u> </u>	ļ
IANTA MONICA - 6250125A	1136	365		67	67	l		ļ					1	
VOTE BY MAIL	0	242		35	36	l	1					1	1]
rotal.	1138	627	123	102	103	1	l l	1	I	1		1	1	}

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL ELECTION						1	1/04/14			120,5	• PAGE • 1430	19 of 14548
			SANTA MON RENT CON	ICA CITY GE ITROL BOAR	N MUNI O								
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PREGINCT			ST THE STOWN	SEE OUT	Š								
LOCATION	REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	No.	SEE.	Part age	ĺ	ı	1	ſ	1		1 1	
BANTA MONICA - 6250127A VOTE BY MAIL FOTAL	1072 0 1072	374 169	122	106 47 153	97 43 140								
SANTA MONICA - 6250128A VOTE BY MAIL FOTAL	678 0 678	290 236	43 33	35 28 63	39				<u>-</u>				
SANTA MONICA - 6250128C* VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	83 0 83	0 54	0 10	0 10 10	0 10 10			-		,			
BALLOT GROUP 181 - 9990181A VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	0	Q 4		3	0 2 2					·····			
		. "		· · · · ·	•								
	ļ										18%		
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OUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL ELECTION						1	11/04/14		 128,8	- PAGE - 143	10 of 14548
				ICA CITY GE ITROL BOAR	N MUNI D					 		
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT			A. Markey Mark	SPER CHON	, S							
LOCATION	REDIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	A STATE OF THE STA	A STATE OF THE STA	Se Se Se Se Se Se Se Se Se Se Se Se Se S	l 1			! 1	1	i i	
REGINCT TOTAL 18M TOTAL 1ROUP TOTAL	58 8 03	17875 10454	5101	4325 2418 3	4206 2272 2							
FRAND TOTAL	6880	3		6746	6480					 		
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										84:		
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COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL ELECTION								11/04/14			129.1	- PAGE - 14	311 of 14 5 4
			SANTA MON MEASURE	IICA CITY SE	C MUNI							*****		
FINAL OFFICIAL			WENDONE	U										
STATEMENT OF YOTES CAST														
BY PRECINCT														
	REGIST-	BALLOTS												
LOCATION	RATION	CAST	₹8°	18			1 :							
SANTA MONICA - 6250001A				1		<u> </u>				<u> </u>			ļ	ļ
VOTE BY MAIL	893		134 88	155 97					l				1	
TOTAL									İ		ł		1	Į.
SANTA MONICA - 6250083C	893 1911			262 171		ļ			<u> </u>			ļ	ļ	
VOTE BY MAIL	[•				l				l	1
TOTAL	10			93		1	1						1	
SANTA MONICA - 6250005A	3011		269	264		<u> </u>							↓	
VOTE BY MAIL	1184	1	149	213									1	
TOTAL	0	186	78	87	1	,	i i				1			
SANTA MONICA - 6250006A	1184	594	227	300								<u> </u>		ļ
VOTE BY MAIL	1079		166	188)	1]		1	
TOTAL	0			96	1			1			1		1	
	1070			284										<u> </u>
SANTA MONICA - 6250008A VOTE BY MAIL	1132	1		133	1				1				1	
TOTAL		1			I	1							1	ł
BANTA MONICA - 6250010E	1132			234					<u> </u>				ļ	ļ
VOTE BY MAIL	1102			147						l	}			1
TOTAL	I "	1 170		98	1			1					l	
SANTA MONICA - 6250011A	1102			245					ļ				ļ	ļ
	1103			129		-						l	1	
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	ı ,	216		85	1					1	1	1]
	1103			214				-	ļ			 	<u> </u>	ļ
VOTE BY MAIL	1247			193	1					'	l		1	i
TOTAL	6	309		141]				1	İ	Ì		ļ
SANTA MONICA - 6250016A	1247			334			ļ		ļ			<u></u>	ļ	ļ
VOTE BY MAIL	1326	2		198	1]					l	ł	ļ	1
TOTAL	1 "	1		115	4					İ	İ	1		1
SANTA MONICA - 6250017A	1326			311			ļ				ļ			<u> </u>
YOTE BY MAIL	1281			237						l				1
TOTAL	. 0	1 ***		139									İ	1
SANTA MONICA - 6250018A	1281			376			<u> </u>			ļ				
VOTE BY MAIL	1365			113	1]	1	1
TOTAL	0			88	1		Ī							ĺ
SANTA MONICA - 6250020A	1965			201			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	ļ	 	ļ		 	
VOTE BY MAIL	I		155	158		1	1	l	1		}	ł	Ī	1
TOTAL	0	1		57								l	İ	
SANTA MONICA - 6250024A	1066			215		!	 				<u> </u>	ļ	ļ	ļ
VOTE BY MAIL	763			92			1	1				i		1
TOTAL	0	1		48	1		ļ	I				1]	
I O I ME	763	317	128	140	l .	I	t	I	I	l	I	i		1

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL ELECTION								11/04/14			129.2	-PAGE - 143	312 of 14541
			SANTA MON MEASURE	IICA CITY SP D	CMUNI									
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT														
LOCATION	REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	N.	₽.		1	l !	ĺ	1	[ļ	1	1
SANTA MONICA - 6250025B	1093	237	102	108										
VOTE BY MAIL	0	126	53	61					1					
OTAL	1093		155	169]	
SANTA MONICA - 6250026A	1194	449	121	268										
VOTE BY MAIL	0	260	79	154				l		1				
TOTAL	1194		200	442					<u> </u>	L		L	1	L
SANTA MONICA - 6250029A	752	251	86	146								1	1	
VOTE BY MAIL	0		76	73				1	l			1	1	
fotal,	762		162	219										
SANTA MONICA - 6250032A	1123	307	119	162										1
VOTE BY MAIL	0	229	107	84				1				Ì	1	{
TOTAL	1123		226	256										
SANTA MONICA - 6250094A	1165	382	150	185										
VOTE BY MAIL	0	201	87	83			l		1			1	1	l
FOTAL.	1165	563	237	268			L				j			<u> </u>
SÁNTA MONICA - 6250038B	1149	332	130	164								33%	1	
VOTE BY MAIL	0	169	83	78								Į.		
FOTAL	1140		223	242			L		l	l		l		l
SANTA MONICA - 6250041A	1275	319	129	154										
VOTE BY MAIL	0	208	67	91	•								1	l
TOTAL.	1275		216	245				<u> </u>				<u> L</u>		<u> </u>
SANTA MONICA - 6250045A	1204	309	127	135								1		ļ
VOTE BY MAIL	0	186	85	79					1	1				1
TOTAL	1204		212	214	l		1							
SANTA MONIGA - 6250048A	1263		145	173										
VOTE BY MAIL	0		67	103				1	1	l]			1
TOTAL.	1263		212	276				L		L	İ	<u> </u>		
BANTA MONICA - 6250050A	1012		96	153				1						
VOTE BY MAIL	0			61	1 .			1		l		1	1	
FOTAL	1012		161	214				L	<u></u>	<u> </u>	L	<u> </u>	1	L
SANTA MONICA - 6250051A	1237		144	165						1				
VOTE BY MAIL	0			79					1			1		
TOTAL.	1237		240	244										
SANTA MONICA - 8250052B	901		97	88						1			1	1
VOTE BY MAIL	0	•	43		1				Į.	1	1	1		
TOTAL	901			141	<u> </u>					<u></u>		<u></u>		
SANTA MONIGA - 6250053A	1252		97	133						T				1
YOTE BY MAIL	0		99		l		l		l	1		1	1	1
TOTAL	1252	461	196	197										l .

	GENERAL ELECTION								11/04/14			129.3	-PAGE - 14	J13 OF 14541
			SANTA MON MEASURE	IICA CITY SP	C MUNI									
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT		,												
LOCATION	REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	<u>D</u>	Đ	1	i	ı	ŗ :	1	1	ı	ı	1	ţ
ANTA MONICA • 6250056A	954	121	48	55			 						1	<u> </u>
VOTE BY MAIL	0	79		24										
TOTAL	954	200		79]
SANTA MONICA - 0250060A	873	183		93										-
VOTE BY MAIL		124		57				Ì			1		1	
TOTAL	873	307	125	150										
ANTA MONICA - 6250061A	991	289		141									1	
VOTE BY MAIL	0	86		48								l	1	
OTAL.	991	375	148	189			l					l		
SANTA MONICA - 8250062A	887	251	101	121										
VOTE BY MAIL	0	94	39	40			į .	[1			
TOTAL.	887	345	140	181				ĺ					1	
SANTA MONICA - 6250067A	944	323	107	189			<u> </u>						· · · · ·	1
VOTE BY MAIL	0	129	36	78				1	1			l		
OTAL	. 944	452	143	267		l	ļ					傲,	1	l
IANTA MONICA - 6260088D	582	177	49	109					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
VOTE BY MAIL	1 0	65	26	47	ŀ		İ	ŀ				1		į
OTAL	582	262	75	156	1	l	ļ	[1	
FANTA MONICA - 6250089A	1149	385	94	257										
VOTE BY MAIL	0	207		122	-	l		Ì					1	
OTAL	1149	592		379	·		1			ŀ		[1	1
SANTA MONICA - 6250070A	1101	337	86	230	[1
VOTE BY MAIL	0	224	58	145			1			}	l	l	1	
OTAL	1101	561	144	375				1			l	İ	1	1
SANTA MONICA - 6250071A	930	247	89	121							Γ		T	1
VOTE BY MAIL	1 0	99		45				1				1		
OTAL	930	346		166		L		L					1	
IANTA MONICA - 6250072A	1294	522		346										
VOTE BY MAIL	0	271		161	ł			1	1	l		l		1
OTAL	1294	793		507	<u> </u>	L	L	L					<u> </u>	
SANTA MONICA - 6250076B	878	313		201										
VOTE BY MAIL	0	178	F .	115		l	1		1			1		
OTAL	878			316										
SANTA MONICA - 6260078A	826	262		186				1						
VOTE BY MAIL	O	132		67		1	1					!	1	1
OTAL	826			233		L			.			<u></u>	L	1
SANTA MONECA - 8250081A	1103	404		251										
VOTE BY MAIL	0 1103	145 549		84 335	l	l		İ	1			ļ	1	1
TOTAL			169											

SANTA MONECA - CITY SPC MUNIN MERCHET D' NOTES MAN TO MOYES CAST BY PRECINCT LOCATION PROTIET PATION PATION PATION PATION	COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL ELECTION							1	11/04/14			129,4	PAGE - 143	14 of 14548
STATEMENT OF YOTIES CAST BY PREDINCT LOCATION REGIST PATION LOCATON REGIST PATION LOCATON REGIST PATION LOCATON REGIST PATION LOCATON REGIST PATION LOCATON REGIST PATION LOCATON REGIST PATION LOCATON LOCATON REGIST PATION LOCATO		The state of the s				CMUNI									
ANTA MONICA - 0550089A 1189 477 115 270 1188	STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST														
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VOTE BY MAIL O 216 61 198 FORTAL 1165 633 176 414 SANTA MONICA - 0250085A 1252 376 81 279 VOTE BY MAIL O 247 75 162 TOTAL 1282 621 166 411 SANTA MONICA - 0250089A 1287 587 96 421 VOTE BY MAIL O 233 52 215 TOTAL 1267 820 148 630 ANTA MONICA - 0250089A 1297 587 96 421 VOTE BY MAIL O 233 15 141 TOTAL 1267 820 148 630 ANTA MONICA - 0250089A 1297 980 148 630 NOTE BY MAIL O 233 15 141 TOTAL 1287 820 148 630 TOTAL 1281 1291 980 102 300 100 NOTE BY MAIL O 101 11 77 82 TOTAL 94 45 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 10	SANTA MONICA - 6250083A	1180	417	115	270	*********									
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VOTE BY MAIL 9															
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TOTAL	YOTE BY MAIL	o l			105	·									
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VOTE BY MAIL 0 242 109 107											i — —		t	1	1
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VOTE BY MAIL 0 169 54 97 TOTAL 1672 643 169 319 SANTA MONICA - 6260128A 878 280 112 133 VOTE BY MAIL 0 236 80 117 TOTAL 878 526 192 250 SANTA MONICA - 6260128C' 83 0 0 0 VOTE BY MAIL 0 54 23 25 TOTAL 83 54 23 25 BALLOT GROUP 181 - 9990181A 0 0 4 2 2
RATION CAST 4 1072 374 106 222 VOTE BY MAIL 0 168 54 97 1071L 1072 543 169 319 1071L 1072 543 169 319 1071L 1072 543 169 319 1071L 1
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VOTE BY MAIL 0 238 80 117 TOTAL 878 528 192 250 SANTA MONICA - 9260128C' 83 0 0 0 VOTE BY MAIL 0 54 23 25 TOTAL 83 54 23 25 BALLOT GROUP 181 - 9990181A 0 4 2 2 TOTAL 0 4 2 2
TOTAL 878 526 192 250 SANTA MONICA - 6250128C* 83 0 0 0 VOTE BY MAIL 0 54 23 25 TOTAL 83 54 23 25 BALLOT GROUP 181 - 99\$0181A 0 0 0 VOTE BY MAIL 0 4 2 2 TOTAL 0 4 2 2
SANTA MONICA - 6250126C* VOTE BY MAIL 0 54 23 25 TOTAL 83 54 23 25 BALLOT GROUP 181 - 9950181A 0 0 0 VOTE BY MARL 0 4 2 2 TOTAL 0 4 2 2
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL 83 54 23 25 BALLOT GROUP 181 - 9950181A 0 0 4 2 2 TOTAL 0 4 2 2 TOTAL
TOTAL 83 54 23 25 BALLOT GROUP 181 - 9990181A 0 0 0 0 VOTE BY MAIL 0 4 2 2 2 TOTAL 0 4 2 2
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VOTE BY MARIL 0 4 2 2 TOTAL 0 4 2 2
TOTAL 0 4 2 2

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL ELECTION							1	1/04/14			129.6	- PAGE - 142	316 of 14548
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST			SANTA MON MEASURE	IICA CITY SP D	MUNI			•	•		•	-		
BY PRECINCT	***********************													
LOCATION	REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	TA .	\$	· [1	!	ĺ	1				l	ı	}
PRECINCT TOTAL VBM TOTAL GROUP TOTAL	58803 0			9511 5175 2							,			
GRAND TOTAL	56803	26333		14666										
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COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES •	GENERAL ELECTION								11/04/14			130,1	- PAGE - 143	317 of 14546
			SANTA MON MEASURE		C MUNI									
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT														
LOCATION	REGIST- PATION	BALLOTS CAST	S	1 €	1	ı	I	I :	ı	1	ı	l		!
BANTA MONICA - 8250001A	893	317	88	172								ļ	1	
VOTE BY MAIL	0	215		119	İ		1						1	
TOTAL	893	532	137	291			}	l						1
SANTA MONICA - 6250093C	1011	333	107	163									1	
VOTE BY MAIL	0	255	54	161	I			1						
TOTAL.	1011	688	161	324	1		l	l			ł			
SANTA MONICA - 6250005A	1184	408	197	139	1		T	l	<u> </u>	l	l	<u> </u>		1
VOTE BY MAIL	0	186	73	70	1		I	l			1			1
TOTAL.	1184	594	270	218	1		I				1			1
GANTA MONICA - 6260000A	1079	423	187	146									1	
VOTE BY MAIL	0	191	72	83			ļ							Į
FOTAL	1079	614	259	229]		1	1
SANTA MONICA - 62600D8A	1132	299	130	121										<u> </u>
VOTE BY MAIL	0	250	89	129							i			1
OTAL	1132	559	219	250										
SANTA MONICA - 6250010E	1102	309	142	f09							 	169	1	
VOTE BY MAIL	0	199	80	90	ļ						ł	1	1	
OTAL	1102	508	222	199										1
BANTA MONICA - 6250011A	1103	296	143	94				******			ļ	<u> </u>		1
VOTE BY MAIL	0	218	98	75	ĺ				ŀ	1	1			1
TOTAL	1103	512	241	169		l	ļ					1		1
SANTA MONICA - 62500159	1247	416	151	195	· · · · · ·						1		—	
VOTE BY MAIL	0	300	110	141	l				ł			1		1
TOTAL	1247	726	261	336	1		1		İ			l	1	l
SANTA MONICA - 6250016A	1328	403	153	191	1	l	T		<u> </u>			1	T	1
VOTE BY MAIL	0	268	95	128		l								1
TOTAL	1328	659	248	319	1		1	1	1		1		1	1
SANTA MONICA - 6250017A	1281	474	117	260					· · · · · ·		l		1	1
VOTE BY MAIL	0	306		178]	l	l				l	ĺ	1	I
OTAL	1281	780	184	438	1	l		l	[1
SANTA MONICA - 8250019A	1365	287	121	192	Ţ			ļ	l		<u> </u>	T	1	l
VOTE BY MAIL	0	205	94	66	1	l	1	l	ŀ		Ī			l
OTAL	1365	492	216	168	1	1	1	1	1]	[1	1	1
SANTA MONICA - 6250020A	1066	391	160	110	· · · · ·							1		1
VOTE BY MAIL	0	151	81	49	1			1						1
TOTAL.	1066	532	249	159	1	l			l -		1		1	ĺ
SANTA MONECA - 6250824A	763	219	95	81	1		1	1	····		· · · · · ·	 	1	T
VOTE BY MAIL	9	98		36	1				l	1	Į.			1
	763			117		•			t .			1		1

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL ELECTION								11/04/14			130,2	- PAGE - 145	118 of 14541
			SANTA MON	HCA GITY SP	CHUN	************								
			MEASURE	F\$										
FINAL OFFICIAL														
STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST														
BY PRECINCY														
LOCATION	REGIST-	BALLOTS	Po.											
250///01	PATION	CAST	Æ	₽	Į	i	1	1			i i	ļ	I .	1
SANTA MONICA - 6250025B	1093	237	101	98									1	
VOTE BY MAIL	0	126	61	52			[1	1	
TOTAL.	1093	363	162	150		İ	l					1		
BANTA MONICA - 6250028A	1194	449	188	181									T	l
VOTE BY MAIL	0	260	101	199										
OTAL	1194	709	289	260									İ	1
ANTA MONECA - 6250029A	752	251	74	142			i							1
VOTE BY MAIL	9	166	. 38	100			į .	l						
TOTAL.	762	417	112	242	İ			l]	1
SANTA MONICA - 6250032A	1123	307	124	136										1
VOTE BY MAIL	0	228	101	102				l						
OTAL	1123	538	225	238	İ		ŀ					i		
SANTA MONICA - 6250034A	1165	382	183	127										
VOTE BY MAIL	o	261	94	72	[ļ				1	1	1	
OTAL	1105	583	277	199		1	ŀ				{	l		
BANTA MONICA - 6250036B	1149	332	164	111		i					· ·	FA:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
VOTE BY MAIL	l o	189	88	75			ŀ	ŀ					i	!
TOTAL	1149	521	252	186					Ì					
SANTA MONICA - 6250041A	1275	319		104	~~~~~~				 		 		·	
VOTE BY MAIL	0	208	39	76		i	ļ	1			ļ			1
TOTAL.	1275	527	263	180		1	ļ.	l	•				1	l
SANTA MONICA - 6250045A	1204	308	146	109										1
VOTE BY MAIL	8	188	79	75		l	İ]	1				1	1
TOTAL	1204	495	225	184							į			
SANTA MONICA - 6250046A	1263	364	186	129							1	l	1	· · · · ·
VOTE BY MAIL	1 0	194	91	72	ļ	1			l		1	ļ	1	
OTAL	1263	558	257	201	İ	1		1			1	1	1	ļ
SANTA MONICA - 6250050A	1012	291		84							· · · · · ·		† · · · · ·	
VOTE BY MAIL	0	145	71	48				ł	1	1	Ì		1	
OTAL	1012	436	228	132				1	1	l .			1	
SANTA MONICA - 6268051A	1237	385	156	138		 					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 	1	†
VOTE BY MAIL	0	198	87	77			1	l			1			
TOTAL	1237	583		215						ŀ	t	1	1	1
SANTA MONICA - 8256052B	901	209	113	67		1		·			T	1	<u> </u>	
YOTE BY MAIL	0	117		35	·		1	1				1	1	1
TOTAL	901		175	102		l	1		1	1		l	1	1
SANTA MONICA - 6250053A	1252	261	126	93		T	 	 			 		<u> </u>	1
YOTE BY MAIL	0	200		73		l			1	1		ŀ		1
														1

OUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL ELECTION								11/04/14			130.3	-PAGE - 14	319 of 14548
	.		SANTA MON MEASURE	ICA CITY SP FS	CWON				•					
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT														
LOCATION	REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CASY	Ð	₹	I	I	1 !	l :	l 1	i 1	I	ı	ı	1
ANTA MONICA - 6250056A	\$54	121	53	40									1	
VOTE BY MAIL	0	79	34	22										
OTAL	954	200	87	69									1	ļ
ANTA MONICA - 6250080A	873	183	87	72										
VOTE BY MAIL	0	124	57	44		l						l		
OTAL	873	307	144	118	L	1						1	1	1
ANTA MONICA - 6250061A	991	289	149	95										
VOTE BY MAIL	0	86	43	31										
OTAL	991	375	192	126]		
ANTA MONICA - 6250062A	887	251	108	106										
VOTE BY MAIL	0	94	34	45								l	1	
OTAL	887	345	142	151		İ						l	1	1
ANTA MONICA - 6250867A	944	323	175	89		1								
VOTE BY MAIL	0	129	62	41		Ì								
OTAL	944	452	237	140								- X		
ANTA MONICA - 6250068D	582	177	82	60										
VOTE BY MAIL	0	85	31	38								l		1
OTAL .	582			98							<u> </u>	L		<u> </u>
ANTA MONICA - 6250069A	1149	385	166	153										
VOTE BY MAIL	0	207	87	81	1								1	1
OTAL	1149	592	263	234					l			1.	1	1
ANTA MONICA - 6250070A	1101	337	154	144										
VOTE BY MAIL	g c	224	92	84	l				1			1		1
OTAL	1101	561	246	238					1			į	1	
ANTA MONICA - 6250071A	930	247		67					[
VOTE BY MAIL	0	\$9		34	I	1				i				
OTAL.	930	346	186	101				L					İ	
ANTA MONICA - 6250072A	1294	522	217	213										
VOTE BY MAIL	9	271	114	116		1		1				ĺ		1
OTAL	1294	793		329	L	l						1		1
ANTA MONICA - 6250076B	878	313	116	148									1	
VOTE BY MAIL,	0	176		76		1	1		1				ł	
OTAL	878			224			L	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
IANTA MONICA - 6250078A	826			111			l		1		l			1
VOTE BY MAIL	0	4	3	63									1	1
OTAL	826			174			L					<u> </u>		
ANTA MONICA - 6250861A	1103	1	,	130										
VOTE BY MAIL] 0	145	67	61	1	1				1			1	
OTAL	1103	549	278	191										

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL ELECTION				•			1	1/04/14			130.4	- PAGE - 143	20 of 14548
			SANTA MON MEASURE		MUNI									
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PREGINCT														
LOCATION	REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	Ø.	₽	ı	i	1	i	1	ı		1		l
BANTA MONICA - 6250083A	1180	417	192	172										
VOTE BY MAIL	0	216	91	85				Ì		j				
TOTAL	1180	633	283	257										
SANTA MONICA - 6260085A	1252	374	159	149										
VOTE BY MAIL	a	247	95	122				l		ļ				
TOTAL	1252	621	254	271				.					ļ	
SANTA MONICA - 8250089A	1207	537	186	264		·								
VOTE BY MAIL	0	283	100	142										į
TOTAL	1207	820	286	406								l		1
SANTA MONICA - 6250092A	1231	363	188	131								[<u> </u>	I
VOTE BY MAIL	0	233	103	97			1					1		1
TOTAL	1231	5 98	291	228									1	١.
SANTA MONICA - 6250094B	943	284	125	113									1	
VOTE BY MAIL	lo	181	84	85								}		1
FOTAL	943	465	219	178									1	1
SANTA MONICA - 6250095A	1311	353	173	107								A. ,		
VOTE BY MAIL	0	257	113	95										[
TOTAL	1311	616	286	202									1	
SANTA MONICA - 6250098A	1199	383	167	150							-			
VOTE BY MAIL	0	190	81	76									1	į
TOTAL	1199	573	246	226								"		1
SANTA MONICA - 6258108A	955	271	120	103										
VOTE BY MAIL		193	58	61]		i
TOTAL	955	464	208	164							ĺ	l		1
SANTA MONICA - 6250107A	1181		178	113									1	
VOTE BY MAIL	Ó	ı								ł	1	l		1
TOTAL	1181		280	221	·							ļ		
SANTA MONICA - 6250110D	910			89								1	T	T
VOTE BY MAIL	1 0	1		41					1		ŀ			1
TOTAL	910	455	230	130				1	1					
SANTA MONICA - 6250113A	1372			113					· · · · · ·			1	1	1
WOTE BY MAIL		1		66					1		l			1
TOTAL	1372			179		ł		l	1	1	l	1		
SANTA MONECA - 6250121A	1209		163	123						· · · · · ·	l	1	1	
VOTE BY MAIL	"	•		65		l					ļ	1	1	1
TOTAL	1206			188		l		l	i	l			1	[
SANTA MONICA - 6250126A	1138			183								1	T	1
VOTE BY MAIL		¥		138		ĺ		l	l	l		I	1	
TOTAL	1138	f		321	Į			ļ	l	1		1	1	1
		1	1	1	i	i		ĺ	l	l	1	1	1	1

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL ELECTION							1	11/04/14			130,6	- PAGE - 143	21 of 14548
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST			SANTA MON MEASURE	IICA CITY SP FS	C MUNI					•	•••			
BY PRECINCT LOCATION	REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	E C	ا چ										
SANTA MONICA - 6250127A	1072	374	199	105								,	ļ. 	
VOTE BY MAIL	10/2	169		58			·							
TOTAL	1072	543		164										
SANTA MONICA - 6250128A	878	290	69	154						······································				
VOTE BY MAIL	0	236	65	121									1 1	
TOTAL	876	526	131	276										
SANTA MONICA - 62501280° VOTE BY MAIL	89	0	0	0										
TOTAL	89	54 54	20 20	30 30		l]	
BALLOT GROUP 181 - 9990181A	0		0	0									 	
VOTE BY MAIL	ō	4	1	Š]	
TOTAL.	0	4	1	3									<u> </u>	
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	1 1		1	ŧ	1	ŧ	l .	1	1		1		1	

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL ELECTION							11/04/14		130.6	- PAGE - 143	22 of 14548
Final Official Statement of Votes Cast By Preginct			SANTA MON MEASURE	IICA CITY SP FS	CMUN							
LOCATION	REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	Ý3	£	 		i i	 i 1	· ! !	 1	1 1	
PREGINCT TOTAL VBM TOTAL GROUP TOTAL	58803 0 0	17875 10454 4		6915 4407 3				 ,_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				
GRAND TOTAL	58803	28333		11325								
										(A)		
						·						

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL ELECTION								11/04/14			131,1	PAGE -	14329 of 1454
			SANTA MON MEASURE	IICA CITY SF H	C MUNI									
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT														
LOCATION	REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	₽.	١٩٥	1	1	1 :	1	1 1	l	1 1	ļ	i	1
SANTA MONICA - 6250001A	893	317	58	228		 							-	-
VOTE BY MAIL	ا "مَّا	215		157									1	
TOTAL	893	532	t I	385									1	-
SANTA MONICA - 6250003C	1011	333		228									 	
YOTE BY MAIL	0	265		183	İ	į					Ì		1	1
TOTAL.	1011	588		415				1					1	
SANTA MONICA - 6250005A	1184	408		194									+	-
VOTE BY MAIL	1 10	186		95				1					1	1
TOTAL	1184	594		269	4									
SANTA MONICA - 6250008A	1079	429		185						~~~~ ~~~			-	
VOTE BY MAIL	1 0	191		101	1		1							
TOTAL.	1079	614		286	1						l i		1	
SANTA MONICA - 6250008A	1132			150									+	
VOTE BY MAIL	0			159	1				ŀ				1	1
TOTAL	1132	,		309	1	ŀ			:				1	-
SANTA MONICA - 6250010E	1/02			163		 						A	1-	+
VOTE BY MAIL	1 0			100	1								1	-
FOTAL	1102			263		{			Į				1	
SANTA MONICA - 6250011A	1103			103		<u> </u>			<u> </u>	·	***********		1	
VOTE BY MAIL	0			87	1				1			1		
TOTAL	1103			190	1				1				1	-
SANTA MONICA - 6250015B	1247			244		 							+	+
VOTE BY MAIL	""			201	4				ł			l		
FOTAL	1247			445	1									
SANTA MONICA - 6250016A	1328			221	 								+	
VOTE BY MAIL		255		148	1									
FOTAL	1328	659		369				l		l	l			
SANTA MONICA - 6250017A	1281	474		325		 		 		<u> </u>			 	
VOTE BY MAIL	1 0			216	1	1				ļ			1	1
TOTAL	1281	780		541	1			İ					1	
SANTA MONICA - 6250019A	1365			117					 			 	1	+
VOTE BY MAIL	1 0	205		74	1	1				ŀ				1
FOTAL	1365			191]		-
SANTA MONICA - 8250020A	1068			152	-1	 		1	 		!	 	+	
VOTE BY MAIL	1 0	151	3	77			1						1	
TOTAL	1086			229			1	1	1		1			-
SANTA MONICA - 6250024A	763		1	79		 	 	 		 	 		+	+-
VOTE BY MAIL	1 70	98		39	1			1	-		1		1	1
								1	t	1	•			1

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL ELECTION								11/04/14 .			131.2	- PAGE - 143	24 of 14546
			SANTA MON MEASURE	IICA CITY SP H	C MUNI				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT														
LOCATION	REGIST- PATION	BALLOTS CAST	Ą	€	1	1	ı	1	l :	i	1	l	1 1	
SANTA MONICA - 62500258	1093	237	88	117									1	
VOTE BY MAIL	1 0	128	58	48							Į.		1	
TOTAL	1093	363	148	165			1				į ·	ļ		
SANTA MONICA - 6250026A	1194	449	156	236										
VOTE BY MAIL	1 0	260	85	142	1									
FOTAL.	1194	709	241	376	1			i				1	1	
SANTA MONICA - 6250029A	752	251	51	181				<u> </u>				1	T	
YOTE BY MAIL	0	168		124	i							ĺ		
FOTAL.	752	417	73	305	L	<u> </u>						1	1	
SANTA MONICA - 6250032A	1123	307	96	167										
VOTE BY MAIL	0	229	78	123								l		
FOTAL.	1123	536	174	290	1		l					1		
SANTA MONICA - 6250034A	1165	382	157	157			·		***************************************			1		
VOTE BY MAIL	0	201	83	89	1		i				l			
TOTAL	1165	583	240	246	1		!	l				ļ		
SANTA MONICA - 6250036B	1149	332	138	141								a.		
VOTE BY MALL	1 0	189	68	100			l				l			
TOTAL	1149	621	206	241				l			1	1		
SANTA MONICA - 8250041A	1275	319	153	121							1	1		
VOTE BY MAIL	1 0	208	92	79		ļ		i				l		
TOTAL	1276	527	245	200			l	i]			
SANTA MONICA - 6260045A	1204	309	123	142				1]	1		
VOTE BY MAIL		186	54	92	ļ		ł	1			[
TOTAL.	1204	495	187	234] .	1			1	l		
SANTA MONICA - 6250048A	1263	384	139	164		1					-	1		
VOTE BY MAIL	1 0	194	79	85]		i				į.	l	1	
TOTAL.	1263	558	218	249	1		i	1				l	1	
SANTA MONICA • 6250050A	1012	291	135	107								1		
VOTE BY MAIL	0	145	65	60	1			1		1	}			
TOTAL	1012	436	200	167							1 .			
SANTA MONICA - 6250051A	1237	385	131	163			l				T	1		
VOTE BY MAIL	- 0	198	78	94				1		ĺ	1			i
TOTAL	1237		209	257	1	L					1			l
SANTA MONICA - 6250052B	991	209	89	86				1	1			1		
VOTE BY MAIL		117	84	35	1	1		1			1	l		
TOTAL	901	326	157	121	<u> </u>	L						l		l
SANTA MONICA - 8258053A	1252	281	164	123				T			T	1	T	<u> </u>
VOTE BY MAIL	0	200	. 70	89	İ	l		1	Ī	İ	}	1		
TOTAL	1252	461	174	212	I	1	1	1	1	1	ŀ	[1	

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES •	GENERAL ELECTION							1	11/04/14			131.3	- PAGE - 143	125 of 14548
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCY			SANTA MON MEASURE		CMUMI			, , , , , ,						
LOCATION	REGIST- PATION	BALLOTS CAST	& I	\$			ļ	. !					į	1 .
SANTA MONICA - 6250056A	954	121	51	47			~							
VOTE BY MAIL	0	78	25	36			- 1						1	
FOTAL	954	200	76	B3									<u> </u>	ļ <u>. </u>
SANTA MONICA - 6250060A	873	183	76	93									1	İ
VÔTE BY MAIL	0	124	52	54									1	
TOTAL	873	307	128	147			***************************************						<u> </u>	↓
BANTA MONICA - 825006TA	991	289	161	87										
VOTE BY MAIL	0	86	46	33								İ		1
TOTAL	991	376	207	126					ļ		<u> </u>			├
SANTA MONICA - 6250062A	887	251	121	98									i	1
VOTE BY MAIL	1 0	94	30	47										ļ
TOTAL	887	345	151	145					ļ				<u> </u>	
SANTA MONICA - 6260067A	944		156	131								l		1
VOTE BY MAIL	٥			. 60							1	l		1
TOTAL	944	452		191								<u> </u>		├ ──
SANTA MONICA - 6256068D	582	1 1		74								85		
VOTE BY MAIL	0			49					1					1
TOTAL	682			123					ļ. 		ļ			
SANTA MONICA - 6250069A	1149	i .		202					1	1	ļ			
VOTE BY MAIL	0			86				•	1	ŀ	1			1
TOTAL	1146			298		ļ					<u> </u>			├ ──
SANTA MONICA - 6250070A	1101			159		l .			[j		1	1	1
VOTE BY MAIL		224		125					[l		l		
TOTAL	1101		218	284	<u> </u>				 	 		 		
SANTA MONICA - 6250071A	930			85		1				1	1		Ī	1
VOTE BY MAIL	1 6	1	1	41		1			1	1			1	1
TOTAL	930			126 270	ļ	<u> </u>		 	 		 	 		+
SANTA MONICA - 6250072A	1294			162	1	1				1	1			
VOTE BY MAIL	129			162 432	1	1		1		1 .				
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250078B	129			190	 	 			 	 	ł	-	 	+
VOTE BY MAIL	(an	1		98	ļ.	l		1				1		1
TOTAL	676	1		286		l	-					1		
SANTA MONICA - 6258078A	820			124	 		-	 	 	 	 	 	+	1
VOTE BY MAIL	1 02	1	1	78	į						1	i		1
TOTAL	021			202					1		1			1
SANTA MONICA - 52500B1A	1103			149	 			 	 	 	†	 		†****
VOTE BY MAIL	110							1	1	1				1
				1		1	l	1	1	t	l .	l		1
TOTAL	1 110	549	259	216	i	4		1	1	1		1		

	GENERAL ELECTION								11/04/14			131.4	- PAGE - 14	326 of 1454
			SANTA MON	(ICA CITY SP	C MUNI			,,,,,						
FINAL OFFICIAL														
STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST			·											
BY PRECINCT					•									
LOCATION	HEGIST-	BALLOTS	F											
LACATION	RATION	CAST	Fa	₹ €	1	1	1	ı	1	1	i	I	ı	ı
ANTA MONICA - 6250083A	1180	417	165	208									 	
VOTE BY MAIL	0	216		3				Į						1
OTAL	1180	633	257	297	1									1
ANTA MONICA - 6250085A	1252	374	149	183									 	
VOTE BY MAIL	0	247	74	147	i .	` .								
OTAL,	1252	621	223	330		}						l		1
ANTA MONICA - 6250089A	1207	537	139	341								-		-
VOTE BY MAIL	0	283		177	1	1						•		ł
OTAL	1207	820	228	518		1						l		1
ANTA MONICA - 6250092A	1231	363	188	144	·	***************************************							 	
YOTE BY MAIL	0	233		126									1	
OTAL	1231	596		270	1]		l		1	1
ANTA MONICA - 6250094B	943	284	105	136								 	 	†
VOTE BY MAIL	0	181		75	1							l	1	
OTAL	943	465		211		ļ :				•		l	1	
ANTA MONICA - 6250095A	1311	353		150	 	·				<u> </u>		2.	 	-
VOTE BY MAIL	. 0	257		118	1		· .]		V. *:		
OTAL .	1311	610		268				i						
ANTA MONICA - 6250088A	1199	383	154	170						<u> </u>		 	 	
VOTE BY MAIL	0	190		74			1			1		İ		
OTAL	1199	573	241	244			1	•					1	
ANTA MONICA - 6250 108A	955	271	123	120						 			 	1
VOTE BY MAIL	1 0	193		74							İ			
OTAL	956	464	210	194				1			ì	l		
ANTA MONICA - 6256 107A	1181	378	148	169	1		-	 				·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
VOTE BY MAIL	1 0	266	89	136			1				ŀ	[
OTAL	1181	634	237	295							1			
ANTA MONICA - 6250110D	910	298	118	119										
VOTE BY MAIL	0	167			1		1	1	į		[ł	
OTAL	910	455	190	180	1				ļ		l	l	1	
ANTA MONICA - 6250113A	1372	342	131	167	1				 			-		\vdash
VOTE BY MAIL	0	238		103	1					1	l	ļ		
OTAL.	1372	560		270					1	[1	İ		
ANTA MONICA - 6250121A	1205	371	169	139				-				<u> </u>		
VOTE BY MAIL	0	183				l	1			1	l	1		
OTAL.	1205	654	251	210				İ		1				1
ANTA MONICA - 6250125A	1138	385		****	1		i	l					+	1
	i i				ŧ	1	i	1	1	l í	1	l .	1	1
VOTE BY MAIL	1 0	242	54	159	į.	1	ļ	1	1	1	1		1	1

DUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL ELECTION								11/04/14			131.5	- PAGE - 143	127 of 1454
	•		SANTA MOT MEASURE	NGA CITY S	PC MUNI			·						
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT														
LOCATION	REGIST- RATION	HALLOTS CAST	Æ.	١٩	1		l :	l	l i		i 1	ţ		1
NTA MONICA - 6250127A	1072	374		12										
ACTE BY MAIL	¢													
OTAL INTA MONICA - 6250128A	1072	543												
MOTE BY MAIL	878 0	290 236		19 16		•								1
OTAL MANIE	878													
ANTA MONICA • 6250128C*	83	0			;									
VOTE BY MAIL	0												}	
OTAL	83		10											<u> </u>
ALLOT GROUP 181 - 9990181A VOTE BY MAIL	0		0		2									
OTAL	0		2		2									l
				 										
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COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES •	GENERAL ELECTION								1/04/14			131,6	-PAGE - 1432	18 of 14546
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST			BANTA MON MEASURE	IICA CITY SPE	MUNI									
BY PRECINCT	REGIST-	BALLOTS												
LOCATION	RATION	CAST	₩.	₽.	. 1				1	I	ı		1 1	
PREGINCT TOTAL VBM TOTAL	55803 0			8590 5428										
GROUP TOTAL	Ĭ		2	2									i	
GRAND TOTAL	58803	28333	10364	14020									1	
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OUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL ELECTION							1	1/04/14			132.1	-PAGE - 143	29 of 14548
			SANTA MON MEASURE	IICA CITY SPO HH	MUNI		*							
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PREGINCT										•				
LOCATION	REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	B	1 € 1			1	1	1	1		1	1	1
ANTA MONICA - 6260801A	893	317	79	194										
VOTE BY MAIL	0	215	57	138]					
TATO	893	532	138	324									1	
SANTA MONICA - 6258003C	1011	333	91	191										
VOTE BY MAIL	a	255	84	166								l		
TOTAL.	1011	588	155	356										
SANTA MONICA - 6250805A	1184	406	190	155										
VOTE BY MAIL	0	186	70	93					1				1	
TOTAL	1184	594	260	248								<u> </u>	1	
ANTA MONICA - 6250008A	1079	423	206	151						-		1	1	
VOTE BY MAIL	0	191	78	81								1	1	
TOTAL	1079	814	284	232										<u> </u>
SANTA MONICA - 6250008A	1132	299	114	134									Ţ	
VOTE BY MAIL] 0	260	69	132							1			1
OTAL	1132	559	203	265							<u> </u>			
SANTA MONICA - 82500 TOE	1102	309	124	140							1	18k.		ļ
VOTE BY MAIL	0	199	74	88								l		l
TOTAL.	1102												1	
SANTA MONICA - 6250011A	1103	296	140	95								1		
VOTE BY MAIL		210	93	80		i							1	1
FOTAL	1103	612	233	176								15		
SANTA MONICA - 6260015B	1247	416	148	209									1	1
VOTE BY MAIL] 0	309	73	195		ŀ						1	1	
TOTAL.	1247	725	221	494										
BANTA MONICA - 6250016A	1328	403	154	196				,						
VOTE BY MAIL	0	268	85			1		l			l	1	1	1
TOTAL	1928				L		<u> </u>				<u> </u>			<u> </u>
BANTA MONICA - 6250017A	1281	474	115								1		1	
AQLE BA WYIT		306	66	195				1	٠.		1			1
TOTAL	1281					L	<u> </u>	· ·				<u> </u>		<u> </u>
SANTA MONICA - 6256019A	1365	267	127						1					1
VOTE BY MAIL	(1	ļ			1	l	1			1
TOTAL	1365				<u></u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>				ļ <u>.</u>	<u> </u>		1
SANTA MONICA - 6250020A	1066					1		-		1				
VOTE BY MAIL	(151				i	1		i			1	1	
TOTAL	1066	632	223		<u>L.</u>	<u> </u>						1		1
SANTA MONECA - 6250024A	76	3 219	102	72							_	1		
VOTE BY MAIL		o j 98	52	372	ļ	1		1			1			
		3 317	154											

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL ELECTION							•	11/04/14			132.2	- PAGE - 14	330 of 1454
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT			SANTA MON MEASURE	IICA CITY SP HIH	C MUNI				•					
LOCATION	REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	ŤĐ	₹	l 1	i i		l 1	i 1	ı	1	·	1	1
SANTA MONICA - 62500258	1093	237	110	96		***************************************							-	
VOTE BY MAIL	1 0			45										1
TOTAL	1093	363		141										
SANTA MONICA - 6250028A	1194	449		218										†
VOTE BY MAIL	0	260		124									1	1
TOTAL	1184	709		334								Į		
SANTA MONICA - 6250029A	752	251	70	161									1	
VOTE BY MAIL	0		1	117									1	1
OTAL	762	417		278					i i				1	Ì
SANTA MONICA - 6250092A	1123	307	117	148									1	
VOTE BY MAIL	0	229	77	123								İ	1	l
TOTAL	1123	536	. 194	271										1
SANTA MONICA - 6250034A	1165	382	173	140			*							
VOTE BY MAIL	1 0	201	87	79								l	İ	1
FOTAL	1165	583	280	219							1	ŀ		1
SANTA MONICA - 6250036B	1149	332	157	124								304	1	T
VOTE BY MAIL	0	189	93	73									1	1
TOTAL	1149	52i	250	197			i						1	1
SANTA MONICA - 6250041A	1275	319	173	103									1	
VOTE BY MAIL] 0	208	100	73									1	1
TOTAL	1275	627	273	178								. "		1
SANTA MONICA - 6250045A	1204	309	145	120								<u> </u>		
VOTE BY MAIL	e	186	74	77								1	1	l
OTAL	1204	495	219	197							İ	[1	1
SANTA MONICA - 6250046A	1283	364	174	128				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
YOTE BY MAIL	. 0	194	69	76									-	
OTAL	1283	558	263	203									1	
SANTA MONICA - 6250050A	10 [2	291	152	84									1	
VOTE BY MAIL	0			50	1							Į	1	1
TOTAL.	1012	436		134										
SANTA MONICA - 6250051A	1237	355		136										
VOTE BY MAIL	6			86		ĺ								1
TOTAL.	1237			222										
SANTA MONICA - 6250052B	901	209		63								[T	1
VOTE BY MAIL	[0	1		21								1.	1	
TOTAL.	901			84		L			L					L
BANTA MONICA - 6250053A	1252			92										1
VOTE BY MAN.	0	200		79								1	1	
TOTAL.	1252	461	213	171										

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL ELECTION								1/04/14			1323	-PAGE 143	31 of 14548
			SANTA MON MEASURE	RCACITY SPO	MUNI									
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT														
LOCATION	REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	Ž.	₽		ſ	i i	l :	i 1	l	i I	ı	I :	i
SANTA MONICA - 6250058A	954	121	63	34										
VOTE BY MAIL	0	79	20	39									1	
TOTAL	954	200		73										
SANTA MUNICA - 6250060A	873	183	91	74										
VOTE BY MAIL	0	124	5 5	52										
TOTAL	873		146	126			L			·				
SANTA MONICA - 6260061A	991	289	177	76										
VOTE BY MAIL	0	. 86	47	31								!]	ŀ
TOTAL	991	376	224	106								L		
SANTA MONICA - 6250062A	887	251	138	85										
VOTE BY MAIL	0	94	47	30		١.		}				İ		Į.
TOTAL	887			115										
SANTA MONICA - 6250067A	944	323	163	120										
VOTE BY MAIL	0			49		l	i							Ì
TOTAL	944		222	169		L					İ			
SANTA MONICA - 6250068D	582	177	85	64								*		
VOTE BY MAIL	9	85	32	44		1								ł
TOTAL	582			108					<u> </u>					[
SANTA MONICA - 6250688A	1149	,	165	165							""			
VÔTE BY MAIL	. 0	****	83	94										1
TOTAL	1149	592	248	259				Ĺ	<u> </u>	İ	l			•
SANTA MONICA - 6260070A	1101	337	163	135					[
VOTE BY MAIL	0	224	92	103			1				l			l
TOTAL.	1101			238					l			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
SANTA MONICA - 6250071A	930	247	148	85									1	
VOTE BY MAIL	0	1		38					ĺ				1	l
TOTAL	930			103	-,+4						<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>
SANTA MONICA - 6250072A	1294			234								1		
VOTE BY MAIL	0			145		Ì				1	l	1	1	l
TOTAL	1294			379					L	!				<u> </u>
SANTA MONICA - 6250078B	878			168					I		1			
VOTE BY MAIL] 0			81			I	ĺ	1	1			1	1
TOTAL	878			249		L								
SANTA MONICA - 8250078A	826			95			I			1		1	1	
VOTE BY MAIL	1 0			66			I	1		Į.		t	1	1
TOTAL	826			161		L	ļ							1
9ANTA MONICA - 6250081A	1103			121				1	l]				
VOTE BY MAIL Total	1 0	'' ''		51				1	1	1				1
	1103	549	298	172										1

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL ELECTION								11/04/14			132,4	- PAGE - 143	192 of 1454
	***************************************	·	SANTA MON MEASURE	TICA CITY BP HH	CMUNI			~~~~				•		
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCY				-										
LOCATION	REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	Z.	β	i	1 .	l	l	1	ı	l	l	.	1
SANTA MONICA - 6250083A	1180	417	186	190	-									
VOTE BY MAIL	0	216	112	67		ł	1			ļ	l	l	1	
TOTAL	1\$80	633	298	267										[
SANTA MONICA - 6260085A	1252	374	158	168	1									
YOTE BY MAIL	0	247	88	130		1						İ		1
TOTAL	1252	621	246	298					İ		l			
SANTA MONICA - 6250889A	1207	537	179	289										
VOTE BY MAIL	0	283	111	142						ŀ		1	1	1
FOTAL	1207	820	290	431		l				ł				1
SANTA MONICA - 6250092A	1231	363	218	114										
VOTE BY MAIL	٥	233	123	91		1	l	1				i	ļ	
TOTAL.	1231	596	341	205	.								1	
SANTA MONICA - 6250094B	943	284	132	114										
VOTE BY MAIL	0	181	87	63		1	ļ							
FOTAL	943	465	219	177			j			1				
BANTA MONICA - 6250095A	1311	353	167	128								98.,		
YOTE BY MAIL	0	257	136	84		l				1			1	1
TOTAL	1311	610	303	212	l	l.				ļ				
SANTA MONICA - 6260098A	1199	383	181	141								<u> </u>	T	T
VOTE BY MAIL	0	190	92	69								,		1
FOTAL.	1199	573	273	210		1	1]		
SANTA MONICA - 6250106A	955	271	141	99	l					ļ				1
VOTE BY MAIL		193	89	68		1			1] ,		
FOTAL	955	464	230	167	[1		l	i			1	l
SANTA MONICA - 6250107A	1181	378	170	128		T	Γ						T	<u> </u>
VOTE BY MAIL	1 0	258	108	109			ŀ	l		1		1	1	
FOTAL	1181	634	278	237	L	L	l	l			l .	1		1
SANTA MONICA - 6250110D	910	298	144	94			[]	T	<u> </u>
VOTE BY MAIL	0		76	55	j		l	l	ĺ			1	1	
FOTAL	910	465	222	149	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			L	l	1	1	1	
SANTA MONICA - 6250113A	1972			124	l		<u> </u>			T		1		1
VOTE BY MAIL	0	238	109	89	l	l	l	1	l				1	l
TOTAL.	1972		283	213			}	l			1	Ì	1	
SANTA MONICA - 6250121A	1205	371	191	113		1		<u> </u>		T		T	1	Γ
VOTE BY MAIL	j o			64		1	Ì	1	1		ŀ		1	
TOTAL.	1205	554	277	177				İ		1		1	1	
SANTA MONICA - 6250125A	1138	385	144	172		1	Ι			[T	1	· · ·
VOTE BY MAIL		242	78	131		1	1	1	1	ŀ		l		}

FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT LOCATION INTA MONICA - 8250127A JOTE BY MAIL	REGIST- RATION 1072	BALLOTS CAST	SANTA MON MEASURE	IICA CITY SP HH	C MUNI				. ,					
LOCATION INTA MONICA - 8250127A /OTE BY MAIL ITAL	RATION 1072	BALLOTS CAST	Æ											
OTE BY MAIL TAL			76	\$	1	l	ı	ı	1	1	ı		! 1	I
TAL	I	374	222	99										···
	0	169	89	61										
	1072	5 43	311	160										
ITA MONICA - 6250128A OTE BY MAIL	878	290 236	81	165 148					1					
TAL	0 878	236 528	64 135	346 311]					
VTA MONICA - 6250128C*	83	0	0											
OTE BY MAIL	0													ĺ
FAL.	83		18	30										
LOT GROUP 181 - 9890161A OTE BY MAIL	0	6	0 2	0										ł
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COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL ELECTIO)N						1	11/04/14			192,6	- PAGE - 143	34 of 14548
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOIES CAST BY PRECINCT	V Carlos Carlos Carlos Carlos Carlos Carlos Carlos Carlos Carlos Carlos Carlos Carlos Carlos Carlos Carlos Car			SANTA MON MEASURE	ICA CITY SP	CMUNI							,	
LOCATION	REGI RATI	IST- BAI	LLOTS	Ø 1	ð	l :		1	. 1				ı	
PRECINCT TOTAL JBM TOTAL GROUP TOTAL		58803 0 0	17875 10454 4	7864 4213 2	7233 4689 1									
GRAND TOTAL		58803	28333	12179	11923		 				····			**************************************
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FINAL OFFICIAL														35 of 14548
			SANTA MON MEASURE	ICA CITY SP	CMUNI						·			
STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT														
ECCATION	REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	Ø.	\$		[1	l :	i	I	ı	i 1	
IANTA MONICA - 6250001A	893	317	145	144										
VOTE BY MAIL] 0	215	82	113							l	ĺ		
OTAL	893	532	227	257										
IANTA MONICA - 6250003C	1011	533	160	136										
VOTE BY MAIL	0	265	99	138								1	•	
OTAL	1011	588	259	274										
IANTA MONICA - 6250005A	1184	408	223	142								I	I	
VOTE BY MAIL	. 0	186	8B	78								1		
OTAL	1184	594	311	220								1		
IANTA MONICA - 6250006A	1079	423	213	156	,									
VOTE BY MAIL	٥	191	101	68										
OTAL	1079	614	314	224								İ		
ANTA MONICA - 8250008A	1132	299	167	102			***************************************							
VOTE BY MAIL	0	260	121	117					1			İ		
OTAL	1132	650	278	219							l	İ		
SANTA MONICA - 6250010E	1102	309	147	130								75%-		
VOTE BY MAIL	0	199	103	67							l	1		
TOTAL	1102	508	250	197								1		
BANTA MONICA - 6250011A	1103	296	138	108										
VOTE BY MAIL	l e	216	116	88					1					
OTAL	1103	512	254	176										
SANTA MONICA - 62590169	1247	416	195	185										
VOTE BY MAIL		309	154	120									1	
TOTAL	1247	725	349	305								ĺ		
ANTA MONICA - 6250016A	1328		214	152				ļ			†	1		
VOTE BY MAIL	0	258	123	105		l				l	1			
TOTAL.	1928		337	267		l		l			1	1	i	
SANTA MONICA - 6250017A	1281			208				<u> </u>			 	 	1	
VOTE BY MAIL	0	1		142		1				1	1			
OTAL	1281		355	350					l	l	1	1		
SANTA MONICA - 6256019A	1365	287	146	94							· · · · · ·			
VOTE BY MAIL	0	205	68	78		l	l	l	1			}		1
OTAL	1965		244	172		l		l]	ł		1		
SANTA MONICA - 6256020A	1066	361	196	128					<u> </u>			1	1	
VOTE BY MAIL	0	161	67	80		1		[l				
OTAL	1066		263	188				[]			1	
SANTA MONICA - 6250024A	763	219	113	77						<u> </u>			T	····
VOTE BY MAIL	1 0	1	52	29		l	l	1			I	1		
TOTAL	763		165	106		ł	l		1				1	}

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL ELECTION								11/04/14			133.2	- PAGE - 143	36 of 14548
,			SANTA MON	ICA CITY SP	O MUNI									
			MEASURE	l.C										
FINAL OFFICIAL														
STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT														
DI FREGINGI														
LOCATION	REGIST-	BALLOTS	Ø	0										
***	RATION	CAST		*								1		
ANTA MONICA - 6250025B	1093	237	118	98										
VOTE BY MAIL	0			42								l		}
OTAL.	1093		197	140										
ANTA MONICA - 6260026A	1194			139										
VOTE BY MAIL	0		154	87						ĺ	1			
OTAL	1194			228										
ANTA MONICA - 6250029A	762		129	107										
VOTE BY MAIL	0			88			1			1	1	1	ł	
OTAL	762		191	195							L		<u></u>	
ANTA MONICA - 6250032A	1123		184	117								1		
VOTE BY MAIL	0	229	111	93			1						l	1
OTAL	1123		275	210		<u> </u>								
ANTA MONICA - 6250034A	1165	382	202	138									[
VOTE BY MAIL	0	201	97	64		1	ĺ	·	l	1			1	1
OTAL	1165	583	299	222						i				<u> </u>
ANTA MONICA - 6250036B	1149			128								470		
VOTE BY MAIL	0			81		1							ł	}
OTAL	1149		271	207		<u></u>								<u> </u>
SANTA MONICA - 8260041A	1275	1		118										
VOTE BY MAIL	0			80			ĺ	l	Į		i			
OTAL.	1275		274	198				<u> </u>	İ					
BANTA MONICA - 6250045A	1204			118							l		1	
VOTE BY MAIL	0	,	83	76					•]	
OTAL	1204		233	194			<u> </u>		<u> </u>				1	
ANTA MONICA - 8250048A	1283	364	1B4	132								1		
VOTE BY MAIL	0		111	57			}		l			1	1	1
OTAL.	1263		295	189			<u> </u>			<u> </u>			<u> </u>	L
ANTA MONICA - 6250050A	1012		169	84										
VOTE BY MAIL] 0			60	1	1	1	1	1	i		Ì	i	
OTAL.	1012			144							<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
SANTA MONICA - 6250051A	1237			133				1					1	
VOTE BY MAIL	0			89			ł	1				1		
OTAL.	1237			222		L			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1			
SANTA MONICA - 6250052B	901	1	1	74		i				1		}		
VOTE BY MAIL	. 0	,	1	40	l	1			 	j	1	1	1	l
OTAL	901			114			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>					<u> </u>
BANTA MONICA - 6250052A	1252		138	97										
VOTE BY MAIL		200	62	86	i	1		1		1		I		1
TOTAL.	1252													

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL ELECTION							•	1904/14			139.3	• PAGE • 143	37 of 14541
			SANTA MOA	ECA CITY SF	C MUNI						.,			
FINAL OFFICIAL			inter-to-da-to-											
STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST														-
BY PRECINCY														
	REGIST-	BALLOTS												
LOCATION	RATION	CAST	₽.	₽										
SANTA MONICA - 6250058A	854	121	58	46					ļ					
VOTE BY MAIL	804			46 29	į.									
FOTAL	954		92	75	1									
SANTA MONICA - 6250060A	. 873		102	69									 	
WOTE BY MAIL	. 6/3		67	41								1	1	
FOTAL	873		169	110	}	'						l		1
SANTA MONICA - 6250081A	991		169	119	ļ							 	╂──	
VOTE BY MAIL	991	•		99 37	1						}		1	
FOTAL	991		209	136	ł									
SANTA MONICA - 6250062A	887		138	94								<u> </u>	-	
VOTE BY MAIL	487	2		34	1]
OTAL	887			128	1			·						
SANTA MONICA - 6250067A	844		189	112	<u> </u>				<u> </u>			├──		
VOTE BY MAIL	344				1							1		1
TOTAL	944		73 262	154	1						İ			
SANTA MONICA - 6250068D	582		110	49							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-84		
VOTE BY MAIL	092			28	1	1						1		ŀ
TOTAL	582		161	77	1	ŀ					1			ŀ
SANTA MONICA - 6250968A	1149			113					<u> </u>					
VOTE BY MAIL	1143	207	136	58	1	1			1		Ì			·
TOTAL	1149			171	1				1		ļ	1		
SANTA MONICA - 6250070A	1101		213	103	 								 	ļ
VOTE BY MAIL	1101	307 224		103	1							l		l
TOTAL	1101		349	183	i									
SANTA MONICA - 6250071A	930			77	-	ļ						<u> </u>	+	
VOTE BY MAIL	830	L .		39	ļ								1	l
TOTAL	930			116			· ·					1		
SANTA MONICA - 6250072A	1294			142	ļ	 -						 	-	
VOTE BY MAIL	1234			82	1					•		1	1	
TOTAL	1294			224								1		
SANTA MONICA - 6250076B	878			103	 			.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		 		 		
VOTE BY MAIL	0,0			55]				1	ļ
TOTAL	878		295	158		l					1			
SANTA MONICA - 6250078A	826			100		<u> </u>			 					····
VOTE BY MAIL	020			55				l	1	1	1	I		
TOTAL	828	1	1	137	•			1	1					
SANTA MONICA - 6250081A	1103			115				 	-					
VOTE BY MAIL	1162	1		44	1	l						1	1	
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OUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL ELECTION							1	1/04/14			133.4	- PAGE - 14	338 of 14541
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST			SANTA MON MEASURE	IICA GITY SP	C MUNI									
BY PRECINCT														
LOCATION	REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	₽.	₽	l	ı	l :	1 1			ł	I	ı	ì
ANTA MONICA - 62500B3A	1180	417	269	130									1	
VÔTE BY MAIL	0	216		59		ļ ·					1			
OTAL.	1180	633		169										
ANTA MONICA - 6250085A	1252	374	265	98		ĺ							1	1
VOTE BY MAIL	0	247	163	77				i						İ
OTAL,	1252	621	428	176							ļ			ļ
SANTA MONICA - 6250089A VOTE BY MAIL	1207	537	399	128								l	1	
VOTE BY MAIL.	1207			68 196		1						[1	
SANTA MONICA - 6250092A	1207	383		94			L				<u> </u>		ļ	ļ
VOTE BY MAIL	1201			79				1			1	l	1	1
OTAL	1231			173							İ		1	
SANTA MONIGA - 6250094B	943			108							 	 	 	
VOTE BY MAIL	0			70			ľ				ł	1		1
OTAL.	843		1	178			1			l .	1	484.		1
SANTA MONICA - 6250095A	1311			194					de-, 1 de- 5 t 1 t 1	***		- COn.		<u> </u>
VOTE BY MAIL	1 0			65							}			
TOTAL	1311			219			l					l		
SANTA MONICA - 6250098A	1199			120								l		
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OTAL	1199	573	324	186							1	1		
SANTA MONICA - 6250108A	955	271	158	96							1			1
VOTE BY MAIL	. 0	193	112	55							1			1
OTAL	955			151								<u> </u>		1
SANTA MONICA - 6250107A	1#81	378		135		1					ŀ			
VOTE BY MAIL	0	_~~		91			1							1
OTAL	1181			228	ļ							<u> </u>		ļ
SANTA MONICA - 6250110D	910			94							İ	1		
VOTE BY MAIL	0			47			-					l	1	
FOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250113A	910			141	ļ						ļ	ļ	ļ	
VOTE BY MAIL	1372	1 :	•	124	•							l		
TOTAL .	1372	1		83 207	1	l]			I				
SANTA MONICA - 6250121A	1372			124	·	 	 			ļ	 	 		
VOTE BY MAIL	12313			68	1		Ì		1		1			
TOTAL	1205			192	1	1	1		ĺ	•	1			
SANTA MONICA - 6250125A	1138	385		156	-	 	 	 		 	 	 		
VOTE BY MAIL	1100	242		102	İ	1				j			i	
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COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL ELECTION							1	1/04/14			133.5	- PAGE - 143	39 of 1454
FINAL OFFICIAL			SANTA MON MEASURE	ICA CITY SP LC	CMUNI	**************************************								
STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT														
LOCATION	REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	Ø	∮	1			1	1	ı	. I	l		I
ANTA MONICA - 0250127A	1072	374	238	10B										
VOTE BY MAR.	0			54										
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250128A	1072	549 290		162 112	ļ								ļ	
VOTE BY MAIL	878 0			112 84										
TOTAL	878			196	}									
SANTA MONICA - 625012BC1	83			0									1	
VOTE BY MAIL	0	54		30	l								1	
TOTAL	83	84	23	30										
BALLOT GROUP 181 - 9990181A	0		1	0										
VOTE BY MAIL	0		4	0		}								
TOTAL	0	4	4	0									ļ	
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COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL ELECTION								11/04/14			133,6	-PAGE - 140	40 of 14548
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT			SANTA MON MEASURE	IICA CITY SPO	MUNI					g gg — beadden, og	penya kacamata a atau atau a	, e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	• ,	* *
LOCATION	REGIST- BATION	BALLOTS	£0	1 -€ 1	,			1 :		ı :	r 1			1
PREGINCT TOTAL VBM TOTAL GROUP TOTAL		3 17875 0 10454 0 4		6208 3688 0						-				
GRAND TOTAL	5880			10098		<u>-</u>								
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Adopted and approved this 9th day of December, 2014.

Fam O'Connor, Mayor

I, Sarah P. Gorman, City Clerk of the City of Santa Monica, do hereby certify that the foregoing Resolution No. 10850 (CCS) was duly adopted at a meeting of the Santa Monica City Council held on the 9th day of December, 2014, by the following vote:

AYES:

Councilmembers:

Davis, McKeown, Vazquez, Winterer, Holbrook

Mayor O'Connor, Mayor Pro Tem O'Day

NOES:

Councilmember:

None

ABSENT:

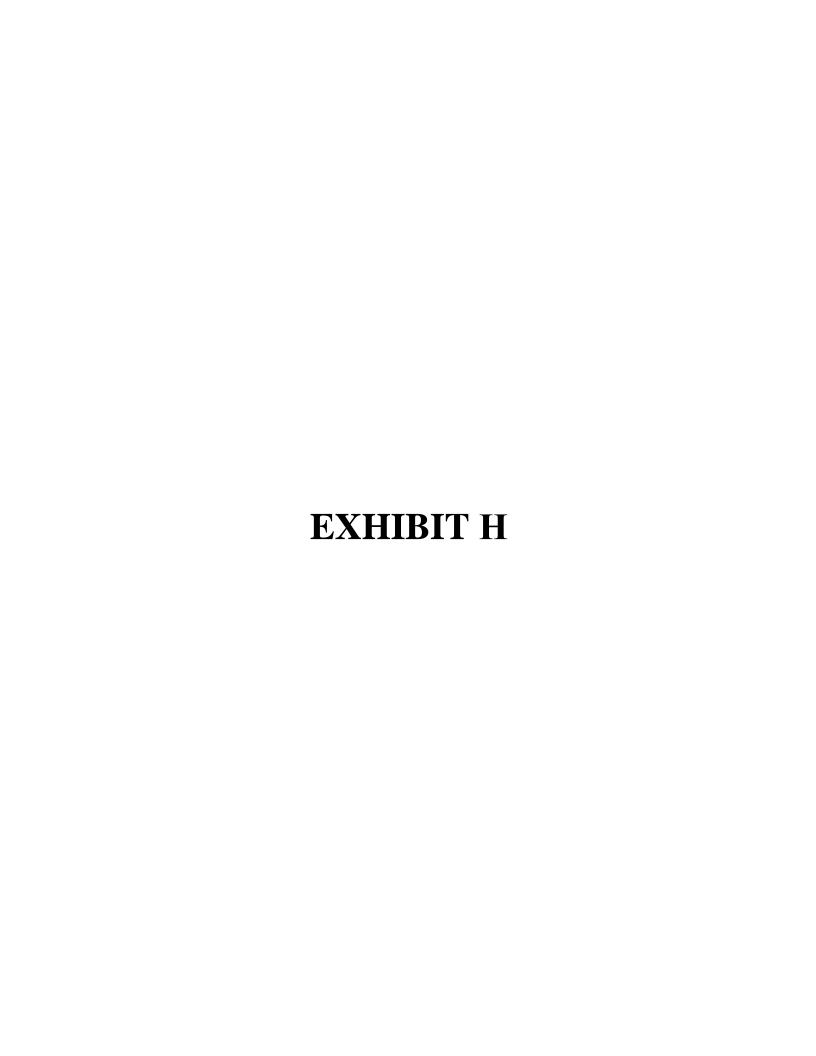
Councilmember:

i None

ATTEST:

Sarah P. Gorman, City Clerk

COSM 917



100-000-02

CHARTER

FOR THE

City of

Santa Monica

ARTICLE I.

Incorporation and Powers.

Section 1. The municipal corporation now existing and known as "The City of Santa Monica," shall continue to be a municipal corporation under the name and style of "City of Santa Monica," and with the same boundaries it now has, to wit:

Commencing at a point in the ordinary Tide line of the Pacific Ocean, distant Thirty and Sixty Hundredths feet (30, 60-100) South-easterly of the Southerly line of Marine Street as shown on the Map of the Crescent Bay Tract, as recorded in Book 2 Pages 13-14 of Maps, Los Angeles County records.

Thence extending North 56 degrees East to the Southwest corner of Block C of the Santa Monica Tract, as per Map recorded in Book 53 Page 29 Miscellaneous records, Los Angeles County.

Thence extending Northeasterly along the Southerly line of the Santa Monica Tract to the Southeast corner of Block B. of said Santa Monica Tract

Thence extending Northeasterly along the Southerly line of the Lucas Tract, to the Southeast corner of Block 47 of said Lucas Tract as per Map recorded in Book 6 Page 221 miscellaneous records, Los Angeles County.

Thence extending North 57 degrees 30 minutes East to the Northwest corner of the Mesa La Ballona Tract as per Map recorded in Book 5 Page 184 of Maps, Los Angeles County records.

Thence North 57 degrees 45 minutes East along the Northerly line of said Mesa La Ballona Tract, and its prolongation thereof, to the Westerly line of the Ballona Road No. 2.

Thence North 33 degrees and 30 minutes West along the Westerly line of said Ballona Road No. 2 to a point in the dividing line between the Ranches San Vicente Y Santa Monica, and La Ballona.

Thence North 64 degrees and 56 minutes West along the Southerly line of the Twentyseventh (27th) Street extension to the Southeasterly corner of the S. P. R. Co's, yards. (55 Acre Tract)

Thence South 7.5 degrees and 5.2 minutes West along the Southerly line of the S. P. R. R. Co's. yards (55 Acre Tract) Four Thousand (4000) feet to the Southwest corner of said S. P. R. R. Co's. yards (55 Acre Tract)

Thence Northwesterly along the Westerly line of the aforesaid S. F. R. R. Cos, yards (55 Acre Tract)
Thence North 14 degrees and 28

Thence North 14 degrees and 28 minutes West to a point in the South-

erly line of Colorado Avenue (formerly known as Railroad Ave.) as per Map of the Villa Farms; recorded in Book 3 Pages 118-119 miscellaneous records, Los Angeles County

Thence Northeasterly along the Southerly line of Colorado Avenue, to a point in the Westerly line of Cambridge Street as per Map of the Artesian Tract recorded in Book 4 Page 50 of Maps Los Angeles County records.

Thence Northwesterly along the Westerly line of Cambridge Street to the Southerly line of Nevada Avenue.

Thence North 44 degrees and Three minutes West Two Thousand Eight Hundred and Forty (2840) feet to the Northerly line of Montana Avenue if prolongated Northeasterly.

Thence extending Southwesterly along the Northerly line of Montana Avenue and the Northerly line of said avenue projected Southwesterly to a point in the Westerly boundary line of Los Angeles County (in the Pacific Ocean).

Thence Southeasterly along the aforesaid boundary line to a point where a straight line bearing South 56 degrees West would intersect the said boundary line of Los Angeles County.

Thence North 56 degrees East to the place of beginning.

And such additional territory as may from time to time be annexed.

WARDS

Sec. 2. The City shall be divided into seven wards as follows:

First Ward.

Commencing at the intersection of the center lines of Shemman Avenue, East Santa Monica, with the Southeasterly Corporate Limits of the City of Santa Monica.

Thence extending Northwesterly along the center line of Sherman Avenue to the Center line of Cantral Avenue.

Thence Southwesterly along the Center line of Central Avenue, to the Center line of South Fourth (4th)

Thence Southeasterly along the Center line of South Fourth street (4th) to the Center line of East Hill street.

Thence Southwesterly along the center line of East Hill Street to the Easterly line of the Trolleyway, so called.

Thence Southwesterly to the point of intersection of the centr line of the alley in block two (2), Crescent Bay Tract(between Hill and Surf Streets) with the Westerly line of the Trolleyway.

Thence Southwesterly along the center line of the alley in said block

two (2), Crescent Bay Tract, to the center line of the Speedway.

Thence Southeasterly along the center line of the Speedway to the center line of West Hill Street.

Thence Southwesterly along the center line of West Hill Street, and its prolongations thereof, to the Southwesterly line of the City limits.

Thence Southeasterly along the Westerly line of the City limits to the Southeasterly corporate limits.

Thence Northeasterly along the

Thence Northeasterly along the Southerly line of the City limits to the place of beginning.

Second Ward.

Commencing at the intersection of the center lines of Central and Sherman Avenues.

Thence extending Northwesterly along the center line of Sherman Avenue to the center line of Pearl Street.

Thence Southwesterly along the center line of Pearl Street to the center line of South Eighth (8th) Street.

Thence Northwesterly along the center line of South Eighth (Sth) Street; to the center line of Garffeld Avenue.

Thence Southwesterly along the center line of Garfield Avenue to the Easterly line of Elock "G" of the Ocean Spruy Tract.

Thence Northwesterly along the Easterly line of said Block "G" Ocean Spray Tract, to the North-east corner of lot Twenty (20) of said Block "G" Ocean Spray Tract.

Thence Southwesterly along the Northerly line of said lot twenty(20) Elock "G" Ocean Spray Tract, and its prolongation thereof to the center line of South Sixth (6th) Street.

Thence Southeasterly along the center line of South Sixth (6th) Street, to the center line of Strand Street.

Thence Southwesterly along the center line of Strand Street to the center line of South Fourth (4th) Street.

Thence Southeasterly along the center line of South Fourth (4th) street to the intersection of the dividing lines between lots 5 and 6 of Vawter's Subdivision of Blocks 6-13, Lucas Tract projected Northeasterly.

Thence Southwesterly along the center lines of said lots 5 and 6 Vawter's Subdivision of Blocks 6,13, Lucas Tract, to the center line of South Third (3rd) street.

Thence Southeasterly along the center line of South Third (3rd) street to the center line of Mills street.

Thence Southwesterly along the center line of Mills street to the center line of Lake street.

Thence Southwesterly along the

dividing lines between lots 18 and 19, and lots 45 and 46, Block P, Santa Monica Commercial Co.'s Tract.

Thence continuing Southwesterly along the dividing lines between lots 19 and 20 and their prolongation thereof, of block R of the said Santa Monica Commercial Co.'s Tract, to the Easterly line of the Trolleyway.

Thence Northwesterly along the Easterly line of the Trolleyway to the intersection of the center line of Hart avenue if prolongated Northeasterly.

Thence Southwesterly along the center line of Hart avenus and its prolongation thereof to the Southwesterly line of the city limits.

Thence Southeasterly along the

Thence Southeasterly along the Southwesterly line of the City Limits to its intersection with the center line of West Hill Street if prolongated Southwesterly.

Thence Northeasterly along the center line of West Hill Street, and its prolongation thereof, to the center-line of the Speedway.

Thence Northwesterly along the center line of the Speedway to the centre line of the alley in Block Two (2) Crescent Bay Tract (between Hill and Surf Streets.)

Thence Northeasterly along the center line of said alley to the Westerly line of the Trolleyway.

Thence Northeasterly to the point of intersection of the center line of East Hill Street, with the Easterly line of the Trolley-way.

Thence Northeasterly along the center line of East Hill Street, to the Center line of South Fourth (4th) Street.

Thence Northwesterly along the Center line of South Fourth (4th) Street, to the Center line of Central Avenue.

Thence Northeasterly along the Center line of Central Avenue, to the place of beginning.

The Southeasterly line of Ward Two (2) is Identical with the Northwesterly line of Ward One (1).

Third Ward

Commencing at the intersection of the center lines of Pearl Street and Sherman Avenue.

Thence Northwesterly along the center line of Sherman Avenue to the center line of Front Street.

Thence Southwesterly along the center line of Front Street, and its prolongation thereof, to the Southwesterly line of the City Limits.

Thence Southeasterly along the Southwesterly line of the city limits to its intersection with the center line of Hart avenue if prolongated Southwesterly.

Thence Northeasterly along the center line of Hart avenue and its

prolongation thereof to the Easterly line of the Trolleyway.

Thence Southeasterly along the Easterly line of the Trolleyway to the intersection of the dividing lines of lots 19 and 20, Block R and lots 45 and 46, and 18 and 19, Block P. Santa Monica Commercial Co.'s Tract and its prolongation thereof.

Thence Northeasterly along the said dividing lines of said lots 19 and 20, Block R, and lots 45 and 46 and 18 and 19, Block P, Santa Monica Commercial Co.'s Tract to the intersection of the center line of Lake street and Mills street.

Thence Northeasterly along the center line of Mills street to the center line of South Third street

Thence Northwesterly along the center line of South Third (3rd) street to its intersection with the dividing line between lots 5 and 6. Vawter's Subdivision of Blocks 6-13, Lucas Tract.

Thence Northeasterly along said dividing line between lots 5 and 6, Vawter's Subdivision of Blocks 6-13, Lucas Tract, to the center line of South Fourth (4th) street.

Thence Northwesterly along the center line of South Fourth (4th) Street, to the center line of Strand Street.

Thence Northeasterly along the center line of Strand Street, to the center line of South Sixth (6th) Street.

Thence Northwesterly along the center line of South Sixth (6th) Street, to the Northerly line of lot. Twenty (20) Block "G" Ocean Spray Tract, if prolongated Westerly.

Thence Northeasterly along the Northerly line of said Lot Twenty (20) Block "G" Odean Spray Tract, to the Easterly line of Block "G" of said Ocean Spray Tract.

said Ocean Spray Tract.
Thence Southeasterly along the Easterly line of said Block "G" to the center line of Garfield Avenue.

Thence Northeasterly along the center line of Garfield Avenue, to the center line of South Eighth (8th) Street.

Thence Southeasterly along the center line of South Eighth (8th) street to the center line of Pearl Street.

Thence Northeasterly along the center line of Pearl Street to the place of beginning.

The Southeasterly line of Ward Three (3) is identical with the Northwesterly line of Ward Two (2).

Fourth Ward

Commencing at the center line of Seventeenth (17th) Street, if prolongated Southeasterly, with the center line of Front Street.

Thence Northwesterly along the

center line of Seventeenth Street, and its prolongation thereof, to the center line of Utah Avenue.

Thence Southwesterly along the center line of Utah Avenue, and its prolongation thereof to the South-westerly line of the City Limits.

Thence Southeasterly along the Southwesterly line of the City Limits, to the intersection of the center line of Front Street if prolongated Westerly.

Thence Northeasterly along the center line of Front Street, and its prolongation thereof to the place of beginning.

The Southeasterly line of Ward Four (4) is identical with the Northwesterly line of Ward Three (3).

Fifth Ward

Commencing at the center line of Seventeenth (17th) Street and Utah Avenue.

Thence extending Northwesterly along the center line of Seventeenth (17th) Street to the center line of Arizona Avenue.

Thence Southwesterly along the center line of Arizona Avenue and its prolongation thereof to the Southwesterly line of the City Limits.

Thence Southeasterly along the said Southwesterly line of the 'City Limits to the 'center line of Utah Avenue if prolongated Westerly.

Thence Northeasterly along the center line of Utah Avenue and its prolongation thereof, to the place of beginning:

The Southeasterly line of Ward Five (5) is identical to the Northwesterly line of Ward Four (4).

Sixth Ward

Commencing at the intersection of the center line of Arizona Avenue and Seventeenth (17th) Street.

Thence extending Northwesterly along the center line of Seventeenth (17th) Street to the Northwesterly City Limits.

Thence Southwesterly along the Northwesterly line of the City Limits, to the Southwesterly City Limits.

Thence Southeasterly along the Southwesterly line of the City Limits, to the center line of Arizona Avenue if prolongated Southwesterly.

Thence Northeasterly along the center line of Arizona Avenue and its prolongation thereof, to the place of beginning.

The Southwesterly line of Ward Six (6) is identical with the Northwesterly line of Ward Five (5).

Seventh Ward Commencing at the point of inter-



section of the center line of Sherman Avenue with the Southeasterly City Limits.

Thence extending Northwesterly along the center line of Sherman Avenue, to the center line of Front

Thence Southwesterly along the center line of Front Street to the center line of Seventeenth (17th) Street if prolongated Southeasterly.

Thence Northwesterly along the center line of Sevententh (17th) Street, and its prolongation thereof, to the Northwesterly City Limits.

Thence Northeasterly along the Northerly line of the City Limits, to the Northeasterly line of the City Limits.

Thence Southerly along the Northeasterly and Southeasterly boundary lines to the place of beginning.

Being all of that Territory within the Corporate Limits of Santa Monica lying Northeasterly of the center line of Seventeenth (17th) Street, and its prolongation thereof, and Sherman Avenue, between the North-westerly and Southeasterly City Lim-

The Southwesterly line of Ward Seven (7) is identical with the Northeasterly lines of Wards One to Six (1 to 6).

Sec. 3. The Council may alter the lines of any ward by ordinance adopted by a vote of at least five of its members and approved by the Mayor at any time within ninety days after a general municipal election but at no other time.

ARTICLE II.

Sec. 1. The said corporation shall have the power:

- (1) To make and use a corporate seal and alter the same at pleasure.
- (2) To sue and be sued in all actions and proceedings whatever.
- (3) To have perpetual succession.
 (4) To erect and maintain public buildings, and to lay out, establish, improve and maintain public parks and cemeteries.
- (5) To provide for the care of the sick and helpless.

 (6) To make regulations to pre-
- vent the spread of epidemics and contagious diseases.
- (7) To provide for supplying the city and its inhabitants with water, gas and electricity, or other means of heat and illumination, and power.
- (8) To lay out, open, extend, widen, improve or vacate, pave and repave streets and alleys, sidewalks and crossings, and other highways.

It shall have power to declare any street or highway within said city a Boulevard and may restrict the traffic thereon.

To construct and maintain

sewers, drains and other works necessary for the disposition of sewage.

(10) To establish and maintain public schools and public libraries.

(11) To levy assessments upon property to pay for the improvements, and to collect the same, and to levy and collect taxes upon property for municipal purposes; provided that the tax levied for any one year, for all municipal purposes, other than for parks, library, schools and payment of interest on the municipal debt and redemption of bonds, shall not exceed \$1 on each \$100 worth of taxable property.

(12) To manage, control, sell, lease or otherwise dispose of any or all of the property of the said corporation; and to appropriate the income or proceeds thereof to the use of the said corporation; provided that it shall have no power to mortgage or hypothecate its property for any pur-

(13) To license and regulate the carrying on of any and all professions trades, callings and occupations carried on within the limits of said city, and to fix the amount of license tax thereon to be paid by all persons engaged in such professions, trades. callings or occupations, provide the manner of enforcing the payment of the same; provided that no discrimination shall be made between persons engaged in the same business otherwise than by proportioning the tax upon any business to the amount of business done; and to license, regulate, restrain, suppress, or prohibit any or all laundries, livery and sale stables, cattle and horse corrals, slaughter-houses, butcher-s h o p s hawkers, peddlers, pawn-brokers, dance halls, melodeons, shows, circuses, public billiard tables, bowling and tenpin alleys, the sale or giving away of malt, vinous, fermented, or other alchoholic or intoxicating liquors as a business, except for medicinal purposes by licensed druggists on the prescription of a regularly li-censed physician; provided that that nothing herein shall prevent the submission of the question whether the sale or giving away of such liquors may be licensed or prohibited to the voters at any election under the provisions herein concerning the initiative and referendum, and to suppress and prohibit all faro banks, games of chance, gambling-houses, tables or stands, bawdy-houses, the keeping of bees within the city limits, and any and all obnoxious, offensive, immoral, indecent or disreputable places business or practice.

(14) To create offices, and provide for the election or appointment of officers other than those established by this charter, or by the general law, whenever the public convenience may require the same, and prescribe their duties and fix their compensation. (But this shall not be construed to authorize the creation of new offices and the appointment of other officers to perform the duties by this charter asigned to officers provided for herein, other than the necessary deputies and assistants to the officers of said city).

(15) To acquire, by purchase. condemnation, or other lawful means, property, both real and personal, including water and water rights, electric plants and gas plants, wharves, railroads, bridges and other public utilities within or without the corporate limits, necessary or convenient for municipal purposes, or for exercise of the powers granted to said corporation.

(16) To fix the salaries of municipal officers, except those officers whose salaries are fixed by charter.

(17) To provide and maintain a proper and efficient fire department. and make and adopt such measures, rules and regulations for the prevention and extinguishing of fires, and for the preservation of property endangered thereby, as may be deemed expedient.

(18); To protect the property of its inhabitants against inundations.

(19) To provide against the existence of filth, garbage and other injurious and inconvenient matter within the city, and for the disposition of the same.

(20) To make violations of its ordinances a misdemeanor in all proper cases, and to prescribe the punishment therefor, by fine or imprisonment, or by both; but such fine not to exceed \$500, and such imprisonment not to exceed six months.

(21) To prescribe the places at which elections shall be held and appoint the officers of election.

(22) To make and enforce within its limits such local, police, sanitary and other regulations as are not in conflict, with general laws and are deemed expedient to maintain the public peace, protect property, promote the public morals and to preserve the health of its inhabitants.

(23) To exercise all municipal powers necessary to the complete and efficient management and control of the municipal property, and for the efficient administration of the muniicpal government, whether such powers be expressly enumerated herein or not, except such powers as are forbidden or are controlled by general

(24) The powers conferred by this article shall be exercised by ordinance, except as hereinafter provided.



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ARTICLE III.

Officers of the Municipality. Section 1. The officers of the municipality shall be:

A. Mayor.

One Councilman from each ward. A City Clerk, who shall be ex-officio clerk of the police court and ex-officio to the Superintendent of clerk Streets.

A City Treasurer, who shall be exofficio tax-collector.

A City Assessor:

A City Engineer.

A City Attorney.

A Street Superintendent:

A Superintendent of Building.

Five Memoers of the Board of Education.

Five Trustees of Santa Monica Public Library.

Three Police Commissioners.

Three Fire Commissioners.

Three Park Commissioners.

Three Members of the Board of Health.

A City School Superintendent.

A Chief of Police.

A Chief of the Fire Department.

An Assistant Chief of the Fire Dopartment.

A Health Officer.

Sec. 2. The following officers shall be elected by the electors of the City of Santa Monlea at large, to-wit:

The Mayor.

The City Clerk.

The City Treasurer.
The City Assessor.

Five Members of the Board of Education.

And by the electors of each ward respectively:

One Member of the Council.

Sec. 3. The following officers shall be appointed by the Mayor and confirmed by the Council:

A City Engineer.

A City Attorney.

A Superintendent of Building

A Street Superintendent...

Five Trustees of Santa Monica Public Library.

Three Police Commissioners.

Three Fire Commissioners.

Three Park Commissioners

Three Members of the Board of Health.

4. All elective officers, ex-Sec. cept those elected at the first general municipal election held after the taking effect of this charter, shall hold their offices for the term of two years, commencing on the first Monday in January next succeeding their election.

Sec. The City School Superintendent shall be appointed by the Board of Education. The Chief of Police shall be appointed by the

Board of Police Commissioners. The Chief and Assistant of the Fire Department shall be appointed by the Board of Fire Commissioners. The Health Officer shall be appointed by the Board of Health.

Sec. 6. All appointed officers shall hold office until removed by the appointing power, which shall have the power of removing in all cases; provided that where confirmation is required the assent of the confirming body shall be requisite for removal:

The Council shall have power to suspend any officer of the city, pending trial, against whom criminal proceedings based on misdemeanor in office or civil action for recovery of money due the city has been commenced, and to appoint a substitute for such officer during suspension.

In all voting upon the appointment confirmation, suspension and removal of officers the members of the Council, or other body appointing, confirming, suspending or removing, shall vote by open ballot or call of roll, and the ballot or vote of each member shall be spread upon the minutes.

Sec. 7. No cleetive officer shall during the term for which he has been elected be eligible to any office under this charter other than that to which he has been elected.

Soc. 8. Officers of the municipality must not be interested in any contract made by them in their offi-cial capacity, nor by any body or board of which they are members.

ARTICLE IV.

Powers and Duties of the Council. Sec. 1. All legislative power of the city is vested in the Council, subject to the power of veto and approval by the Mayor, as herein after given, and shall be exercised by ordinance; other action of the Council may be by order upon motion.

Sec. 2. The said Council, consisting of one Councilman from each ward, elected as herein provided, is the governing body of the city, and shall meet at least once a week, and shall by ordinance provide for the manner, time and place of holding all regular and special meetings.

Sec. 3. The Council shall meet in the City Hail of the city. The records of its proceedings shall be open for inspection during usual office hours.

Sec. 4. The enacting clause of all ordinances shall be substantially as follows: "The Mayor and Council of the City of Santa Monica do ordain as follows:"

members of the Sec. 5. Four

Council shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, but no ordinance shall be passed or other act done granting a franchise, making any contract, auditing any bill, ordering any work to be done, or supplies to be furnished, disposing of or leasing the city property, ordering any assessment for street improve-ment, or building sewers, or any other act to be done involving the paying of money, or the incurring of debt by the city, unless five of the members of the Council vote in favor thereof. All other ordinances may be passed by a vote of a majority of the whole Council.

Sec. 6. All bonds of officers must be approved by the Council, as also the bonds of any contractors with the city. The City Clerk shall indorse upon such bonds the date of their approval, which indorsement shall be signed by the presiding officer of the

Council and the City Clerk.

Sec. 7. The City Clerk shall be present at the meeting of the Council

during its sessions.

Sec. 8. The meetings of the Council shall be public and a journal of the proceedings by kept by the Clerk under its direction and the ayes and, noes shall be taken and entered in the journal in the final action upon the granting of franchises, making of contracts, auditing bills, ordering work to be done or supplies furnished, disposing of or leasing city property, the passage of any ordinance, the ordering of assessments for street improvements, or building of sewers, or upon any other act that may involve the payment of money, or the incurring of a debt by the city, and upon the payment of the salaries of the municipal officers; and in all other cases upon the call of any member.

Sec. 9. The Council shall be the judge of the election and qualifications of its members. It shall elect one of its members as its presiding officer, who shall be styled President of the Council, and who shall, in case of illness of the Mavor or in his absence from the city, act as the Mayor of the city. The Council shall have power to prescribe the rules of its proceedings, and to preserve order at its meetings, and may punish contemptuous or disorderly conduct committed in its presence by fine not exceeding fifty dollars, and imprisonment not exceeding ten days, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Sec. 10. It shall prescribe by ordinance the duties of all officers whose duties are not defined by this charter, and it may by ordinance prescribe for any officer duties other. than those herein prescribed and not

inconsistent with the provisions of this charter, and may fix the hours during which the public office of any city officer shall be kept open, if not otherwise herein provided.

Sec. 11. It shall provide suitable rooms for the Police Court and officers, and the furniture, fuel, lights and stationery necessary for the transaction of the business of the city.

Sec. 12. It shall by ordinance regulate the entrance to and exits from theatres, lecture rooms, churches, public halls, and public buildings of every kind, and prohibit the placing of chairs, benches or other obstructions in the hall aisles or open places therein.

Sec. 13. It may, by ordinance, declare what constitutes a nuisance, and provide for the abatement and removal thereof.

Sec. 14. It shall make proper provision for the care, custody and feeling of all persons imprisoned by municipal authority, and may, by ordinance require all persons held under sentence to perform any public work.

Sec. 15. It shall, by ordinance, regulate the keeping of gun-powder, acids, or other explosive, combinatible or inflammable material within the limits of the city, or any specified part thereof.

Sec. 16. It shall provide for the surveys of streets and blocks of land within the limits of the city, and may, by ordinance, declare such surveys official, and may compel all persons to conform to the streets as they are now or may be hereafter lawfully established and declared official, or otherwise dedicated.

otherwise dedicated.

Sec. 17. It shall by ordinance, establish fire districts, and determine the character of buildings that may be erected therein, and the nature of the materials to be used in the construction, alteration or repair of such buildings, or in the repair or alteration of existing buildings within such limits.

Sec. 18. The Council shall have power, by ordinance, to regulate and provide for lighting of streets, laying down gas pipes and erection of lamp posts, electric towers and other apparatus, and to regulate the sale and use of gas and electric light, and regulate the inspection thereof, and to regulate telephone service, and the use of telephones within the city, and to fix and determine the charges for telephones and telephone service, and connections; and to prohibit or regulate the erection of poles for telegraph, telephone or electric wire in the public grounds, streets or alleys, and the placing of wire thereon; and

to require the removal from the public grounds, streets or alleys of any or all such poles, and the removal and placing under ground of any or all telegraph, telephone or electric wires.

Sec. 19: It shall, by ordinance, provide for the naming of streets and numbering of houses, and for regulating or preventing the exhibition of banners, flags or placards across the street, or sidewalks, and for regulating or suppressing public criers, advertising, ringing of bells, and other noises.

Sec. 20. It may, by ordinance, provide for maintaining a fire alarm and police telegraph system, and for the cleaning and sprinkling of graded and accepted streets.

Sec. 21. It shall, by ordinance, regulate the speed of railroad trains, engines, electric cars and all other vehicles in the city, and require railroad companies either to station fagmen, place gates or viaducts at all such streets as it may deem proper.

Sec. 22. It shall, by ordinance, regulate and may prohibit the making up of railroad trains on any of its streets, and the stopping of any train on any street crossing.

Sec. 23. It shall by ordinance, provide for the removal of all rubbish, garbage, refuse matter, and all other material detrimental to the public health, and shall prescribe the manner and time of such removal.

Sec. 24. To declare by ordinance weeds and rubbish on lands or lots or the sidewalk space in front thereof, to be a nuisance and to provide for the abating of the same, and to levy an assessment on said lands or lots to pay the cost of such abatement.

Sec. 25. The Council shall by ordinance provide for a system of assessment, levy and collection of municipal taxes not inconsistent with this Charter, which system shall conform as nearly as the circumstances of the case may permit to the provisions of the laws of this State in reference to the assessment, levy and collection of State and County taxes, except as to the officers by whom such duties are to be performed.

Sec. 26. The Council shall meet at their usual place of holding meetings on the second Monday of August of each year, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, and shall sit as a board of equalization, and shall continue in session from day to day until all the returns of the Assessor have been rectified, but not later than the fourth Monday of the same month

They shall have power to hear complaints, and to correct, modify, or strike out any assessment made by the assessor; and may, of their own motion raise any assessment, upon notice to the party whose assessment is to be raised. The corrected list for each tax shall be the assessment roll for said tax for said year. It shall be certified by the City Clerk, who shall act as clerk of the Board of Equalization, as being the assessment roll for said tax, and shall be the assessment roll upon which such tax is to be levied in said year. Each member of the Council shall receive \$6.00 per day during the time the Council is sitting as a Board of Equalization.

Sec. 27. Every ordinance which shall have been passed by the Council shall, before it becomes effective, be signed by the City Clerk or other person authorized by the Council to sign the same on its behalf, and he shall present it to the Mayor for approval, taking a receipt therefor setting forth the date of its presentation If the Mayor approves it, he shall sign it; but if not, he shall indorse thereon the date of the presentation to him and shall return it to the City Clerk with his objections in writing. The City Clerk shall indorse thereon the date of its return to him, and shall at the first meeting of the Council thereafter present the same, with the objections of the Mayor, to that body. Thereupon the Council shall proceed to reconsider the passage of the ordinance. Upon such reconsideration, in all cases where the votes of five of the whole are required to pass the ordinance in the first instance, it shall require the votes of six of the whole Coun-cil to pass the ordinance over the Mayor's veto. In all other cases it shall require the votes of five whole Council to pass of the the ordinance over the veto. The vote, in all cases of reconsideration, shall be by ayes and noes, and the names of the members voting for or against shall be entered upon the journal.

Sec. 28: If any ordinance shall not be returned to the City Clerk by the Mayor, with his objections in writing, within ten days after it shall have been presented to him, it shall become effective and be as valid as if the Mayor had approved and signed it.

Sec. 29. All ordinances finally adopted under the provisions of this charter shall be published in the English language by at least one insertion in some daily newspaper printed and published in the City of Santa Monica, and until and without



such publication no ordinance shall be valid or takë effect.

Sec. 30. The Council shall also have full power to pass ordinances upon any other subject of municipal control or to carry into effect any other powers of the municipality.

ARTICLE V.

Powers and Duties of Officers.

MAYOR.

Sec. 1. The Mayor is the executive officer of the corporation, and must exercise a careful supervision over all its affairs.

It shall be the duty of the Mayor. annually, at the first meeting of the Council under this charter, and on the first meeting in January of each year thereafter, to communicate by message to the Council a general statement of the condition and affairs of the corporation, and to recommend the adoption of such measures as he may deem expedient and proper; and to make such special communication to the Council from time to time as he shall deem expedient.

It shall be his further duty to be vigilant and active in the enforcement of the ordinances of the city; supervision to exercise a constant. over the acts and conduct of all its officers and employes; to receive and examine into all complaints made against them for violation or neglect of duty, and certify the same to the Council, or proper board:

And he shall perform such other duties and have such other powers as are elsewhere in this charter, or ordinance, imposed upon or granted to him.

CITY CLERK.

Sec. 2. The City Clerk shall have the custody of, and be responsible for, all books, papers, records and archives belonging to the city, not in actual use by other officers, or elsewhere by special provision committed to their custody.

He shall be present at each meeting of the Council, and keep a record of its proceedings.

He shall keep separate books in which respectively he shall record all ordinances and contracts and official bonds.

He shall keep all books properly indexed, and open to public inspection when not in actual use.

He shall make out, and sign all licenses other than building permits, and perform such other duties as are, or shall be, imposed by this charter, or by ordinance.

He shall act as the general ac-

countant and fiscal agent of the city, and shall exercise a general superintendence over all the officers of the city charged in any manner with the receipt, collection or disbursement of the city revenues.

He shall keep a complete set of books, in which he shall set forth in a plain and business-like manner every money transaction of the city, so as to show at all times the state of each fund, from what money was derived, and for what purpose any money was expended, and also all collections made and of each fund, from what source the paid into the treasury by each officer or any other person.

He shall, on application of any person indebted to the city, holding money payable into the City Treasury, or desiring to pay money therein, certify to the City Treasurer the amount thereof, to what fund applicable, and by whom to be paid. He shall upon the deposit of the receipts of the City Treasurer for money paid into the city Treasury, charge the City Treasurer with the amount received by him, and after countersigning both receipts he shall file one with the City records and shall re-turn the other to the person making said payment.

It shall be his duty to apportion among the several funds all public money at any time in the City Treasery, not by law or ordinance specifically apportioned and appropriated, and forthwith notify the City Treasurer of such apportionment or appropriation. He shall deliver to the proper officer all licenses.

He shall report to the Council at the regular meeting of each week the condition of each fund in the City Treasury and the amount drawn from each fund the preceding week:
He shall make and present a re-

port to the Council at its meeting in the second week of December of each year, showing all financial business transactions of the city for the preceding year ending the 30th day of November.

He shall audit and approve all demands against the city before pay-ment, and keep a record of the same as hereinafter provided in Article XIII.

He shall on or before the first day of August in each year, make and present to the Council a report as to the revenue and expenses of the city for the current fiscal year, in which he shall set forth estimates of (1), the revenue from sources other than taxation; (2), the itemized expenditures; (3), the itemized amounts necessary to be raised by taxation. for each fund.

He shall act as ex-officio Clerk of

the Police Court, ex-officio Clerk of the Board of Equalization, and exofficio Clerk to the Superintendent of Streets.

He shall perform such other duties as shall be required of him by this charter or by ordinance.
CITY TREASURER.

Sec. 3. It shall be the duty of the City Treasurer to receive and keep all moneys that shall come to the city by taxation or otherwise, and to pay the same out on demands legally audited in the manner hereinafter provided; and without such auditing he shall disburse no public moneys whatever, except the principal and interest of the municipal debt when pavable.

He shall receive no money into the City Treasury unless accompanied by the certificate of the City Clerk provided for in Section 2 hereof.

He shall issue receipts in duplicate to all persons paying money into the treasury.

Both of which receipts shall be forthwith deposited with the City Clerk.

He shall make a report at the close of each month, to the City Clerk, showing all moneys received during the preceding month, together with the number of each receipt given by him therefor, and what account and from whom received and to what fund applied, and he shall make such special reports from time to time as may be required by the Council.

The Mayor, City Attorney, City Clerk, the Finance Committee of the Council, or any special committee appointed by the Council, separately or collectively, and with the aid of an accountant selected by such officer or committee, shall have the right and power to examine the books of the Treasurer at all times; and the Mayor, Clerk, Attorney or Finance Committee shall also have the right to inspect and count all public moneys. It shall be in the power of the Council, by ordinance, at any time to require the City Treasurer to devote his entire time to the duties of his office.

Sec. 4. It shall be the duty of the City Treasurer in addition to the duties which may be elsewhere prescribed for him in this charter or by ordinance, to collect all taxes and licenses of the city, excepting those hereinafter provided to be collected by the City Assessor.

He shall keep proper books, showing all moneys collected by him as Tax and License Collector.

He shall also keep a book which shall contain a record of every deed given by or on behalf of the city for real estate sold for delinquent taxes

or assessments, which book shall be properly indexed and shall be at all suitable times subject to public inspection.

ASSESSOR.

Sec. 5. It shall be the duty of the assessor, between the first Monday It shall be the duty of the of March and the first day of August in each year, to make out a true list of all the taxable property within the city. The mode of making out said list, and proceedings relating thereto, shall be in conformity with laws in force regulating county assessors, except as the same may be otherwise provided in this charter, or by ordinance. Said list shall describe the property assessed and the value thereof, and shall contain all other matters required to be stated in such lists by county assessors. Said assessor shall verify said list by his oath, and shall deposit the same with the city clerk, on or before the first Monday in August in each year. Said assessor and his deputy shall have the power to administer all oaths and affirmations necessary in the performance of his duties.

BOARD OF EDUCATION,

BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF THE SANTA MONICA PUBLIC LIBRARY, BOARD OF HEALTH,

BOARD OF POLICE COMMIS-SIONERS.

BOARD OF FIRE COMMISSION-

BOARD OF PARK COMMISSION-

Sec. 6. The powers and duties of the Boards enumerated in the heading of this section shall be those herein elsewhere set forth, and granted or imposed by ordinance.

CITY ENGINEER

- Sec. 7. In addition to other duties imposed upon him by this charter or by ordinance of the Council, the City Engineer shall:
- (1) Make all surveys, inspections and estimates required by the Council.
- (2) He shall examine all public works done under contract, and report thereon to the City Council.
- (3) He shall be the custodian of and responsible for all maps, plats, profiles, field notes and other records and memoranda belonging to the city pertaining to his office and the work thereof; all of which he shall keep in good order and condition, with full index thereof, and shall turn over the same to his successor.
- (4) All maps, plans, profiles, field notes, estimates and other memoranda of surveys and other professional work made or done by him for the city or under his direction or

control during his term of office, shall: be the property of the city.

THE CITY ATTORNEY

Sec. 8. It shall be the duty of the City Attorney to prosecute on behalf of the people all criminal cases arising upon violations of the provisions of this charter and city ordinances, and to attend to all suits, matters and things in which the city may be legally interested; provided, the Council shall have control of all litigation of the city and may employ other attorneys to take charge of any such litigation, or to assist the City Attorney therein.

He shall give his advice or opinion in writing, whenever required by the Mayor or Council, and shall do and perform all such things touching his office as by the Council may be required of him.

He shall approve, by indorsement in writing, the form of all official or other bonds required by this charter, or by ordinance of the Council, before the same are submitted to the council or Mayor for final approval, and no such bonds shall be approved by the Mayor or Council without such approval by the City Attornoon

He shall approve in writing the drafts of all contracts before the same are entered into on behalf of the city.

He shall give his advice or opinion in writing whenever required by the Board of Education, Board of Library Trustees or any commission or officer of said city.

STREET SUPERINTENDENT

Sec. 9. The Street Superintendent shall have the general care of, and frequently inspect the streets of the city. He shall receive and investigate all complaints as to their condition and shall have charge of the enforcement of all ordinances pertaining to street obstructions.

He shall frequently inspect all public works pertaining to street improvements while the same are in course of construction, inspect and approve or reject all material used in such construction, whether done by contract or otherwise; and shall at once report to the Council all deviations from contracts and use of improper material and bad workmanship in such works; and shall have the power, pending investigation, to stop all work thereon.

He shall perform such other duties as are herein elsewhere prescribed or imposed by ordinance.

SUPERINTENDENT OF BUILDING.

Sec. 10. The Superintendent of Building shall have such powers and perform such duties as are herein or may by ordinance be imposed upon him.

CHIEF OF POLICE

Sec. 11. The Chief of Police shall have the supervision and control of the police force of the city, and in that connection he shall be subject only to the orders of the Board of Police Commissioners, and all orders of the board relating to the direction of the police force shall be given through the Chief of Police, or in his absence, the officer in charge of the police force.

Sec. 12. The Chief of Police shall be the principal police officer of the corporation, and may, with the approval of the Board of Police Commissioners, select and appoint one or more deputies from the police force, for whose official acts he shall be responsible. He shall, by himself or by deputy, execute and return all writs and processes issued by the police judges or courts. He, or one of his deputies, shall attend on the sittings of the Police Court and preserve order therein; and his jurisdiction and that of his deputies in the service of process in all criminal cases, and in cases of violation of the city ordinances, shall be co-extensive with the

county.

See 13. He shall suppress all riots disturbances and breaches of the peace, and to that end may call on any person to aid him. He may pursue and arrest, any person fleeing from justice from any part of the State, and shall forthwith bring all persons by him arrested before a police judge for trial or examination. He may receive and execute any proper authority for the arrest and detention of criminals fleeing or escaping from other places or States.

Sec. 14. He shall have, in the discharge of his proper duties, like powers and be subject to like responsibilities as a Sheriff in similar cases, and shall perform such other duties and have such other powers as may be imposed on or granted to him by this charter or ordinance.

HEALTH OFFICER

Sec. 15. The Health Officer shall have such powers and perform such duties as are herein or may by ordinance be granted or be imposed upon him.

REPORTS OF OFFICERS.

Sec. 16. It shall be the duty of the Mayor, City Attorney, City Treasurer, City Assessor, Chief of Police, Health Officer, City Clerk, City Engineer, Superintendent of Building, Street Superintendent, Chief of the Fire Department, Secretary of Board of

Education, Board of Trustees of the Santa Monica Public Library, and the Board of Park Commissioners, each to present to the Council at its meeting in the second week in December of each year, a report for the preceding year ending the 30th day of November.

vember.
Sec. 17. It shall be the duty of any officer having in his possession any public money to pay the same into the treasury on Tuesday of each week.

Sec. 18. It shall be the duty of the Mayor, the Clerk, and City Attorney to count all public moneys at least once a month and report their findings to the City Council.

Annual Estimates.

Sec. 19. Every officer or board of the city shall make out and file with the City Clerk, on or before the 15th day of July in each year, an estimate of the expenses of his or its office or department for the year commencing on the 1st day of July preceding said report.

Administrations of Oaths and Affirmations

Sec. 20. The Mayor, City Treasurer, and each member of the Council, and of each board and commission provided for in this charter, shall have the power to administer oaths and affirmations in any investigation or proceeding pending before any of said officers or bodies, or concerning any lemant on the City Treasury, and the City Clerk shall have the power to administer all oaths and affirmations required by the charter.

The City Council and each board and commission provided for in this charter shall have the power and authority to examine witnesses under oath and compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of evidence before such Council, board or commission, as the case may be, by supoena, to be issued in the name of said City of Santa Monica, and to be attested by the City Clerk of said city. The City Clerk shall, upon the demand of the President of the City Council, or the presiding officer of any such board or commission, issue such supcena in the name of said city, and attest the same with the corporate seal thereof, and shall in such suppens direct and require the attendance of the witness or witnesses sought to be supoenaed before the City Council or the respective board or commission requiring the issuance of said supoenas at a time and place to be in said suppenss specified.

The Chief of Police shall cause all such suppenss to be served by some

member of the Police Department upon the person or persons required to attend before the Council or board or commission in such suppenss designated.

The City Council shall from time to time, adopt ordinances providing suitable penalties for disobedience of such suppoenas, and the refusal of witnesses to testify before such Council, board or commission when required so to do:

ARTICLE VI.

Official Bonds.

Sec. 1. The City Council shall by ordinance, fix the amount of the official bonds of all such officers of said City of Santa Monica as are by ordinance required to give bonds.

ARTICLE VII.

Salaries of Officers.

Sec. 1 Each member of the Council shall receive the sum of five dollars (\$5.00) for each and every meeting attended by him, not to exceed one meeting a week.

The Mayor and all other officers of the city shall receive such salaries as may be fixed by this charter or by ordinance.

ARTICLE VIII.

Board of Education

Sec. 1. The government of the School Department of the city shall be vested in a Board of Education, to consist of five members, to be elected as herein provided, to be called Members of the Board of Education, who shall serve without salary.

Sec. 2. The Board of Education shall elect one of its number President, and shall hold regular meetings at least once in each month, and special meetings at such times as shall be determined by rule of said board. A majority of all the members shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, but a smaller number may adjourn from time to time. The board may determine the rules of its proceedings; the ayes and noes shall be taken and recorded on all questions of elections, appointments, or the expenditure of money, and in all other cases upon the call of any member. Its sessions shall be pub-He, and its records shall be open inspection. The board public shall fill all vacancies occurring in that body until the next general municipal election.

It shall elect a Secretary to serve during its pleasure, who shall not be a member of the Board nor employed by it in any other capacity, and by resolution shall fix his salary.

The duties of the Secretary shall be to call meetings of the Board of Education at the request of two members; and to keep a record of its proceedings; to keep account of receipts and expenditures of school money; to provide, under the direction of the Board of Education, all school supplies, authorized by law; to keep the school buildings in repair and to have care and supervision over the school premises and property during vacations; and to perform such other duties as may be prescribed by the Board of Education.

Sec. 3. The Board of Education shall have power:

- (1) To establish and maintain public schools, including high schools, to change, consolidate and discontinue the same.
- (2) To appoint or employ and dismiss a City School Superintendent, such teachers, janitors, school census marshals, mechanics, laborers and other employes as may be necessary to carry into effect the powers and duties of the board; to fix and allow their salaries or wages; provided, that no election of a teacher, or other person employed by the board shall be construed as a contract, as to the duration of time.
- (13) To make, establish and enforce all necessary and proper rules and regulations for the government of public schools, the teachers thereof, pupils therein, and for carrying into effect the laws relating to education; provided that corporal punishment shall not be inflicted upon any pupil in the public schools of said city except in the presence of or with the written consent of the parent or guardian of the pupil; and regulate also to establish the grade of schools, and determine what text-books, course of study and mode of instruction shall be used in said schools.
- (4) To provide for the School Department fuel and lights, water, blanks, blank books, printing and stationery; and to incur such other incidental expenses as may be deemed necessary by said board.
- (5) To build, alter, repair, lease and provide school houses, and to furnish them with proper school furniture, apparatus and appliances, and to insure against fire any and all such school property.
- (6) To take and hold in fee. or otherwise, in trust for the city, any and all real estate, and personal property that may have been acquired, or may be hereafter acquired, for the use and benefit of the public schools



of the city; and to sell or exchange and to lease any of such property; provided that the proceeds of any such sale or exchange shall be exclusively applied to the purchase of other lots; or the erection of school houses.

- (7) To grade, fence and improve all school lots, and in front thereof to grade, sewer or pave and repair the streets, and to construct and repair sidewalks.
- (8) To sue for any and all property belonging to or claimed by the said Board of Education, and to prosecute and defend all actions at law or in equity necessary to recover and maintain the full enjoyment and possession of said property, and to require the services of the City Attorney, free of charge, in all such cases.
- (9) To determine annually the amount of money required for the support of the public schools, and for carrying into effect all the provisions of law in reference thereto; and, in pursuance of this provision, the board shall on or before the 15th day of July of each year, submit, in writing, to the City Council a careful estimate of the whole amount of money to be received from the State and county. and the amount required from the city, for the above purpose, and the City Council shall, in each year, fix the percentage of taxes to be levied and collected for school purposes, provided that the amount to be thus levied for school purposes shall not exceed twenty cents on each one hundred dollars' valuation upon the assessment roll, and that when collected it shall be paid into the school fund.
- (10) To establish regulations for the just and equitable disbursement of all moneys belonging to the school fund.
- (11) To examine and approve, in whole or in part, in the manner provided in Article XIII, every demand payable out of the school fund, or to reject any such demand for good-cause.
- (12) To discharge all legal incumbrances now existing, or which may hereafter exist, upon any school property.
- (13) To prohibit any child under six years of age from attending the public schools.
- (14) In its discretion to establish kindergarten schools for the instruction of children between the ages of five and six years, and industrial and manual training schools or departments.
- (15) To receive and manage property or money acquired by bequest or donation in trust for the benefit of

any school, educational purpose, or school property.

(16) And generally to do and perform such other acts as may be necessary and proper to carry into force and effect the powers conferred on said board, and to increase the efficiency of the public schools of said city.

All contracts for building Sec. 4. shall be given to lowest bidder thereon, offering adequate security, to be determined by the board after due public notice, published for not less than ten days in the official newspaper of the city. It shall be the duty of the board to furnish all necessary supplies for the public schools. All books, stationery, fuel, supplies, printing, goods, material, merchandise, repairing and every other article and thing supplied to or done for the public schools, or any of them, when the expenditure to be incurred on account of such matter may exceed three hundred dollars, shall be done or furnished by contract let to the lowest bidder after like public advertisement: provided, that the Foard of Education may reject any. and all bids under this section.

Sec. 5. Any member of the board of Education, officer or other person officially connected with the School Department, or drawing a salary from the Board of Education, who, while connected or drawing such salary, upon investigation by the Board of Education, shall be found to be interested, either directly or indirectly, in, or to have gained any advantage or benefit from any contract, payment under which have been or are to be made, in whole or in part, from moneys derived from the school fund, or raised by taxation or otherwise for the support of the public schools, shall forfeit his office, and the Board of Education shall thereupon declare such office vacant.

Sec. 6. The Poard of Education shall, before the 30th day of June of each year, fix a schedule of salaries for teachers and employes of the School Department, to take effect on the 1st day of July following, and to remain in force during one year.

School Superintendent.

Sec. 7. The Superintendent, with the approval of the Board of Education, may, for good and sufficient cause, provisionally suspend any teacher employed in the public schools of the city, until the next meeting of the Board of Education. It shall be the duty of the Superintendent to report to the Board of Education annually, and at such other times as it may require, all matters pertaining to the condition

and : progress of the public schools of said city during the pro-ceeding year, with such recommendations as he may deem proper; to visit each school at least once a week; to observe, and cause to be observed, such general rules for the regulation, government and instruction of the schools as may be established by the board; to recommend to the board the dismissal of teachers, stating the reasons therefor; to attend all sessions of the board, and inform it at each session of the condition of the public schools, school houses, and other matters connected therewith. and recommend such measures as he may deem necessary for the advancement of education in the city, and to acquaint himself with all the laws, rules and regulations governing the schools in said city, and the judicial decisions thereon, and give advice connected with public schools, gratuitously, to officers, teachers, pupils and their parents and guardians.

School Fund.

Sec. 8. The school fund shall consist of all moneys received from the State School Fund and County School Fund, and of all moneys arising from taxes which shall be levied annually by the City Council of the city for school purposes; of all moneys arising from the sale, rent or exchange of any of the school property, and of such other moneys as may, from any source whatever, be paid into any school fund. The school fund shall be separate and distinct from all other moneys and shall be used for school purposes only under the provisions of this charter. If, at the end of any fiscal year, any surplus remains in the school fund, such surplus money shall be carried forward to the school fund for the next fiscal year, and shall not be, for any purpose whatever, diverted or drawn from said fund, except under the provisions of this charter.

Sec. 9. The said school fund shall be used and applied by said Board of Education for the following purposes, towit:

- For the payment of the salaries or wages of the Superintendent, teachers, janitors, school census marshals, and other persons who may be employed by said board.
- (2) For the erection, alteration, repairs, rent and furnishing of school houses.
- (3) For the purchase or rent of any real or personal property purchased or leased by said board.
- (4) For the insurance of all school property.



- (5) For the discharge of all legal incumbrances on any school property:
- (6) For lighting the school rooms and the offices and rooms of the Superintendent and Board of Education.
- (7) For supplying the schools with fuel, water, apparatus, blanks, blank books and necessary school appliances, together with books for indigent children.
- (8) For supplying books, printing and stationery for the use of the Superintendent and Board of Education, and for the incidental expenses of the Department.
- (9) For grading and improving all school lots, and for grading, sewering, planking, or paving and repairing streets, and constructing and repairing sidewalks in front thereof.

Sec. 10. All demands authorized by this article shall be paid by the City Treasurer from the school fund; provided, that the said board shall not have power to contract any debts or liabilities, in any form whatsoever, against the said city, in contravention of this article, or exceeding in any year the income and revenue provided for the school fund for such year but this provision shall not be construed to provent the incurring of Indebtedness for permanent improvements to be liquidated by the proceeds of school bonds of the district issued in accordance with the general laws of the State for the purpose of defraying the cost of such permanent improvements.

Sec. 11. It shall be the duty of the Auditor of the County of Los Angeles, upon the first Monday in each month, and at such other times as he may deem proper, to certify in duplicate to the Superintendent of Schools of such county the amount of school moneys at that time in the county treasury, and the amount roceived during the previous month. The County Superintendent shall, upon the receipt of such certificates, indorse upon one of them the amount of such moneys to which the public. schools of the city are entitled. The certificate so indorsed shall be at once returned to said Auditor, who shall direct upon the same the County Treasurer to pay the sum designated upon such certificate to the Treasurer of the City for the use of the school fund thereof.

Sec. 12. The Treasurer of said county shall thereupon pay to the Treasurer of said city the sum directed by the Auditor as above pro-

vided; and when said moneys are placed in the city school fund they shall be used in precisely the same manner as moneys raised by the city school taxes in the city; provided that the entire revenue derived by the city from the State school fund and the State school tax fund shall be applied by said Board of Education exclusively to the support of primary and grammer schools.

ARTICLE IX.

Library Department.

Sec. 1. The public library and reading room, known as the Santa Monica Public Library," is hereby continued in existence, and shall be free of access to all citizens of said city and the general public, subject to such rules and regulations for the government and management thereof as may at any time be adopted by the Board of Trustees of said library, hereinafter provided.

hereinafter provided.

Sec. 2. There shall be levied and collected annually, on all the taxable property in the city, as in other cases a tax sufficient to maintain such library, not less than \$3,000 per year, and for purchasing or leasing such real and personal property, books, papers, publications, furniture, and fixtures, and erecting such buildings as may be necessary therefor. indebtedness exceeding the amount of the annual levy for this purpose shall be incurred in any one year; provided, this limitation shall not be construed to prevent the incurring of indebtedness for permanent improvements, to be liquidated by the proceeds of municipal bonds issued by the City of Santa Monica, in accordance with the provisions of this charter and of the general laws of the State, for the purpose of defraying the cost of such improvements.

Trustees.

Sec. 3. The Mayor shall, after his qualification under this charter, appoint, subject to confirmation by the Council, a board of five Trustees of said library, who shall serve without compensation and be known as "The Board of Trustees of the Santa Monica Public Library." They shall be chosen from the citizens at large without regard to political opinions, but with reference to their fitness for said office, and no member of said board shall hold office in said city in any other capacity.

Sec. 4. Said Trustees shall hold office for two years, and until their successors are appointed and qualified, and if any vacancy occurs the Mayor shall, subject to confirmation

by the Council, fill the same by appointment for the unexpired term.

Sec. 5. Said Trustees shall, immediately after their appointment, meet and organize by the election of a president from among their number and they may appoint the Librarian or any employe of the Library Department to act as clerk of the board. Such clerk shall keep a record and full minutes in writing of all their proceedings, and may certify to such proceedings or any portion thereof under his or her hand, to be verified by seal, if a seal be adopted and provided by the board for that purpose, and shall serve without extra compensation.

Powers of the Board.

Sec. 6. Such board, by a majority of all the members, to be recorded in the minutes with the ayes and noes at length, shall have power to make and enforce all such by-laws, rules and regulations as may be necessary or expedient for its own guidance, and for the administration, government and protection of such library, reading-room and property; to determine the number of officers and assistants to be appointed for such library and reading-room, and to determine and define their duties; to fix the salaries and wages of all such employes; to appoint a Librarian and necessary assistants, and such other employes as may be necessary, and, for good cause, to remove them; to control and order the expenditure of all moneys at any time in the library fund, and order the drawing and pay ment of all moneys out of said fund for such expenditures of liabilities as are herein authorized, subject to the general provisions for the payment of demands on the City Treasurer, contained in Article XIII, to purchase or lease all necessary real property whereon to construct and thereon to construct a library building or buildings, or to lease appropriate rooms, or a building or buildings, for such library, and to have the general supervision, care and custody of the grounds, rooms or buildings constructed, leased or set apart for that purpose, and generally do all that may be necessary to carry out the spirit and intent of this charter in establishing a public library and readingroom; provided that all moneys received for such library shall be de-posited in the treasury of the city, to the credit of the library fund, and shall be kept separate and apart from other moneys of the city, and shall be drawn from said fund upon demands authenticated by the signatures of the President and Clerk of the board. All libraries and reading-

rooms heretofore established by said city, and all property, real and personal, thereto belonging, shall be turned over to the charge, custody and administration of the Board of Trustees, with like powers and liabilities as if such library had been established under this charter.

Who May Use the Library.

Sec. 7. The library and readingroom shall be forever free to the use of the inhabitants of the city, and persons sojourning therein, always subject to such reasonable rules and regulations as the Board of Trustees may adopt, and said board may exclude from the use of said library and reading-room any and all persons who shall willfully violate such rules, and said board may extend the privileges and use of such library and reading-room to persons residing outside the city upon such terms and conditions as said board may, from time to time, by its regulations prescribe.

Donations and Conveyances.

Any person desiring to Sec. 8. make donations of money, securities or other personal property or real estate, shall have the right to west the title to such money, personal property or real estate so donated in "The Board of Trustees of the Santa Monica Public Library," hereby created, to be owned, held and controlled by such board when accepted, according to the terms of the deed, gift devise or bequest of such property; and, as to such property, the board shall be held and considered to be a special trustee thereof for the city. The title of all real property that may be purchased shall likewise be taken by said board in its name as such special trustee; and the City of Santa Monica may, in its discretion, by ordinance, set apart and order to be conveyed by said board, as special trustee, any part of the real property of the city not otherwise appropriated.

Sec. 9. The Board of Trustees shall make the annual report and estimate hereinafter provided.

Sec. 10. The City Council shall have power to pass ordinances imposing suitable penalties for the punishment of persons committing injury upon such library, or the grounds or property thereof, and for injury to or failure to return any book belonging to such library.

Police Department

Sec. 11. The Mayor, who shall be ex-officio a member and President of

the Board, and two citizens, to be appointed by the Mayor, subject to confirmation by a majority of the Council, shall constitute the Board of Police Commissioners of the city. The appointive members of the board shall serve without compensation, and shall be of different political parties. The appointive members of the board shall hold office for two years, and until their successors are appointed and qualified.

Sec. 12. The Police Commissioners shall meet at least once a week.

Sec. 13. The PoliceDepartment shall consist of the Chief of Police and as many subordinate officers and such policemen and detective officers and employes as the Council shall, by ordinance, determine. All appointments and removals in the Police Department shall be made by the Board of Police Commissioners.

Sec. 14. The salaries of members and employes of the Police Department shall be fixed by the Council by ordinance.

by ordinance.

Sec. 15 The Police Commissioners shall prescribe the rules and regulations for the government of the police force, and fix and enforce the penalties for their violation.

alties for their violation.

Sec. 16. The Board of Police Commissioners, the Chief of Police, and other officers and employes shall have such further powers and be subject to such further duties as may be granted or imposed by ordinance.

Fire Department.

Sec. 17. The Mayor, who shall be ex-officio a member and President of the Board, and two citizens to be appointed by the Mayor, subject to confirmation by a majority of the Council, shall constitute the Board of Fire Commissioners of the city. The appointive members of the board shall serve without compensation, and shall be of different political parties. The appointive members of the board shall hold office for two years, and until their successors are appointed and qualified.

Sec. 18. The Fire Commissioners shall meet at least once a month.

Sec. 19. The Fire Department shall consist of a Chief and Assistant Chief, and such other officers and employes as the Council may, by ordinance, from time to time; determine to be necessary.

Sec. 20. The salaries of all officers and employes of the Fire Department, shall be fixed by the Council, by ordinance.

Sec. 21. The Board of Fire Commissioners shall prescribe the rules and regulations for the government of the department, and fix and en-

force the penalties for their violation.

Sec. 22. The Board of Fire Commissioners and the Chief Eningeer, and other officers and employes, shall have such other powers and perform such other duties as may be granted or imposed by ordinance.

Park Department.

Sec. 23. All lands and real property located in the City of Santa Monica which have been heretofore, or which may be hereafter, set apart or dedicated for the use of the public as a public park or parks, shall forever remain to the use of the public.

Sec. 24. The Mayor, who shall be ex-officio member and President of the Board, and two citizens to be appointed by the Mayor, subject to confirmation by a majority of the Council, shall constitute the Board of Park Commissioners of the city. The appointive members of the Board shall serve without compensation, and shall be members of different political parties. The appointive members of the board shall hold office for two years, and until their successors are appointed and qualified.

Sec. 25. The Park Commissioners

shall meet ut least once a month.

Sec. 26. The Park Department shall consist of as many officers and employes as the Council may, by outlinance, from time to time determine to be necessary. All appointments and removal in the department shall be made by the Board of Park Commissioners.

Sec. 27. The salary of all officers and employes of the Park Department shall be fixed by ordinance.

Sec. 28. The Board of Park Commissioners shall prescribe the rules and regulations for the government of the department, and fix and enforce the penalties for their violation.

Sec. 29. The Board of Park Commissioners shall have such other powers and perform such other duties as may be granted or imposed by ordinance.

Board of Health.

Sec. 30. There is hereby established in and for the City of Santa Monica a department to be known as the Board of Health, to consist of three members, viz.

The Mayor, who shall be ex-officio a member and President of the Board, and two citizens, to be appointed without regard to their political opinions, by the Mayor, subject to confirmation by a majority of the Council.

Both of said citizens shall be physicians in good standing and gradu-

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ates of some reputable medical col-

Sec. 31. The appointed members of the board shall hold office for two years, and until their successors are elected and qualified, and shall serve without compensation. All vacancies shall be filled for the unexpired term only. Any appointed member falling to qualify within ten days after his appointment shall be deemed to have declined the office, and a new appointment shall be made. Two members shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.

Health Office.

Sec. 32. The Board of Health shall be provided by the City Council with a suitable office, in which it shall hold its official meeting once a month, or when requested by two members of the board.

Sec. 33. The Board of Health shall nave such general supervision as may be provided by ordinance of all matters appertaining to the sanitary condition of the city, including jails, hospitals and all public health institutions.

Health Officer.

Sec. 34. The Board shall appoint and, for good cause, may remove a health officer, whose duties as such shall be defined by ordinance. He shall be a graduate of a reputable medical college, and shall have practiced medicine at least five years, and shall have been a citizen and resident for two years in this city, and have his license to practice medicine recorded with the County Clerk of Los Angeles County, in accordance with the laws of the State of California regulating the practice of medicine. He must reside within the city limits. The Board shall appoint all assistants to said Health Officer, and all employes in the Health Department, the number of such assistants and employes and their compensation to be fixed from time to time by ordinance.

Sec. 35. The Health Officer shall be the executive officer of the board, and he shall see that all ordinances in respect to the public health and the rules and regulations of the Board of Health are enforced; and shall receive all complaints of the violations of such ordinances rules and regulations, and investigate the same and act thereon. He shall make to the board an annual report of the affairs of his office, including mortuary and other statistics, with such general observations as in his judgement might benefit the sanitary condition of the city. He shall in person visit once

in each quarter all the public institutions in the city under the charge of the Health Department, and twice in each year he shall visit every public school in said city; during such visits he shall examine the buildings in regard to the manner in which they are lighted, ventilated, heated, and particularly in regard to their sanitary condition. At the meetings of the board in the months of January, April, July and October, he shall report to the board the result of his examinations.

Quarantine.

Sec. 36. Whenever it shall be cartified to the Board of Health by the Health Officer that any building or part thereof is unfit for human habitation by reason of its being so infected with disease, or from other causes, as to be likely to cause sickness among its occupants, said board may issue an order, and cause the same to be affixed conspicuously on the building or in front thereof and to be personally served upon the owner, agent or lessee, if the same can be found, requiring all persons therein to vacate such building for the reasons aforesaid, to be stated there-Such building, or part thereof, shall within ten days thereafter be vacated or within such shorter time, not less than twenty-four hours, as in said notice may be specified but said board, if it should become satisfied that, the danger from the building or parts thereof has ceased to exist, may revoke said order, and it shall thenceforth become inoperative.

Sec. 37. Every physician in the city shall report to the Health Officer in writing every patient he shall have sick of typhus, ship or yellow fever, Asiatic cholera, leprosy, smallpox, diphtheria or scarlet fever, and every death from such disease im-mediately after it shall have occurred. Also every householder in said city shall forthwith report in writing, or otherwise, to the Health Officer the name of every inmate of his or her house whom he or she shall have reason to believe is sick of typhus, ship or yellow fever, leprosy, cholera or smallpox, or other contagious or infectious diseases, and any deaths occuring at his or her house from such disease.

Infectious Diseases.

Sec. 38. The Health Officer shall report to the Superintendent of the Public Schools the names and residences of every person sick of typhus, ship or yellow fever, Asiatic cholera, smalpox, leprosy, diphtheria, scarlet fever or other contagious or infec-

tious dieseases, he may deem dangerous to the public health; and it shall be the duty of the Superintendent of Public Schools when so notified of the residence of any person sick of any of the diseases enumerated to refuse admittance to the public schools of any member of a family, one or more of whose inmates are sick of any of the aforesaid diseases; provided that the parties excluded shall be readmitted upon presenting a certificate from the Health Officer that there is no longer any danger from contagion.

Sec. 39. No person shall drive or use any vehicle, or suffer or permit any vehicle under his or her charge or control, to be driven or used for the conveyance, transportation or removal of any person infected with the smallpox, or the body of any person who has died of smallpox, without the written consent of the Health Officer; also no person shall use or drive, or suffer or permit any vehicle authorized by the written consent of the Health Officer, to convey, transport or remove persons infected with the smallpox, or the bodies of persons who may die of the smallpox, to be used or driven for the conveyance, transportation or removal of persons uninfected with small; jox, without the written consent of the Health Officer.

Sec. 40. Whenever a case smallpox, Asiatic cholera or yellow fever is reported to the Health Officer, he shall immediately visit the premises where the person is, and the said Health Officer, upon personal inspection, shall, in cases of smallpox, Asiatic cholera or yellow fever, immediately cause to be erected a yellow, or quarantine flag in a conspicrous place on said premises, or put upon the doorway of houses infected with such diseases a placard setting forth the fact, the same to remain during the continuance of the disease on said premises.

Sec. 41. The Board of Health may appoint and remove at pleasure a physician and nurses for the hospital or hospitals of the city when, in their judgment, it may be necessary. The salary for said officers shall be provided for in the same manner as for other officers of the board.

Smallpox Hospital.

Sec. 42. The City Council may, by ordinance, establish and provide for the government of a smallpox hospital.

ARTICLE X.

Board of Water Commissioners. Sec. 1. At such time as this city



may become the owner of a water system, the City Council shall by ordinance provide for the appointment of a board of water commissioners defining their duties, and for the appointment of such employes as may be necessary.

ARTICLE XI.

Elections.

Sec. 1. Elections to be held in said city for the purpose of electing the officers of said city, and for all other purposes, are of two kinds.

- (1) General Municipal Elections.
- (2) Special Elections.

Sec. 2. General Municipal Elections shall be held in said city on the first Monday in April, 1907, and on the first Tuesday in December, 1909, and on the first Tuesday in December every two years thereafter, at which shall be elected:

A Mayor,

A City Clerk,

A City Treasurer, who shall be exofficio Tax Collector,

A City Assessor, and

Five Members of the Board of Education,

And by the electors of each ward, One Member of the City Council.

Sec. 3. The first officers elected at a general municipal election shall after they have qualified as provided in this charter, enter upon the discharge of the duties of the offices to which they have been elected, on the third Monday in April of the year of their election. All officers elected thereafter shall enter upon the discharge of their duties on the first Monday in January of the year succeeding their election, and shall serve for two years, and until their successors shall have been elected and qualified.

The Council shall have Sec. 4. power to submit to the electors of said city at any election any question required to be so submitted by the Constitution, the law, this charter, or by ordinance; provided. in such that case question is required by said Constitution, law, charter, or ordinance to be submitted at a special or other particular kind of election, it shall be so submitted, and not otherwise.

Sec. 5. The present officers of the city shall hold, continue to hold and exercise their respective offices until the election or appointment and qualification of the first officers to be elected or appointed under this charter, with the powers and duties vested in and imposed upon them by the charter and the ordinances of the city under which they were elected.

Eligibility to Office.

Sec. 6. No person shall be eligible to, or hold any office in said city, whether filled by election or appointment, unless said person be a resident and, if a male citizen, an elector therein, and shall have resided in said city for the following times:

Mayor—Three years.

Members of the Council two years within the city and the last one year prior to his election within the ward from which he is elected.

All other elective officers two years.

All officers appointed by the Mayor and confirmed by the Council—One year.

Sec. 7. In addition to the above qualifications the Attorney must have been admitted to practice in all the courts of this State, and also in all Federal Courts within the Southern District of California.

Vacancies.

Sec. 8. A vacancy exists in an office within said city when an officer dies, resigns, or ceases to be a resident of the City, or if he be a Councilman ceases to reside in the ward for which he was elected.

Sec. 9. A vacancy in an elective office shall be filled by the Council.

ARTICLE XII.

Contracts.

Sec. In the erection, improvement, and repair of all public buildings and works, and in all street and sewer work, where payment for the same is to be paid out of the street or general fund, and in all work in about streams, bays, or water fronts, or in or about embankments, or other work for protection against overflow, and in furnishing any supplies or materials for the same, when the expenditure required for the same exceeds the sum of Three Hundred (\$300,00) Dollars, the same shall be done by contract, and shall be let to the lowest responsible bidder, after notice by publication in a newspaper of general circulation printed and published in such city, for at least ten days. Such notice shall distinctly and specifically state the work contemplated to be done; provided that the Council may reject all bids presented, and readvertise, in their discretion. The Council shall annually, at a stated time contract for doing all city printing and advertising, which contract shall be let to a daily newspaper of general circulation, pub-lished wholly within said city, submitting the lowest bid, after notice, as provided in this section.

Sec. 2. The City of Santa Monica shall not be and is not bound by any contract, or in any way liable thereon, unless the same is made in writing by order of the Council, the draft thereof aproved by the Council, and the same ordered to be, and be, signed by the Mayor, or some other person authorized thereto, in behalf of the city; provided that the approval of contracts by the City Attorney, as required by the provisions of Article V of this charter, shall be endorsed on the draft thereof before the Council shall have power to approve the same; but the Council, by an ordinance, may authorize any officer, committee or agent of the city to bind the city without a contract in writing for the payment of any sum of money not exceeding three hundred dollars.

ARTICLE XIII.

Claims and Demands.

Sec. 1. All claims and demands whatever against the City of Santa Monica except interest coupons on bonds and bonds of the funded debt, shall be paid only on demands as berein provided for.

herein provided for.

Sec. 2. Said demands, except demands payable out of the School Fund, the Library Fund, or Water Revenue Fund, shall be presented to the Council on forms and blanks to be provided by the City Clerk, and shall be referred to its Committee on Finance. The said committee shall, by endorsement thereon, approve or reject the same in whole or in part. The Council shall then consider the said demands and the action of said committee thereon, and shall, if the same be just and legal, approve the same; or may, if it so determine, approve in part or reject the whole. The action of the Council shall be endorsed thereon, with the date of such action, and certified by the signatures President and City Clerk; of the provided, that it shall require the votes of a majority of the members of the whole Council, under a call of the ayes and noes, and the vote spread upon the minutes, to approve any such demand in whole or in part.

Sec. 3. All demands payable out of the School Fund must, before they can be approved by the City Clerk, or paid, be previously approved by the Board of Education, by a vote of the majority of the members thereof taken with the ayes and noes and spread on the minutes, and the action of said board indorsed on said demand and signed by the presiding officer and the Secretary thereof. After the approval of said demands they shall be delivered to the City Clerk, who shall have the same pow-

ers and portorm the same duties in reference to demands payable out of the School Fund as is provided for other demands.

other demands. Sec. 4. All demands payable out of the library fund must, before they can be approved by the City Clerk, or paid, be previously approved by the Board of Trustees of the Santa Monica Public Library, by a vote of three members thereof, taken with the aves and noes and spread on the minutes, and the action of said board endorsed on said demand and signed by the presiding officer and the Secretary thereof. After the approval of said demands they shall be delivered to the City Clerk, who shall have the same power and perform the same duties in reference to demands payable out of the library fund as are provided for other demands.

Sec. 5. No demand can be approved by any board or officer, audited or paid, unless it specify each several items, with the date and amount thereof.

Sec. 6. No payment can be made from the City Treasury, or out of. the public funds of said city, unless the same be specially authorized by law or this charter, nor unless the demand which is paid be duly audited as in this charter provided. The term "audited," as used in this charter with reference to demands upon the treasury, is to be understood to mean that said demands have been presented to, passed upon and approved by every officer and board of officers, as required by this charter, and this must appear upon the face of the paper representing the demand. or else it is not audited; provided that the approval or rejection in whole or part of a demand by the Committee on Finance of the Council is advisory only to the Council. and the rejection by said committee of a demand in whole or in part does not of itself prevent it being duly audited.

No demand upon the Sec. treasury shall be allowed by the City Clerk in favor of any person or officer in any manner indebted thereto without first deducting the amount of such indebtedness, nor to any person or officer having the collection, custody of or disbursement of public funds, unless his account has been duly presented; passed, approved and allowed, as required by law or this charter; nor in favor of any officer who shall have neglected to make his official returns or his reports in writing in the manner and at the time required by law or this charter, or by the ordinances or regulations made in pursuance thereof; nor to any officer who shall have neglected or refused to comply with any of the provisons of this charter or ordinances of the city, or any act of Legislature regulating the duties of such officer, on ting required in writing to complete therewith by the Mayor or the tresident of the Council; nor in favor of any officer for the time he shall have absented himself, without lawful cause, from the duties of his office during the office hours prescribed by this charter or by ordinance, and the City Clerk may examine any officer receiving a salary from the treasury on oath touching such absence.

Sec. 8. The City Clerk must number and keep a record of all demands on the treasury, showing the number, date, amount and name of the original and present holder, on what account allowed, out of what fund payable, and by what officers or board it has been previously approved; and it shall be a misdemeanor in office for the City Clerk to deliver any demand until this requisite has been complied with.

Sec. 9. Every lawful demand up on the treasury, duly audited, as in this charter required, shall in all cases he paid on presentation and canceled, and the proper entry thereof be made, if there be sufficient money in the treasury belonging to the fund out of which it is payable; but if there be not sufficient money belonging to said fund to pay such demand, then it shall be registered in a book to be kept by the Treasurer for that purpose, showing its number. when presented. amount, name of the original holder, and on what account allowed, and out of what fund payable, and total deficiency in said fund; and being so registered, shall be returned to the party presenting it, with an in-dorsement of the word "registered" dated and signed by the City Treasurer. All registered demands shall be payable in the order of their registration.

Sec. 10. Nothing in this article contained shall be construed as interfering with or preventing the payment by the City Treasurer of bonds of the funded debt of the City of Santa Monica, and the interest coupons thereof, in accordance with the Constitution, laws and ordinances authorizing the issuance of said bonds.

Sec. 11. All public moneys collected by any officer of employe of the city shall be paid into the City Treasury, without any deduction on account of any claim for fees, commissions or other cause or pretense; and the compensation of any officer, employe or other person so collecting inquey, shall be paid by demands on the Treasury duly audited as other demands are audited, and paid.

Sec. 12. No suit shall be brought on any claim for money or damages against the City of Santa Monica, its Board of ducation, Eoard of Trustees of the Santa Monica Public Library, or the Board of Water Commissioners, until a demand for the same has been presented, as herein provided, and rejected in whole or in part. If rejected in part, suit may be brought to recover the whole. Nor shall suit be brought against said city, or said Board of Education, Board of Trustees of the Santa Monica Public Library, or Board of Water Commissioners, upon any claim or demand that has been in whole approved and andited as provided herein; provided that nothing herein contained shall be construed so as to deprive the holder of any demand of his right to resort to a writ of mandamus or other proceeding against the City Council, or any board or officer of said city, to compel it or him to act upon such craim or demand, or pay the same when so audited.

ARTICLE XIV.

Police Court.

Sec. 1. The judicial power of the city shall be vested in a police court presided over by a police judge.

Sec. 2. The Police Judge shall, have the powers of examining magistrates and may commit offenders for trial in the proper court.

Sec. 3. The Police Court shall have exclusive jurisdiction of the criminal proceedings for a violation of any city ordinance, and of all civil actions and proceedings arising out of the violation of such ordinances and for the collection of any license required by any ordinance, except such actions and proceedings as are within the jurisdiction of other courts under the provisions of the constitution of this state.

tion of this state.

Sec. 4. The Police Court shall also have exclusive jurisdiction of the following public offenses committed within the city, (except when prosecuted by inditement or information:)

- 1. Petty larceny;
- 2. Assault and battery;
- 3. Breaches of the peace, riot committing wilful injury to property and all misdemeanors punishable by fine or imprisonment in the county jail or by both;
- 4. Proceedings respecting vagrants lawd or disorderly persons.

Sec. 5: The Police Court shall have concurrent jurisdiction with the

justice's court of the township, in all civil cases arising within said city, which might be tried by the justice's court of Santa Monica township.

Sec. 6. The Clerk of said Court shall remain at his office during business hours and for such reasonable time thereafter as may be necessary for the discharge of his duties.

Sec. 7. All fines, penalties and forfeitures collected by said police court shall be the property of the city and shall be immediately deposited with the city treasurer for the use of said city.

Sec. 8. The City shall furnish the necessary dockets and all blanks and other books and papers and stationery necessary in the transaction of the business of the said police court. A complete record of all cases shall be entered in the docket of said court. Separate dockets shall be kept for the civil and criminal business.

Sec. 9. The said Court shall have a seal, which shall be furnished by the city.

Sec. 10. The Police Court shall alway be open for the transaction of business, except on Sundays and other legal holidays.

ARTICLE XV.

The Initiative

Sec. 1. The basis of the percentage hereinafter provided for any petition shall be the total number of voters registered in the city at the last preceding general election prior to the filing of said petition; and all voters registered at said general election or thereafter shall be qualified to sign the petitions herein provided for.

Upon presentation to the Council of a petition or peti-tions signed by qualified electors of the city, in number equal to 25 per cent. of said registration, asking for submission to the electors of a measure fully set forth in said petition or petitions, being a measure that the City Council might itself adopt, it must either enact such measure without alteration, or submit the same to the electorate at the next regular city election occursubsequent to sixty the filing of said or petitions. But if days ring petiafter tion petition or petitions are signed by qualified electors in number equal to 30 per cent. of said registration; then such measure, if not so enacted by the City Council must be submitted to the electorate at a special election to be called within sixty days from the filing of such petition or petitions.

If such proposed measure is a measure that the City Council might adopt, except for the fact that it involves the repeal or amendment of a measure adopted by the electorata, as herein provided; and if in such case said petition or petitions are signed by qualified electors in number equal to 30 per cent of said registration, then such proposed measure must be submitted to the electors of the city at the next regular city election occurring subsequent to sixty days after the filing of said petition or petitions.

The method of signing and presenting petitions provided for herein shall be as follows: The signatures to the petition need, not all be appended to one paper, but each signer shall add to his signature his place of residence, giving the street and n unber. Each such paper shall have attached thereto the affidavit of a registered voter of the city, stating that all the signatures to the paper were made in his presence, and that to the best of his knowledge and be-Hef each signature to the paper aphanded is the genuine signature of the person whose mame purports to thereunto subscribed. Within twenty days from the date of filing such petition in his office the City Clerk shall examine and grow the great register, and certificate of registration, ascertain whether not said petition is signed by the a quisite number of qualified electors, and if necessary; the City Council shall allow him extra help for the purpose, and he shall attach to said petition his certificate, showing the result of said examination. Each signature whose genuineness is not called in question by the sworn affidavit of the owner thereof shall be assumed to be genuine. If by the clerk's certificate the petition is shown to be insufficient, it may be amended within ten days from the date of said certificate. The clerk shall, within twenty days after such amendment, make like examination of the amended petition, and if his certificate shall show the same to be insufficient, it shall be returned to the persons filing the same. without prejudice, however, to the filing of a new petition to the same effect. If the petition shall be found sufficient, the clerk shall submit the same to the City Council without delay. Any number of proposed measures may be voted upon at the same election in accordance with the provisions of this section; provided, that there shall not be held under this section more than one special elec-

tion in any period of six months. Whenever any measure is required or authorized by this charter to be submitted to the electors of the city, at any election, the City Clerk shall cause the measure to be printed, and he shall enclose a printed copy thereof in an envelope and mail the same to each voter, at least ten days prior to the election, but the City Council may order such measure to be printed in the official newspaper of the city, and published in a like manner as ordinances adopted by the City Council are required to be published; and may order that such publication shall take the place of the printing and mailing of the measure, as first above provided. Ordinances and measures in connection with local improvements, the expenses whereof are defrayed by special local assessment. shall not come within the operation of this section,

The Referendum

Sec. 2. Any measure that the City Council or the electorate of the city, as herein provided, has authority to adopt, the City Council may of its own motion submit to a vote of its constituent electors at a general or special election.

Except as herein provided, no penal ordinance or measure, no ordinance or measure granting any franchise or privilege, and no ordinance or measure making or authorizing any contract (except contracts for improvements, the expenses whereof are defrayed by spcial local assessment, and contracts where the subject matter involved is of less value than \$1000,) passed by the City Council, shall go into effect in less than thirty days after its final passage. But ordinances and contracts declared by the City Council to be necessary as emergency measures for the immediate preservation of the public peace; health and safety, passed by a threefourths vote of the City Council and not obligating the city for a longer period of time than one year, may go into effect at the will of the City Council or as otherwise provided by law.

If within said thirty days a petition or petitions signed by qualified electors of the city, in number equal to 25 per cent. of said registration, is filed with the city clerk, asking that any penal ordinance or measure, any ordinance or measure granting any franchise or privilege, or making or authorizing any contract (except contracts for improvements, the expenses whereof are defrayed by special local assessment, and contracts where the subject matter involved is

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of less value than \$1000,) adopted by the City Council, be submitted to the efectorate, then such ordinance for measure must either be repealed or submitted to the electors for approval or rejection at the next regular city election becarring subsequent to sixty days after the filing of said petition or petitions, or at a special election called prior to such regular city election; and if such ordinance or measure has not gone into effect before the filing of such potition or petitions, and said petition or petitions are signed by qualified electors of the city, in number equal to 30 per cent. of said registration, then such ordinance or measure shall not go into effect until and unless adopted at such election, and no ordinance or measure once so submitted shall be again so submitted, except by a vote of the City Council, or on a petition signed by 30 per cent. of said registration. Said petition or petitions shall be in all respects in accordance with the provisions of Section One of this article except as to the percentage of signers, and be examined and cortified by the clerk in all respects, as therein provided.

If the majority of votes cast on any ordinance or measure referred provided in sections one or two of this article to the electors of the city, shall be in favor thereof, it shall, if not already in effect, go into effect as a valid and binding ordinance or measure of the city, ten days after the official count shall be determined. otherwise such ordinance or measure shall be repealed or rejected; such repeal shall take effect ten days after the official count shall be determined. No dinance or measure approved by the electorate under the provisions of these sections shall be subject to veto, nor, within two years from the date of its adoption, be amended or repealed except by a vote of the electorate or by legislative authority superior to that of the City Council. Any amendment or repeal of such ordinance by the City Council shall be subject to the referendum provided in this section.

If the provisions of two or more measures approved and adopted at the same election under the provisions of this charter, conflict, then the measure receiving the highest affirmative vote shall control.

The Recall

Sec. 3. The holder of any elective office may be removed at any time by the electors entitled to vote for a successor of such encumbent. The proceedure to effect the removal

of an incumbent of an elective office shall be as follows: A petition signed by electors entitled to vote for a specessor to the incumbent sought to be removed, equal, in admost to at least 10 per cent, of the entire vote for all candidates for the office, the incumbent of which is sought to be removed, cast at the last preceeding general municipal election, demanding an election of a successor of the person sought to be removed shall be addressed to the council and filed with the city clerk; and said petition shall contain a general statement of the grounds for which the removal is The signatures to the petition need not all be appended to one paper, but each signer shall add to his signature his place of residence. giving the street and number. Each such paper shall have attached thereto the affidavit of a registered voter of the city, stating that all the signatures to the paper were made in his presence, and that to the best of his knowledge and belief, each signature to the paper appended is the genuing signature of the person whose name purports to be thereunto subscribed. Within ten days from the date of filing such petition the city clerk shall examine and ascertain whether or not said petition is signed by the requigite number of electors entitled to vote, and if necessary, the council shall allow him extra help for that purpose and he shall attach to said result of said examination. If. by the clerk's certificate the petition is shown to be insufficient, it may be amended within ten days from the date of said certificate. The clerk shall, within ten days after such amendment, make like examination of the amended petition, and if his certificate shall show the same to be insufficient, it shall be returnd to the person filing same without prejudice, however, to the filing of a new petition to t he same effect. If the petition shall be found to be sufficient, the clerk shall submit the same to the council without delay and the council shall thereupon order and fix a date for holding the said election, not less than thirty days nor more than forty days from the date of the clerk's certificate to the council that a sufficient patition is filed.

The city council shall make or cause to be made publication of notice, and all arrangements for holding of such election and the same shall be conducted, returned and the results thereof declared, in all respects as are other city elections. The successor of any officer so removed, shall hold office during the unexpired term of his predecessor: Any person

sought to he removed may be a candidate to succeed blusself, and, an desa he requests otherwise, in writing, the clerk shall place his name on the onicial, ballot without nomination. In any such removal election, the candidate, receiving the highest number of votes shall be declared elected. At such election if some other person than the incumbent receives the highest number of votes, the incumbent shall, thereupon be deemed removed from his office upon qualification of his successor. In case the party who receives the highest number of votes should fail to qualify within ten days after receiving notification of election, the office shall be deemed vacant. If the incumbent receives the highest number of votes he shall continue in office.

ARTICLE XVI.

Miscellaneous Provisions.

Sec. I The indebtedness of said city must not exceed the sum of 10 per cent. of its assessed valuation, exclusive of any indebtedness that has been or may hereafter be incurred for the purpose of acquiring or establishing a system of waterworks for supplying the inhabtants of the city with water; and of any indebtedness that has been or may hereafter be inturred for the purpose of constanting sewers, for the collection and disposition of the sowage of the city, and of any indebtedness that been or may hereafter be inhas carred for the purpose of constructing sewers for the collection and disposition of storm waters in sewers the collection the city. For any or all of these purposes a further indebtedness may be incurred by the issue of bonds under the provisions and subject only to the limitations of the Constitution and general laws.

Sec. 2. In any action, suit or proceedings in any court concerning an assessment of property, or levy of taxes, authorized by this Act, or the collection of any such, or in the proceedings consequent thereon, such assessment, lavy, consequent proceeding, and all proceedings connected therewith, shall be presumed to be regularly and duly done or taken until the contrary is shown; and when any proceeding, matter or thing is by this Act committed, or left to the discretion of the Mayor and Council, or the Council, or other authorities of said city, such discretion or judgment, when expressed or declared, is final; and cannot be reviewed or called in question elsewhere.

sees or tax, mass be self for them states coin, and not otherwise; and any one appring or accing to redeem property so sold, as in this charter provided, must pay, or offer to pay, the sum necessary therefor in such coin, and not otherwise.

such coin, and not otherwise. Sec. 4. In all prosecutions for violation of any city ordinance, rule or other regulation of said authorities, whether in the court of original jurisdiction or in any appellate court, it shall be unnecessary to plead the contents of the same; but the court before which the prosecution shall be pending shall take judicial notice of such ordinance, resolution, rule or other regulation, and of the contents thereof; and, in any civil action or proceeding to which the said corporation is a party, either as plaintiff or defendant, the adoption and contents of any ordinance, resolution, by-law, rule or regulation may be prima facie proven by the introduction of the original entry thereof on the journal of the proceedings of the Council, a copy of such entry, certified by the City Clerk to be a full, true and correct copy of such original entry, or by the introduction of a printed copy thereof.

Sec. 5. The fiscal year of the city shall begin on the first day of January of each year and end on the thirty-first day of December following.

Sec. 6. Whenever the word "city" occurs in this charter it means the City of Santa Monica, and whenever

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to the City of Santa ture relating Monica, and all city ordinances, reso lations and other regulations now in force and not inconsistent herewith, shall be and remain in force after this charter takes effect until changed or repealed by the proper authority; and all rights vested under any former act or regulation, when this takes effect, shall not thereby be lost, impaired or dis-charged; and all actions and proceedings commenced in any court wherein the city of Santa Monica is a party, shall be continued under the law existing when said action or proceedings was commenced.

Sec. 6. This Charter shall take effect immediately on its approval by the Legislature, as provided by law.

CERTIFICATE.

Whereas, The City of Santa Monica, a city containing a population of more than three thousand five hundred inhabitants, did, on the seventeenth day of October, A. D. 1905, at a special election, and under and in accordance with the provisions of section eight, article eleven of the Constitution of the State of California, elect the undersigned a board of fifteen freeholders, to prepare and propose a charter for said city:

cles, signed in duplicate, as and for the charter of said City of Santa Mon-

Said charter, including this certificate, shall be published twenty days in the Dally Outlook, a daily newspaper printed, published and circulated in the City of Santa Monica, and after such publication it shall be submitted to the qualified electors of said city at a special election to be held therefor at such time as the board of trustees of said city may designate; and if a majority of the qualified electors of the city, voting at said election, shall ratify the same, it shall be submitted to the legislature of the State of California for its approval or rejection.

The said board of trustees of said city shall provide for the holding of the first election of officers under this charter, in accordance with the provisions of the charter and the general election laws of the state, and shall canvass the votes and declare the result.

the result.

If the legislature approve this charter, it shall thereupon become the charter and organic law of the city of Santa Monica, except as herein provided:

In witness whereof; we have hereunto set our hands at the city of Santa Monica, in the State of California, this eleventh day of Jahuary, A. D.

A Stilson Brain Millicher J. H. Dudley R. Gasser Good Hatton Howk Hould a Mannison

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THE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF THE CITY OF SANTA MONICA.

In the City of Santa Monica,
County of Los Angeles, State of California.

I. T. H. Dudley, president of the board of trustees of the City of Santa Monica, County of Losangeles, State of California, do hereby certify that the board of freeholders whose names appear signed to the foregoing proposed charter were, on the seventeenth day of October, 1905, at a special municipal election held in said city on said day, duly elected by the qualified voters of said city to prepare and propose a charter for said city; that each of said fresholders had been a qualified elector and fresholder of said city for more than five years previous to said election; that the foregoing is a true copy of said charter prepared and returned to me as president of said board of trustees within ninety days after said election, as required by section eight of article eleven of the constitution of this state; that such proposed charter was then published in one daily newspaper of general circulation in said city to wit: The Santa Monica Daily Outlook (said city containing a population of over thirty-five hundred inhabitants and less than ten thousand inhabitants), for more than twenty days, and that the first publication of said proposed charter was made within twenty days after the completion of said charter; that within not less than thirty days after the publication of said charter, as required by section eight, to wit: on the twenty-eight day of March, 1906, said charter was submitted to the qualified electors of said city at a special election duly held therein for the purpose of ratifying or rejecting said proposed charter. That said proposed charter as a whole was duly ratified at said election by the majority of the votes of the qualified electors of said city and that the beturns of said election were duly canvassed by the board of trustees of said City of Santa Monica and day of April, 1906, and the result thereof declared as

above set forth and that in all manners and things pertaining to said proposed charter the provisions of said section have been duly complied with.

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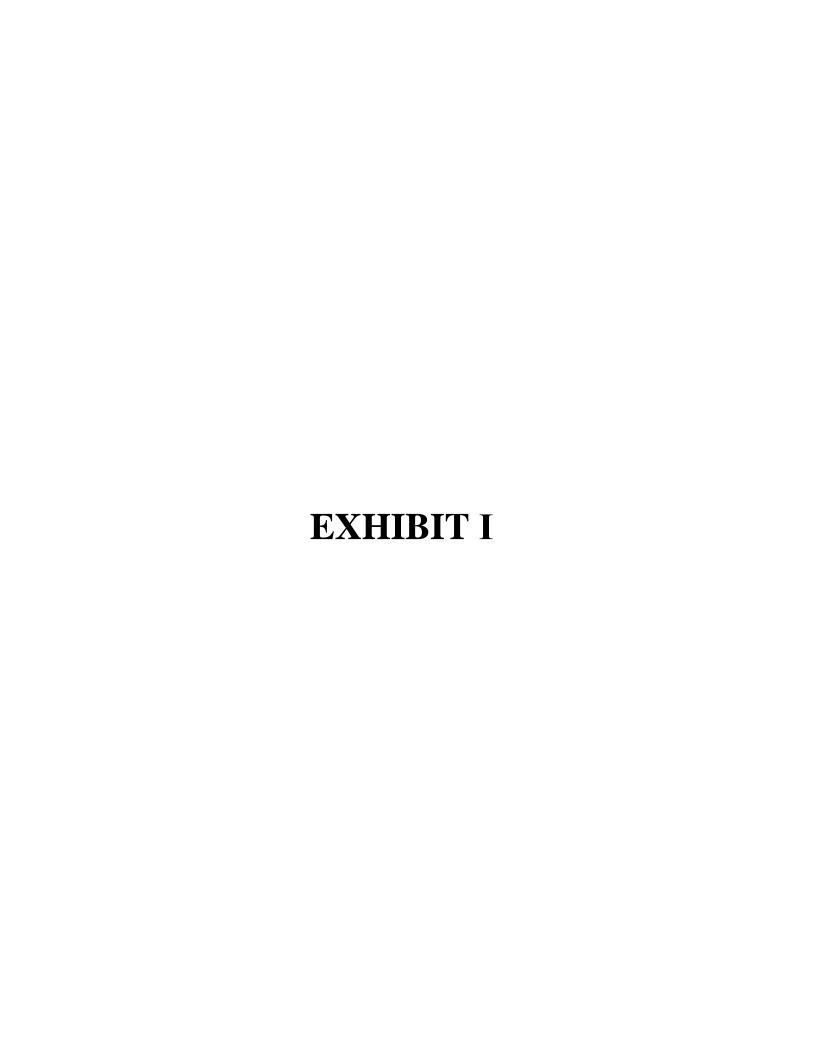
President of the board of trustees of the City of Santa Monica.

Attest;

City Clear.

Now, therefore be it

Resolved by the assemble of the State of California, the senate thereof concurring (the majority of all the members elected to each house voting for and concurring herein), That said charter of the City of Santa Monica as presented to, and adopted and ratified by, the qualified electors of said city, be and the same is hereby approved as a whole, for and as the charter of said City of Santa Monica aforesaid.



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CHARTER

OF THE

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CHARTER

OF THE

CITY OF SANTA MONICA

ADOPTED

By Vote of a Majority of the Electors of Santa Monica, March 28, 1906.

APPROVED

By the Legislature, January, 1907.

AMENDED

By Vote of the Electors of Santa Monica, December, 1914.

AMENDMENTS APPROVED By the Legislature, January, 1915.

AMENDED

By Vote of the Electors of Santa Monica, January, 1919.

AMENDMENTS APPROVED

By the Legislature, January, 1919.

AMENDED

By Vote of the Electors of Santa Monica, December, 1924.

AMENDMENTS APPROVED

By the Legislature, March, 1925.

AMENDED

By Vote of the Electors of Santa Monica, January, 1927.

AMENDMENTS APPROVED

By the Legislature, April, 1927.

CHARTER

CITY OF SANTA MONICA

ARTICLE I. Incorporation and Powers

SEC. 1. The municipal corporation now existing and known as "The City of Santa Monica," shall continue to be a municipal corporation under the name and style of "City of Santa Monica," and with the same boundaries it now has, to-wit:

Commencing at a point in the ordinary Tide line of the Pacific Ocean, distant Thirty and Sixty Hundredths feet (30.60-100) Southeasterly of the Southerly line of Marine Street as shown on the Map of the Crescent Bay Tract, as recorded in Book 2 Pages 13-14 of Maps, Los Angeles County Records.

Thence extending North 56 degrees East to the Southwest corner of Block C of the Santa Monica Tract, as per Map recorded in Book 53 Page 29 Miscellaneous Records, Los Angeles County

geles County.

Thence extending Northeasterly along the Southerly line of the Santa Monica Tract to the Southeast corner of Block B of said Santa Monica Tract.

Thence extending Northeasterly along the Southerly line of the Lucas Tract, to the Southeast corner of Block 47 of said

Lucas Tract as per map recorded in Book 6 Page 221 Miscellaneous Records, Los Angeles County.

Thence extending North 57 degrees 30 minutes East to the Northwest corner of the Mesa La Ballona Tract as per map recorded in Book 5 Page 184 of Maps, Los Angeles County Recorded.

Thence North 57 degrees 45 minutes East along the Northerly line of said Mesa La Ballona Tract, and its prolongation thereof, to the Westerly line of Ballona Road No. 2.

Thence North 33 degrees and 30 minutes West along the

Westerly line of said Ballona Road No. 2 to a point in the dividing line between the Ranches San Vicente Y Santa Monica, and La Ballona.

Thence North 64 degrees and 56 minutes West along the Southerly line of the Twenty-seventh (27th) Street extension to the Southeasterly corner of the S. P. R. R. Co.'s yards. (55

Thence South 75 degrees and 52 minutes West along the Southerly line of S. P. R. R. Co.'s yards (55 Acre Tract) Four Thousand (4000) feet to the Southwest corner of said S. P. R. Co.'s yards (55 Acre Tract.)

Thence Northwesterly along the Westerly line of the aforesaid S. P. R. R. Co.'s yards (55 Acre Tract).

Thence North 14 degrees and 28 minutes West to a point in

the Southerly line of Colorado Avenue (formerly known as Rail-

road Ave.) as per map of the Villa Farms, recorded in Book 3 Pages 118-119 Miscellaneous Records, Los Angeles County.

Thence Northeasterly along the Southerly line of Colorado Avenue, to a point in the Westerly line of Cambridge Street as per Map of the Artesian Tract recorded in Book 4 Page 90 of Maps, Los Angeles County Records.

Thence Northwesterly along the Westerly line of Cambridge

Street to the Southerly line of Nevada Avenue.

Thence North 44 degrees and Three minutes West Two Thousand Eight Hundred and Forty (2840) feet to the Northerly

line of Montana Avenue if prolongated Northeasterly.

Thence extending Southwesterly along the Northerly line of Montana Avenue and the Northerly line of said avenue projected Southwesterly to a point in the Westerly boundary line of Los Angeles County (in the Pacific Ocean.)

Thence Southeasterly along the aforesaid boundary line to a point where a straight line bearing South 56 degrees West would intersect the said boundary line of Los Angeles County.

Thence North 56 degrees East to the place of beginning. And such additional territory as may from time to time be annexed.

SEC. 2. Repealed by amendment approved January, 1915.

SEC. 3. Repealed by amendment approved January, 1915.

ARTICLE II.

SEC. 1. The said corporation shall have the power:

(1) To make and use a corporate seal and alter the same at pleasure.

(2) To sue and be sued in all actions and proceedings what-

To have perpetual succession.

To erect and maintain public buildings, and to lay out and establish, improve and maintain public parks and cemeteries, to acquire by purchase, condemnation or otherwise, or lease such buildings, parks and cemeteries, and to acquire by purchase, or lease, condemnation or otherwise, and to construct, establish, maintain, equip, own and operate libraries, reading rooms, art galleries, museums, playgrounds, places of recreation, camps, fountains, baths, dispensaries, infirmaries, hospitals, free municipal employment offices, charitable institutions, jails, houses of correction and reform schools, work houses, detention houses, morgues, cemeteries, garbage cleaning, garbage disposal and garbage reduction works, street cleaning and street sprinkling plants and apparatus, quarries, plants for the production, making or assemblage of asphalt or any other substance or material for use in the building, maintenance or repair of streets, plants, appliances and equipment for the construction, maintenance and repair of wharves, docks, slips and quays, and for the maintenance of proper depths of water on and along the water front of the city and all other public buildings, places, works, institutions and establishments, whether situated inside or outside of the city limits which may be necessary or convenient for the transaction of public business or for promoting the health, morals, education or welfare of the inhabitants of the city, or for their amusement, recreation, entertainment or benefit.

Amendment approved March, 1925. (5) To provide for the care of the sick and helpless.

- (6) To make regulations to prevent the spread of epidemics and contagious diseases.
- (7) To provide for supplying the city and its inhabitants with water, gas and electricity, or other means of heat and illumination, and power,
- (8) To lay out, open, extend, widen, improve or vacate, pave and repave streets and alleys, sidewalks and crossings, and other highways.

It shall have power to declare any street or highway within said city a boulevard and may restrict the traffic thereon.

- (9) To construct and maintain sewers, drains and other works necessary for the disposition of sewage.
- (10) To establish and maintain public schools and public libraries.
- (11) To levy assessments upon property to pay for the improvements, and to collect the same, and to levy and collect taxes upon property for municipal purposes, including music, entertainment and advertising; provided that the tax levied for any one year, for all municipal purposes, other than for parks, library, schools, payment of interest on the municipal debt, redemption of bonds, music, entertainment and advertising, shall not exceed One Dollar (\$1.00) on each One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) worth of taxable property. The total assessment for music, entertainment and advertising shall not exceed fifteen cents (15c) on each One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) worth of taxable property.

Amendment approved January, 1919.

(12) To manage, control, sell, lease or otherwise dispose of any or all of the property of the said corporation; and to appropriate the income or proceeds thereof to the use of the said corporation; provided that it shall have no power to mort-

gage or hypothecate its property for any purpose.

(13) To license and regulate the carrying on of any and all professions, trades, callings and occupations carried on within the limits of said city, and to fix the amount of license tax thereon to be paid by all persons engaged in such professions, trades, callings or occupations, provide the manner of enforcing the payment of the same; provided that no discrimination shall be made between persons engaged in the same business otherwise than by proportioning the tax upon any business to the amount of business done; and to license, regulate, restrain, suppress, or prohibit any or all laundries, livery and sale stables, cattle and horse corrals, slaughterhouses, butcher-shops, hawkers, peddlers, pawn-brokers, dance halls, melodeons, shows, circuses, public billiard tables, bowling and ten pin alleys, the sale or giving away of malt, vinous, fermented, or other alcoholic or intoxication liquors as a business, except for medicinal purposes by licensed druggists on the prescription of a regularly licensed physician; provided that nothing herein shall prevent the submission of the question whether the sale or giving away of such liquors may be licensed or prohibited to the voters at any election under the provisions herein concerning the initiative and referendum. and to suppress and prohibit all faro banks, games of chance, gambling-houses, tables on stands, bawdy-houses, the keeping of bees within the city limits, and any and all obnoxious, offensive, immoral, indecent or disreputable places of business or practice.

- (14) To create offices, and provide for the election or appointment of officers other than those established by this charter, or by the general law, whenever the public convenience may require the same, and prescribe their duties and fix their compensation. (But this shall not be construed to authorize the creation of new offices and the appointment of other officers to perform the duties by this Charter assigned to officers provided for herein, other than the necessary deputies and assistants to the officers of said city.)
- (15) To acquire, by purchase, condemnation, or other lawful means, property, both real and personal, including water and water rights, electric plants and gas plants, wharves, railroads, bridges and other public utilities within or without the corporate limits, necessary or convenient for municipal purposes, or for exercise of the powers granted to said corporation.
- (16) To fix the salaries of municipal officers, except those officers whose salaries are fixed by this Charter.
- (17) To provide and maintain a proper and efficient fire department, and make and adopt such measures, rules and regulations for the prevention and extinguishing of fires, and for the preservation of property endangered thereby, as may be deemed expedient.
- (18) To protect the property of its inhabitants against inundations.
- (19) To provide against the existence of filth, garbage and other injurious and inconvenient matter within the city and for the disposition of the same.
- (20) To make violations of its ordinances a misdemeanor in all proper cases, and to prescribe the punishment therefor, by fine or imprisonment, or by both; but such fine not to exceed \$500, and such imprisonment not to exceed six months.
- (21) To prescribe the places at which elections shall be held and appoint the officers of election.
- (22) To make and enforce within its limits such local, police, sanitary and other regulations as are not in conflict with general laws and are deemed expedient to maintain the public peace, protect property, promote the public morals and to preserve the health of its inhabitants.
- (23) To exercise all municipal powers necessary to the complete and efficient management and control of the municipal property, and for the efficient administration of the municipal government, whether such powers be expressly enumerated herein or not, except such powers as are forbidden or are controlled by general law.
- (24) The powers conferred by this article shall be exercised by ordinance, except as hereinafter provided.

ARTICLE III.

Departments and Officers.

SECTION 1. The government of the City of Santa Monica shall be divided into three departments, as follows:

Department of public safety. Department of public works. Department of finance.

Amended by amendment approved January, 1915.

Section 1-a. Not more than twelve cents on each one hundred (\$100.00) dollars worth of taxable property out of the fifteen cents mentioned in sub-division eleven of section one of article two of this charter shall be expended for music.

Added by amendment approved March, 1925.

Section 1-b. Out of the fifteen cents on each one hundred (\$100.00) dollars worth of taxable property specified in subdivision eleven of section one of article two of this charter, there shall be expended not less than three cents for advertising, recreation and entertainment. Or, in the event that there be not sufficient reason for expending the whole sum of three cents in any one year, so much thereof as is not expended shall be set aside for advertising in any future year or years.

Added by amendment approved March, 1925.

Section 1-c. The dollar limit specified in subdivision eleven of section one of article two of this Charter shall not include monies to be expended for the care and relief of needy persons within the City of Santa Monica unable to care for themselves, and having no relatives legally liable and able to care for them, and for the prevention of epidemic, but there may be provided in the tax levy in any year a levy not to exceed one (1) cent on each one hundred (\$100.00) dollars worth of taxable property within the said City of Santa Monica for the care and relief of such persons, and the prevention of epidemics.

Added by amendment approved March, 1925.

SEC. 2. There shall be elected by the electors of the city of Santa Monica at large three commissioners, a commissioner of the department of public safety, a commissioner of the department of public works, and a commissioner of the department of finance, at the municipal election to be held in December, 1915, when the commissioner of the department of public safety shall be elected for a term of four years, the commissioner of the department of public works shall be elected for a term of two years, and the commissioner of the department of finance shall be elected for a term of two years, and thereafter their successors shall be elected for a term of four years at the municipal election held in December preceding the expiration of their respective terms of office. The term of their offices shall begin on the first day of January next succeeding their election and qualification.

The commissioners shall compose and be the city council of the city of Santa Monica, trustees of the Santa Monica Public

Library, and commissioners of departments.

Should a vacancy occur in the office of commissioners and the remainder of the term of his office exceed six months, there shall be a special election called to fill such vacancy, but if less than six months, the two remaining commissioners shall fill the

vacancy by appointing a commissioner from the qualified residents of the city; provided, however, that if they can not agree within ten days after the date such vacancy occurs, each commissioner shall propose a candidate, and the two candidates shall cast lots for such appointment and the successful candidate shall be commissioner of the department in which the vacancy occurs

Each commissioner shall receive a salary of Three Thousand (\$3000) Dollars per annum, payable in equal monthly installments at the end of each and every calendar month, and each commissioner shall devote his whole time and attention to the duties of his office. He shall receive no other compensation for

his services.

Amended by amendment approved January, 1915.

SEC. 3. The Commissioner of the Department of Public Safety shall be ex-officio Mayor of the City, Chief of Police, Superintendent of Buildings, Health Officer, and Fire Commissioner, and he shall perform the duties of said officers as provided by law. The Board of Health and the Board of Police Commissioners and the Board of Fire Commissioners are hereby abolished and their duties are conferred upon the Com-

missioner of the Department of Public Safety.

He shall have charge of all matters pertaining to the care and relief of the needy, the establishment of employment bureaus, dispensaries, hospitals and the like, and the prevention of epidemics, and may employ such employees and professional services as may be necessary to carry on such work. The salaries of any employees engaged in this work shall be fixed by ordinance, but the said Commissioner of Public Safety may, anything to the contrary in this charter notwithstanding, expend, in case of emergency, sums up to Two Hundred Fifty (\$250.00) Dollars, without authorization of the Council, and he shall at all times have the power to expend sums less than One Hundred (\$100.00) Dollars in connection with any of the matters mentioned in this paragraph in the same manner that he or any other head of a department is authorized to make expenditure.

The Commissioner of Public Works shall be ex-officio Street Superintendent, Park Commissioner and Water Commissioner, and shall perform the duties of such officers as provided by law, except to the extent that any of such duties may be herein conferred upon the Board of Public Utilities. He shall also have charge of all public works, buildings and properties of every kind and description, except fire, library and school buildings and properties, and except that the Board of Public Utilities shall have such control of works, buildings and properties used for or pertaining to the operation of public utili-

ties as is conferred upon them by this charter.

The Board of Park Commissioners is hereby abolished, and

its duties conferred upon said Commissioner.

The Board of Water Commissioners is hereby abolished and its duties conferred upon said Commissioner, except in so far as any of said duties may be in this charter conferred upon the Board of Public Utilities.

The Commissioner of the Department of Finance shall be ex-officio vice president of the Council, City Clerk, City Assessor, City Treasurer and City Tax and License Collector, and shall perform the duties of all of said officers as provided by

In the absence of or during the inability to act of the Commissioner of Public Safety, said Commissioner of the Department of Finance shall be ex-officio acting Mayor, and may sign any Deeds, Ordinances or other documents required by law to be signed by the ex-officio Mayor.

Amended by amendment approved January, 1915. Amended by amendment approved March, 1925.

SEC. 3-a. The City Council shall appoint three (3) citizens of said city within thirty (30) days after the taking effect of this charter to serve for a period of two (2) years as members of a Library Advisory Board. The members of this board shall act without compensation, and it shall be the duty of said board to make a survey and study the needs and management of the Public Library and to advise the trustees of the Santa Monica Public Library on the solution of all problems touching on the management and upkeep of said library. Said board shall meet at least once a month at such times and places as its members may designate. It shall cause one of its members to be elected President, and one to be elected Secretary, and a representative of said Advisory Board may be present at each meeting of the board of trustees of the Santa Monica Library. The Council shall appoint the successors to the members of said board for like two year periods.

Added by amendment approved April, 1927.

SEC. 4. There shall be elected five members of the board of education at the December election to be held in the year 1915, who shall hold their offices as follows:

Three members shall be elected for a term of four years and two members for a term of two years and thereafter their successors shall be elected for a term of four years at the municipal election held in December preceding the expiration of their respective terms of office. The term of their offices shall begin on the first day of January next succeeding their election and qualification. Should a vacancy occur on the board of education the remaining members of the board shall, by a majority vote, fill the vacancy by appointing a member of the board of education from the qualified residents of the city, who shall hold office until the next municipal election when a member of the board of education shall be elected for the unexpired term, if any.

Amended by amendment approved January, 1915.

SEC. 5. There shall be elected at the December election to be held in the year 1915, a judge of the police court of the city of Santa Monica, who shall be elected for a term of two years, and thereafter his successor shall be elected for a term of two years at the municipal election held in December preceding the expiration of the term of office of the incumbent. The term of office of the police judge shall begin on the first day of January next succeeding his election and qualification. The police judge shall receive a salary of fifteen hundred (\$1500.00) dollars per annum, payable in equal monthly installments at the end of each and every calendar month. Should a vacancy occur in the office of police judge the city council shall fill the vacancy by the appointment for the unexpired term in the same manner as other officers are appointed by the city council.

Amended by amendment approved January, 1915.

SEC. 6. The following officers shall be appointed by the city council:

A city attorney.

A city engineer.

The board of education shall appoint a superintendent of schools. Such officers shall perform the duties imposed upon them by law.

Amended by amendment approved January, 1915.

SEC. 7. The commissioner of each department shall appoint a sufficient number of deputies to perform the duties pertaining to his department; provided, however, that the city council shall by ordinance prescribe the number and compensation of such deputies.

All appointed officers shall hold office until removed by the appointing power which shall have the power of removing in all cases; provided, however, that the city council shall have power to suspend any officer of the city pending trial against whom criminal proceedings may be brought, and in such cases a substitute may be appointed for such officer during suspension.

In all voting upon appointment, suspension or removal of officers, the members of the city council shall vote on call of roll, and the vote of each member shall be spread upon the winutes

Amended by amendment approved January, 1915.

SEC. 8. The city council shall by ordinance regulate the duties of all the officers of the city in conformity with the provisions of this charter and fix their compensation.

Amended by amendment approved January, 1915. SEC. 9. Officers of the city must not be interested in any contract made by them in their official capacity, either directly or indirectly, nor by any body or board of which they are

Added by amendment approved January, 1915.

SEC. 10. The commissioner of the department of public safety as mayor shall preside at meetings of the city council and shall perform the duties of mayor as provided by law; provided, however, that the mayor shall have no right to veto any ordinance or resolution passed by the council, but he shall have the right as councilman to vote on every matter, resolution or ordinance, coming before the city council, and shall vote last on all measures. He shall not have control over any officers of the city other than of the department of public safety. All portions of the city charter in conflict herewith are hereby repealed.

Added by amendment approved January, 1915. Article 3 amended by amendment approved April, 1927.

ARTICLE IV.

Powers and Duties of the Council

SEC. 1. All legislative power of the city is vested in the council and shall be exercised by ordinance; other action of the city council may be ordered upon motion.

Amended by amendment approved January, 1915.

SEC. 2. The said city council is the governing body of the city and shall meet every day except Saturdays, Sundays and other holidays, and all sessions shall be open to the public. When met in regular sessions all acts may be done and ordi-

nances passed by a vote of two-thirds of the members voting affirmatively thereon, anything in this charter or the ordinances of the city to the contrary notwithstanding.

Amended by amendment approved January, 1915.

SEC. 3. The council shall meet in the city hall of the city. The records of its proceedings shall be open for inspection during the usual office hours.

Amended by amendment approved January, 1915.

SEC. 4. The enacting clause of all ordinances, shall be substantially as follows:

"The city council of the city of Santa Monica ordains as follows:"

Amended by amendment approved January, 1915.

SEC. 5. Two members of the city council shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.

Amended by amendment approved January, 1915.

SEC. 6. All bonds of officers must be approved by the council, as also the bonds of any contractors with the city. The city clerk shall indorse upon such bonds the date of their approval which indorsement shall be signed by the presiding officer of the council and the city clerk.

SEC. 7. The city clerk shall be present at the meeting of

the council during its sessions.

SEC. 8. The meetings of the council shall be public and a journal of the proceedings be kept by the clerk under its direction and the ayes and noes shall be taken and entered in the journal in the final action upon the granting of franchises, making of contracts, auditing bills, ordering work to be done or supplies furnished, disposing of or leasing city property, the passage of any ordinance, the ordering of assessments for street improvements, or building of sewers, or upon any other act that may involve the payment of money, or the incurring of a debt by the city, and upon the payment of the salaries of the municipal officers; and in all other cases upon the call of any member.

SEC. 9. The council shall be the judge of the election and qualification of its members. It shall elect one of its members as its presiding officer, who shall be styled president of the council, and who shall, in case of illness of the mayor or in his absence from the city, act as the mayor of the city. The council shall have power to prescribe the rules of its proceedings, and to preserve order at its meetings, and may punish contemptuous or disorderly conduct committed in its presence by fine not exceeding fifty dollars, and imprisonment not exceeding ten days, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Amended by Sections 3 and 10, Article III, approved Janu-

ıry, 1915.

SEC. 10. It shall prescribe by ordinance the duties of all officers whose duties are not defined by this charter, and it may by ordinance prescribe for any officer duties other than those herein prescribed and not inconsistent with the provisions of this charter, and may fix the hours during which the public office of any city officer shall be kept open, if not otherwise herein provided.

SEC. 11. It shall provide suitable rooms for the police court and officers, and the furniture, fuel, lights and stationery necessary for the transaction of the business of the city.

SEC. 12. It shall by ordinance regulate the entrance to and exits from theaters, lecture rooms, churches, public halls, and

public buildings of every kind, and prohibit the placing of chairs, benches or other obstructions in the hall aisles or open

SEC. 13. It may, by ordinance, declare what constitutes a nuisance, and provide for the abatement and removal thereof.

SEC. 14. It shall make proper provision for the care, custody and feeding of all persons imprisoned by municipal authority, and may, by ordinance require all persons held under sentence to perform any public work.

SEC. 15. It shall, by ordinance, regulate the keeping of gunpowder, acids, or other explosives, combustible or inflammable material within the limits of the city, or any specified

SEC. 16. It shall provide for the survey of streets and blocks of land within the limits of the city, and may, by ordinance, declare such surveys official, and may compel all persons to conform to the streets as they are now or may be hereafter, lawfully established and declared official, or otherwise

SEC. 17. It shall by ordinance, establish fire districts, and determine the character of buildings that may be erected therein, and the nature of the materials to be used in the construction, alteration or repair of such buildings, or in the repair or

alteration of existing buildings within such limits.

SEC. 18. The council shall have power, by ordinance, to regulate and provide for lighting of streets, laying down gas pipes and erection of lamp posts, electric towers and other apparatus, and to regulate the sale and use of gas and electric light, and regulate the inspection thereof and to regulate telephone service, and the use of telephones within the city, and to fix and determine the charges for telephones and telephone service, and connections; and to prohibit or regulate the erection of poles for telegraph, telephone or electric wire in the public grounds, streets or alleys, and the placing of wire thereon; and to require the removal from the public grounds, streets or alleys of any or all such poles, and the removal and placing underground of any or all telegraph, telephone or electric

SEC. 19. It shall, by ordinance, provide for the naming of streets and numbering of houses, and for regulating or preventing the exhibition of banners, flags or placards across the streets, or sidewalks, and for regulating or suppressing public criers, advertising, ringing of bells, and other noises.

SEC. 20. It may, by ordinance, provide for maintaining a fire alarm and police telegraph system, and for the cleaning

and sprinkling of graded and accepted streets. SEC. 21. It shall, by ordinance, regulate the speed of railroad trains, engines, electric cars and all other vehicles in the city, and require railroad companies either to station flagmen, place gates or viaducts at all such streets as it may deem pro-

SEC. 22. It shall, by ordinance, regulate and may prohibit the making up of railroad trains on any of its streets, and the

stopping of any train on any street crossing.

SEC. 23. It shall, by ordinance, provide for the removal of all rubbish, garbage, refuse matter, and all other material detrimental to the public health, and shall prescribe the manner and time of such removal.

SEC. 24. To declare by ordinance weeds and rubbish on land

or lots or the sidewalk space in front thereof, to be a nuisance, and to provide for the abating of the same, and to levy an assessment on said lands or lots to pay the cost of such abate-

SEC. 25. The council shall by ordinance provide for a system of assessment, levy and collection of municipal taxes not inconsistent with this charter, which system shall conform as nearly as the circumstances of the case may permit to the provisions of the laws of this state in reference to the assessment, levy and collection of state and county taxes, except as to the officers by whom such duties are to be performed.

SEC. 25-a. The council may by ordinance, provide for a civil service system subject to the terms of this charter in any or all departments of the city government, and thereupon all appointments shall be made subject to the rules of said civil service

Added by amendment approved January, 1915.

SEC. 25-b. The council shall designate some official of the city other than the treasurer to act as purchasing agent, who shall approve all vouchers for the payment of supplies, and conduct all sales of personal property which the council may desire to sell. All purchases and sales shall conform to such regulations as the council may prescribe from time to time, but in case the amount involved is in excess of One Hundred (\$100.00) Dollars, opportunity for competition shall be given. The purchasing agent shall store and distribute all supplies purchased by the city under such regulations as the council may prescribe, and shall furnish a bond in the sum to be designated by the council.

Added by amendment approved January, 1915.

SEC. 25-c. The council shall have power to cause an estimate to be made and a bid submitted on behalf of the city by the city engineer, and the superintendent of streets, on the laying out, opening, extending, widening, improving, vacating, paving, or repaving of any streets, alleys, sidewalks, crossings or other highways, or on constructing or maintaining sewers, drains and other works necessary for the disposition of sewage.

Said bid shall be in regular form but no bond, certified check or other deposit or security shall be required of the city. The contract for said work may be awarded to the city if the bid of said city is the lowest, or to the next highest responsible bidder at the option of the council. No bond shall be required of the city, but the contract shall be signed in regular form. The superintendent of streets shall have charge of the execution of any such contract and careful records of the cost must be kept. Any such work may be done by day labor, or sublet by contract, or both. Assessments for such work shall be collected as designated by the council.

Added by amendment approved January, 1915.

SEC. 25-d. The City Council shall have the power in its discretion, upon recommendation of the head of the Department in which any employee herein specified is employed, to allow regular monthly salary demands for a period of not to exceed six months to any employee of the city, who having been in the employ of the city for a period of five (5) years, at the time of his incapacity may be for any reason incapacitated from performing his duties.

This provision shall not apply in any case where an employee was incapacitated in or as the result of the performance of his duties, in such a manner as to entitle him to benefits conferred under the Workmen's Compensation Insurance and Safety Act of the State of California.

Added by amendment approved March, 1925.

SEC. 26. The council shall meet at their usual place of holding meetings on the second Monday of August of each year, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, and shall sit as a board of equalization, and shall continue in session from day to day until all the returns of the assessor have been rectified, but not later than the fourth Monday of the same month. They shall have power to hear complaints, and to correct, modify, or strike out any assessment made by the assessor, and may, of their own motion, raise any assessment, upon notice to the party whose assessment is to be raised. The corrected list for each tax shall be the assessment roll for said tax for said year. It shall be certified by the city clerk, who shall act as clerk of the board of equalization, as being the assessment roll for said tax, and shall be the assessment roll upon which such tax is to be levied in said year. Each member of the council shall receive \$6.00 per day during the time the council is sitting as a board of equalization.

Amended by amendment approved January, 1915.

SEC. 27. Every ordinance which shall have been passed by the council shall, before it becomes effective, be signed by the city clerk or other person authorized by the council to sign the same on its behalf, and he shall present it to the mayor for approval, taking a receipt therefor setting forth the date of its

If the mayor approves it he shall sign it; but if not, he shall indorse thereon the date of presentation to him and shall return it to the city clerk with his objections in writing. The city clerk shall indorse thereon the date of its return to him, and shall, at the first meeting of the council thereafter, present the same, with the objections of the mayor, to that body. Thereupon the council shall proceed to reconsider the passage of the ordinance. Upon such reconsideration, in all cases where the votes of five of the whole council are required to pass the ordinance in the first instance, it shall require the votes of six of the whole council to pass the ordinance over the mayor's veto. In all other cases it shall require the votes of five of the whole council to pass the ordinance over the veto. The vote, in all cases of reconsideration, shall be by ayes and noes, and the names of the members voting for or against shall be entered upon the journal.

Amended by Section 10, Article III, approved January, 1915.

SEC, 28. If any ordinance shall not be returned to the city clerk by the mayor, with his objections in writing, within ten days after it shall have been presented to him, it shall become effective and be as valid as if the mayor had approved and signed it.

Amended by amendment approved January, 1915.

SEC. 29. Repealed by amendment approved January, 1915.

SEC. 30. The council shall also have full power to pass ordinances upon any other subject of municipal control or to carry into effect any other powers of the municipality.

ARTICLE V.

Powers and Duties of Officers

Mayor

SECTION 1. The mayor is the executive officer of the corporation, and must exercise a careful supervision over all its

It shall be the duty of the mayor, annually, at the first meeting of the council under this charter, and on the first meeting in January of each year thereafter, to communicate by message to the council a general statement of the condition and affairs of the corporation, and to recommend the adoption of such measures as he may deem expedient and proper; and to make such special communication to the council from time to time as he shall deem expedient.

It shall be his further duty to be vigilant and active in the enforcement of the ordinances of the city; to exercise a constant supervision over the acts and conduct of all its officers and employees; to receive and examine into all complaints made against them for violation or neglect of duty, and to certify the same to the council, or proper board.

And he shall perform such other duties and have such other powers as are elsewhere in this charter, or by ordinance, imposed upon or granted to him.

Amended by Section 10, Article III, approved January, 1915.

City Clerk

SECTION 2. The City Clerk shall have the custody of, and be responsible for, all books, papers, records and archives belonging to the city, not in actual use by other officers, or elsewhere by special provision committed to their custody.

He shall be present at each meeting of the Council, and keep

a record of its proceedings.

He shall keep separate books in which respectively he shall record all ordinances and contracts and official bonds.

He shall keep all books properly indexed, and open to public inspection when not in actual use.

He shall make out, and sign all licenses other than building permits, and perform such other duties as are, or shall be, imposed by this Charter, or by ordinance.

He shall act as the general accountant and fiscal agent of the city, and shall exercise a general superintendence over all the officers of the city charged in any manner with the receipt,

collection or disbursement of the city revenues.

He shall keep a complete set of books, in which he shall set forth in a plain and business-like manner every money transaction of the city, so as to show at all times the state of each fund, from which souce the money was derived, and for what purpose any money was expended, and also all collections made and paid into the treasury by each officer or any other person.

He shall on application of any person indebted to the city, holding money payable into the city treasury, or desiring to pay money therein, deliver to such person a countersigned or-der on the city treasurer, in duplicate, stating the amount claimed as payable, by whom to be paid, and designating to what fund it is applicable; he shall file such orders with the city treasurer's duplicate receipts for money paid into the city

treasury, and shall charge the city treasurer with the amounts

received by him.

He shall audit and approve all demands against the city before payment, and keep a record of the same as hereinafter provided in Article XIII. He shall on or before the first day of July in each year make and present to the Council a report as to the revenue and expenses of the city for the current fiscal year and in which he shall set forth estimates of (1), the revenue from sources other than taxation, (2) the itemized expenditures, (3) the itemized amounts necessary to be raised by taxation for each fund.

He shall act as ex-officio Clerk of the Police Court and ex-

officio Clerk of the Board of Equalization.

He shall perform such other duties as shall be required of him by this Charter or by ordinance.

Amendment approved March, 1925.

City Treasurer

SECTION 3. It shall be the duty of the city treasurer to receive and keep all moneys that shall come to the city by taxation or otherwise, and to pay the same out on demands legally audited in the manner hereinafter provided: and without such auditing he shall disburse no public moneys whatever, except the principal and interest of the municipal debt when payable.

He shall receive no money into the city treasury unless accompanied by an order of the city clerk provided for in sec-

tion 2 hereof.

After verifying the amount to be paid into the city treasury, he shall fill in and sign the receipt contained in the order of the city clerk, and shall issue the original to the person paying the money, and shall file the duplicate with his records.

He shall make a report at the close of each month to the city clerk, showing all moneys received during the preceding month, together with the number of each receipt given by him therefor, and what account and from whom received and to what fund applied, and he shall make such special reports from

time to time as may be required by the Council.

The Mayor, City Attorney, the Finance Committee of the Council, or any special committee appointed by the Council, separately, or collectively, and with the aid of an accountant selected by such officer or committee, shall have the right and nower to examine the books of the treasurer at all times; and the Mayor, Clerk, Attorney or Finance Committee shall also have the right to inspect and count all public moneys.

Amendment approved March, 1925.

SEC. 4. It shall be the duty of the city treasurer in addition to the duties which may be elsewhere prescribed for him in this charter or by ordinance, to collect all taxes and licenses of the city, excepting those hereinafter provided to be collected by the city assessor.

He shall keep proper books, showing all moneys collected by

him as tax and license collector.

He shall also keep a book which shall contain a record of every deed given by or on behalf of the city for real estate sold for delinquent taxes or assessments, which book shall be properly indexed and shall be at all suitable times subject to public inspection.

Assessor

SEC. 5. It shall be the duty of the assessor, between the first Monday of March and the first day of August in each year, to make out a true list of all the taxable property within the city. The mode of making out said list, and proceedings relating thereto, shall be in conformity with laws in force regulating county assessors, except as the same may be otherwise provided in this charter, or by ordinance. Said list shall describe the property assessed and the value thereof, and shall contain all other matters required to be stated in such lists by county assessors. Said assessor shall verify said list by his oath, and shall deposit the same with the city clerk, on or before the first Monday in August in each year. Said assessor and his deputy shall have the power to administer all oaths and affirmations necessary in the performance of his duties.

Board of Education

Board of Trustees of the Santa Monica Public Library

Board of Health

Board of Police Commissioners

Board of Fire Commissioners

Board of Park Commissioners

SEC. 6. The powers and duties of the boards enumerated in the heading of this section shall be those herein elsewhere set forth, and granted or imposed by ordinance.

Amended by Section 3, Article III, approved January, 1915. Amended by Section 3, Article III, approved March, 1925.

City Engineer

SEC. 7. In addition to other duties imposed upon him by this charter or by ordinance of the council, the city engineer

(1) Make all surveys, inspections and estimates required by

the council.

(2) He shall examine all public works done under contract,

and report thereon to the city council.

(3) He shall be the custodian of and responsible for all maps, plats, profiles, field notes and other records and memoranda belonging to the city pertaining to his office and the work thereof; all of which he shall keep in good order and condition, with full index thereof, and shall turn over the same to his suc-

(4) All maps, plans, profiles, field notes, estimates and other memoranda of surveys and other professional work made or done by him for the city or under his direction or control during his term of office, shall be the property of the city.

The City Attorney

SEC. 8. It shall be the duty of the city attorney to prosecute on behalf of the people all criminal cases arising upon violations of the provisions of this charter and city ordinances, and to attend to all suits, matters and things in which the city may

be legally interested; provided, the council shall have control of all litigation of the city and may employ other attorneys to take charge of any such litigation, or to assist the city attorney

He shall give his advice or opinion in writing, whenever required by the Mayor or Council, and shall do and perform all such things touching his office as by the Council may be re-

quired of him.

He shall approve, by indorsement in writing, the form of all official or other bonds required by this Charter, or by ordinance of the Council, before the same are submitted to the Council or Mayor for final approval, and no such bonds shall be approved by the Mayor or Council without such approval by the City Attorney.

He shall approve in writing the drafts of all contracts before

the same are entered into on behalf of the city.

He shall give his advice or opinion in writing whenever required by the board of education, board of library trustees or any commission or officer of said city.

Street Superintendent

SEC. 9. The street superintendent shall have the general care of, and frequently inspect the streets of the city. He shall receive and investigate all complaints as to their condition and shall have charge of the enforcement of all ordinances pertain-

ing to street obstructions.

He shall frequently inspect all public works pertaining to street improvements while the same are in course of construction, inspect and approve or reject all material used in such construction, whether done by contract or otherwise; and shall at once report to the council all deviations from contracts and use of improper material and bad workmanship in such works; and shall have the power, pending investigations, to stop all

He shall perform such other duties as are herein elsewhere

prescribed or imposed by ordinance.

Superintendent of Building

SEC. 10. The superintendent of building shall have such powers and perform such duties as are herein or may by ordinance be imposed upon him.

Chief of Police

SEC. 11. The chief of police shall have the supervision and control of the police force of the city, and in that connection he shall be subject only to the orders of the board of police commissioners, and all orders of the board relating to the direction of the police force shall be given through the chief of police, or in his absence, the officer in charge of the police force.

Amended by Section 3, Article III, approved January, 1915. Amended by Section 3, Article III, approved March, 1925. SEC. 12. The chief of police shall be the principal police of-

ficer of the corporation, and may, with the approval of the board of police commissioners, select and appoint one or more deputies from the police force, for whose official acts he shall be responsible.

He shall, by himself or by deputy, execute and return all writs and processes issued by the police judge or courts. He, or one of his deputies, shall attend on the sittings of the police court and preserve order therein; and his jurisdiction and that of his deputies in the service of process in all criminal cases, and in cases of violation of the city ordinances, shall be coextensive with the county.

Amended by Section 3, Article III, approved January, 1915. Amended by Section 3, Article III, approved March, 1925.

SEC. 13. He shall suppress all riots, disturbances and breaches of the peace, and to that end may call on any person to aid him. He may pursue and arrest, any person fleeing from justice from any part of the state, and shall forthwith bring all persons by him arrested before a police judge for trial or examination. He may receive and execute any proper authority for the arrest and detention of criminals fleeing or escaping from other places or states.

SEC. 14. He shall have, in the discharge of his proper duties, like powers and be subject to like responsibilities as a sheriff in similar cases, and shall perform such other duties and have such other powers as may be imposed on or granted

to him by this charter or ordinance.

Health Officer

SEC. 15. The health officer shall have such powers and perform such duties as are herein or may by ordinance be granted or imposed upon him.

Reports of Officers

SEC. 16. It shall be the duty of the Mayor, City Attorney, City Treasurer, City Assessor, Chief of Police, Health Officer, City Clerk, City Engineer, Superintendent of Building, Street Superintendent, Chief of the Fire Department, Secretary of Board of Education, Board of Trustees of the Santa Monica public library, and the Board of Park Commissioners, each to resent to the Council at a meeting of the Council in the third week of July of each year a report for the preceding fiscal year ending the 30th day of June.

Amendment approved March, 1925.

SEC. 17. It shall be the duty of any officer having in his possession any public money to pay the same into the treasury on Tuesday of each week.

SEC. 18. It shall be the duty of the mayor, the clerk, and city attorney to count all public moneys at least once a month

and report their findings to the city council.

Annual Estimates

SEC. 19. Every officer or Board of the City shall make out and file with the City Clerk, on or before the 15th day of May in each year, a detailed estimate of the expenses of his or its office or department, for the year commencing on the first day of July following said report.

Amendment approved March, 1925.

Administration of Oaths and Affirmations

SEC. 20. The mayor, city treasurer, and each member of the council, and of each board and commission provided for in this charter, shall have the power to administer oaths and affirmations in any investigation or proceeding pending before any of said officers or bodies, or concerning any demand on the city treasury, and the city clerk shall have the power to administer all oaths and affirmations required by the charter.

The city council and each board and commission provided for in this charter shall have the power and authority to examine witnesses under oath and compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of evidence before each council, board or commission, as the case may be, by subpoena, to be issued in the name of said City of Santa Monica, and to be attested by the city clerk of said city. The city clerk shall, upon demand of the president of the city council, or the presiding officer of any such board or commission, issue such subpoena in the name of said city, and attest the same with the corporate seal thereof, and shall in such subpoena direct and require the attendance of the witness or witnesses sought to be subpoened before the city council or the respective board or commission requiring the issuance of said subpoenas at a time and place to be in said subpoenas specified.

The chief of police shall cause all such subpoenas to be served by some member of the police department upon the person or persons required to attend before the council or board

or commission in such subpoenas designated.

The city council shall from time to time, adopt ordinances providing suitable penalties for disobedience of such subpoenas, and the refusal of witnesses to testify before such council, board or commission when required so to do.

Playground and Recreation Centers Under Department of Public Works

SEC. 20-a. All public playgrounds, recreation centers and summer camps now or hereafter owned or controlled by the city, either within or without its limits, shall be under the control and management of the Commissioner of Public Works, subject to the control of the Council. Said Commissioner shall have power to organize and conduct physical training and exercise, athletics, sports, games, leagues, tournaments and pageants in and upon the recreation centers owned or controlled by the city, and also in and upon other grounds, athletic fields, gymnasia, swimming pools and other suitable places. The said Commissioner may employ and appoint superintendents, laborers, instructors and other officers and assistants in and about such playgrounds and recreation work, prescribe and fix their duties and authority and qualifications as to residence or otherwise. Their salaries shall be fixed by ordinance as are the salaries of other city employees.

Added by amendment approved March, 1925.

ARTICLE VI. Official Bonds

SECTION 1. The city council shall by ordinance, fix the amount of the official bonds of all such officers of said city of Santa Monica as are by ordinance required to give bonds.

ARTICLE VII. Salaries of Officers

SECTION 1. Each member of the council shall receive the sum of five dollars (\$5.00) for each and every meeting attended by him, not to exceed one meeting a week.

The mayor and all other officers of the city shall receive such salaries as may be fixed by this charter or by ordinance. Amended by Section 2, Article III, approved January, 1915.

ARTICLE VIII.

Board of Education

SEC. 1. The government of the school department of the city shall be vested in a board of education, to consist of five members, to be elected as herein provided, to be called members of the board of education, who shall serve without salary.

SEC. 2. The board of education shall elect one of its number president, and shall hold regular meetings at least once in each month, and special meetings at such times as shall be de-

termined by rule of said board.

A majority of all the members shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, but a smaller number may adjourn from time to time. The board may determine the rules of its proceedings; the ayes and noes shall be taken and recorded on all questions of elections, appointments, or the expenditure of money, and in all other cases upon the call of any member. Its sessions shall be public, and its records shall be open to public inspection. The board shall fill all vacancies occuring in that body until the next general municipal election.

It shall elect a secretary to serve during its pleasure, who shall not be a member of the board nor employed by it in any

other capacity, and by resolution shall fix his salary.

The duties of the secretary shall be to call meetings of the board of education at the request of two members, and to keep a record of its proceedings; to keep account of receipts and expenditures of school money; to provide, under the direction of the board of education, all school supplies, authorized by law; to keep the school buildings in repair and to have care and supervision over the school premises and property during vacations; and to perform such other duties as may be prescribed by the board of education.

SEC. 3. The board of education shall have power:

(1) To establish and maintain public schools, including high schools, to change, consolidate and discontinue the same.

- (2) To appoint or employ and dismiss a city school superintendent, such teachers, janitors, school census marshals, mechanics, laborers and other employees as may be necessary to carry into effect the powers and duties of the board, to fix and allow their salaries or wages; Provided, that no election of a teacher, or other person employed by the board shall be construed as a contract, as to the duration of time.
- (3) To make, establish and enforce all necessary and proper rules and regulations for the government of public schools, the teachers thereof, pupils therein, and for carrying into effect the laws relating to education; provided that corporal punishment shall not be inflicted upon any pupil in the public schools of said city except in the presence of or with the written consent of the parent or guardian of the pupil; also to establish and regulate the grade of schools, and determine what textbooks, course of study and mode of instruction shall be used in said schools.
- (4) To provide for the school department fuel and lights, water, blanks, blank books, printing and stationery; and to in-

cur such other incidental expenses as may be deemed necessary by said board.

(5) To build, alter, repair, lease and provide school houses, and to furnish them with proper school furniture, apparatus and appliances, and to insure against fire any and all such

school property.

- (6) To take and hold in fee, or otherwise, in trust for the city any and all real estate, and personal property that may have been acquired, or may be hereafter acquired, for the use and benefit of the public schools of the city; and to sell or exchange and to lease any of such property; provided that the proceeds of any such sale or exchange shall be exclusively applied to the purchase of other lots, or the erection of school houses.
- (7) To grade, fence and improve all school lots, and in front thereof to grade, sewer or pave and repair the street, and to construct and repair sidewalks.
- (8) To sue for any and all property belonging to or claimed by the said board of education, and to prosecute and defend all actions at law or in equity necessary to recover and maintain the full enjoyment and possession of said property, and to require the services of the city attorney, free of charge in all such cases.
- (9) To determine annually the amount of money required for the support of the public schools, and for carrying into effect all the provisions of law in reference thereto; and, in pursuance of this provision, the board shall on or before the 15th day of July of each year, submit, in writing, to the city council a careful estimate of the whole amount of money to be received from the state and county, and the amount required from the city for the above purpose, and the city council shall, in each year, fix the percentage of taxes to be levied and collected for school purposes, provided that the amount to be thus levied for school purposes shall not exceed twenty cents on each one hundred dollars' valuation upon the assessment roll, and that when collected it shall be paid into the school fund.
- (10) To establish regulations for the just and equitable disbursement of all moneys belonging to the school fund.
- (11) To examine and approve, in whole or in part, in the manner provided in Article XIII, every demand payable out of the school fund, or to reject any such demand for good cause.

(12) To discharge all legal incumbrances now existing, or which may hereafter exist, upon any school property.

(13) To prohibit any child under six years of age from at-

tending the public schools.

(14) In its discretion to establish kindergarten schools for the instruction of children between the ages of five and six years, and industrial and manual training schools or departments.

(15) To receive and manage property or money acquired by bequest or donation in trust for the benefit of any school, edu-

cational purpose, or school property.

(16) And generally to do and perform such other acts as may be necessary and proper to carry into force and effect the powers conferred on said board, and to increase the efficiency of the public schools of said city.

SEC. 4. All contracts for building shall be given to lowest bidder thereon, offering adequate security, to be determined

by the board after due public notice, published for not less than ten days in the official newspaper of the city. It shall be the duty of the board to furnish all necessary supplies for the public schools. All supplies, books, stationery, fuel, printing, goods, material, merchandise, repairing and every other article and thing supplied to or done for the public schools, or any of them, when the expenditure to be incurred on account of such matter may exceed three hundred dollars, shall be done or furnished by contract let to the lowest bidder after like public advertisement; provided that the board of education may reject any and all bids under this section.

SEC. 5. Any member of the board of education, officer or other person officially connected with the school department, or drawing a salary from the board of education, who, while connected or drawing such salary, upon investigation by the board of education, shall be found to be interested, either directly or indirectly, in, or to have gained any advantage or benefit from any contract, payment under which have been or are to be made, in whole or in part, from moneys derived from the school fund, or raised by taxation or otherwise for the support of the public schools, shall forfeit his office, and the board of education shall thereupon declare such office vacant.

SEC. 6. The board of education shall, before the 30th day of June of each year, fix a schedule of salaries for teachers and employes of the school department, to take effect on the 1st day of July following, and to remain in force during one year.

School Superintendent

SEC. 7. The superintendent, with the approval of the board of education, may, for good and sufficient cause, provisionally suspend any teacher employed in the public schools of the city, until the next meeting of the board of education. It shall be the duty of the superintendent to report to the board of education annually, and at such other times as it may require, all matters pertaining to the condition and progress of the public schools of said city during the preceding year, with such recommendations as he may deem proper; to visit each school at least once a week; to observe, and cause to be observed, such general rules for the regulation, government and instruction of the schools as may be established by the board; to recommend to the board the dismissal of teachers, stating the reasons therefor; to attend all sessions of the board, and inform it at each session of the condition of the public schools, school houses, and other matters connected therewith, and recommend such measures as he may deem necessary for the advancement of education in the city, and to acquaint himself with all the laws, rules and regulations governing the public schools in said city, and the judicial decisions thereon, and give advice connected with public schools, gratuitously, to officers, teachers, pupils and their parents and guardians.

School Fund

SEC. 8. The school fund shall consist of all moneys received from the state school fund and county school fund, and of all moneys arising from taxes which shall be levied annually by the city council of the city for school purposes; of all moneys arising from the sale, rent or exchange of any of the school

property, and of such other moneys as may, from any source whatever, be paid into any school fund. The school fund shall be separate and distinct from all other moneys and shall be used for school purposes only under the provisions of this charter. If, at the end of any fiscal year, any surplus remains in the school fund, such surplus money shall be carried forward to the school fund for the next fiscal year, and shall not be, for any purpose whatever, diverted or withdrawn from said fund, except under the provisions of this charter.

SEC. 9. The said school fund shall be used and applied by

said board of education for the following purposes, to-wit:
(1) For the payment of the salaries or wages of the superintendent, teachers, janitors, school census marshals, and other

persons who may be employed by said board.
(2) For the erection, alteration, repairs, rent and furnishing

of school houses.

(3) For the purchase or rent of any real or personal property purchased or leased by said board.

(4) For the insurance of all school property.

(5) For the discharge of all legal incumbrances on any school property.

(6) For lighting the school rooms and the offices and rooms

of the superintendent and board of education.

(7) For supplying the schools with fuel, water, apparatus, blanks, blank books and necessary appliances, together with books for indigent children.

(8) For supplying books, printing and stationery, for the use of the superintendent and board of education, and for the

incidental expenses of the department.

(9) For grading and improving all school lots, and for grading, sewering, planking, or paving and repairing streets, and constructing and repairing sidewalks in front thereof.

SEC. 10. All demands authorized by this article shall be naid by the city treasurer from the school fund; provided, that the said board shall not have power to contract any debts or liabilities, in any form whatsoever, against the said city, in contravention of this article, or exceeding in any year the income and revenue provided for the school fund for such year; but this provision shall not be construed to prevent the incurring of indebtedness for permanent improvements to be liquidated by the proceeds of school bonds of the district issued in accordance with the general laws of the state for the purpose of defraying the cost of such permanent improvements.

SEC. 11. It shall be the duty of the auditor of the county of Los Angeles, upon the first Monday in each month, and at such other times as he may deem proper, to certify in duplicate to the superintendent of schools of such county the amount of school moneys at that time in the county treasury, and the amount received during the previous month. The county superintendent shall, upon the receipt of such certificates, indorse upon one of them the amount of such moneys to which the public schools of the city are entitled. The certificate so indorsed shall be at once returned to said auditor, who shall direct upon the same the county treasurer to pay the sum designated upon such certificate to the treasurer of the city for the use of the school fund thereof.

SEC. 12. The treasurer of said county shall thereupon pay to the treasurer of said city the sum directed by the auditor as above provided; and when said moneys are placed in the city

school fund they shall be used in precisely the same manner as moneys raised by the city school taxes in the city; provided that the entire revenue derived by the city from the state school fund and the state school tax fund shall be applied by said board of education exclusively to the support of primary and grammar schools.

ARTICLE IX.

Library Department

SEC. 1. The public library and reading rooms, known as the "Santa Monica Public Library," is hereby continued in existence, and shall be free of access to all citizens of said city and the general public, subject to such rules and regulations for the government and management thereof as may at any time be adopted by the board of trustees of said library, hereinafter provided.

Amended by amendment approved January, 1915.

SEC. 2. There shall be levied and collected annually, on all the taxable property in the city, as in other cases a tax sufficient to maintain such library, not less than \$3000 per year, and for purchasing or leasing such real and personal property, books, papers, publications, furniture and fixtures and erecting such buildings as may be necessary therefor. No indebtedness exceeding the amount of the annual levy for this purpose shall be incurred in any one year; provided, this limitation shall not be construed to prevent the incurring of indebtedness for permanent improvements, to be liquidated by the proceeds of municipal bonds issued by the city of Santa Monica, in accordance with the provisions of this charter and of the general laws of the state, for the purpose of defraying the cost of such improvements.

Trustees

SEC. 3. The mayor shall, after his qualification under this charter, appoint, subject to confirmation by the council, a board of five trustees of said library, who shall serve without compensation and be known as "The Board of Trustees of the Santa Monica Public Library." They shall be chosen from the citizens at large without regard to political opinions, but with reference to their fitness for said office, and no member of said board shall hold office in said city in any other capacity.

Amended by Section 2, Article III, approved January, 1915. SEC. 4. Said trustees shall hold office for two years, and until their successors are appointed and qualified, and if any vacancy occurs the mayor shall, subject to confirmation by the council, fill the same by appointment for the unexpired term.

Amended by Section 2, Article III, approved January, 1915. SEC. 5. Said trustees shall, immediately after their appointment, meet and organize by the election of a president from among their number and they may appoint the librarian or any employe of the library department to act as clerk of the board. Such clerk shall keep a record of and full minutes in writing of all their proceedings, and may certify to such proceedings or any portion thereof under his or her hand, to be verified by seal, if a seal be adopted and provided by the board for that purpose, and shall serve without extra compensation.

Powers of the Board

SEC. 6. Such board, by a majority of all the members, to be recorded in the minutes with the ayes and noes at length shall have power to make and enforce all such by-laws, rules and regulations as may be necessary or expedient for its own guidance, and for the administration, government and protection of such library, reading room and property; to determine the number of officers and assistants to be appointed for such library and reading-room, and to determine and define their duties; to fix the salaries and wages of all such employes; to appoint a librarian and necessary assistants, and such other employes as may be necessary, and, for good cause, to remove them; to control and order the expenditure of all moneys at any time in the library fund, and order the drawing and payment of all moneys out of said fund for such expenditures or liabilities as are herein authorized, subject to the general provisions for the payment of demands on the city treasurer, contained in Article XIII, to purchase or lease all necessary real property whereon to construct and thereon to construct a library building or buildings, or to lease appropriate rooms, or a building or buildings, for such library, and to have the general supervision, care and custody of the grounds, rooms or buildings constructed, leased or set apart for that purpose, and generally do all that may be necessary to carry out the spirit and intent of this charter in establishing a public library and reading-room; provided that all moneys received for such library shall be deposited in the treasury of the city, to the credit of the library fund, and shall be kept separate and apart from other moneys of the city, and shall be drawn from said fund upon demands authenticated by the signatures of the president and clerk of the board. All libraries and reading-rooms hereto established by said city, and all property, real and personal, thereto belonging, shall be turned over to the charge, custody and administration of the board of trustees, with like powers and liabilities as if such library had been established under this charter.

Amended by Section 2, Article III, approved January, 1915.

Who May Use the Library

SEC. 7. The library and reading-room shall be forever free to the use of the inhabitants of the city, and persons sojourning therein, always subject to such reasonable rules and regulations as the board of trustees may adopt, and said board may exclude from the use of said library and reading-room any and all persons who shall wilfully violate such rules, and said board may extend the privileges and use of such library and reading-room to persons residing outside the city upon such terms and conditions as said board may, from time to time, by its regulations prescribe.

Donátions and Conveyances

SEC. 8. Any person desiring to make donations of money, securities or other personal property or real estate, shall have the right to vest the title to such money, personal property or real estate so donated in "The Board of Trustees of the Santa Monica Public Library," hereby created, to be owned, held and

controlled by such board, when accepted, according to the terms of the deed, gift, devise or bequest of such property; and, as to such property, the board shall be held and considered to be a special trustee thereof for the city. The title of all real property that may be purchased shall likewise be taken by said board in its name as such special trustee; and the city of Santa Monica may, in its discretion, by ordinance, set apart and order to be conveyed by said board, as special trustee, any part of the real property of the city not otherwise appropriated.

Amended by Section 2, Article III, approved January, 1915.

SEC. 9. The board of trustees shall make the annual report and estimate hereinafter provided.

SEC. 10. The city council shall have power to pass ordinances imposing suitable penalties for the punishment of persons committing injury upon such library, or the grounds or property thereof, and for injury to or failure to return any book belonging to such library.

Police Department

SEC. 11. The mayor, who shall be ex-officio a member and president of the board, and two citizens, to be appointed by the mayor, subject to confirmation by a majority of the council, shall constitute the board of police commissioners of the city. The appointive members of the board shall serve without compensation, and shall be of different political parties. The appointive members of the board shall hold office for two years, and until their successors are appointed and qualified.

Amended by Section 3, Article III, approved January, 1915. Amended by Section 3, Article III, approved March, 1925.

SEC. 12. The police commissioners shall meet at least once week.

Amended by Section 3, Article III, approved January, 1915. Amended by Section 3, Article III, approved March, 1925.

Sec. 13. The police department shall consist of the chief of nolice and as many subordinate officers and such policemen and detective officers and employes as the council shall, by ordinance determine. All appointments and removal in the police department shall be made by the board of police commissioners.

Amended by Section 3, Article III, approved January, 1915. Amended by Section 3, Article III, approved March, 1925.

SEC. 14. The salaries of members and employes of the police department shall be fixed by the council by ordinance.

SEC. 15. The police commissioners shall prescribe the rules and regulations for the government of the police force, and fix and enforce the penalties for their violation.

Amended by Section 3, Article III, approved January, 1915. Amended by Section 3, Article III, approved March, 1925.

SEC. 16. The board of police commissioners, the chief of police, and other officers and employes shall have such further powers and be subject to such further duties as may be granted or imposed by ordinance.

Amended by Section 3, Article III, approved January, 1915. Amended by Section 3, Article III, approved March, 1925.

Fire Department

SEC. 17. The mayor, who shall be ex-officio a member and president of the board, and two citizens to be appointed by the

mayor, subject to confirmation by a majority of the council, shall constitute the board of fire commissioners of the city. The appointive members of the board shall serve without com-pensation, and shall be of different political parties.

The appointive members of the board shall hold office for

two years, and until their successors are appointed and quali-

Amended by Section 3, Article III, approved January, 1915. Amended by Section 3, Article III, approved March, 1925. SEC. 18. The fire commissioners shall meet at least once a

Amended by Section 3, Article III, approved January, 1915. Amended by Section 3, Article III, approved March, 1925.

SEC. 19. The fire department shall consist of a chief and assistant chief, and such other officers and employes as the council may, by ordinance, from time to time, determine to be

SEC. 20. The salaries of all officers and employes of the fire department, shall be fixed by the council, by ordinance.

SEC. 21. The board of fire commissioners shall prescribe the rules and regulations for the government of the depart-

ment, and fix and enforce the penalties for their violation.

Amended by Section 3, Article III, approved January, 1915.

Amended by Section 3, Article III, approved March, 1925.

SEC. 22. The board of fire commissioners and the chief engineer, and other officers and employes, shall have such other powers and perform such other duties as may be granted or imposed by ordinance.

Amended by Section 3, Article III, approved January, 1915. Amended by Section 3, Article III, approved March, 1925.

Park Department

SEC. 23. All lands and real property located in the City of Santa Monica which have been heretofore, or which may be hereafter, set apart or dedicated for the use of the public as a public park or parks, shall forever remain to the use of the public.

SEC. 24. The mayor, who shall be ex-officio member and president of the board, and two citizens to be appointed by the mayor, subject to confirmation by a majority of the council, shall constitute the board of park commissioners of the city. The appointive members of the board shall serve without com-pensation, and shall be members of different political parties. The appointive members of the board shall hold office for two years, and until their successors are appointed and qualified.

Amended by Section 3, Article III, approved January, 1915. Amended by Section 3, Article III, approved March, 1925. SEC. 25. The park commission shall meet at least once a month.

Amended by Section 3, Article III, approved January, 1915. Amended by Section 3, Article III, approved March, 1925.

SEC. 26. The park department shall consist of as many officers and employes as the council may, by ordinance, from time to time determine to be necessary. All appointments and removal in the department shall be made by the board of park commissioners.

Amended by Section 3, Article III, approved January, 1915. Amended by Section 3, Article III, approved March, 1925.

SEC. 27. The salary of all officers and employes of the park department shall be fixed by ordinance.

SEC. 28. The board of park commissioners shall prescribe the rules and regulations for the government of the depart-

ment, and fix and enforce the penalties for their violation.

Amended by Section 3, Article III, approved January, 1915.

Amended by Section 3, Article III, approved March, 1925.

SEC. 29. The board of park commissioners shall have such other powers and perform such other duties as may be granted or imposed by ordinance.

Amended by Section 3, Article III, approved January, 1915. Amended by Section 3, Article III, approved March, 1925.

Board of Health

SEC. 30. There is hereby established in and for the City of Santa Monica a department to be known as the board of health, to consist of three members, viz:

The mayor, who shall be ex-officio a member and president of the board, and two citizens, to be appointed without regard to their political opinions, by the mayor, subject to confirmation by a majority of the council.

Both of said citizens shall be physicians in good standing

and graduates of some reputable medical college.

Amended by Section 3, Article III, approved January, 1915. Amended by Section 3, Article III, approved March, 1925. SEC. 31. The appointed members of the board shall hold

office for two years, and until their successors are elected and qualified, and shall serve without compensation. All vacancies shall be filled for the unexpired term only. Any appointed member failing to qualify within ten days after his appointment shall be deemed to have declined the office, and a new appointment shall be made. Two members shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.

Amended by Section 3, Article III, approved January, 1915. Amended by Section 3, Article III, approved March, 1925.

Health Office

SEC. 32. The board of health shall be provided by the City Council with a suitable office, in which it shall hold its official meeting once a month, or when requested by two members of the board.

Amended by Section 3, Article III, approved January, 1915.
Amended by Section 3, Article III, approved March, 1925.
SEC. 33. The board of health shall have such general supervision as may be provided by ordinance of all matters appertaining to the sanitary condition of the city, including jails. hospitals and all public health institutions.

Amended by Section 3, Article III, approved January, 1915. Amended by Section 3, Article III, approved March, 1925.

Health Officer

SEC. 34. The board shall appoint and, for good cause, may remove a health officer, whose duties as such shall be defined by ordinance. He shall be a graduate of a reputable medical college, and shall have practiced medicine for at least five years, and shall have been a citizen and resident for two years in this city, and have his license to practice medicine recorded

with the county clerk of Los Angeles county, in accordance with the laws of the state of California regulating the practice of medicine. He must reside within the city limits. The board shall appoint all assistants to said health officer, and all employes in the health department, the number of such assistants and employes and their compensation to be fixed from time to time by ordinance.

Amended by Section 3, Article III, approved January, 1915. Amended by Section 3, Article III, approved March, 1925.

SEC. 35. The health officer shall be the executive officer of the board, and he shall see that all ordinances in respect to the public health and the rules and regulations of the board of health are enforced; and shall receive all complaints of the violations of such ordinances, rules and regulations, and investigate the same and act thereon. He shall make to the board an annual report of the affairs of his office, including mortuary and other statistics, with such general observations as in his judgment might benefit the sanitary condition of the city. He shall in person visit once in each quarter all the public institutions in the city under the charge of the health department, and twice in each year he shall visit every public school in said city; during such visits he shall examine the buildings in regard to the manner in which they are lighted, ventilated, heated, and particularly in regard to their sanitary condition. At the meetings of the board in the months of January, April, July and October, he shall report to the board the result of his ex-

Amended by Section 3, Article III, approved January, 1915. Amended by Section 3, Article III, approved March, 1925.

Quarantine

SEC. 36. Whenever it shall be certified to the board of health by the health officer that any building or part thereof is unfit for human habitation by reason of its being so infected with disease, or from other causes, as to be likely to cause sickness among its occupants, said board may issue an order, and cause the same to be affixed conspicuously on the building or in front thereof and to be personally served upon the owner, agent, or lessee, if the same can be found, requiring all persons therein to vacate such building for the reasons aforesaid, to be stated therein. Such building, or part thereof, shall within ten days thereafter be vacated or within such shorter time, not less than twenty-four hours, as in said notice may be specified, but said board, if it should become satisfied that the danger from the building or parts thereof has ceased to exist, may revoke said order, and it shall thenceforth become inoperative.

Amended by Section 3, Article III, approved January, 1915. Amended by Section 3, Article III, approved March, 1925.

SEC. 37. Every physician in the city shall report to the health officer in writing every patient he shall have sick of typhus, ship or yellow fever, Asiatic cholera, leprosy, smallpox, diphtheria or scarlet fever, and every death from such disease immediately after it shall have occurred. Also every householder in said city shall forthwith report in writing, or otherwise, to the health officer the name of every inmate of his or her house whom he or she have reason to believe is sick of typhus, ship or yellow fever, leprosy, cholera or smallpox, or other contagious or infectious diseases, and any deaths occurring at his or her house from such disease.

Infectious Diseases

SEC. 38. The health officer shall report to the superintendent of the public schools the names and residence of every person sick of typhus, ship or yellow fever, Asiatic cholera, smallpox, leprosy, diphtheria, scarlet fever or other contagious or infectious diseases, he may deem dangerous to the public health, and it shall be the duty of the superintendent of public schools when so notified of the residence of any person sick of any of the diseases enumerated to refuse admittance to the public schools of any member of a family, one or more of whose inmates are sick of any of the aforesaid diseases; provided that the parties excluded shall be readmitted upon presenting a certificate from the health officer that there is no longer any danger from contagion.

SEC. 39. No person shall drive or use any vehicle, or suffer or permit any vehicle under his or her charge or control, to be driven or used for the conveyance, transportation or removal of any person infected with the smallpox, or the body of any person who has died of smallpox, without the written consent of the health officer; also no person shall use or drive, or suffer or permit any vehicle authorized by the written consent of the health officer, to convey, transport or remove persons infected with the smallpox, or the bodies of persons who may die of the smallpox, to be used or driven for the conveyance, transportation or removal of persons uninfected with smallpox, without

the written consent of the health officer.

SEC. 40. Whenever a case of smallpox, Asiatic cholera or yellow fever is reported to the health officer, he shall immediately visit the premises where the person is, and the said health officer, upon personal inspection, shall, in cases of smallpox, Asiatic cholera or yellow fever, immediately cause to be erected a yellow or quarantine flag in a conspicuous place on said premises, or put upon the doorway of houses infected with such diseases a placard setting forth the fact, the same to remain during the continuance of the disease on said premises.

SEC. 41. The board of health may appoint and remove at pleasure a physician and nurses for the hospital or hospitals of the city when, in their judgment, it may be necessary. The salary of said officers shall be provided for in the same manner as for other officers of the board.

Amended by Section 3, Article III, approved January, 1915. Amended by Section 3, Article III, approved March, 1925.

Smallpox Hospital

SEC. 42. The city council may, by ordinance, establish and provide for the government of a smallpox hospital.

ARTICLE X.

Board of Water Commissioners

SECTION 1. At such time as this city may become the owner of a water system, the city council shall by ordinance provide for the appointment of a board of water commissioners defining their duties, and for the appointment of such employes as may be necessary.

Amended by Section 3, Article III, approved January, 1915. Amended by Section 3, Article III, approved March, 1925.

ARTICLE XI.

Elections

SECTION 1. Elections to be held in said city for the purpose of electing the officers of said city, and for all other purnoses, are of two kinds.

(1) General Municipal Elections.

(2) Special Elections.

SEC. 2. General municipal elections shall be held on the first Tuesday in December, 1925, and thereafter every two

Any matter may be submitted to a vote of the electors at

said election.

Special elections may be called at any time by the City Coun-

cil for any purpose required by law.

Election of Officers. The mode of election of all elective officers of the city to be voted for at any municipal election, shall be as follows, and not otherwise: Candidates for said

office shall be nominated as follows:

The name of the candidate shall be printed upon the ballot when a petition for nomination shall have been filed in his behalf in the manner and form and under the conditions hereinafter set forth. The petition of nomination shall contain not less than twenty-five (25) or more than thirty-five (35) individual signatures which shall read substantially as follows:

"PETITION OF NOMINATION OF CANDIDATE FOR THE OFFICE OF

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES, ss. CITY OF SANTA MONICA.)

I, the undersigned, certify that I do hereby join in a petition for the nomination of _______, whose residence is at No. _______ Street, Santa Monica, California, for the office of _______, to be voted for at the municipal election to be held in the city of Santa Monica, on the day of , 19 , and I further certify that I am a qualified elector, and am not at this time a signer of any other petition nominating any other candidate to the above named office, and I further declare that I intend to support for such nomination the candidate named herein.

Signature Residence

"VERIFICATION OF DEPUTY'S AFFIDAVIT. STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES, ss. CITY OF SANTA MONICA.

signatures in the City of Santa Monica, County of Los Angeles, State of California, to the annexed paper of

for the office of; that all the signatures on this nomination paper numbered from to inclusive, were made in my presence,

and that to the best of my knowledge and belief each of said signatures is the original signature of the person whose name it purports to be.

Verification Deputy.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this.....day of

Notary Public in and for the County of Los Angeles, State of California.

(Or other officer).

This petition of nomination shall, if found insufficient, be returned to Street, Santa Monica, California."

It shall be the duty of the City Clerk to furnish, upon application, a reasonable number of official forms of petitions of nomination of the above character. Each petition of nomination must contain the name of one candidate and no other.

Each signer to the nominating petition must be a qualified

elector, and must not at the time of signing, have signed his name to the petition of any other candidate for the same office.

Verification deputies, under this section, must be qualified electors of the City of Santa Monica, and shall be appointed by the city clerk upon application in writing, signed by not less than five (5) qualified electors of the city. The applicant shall set forth that the signers thereto desire to procure the necessary signatures of electors for the nomination of candidates for municipal offices at a election therein specified and dates for municipal offices at an election therein specified, and that the applicants desire the person or persons, whose names and addresses are given, appointed as verification deputies, who shall, upon appointment, secure the signatures of the signers of petitions of nomination; their appointments shall continue only until all of the petitions under this section shall have been filed with the city clerk. All verification deputies must before their appointments and discount the city clerk. must, before their appointment, make and file with the city clerk an oath as to their ages, places of residence, occupation, and that they are duly qualified electors of the city of Santa Monica, California.

The petition of nomination may be presented to the city clerk not earlier than forty-five (45) days, nor later than thirty (30) days before the election. The clerk shall endorse thereon the date upon which the petition was presented to him.

When the petition of nomination is presented to the city clerk for filing, he shall forthwith examine the same, and see

whether it conforms to the provisions of this section. If found not to conform thereto, he shall then and there in writing declare on said petition the defect or omission or reason why such petition cannot be filed, and shall return the petition at once. The petition may then be amended and presented to the clerk as in the first instance not later than twenty-six (26) days prior to the election.

Any signer to any petition of nomination may withdraw his name from the same by filing with the city clerk a verified revocation of his signature, before the filing of the petition by the clerk, and not otherwise. He shall then be at liberty to sign a petition for another candidate for the same office. Any person whose name has been presented under this sec-

tion as a candidate, may, not later than twenty-five (25) days before the day of election, cause his name to be withdrawn from nomination by filing with the city clerk a request therefor in writing, and no name so withdrawn shall be printed upon the ballot.

If either the original or the amended petition of nomination shall be found sufficient as hereinbefore provided, the clerk shall file the same twenty-five (25) days before the day of the election. When the petition of nomination shall have been filed by the clerk, it shall not be withdrawn or added to, and no signature shall be revoked thereafter.

The city clerk shall preserve in his office for the period of two (2) years all petitions of nomination anad all certificates

belonging thereto filed under this section.

Immediately after such petitions are filed, the clerk shall enter the names of the candidates in a list with the offices to be filled, and shall at least twenty (20) days prior to the election, file in his office a notice of the date of such election and the offices to be filled, naming and numbering them in numerical order, unexpired terms or short terms being designated next after the full terms or long terms. He shall also designate in such notice the election officers, who have been appointed for each precinct and the polling places therein where the voting for such election shall be had, and shall include in said notice the list of candidates nominated as hereinabove mentioned. He shall immediately thereafter cause one copy of such notice to be posted in a prominent place in his office.

The city clerk shall cause the ballots to be printed and bound and numbered, as provided for by state law, except as otherwise required in this charter. The ballots shall contain the list of names and the respective offices, set forth in the notice of election, and shall be substantially in the following

"GENERAL MUNICIPAL ELECTION OR SPECIAL MU-NICIPAL ELECTION, CITY OF SANTA MONICA (inserting the date thereof).

INSTRUCTIONS TO VOTERS.

TO VOTE STAMP A CROSS (X) OPPOSITE THE NAME OF THE CANDIDATE FOR WHOM YOU DESIRE TO VOTE.

ALL MARKS OTHERWISE MADE ARE FORBIDDEN. ALL DISTINGUISHING MARKS ARE FORBIDDEN AND MAKE THE BALLOT VOID. IF YOU WRONGLY MARK, OR TEAR, OR DEFACE THIS BALLOT, RETURN IT TO THE INSPECTOR OF ELECTION AND OBTAIN

All ballots shall be precisely of the same size, quality, tint of paper, and kind of type and color of ink, so that without the number it would be impossible to distinguish one ballot from another; and the names of all the candidates printed upon the ballot shall be in type of the same size and style.

A column may be provided on the right-hand side for charter amendments or other questions to be voted upon at the

municipal elections.

The names of the candidates for each office shall be arranged alphabetically by the city clerk, and nothing on the ballot shall be indicative of the source of the candidacy or of the support of any candidate.

The name of every candidate who has been duly and regularly nominated, and who has not withdrawn his name as herein provided, shall be printed upon the ballot.

The offices to be filled shall be arranged in separate columns

in the following order:

Commissioner of Public Safety. Vote for one. Commissioner of Public Works. Vote for one. Commissioner of Finance. Vote for one.

A Police Judge. Vote for one.

Members of the Board of Education. Vote for (designating the number to be elected).

Spaces of suitable size shall be provided at the right of the

name of each candidate wherein to stamp the cross.

Half-inch space shall be left below the printed names of candidates for each office equal in number to the number to be voted for wherein the person may write the name of any person or persons for whom he may wish to vote.

The clerk shall cause to be printed sample ballots identical in form with the ballot to be used at the election and shall furnish copies of the same on application to registered voters at his office at least five (5) days before the day fixed for such election, and shall mail one such ballot to each voter entitled to vote at said election, so that all of the said sample ballots

shall have been mailed at least three whole days before said election.

As soon as the polls are closed the election judges shall immediately open the ballot boxes, take therefrom and count the ballots and note the total number thereof on the tally sheet provided therefor. They shall carefully enter the number of votes for each candidate on said tally sheet and make return thereon to the city clerk as provided by law. The candidate receiving the highest number of votes cast for the particular office for which he is a candidate shall be declared elected. If the person elected fails to qualify, the office shall be filled as if there were a vacancy in such office as hereinbefore in this charter provided.

General Election Regulations

The provisions of any state law, now or hereafter in force, except as the council may otherwise by ordinance provide, relating to the qualifications and registrations of electors, the manner of voting, the duties of election officers, the canvassing of returns, and all other particulars in respect to the management of elections, except as otherwise provided in this article, so far as they may be applicable, shall govern all municipal elections; provided, also, that the council shall meet as a can-vassing board and duly canvass the election returns within two days after any municipal election. Whenever any member of the council is a candidate for re-election, the council shall appoint some justice of the peace or notary of said city to take the place of said candidate upon said canvassing board as a member thereof.

Political activity. No person in the employ of the city shall take any active part, or contribute any money towards nomina-tion or election of any candidate. A violation of any of the provisions of this section by any candidate or officer shall disqualify him from holding the office for which he may be elected

No informalities in conducting any municipal election shall

invalidate the same, if the election has been conducted fairly and in substantial conformity to the regulations of this charter.

Amended by amendment approved January, 1915.

Amended by amendment approved March, 1925. SEC. 3. Repealed by amendment approved January, 1915. SEC. 4. The council shall have power to submit to the electors of said city at any election any question required to be so submitted by the constitution, the law, this charter, or by ordinance; provided, that in case such question is required by said constitution, law, charter, or ordinance to be submitted at a special or other particular kind of election, it shall be so submitted, and not otherwise.

SEC. 5. The present officers of the city shall hold, continue to hold and exercise their respective offices until the election or appointment and qualification of the first officers to be elected or appointed under this charter, with the powers and duties vested in and imposed upon them by the charter and the or-

dinances of the city under which they were elected.

Eligibility to Office

SEC. 6. All elective officers must have resided in the city of Santa Monica continuously one year next preceding their elec-

All appointed officers must maintain offices in the city of Santa Monica, but need not be actual residents thereof.

Amended by amendment approved January, 1915.

SEC. 7. The city attorney and police judge must have been admitted to practice in all the courts of this state, and also in all federal courts within the southern district of California.

Amended by amendment approved January, 1915. SEC. 8. A vacancy exists in an office within said city when an officer dies, resigns, or ceases to be a resident of the city, or if he be a councilman ceases to reside in the ward for which

Amended by Sec. 2, Article III, approved January, 1915. SEC. 9. A vacancy in an elective office shall be filled by the council.

ARTICLE XII.

Contracts

SECTION 1. The commissioner of each department shall have control of expenditures and purchases for the use of his department and may enter into contracts therefor; provided, however, that a requisition shall be made and filed with the purchasing agent for all supplies purchased; and provided further, that every purchase or contract amounting to more than one hundred (\$100) dollars shall be first authorized on requisition by the city council. On January 1, April 1, July 1, and October 1, of each year, each department shall file with the purchasing agent an itemized statement of the supplies that may be needed for the ensuing quarter-year. The purchasing agent shall post a copy of such lists on the city bill-board, conspicuously affixed to the wall, in the city clerk's office, adjacent to the main door thereof, for ten days immediately succeeding the filing of such lists, and cause a brief notice to be published at least twice in one or more newspapers published in the city of Santa Monica, and in one or more newspapers to be desig-

nated by the city council, published outside of said city, calling attention to the filing of said lists and that itemized bids will be received therefor within ten days after said posting. Said published notice need not contain said itemized lists, but may describe the articles desired generally and refer to such lists for further information. The purchasing agent shall also mail a copy of said notice to the address of such dealers as may be directed by the commissioners of the departments. Itemized bids shall be filed with the city clerk and purchases shall be made of such bidders or of any of them of any article at the lowest price, quality considered, by any bidder for that article and in any quantity required; provided, however, that the city council or any commissioner shall have the right to purchase of any other person or firm any article needed for the use of the city at a price lower, quality considered, than the minimum price bid for such article by any of the said bidders.

All official notices, city printing and advertising shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation in the municipality, in the body type of the paper. The newspaper carrying such publication shall be paid a price per inch of space used and at the lowest and best rate offered, not exceeding that which it receives from regular commercial display advertisements for the quantity of space used. When it may appear to the council that the rates offered are unfair, the council may employ other. means of securing publicity in lieu of newspaper advertising.

Amended by amendment approved January, 1915. SEC. 1-a. In the letting of contracts or sub-contracts for mechanical and other labor within the control of the city council of the City of Santa Monica which are to be paid for with money raised by taxation or the proceeds of a bond issue, preference shall be given to persons residing within the territory so taxed or within the district covered by such bond issue, due regard being had to the quality, price and availability of such labor.

Added by amendment approved March, 1925.

SEC. 2. The city of Santa Monica shall not be and is not bound by any contract, or in any way liable thereon, unless the same is made in writing by order of the council, the draft thereof approved by the council, and the same ordered to be, and be, signed by the mayor, or some other person authorized thereto, in behalf of the city; provided that the approval of contracts by the city attorney, as required by the provisions of Article V of this charter, shall be endorsed on the draft thereof before the council shall have power to approve the same; but the council, by an ordinance, may authorize any officer, committee or agent of the city to bind the city without a contract in writing for the payment of any sum of money not exceeding three hundred dollars.

ARTICLE XIII.

Claims and Demands

SEC. 1. All claims and demands whatever against the city of Santa Monica except interest coupons on bonds and bonds of the funded debt, shall be paid only on demands as herein

SEC. 2. Said demands, except demands payable out of the

school fund, the library fund, or water revenue fund, shall be presented to the council on forms and blanks to be provided by the city clerk, and shall be referred to its committee on finance. The said committee shall by endorsement thereon approve or reject the same in whole or in part. The council shall then consider the said demands and the action of said committee thereon, and shall, if the same be just and legal, approve the same; or may, if it so determine, approve in part or reject the whole. The action of the council shall be endorsed thereon, with the date of such action, and certified by the signatures of the president and city clerk; provided, that it shall require the votes of a majority of the members of the whole council, under a call of the ayes and noes, and the vote spread upon the minutes, to approve any such demand in whole or in part.

Amended by amendment approved January, 1915.

SEC. 3. All demands payable out of the school fund must, before they can be approved by the city clerk, or paid, be previously approved by the board of education, by a vote of the majority of the members thereof taken with the ayes and noes spread upon the minutes, and the action of said board endorsed on said demand and signed by the presiding officer and secretary thereof. After the approval of said demands they shall be delivered to the city clerk, who shall have the same powers and perform the same duties in reference to demands payable out of the school fund as is provided for other demands.

SEC. 4. All demands payable out of the library fund must, before they can be approved by the city clerk, or paid, be previously approved by the board of trustees of the Santa Monica public library, by a vote of three members thereof, taken with the ayes and noes and spread on the minutes, and the action of said board endorsed on said demand and signed by the presiding officer and the secretary thereof. After the approval of said demands they shall be delivered to the city clerk, who shall have the same power and perform the same duties in reference to demands payable out of the library fund as are provided for other demands.

Amended by amendment approved January, 1915.

SEC. 5. No demand can be approved by any board or officer, audited or paid, unless it specify each several items, with the date and amount thereof.

SEC. 6. No payment can be made from the city treasury or out of the public funds of said city, unless the same be specifically authorized by law or this charter, nor unless the demand which is paid be duly audited as in this charter provided. The term "audited," as used in this charter with reference to demands upon the treasury, is to be understood to mean that said demands have been presented to, passed upon and approved by every officer and board of officers, as required by this charter, and this must appear upon the face of the paper representing the demand, or else it is not audited; provided that the approval or rejection in whole or part of a demand by the committee on finance of the council is advisory only to the council, and the rejection by said committee of a demand in whole or in part does not of itself prevent it being duly audited.

SEC. 7. No demand upon the treasury shall be allowed by the city clerk in favor of any person or officer in any manner indebted thereto without first deducting the amount of such indebtedness, nor to any person or officer having the collection, custody of or disbursement of public funds, unless his account has been duly presented, passed, approved and allowed, as required by law or this charter; nor in favor of any officer who shall have neglected to make his official returns or his reports in writing in the manner and at the time required by law or this charter, or by the ordinance or regulations made in pursuance thereof; nor to any officer who shall have neglected or refused to comply with any of the provisions of this charter or ordinances of the city, or any act of legislature regulating the duties of such officer, on being required in writing to comply therewith by the mayor or president of the council; nor in favor of any officer for the time he shall have absented himself, without lawful cause, from his duties of his office during the office hours prescribed by this charter or by ordinance, and the city clerk may examine any officer receiving a salary from the treasury on oath touching such absence.

SEC. 8. The city clerk must number and keep a record of all demands on the treasury, showing the number, date, amount and name of the original and present holder, on what account allowed, out of what fund payable, and by what officers or board it has been previously approved; and it shall be a misdemeanor in office for the city clerk to deliver any demand until

this requisite has been complied with.

SEC. 9. Every lawful demand upon the treasury, duly audited, as in this charter required, shall in all cases be paid on presentation and cancelled, and the proper entry thereof be made, if there be sufficient money in the treasury belonging to the fund out of which it is payable; but if there be not sufficient money belonging to said fund to pay such demand, then it shall be registered in a book to be kept by the treasurer for that purpose, showing its number, when presented, date, amount, name of the original holder, and on what account allowed, and out of what fund payable, and total deficiency in said fund; and being so registered, shall be returned to the party presenting it, with an endorsement of the word "registered" dated and signed by the city treasurer. All registered demands shall be payable in the order of their registration.

SEC. 10. Nothing in this article contained shall be construed as interfering with or preventing the payment by the city treasurer of bonds of the funded debt of the city of Santa Monica, and the interest coupons thereof, in accordance with the constitution, laws and ordinances authorizing the issuance of

said bonds

SEC. 11. All public moneys collected by any officer or employe of the city shall be paid into the city treasury, without any deduction on account of any claim for fees, commissions or other cause or pretense; and the compensation of any officer, employe or other person so collecting money, shall be paid by demands on the treasury duly audited as other demands are audited, and paid.

SEC. 12. No suit shall be brought on any claim for money or damages against the city of Santa Monica, its board of education, board of trustees of the Santa Monica public library, or the board of water commissioners, until a demand for the same has been presented, as herein provided, and rejected in whole or in part. If rejected in part, suit may be brought to recover the whole. Nor shall suit be brought against said city, or said board of education, board of trustees of the Santa Monica public library, or board of water commissioners, upon any claim

or demand that has been in whole approved and audited as provided herein; provided that nothing herein contained shall be construed so as to deprive the holder of any demand of his right to resort to a writ of mandamus or other proceeding against the city council, or any board or officer of said city, to compel it or him to act upon such claim or demand or pay the same when so audited.

Amended by Section 3 Article III, approved January, 1915. Amended by Section 3 Article III, approved March, 1925.

ARTICLE XIV.

Police Court

SEC. 1. The judicial power of the city shall be vested in a Police Court presided over by a Police Judge.

SEC. 2. The Police Judge shall have the powers of examining magistrates and may commit offenders for trial in the proper court.

SEC. 3. The Police Court shall have exclusive jurisdiction of the criminal proceedings for a violation of any city ordinance, and all civil actions and proceedings arising out of the violation of such ordinances and for the collection of any license required by any ordinance, except such actions and proceedings as are within the jurisdiction of other courts under the provisions of the constitution of this state.

SEC. 4. The Police Court shall also have exclusive jurisdiction of the following public offenses committed within the city, (except when prosecuted by indictment or information):

Petty larceny;

2. Assault and battery;

3. Breaches of the peace, riot, committing willful injury to property and all misdemeanors punishable by fine or imprisonment in the county jail or both;

4. Proceedings respecting vagrants, lewd or disorderly per-

SEC. 5. The Police Court shall have concurrent jurisdiction with the justice's court of the township, in all civil cases arising within said city, which might be tried by the justice's court of Santa Monica township.

SEC. 6. The Clerk of said court shall remain at his office during business hours and for such reasonable time thereafter as may be necessary for the discharge of his duties.

SEC. 7. All fines, penalties and forfeitures collected by said Police Court shall be the property of the city and shall be immediately deposited with the City Treasurer for the use of said city.

SEC. 8. The city shall furnish the necessary dockets and all blanks and other books and papers and stationery necessary in the transaction of the business of the said Police Court. A complete record of all cases shall be entered in the docket of said court. Separate dockets shall be kept for the civil and criminal business.

SEC. 9. The said court shall have a seal, which shall be furnished by the city.

SEC. 10. The Police Court shall always be open for the transaction of business, except on Sundays and other legal holidays.

ARTICLE XV

The Initiative

SEC. 1. The basis of the percentage hereinafter provided for any petition shall be the total number of voters registered in the city at the last preceding general election prior to the filing of said petition; and all voters registered at said general election or thereafter shall be qualified to sign the petitions herein provided for. Upon presentation to the City Council of a petition or petitions signed by qualified electors of the city. in number equal to 25 per cent of said registration, asking for submission to the electors of a measure fully set forth in said petition or petitions, being a measure that the City Council might itself adopt, it must either enact such measure without alteration, or submit the same to the electorate at the next regular city election occurring subsequent to sixty days after the filing of said petition or petitions. But if such petition or petitions are signed by qualified electors in number equal to 30 per cent of said registration, then such measure, if not so enacted by the City Council must be submitted to the electorate at a special election to be called within sixty days from the filing of such petition or petitions.

The method of signing and presenting petitions provided for herein shall be as follows: The signatures to the petition need not all be appended to one paper, but each signer shall add to his signature his place of residence, giving the street and number. Each such paper shall have attached thereto the affidavit of a registered voter of the city, stating that all the signatures to the paper were made in his presence, and that to the best of his knowledge and belief each signature to the paper appended is the genuine signature of the person whose name purports to be thereunto subscribed. Within twenty days from the date of filing such petition in his office the city clerk shall examine and from the great register, and certificates of registration, ascertain whether or not said petition is signed by the requisite number of qualified electors, and if necessary, the city council shall allow him extra help for the purpose, and he shall attach to said petition his certificate, showing the result of said examination. Each signature whose genuineness is not called to question by the sworn affidavit of the owner thereof shall be assumed to be genuine. If by the clerk's certificate the petition is shown to be insufficient, it may be amended within ten days from the date of said certificate. The clerk shall, within twenty days after such amendment, make like examination of the amended petition, and if his certificate shall show the same to be insufficient, it shall be returned to the persons filing the same, without prejudice, however, to the filing of a new petition to the same effect. If the petition shall be found sufficient, the clerk shall submit the same to the city council without delay. Any number of proposed measures may be voted upon at the same election in accordance with the provisions of this section; provided, that there shall not be held under this section more than one special election in any period of six months.

Whenever any measure is required or authorized by this charter to be submitted to the electors of the city, at any election, the city clerk shall cause the measure to be printed, and he shall inclose a printed copy thereof in an envelope and mail the same to each voter, at least ten days prior to the election,

but the city council may order such measure to be printed in the official newspaper of the city, and published in a like manner as ordinances adopted by the city council are required to be published; and may order that such publication shall take the place of the printing and mailing of the measure, as at first above provided. Ordinances and measures in connection with local improvements, the expenses whereof are defrayed by special local assessment, shall not come within the operation of

The Referendum

SEC. 2. Any measure that the city council or the electorate of the city, as herein provided, has authority to adopt, the city council may of its own motion submit to a vote of its consti-

tuent electors at a general or special election.

Except as herein provided, no penal ordinance or measure, no ordinance or measure granting any franchise or privilege, and no ordinance or measure making or authorizing any contract (except contracts for improvements, the expenses whereof are defrayed by special local assessment, and contracts where the subject matter involved is of less value than \$1000), passed by the city council, shall go into effect in less than thirty days after its final passage. But ordinances and contracts declared by the city council to be necessary as emergency measures for the immediate preservation of the public neace, health and safety, passed by a three-fourths vote of the city council and not obligating the city for a longer period of time than one year, may go into effect at the will of the city council or as otherwise provided by law.

If within said thirty days a petition or petitions signed by qualified electors of the city, in number equal to 25 per cent of said registration, is filed with the city clerk, asking that any penal ordinance or measure, any ordinance or measure, granting any franchise or privilege, or making or authorizing any contract (except contracts for improvements, the expenses whereof are defrayed by special local assessment, and contracts where the subject matter involved is of less value than \$1000). adopted by the city council, be submitted to the electorate, then such ordinance or measure must either be repealed or submitted to the electors for approval or rejection at the next regular city election occurring subsequent to sixty days after the filing of said petition or petitions, or at a special election called prior to such regular city election; and if such ordinance or measure has not gone into effect before the filing of such petition or petitions, and said petition or petitions are signed by qualified electors of the city, in number equal to 30 per cent of said registration, then such ordinance or measure shall not go into effect until and unless adopted at such election, and no ordinance or measure once so submitted, shall be again so submitted, except by a vote of the city council, or on a petition signed by 30 per cent of said registration. Said petition or petitions shall be in all respects in accordance with the provisions of section one of this article except as to the percentage of signers, and be examined and certified by the clerk in all respects as therein provided.

If the majority of votes cast on any ordinance or measure referred as provided in sections one or two of this article to the electors of the city, shall be in favor thereof, it shall, if not already in effect, go into effect as a valid and binding ordinance or measure of the city, ten days after the official count shall be determined, otherwise such ordinance or measure shall be repealed or rejected; such repeal shall take effect ten days after the official count shall be determined.

No ordinance or measure approved by the electorate under the provisions of these sections shall be subject to veto, nor, within two years from the date of its adoption, be amended or repealed except by a vote of the electorate or by legislative authority superior to that of the city council. Any amendment or repeal of such ordinance by the city council shall be subject to the referendum provided in this section.

If the provisions of two or more measures approved and adopted at the same election under the provisions of this charter, conflict, then the measure receiving the highest affirmative

vote shall control.

The Recall

SEC. 3. The holder of any elective office may be removed at any time by the electors entitled to vote for a successor of such incumbent. The procedure to effect the removal of an incumbent of an elective office shall be as follows: A netition signed by electors entitled to vote for a successor to the incumbent sought to be removed, equal in number to at least 40 per cent of the entire vote for all candidates for the office, the incumbent of which is sought to be removed, cast at the last preceding general municipal election, demanding an election of a successor of the person sought to be removed shall be addressed to the council and filed with the city clerk; and said petition shall contain a general statement of the grounds for which the removal is sought. The signatures to the petition need not all be appended to one paper, but each signer shall add to his signature his place of residence, giving the street and number. Each such paper shall have attached thereto the affidavit of a registered voter of the city, stating that all the signatures to the paper were made in his presence and that to the best of his knowledge and belief, each signature to the paper appended is the genuine signature of the person whose name purports to be thereunto subscribed. Within ten days from the date of filing such petition the city clerk shall examine and ascertain whether or not said petition is signed by the requisite number of electors entitled to vote, and if necessary, the council shall allow him extra help for that purpose and he shall attach to said petition his certificate; showing the result of said examination. If, by the clerk's certificate the petition is shown to be insufficient, it may be amended within ten days from the date of said certificate. The clerk shall, within ten days after such amendment make like examination of the amended petition, and if his certificate shall show the same to be insufficient, it shall be returned to the person filing same without prejudice, however, to the filing of a new petition to the same effect. If the petition shall be found to be sufficient, the clerk shall submit the same to the council without delay and the council shall thereupon order and fix a date for holding the said election, not less than thirty days nor more than forty days from the date of the clerk's certificate to the council that a sufficient petition is filed.

The city council shall make or cause to be made publication of notice, and all arrangements for holding of such election and the same shall be conducted, returned and the results thereof declared, in all respects as are all other city elections. The successor of any officer so removed, shall hold office during the unexpired term of his predecessor. Any person sought to be removed may be a candidate to succeed himself, and, unless he requests otherwise, in writing, the clerk shall place his name on the official ballot without nomination. In any such removal election, the candidate receiving the highest number of votes shall be declared elected. At such election if some other person than the incumbent receives the highest number of votes, the incumbent shall, thereupon be deemed removed from his office upon qualification of his successor. In case the party who receives the highest number of votes should fail to qualify within ten days after receiving notification of election, the office shall be deemed vacant. If the incumbent receives the highest number of votes he shall continue in office.

SEC. 4. No petition for initiative or recall shall be of any force or effect unless filed with the officer or body designated herein to receive the same, within sixty (60) days of the date

of obtaining the first signature thereto.

Added by amendment approved March, 1925.

ARTICLE XV-A

Relief and Pension Fund

SECTION 1. The City Council shall, by ordinance, create a fund to be known as the "RELIEF AND PENSION FUND," and provide for the payment into said fund a percentage of each month's pay from all the members of the police and fire departments and from all the members of such other departments as may by said ordinance be declared to be entitled to relief out of said fund, and shall also provide for including in the annual budget an amount not exceeding one per cent of the general tax levy to be paid into said fund.

SEC. 2. The Council shall, in the ordinance creating said fund, designate who are to receive benefits out of said fund and upon what conditions and to what extent; provided that no member of any department, or the widow or children of such member, shall be entitled to a pension unless such member shall have been an active member of the department for at least twenty years.

Article XV-A added by amendment approved March, 1925.

ARTICLE XVI

Miscellaneous Provisions

SEC. 1. The indebtedness of said city must not exceed the sum of 10 per cent of its assessed valuation, exclusive of any indebtedness that has been or may hereafter be incurred for the purpose of acquiring or establishing a system of waterworks for the supplying to the inhabitants of the city with water, and of any indebtedness that has been or may hereafter be incurred for the purpose of constructing sewers, for the collection and disposition of the sewage of the city, and of any indebtedness that has been or may hereafter be incurred for the purpose of constructing sewers for the collection and disposition of storm waters in the city. For any or all of these purposes a further indebtedness may be incurred by the issue of bonds under the provisions and subject only to the limitations of the constitution and general laws.

SEC. 2. In any action, suit or proceedings in any court concerning an assessment of property or levy of taxes, authorized by this act, or the collection of any such, or in the proceedings consequent thereon, such assessment, levy, consequent proceeding, and all proceedings connected therewith, shall be presumed to be regularly and duly done or taken until the contrary is shown; and when any proceeding, matter or thing is by this act committed, or left to the discretion of the mayor and council, or other authorities of said city, such discretion or judgment, when expressed or declared, is final, and cannot be reviewed or called in question elsewhere.

SEC. 3. Real property when sold for, or to satisfy a delinquent assessment or tax, must be sold for United States coin, and not otherwise; and any one applying or seeking to redeem property so sold, as in this charter provided, must pay, or offer to pay, the sum necessary therefor in such coin, and not

otherwise.

SEC. 4. In all prosecutions for violation of any city ordinance, rule or other regulation of said authorities, whether in the court of original jurisdiction or in any appellate court, it shall be unnecessary to plead the contents of the same; but the court before which the prosecution shall be pending shall take judicial notice of such ordinance, resolution, rule or other regulation, and of the contents thereof; and, in any civil action or proceeding to which the said corporation is a party, either as plaintiff or defendant, the adoption and contents of any ordinance, resolution, by-law, rule or regulation may be prima facie proven by the introduction of the original entry thereof on the journal of the proceedings of the council, a copy of such entry, certified by the city clerk to be a full, true and correct copy of such original entry, or by the introduction of a printed copy thereof.

SEC. 5. The fiscal year of the city shall begin on the first day of July of each year and end on the thirtieth day of June following.

Amendment approved March, 1925.

SEC. 6. Whenever the word "city" occurs in this charter it means the city of Santa Monica, and whenever any department board or officer is mentioned in this charter it means such department, board or officer as the case may be of the city of Santa Monica.

SEC. 5. All acts of the legislature relating to the City of Santa Monica, and all city ordinances, resolutions and other regulations now in force and not inconsistent herewith, shall be and remain in force after this Charter takes effect until changed or repealed by the proper authority; and all rights vested under any former act or regulation, when this takes effect, shall not thereby be lost, impaired or discharged; and all actions and proceedings commenced in any court wherein the City of Santa Monica is a party, shall be continued under the law existing when said action or proceedings was commenced.

SEC. 6. This charter shall take effect immediately on its approval by the legislature, as provided by law.

CHARTER AMENDMENTS

CITY OF

Santa Monica, Cal.

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 5

PROPOSED BY SENATOR BENEDICT,

January 11, 1915.

Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION No. 5.

Relative to Approving a Certain Amendment to the Charter of the City of Santa Monica, in the County of Los Angeles, State of California, Voted for and Ratified by the Qualified Electors of Said City of Santa Monica at a Special Municipal Election Held Therein on the First Day of December, 1914.

WHEREAS, The City of Santa Monica in the County of Los Angeles, State of California, contains a population of over seven thousand (7,000) inhabitants and has been ever since the year 1907, and is now, organized and acting under a free-holders' charter, adopted under and by virtue of section eight of Article XI of the Constitution of the State of California, which charter was duly ratified by a majority of the qualified electors of said city at a special election held for that purpose on the 17th day of October, 1905, and approved by the Legislature of the State of California on the 1st day of February, 1907 (Statutes of 1907, p. 1007), and

WHEREAS, A petition signed by more than fifteen per centum of the qualified electors of the City of Santa Monica, computed upon the total number of votes cast therein for all candidates for Governor, at the general election held in 1910, was filed on the 13th day of October, 1914, in the office of the City Clerk of the City of Santa Monica, petitioning the Council of said city to submit and propose the amendment to the charter of said city, hereinafter set forth, to the qualified electors of said city, and

WHEREAS, Said petition was forthwith examined and certified by the City Clerk of the City of Santa Monica and found by him to be signed by the requisite number of qualified electors of said city and was presented to the Council of said city with the Clerk's certificate thereto, on the 13th day of October, 1914, and

WHEREAS, The City Council of said City of Santa Monica did, by special ordinance No. 565, adopted by said Council on the 13th day of October, 1914, and approved by the Mayor of said city on said last named date, and pursuant to section eight of Article XI of the Constitution of the State of California, duly proposed to the qualified electors of said City of Santa Monica, a certain amendment, hereinafter set forth, to the charter of said city, to be submitted to said qualified electors at a special election to be held in said city on the 1st day of December, 1914, and

WHEREAS, Said proposed amendment hereinafter set forth was published for ten times in a daily newspaper, printed and published in said city and of general circulation therein, towit, "The Daily Outlook," said publication ending on the 27th

day of October, 1914; and

WHEREAS, Thereafter the City Council did, by ordinance known as Special Ordinance No. 572, which was duly adopted on the 5th day of November, 1914, order the holding of a special municipal election in said City of Santa Monica, on the 1st day of December, 1914, which said last mentioned date was not less than twenty days, nor more than forty days after the completion of the publication of said proposed amendment hereinafter set forth, for ten times, in said daily newspaper, of general circulation in said City of Santa Monica, to-wit, "The Daily Outlook," and did provide in said ordinance for submission of said proposed amendment, to said city charter, to the qualified electors of said city, for their ratification at said special municipal election, which sai dordinance was approved by the Mayor of said city on the 5th day of November, 1914, and was published for at least five times, prior to the time appointed for the holding of said election in "The Daily Outlook," a daily newspaper printed and published in said city; and,

WHEREAS, At said special election a majority of the qualified electors voting thereon, voted in favor of the ratification and did ratify said proposed amendment to said charter; and,

WHEREAS, The City Council of said City of Santa Monica, at a regular meeting thereof held within ten days after said election, duly canvassed the returns of said election and duly found, determined and declared that a majority of such qualified electors voting thereon had voted for and ratified said

amendment to said charter; and,

WHEREAS, The Mayor and City Clerk of said City of Santa Monica did, on the 28th day of December, 1914, duly certify to the submission to the electors of said City of Santa Monica of the said proposed amendment and did further certify to a copy of said proposed amendment, authenticated by the seal of the City of Santa Monica, which said certificate is in words and figures following, to-wit:

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, County of Los Angeles, City of Santa Monica.

CERTIFICATE OF RATIFICATION OF PROPOSED CHARTER AMENDMENT TO THE CHARTER OF THE CITY OF SANTA MONICA.

We, the undersigned, T. H. Dudley, Mayor of the City of Santa Monica, State of California, and G. A. Murray, City Clerk of said city, do hereby certify as follows, to-wit:

That the City of Santa Monica, in the County of Los Angeles, State of California, contains a population of over seven thousand inhabitants and has been, ever since the year 1907, and is now, organized and acting under a freeholders' charter, adopted under and by virtue of section 8, Article XI, of the

Constitution of the State of California, which charter was duly ratified by a majority of the qualified electors of said city, at a special election held for that purpose on the seventeenth day of October, 1905, and approved by the Legislature of the State of California, on the first day of February, 1907, (Statutes of 1907, p. 1007);

That a petition signed by more than fifteen per centum of the qualified electors of the City of Santa Monica, computed upon the total number of votes cast therein for all candidates for Governor, at the general election held in 1910, was filed on the thirteenth day of October, 1914, in the office of the City Clerk of the City of Santa Monica, petitioning the Council of said city to submit and propose the amendment to the charter of said city, hereinafter set out, to the qualified electors of said

city;
That such petition was forthwith examined and certified by the City Clerk of the City of Santa Monica and found by him to be signed by the requisite number of qualified electors of said city and was presented to the council of said city with the Clerk's certificate thereto, on the thirteenth day of October,

That the City Council of said City of Santa Monica did, by special ordinance No. 565, adopted by said council on the thirteenth day of October, 1914, and approved by the Mayor of said city on said last named date, and pursuant to section 8, of Article XI, of the Constitution of the State of California, duly propose to the qualified electors of said City of Santa Monica, a certain amendment to the charter of said city to be submitted to the qualified electors at a special municipal election to be held in said city on the first day of December, 1914, which said amendment was words and figures, as follows, to-wit:

CHARTER AMENDMENT

Amendment to the Charter of the City of Santa Monica Amending Certain Sections Thereof, Repealing Certain Other Sections Thereof, and Adding Certain Sections Thereto.

1. Sections 2 and 3 of Article 1, of the charter of the City

of Santa Monica are hereby repealed.

2. Article 3 of the charter of the City of Santa Monica is hereby amended so that the same shall be and read as follows:

ARTICLE III.

Departments and Officers

SECTION 1. The government of the City of Santa Monica shall be divided into three departments, as follows:

Department of public safety. Department of public works.

Department of finance.
SEC. 2. There shall be elected by the electors of the city of Santa Monica at large three commissioners, a commissioner of the department of public safety, a commissioner of the department of public works, and a commissioner of the department of finance, at the municipal election to be held in December, 1915, when the commissioner of the department of public safety shall be elected for a term of four years, the commissioner of the department of public works shall be elected for a term of two years, and the commissioner of the department of finance shall be elected for a term of two years, and thereafter their successors shall be elected for a term of four years at the municipal election held in December preceding the expiration of their respective terms of office. The term of their offices shall begin on the first day of January next succeeding their election and qualification.

The commissioners shall compose and be the city council of the city of Santa Monica, trustees of the Santa Monica Public

Library, and commissioners of departments.

Should a vacancy occur in the office of commissioner and the remainder of the term of his office exceed six months, there shall be a special election called to fill such vacancy, but if less than six months, the two remaining commissioners shall fill the vacancy by appointing a commissioner from the qualified residents of the city; provided, however, that if they can not agree within ten days after the date such vacancy occurs, each commissioner shall propose a candidate, and the two candidates shall cast lots for such appointment and the successful candidate shall be commissioner of the department in which the vacancy occurs.

Each commissioner shall receive a salary of Three Thousand (\$3000) dollars per annum, payable in equal monthly installments at the end of each and every calendar month, and each commissioner shall devote his whole time and attention to the duties of his office. He shall receive no other compensation for

his services.

SEC. 3. The commissioner of the department of public safety shall be ex-officio mayor of the city, chief of police, superintendent of buildings, health officer and fire commissioner, and he shall perform the duties of said officers as provided by law. The board of health and the board of police commissioners and the board of fire commissioners are hereby abolished and their duties are conferred upon the commissioner of the

department of public safety.

The commissioner of public works shall be ex-officio street superintendent, park commissioner and water commissioner, and shall perform the duties of such officers as provided by law. He shall also have charge of all public works, buildings and properties of every kind and description except fire, library and school buildings and properties. The board of park commissioners is hereby abolished and its duties conferred upon said commissioner. The board of water commissioners is hereby abolished and its duties conferred upon said commissioner.

The commissioner of the department of finance shall be exofficio vice-president of the council, city clerk, city assessor, city treasurer and city tax and license collector, and shall perform the duties of all of said officers as provided by law.

SEC. 4. There shall be elected five members of the board of education at the December election to be held in the year

1915, who shall hold their offices as follows:

Three members shall be elected for a term of four years and two members for a term of two years and thereafter their successors shall be elected for a term of four years at the municipal election held in December preceding the expiration of their respective terms of office. The term of their offices shall begin on the first day of January next succeeding their election and qualification. Should a vacancy occur on the board of education the remaining members of the board shall, by a majority vote, fill the vacancy by appointing a member of the board of education from the qualified residents of the city, who shall

hold office until the next municipal election when a member of the board of education shall be elected for the unexpired term, if any.

SEC. 5. There shall be elected at the December election to be held in the year 1915, a judge of the police court of the city of Santa Monica, who shall be elected for a term of two years, and thereafter his successor shall be elected for a term of two years at the municipal election held in December preceding the expiration of the term of office of the incumbent. The term of office of the police judge shall begin on the first day of January next succeeding his election and qualification. The police judge shall receive a salary of fifteen hundred (\$1500) dollars per annum, payable in equal monthly installments at the end of each and every calendar month. Should a vacancy occur in the office of police judge the city council shall fill the vacancy by the appointment for the unexpired term in the same manner as other officers are appointed by the city council.

SEC. 6. The following officers shall be appointed by the city

council:

A city attorney. A city engineer.

The board of education shall appoint a superintendent of schools. Such officers shall perform the duties imposed upon

hem by law

SEC. 7. The commissioner of each department shall appoint a sufficient number of deputies to perform the duties pertaining to his department; provided, however, that the city council shall by ordinance prescribe the number and compensation of such deputies.

All appointed officers shall hold office until removed by the appointing power which shall have the power of removing in all cases; provided, however, that the city council shall have power to suspend any officer of the city pending trial against whom criminal proceedings may be brought, and in such cases a substitute may be appointed for such officer during suspension.

In all voting upon appointment, suspension or removal of officers, the members of the city council shall vote on call of roll, and the vote of each member shall be spread upon the minutes.

SEC. 8. The city council shall by ordinance regulate the duties of all the officers of the city in conformity with the provisions of this charter and fix their compensation.

SEC. 9. Officers of the city must not be interested in any contract made by them in their official capacity, either directly or indirectly, nor by any body or board of which they are

members

SEC. 10. The commissioner of the department of public safety as mayor shall preside at meetings of the city council and shall perform the duties of mayor as provided by law; provided, however, that the mayor shall have no right to veto any ordinance or resolution passed by the council, but he shall have the right as councilman to vote on every matter, resolution or ordinance, coming before the city council, and shall vote last on all measures. He shall not have control over any officers of the city other than of the department of public safety. All portions of the city charter in conflict herewith are hereby repealed.

3. Sections 1, 2, 4 and 5 of Article IV of the charter of the

City of Santa Monica are hereby amended so that the same shall be and read as follows:

SEC. 1. All legislative power of the city is vested in the council and shall be exercised by ordinance; other action of

the city council may be ordered upon motion.

SEC. 2. The said city council is the governing body of the city and shall meet every day except Saturdays, Sundays and other holidays, and all sessions shall be open to the public. When met in regular sessions all acts may be done and ordinances passed by a vote of two-thirds of the members voting affirmatively thereon, anything in this charter or the ordinances of the city to the contrary notwithstanding.

SEC. 4. The enacting clause of all ordinances shall be sub-

stantially as follows:

"The city council of the city of Santa Monica ordains as follows:"

SEC. 5. Two members of the city council shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.

4. Article IV of the charter of the City of Santa Monica is hereby amended by adding thereto the following sections:

SEC. 25-a. The council may by ordinance, provide for a civil service system subject to the terms of this charter in any or all departments of the city government, and thereupon all appointments shall be made subject to the rules of said civil service

SEC. 25-b. The council shall designate some official of the city other than the treasurer to act as purchasing agent, who shall approve all vouchers for the payment of supplies, and conduct all sales of personal property which the council may desire to sell. All purchases and sales shall conform to such regulations as the council may prescribe from time to time, but in case the amount involved is in excess of One Hundred (\$100.00) Dollars, opportunity for competition shall be given. The purchasing agent shall store and distribute all supplies purchased by the city under such regulations as the council may prescribe, and shall furnish a bond in the sum to be designated by the council.

SEC. 25-c. The council shall have power to cause an estimate to be made and a bid submitted on behalf of the city by the city engineer, and the superintendent of streets, on the laying out, opening, extending, widening, improving, vacating, paving, or repaving of any streets, alleys, sidewalks, crossings or other highways, or on constructing or maintaining sewers, drains and other works necessary for the disposition of sewage.

Said bid shall be in regular form but no bond, certified check or other deposit or security shall be required of the city. The contract for said work may be awarded to the city if the bid of said city is the lowest, or to the next highest responsible bidder at the option of the council. No bond shall be required of the city, but the contract shall be signed in regular form. The superintendent of streets shall have charge of the execution of any such contract and careful records of the cost must be kept. Any such work may be done by day labor, or sublet by contract, or both. Assessments for such work shall be collected as designated by the council.

4½. Section 29 of Article IV of the Charter of the City of Santa Monica is hereby repealed.

5. Section 2 of Article, XI of the Charter of the City of

Santa Monica is hereby amended so that the same shall be and read as follows:

SEC. 2. General municipal elections shall be held on the first Tuesday in December, 1915, and thereafter every two years. Any matter may be submitted to a vote of the electors at said election.

Special elections may be called at any time by the city council for any purpose required by law.

Election of Officers—The mode of election of all elective officers of the city to be voted for at any municipal election shall

be as follows, and not otherwise:

Preferential Ballot Form—The city clerk shall cause ballots for each general and special election to be printed, bound, numbered, endorsed and authenticated as provided by the laws of the state except as otherwise required in this charter. The ballots shall contain the full list and correct name of all the respective offices to be filled, and the names of the candidates nominated therefor. It shall be substantially in the following form with the cross (X) omitted, when there are four or more candidates for any office. (When there are three and not more candidates for any office then the ballot shall give first and second choice only, when there are less than three candidates for any office, all distinguishing columns as to choice, and all reference to choice may be omitted.)

General (or special) Municipal Election, City of Santa Monica (Inserting the date thereof.)

Instructions—To vote for any person, stamp a cross (X) in the square in the appropriate column according to your choice, at the right of the name voted for. Vote your first choice in the first column; vote your second choice in the second column; vote any other choice in the third column; vote only one first and one second choice, except on board of education, vote as many first choices and second choices as there are members of the board to be elected. Do not vote more than one choice for one person, as only one choice will count for any candidate by this ballot. All distinguishing marks make the ballot void. If you wrongly mark, tear or deface this ballot, return it, and obtain another.

7. 45 15 10.		•	
Commissioner of Public Safety	 First Choice	 Second Choice	Other Choices
John Doe			x
James Foe	x		
Louis Hoe		x	
Dick Joe			х .
Richard Roe			
Camanianiananaf			

Commissioner of Public Works

Mary Brown	x	
Harry Jones	1	. x
Fred Smith		

Commissioner of

rmance	
Joe Black	x
Robert White	

(Charter Amendments, Ordinances, or Other Referendum Propositions.)

Blank spaces for additional candidates. One space shall be left below the printed names of the candidates for each office to be voted for, wherein the voter may write the name of any person for whom he may wish to vote.

Amendment approved March, 1925.

Canvass and election. As soon as the polls are closed, the election judges shall immediately open the ballot boxes, take therefrom and count the ballots, and enter the total number thereof on the tally sheet provided therefor. They shall also carefully enter the number of the first, second and other choice votes for each candidate on said tally sheet and make return thereof to the city clerk as provided by law. No vote shall be counted for any candidate more than once on any ballot, all subsequent votes on that ballot for that candidate being void.

The person receiving more than one-half of the total number of ballots cast at such elections as the first choice of the electors for any office shall be elected to that office; provided, that if no candidate shall receive such a majority of the first choice votes for such office, then a canvass shall be made of the second choice votes received by each candidate for said office: said second choice votes shall then be added to the first choice votes received by each candidate for such office, and the candidate receiving the largest number of said first and second choice votes, if such votes constitute a majority of all ballots cast at such election, shall be elected thereto; and provided, further, that if no such candidate shall receive such a majority after adding the first and second choice votes, then, and in that event, a canvass shall be made of the other choice votes received by each candidate for such office; said other choice votes shall then be added to the first and second choice votes received by each candidate for such office and such candidate receiving the highest number of first, second and other choice votes shall be elected thereto.

A tie between two or more candidates is to be decided in favor of the one having the greatest number of first choice votes. If all are equal in that respect, then the greatest number of second choice votes shall determine the result. If this will not decide, then the tie shall be determined by lot, under the direction of the canvassing board.

Whenever the word "majority" is used in this section, it shall mean more than one-half of the total number of ballots cast at such election.

General election regulations. The provisions of any state law, now or hereafter in force, except as the council may otherwise by ordinance provide, relating to the qualifications and registrations of electors, the manner of voting, the duties of election officers, the canvassing of returns, and all other particulars in respect to the management of elections, except as otherwise provided in this article, so far as they may be applicable, shall govern all municipal elections; provided, also, that the council shall meet as a canvassing board and duly canvass the election returns within two days after any municipal election. Whenever any member of the council is a candidate for reelection, the council shall appoint some justice of the peace or notary of said city to take the place of said candidate upon said canvassing board as a member thereof.

Political activity. No person in the employ of the city shall take any active part, or contribute any money towards the nomination or election of any candidate. A violation of any of the provisions of this section by any candidate or officer shall disqualify him from holding the office for which he may be elected or appointed.

6. Section 3 of Article XI of the charter of the city of Santa

Monica is hereby repealed.

7. Sections 6 and 7 of Article XI of the Charter of the City of Santa Monica are hereby amended so that the same shall be and read as follows:

SEC. 6. All elective officers must have resided in the city of Santa Monica continuously one year next preceding their elections.

All appointed officers must maintain offices in the city of Santa Monica, but need not be actual residents thereof.

SEC. 7. The city attorney and police judge must have been admitted to practice in all the courts of this state, and also in all federal courts within the southern district of California.

8. Section 1 of Article XII of the charter of the city of Santa Monica is hereby amended so that the same shall be and

read as follows:

SECTION 1. The commissioner of each department shall have control of expenditures and purchases for the use of his department and may enter into contracts therefor; provided, however, that a requisition shall be made and filed with the purchasing agent for all supplies purchased; and provided further, that every purchase or contract amounting to more than one hundred (\$100) dollars shall be first authorized on requisition by the city council. On January 1, April 1, July 1, and October 1, of each year, each department shall file with the purchasing agent an itemized statement of the supplies that may be needed for the ensuing quarter year. The purchasing agent shall post a copy of such lists on the city billboard, conspicuously affixed to the wall, in the city clerk's office, adjacent to the main door thereof, for ten days immediately succeeding the filing of such lists, and cause a brief notice to be published at least twice in one or more newspapers published in the city of Santa Monica, and in one or more newspapers to be designated by the city council, published outside of said city, calling attention to the filing of said lists and that itemized bids will be received therefor within ten days after said posting. Said published notice need not contain said itemized lists, but may describe the articles desired generally and refer to such lists for further information. The purchasing agent shall also mail a copy of said notice to the address of such dealers as may be directed by the commissioners of the departments. Itemized bids shall be filed with the city clerk and purchases shall be made of such bidders or of any of them of any article at the lowest price, quality considered, by any bidder for that article and in any quantity required; provided, however, that the city council or any commissioner shall have the right to purchase of any other person or firm any article needed for the use of the city at a price lower, quality considered, than the minimum price bid for such article by any of the said bidders.

All official notices, city printing and advertising shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation in the municipality, in the body type of the paper. The newspaper carrying

such publication shall be paid a price per inch of space used and at the lowest and best rate offered, not exceeding that which it receives from regular commercial display advertisements for the quantity of space used. When it may appear to the council that the rates offered are unfair, the council may employ other means of securing publicity in lieu of newspaper advertising.

9. The city clerk shall certify to the adoption of this ordinance and cause the same to be published in the Daily Outlook

for ten times in ten successive issues of said paper.

10. That after such publication, as required by law, an ordinance will be duly passed for the holding of said special election on December 1st, 1914, appointing the voting places and the officers of such election, and regulating the holding thereof.

I hereby certify that the foregoing ordinance was adopted

by the city council held October 13th, 1914.

G. A. MURRAY, City Clerk of the City of Santa Monica. Approved this 15th day of October, 1914.

T. H. DUDLEY, Mayor of the City of Santa Monica.

That said proposed amendment was published for ten times in a daily newspaper, printed and published in said city and of general circulation therein, to-wit: the Daily Outlook, said pub-

lication ending on the 27th day of October, 1914;

That thereafter the City Council did, by ordinance known as Special Ordinance No. 572, which was duly adopted on the fifth day of November, 1914, order the holding of a special municipal election in said City of Santa Monica, on the first day of December, 1914, which said last mentioned date was not less than twenty days, nor more than forty days after the completion of the publication of said proposed amendment, for ten times in said daily newspaper, of general circulation in said city of Santa Monica, to-wit: the Daily Outlook, and did provide in said ordinance for submission of said proposed amendment, to said city charter, to the qualified electors of said city, for their ratification at said special municipal election, which ordinance was approved by the Mayor of said city on the fifth day of November, 1914, and was published for at least five times, prior to the time appointed for the holding of said election, in the Daily Outlook, a daily newspaper printed and published in said city;

That at said special election a majority of the qualified electors voting thereon, voted in favor of the ratification and did

ratify said proposed amendment to said charter;

That the City Council of the City of Santa Monica, at a regular meeting thereof held within ten days after said election, duly canvassed the returns of said election and duly found, determined and declared that a majority of such qualified electors voting thereon, had voted for and ratified said amendment to said charter.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, We have hereunto set our hands and affixed the corporate seal of the City of Santa Monica this twenty-eighth day of December, A. D. 1914.

T. H. DUDLEY, Mayor of the City of Santa Monica.

G. A. MURRAY,

(Seal)

City Clerk of the City of Santa Monica.

AND, WHEREAS, The said proposed amendment so ratified as hereinabove set forth has been duly presented and submitted

to the Legislature of the State of California for approval or rejection, without power of alteration or amendment, in accordance with section eight of Article XI of the Constitution of the State of California; now, therefore, be it

RESOLVED BY THE SENATE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA, THE ASSEMBLY CONCURRING (a majority of all members elected to each house voting for the adoption of this resolution and concurring herein.) That the said proposed amendment to the said charter of the City of Santa Monica herein above set forth, as presented and as submitted to and adopted and ratified by the qualified electors of said city, be and the same is hereby approved as a whole for and as amendment to the said charter of the City of Santa Monica.

Assembly Concurrent Resolution No. 5

Adopted in Assembly January 21, 1925.

ARTHUR A. OHNIMUS, Chief Clerk of the Assembly.

Adopted in Senate March 3, 1925.

J. A. BEEK,

Secretary of the Senate.

This resolution was received by the Governor, this 9th day of March A. D. 1925, at 3:10 o'clock p. m.

JOSEPH W. VICKERS, Private Secretary of the Governor.

CHAPTER 25

Assembly Concurrent Resolution No. 5—Approving fifteen (15) certain amendments to the charter of the city of Santa Monica, State of California, ratified by the qualified electors of said city at a special municipal election held therein on the sixteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred twenty-four.

WHEREAS, The city of Santa Monica in the county of Los Angeles, State of California, contains a population of over ten thousand (10,000) inhabitants, and has been ever since the year 1907, and now is, organized and acting under a free-holders' charter, adopted under and by virtue of section eight (8) article eleven (XI) of the constitution of the State of California, which charter was duly ratified by a majority of the qualified electors of said city at a special election held for that purpose on the twenty-eighth day of March, 1906, and approved by the legislature of the State of California February, 1907 (Statutes of 1907, p. 1007), and amendments thereto duly adopted by the qualified voters of said city and by resolution of said legislature filed with the secretary of state of the State of California, January 26, 1915 (statutes of 1915, p. 1714), and amendments thereto duly adopted by said voters and said legislature and filed with the secretary of state January 21, 1919 (statutes of 1919, p. 1393); and

WHEREAS, Proceedings have been had for the proposal, adoption and ratification of certain amendments to the charter of said city of Santa Monica as set out in the certificate of the Commissioner of Public Safety, ex-officio Mayor and Commissioner of Finance, ex-officio City Clerk and ex-officio Clerk of the City Council of said City of Santa Monica, as follows, to with

Certificate of adoption by the qualified electors of the city of Santa Monica at a special municipal election held therein on the sixteenth day of December 1924 of certain amendments to the charter of the city of Santa Monica, State of California.

State of California, County of Los Angeles, City of Santa Monica.

WHEREAS, the City of Santa Monica in the County of Los Angeles, State of California, contains a population of over ten thousand (10,000) inhabitants, and has been ever since the year 1907, and now is, organized and acting under a free-holders' charter, adopted under and by virtue of section eight, Article XI of the Constitution of the State of California, which charter was duly ratified by a majority of the qualified electors of said city at a special election held for that purpose on the 26th day of March, 1906, and approved by the Legislature of the State of California, February 1907, (Statutes of 1907, p. 1007), and amendments thereto duly adopted by the qualified voters of said city, and by Resolution of the said Legislature filed with the Secretary of State of California, January 26th, 1915, (Statutes of 1915, p. 1714), and amendments duly adopted by said voters and said Legislature and filed with the Secretary of State January 21st, 1919, (Statutes of 1919, p. 1393), and

WHEREAS, the legislative body of said city, namely, the City Council of the City of Santa Monica did, pursuant to

the provisions of section eight of Article XI of the Constitution of the State of California, by Ordinance adopted November 5th, 1924, being Ordinance No. 296, (Commissioners' Ser-

ies), entitled:

"AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF SANTA MONICA PROPOSING VARIOUS AMENDMENTS TO THE CHARTER OF THE CITY OF SANTA MONICA AND PROVID-ING FOR THE SUBMISSION OF THE SAME TO THE QUALIFIED ELECTORS THEREOF FOR ADOPTION AND RATIFICATION AT A SPECIAL MUNICIPAL ELECTION TO BE HELD ON THE SIXTEENTH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1924," duly propose to the qualified electors of the City of Santa Monica, nineteen (19) amendments to the charter of said city, being therein designated as Proposed Charter Amendment No. 1, Proposed Charter Amendment No. 2, Proposed Charter Amendment No. 3, Proposed Charter Amendment No. 4, Proposed Charter Amendment No. 5, Proposed Charter Amendment No. 6, Proposed Charter Amendment No. 7, Proposed Charter Amendment No. 8, Proposed Charter Amendment No. 9, Proposed Charter Amendment No. 10, Proposed Charter Amendment No. 11, Proposed Charter Amendment No. 12, Proposed Charter Amendment No. 13, Proposed Charter Amendment No. 14, Proposed Charter Amendment No. 15, Proposed Charter Amendment No. 16, Proposed Charter Amendment No. 17, Proposed Charter Amendment No. 18, and Proposed Charter Amendment No. 19, and did order that said amendments be submitted to said qualified electors at the special municipal election to be held on the 16th day of December, 1924, which date was fixed in said ordinance as the date for holding said special municipal election; and

WHEREAS, said proposed charter amendments numbers one to nineteen inclusive were, and each of them was on November 5th, 1924, duly published in the Santa Monica Evening Outlook, a daily newspaper of general circulation printed, published and circulated in the said City of Santa Monica and designated by said Council for that purpose; and

WHEREAS, said proposed amendments were printed in convenient pamphlet form, and from November 5th, 1924, to December 15th, 1924, both inclusive, a notice was published in said Santa Monica Evening Outlook, the newspaper aforementioned, that said copies could be had upon application therefor at the office of the city clerk of said city, and said proposed amendments in such pamphlet form were in fact available at

the office of said city clerk; and

WHEREAS, the said Council of said city did by ordinance duly adopted on the 14th day of November, 1924, being Ordinance No. 298 (Commissioners' Series), entitled: "AN ORDINANCE CALLING A SPECIAL ELECTION TO BE HELD ON TUESDAY, THE 16th DAY OF DECEMBER, 1924, IN THE CITY OF SANTA MONICA, IN THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES, WHICH IS CONTIGUOUS TO THE CITY OF LOS ANGELES, PROPOSED TO BE CONSOLIDATED WITH SAID CITY OF LOS ANGELES, PROVIDING FOR THE HOLDING OF SUCH ELECTION AND SUBMITTING TO THE ELECTORS RESIDING IN SAID CITY OF SANTA MONICA THE QUESTION WHETHER SAID CITY OF SANTA MONICA SHALL BE CONSOLIDATED WITH THE SAID CITY OF LOS ANGELES AND THE

PROPERTY OF SAID CITY OF SANTA MONICA BE, AFTER SUCH CONSOLIDATION, SUBJECT TO TAXA-TION EQUALLY WITH THE PROPERTY WITHIN THE CITY OF LOS ANGELES, TO PAY CERTAIN BONDED INDEBTEDNESS OF SAID CITY OF LOS ANGELES OUTSTANDING AT THE DATE OF SUCH CONSOLIDA-TION, OR THERETOFORE AUTHORIZED, ESTABLISH-ING CONSOLIDATED ELECTION PRECINCTS AND POLLING PLACES IN SAID CITY OF SANTA MONICA, APPOINTING THE OFFICERS OF ELECTION FOR SAID SPECIAL ELECTION, AND FOR THE SPECIAL ELECTION TO BE CONSOLIDATED THEREWITH, PROVIDING FOR THE PUBLICATION OF NOTICE OF SUCH ELECTION; CALLING A SPECIAL ELECTION TO BE HELD ON SAID TUESDAY, THE 16th DAY OF DECEMBER, 1924, IN SAID CITY FOR THE PURPOSE OF SUB-MITTING NINETEEN (19) PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CHARTER OF SAID CITY OF SANTA MONICA UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF SECTIONS 8 AND 8½ OF ARTICLE ELEVEN OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA, CONSOLIDATING SAID SPECIAL ELECTION WITH THE SPECIAL ELECTION CALLED IN THIS ORDINANCE FOR CONSOLIDATION OF THE CITY OF SANTA MONICA WITH THE CITY OF LOS ANGELES.", order the holding of a special municipal election in said City of Santa Monica on the 16th day of December, 1924, which said date was more than forty days and less than sixty days after the completion of the publication of said Nineteen (19) Proposed Amendments as aforesaid; which said ordinance was signed by the Mayor of said city on the said 14th day of November, 1924, and was published on the 14th day of November, 1924, in said newspaper, the Santa Monica Evening Outlook; and

WHEREAS, said special municipal election was by said ordinance ordered consolidated according to law with an election called for the purpose of submitting to the electors of said city the question whether the City of Santa Monica should be consolidated with the City of Los Angeles, as more fully appears from the title of said ordinance hereinabove

quoted; and

WHEREAS, said special municipal election was held in said city of Santa Monica on the 16th day of December, 1924, which date was more than forty days and less than sixty days after said proposed amendments to said charter had been published in the Santa Monica Evening Outlook, and said election was also held during the six months next preceding a regular session of the Legislature of the State of California; and

WHEREAS, thereafter the said Council of said City of Santa Monica had duly canvassed the returns of said special municipal election, and did on the 23rd day of December, 1924, duly and regularly declare the canvass of the returns of said election; and

WHEREAS, at said special municipal election held on said 16th day of December, 1924, fifteen (15) of said Proposed Amendments were ratified by a majority of the electors of said city voting thereon, to-wit: Proposed Charter Amendment No. 1, Proposed Charter Amendment No. 2, Proposed Charter Amendment No. 3, Proposed Charter Amendment No.

5, Proposed Charter Amendment No. 8, Proposed Charter Amendment No. 10, Proposed Charter Amendment No. 11, Proposed Charter Amendment No. 13, Proposed Charter Amendment No. 14, Proposed Charter Amendment No. 16, Proposed Charter Amendment No. 16, Proposed Charter Amendment No. 17, Proposed Charter Amendment No. 18 and Proposed Charter Amendment No. 19; and all other amendments received less than a majority of the votes of the qualified electors voting thereon, and were not ratified; and

WHEREAS, the said Fifteen (15) Charter Amendments so ratified by the electors of the City of Santa Monica, are now submitted to the Legislature of the State of California for approval or rejection as a whole, without power of alteration or amendment, in accordance with section eight of article XI of the Constitution of the State of California, and are in

words and figures as follows, to-wit:

Proposed Charter Amendment No. 1

Sub-section four of section one of article II of the Charter of the City of Santa Monica is hereby amended so that the

same shall be and read as follows:

Section 1. The said corporation shall have the power**** (4), to erect and maintain public buildings, and to lay out and establish, improve and maintain public parks and cemeteries, to acquire by purchase, condemnation or otherwise, or lease such buildings, parks and cemeteries, and to acquire by purchase, or lease, condemnation or otherwise, and to construct, establish, maintain, equip, own and operate libraries, reading rooms, art galleries, museums, playgrounds, places of recreation, camps, fountains, baths, dispensaries, infirmaries, hospitals, free municipal employment offices, charitable institutions, jails, houses of correction and reform schools, work houses, detention houses, morgues, cemeteries, garbage cleaning, garbage disposal and garbage reduction works, street cleaning and street sprinkling plants and apparatus, quarries, plants for the production, making or assemblage of asphalt or any other substance or material for use in the building, maintenance or repair of streets, plants, appliances and equipment for the construction, maintenance and repair of wharves, docks, slips and quays, and for the maintenance of proper depths of water on and along the water front of the city and all other public buildings, places, works, institutions and establishments, whether situated inside or outside of the city limits which may be necessary or convenient for the transaction of public business or for promoting the health, morals, education or welfare of the inhabitants of the city, or for their amusement, recreation, entertainment or benefit.

Proposed Charter Amendment No. 2

There shall be added to article II, (two), two new sections, to be numbered section 1-a and 1-b, respectively, which shall be and read as follows:

Section 1-a. Not more than twelve cents on each one hundred (\$100.00) dollars worth of taxable property out of the fifteen cents mentioned in sub-division eleven of section one of article two of this charter shall be expended for music.

Section 1-b. Out of the fifteen cents on each one hundred (\$100.00) dollars worth of taxable property specified in sub-

division eleven of section one of article two of this charter, there shall be expended not less than three cents for advertising, recreation and entertainment. Or, in the event that there be not sufficient reason for expending the whole sum of three cents in any one year, so much thereof as is not expended shall be set aside for advertising in any future year or years.

Proposed Charter Amendment No. 3

That a new section be added to article two of the charter of the City of Santa Monica to be designated as section 1-c.

Section 1-c. The dollar limit specified in subdivision eleven of section one of article two of this Charter shall not include monies to be expended for the care and relief of needy persons within the City of Santa Monica unable to care for themselves, and having no relatives legally liable and able to care for them, and for the prevention of epidemic, but there may be provided in the tax levy in any year a levy not to exceed one (1) cent on each one hundred (\$100.00) dollars worth of taxable property within the said City of Santa Monica for the care and relief of such persons, and the prevention of epidemics.

Proposed Charter Amendment No. 5

Section 3 (three) of Article III (three) of the Charter of the City of Santa Monica is hereby amended so that the same

shall be and read as follows:

Section 3. The Commissioner of the Department of Public Safety shall be ex-officio Mayor of the City, Chief of Police, Superintendent of Buildings, Health Officer and Fire Commissioner, and he shall perform the duties of said officers as provided by law. The Board of Health and the Board of Police Commissioners and the Board of Fire Commissioners are hereby abolished and their duties are conferred upon the Commis-

sioner of the Department of Public Safety.

He shall have charge of all matters pertaining to the care and relief of the needy, the establishment of employment bureaus, dispensaries, hospitals and the like, and the prevention of epidemics, and may employ such employees and professional services as may be necessary to carry on such work. The salaries of any employees engaged in this work shall be fixed by ordinance, but the said Commissioner of Police Safety may, anything to the contrary in this charter notwithstanding, expend, in case of emergency, sums up to Two Hundred Fifty (\$250.00) dollars, without authorization of the Council, and he shall at all times have the power to expend sums less than One Hundred (\$100.00) Dollars in connection with any of the matters mentioned in this paragraph in the same manner that he or any other head of a department is authorized to make expenditure.

The Commissioner of Public Works shall be ex-officio Street Superintendent, Park Commissioner and Water Commissioner, and shall perform the duties of such officers as provided by law, excent to the extent that any of such duties may be herein conferred upon the Board of Public Utilities. He shall also have charge of all public works, buildings and properties of every kind and description, except fire, library and school buildings and properties, and except that the Board of Public Utilities shall have such control of works, buildings and properties used for or pertaining to the operation of public utilities,

as is conferred upon them by this charter.

4. -

The Board of Park Commissioners is hereby abolished, and

its duties conferred upon said Commissioner.

The Board of Water Commissioners is hereby abolished and its duties conferred upon said Commissioner, except in so far as any of said duties may be in this charter conferred upon the Board of Public Utilities.

The Commissioner of the Department of Finance shall be ex-officio vice-president of the Council, City Clerk, City Assessor, City Treasurer and City Tax and License Collector, and shall perform the duties of all of said officers as provided by

law.

In the absence or during the inability to act of the Commissioner of Public Safety, said Commissioner of the Department of Finance shall be ex-officio acting Mayor, and may sign any Deeds, Ordinances or other documents required by law to be signed by the ex-officio Mayor.

Proposed Charter Amendment No. 8

There is hereby added to Article IV (four) of the Charter of the City of Santa Monica a new section to be numbered 25-d,

which shall be and read as follows:

Section 25-d. The City Council shall have the power in its discretion, upon recommendation of the head of the Department in which any employe herein specified is employed, to allow regular monthly salary demands for a period of not to exceed six months to any employe of the city, who having been in the employ of the city for a period of five (5) years, at the time of his incapacity may be for any reason incapacitated from performing his duties.

This provision shall not apply in any case where an employe was incapacitated in or as the result of the performance of his duties, in such a manner as to entitle him to benefits conferred under the Workmen's Compensation Insurance and Safety Act

of the State of California.

Proposed Charter Amendment No. 10

Section 2 (two) of Article V (five) of the Charter of the City of Santa Monica is hereby amended so that the same shall be and read as follows:

City Clerk

Section 2. The City Clerk shall have the custody of, and be responsible for, all books, papers, records and archives belonging to the city, not in actual use by other officers, or elsewhere by special provision committed to their custody.

He shall be present at each meeting of the Council, and keep

a record of its proceedings.

He shall keep separate books in which respectively he shall record all ordinances and contracts and official bonds.

He shall keep all books properly indexed, and open to public

inspection when not in actual use.

He shall make out, and sign all licenses other than building permits, and perform such other duties as are, or shall be, imposed by this Charter, or by ordinance.

He shall act as the general accountant and fiscal agent of

the city, and shall exercise a general superintendence over all the officers of the city charged in any manner with the receipt, collection or disbursement of the city revenues.

He shall keep a complete set of books, in which he shall set forth in a plain and business-like manner every money transaction of the city, so as to show at all times the state of each fund, from which source the money was derived, and for what purpose any money was expended, and also all collections made and paid into the treasury by each officer or any other person.

He shall on application of any person indebted to the city, holding money payable into the city treasury, or desiring to pay money therein, deliver to such person a countersigned order on the city treasurer, in duplicate, stating the amount claimed as payable, by whom to be paid, and designating to what fund it is applicable; he shall file such orders with the city treasurer's duplicate receipts for money paid into the city treasure, and shall charge the city treasurer with the amounts received by him.

He shall audit and approve all demands against the city before payment, and keep a record of the same as hereinafter provided in Article XIII. He shall on or before the first day of July in each year make and present to the Council a report as to the revenue and expenses of the city for the current fiscal year and in which he shall set forth estimates of (1), the revenue from sources other than taxation; (2), the itemized expenditures; (3), the itemized amounts necessary to be raised by taxation for each fund.

He shall act as ex-officio Clerk of the Police Court and ex-

officio Clerk of the Board of Equalization.

He shall perform such other duties as shall be required of him by this Charter or by ordinance.

Proposed Charter Amendment No. 11

Section 3 of Article V of the City Charter of the City of Santa Monica is hereby amended so that the same shall be and read as follows:

City Treasurer

Section 3. It shall be the duty of the city treasurer to receive and keep all moneys that shall come to the city by taxation or otherwise, and to pay the same out on demands legally audited in the manner hereinafter provided; and without such auditing he shall disburse no public moneys whatever, except the principal and interest of the municipal debt when payable.

He shall receive no money into the city treasury unless accompanied by an order of the city clerk provided for in

section 2 hereof.

After verifying the amount to be paid into the city treasury, he shall fill in and sign the receipt contained in the order of the city clerk, and shall issue the original to the person paying the money, and shall file the duplicate with his records.

He shall make a report at the close of each month, to the city clerk, showing all moneys received during the preceding month, together with the number of each receipt given by him therefor, and what account and from whom received and to

what fund applied, and he shall make such special reports from time to time as may be required by the Council.

The Mayor, City Attorney, the Finance Committee of the Council, or any special Committee appointed by the Council, separately, or collectively, and with the aid of an accountant selected by such officer or committee, shall have the right and power to examine the books of the treasurer at all times; and the Mayor, Clerk, Attorney or Finance Committee shall also have the right to inspect and count all public moneys.

Proposed Charter Amendment No. 12

Section 16 (sixteen) of Article V (five) of the Charter of the City of Santa Monica is hereby amended so that the same shall be and read as follows:

Reports of Officers

Section 16. It shall be the duty of the Mayor, City Attorney, City Treasurer, City Assessor, Chief of Police, Health Officer, City Clerk, City Engineer, Superintendent of Building, Street Superintendent, Chief of the Fire Department, Secretary of Board of Education, Board of Trustees of the Santa Monica public library, and the Board of Park Commissioners, each to present to the Council at a meeting of the Council in the third week of July of each year a report for the preceding fiscal year ending the 30th day of June.

Proposed Charter Amendment No. 13

Section 19 (nineteen) of Article V (five) of the Charter of the City of Santa Monica is hereby amended so that the same shall be and read as follows:

Section 19. Every officer or Board of the City shall make out and file with the City Clerk, on or before the 15th day of May in each year, a detailed estimate of the expenses of his or its office or department, for the year commencing on the first day of July following said report.

Proposed Charter Amendment No. 14

There is hereby added to Article V of the Charter of the City of Santa Monica, a new section to be numbered 20-a, which shall be and read as follows:

Playground and Recreation Centers Under Department of Public Works

Section 20-a. All public playgrounds, recreation centers and summer camps now or hereafter owned or controlled by the city, either within or without its limits, shall be under the control and management of the Commissioner of Public Works, subject to the control of the Council. Said Commissioner

shall have power to organize and conduct physical training and exercise, athletics, sports, games, leagues, tournaments and pageants in and upon the recreation centers owned or controlled by the city, and also in and upon other grounds, athletic fields, gymnasia, swimming pools and other suitable places. The said Commissioner may employ and appoint superintendents, laborers, instructors and other officers and assistants in and about such playgrounds and recreation work, prescribe and fix their duties and authority and qualifications as to residence or otherwise. Their salaries shall be fixed by ordinance as are the salaries of other city employees.

Proposed Charter Amendment No. 15

Section 2 (two) of Article XI (eleven) of the Charter of the City of Santa Monica is hereby amended so that the same shall be and read as follows:

Section 2. General municipal elections shall be held on the first Tuesday in December, 1925, and thereafter every two

Any matter may be submitted to a vote of the electors at said election.

Special elections may be called at any time by the City

Council for any purpose required by law.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS. The mode of election of all elective officers of the city to be voted for at any municipal election, shall be as follows, and not otherwise: Candidates for said office shall be nominated as follows:

The name of the candidate shall be printed upon the ballot when a petition for nomination shall have been filed in his behalf in the manner and form and under the conditions heremafter set forth. The petition of nomination shall contain not less than twenty-five (25) or more than thirty-five (35) individual signatures which shall read substantially as follows:

Petition of Nomination of Candidate for the Office of

COUNTY OF CITY OF SAN "I the under tion for the no residence is at California, for voted for at tl Santa Monica, and I further not at this tir any other cand	signed, certify tomination of	}	Santa Monica Santa Monica , to be in the city of , 19 lector, and an ion nominating
candidate name	d herein.	port for such .	norminarion (ue
No. Precinct	Signature	Residence	
2		Residence	
3			***************************************
Å	***************************************	***************************************	
6to 25 inclusive			
0 40 00, 100,000,00			

"Verification Deputy's Affidavit

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES, city of Santa Monica.

I, , solemnly swear (or affirm) that I have been duly appointed as a verification deputy to secure signatures in the City of Santa Monica, County of Los Angeles, State of California, to the annexed paper of

for the office of that all the signatures on this nomination paper numbered from to inclusive, were made in my presence, and that to the best of my knowledge and belief each of said signatures is the original signature of the person whose name it purports to be.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this....... day of,

Verification Deputy.

Notary Public in and for the County of Los Angeles, State of California. (Or other officer.)

It shall be the duty of the City Clerk to furnish, upon application, a reasonable number of official forms of petitions of nomination of the above character. Each petition of nomination must contain the name of one candidate and no other.

Each signer to the nominating petition must be a qualified elector, and must not at the time of signing, have signed his name to the petition of any other candidate for the same

Verification deputies, under this section, must be qualified electors of the City of Santa Monica, and shall be appointed by the city clerk upon application in writing, signed by not less than five (5) qualified electors of the city. The applicant shall set forth that the signers thereto desire to procure the necessary signatures of electors for the nomination of candidates for municipal offices at an election therein specified, and that the applicants desire the person or persons, whose names and addresses are given, appointed as verification deputies, who shall, upon appointment, secure the signatures of the signers of petitions of nomination; their appointments shall continue only until all of the petitions under this section shall have been filed with the city clerk. All verification deputies must, before their appointment, make and file with the city clerk an oath as to their ages, places of residence, occupation, and that they are duly qualified electors of the city of Santa Monica, California.

The petition of nomination may be presented to the city clerk not earlier than forty-five (45) days, nor later than thirty (30) days before the election. The clerk shall endorse thereon the date upon which the petition was presented to him.

When the petition of nomination is presented to the city clerk for filing, he shall forthwith examine the same, and see whether it conforms to the provisions of this section. If found not to conform thereto, he shall then and there in writing

declare on said petition the defect or omission or reason why such petition cannot be filed, and shall return the petition at once. The petition may then be amended and presented to the clerk as in the first instance not later than twenty-six (26) days prior to the election.

Any signer to any petition of nomination may withdraw his name from the same by filing with the city clerk a verified revocation of his signature before the filing of the petition by the clerk, and not otherwise. He shall then be at liberty to sign a petition for another candidate for the same office.

Any person whose name has been presented under this section as a candidate, may, not later than twenty-five (25) days before the day of election, cause his name to be withdrawn from nomination by filing with the city clerk a request therefor in writing, and no name so withdrawn shall be printed upon the ballot.

If either the original or the amended petition of nomination shall be found sufficient as hereinbefore provided, the clerk shall file the same twenty-five (25) days before the day of the election. When the petition of nomination shall have been filed by the clerk, it shall not be withdrawn or added to, and no signature shall be revoked thereafter.

The city clerk shall preserve in his office for the period of two (2) years all petitions of nomination and all certificates belonging thereto filed under this section.

Immediately after such petitions are filed, the clerk shall enter the names of the candidates in a list with the offices to be filled, and shall at least twenty (20) days prior to the election, file in his office a notice of the date of such election and the offices to be filled, naming and numbering them in numerical order, unexpired terms or short terms being designated next after the full terms or long terms. He shall also designate in such notice the election officers who have been appointed for each precinct and the polling places therein where the voting for such election shall be had, and shall include in said notice the list of candidates nominated as hereinabove mentioned. He shall immediately thereafter cause one copy of such notice to be posted in a prominent place in his office.

The city clerk shall cause the ballots to be printed and bound and numbered, as provided for by state law, except as otherwise required in this charter. The ballots shall contain the list of names and the respective offices, set forth in the notice of election, and shall be in substantially the following form:

"GENERAL MUNICIPAL ELECTION OR SPECIAL MUNICIPAL ELECTION, CITY OF SANTA MONICA (inserting the date thereof).

INSTRUCTIONS TO VOTERS:

TO VOTE STAMP A CROSS (X) OPPOSITE THE NAME OF THE CANDIDATE FOR WHOM YOU DESIRE TO VOTE.

ALL MARKS OTHERWISE MADE ARE FORBIDDEN.
ALL DISTINGUISHING MARKS ARE FORBIDDEN
AND MAKE THE BALLOT VOID.

IF YOU WRONGLY MARK, OR TEAR, OR DEFACE THIS BALLOT, RETURN IT TO THE INSPECTOR OF ELECTION AND OBTAIN ANOTHER."

All ballots shall be precisely of the same size, quality, tint of paper, and kind of type and color of ink, so that without the number it would be impossible to distinguish one ballot from another; and the names of all the candidates printed upon the ballot shall be in type of the same size and style.

A column may be provided on the right-hand side for charter amendments or other questions to be voted upon at the

municipal elections.

The names of the candidates for each office shall be arranged alphabetically by the city clerk, and nothing on the ballot shall be indicative of the source of the candidacy or of the support of any candidate.

The name of every candidate who has been duly and regularly nominated, and who has not withdrawn his name as herein provided, shall be printed upon the ballot.

The offices to be filled shall be arranged in separate columns

in the following order:

Commissioner of Public Safety. Vote for one. Commissioner of Public Works. Vote for one. Commissioner of Finance. Vote for one. A Police Judge. Vote for one.

Members of the Board of Education. Vote for (designating the number to be elected).

Spaces of suitable size shall be provided at the right of the

name of each candidate wherein to stamp the cross.

Half-inch space shall be left below the printed names of candidates for each office equal in number to the number to be voted for wherein the person may write the name of any per-

son or persons for whom he may wish to vote.

The clerk shall cause to be printed sample ballots identical in form with the ballot to be used at the election and shall furnish copies of the same on application to registered voters at his office at least five (5) days before the day fixed for such election, and shall mail one such ballot to each voter entitled to vote at said election, so that all of the said sample ballots shall have been mailed at least three whole days before said election.

As soon as the polls are closed the election judges shall immediately open the ballot boxes, take therefrom and count the ballots and note the total number thereof on the tally sheet provided therefor. They shall carefully enter the number of votes for each candidate on said tally sheet and make return thereon to the city clerk as provided by law. The candidate receiving the highest number of votes cast for the particular office for which he is a candidate shall be declared elected. If the person elected fails to qualify, the office shall be filled as if there were a vacancy in such office as hereinbefore in this charter provided.

General Election Regulations

The provisions of any state law, now or hereafter in force. except as the council may otherwise by ordinance provide, relating to the qualifications and registrations of electors, the manner of voting, the duties of election officers, the canvassing of returns, and all other particulars in respect to the management of elections, except as otherwise provided in this article, so far as they may be applicable, shall govern all municipal elections; provided, also, that the council shall meet as a canvassing board and duly canvass the election returns within two days after any municipal election. Whenever any member of the council is a candidate for re-election, the council shall appoint some justice of the peace or notary of said city to take the place of said candidate upon said canvassing board as a member thereof.

Political activity. No person in the employ of the city shall take any active part, or contribute any money towards nomination or election of any candidate. A violation of any of the provisions of this Section by any candidate or officer shall disqualify him from holding the office for which he may be elected or appointed.

No informalities in conducting any municipal election shall invalidate the same, if the election has been conducted fairly and in substantial conformity to the regulations of this char-

Proposed Charter Amendment No. 16

There is hereby added to Article XII (twelve) of the Charter of the City of Santa Monica a new section to be numbered section 1-a which shall be and read as follows:

Section 1-a. In the letting of contracts or sub-contracts for mechanical and other labor within the control of the city council of the City of Santa Monica which are to be paid for with money raised by taxation or the proceeds of a bond issue, preference shall be given to persons residing within the territory so taxed or within the district covered by such bond issue, due regard being had to the quality, price and availability of such labor.

Proposed Charter Amendment No. 17

There is hereby added to Article XV (fifteen) of the Charter of the City of Santa Monica a new section to be known and numbered as section 4 which shall be and read as follows: Section 4. No petition for initiative or recall shall be of any force or effect unless filed with the officer or body designated herein to receive the same, within sixty (60) days of the date of obtaining the first signature thereto.

Proposed Charter Amendment No. 18

Section 5 of Article XVI (sixteen) of the Charter of the City of Santa Monica is hereby amended so that the same shall be and read as follows:

Section 5. The fiscal year of the city shall begin on the first day of July of each year and end on the thirtieth day of June following.

Proposed Charter Amendment No. 19

There is hereby added to the Charter of the City of Santa Monica a new article to be numbered XVA to be and read as follows:

ARTICLE XVA

Relief and Pension Fund

Section One. The City Council shall, by ordinance, create a fund to be known as the "RELIEF AND PENSION FUND,"

and provide for the payment into said fund a percentage of each month's pay from all the members of the police and fire departments and from all the members of such other departments as may by said ordinance be declared to be entitled to relief out of said fund, and shall also provide for including in the annual budget an amount not exceeding one per cent of the general tax levy to be paid into said fund.

Section Two. The Council shall, in the ordinance creating said fund, designate who are to receive benefits out of said fund and unon what conditions and to what extent; provided, that no member of any department, or the widow or children of such member, shall be entitled to a pension unless such member shall have been an active member of the department

for at least twenty years.

NOW THEREFORE, we, the undersigned, J. C. STEELE, Commissioner of Public Safety, ex-officio Mayor of the City of Santa Monica, State of California, and F. A. HELTON, Commissioner of Finance, ex-officio City Clerk and ex-officio Clerk of the City Council of said City, do hereby certify that the foregoing proposed ratified amendments to the charter of the City of Santa Monica, submitted to the electors of said city at a special municipal election held in said city on the Sixteenth day of December, 1924, have been compared by us, and each of us, with the respective proposed amendments set forth in the ordinance adopted by the Council as hereinbefore stated, and that the foregoing is a full, true, correct and exact copy thereof, and we further certify that the facts set forth in the preamble preceding said amendments to said charter are, and each of them is true.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, we have hereunto set out hands and caused the same to be authenticated by the Seal of said City of Santa Monica this 16th day of January, 1925.

(SEAL)

J. G. STEELE,

Commissioner of Public Safety, exofficio Mayor of the City of Santa Monica.

F. A. HELTON,

Commissioner of Finance, ex-officio City Clerk, ex-officio Clerk of the City Council of the City of Santa Monica.

WHEREAS, Said amendment has been submitted to the legislature of the State of California for approval or rejection without alteration or amendment, in accordance with section eight (8) of article eleven (XI) of the constitution of the State of California. Now therefore be it

Resolved by the assembly of the State of California, the senate thereof concurring, a majority of all members elected to each house voting therefor and concurring therein, that said amendments to the charter of the city of Santa Monica, State of California, as proposed to, adopted and ratified by the electors of said city as hereinbefore fully set forth, be and the same are and each of them is hereby approved as a whole without amendment or alteration for and as amendments to and as a part of the charter of the said city of Santa Monica.

Certificate of Adoption by the Qualified Electors of the City of Santa Monica at a Special Municipal Election Held Therein on the Sixteenth Day of December 1924 of Certain Amendments to the Charter of the City of Santa Monica, State of California.

State of California, County of Los Angeles, City of Santa Monica.

WHEREAS, the City of Santa Monica in the County of Los Angeles, State of California, contains a population of over ten thousand (10,000) inhabitants, and has been ever since the year 1907; and now is, organized and acting under a freeholders' charter, adopted under and by virtue of section eight, Article XI of the Constitution of the State of California, which charter was duly ratified by a majority of the qualified electors of said city at a special election held for that purpose on the 28th day of March, 1906, and approved by the Legislature of the State of California February 1907, (Statutes of 1907, p. 1007), and amendments thereto duly adopted by the qualified voters of said city, and by Resolution of the said Legislature filed with the Secretary of State of California, January 26th, 1915, (Statutes of 1915, p. 1714), and amendments duly adopted by said voters and said Legislature and filed with the Secretary of State January 21st, 1919, (Statutes of 1919, p. 1393), and

WHEREAS, the legislative body of said city, namely, the City Council of the City of Santa Monica did, pursuant to the provisions of section eight of Article XI of the Constitution of the State of California, by Ordinance adopted November 5th, 1924, being Ordinance No. 296, (Commissioners' Series),

entitled:

"AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF SANTA MONICA PROPOSING VARIOUS AMENDMENTS TO THE CHARTER OF THE CITY OF SANTA MONICA AND PROVIDING FOR THE SUBMISSION OF THE SAME TO THE QUALIFIED ELECTORS THEREOF FOR ADOPTION AND RATIFICATION AT A SPECIAL MUNICIPAL ELECTION TO BE HELD ON THE SIXTEENTH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1924," duly propose to the qualified electors of the City of Santa Monica, nineteen (19) amendments to the charter of said city, being therein designated as Proposed Charter Amendment No. 1, Proposed Charter Amendment No. 2, Proposed Charter Amendment No. 3, Proposed Charter Amendment No. 4, Proposed Charter Amendment No. 5, Proposed Charter Amendment No. 6, Proposed Charter Amendment No. 7, Proposed Charter Amendment No. 8, Proposed Charter Amendment No. 9, Proposed Charter Amendment No. 10, Proposed Charter Amendment No. 11, Proposed Charter Amendment No. 12, Proposed Charter Amendment No. 13, Proposed Charter Amendment No. 14. Proposed Charter Amendment No. 15, Proposed Charter Amendment No. 16, Proposed Charter Amendment No. 17, Proposed Charter Amendment No. 18, and Proposed Charter Amendment No. 19, and did order that said amendments be submitted to said qualified electors at the special municipal election to be held on the 16th day of December, 1924, which date was fixed in said ordinance as the date for holding said special municipal election: and

WHEREAS, said proposed charter amendments numbers one to nineteen inclusive were, and each of them was on November 5th, 1924, duly published in the Santa Monica Evening Outlook, a daily newspaper of general circulation printed, published and circulated in the said City of Santa Monica and designated by said Council for that purpose; and

WHEREAS, said proposed amendments were printed in convenient pamphlet form, and from November 5th, 1924, to December 15th, 1924, both inclusive, a notice was published in said Santa Monica Evening Outlook, the newspaper aforementioned, that said copies could be had upon application therefor at the office of the City Clerk of said city, and said proposed amendments in such pamphlet form were in fact available at the office of said City Clerk; and

WHEREAS, the said Council of said city did by ordinance duly adopted on the 14th day of November, 1924, being Ordinance No. 298, (Commissioners' Series), entitled: "AN ORDINANCE CALLING A SPECIAL ELECTION TO BE HELD NANCE CALLING A SPECIAL ELECTION TO BE HELD ON TUESDAY, THE 16th DAY OF DECEMBER, 1924, IN THE CITY OF SANTA MONICA, IN THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES, WHICH IS CONTIGUOUS TO THE CITY OF LOS ANGELES, PROPOSED TO BE CONSOLIDATED WITH SAID CITY OF LOS ANGELES, PROVIDING FOR THE HOLDING OF SUCH ELECTION AND SUBMITTING TO THE ELECTORS RESIDING IN SAID CITY OF SANTA MONICA THE QUESTION WHETHER SAID CITY OF SANTA MONICA SHALL BE CONSOLIDATED WITH THE SAID CITY OF LOS ANGELES AND THE PROPERTY OF SAID CITY OF SANTA MONICA BE, AFTER SUCH CONSOLIDATION, SUBJECT TO TAXATION EQUALLY WITH THE PROPERTY WITHIN THE CITY OF LOS ANGELES, TO PAY CERTAIN BONDED INDEBTEDNESS OF SAID CITY OF LOS ANGELES OUTSTANDING AT THE DATE OF SUCH CONSOLIDATION. OUTSTANDING AT THE DATE OF SUCH CONSOLIDATION, OR THERETOFORE AUTHORIZED, ESTABLISHING CONSOLIDATED ELECTION PRECINCTS AND POLLING PLACES IN SAID CITY OF SANTA MONICA, APPOINTING THE OFFICERS OF ELECTION FOR SAID SPECIAL ELECTION, AND FOR THE SPECIAL ELECTION TO BE CONSOLIDATED THEREWITH, PROVIDING FOR THE PUBLICATION OF NOTICE OF PROVIDING FOR THE PUBLICATION OF NOTICE OF SUCH ELECTION: CALLING A SPECIAL ELECTION TO BE HELD ON SAID TUESDAY, THE 16th DAY OF DE-CEMBER, 1924, IN SAID CITY FOR THE PURPOSE OF SUBMITTING NINETEEN (19) PROPOSED AMEND-MENTS TO THE CHARTER OF SAID CITY OF SANTA MONICA UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF SECTIONS 8 AND 8½ OF ARTICLE ELEVEN OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF CALLFORNIA, CONSOLIDATING SAID SPECIAL ELECTION WITH THE SPECIAL ELECTION CALLED IN THIS ORDINANCE FOR CONSOLIDATION OF THE CITY OF SANTA MONICA WITH THE CITY OF LOS ANGELES.", order the holding of a special municipal election in said City of Santa Monica on the 16th day of December, 1924, which said date was more the 16th day of December, 1924, which said date was more than forty days and less than sixty days after the completion of the publication of said Nineteen (19) Proposed Amendments as aforesaid; which said ordinance was signed by the Mayor of said city on the said 14th day of November, 1924,

and was published on the 14th day of November, 1924, in said newspaper, the Santa Monica Evening Outlook: and

WHEREAS, said special municipal election was by said ordinance ordered consolidated according to law with an election called for the purpose of submitting to the electors of said city the cuestion whether the City of Santa Monica should be consolidated with the City of Los Angeles, as more fully appears from the title of said ordinance hereinabove quoted; and

WHEREAS, said special municipal election was held in said City of Santa Monica on the 16th day of December, 1924, which date was more than forty days and less than sixty days after said proposed amendments to said charter had been published in the Santa Monica Evening Outlook, and said election was also held during the six months next preceding a regular session of the Legislature of the State of California; and

WHEREAS, thereafter the said Council of said City of Santa Monica had duly canvassed the returns of said special municipal election, and did on the 23rd day of December, 1924, duly and regularly declare the canvass of the returns of said election; and

WHEREAS, at said special municipal election held on said 16th day of December, 1924, fifteen (15) of said Proposed Amendments were ratified by a majority of the electors of said city voting thereon, to-wit: Proposed Charter Amendment No. 1, Proposed Charter Amendment No. 2, Proposed Charter Amendment No. 5, Proposed Charter Amendment No. 5, Proposed Charter Amendment No. 10, Proposed Charter Amendment No. 11, Proposed Charter Amendment No. 12, Proposed Charter Amendment No. 13, Proposed Charter Amendment No. 14, Proposed Charter Amendment No. 16, Proposed Charter Amendment No. 16, Proposed Charter Amendment No. 17, Proposed Charter Amendment No. 16, Proposed Charter Amendment No. 18 and Proposed Charter Amendment No. 19; and all other amendments received less than a majority of the votes of the qualified electors voting

WHEREAS, the said Fifteen (15) Charter Amendments so ratified by the electors of the City of Santa Monica, are now submitted to the Legislature of the State of California for approval or rejection as a whole, without power of alteration or amendment, in accordance with section eight of Article XI of the Constitution of the State of California, and are in words and figures as follows, to-wit:

Proposed Charter Amendment No. 1

Sub-section four of section one of article II of the Charter of the City of Santa Monica is hereby amended so that the same shall be and read as follows:

Section 1. The said corporation shall have the power * * * (4), to erect and maintain public buildings, and to lay out and establish, improve and maintain public parks and cemeteries, to acquire by purchase, condemnation or otherwise, or lease such buildings, parks and cemeteries, and to acquire by purchase, or lease, condemnation or otherwise, and to construct, establish, maintain, equip, own and operate libraries, reading rooms, art galleries, museums, playgrounds, places of recrea-

tion, camps, fountains, baths, dispensaries, infirmaries, hospitals, free municipal employment offices, charitable institutions, jails, houses of correction and reform schools, work houses, detention houses, morgues, cemeteries, garbage cleaning, garbage disposal and garbage reduction works, street cleaning and street sprinkling plants and apparatus, quarries, plants for the production, making or assemblage of asphalt or any other substance or material for use in the building, maintenance or repair of streets, plants, appliances and equipment for the construction, maintenance and repair of wharves, docks, slips and quays, and for the maintenance of proper depths of water on and along the water front of the city and all other public buildings, places, works, institutions and establishments, whether situated inside or outside of the city limits which may be necessary or convenient for the transaction of public business or for promoting the health, morals, education or welfare of the inhabitants of the city, or for their amusement, recreation, entertainment or benefit.

Proposed Charter Amendment No. 2

There shall be added to article II, (two), two new sections, to be numbered section 1-a and 1-b, respectively, which shall be and read as follows:

Section 1-a. Not more than twelve cents on each one hundred (\$100,00) dollars worth of taxable property out of the fifteen cents mentioned in sub-division eleven of section one of article two of this charter shall be expended for music.

Section 1-b. Out of the fifteen cents on each one hundred (\$100.00) dollars worth of taxable property specified in subdivision eleven of section one of article two of this charter, there shall be expended not less than three cents for advertising, recreation and entertainment. Or, in the event that there be not sufficient reason for expending the whole sum of three cents in any one year, so much thereof as is not expended shall be set aside for advertising in any future year or years.

Proposed Charter Amendment No. 3

That a new section be added to article two of the charter of the City of Santa Monica to be designated as section 1-c.

Section 1-c. The dollar limit specified in subdivision eleven of section one of article two of this Charter shall not include monies to be expended for the care and relief of needy persons within the City of Santa Monica unable to care for themselves, and having no relatives legally liable and able to care for them, and for the prevention of epidemic, but there may be provided in the tax levy in any year a levy not to exceed one (1) cent on each one hundred (\$100.00) dollars worth of taxable property within the said City of Santa Monica for the care and relief of such persons, and the prevention of epidemics.

Proposed Charter Amendment No. 5

Section 3 (three) of Article III (three) of the Charter of the City of Santa Monica is hereby amended so that the same

shall be and read as follows:

Section 3. The Commissioner of the Department of Public Safety shall be ex-officio Mayor of the City, Chief of Police, Superintendent of Buildings, Health Officer and Fire Commissioner, and he shall perform the duties of said officers as

provided by law. The Board of Health and the Board of Police Commissioners and the Board of Fire Commissioners are hereby abolished and their duties are conferred upon the Commissioner of the Department of Public Safety.

He shall have charge of all matters pertaining to the care and relief of the needy, the establishment of employment bureaus, dispensaries, hospitals and the like, and the prevention tion of epidemics, and may employ such employees and professional services as may be necessary to carry on such work. The salaries of any employees engaged in this work shall be fixed by ordinance, but the said Commissioner of Public Safety may, anything to the contrary in this charter notwithstanding, expend, in case of emergency, sums up to Two Hundred Fifty (\$250.00) Dollars, without authorization of the Council, and he shall at all times have the power to expend sums less than One Hundred (\$100.00) Dollars in connection with any of the matters mentioned in this paragraph in the same manner that he or any other head of a department is authorized to make expenditure.

The Commissioner of Public Works shall be ex-officio Street Superintendent, Park Commissioner and Water Commissioner, and shall perform the duties of such officers as provided by and shall perform the duties of such officers as provided by law, except to the extent that any of such duties may be herein conferred upon the Board of Public Utilities. He shall also have charge of all public works, buildings and properties of every kind and description, except fire, library and school buildings and properties, and except that the Board of Public Utilities shall have such control of works, buildings and properties used for or pertaining to the operation of public utilities. erties used for or pertaining to the operation of public utilities, as is conferred upon them by this charter.

The Board of Park Commissioners is hereby abolished, and its duties conferred upon said Commissioner.

The Board of Water Commissioners is hereby abolished and its duties conferred upon said Commissioner, except in so far as any of said duties may be in this charter conferred upon the Board of Public Utilities.

Proposed Charter Amendment No. 8 The Commissioner of the Department of Finance shall be ex-officio vice-president of the Council, City Clerk, City Assessor, City Treasurer and City Tax and License Collector, and shall perform the duties of all of said officers as provided by

In the absence or during the inability to act of the Commissioner of Public Safety, said Commissioner of the Department of Finance shall be ex-officio acting Mayor, and may sign any Deeds, Ordinances or other documents required by law to be signed by the ex-officio Mayor.

There is hereby added to Article IV (four) of the Charter of the City of Santa Monica a new section to be numbered 25-d,

which shall be and read as follows:

Section 25-d. The City Council shall have the power in its discretion, upon recommendation of the head of the Department in which any employe herein specified is employed, to allow regular monthly salary demands for a period of not to exceed six months to any employe of the city, who having been in the employ of the city for a period of five (5) years, at the time of his incapacity may be for any reason incapacitated from performing his duties.

This provision shall not apply in any case where an employe was incapacitated in or as the result of the performance of his duties, in such a manner as to entitle him to benefits conferred under the Workmen's Compensation Insurance and Safety Act of the State of California.

Proposed Charter Amendment No. 10

Section 2 (two) of Article V (five) of the Charter of the City of Santa Monica is hereby amended so that the same shall be and read as follows:

City Clerk

Section 2. The City Clerk shall have the custody of, and be responsible for, all books, papers, records and archives belonging to the city, not in actual use by other officers, or elsewhere by special provision committed to their custody.

He shall be present at each meeting of the Council, and

keep a record of its proceedings.

He shall keep separate books in which respectively he shall record all ordinances and contracts and official bonds.

He shall keep all books properly indexed, and open to public

inspection when not in actual use.

He shall make out, and sign all licenses other than building permits, and perform such other duties as are, or shall be, imposed by this Charter, or by ordinance.

He shall act as the general accountant and fiscal agent of

the city, and shall exercise a general superintendence over all the officers of the city charged in any manner with the re-

ceipt, collection or disbursement of the city revenues.

He shall keep a complete set of books, in which he shall set forth in a plain and business-like manner every money transaction of the city, so as to show at all times the state of each fund, from which source the money was derived, and for what purpose any money was expended, and also all collections made and paid into the treasury by each officer or any other person.

He shall on application of any person indebted to the city, holding money payable into the city treasury, or desiring to pay money thereing, deliver to such person a countersigned order on the city treasurer, in duplicate, stating the amount claimed as payable, by whom to be paid, and designating to what fund it is applicable: he shall file such orders with the city treasurer's duplicate receipts for money paid into the city treasury, and shall charge the city treasurer with the amounts received by him.

He shall audit and approve all demands against the city before payment, and keep a record of the same as hereinafter provided in Article XIII. He shall on or before the first day of July in each year make and present to the Council a report as to the revenue and expenses of the city for the current fiscal year and in which he shall set forth estimates of (1), the revenue from sources other than taxation; (2), the itemized expenditures; (3), the itemized amounts necessary to be raised by taxation for each fund.

He shall act as ex-officio Clerk of the Police Court and exofficio Clerk of the Board of Equalization.

He shall perform such other duties as shall be required of him by this Charter or by ordinance.

Proposed Charter Amendment No. 11

Section 3 of Article V of the City Charter of the City of Santa Monica is hereby amended so that the same shall be and read as follows:

City Treasurer

Section 3. It shall be the duty of the city treasurer to receive and keep all moneys that shall come to the city by taxation or otherwise, and to pay the same out on demands legally audited in the manner hereinafter provided; and without such auditing he shall disburse no public moneys whatever, except the principal and interest of the municipal debt when payable.

He shall receive no money into the city treasury unless accompanied by an order of the city clerk provided for in section 2 hereof.

After verifying the amount to be paid into the city treasury, he shall fill in and sign the receipt contained in the order of the city clerk, and shall issue the original to the person paying the money, and shall file the duplicate with his records.

He shall make a report at the close of each month, to the city clerk, showing all moneys received during the preceding month, together with the number of each receipt given by him therefor, and what account and from whom received and to what fund applied, and he shall make such special reports from time to time as may be required by the Council.

The Mayor. City Attorney the Finance Committee of the

The Mayor, City Attorney, the Finance Committee of the Council, or any special Committee appointed by the Council, separately, or collectively, and with the aid of an accountant selected by such officer or committee, shall have the right and power to examine the books of the treasurer at all times; and the Mayor, Clerk, Attorney or Finance Committee shall also have the right to inspect and count all public moneys.

Proposed Charter Amendment No. 12

Section 16 (sixteen) of Article V (five) of the Charter of the City of Santa Monica is hereby amended so that the same shall be and read as follows:

Reports of Officers

Section 16. It shall be the duty of the Mayor, City Attorney, City Treasurer, City Assessor, Chief of Police, Health Officer, City Clerk, City Engineer, Superintendent of Building, Street Superintendent, Chief of the Fire Department, Secretary of Board, of Education, Board of Trustees of the Santa Monica public library, and the Board of Park Commissioners, each to present to the Council at a meeting of the Council in the third week of July of each year a report for the preceding the third week of July of each year a report for the preceding fiscal year ending the 30th day of June.

Proposed Charter Amendment No. 13

Section 19 (nineteen) of Article V (five) of the Charter of the City of Santa Monica is hereby amended so that the same shall be and read as follows:

Section 19. Every officer or Board of the City shall make out and file with the City Clerk, on or before the 15th day of May in each year, a detailed estimate of the expenses of his or its office or department, for the year commencing on the first day of July following said report.

Proposed Charter Amendment No. 14

There is hereby added to Artitcle V of the Charter of the City of Santa Monica, a new section to be numbered 20-a, which shall be and read as follows:

Playground and Recreation Centers Under Department of Public Works

Section 20-a. All public playgrounds, recreation centers and summer camps now or hereafter owned or controlled by the city, either within or without its limits, shall be under the control and management of the Commissioner of Public Works, subject to the control of the Council. Said Commissioner shall have power to organize and conduct physical training and exercise, athletics, sports, games, leagues, tournaments and pageants in and upon the recreation centers owned or controlled by the city, and also in and upon other grounds, athletic fields, gymnasia, swimming pools and other suitable places. The said Commissioner may employ and appoint superintendents, laborers, instructors and other officers and assistants in and about such playgrounds and recreation work, prescribe and fix their duties and authority and qualifications as to residence or otherwise. Their salaries shall be fixed by ordinance as are the salaries of other city employees.

Proposed Charter Amendment No. 15

Section 2 (two) of Article XI (eleven) of the Charter of the City of Santa Monica is hereby amended so that the same shall be and read as follows:

Section 2. General municipal elections shall be held on the first Tuesday in December, 1925, and thereafter every two

Any matter may be submitted to a vote of the electors at said election.

Special elections may be called at any time by the City

Council for any purpose required by law.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS. The mode of election of all elective officers of the city to be voted for at any municipal election, shall be as follows, and not otherwise: Candidates for

said office shall be nominated as follows:

The name of the candidate shall be printed upon the ballot when a petition for nomination shall have been filed in his behalf in the manner and form and under the conditions hereinafter set forth. The petition of nomination shall contain not less than twenty-five (25) or more than thirty-five (35) indi-vidual signatures which shall read substantially as follows: "Petition of Nomination of Candidate for the Office of

STATE OF CALIFORNIA COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES, \ss. CITY OF SANTA MONICA.

I, the undersigned, certify that I do hereby join in a petition for the nomination of, whose ..Street, Santa residence is at No.....

of Santa Moni	ca. on the	il election to be	held in the cit
and I further	ertify that I am	day of a qualified elect	or, and am no
at this time a	signer of any	a qualified elect other petition r named office; and for such nomina	nominating an
clare that I in	tend to support	tamed office; and	d I further de
	ein.	TOT SHOT HOUSE	tion the cand
No. Precinct	Signature	Residence	Date
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6 to 35, inclusive			
64	Verification of T	Deputy's Affidavit	,
STATE OF A	AT TELOPETE		
COUNTY OF	LOS ANGELES	. lan	
CITY OF SAN	LOS ANGELES TA MONICA.), (88	
I,		solemnly sweed as a verifical	ear (or affirm)
that I have be	en duly appoint	ed as a verificat	tion deputy to
Angeles State	of Colifernia	Dania monica,	County of Los
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all the signatur	es on this nom	ination namer n	umbared from
to	inclusive, v	vere made in my	unnered from
natures is the	of my knowled	ge and belief eac	ch of said sig-
purports to be.	riguiai signature	ination paper n were made in my ge and belief eac e of the person	whose name it
	d sworn to befor		
me this day	of		•
19		Verificat	ion Deputy.
Notary Public in	and for the	•••	P
County of Los A	ngeles. State of		
Camornia.			
(Or other officer.	.)		
returned to	or nomination s	hall, if found in	nsufficient, be
Santa Monica, C	alifornia."	O 1104	Street,
plication, a reasonomination of th	nable number of	f official forms o	usa, upon ap-
nomination of th	e above charact	er. Each petitic	n of nomina-
tion must contain Each signer to	the name of o	ne candidate and	no other.
elector, and mus	t not at the time	petition must	pe a qualified
name to the petit	ion of any other	e or signing, na candidata for th	ve signed his
Verification de	puties, under th	is section must	he same omce.
electors of the C	ity of Santa M.	onica, and shall	be appointed
Verification de electors of the Coby the city clerk less than five (5) shall set forth the	upon application	on in writing, s	igned by not
shall set forth the necessary signature	quaimed elector	rs of the city. Thereto decire to	The applicant
necessary signatu	res of electors	for the mani-	procure me
lates for municip that the applicant	al offices at an	election therein	specified, and
that the applicant and addresses ar	s desire the per	son or persons,	whose names
vho shall, upon	annointment	Contract 47	on deputies,
signers of petition	ns of nomination	ocure the signat	tures of the
		···· men appoin	oments snall

Monica, California, for the office of

continue only until all of the petitions under this section shall have been filed with the city clerk. All verification deputies must, before their appointment, make and file with the city clerk an oath as to their ages, places of residence, occupation, and that they are duly qualified electors of the city of Santa Monica, California.

The petition of nomination may be presented to the city clerk not earlier than forty-five (45) days, nor later than thirty (30) days before the election. The clerk shall endorse thereon the date upon which the petition was presented to him.

When the petition of nomination is presented to the city clerk for filing, he shall forthwith examine the same, and see whether it conforms to the provisions of this section. If found not to conform thereto, he shall then and there in writing declare on said petition the defect or omission or reason why such petition cannot be filed, and shall return the petition at once. The petition may then be amended and presented to the clerk as in the first instance not later than twenty-six (26) days prior to the election.

Any signer to any petition of nomination may withdraw his name from the same by filing with the city clerk a verified revocation of his signature before the filing of the petition by the clerk, and not otherwise. He shall then be at liberty to sign a petition for another candidate for the same office.

Any person whose name has been presented under this section as a candidate, may, not later than twenty-five (25) days before the day of election, cause his name to be withdrawn from nomination by filing with the city clerk a request therefor in writing, and no name so withdrawn shall be printed upon the ballot.

If either the original or the amended petition of nomination shall be found sufficient as hereinbefore provided, the clerk shall file the same twenty-five (25) days before the day of the election. When the petition of nomination shall have been filed by the clerk, it shall not be withdrawn or added to, and no signature shall be revoked thereafter.

The city clerk shall preserve in his office for the period of two (2) years all petitions of nomination and all certificates

belonging thereto filed under this section.

Immediately after such petitions are filed, the clerk shall enter the names of the candidates in a list with the offices to be filled, and shall at least twenty (20) days prior to the election, file in his office a notice of the date of such election and the offices to be filled, naming and numbering them in numerical order, unexpired terms or short terms being designated next after the full terms or long terms. He shall also designate in such notice the election officers who have been appointed for each precinct and the polling places therein where the voting for such election shall be had, and shall include in said notice the list of candidates nominated as hereinabove mentioned. He shall immediately thereafter cause one copy of such notice to be posted in a prominent place in his office.

The city clerk shall cause the ballots to be printed and bound and numbered, as provided for by state law, except as otherwise required in this charter. The ballots shall contain the list of names and the respective offices, set forth in the notice of election, and shall be in substantially the following

"GENERAL MUNICIPAL ELECTION OR SPECIAL MUNICIPAL ELECTION, CITY OF SANTA MONICA, (inserting the date thereof).

INSTRUCTIONS TO VOTERS:

TO VOTE STAMP A CROSS (X) OPPOSITE THE NAME OF THE CANDIDATE FOR WHOM YOU DESIRE

ALL MARKS OTHERWISE MADE ARE FORBIDDEN. ALL DISTINGUISHING MARKS ARE FORBIDDEN AND MAKE THE BALLOT VOID.

IF YOU WRONGLY MARK, OR TEAR, OR DEFACE THIS BALLOT, RETURN IT TO THE INSPECTOR OF ELECTION AND OBTAIN ANOTHER."

All ballots shall be precisely of the same size, quality, tint of paper, and kind of type and color of ink, so that without the number it would be impossible to distinguish one ballot from another; and the names of all the candidates printed upon the ballot shall be in type of the same size and style.

A column may be provided on the right-hand side for charter amendments or other questions to be voted upon at the

municipal elections.

The names of the candidates for each office shall be arranged alphabetically by the city clerk, and nothing on the ballot shall be indicative of the source of the candidacy or of the support of any candidate.

The name of every candidate who has been duly and regularly nominated, and who has not withdrawn his name as here-

in provided, shall be printed upon the ballot.

The offices to be filled shall be arranged in separate columns in the following order:

Commissioner of Public Safety. Vote for one. Commissioner of Public Works. Vote for one. Commissioner of Finance. Vote for one.

A Police Judge. Vote for one.

Members of the Board of Education. Vote for (designating the number to be elected).

Spaces of suitable size shall be provided at the right of the

name of each candidate wherein to stamp the cross.

Half inch space shall be left below the printed names of candidates for each office equal in number to the number to be voted for wherein the person may write the name of any person or persons for whom he may wish to vote.

The clerk shall cause to be printed sample ballots identical in form with the ballot to be used at the election and shall furnish copies of the same on application to registered voters at his office at least five (5) days before the day fixed for such election, and shall mail one such ballot to each voter entitled to vote at said election, so that all of the said sample ballots shall have been mailed at least three whole days before said

As soon as the polls are closed the election judges shall immediately open the ballot boxes, take therefrom and count the ballots and note the total number thereof on the tally sheet provided therefor. They shall carefully enter the number of votes for each candidate on said tally sheet and make return thereon to the city clerk as provided by law. The candidate receiving the highest number of votes cast for the particular office for which he is a candidate shall be declared elected. If the person elected fails to qualify, the office shall be

filled as if there were a vacancy in such office as hereinbefore in this charter provided.

General Election Regulations

The provisions of any state law, now or hereafter in force, except as the council may otherwise by ordinance provide, relating to the qualifications and registrations of electors, the manner of voting, the duties of election officers, the canvassing of returns, and all other particulars in respect to the management of elections, except as otherwise provided in this article, so far as they may be applicable, shall govern all municipal elections; provided, also, that the council shall meet as a canvassing board and duly canvass the election returns within two days after any municipal election. Whenever any member of the council is a candidate for re-election, the council shall appoint some justice of the peace or notary of said city to take the place of said candidate upon said canvassing board as a member thereof.

Political activity. No person in the employ of the city shall take any active part, or contribute any money towards the nomination or election of any candidate. A violation of any of the provisions of this Section by any candidate or officer shall disqualify him from holding the office for which he may

be elected or appointed.

No informalities in conducting any municipal election shall invalidate the same, if the election has been conducted fairly and in substantial conformity to the regulations of this char-

Proposed Charter Amendment No. 16

There is hereby added to Article XII (twelve) of the Charter of the City of Santa Monica a new section to be numbered

section 1-a which shall be and read as follows:

Section 1-a. In the letting of contracts or sub-contracts for mechanical and other labor within the control of the city council of the City of Santa Monica which are to be paid for with money raised by taxation or the proceeds of a bond issue, preference shall be given to persons residing within the territory so taxed or within the district covered by such bond issue, due regard being had to the quality, price and availability of such labor.

Proposed Charter Amendment No. 17

There is hereby aded to Article XV (fifteen) of the Charter of the City of Santa Monica a new section to be known and numbered as section 4 which shall be and read as follows:

Section 4. No petition for initiative or recall shall be of any force or effect unless filed with the officer or body designated herein to receive the same, within sixty (60) days of the date of obtaining the first signature thereto.

Proposed Charter Amendment No. 18

Section 5 of Article XVI (sixteen) of the Charter of the City of Santa Monica is hereby amended so that the same shall be and read as follows:

Section 5. The fiscal year of the city shall begin on the first day of July of each year and end on the thirtieth day of June following.

Proposed Charter Amendment No. 19

There is hereby added to the Charter of the City of Santa Monica a new article to be numbered XVA to be and read as follows:

ARTICLE XVA

Relief and Pension Fund

Section One. The City Council shall, by ordinance, create a fund to be known as the "RELIEF AND PENSION FUND", and provide for the payment into said fund a percentage of each month's pay from all the members of the police and fire departments and from all the members of such other departments as may by said ordinance be declared to be entitled to relief out of said fund, and shall also provide for including in the annual budget an amount not exceeding one per cent of the general tax levy to be paid into said fund.

Section Two. The Council shall, in the ordinance creating

said fund, designate who are to receive benefits out of said fund and upon what condition and to what extent; provided, that no member of any department, or the widow or children of such member, shall be entitled to a pension unless such member shall have been an active member of the department

for at least twenty years.

NOW THEREFORE, we, the undersigned, J. C. STEELE, Commissioner of Public Safety, ex-officio Mayor of the City of Santa Monica, State of California, and F. A. HELTON, Commissioner of Finance, ex-officio City Clerk and ex-officio Clerk of the City Council of said City, do hereby certify that the foregoing proposed ratified amendments to the charter of the City of Santa Monica, submitted to the electors of said city at a greatel manical alection held in cold city of Santa Monica, submitted to the electors of said city at a greatel manical alection held in cold city of the city at a special municipal election held in said city on the Sixteenth day of December, 1924, have been compared by us, and each of us, with the respective proposed amendments set forth in the ordinance adopted by the Council as hereinbefore stated, and that the foregoing is a full, true, correct and exact copy thereof, and we further certify that the facts set forth in the preamble preceding said amendments to said charter are, and each of them is true.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, we have hereunto set our hands and caused the same to be authenticated by the Seal of said City of Santa Monica this 16th day of January, 1925. (SEAL)

J. C. STEELE. Commissioner of Public Safety, ex-officio Mayor of the City of Santa Monica.

F. A. HELTON, Commissioner of Finance, ex-officio City Clerk, ex-officio Clerk of the City Council of the City of Santa Monica.

FRANK F. MERRIAM, Speaker of the Assembly C. C. YOUNG, President of the Senate

FRANK C. JORDAN,

Attest: (SEAL)

Secretary of State

Assembly Concurrent Resolution No. 27

Adopted in Assembly April 5, 1927.

ARTHUR A. OHNIMUS, Chief Clerk of the Assembly

Adopted in Senate April 6, 1927.

ALBERT BRADY,

Asst. Secretary of the Senate

This resolution was received by the Governor, this 12th day of April A. D. 1927, at 4 o'clock p. m.

> HOMER R. SPENCE. Private Secretary of the Governor

CHAPTER 44

Assembly Concurrent Resolution No. 27-Approving one certain amendment to the charter of the city of Santa Monica, State of California, ratified by the qualified electors of said city at a special municipal election held therein on the twentyseventh day of January, 1927,

WHEREAS, The city of Santa Monica in the county of Los Angeles, State of California, contains a population of over ten thousand (10,000) inhabitants, and has been ever since the year 1907, and now is, organized and acting under a free-holders' charter, adopted under and by virtue of section 8, article XI of the constitution of the State of California which holders' charter, adopted under and by virtue of section 8, article XI of the constitution of the State of California, which charter was duly ratified by a majority of the qualified electors of said city at a special election held for that purpose on the twenty-eighth day of March, 1906, and approved by the Legislature of the State of California, February, 1907, (statutes of qualified voters of said city, and approved by resolution of the said Legislature and filed with the secretary of the State of California, January 26, 1915, (statutes of 1915, page 1714) said Legislature and filed with the secretary of the State of and amendments duly ratified by said voters and approved by 21, 1919, (statutes of 1919, page 1393) and amendments duly ratified by said voters and approved by Said voters and approved by Said voters and approved by Said voters and approved by Said voters and approved by Said voters and approved by Said Legislature and 1925, page 1259); and

WHERAS, Proceedings have been had for the proposal, adoption and ratification of a certain amendment to the charter of said city of Santa Monica as set out in the certificate of the commissioner of public safety, ex-officio mayor and commissioner of finance ex-officio city clerk and an accounts.

commissioner of public safety, ex-officio mayor and commissioner of finance, ex-officio city clerk and ex-officio clerk of the city council of said city of Santa Monica, as follows, to-wit:

Certificate of Adoption by the Qualified Electors of the City of Santa Monica at a Special Municipal Election Held Therein on the Twenty-seventh Day of January, 1927, of a Certain Amendment to the Charter of the City of Santa Mon-

State of California, County of Los Angeles, ss. City of Santa Monica.

City of Santa Monica. | Whereas, the city of Santa Monica in the county of Los Angeles, State of California, contains a population of over ten thousand (10,000) inhabitants, and has been ever since the year 1907, and now is, organized and acting under a free-holders' charter, adopted under and by virtue of section 8, article XI of the constitution of the State of California, which charter was duly ratified by a majority of the qualified electarticle XI of the constitution of the State of California, which charter was duly ratified by a majority of the qualified electors of said city at a special election held for that purpose on the twenty-eighth day of March, 1906, and approved by the Legislature of the State of California, February, 1907, (stated by the qualified voters of said city, and approved by resolution of the said Legislature and filed with the secretary of page 1714) and amendments duly adopted by said voters and approved by said voters and approved by said Legislature by resolution and filed with the approved by said Legislature by resolution and filed with the secretary of state, January 21, 1919, (statutes of 1919, page

1393) and amendments duly adopted by said voters and approved by said Legislature by resolution and filed with the secretary of state, March 10, 1925, (statutes of 1925, page

1259); and

Whereas, the legislative body of said city, namely, the city council of the city of Santa Monica did, pursuant to the provisions of section 8 of article XI of the constitution of the State of California, by ordinance adopted December 16, 1926, being Ordinance No. 364 (commissioners' series), entitled: "AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF SANTA MONICA PROPOSING VARIOUS AMENDMENTS TO THE CHARA-TER OF THE CITY OF SANTA MONICA AND PROVID-ING FOR THE SUBMISSION OF THE SAME TO THE QUALIFIED ELECTORS THEREOF FOR ADOPTION AND RATIFICATION AT THE SPECIAL MUNICIPAL ELECTION TO BE HELD ON THE TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY OF JANUARY, 1927," duly propose to the qualified electors of the city of Santa Monica, fourteen (14) amendments to the charter of said city, being therein designated as proposed charter amendment No. 1, proposed charter amendment No. 2, proposed charter amendment No. 3, proposed charter amendment No. 4, proposed charter amendment No. 5, proposed charter amendment No. 6, proposed charter amendment No. 7, proposed charter amendment No. 8, proposed charter amendment No. 9, proposed charter amendment No. 10, proposed charter amendment No. 11, proposed charter amendment No. 12, proposed charter amendment No. 13, proposed charter amendment No. 14, and did order that said amendments be submitted to said qualified electors at the special municipal election to be held on the twenty-seventh day of January, 1927, which date was fixed in said ordinance as the date for holding said special municipal election, which said ordinance was signed by the mayor of said city on the said sixteenth day of December, 1926, and was published on the sixteenth day of December, 1926, in the Santa Monica Evening Outlook, a newspaper of general circulation in said city, being the official paper and so designated by said council.

Whereas, the city council of the city of Santa Monica caused said proposed charter amendments numbers one to fourteen inclusive to be and they were, and each of them was on December 16, 1926, duly published in the Santa Monica Evening Outlook, a daily newspaper of general circulation printed, published and circulated in the said city of Santa Monica, and designated by said council, as the official paper for that purpose; and which said paper is and was at all times herein mentioned the official paper of the city of Santa Monica; and

Whereas, said proposed amendments were printed in convenient pamphlet form, and from December 16, 1926, to January 26, 1927, both inclusive, a notice was published in said Santa Monica Evening Outlook, the newspaper aforementioned, that said copies could be had upon application therefor at the office of the city clerk of said city, and said proposed amendments in such pamphlet form were in fact available at the office of said city clerk; and

Whereas, the said council of said city did by ordinance duly adopted on the twenty-fourth day of December, 1926, being Ordinance No. 368 (commissioners' series), entitled: "AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF SANTA MONICA CALLING A SPECIAL ELECTION TO BE HELD IN THURS-

DAY THE TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY OF JANUARY 1927, IN THE CITY OF SANTA MONICA FOR THE PURPOSE OF SUBMITTING FOURTEEN (14) PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CHARTER OF THE SAID CITY AMENDMENTS TO THE CHARTER OF THE SAID CITY OF SANTA MONICA UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 8 AND 8½ OF ARTICLE XI, OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA, ESTABLISHING ELECTION PRECINCTS AND POLLING PLACES IN SAID CITY OF SANTA MONICA, APPOINTING THE OFFICERS OF ELECTION FOR SAID SPECIAL ELECTION, PROVIDING FOR THE PUBLICATION OF THIS ORDINANCE" order the holding of a special municipal control of the THIS ORDINANCE.", order the holding of a special municipal election in said city of Santa Monica on the twenty-seventh day of January, 1927, which said date was more than forty days and less than sixty days after the completion of the publication of said fourteen (14) proposed amendments as aforesaid, which said ordinance was sized by the major of said said; which said ordinance was signed by the mayor of said city on the said twenty-fourth day of December, 1926, and was published on the twenty-fourth day of December, 1926, in said newspaper, the Santa Monica Evening Outlook; and

Whereas, said special municipal election was held in said city of Santa Monica on the twenty-seventh day of January, 1927, which date was more than forty days and less than sixty days after said proposed amendments to said charter had been published in the Santa Monica Evening Outlook, and said election was also held during the six months next preceding a regular session of the Legislature of the State of California;

Whereas, thereafter the said council of said city of Santa Monica had duly canvassed the returns of said special municipal election, and did on the twenty-eighth day of January, 1927, duly and regularly declare the canvass of the returns of said election; and

Whereas, at said special municipal election held on said twenty-seventh day of January, 1927, one of said proposed amendments was ratified by a majority of the electors of said city voting thereon, to-wit: Proposed charter amendment number seven (7), and all other amendments received less than a majority of the votes of the qualified electors voting thereon, and were not ratified; and

Whereas, the said charter amendment so ratified by the electors of the city of Santa Monica, is now submitted to the Legislature of the State of California for approval or rejection as a whole, without power of alteration or amendment, in accordance with section 8 of article XI, of the constitution of the State of California, and is in words and figures as follows,

"PROPOSED CHARTER AMENDMENT NO. 7"

"There is hereby added to Article III of the charter of the City of Santa Monica, a new section to be Number 3-A, which shall be and read as follows: Section 3-A. The City Council shall appoint three (3) citizens of said city within thirty (30) days after the taking effect of this charter to serve for a period of two (2) years as members of a Library Advisory Board. The members of this board shall act without compensation, and it shall be the duty of said board to make a survey and study of the needs and management of the Public Library and to advise the trustees of the Santa Monica Public Library on the solution of all problems touching on the management

and upkeep of said library. Said board shall meet at least once a month at such times and places as its members may designate. It shall cause one of its members to be elected President, and one to be elected Secretary, and a representative of said Advisory Board may be present at each meeting of the board of trustees of the Santa Monica library. The Council shall appoint the successors to the members of said

board for like two year periods."

Now Therefore, we, the undersigned, H. Michel, commissioner of public safety, ex-officio mayor of the city of Santa Monica, State of California, and F. A. Helton, commissioner of finance, ex-officio city clerk and ex-officio clerk of the city council of said city, do hereby certify that the foregoing proposed ratified amendment to the charter of the city of Santa Monica, submitted to the electors of said city at a special municipal election, held in said city on the twenty-seventh day of January, 1927, has been compared by us, and each of us, with the respective proposed amendment set forth in the ordinance adopted by the council as hereinbefore stated, and that the foregoing is a full, true, correct and exact copy thereof, and we further certify that the facts set forth in the preamble preceding said amendment to said charter are, and each of them is true.

In testimony whereof, we have hereunto set our hands and caused the same to be authenticated by the seal of said city of Santa Monica, this nineteenth day of March, 1927.

H. MICHEL,

Commissioner of Public Safety, ex-officio Mayor of the City of Santa Monica.
(SEAL)

F. A. HELTON,

Commissioner of Finance, ex-officio City Clerk, ex-officio Clerk of the City Council of the City of Santa Monica.

Whereas, said amendment has been submitted to the Legislature of the State of California for approval or rejection without alteration or amendment, in accordance with section eight (8) of article eleven (XI) of the constitution of the State of California; now therefore be it

Resolved by the Assembly, the Senate thereof concurring (a majority of all members elected to each house voting therefor and concurring therein), that said amendment to the charter of the city of Santa Monica, State of California, as proposed to, adopted and ratified by the electors of said city as hereinbefore fully set forth, be and the same is hereby approved as a whole without amendment or alteration for and as an amendment to and as a part of the charter of the said city of Santa Monica.

EDGAR C. LEVEY, Speaker of the Assembly

BURON FITTS, President of the Senate

Attest:

(SEAL)

FRANK C. JORDAN, Secretary of State By Frank H. Cory, Deputy

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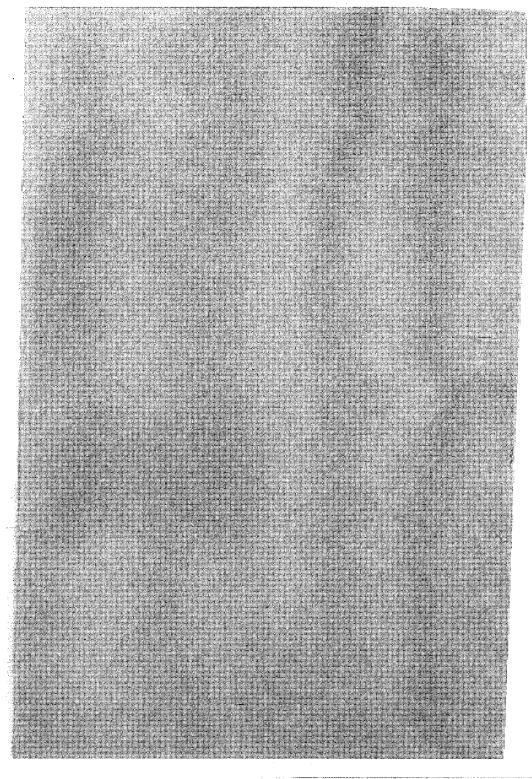
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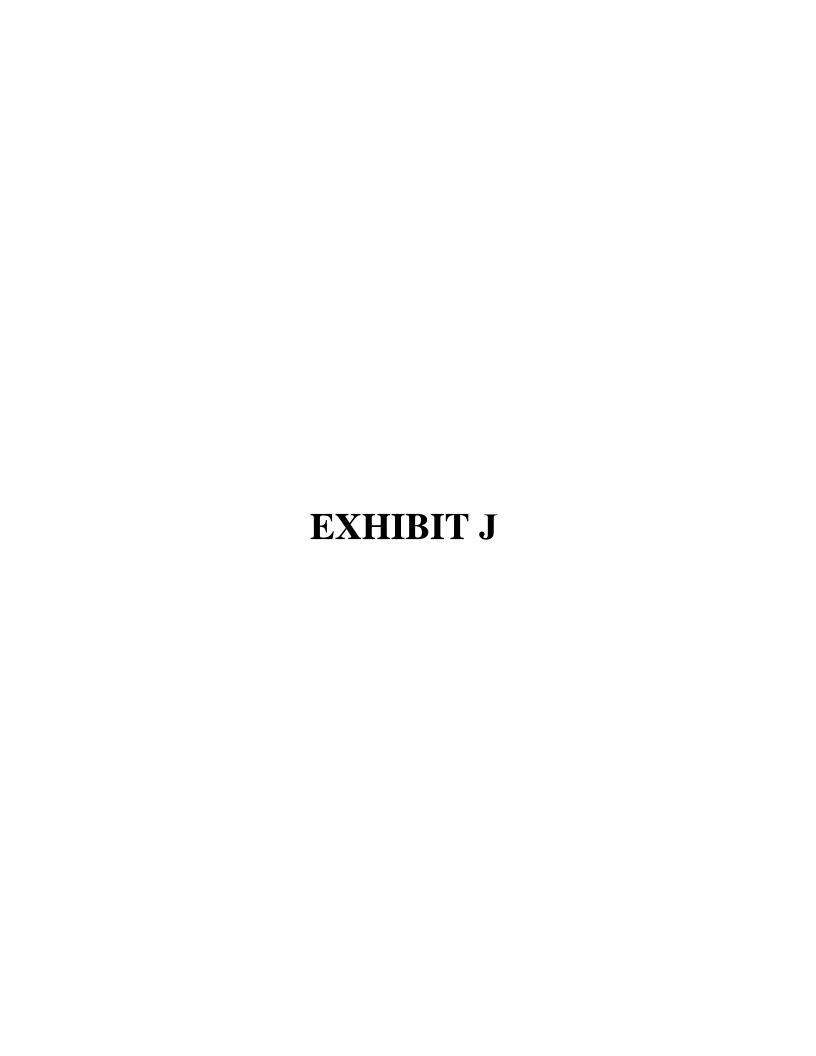
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1	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA	
2	FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES	
3	DEPARTMENT 28 HON. YVETTE M. PALAZUELOS, JUDGE	
4		
5	PICO NEIGHBORHOOD ASSOCIATION,) ET AL.,	
6	PLAINTIFFS,	
7	VS.) CASE NO. BC616804	
8	CITY OF SANTA MONICA, ET AL.,	
9	DEFENDANTS.)	
10	/	
11	REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS	
12	TRIAL	
13	MONDAY, AUGUST 13, 2018	
14	P.M. SESSION	
15	APPEARANCES:	
16	FOR PLAINTIFFS: SHENKMAN & HUGHES, PC BY: KEVIN SHENKMAN, ESQ.	
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25	(CONTINUED)	
26	PAGES 4351 TO 4460-4500	
27	REPORTED BY: RHONA S. REDDIX, CSR RPR CRR RMR NO. 10807	
28	OFFICIAL REPORTER	

(Indiscernible: speaking simultaneously.) 1 2 3 THE COURT: Hold on. I can't listen to both of 4 you at the same time. 5 MR. PARRIS: Your Honor, it's obvious that he wants to read one paragraph of a multi-paragraph answer, 6 7 and I think it's inappropriate to take something out of 8 context like that. If he wants to, let him read --THE COURT: What's your objection? 9 MR. PARRIS: It's improper impeachment to just --10 11 THE COURT: Overruled. He's refreshing his recollection. Did you say this in this deposition, and 12 13 he says I don't know. So he's just trying to show him 14 the deposition so he can remember whether he said it or 15 not. So overruled. **THE WITNESS:** Yes, I probably said that. 16 17 questions before them are different, are phrases that I might emphasize for the purposes of this case. 18 19 BY MR. MCRAE: 20 Q Okay. Sir, voters, members of the Board of 21 Freeholders, members of the city council, and members of 22 the Charter Commission were all important groups in the 23 different decisions to maintain the at-large method of 24 election in Santa Monica over time; correct? 25 Yes. Which -- you said the city council, 26 the Board of Freeholders, the city council again, the 27 voters -- I'm sorry. 28 Let me give you the groups. Q

1 Α Okay. Be easier. Voters, members of the Board of 2 Freeholders, members of the city council, and members of 3 the Charter Commission were all important groups in the 4 5 different decisions to maintain the at-large method of election in Santa Monica over time; correct? 6 7 Α Yes. 8 And the individual composition of each of 9 those groups that I mentioned varied over time; correct? 10 Α Correct. 11 Q In fact, we're talking about decades of 12 time over which the decision to maintain the at-large 13 election is maintained; correct? 14 Α That's correct. 15 And specifically, the decision to implement 0 16 and maintain the at-large method of election in 17 Santa Monica took place from at least 1914 through 2002; 18 correct? 19 Α At-large elections were first adopted in 20 1914 and they continue, and it's been maintained ever 21 since. And the decision to implement the at-large 22 23 method of election, for example, in Santa Monica, was a 24 decision approved by the voters in 1914; correct? 25 Α Yes. 26 Q And the Board of Freeholders proposed 27 expanding the number of people from three to seven and

still continuing the at-large method of election in

28

1 1946; correct? Yes, but they were voted on at separate 2 3 times, as opposed to those three commissioners who were voted on all at once. 4 5 Q And the proposal by the Board of Freeholders in 1946 was approved by Santa Monica voters; 6 7 correct? 8 Α That's correct. And, sir, the city council in Santa Monica 9 10 in 1975 approved to maintain the at-large system in 11 Santa Monica; correct? 12 They put it up for a vote. Α 13 Yeah. 0 14 They, I think, biased the vote by making it 15 a vote in -- in November rather than April, but they put it up for a vote. They allowed the voters to decide. 16 17 You understand from that then that the city council approved maintaining the at-large system in 18 Santa Monica in 1975; correct? 19 20 Α They allowed the voters to vote on it. 21 the voters had voted differently, then the city council 22 would not have been able to maintain the system. 23 Sir, the city council's decision in 1975 went to the voters of Santa Monica, who approved the 24 25 referendum to keep the at-large system; correct? 26 Α That's correct.

And there was a different city council with

different individuals in Santa Monica in 1992; correct?

27

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1	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
2	FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES
3	DEPARTMENT 28 HON. YVETTE M. PALAZUELOS, JUDGE
4	PICO NEIGHBORHOOD ASSOCIATION,)
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14	APPEARANCES:
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25	(CONTINUED)
26	PAGES 7501 TO 7576-7650
27	REPORTED BY: RHONA S. REDDIX, CSR RPR CRR RMR NO. 10807
28	OFFICIAL REPORTER

You moved from three commissioners to seven city council members. So the governing body was expanded by more than double.

You moved from the Commission system to a city council-city manager form of government, and critically, the council members, seven, would be elected at-large with no designated post.

That is, as I explained, under this system in one year three would be elected, and voters could cast up to one to three votes. They weren't voting separately for each position, and could concentrate their votes if they so choose, if they had a strongly preferred candidate.

And in the other year, four seats were up simultaneously, no differentiation among them, and once again voters could concentrate their votes. If they had a preferred candidate, they didn't have to vote only for one candidate.

As in designated posts, you could vote for up to four, but you could decide only to vote for one, maximizing your power. There was no majority vote requirement, no prohibition on the single shot voting. You didn't have to cast all four of your votes, which would have vitiated the benefits of the new at-large system, and it kept in place odd-year elections.

That's not correct. That's the system in place today. They switched much later to even-year elections in 1984. That's a typo.

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1
          MR. GRIMES: What's the typo, Your Honor, and
2
    what's not correct?
                            Well, I'm still back at
3
           THE COURT: Yes.
    single-shot voting, but let's --
 4
5
           THE WITNESS: They had odd-year elections then,
    but eventually that was changed. Everything else is in
6
7
    place today.
8
          THE COURT: So what's the error, I guess, is what
    counsel wanted to know.
9
          THE WITNESS: What's the what?
10
11
          THE COURT: Error.
12
          THE WITNESS: Here. It says the election system
13
     in place today. This is almost entirely the election
14
    system in place today except for odd-year elections. In
15
    1984 the City switched to even-year elections. But it
16
    was the system in place in '46 and '75.
17
          MR. SCOLNICK:
                          Okay.
          THE COURT: Can you explain single-shot again?
18
19
    Single-shot voting.
20
           THE WITNESS: Yeah, sure. Under the old system,
21
    the designated posts, everyone runs separately.
22
    Everyone only has one vote to cast. So there's nothing
23
    you can do to maximize your voting strength.
24
                  Under the new system, let's take for
25
    example when four city council members are up
26
    simultaneously. Because there's no prohibition on
27
    single-shot voting, every voter could cast one vote, two
28
    votes, three votes, or four votes, any of the four
```

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candidates -- any of the candidates that are up for the
 1
 2
     four positions.
 3
                  Single-shot voting means you have such a
     strongly preferred candidate that a group really
 4
 5
     wants -- some minority group really wants that candidate
 6
     to win, so they only vote for that candidate.
 7
           THE COURT: Even though they have three other
 8
     votes, okay.
 9
           THE WITNESS: And they don't cast their three
     other votes because they don't want to give some other
10
11
     candidates a better chance to win --
12
           THE COURT: Right.
13
           THE WITNESS: -- by giving them some of their
14
     votes.
15
           THE COURT: That's strategic voting.
           THE WITNESS: They can't do that on designated
16
17
     posts. They can't do that if there's a prohibition on
     single-shot voting. But there's no designated posts as
18
19
     of 1946 and no prohibition on single shot voting.
     BY MR. SCOLNICK:
20
21
                  Right. So let's just go quickly to
     Exhibit 1512.
22
23
                  Sir, is this 1512 -- that's the '46 charter
24
     that we've been talking about?
25
           Α
                  It is.
26
27
                  (Exhibit Number 1512, identified:
28
                   1946 Charter.)
```

about the <u>Arlington Heights</u> framework. The first factor

I think you said was discriminatory effect?

A Effect, impact on minorities, that's right.

Q Okay. So what were the significant changes? You outlined them a bit already, but what were the significant changes in the 1946 charter with respect to the effect on minorities in the election system?

A The most critical changes were as follows:
The increase in the number of officials for the
governing body from three to seven, the elimination of
the three separate commission designated posts.

So instead of having three separate elections where you can only cast one vote, you had a staggered seven-vote system election; that is, in one year voters could choose three city -- city council members. They can cast one vote, they could cast two votes, or they could cast three votes. And the other year you have four selected. And in contradistinction again to the designated post system, voters could cast one vote, two votes, three votes, or four votes.

So you now had the elimination of designated posts and the expansion of the size of the governing body, and you didn't have other traditionally discriminatory additions.

Q Let's focus on those two. The expansion from three to seven, was that beneficial to minorities?

A It was highly beneficial to minorities.

Leaving aside how the three were elected or how the

seven were elected, having a choice among seven, even under a staggered system, gives minorities -- however you define them, by the way.

Minorities can be defined in many ways within a city. Minorities, however you define them, racially, ethically, politically, economically, it gives minorities more shots, more chances to elect candidates of their choice.

Q How about the elimination of designated posts? Was that also beneficial to minorities?

A The elimination of designated posts is profound.

Q How so?

A How so? Designated posts were used throughout the South as a means for restricting minority electoral opportunities, particularly African-American, under at-large systems. It was used in Dallas County, for example, and that was quite typical.

Designated posts are cited in the literature as one of the invidious forms of discrimination against minorities. Designated posts are cited in the Senate, U.S. Senate report that followed the adoption of the 1982 amendments to the Federal Voting Rights Act. They are cited in the Thornburg versus Gingles decision as a discriminatory element of an at-large system, and they are cited in Dr. Kousser's declaration, along with things like prohibition on single-shot voting, as an example of a form of

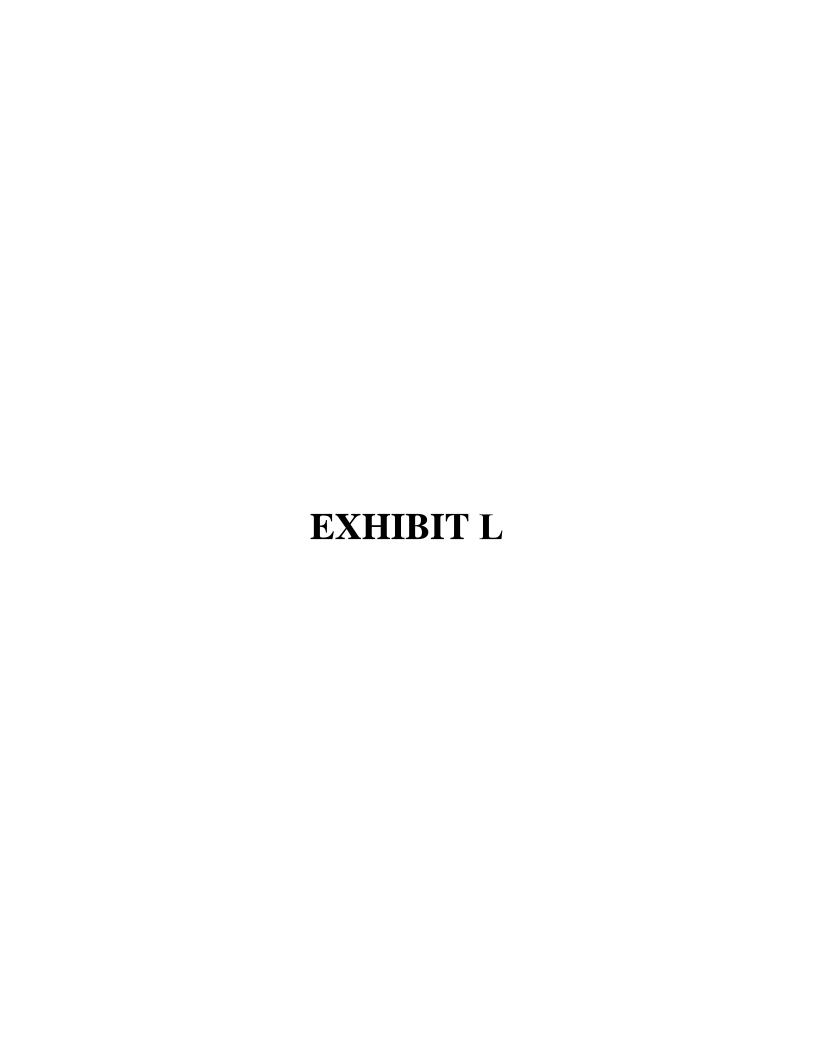
discrimination. 1 2 Designated posts also play a very important part in Dr. Kousser's 1999 book, Colorblind Injustice. 3 On page 189 in one of his case studies he points out 4 5 that, you know, there are these good government arguments -- you've heard them -- for at-large 6 7 elections, avoiding parochialism, getting a citywide 8 perspective. 9 And he says the good government arguments could in fact justify at-large elections, per se, but 10 11 it's only when you add on the invidious, discriminatory 12 feature of designated posts, which have no relationship 13 to good government, that you could then decide that the 14 system has the intent of discriminating against 15 minorities. So this is very important. 16 MR. SHENKMAN: Your Honor, I'd move to strike that 17 portion about what Dr. Kousser's book says as hearsay. 18 We have the book. We could put it up. I think that's a 19 mischaracterization of what Dr. Kousser says. 20 THE COURT: Well, then you can do that in your 21 cross-examination. So overruled. 22 MR. SHENKMAN: Thank you. BY MR. SCOLNICK: 23 24 And just to be clear, this discriminatory 25 feature you're talking about, designated posts, that was eliminated in 1946? 26 27 Α That's correct.

28

Q

Okay.

1 Α Entirely wiped out. MR. SCOLNICK: I'd like to put up some testimony 2 from Dr. Kousser from the trial, page 1505, lines 3 3 4 through 12. 5 THE COURT: This is Kousser's deposition? This is his trial testimony. 6 MR. SCOLNICK: 7 THE COURT: Okay, trial. Thank you. 8 MR. GRIMES: I'm sorry, Counsel, what --9 1505, lines 3 through 12. MR. MCRAE: 10 MR. GRIMES: Thank you. 11 12 (PAUSE IN THE PROCEEDINGS.) 13 14 BY MR. SCOLNICK: 15 Do you agree with this testimony, sir? Q It's not a correct analysis of the old 16 17 system. He's trying to say, you know, the old system 18 was comparable to the new system. In gubernatorial 19 years under the new system, as we explained, voters can 20 elect three council members with one, two, three votes, 21 and he's saying they can elect three commissioners at 22 the same time under the previous system. It wasn't two 23 and one, it was all three at the same time. 24 First of all, it wasn't all three at the 25 same time; it was staggered, two and one. Secondly, it 26 is not comparable to the new system because it's three 27 separate elections. You're not electing them all at the 28 same time the way you are under the new system.



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LAW OFFICE OF ROBERT RUBIN 13 131 Steuart St., Suite 300 San Francisco, California 94105 Telephone: (415) 625-8454 14 15 Attorneys for Plaintiffs D28 Yvote Palazuelos 16 SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 17 COUNTY OF LOS ANGELESBC 6 1 6 8 0 4 18 Case No.: PICO NEIGHBORHOOD 19 ASSOCIATION, MARIA LOYA and **COMPLAINT FOR VIOLATION OF:** ADVOCATES FOR MALIBU PUBLIC 20 **SCHOOLS** 1) CALIFORNIA VOTING RIGHTS ACT 21 OF 2001; and Plaintiff. 2) EQUAL PROTECTION CLAUSE OF CALIFORNIA CONSTITUTION PAID PAID CASH CASH CASH 22 CIT/CASE: 23 CITY OF SANTA MONICA, CALIFORNIA; and DOES 1-100, 24 inclusive, 25 Defendants. 26 27 11:04 28 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$435.00 310 MA **COMPLAINT**

04/12/2016

COMES NOW Plaintiffs Pico Neighborhood Association (hereinafter "PNA"), Maria Loya (hereinafter "Loya") and Advocates for Malibu Public Schools (hereinafter "AMPS") (collectively "Plaintiffs"), and allege as follows:

NATURE OF THE ACTION

- This action is brought by Plaintiffs for injunctive relief against the City of Santa 1. Monica, California, for its violation of the California Voting Rights Act of 2001 (hereinafter the "CVRA"), Cal. Elec. Code §§ 14025, et seq., and for declaratory relief that the provision of the Santa Monica City Charter requiring the at-large election of its city council as well as the governing board of the Santa Monica Malibu Unified School District ("SMMUSD") is unconstitutional. The previous system of district-based elections was abandoned and at-large elections were adopted in 1946, purposefully to prevent non-Anglo Santa Monicans residing primarily around and south of what is now Interstate 10 from achieving representation in their local governments. Since that time, at-large elections have been very successful in achieving that purpose -- the imposition of the City of Santa Monica's at-large method of election has accomplished its nefarious purpose - dilution of Latino voting power and denial of effective political participation in elections to the Santa Monica City Council. The City of Santa Monica's at-large method of election for electing members to its City Council prevents Latino residents from electing candidates of their choice or influencing the outcome of Santa Monica's City Council elections.
- 2. The effects of the City of Santa Monica's at-large method of election are apparent and compelling. Since the adoption of at-large elections in the City of Santa Monica sixty years ago, only one Latino has been elected to the City Council, and not a single Latino resident of the Pico Neighborhood, where Latinos are concentrated, has been elected to the Santa Monica city council. Latino residents of the Pico Neighborhood, including Ms. Loya, have run in several recent elections for the Santa Monica city council, and though they have been preferred by both voters in the Pico Neighborhood and by Latino voters generally, they have all lost due to the costly and discriminatory at-large system by which Santa Monica

elects its city council. Rather, those Latino candidates preferred by the Latino electorate were all defeated by the bloc voting of the non-Latino electorate.

- 3. Santa Monica's at-large method of election violates the CVRA. Plaintiffs bring this action to enjoin the City of Santa Monica's continued abridgment of Latino voting rights. Plaintiffs seek a declaration from this Court that the at-large method of election currently used by the City of Santa Monica violates the CVRA. Plaintiffs seek injunctive relief enjoining the City of Santa Monica from further imposing or applying its current at-large method of election. Further, Plaintiffs seek injunctive relief requiring the City of Santa Monica to implement district based elections or other alternative relief tailored to remedy Santa Monica's violation of the CVRA.
- 4. District elections were abandoned and at-large elections were adopted by Santa Monica with the purpose of discriminating against Santa Monica's ethnic minority population residing in the southern portion of the city. That fact alone that the rejection of district elections and adoption of at-large elections were generally motivated by a desire to disenfranchise ethnic minorities makes the at-large election system unconstitutional today. See, e.g., Hunter v. Underwood, 471 US 222 (1985) (invalidating a suffrage provision of the 1901 Alabama Constitution Convention even though it was adopted 84 years earlier). Specifically, the provision in the Santa Monica City Charter requiring at-large elections for the city council and the SMMUSD governing board, not only runs afoul of the CVRA, it also runs afoul of the Equal Protection Clause (Article I, Section 7) of the California Constitution, among other controlling laws.
- 5. Plaintiffs attempted to avoid the need for litigation by engaging in a dialogue with the City of Santa Monica, through their counsel. Specifically, Plaintiffs, through their counsel, brought this CVRA violation to the attention of the City of Santa Monica through correspondence sent nearly four months prior to the filing of this Complaint. Despite that correspondence, the Santa Monica City Council has taken no action to end its violation of the CVRA, content to continue violating the CVRA and their constituents' voting rights by clinging to a relic of its racist past. In fact, other than an email from Santa Monica's city

attorney on December 28, 2015 noting that the matter would be considered by the city council in closed session on January 12, 2016, and promising a substantive response thereafter, Defendant City of Santa Monica has not responded at all.

PARTIES

- 6. Established in 1979, PNA is a non-profit organization dedicated to improving the living conditions of residents of the Pico Neighborhood of Santa Monica, where Latino residents of Santa Monica are concentrated, and advocating for the interests of Pico Neighborhood residents to the Santa Monica City Council. PNA has dozens of members, including Latino registered voters residing in the City of Santa Monica.
- 7. AMPS, founded in 2010, is a non-profit organization dedicated to improving the public schools within the boundaries of the City of Malibu that are part of the SMMUSD. As part of those efforts, AMPS has advocated for district-based elections for SMMUSD, among other political subdivisions, so that every neighborhood has a voice in their local governing boards. But SMMUSD is not able to adopt district-based elections by petitioning the County Committee on School District Organization, like nearly 200 California school districts have done in just the last eight years, because the Santa Monica City Charter prescribes at-large elections for SMMUSD's governing board. AMPS has hundreds of members, including Latino registered voters residing in the City of Santa Monica.
- 8. The Latino residents of Santa Monica whose voting rights are immediately harmed by the City of Santa Monica's adherence to an unlawful at-large system of electing its city council are hindered from protecting their own interests. Many of the Latino citizens of Santa Monica do not recognize that their voting rights are being violated by the City of Santa Monica's adherence to an unlawful at-large system of electing its city council, and still others fear reprisal by the City of Santa Monica if they were to seek redress for the City of Santa Monica imposing its unlawful election system.
- 9. Despite that fear of reprisal, Maria Loya feels compelled to seek redress for the City of Santa Monica's violation of the CVRA and dilution of the Latino vote in Santa

. 5

Monica. Loya is a member of a "protected class" as that term is defined in the CVRA – she is Latina – and she is registered to vote and resides in the City of Santa Monica.

- 10. At all times herein mentioned, Defendant City of Santa Monica, California (hereinafter "Santa Monica") is and has been a political subdivision subject to the provisions of the CVRA.
- 11. Plaintiffs are unaware of the true names and capacities, whether individual, corporate, associate, or otherwise, of defendants sued herein as Does 1 through 100, inclusive, and therefore, sues said defendants by such fictitious names and will ask leave of court to amend this complaint to show their true names and capacities when the same have been ascertained. Plaintiffs are informed and believe and thereon allege that defendants Does 1 through 100, inclusive, are responsible on the facts and theories herein alleged.
- 12. Does 1 through 100, inclusive, are Defendants that have caused Santa Monica to violate the CVRA, failed to prevent Santa Monica's violation of the CVRA, or are otherwise responsible for the acts and omissions alleged herein.
- 13. Plaintiffs are informed and believe and thereon allege that Defendants and each of them are in some manner legally responsible for the acts and omissions alleged herein, and actually and proximately caused and contributed to the various injuries and damages referred to herein.
- 14. Plaintiffs are informed and believe and thereon allege that at all times herein mentioned each of the Defendants was the agent, partner, predecessor in interest, successor in interest, and/or employee of one or more of the other Defendants, and were at all times herein mentioned acting within the course and scope of such agency and/or employment.

JURIDICTION AND VENUE

15. All parties hereto are within the unlimited jurisdiction of this Court. The unlawful acts complained of occurred in Los Angeles County. Venue in this Court is proper.

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FACTS

- 16. The City of Santa Monica contains approximately 89,736 persons, of which approximately 13.1% are Hispanic or Latino, based upon the 2010 United States Census.
- 17. The City of Santa Monica is governed by a city council. The Santa Monica City Council serves as the governmental body responsible for the operations of the City of Santa Monica. The City Council is comprised of seven members, including a Mayor elected by and from the members of the City Council.
- 18. The Santa Monica City Council members are elected pursuant to an at-large method of election. Under this method of election, all of the eligible voters of the entire City of Santa Monica elect the members of the City Council.
- 19. Vacancies to the City Council are elected on a staggered basis; as a result, every two years the city electorate elects either three or four City Council members.
- Upon information and belief, since adopting at-large elections in 1946, only one 20. of Santa Monica's city council members has been Latino, and he was not a resident of the Latino-concentrated Pico Neighborhood.
- Elections conducted within the City of Santa Monica are characterized by racially polarized voting. Racially polarized voting occurs when members of a protected class as defined by the CVRA, Cal. Elec. Code § 14025(d), vote for candidates and electoral choices that are different from the rest of the electorate. Racially polarized voting exists within the City of Santa Monica because there is a difference between the choice of candidates or other electoral choices that are preferred by Latino voters, and the choice of candidates or other electoral choices that are preferred by voters in the rest of the electorate, with the result being that Latino-preferred candidates usually lose.
- 22. Racially polarized voting is legally significant in Santa Monica's City Council elections because it dilutes the opportunity of Latino voters to elect candidates of their choice.
- 23. Patterns of racially polarized voting have the effect of impeding opportunities for Latino voters to elect candidates of their choice to the at-large city council positions in the

City of Santa Monica, where the non-Latino populace dominates elections. For several years, Latino voters have been harmed by racially polarized voting.

- 24. The at-large method of election and repeated racially polarized voting has caused Latino vote dilution within the City of Santa Monica. Where Latinos and the rest of the electorate express different preferences on candidates and other electoral choices, non-Latinos by virtue of their overall numerical majority among voters, defeat the preferences of Latino voters.
- 25. The obstacles posed by the City of Santa Monica's at-large method of election, together with racially polarized voting, impair the ability of people of certain races, color or language minority groups, such as Latino voters, to elect candidates of their choice or to influence the outcome of elections conducted in the City of Santa Monica.
- 26. An alternative method of election, such as, but not limited to, district-based elections, exists that will provide an opportunity for the members of the CVRA-protected classes to elect candidates of their choice or to influence the outcome of the Santa Monica City Council elections.
- 27. It is no accident that at-large elections have diluted the vote of ethnic minorities in elections for Santa Monica's city council that was a significant motivation and purpose of adopting at-large elections, instead of the district-based elections previously employed in Santa Monica. At-large elections have long been well known to dilute minority vote. The electorate of Santa Monica understood well that minority vote dilution would be the result of at-large elections when it adopted at-large elections in 1946, a time of significant interracial tension in Santa Monica. In one advertisement, calling for the rejection of at-large elections in 1946, the "Anti-Charter Committee" decried:

MINORITY GROUPS AND THE PROPOSED CHARTER

The lot of a member of a minority group, whether it be in a location of not-so-fine homes, or one of race, creed or color, is never too happy

under the best of conditions.

But consider what life would be like under a dictatorship type of government as proposed under the charter.

With seven councilmen elected AT LARGE (and history shows they will mostly originate from NORTH OF MONTANA), and a city manager responsible to the seven councilmen plus a dictatorship that has so long ruled Santa Monica (without regard to minorities) where will these people be?

The proposed ruling groups control the chief of police – and through him the police force – and the city attorney, the personnel director, the health officer, etc.

Where will the laboring man go? Where will the Jewish, colored or Mexican go for aid in his special problems?

Where will the resident of Ocean Park, Douglas district, the Lincoln-Pico and other districts go when he needs help?

The proposed charter is not fair – it is not democratic.

It is a power grab – and we plead with all citizens of Santa Monica to protect their interests (vote no) and convince your neighbors to vote NO ON THE PROPOSED CHARTER.

28. At-large elections have accomplished exactly what proponents hoped for – and opponents feared – in 1946: the dilution of the vote of racial and ethnic minorities, as well as the residents of less privileged neighborhoods in the southern portion of Santa Monica. That unlawful election system must not be allowed to stand, both because it was intended to disenfranchise minority voters when it was enacted, and because it has done exactly that and therefore violates the CVRA.

/// ///

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(Violation of California Voting Rights Act of 2001)

(Against All Defendants)

- 29. Plaintiff incorporates by this reference paragraphs 1 through 28 as though fully set forth herein.
- 30. Defendant City of Santa Monica is a political subdivision within the State of California. Defendant is a charter city.
- 31. Defendant City of Santa Monica employs an at-large method of election, where voters of its entire jurisdiction elect members to its City Council.
- 32. Racially polarized voting has occurred, and continues to occur, in elections for members of the City Council for the City of Santa Monica and in elections incorporating other electoral choices by voters of the City of Santa Monica, California. As a result, the City of Santa Monica's at-large method of election is imposed in a manner that impairs the ability of protected classes as defined by the CVRA to elect candidates of their choice or influence the outcome of elections.
- 33. An alternative method of election, such as, but not limited to, district-based elections, exists that will provide an opportunity for Latinos to elect candidates of their choice or to influence the outcome of the Santa Monica City Council elections.
- 34. An actual controversy has arisen and now exists between the parties relating to the legal rights and duties of Plaintiffs and Defendants, for which Plaintiffs desire a declaration of rights.
- 35. Defendants' wrongful conduct has caused and, unless enjoined by this Court, will continue to cause, immediate and irreparable injury to Plaintiffs, and all residents of the City of Santa Monica.
- 36. Plaintiffs, and the residents of the City of Santa Monica, have no adequate remedy at law for the injuries they currently suffer and will otherwise continue to suffer.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

(Violation of California Equal Protection Clause)

(Against All Defendants)

- 37. Plaintiff incorporates by this reference paragraphs 1 through 37 as though fully set forth herein.
- 38. Defendant City of Santa Monica's rejection of district-based elections and adoption of at-large elections were motivated by the desire to deny local government representation to racial and ethnic minorities.
- 39. As a direct consequence of the decades-old racially-motivated decisions to reject district-based elections and adopt at-large elections, Defendant City of Santa Monica still employs an at-large method of election, where voters of its entire jurisdiction elect members to its City Council.
- 40. Those intentionally discriminatory decisions are enshrined in what is now sections 600 and 900 of the Santa Monica City Charter.
- 41. Because the rejection of district-based elections and the adoption of at-large elections were motivated by a desire to discriminate against the non-Anglo residents of Santa Monica, those enactments sections 600 and 900 of the Santa Monica City Charter are invalid as they violate, among other laws, the Equal Protection Clause of the California Constitution (Article I Section 7).
- 42. An actual controversy has arisen and now exists between the parties relating to the legal rights and duties of Plaintiffs and Defendants, for which Plaintiffs desire a declaration of rights.
- 43. A declaration by this Court regarding the invalidity of Defendant's at-large election system, and specifically sections 600 and 900 of the Santa Monica City Charter, is necessary to prevent Defendant from continuing to employ that intentionally-discriminatory election system, and to permit the elections of the Santa Monica Malibu Unified School District to be converted to district-based elections through a petition to the Los Angeles County Committee on School District Organization and the California Board of Education.

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PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for judgment against Defendants, and each of them, as follows:

- 1. For a decree that the City of Santa Monica's current at-large method of election for the City Council violates the California Voting Rights Act of 2001;
- 2. For a decree that the City of Santa Monica's current at-large method of election for the City Council, and specifically sections 600 and 900 of the Santa Monica City Charter, was adopted with the purpose of discriminating against, and denying effective representation to, non-Anglo residents of Santa Monica, and therefore those provisions are invalid.
- 3. For preliminary and permanent injunctive relief enjoining the City of Santa Monica from imposing or applying its current at-large method of election;
- 4. For injunctive relief mandating the City of Santa Monica to implement district-based elections, as defined by the California Voting Rights Act of 2001, or other alternative relief tailored to remedy the City of Santa Monica's violation of the California Voting Rights Act of 2001;
- 5. For an award of Plaintiffs' attorneys' fees, costs, litigation expenses and prejudgment interest pursuant to the CVRA, Cal. Elec. Code § 14030 and other applicable law; and
 - 6. For such further relief as the Court deems just and proper.

DATED: April 11, 2016

Respectfully submitted:

SHENKMAN & HUGHES, R. REX PARRIS LAW FIRM, and LAW OFFICES OF MILTON C. GRIMES LAW OFFICE OF ROBERT RUBIN

By:

Kevin Shenkman Attorneys for Plaintiff

2		CM-010
ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY (Name, S Kevin Shenkman (SBN 223315)	number, and address):	FOR COURT USE ONLY
Shenkman & Hughes PC		ou ED
28905 Wight Rd. Malibu, CA 90265		FILED
TELEPHONE NO.: 310-457-0970	FAX NO.:	Superior Court of California County of Los Angeles
ATTORNEY FOR (Name): Plaintiffs		1
SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF	Los Angeles	APR 1 2 2016
STREET ADDRESS: 110 N. Grand Ave		
MAILING ADDRESS: 110 N. Grand Ave		Sherri R. Carter, Executive Officer/Clerk
CITY AND ZIP CODE: Los Angeles, CA	90012	Du Thum J. Deputy
BRANCH NAME: Stanley Mosk Cou	Itilouse	Ishayla Chambers
CASE NAME: Pico Neighborhood Association	et al. v. City of Santa Monica, et al.	
CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET		CASE NUMBER:
Unlimited Limited	Complex Case Designation	CASE NUMBER: BC 6 1 6 8 0 4
(Amount (Amount	Counter Joinder	
demanded demanded is	Filed with first appearance by defendan	i Judge:
exceeds \$25,000) \$25,000 or les	<u> </u>	DEPT:
	below must be completed (see instructions on	page 2).
1. Check one box below for the case type		under a reflection of the state
Auto Tort	<u></u>	visionally Complex Civil Litigation
Auto (22) Uninsured motorist (46)	Rule 3.740 collections (09)	Antitrust/Trade regulation (03)
Other PI/PD/WD (Personal Injury/Property	·	Construction defect (10)
Damage/Wrongful Death) Tort	Insurance coverage (18)	Mass tort (40)
Asbestos (04)	Other contract (37)	Securities litigation (28)
Product liability (24)	Real Property	Environmental/Toxic tort (30)
Medical malpractice (45)	Eminent domain/Inverse	Insurance coverage claims arising from the
Other PI/PD/WD (23)	condemnation (14)	above listed provisionally complex case types (41)
Non-PI/PD/WD (Other) Tort	Wrongful eviction (33)	Proceedings of Judgment
Business tort/unfair business practice	(0/) ================================	Enforcement of judgment (20)
Civil rights (08)	Unlawful Detainer Commercial (31)	, , , ,
Defamation (13)	Residential (32)	cellaneous Civil Complaint
Fraud (16) Intellectual property (19)	Drugs (38)	☐ RICO (27)
Professional negligence (25)	fuellalat Davilani	Other complaint (not specified above) (42)
Other non-PI/PD/WD tort (35)	Asset forfeiture (05)	peellaneous Civil Petition Partnership and corporate governance (21)
Employment	Petition re: arbitration award (11)	Other petition (not specified above) (43)
Wrongful termination (36)	Writ of mandate (02)	
Other employment (15)	Other judicial review (39)	
	complex under rule 3.400 of the California Rules	s of Court. If the case is complex, mark the
factors requiring exceptional judicial m		
a. Large number of separately re		•
b Extensive motion practice rais		h related actions pending in one or more courts
issues that will be time-consul		s, states, or countries, or in a federal court judgment judicial supervision
c Substantial amount of docume	entary evidence f Substantial post	Judgment judicial supervision
Remedies sought (check all that apply)): a monetary = b. ☑ nonmonetary; ded	laratory or injunctive relief C punitive
4. Number of causes of action (specify):	2	
	class action suit.	
If there are any known related cases, f	ile and serve a notice of related case. (You ma	y use form CM-015.)
Date: April 11, 2016		a p
Kevin Shenkman	<u> </u>	The second of the second second
(TYPE OR PRINT NAME)	NOTICE	ATURE OF PARTY OR ATTORNEY FOR PARTY)
Plaintiff must file this cover sheet with:	the first paper filed in the action or proceeding (except small claims cases or cases filed
Tunder the Probate Code, Family Code	, or Welfare and Institutions Code). (Cal. Rules	of Court, rule 3.220.) Failure to file may result
In sanctions. • File this cover sheet in addition to any	cover sheet required by local court rule	ì
edf this case is complex under rule 3.40	0 et seq. of the California Rules of Court, you m	nust serve a copy of this cover sheet on all
nother parties to the action or proceeding	ng.	
 Unless this is a collections case under 	rule 3.740 or a complex case, this cover sheet	will be used for statistical purposes only.

ONS ON HOW TO COMPLETE THE CO

To Plaintiffs and Others Filing First Papers. If you are filing a first paper (for example, a complaint) in a civil case, you must complete and file, along with your first paper, the Civil Case Cover Sheet contained on page 1. This information will be used to compile statistics about the types and numbers of cases filed. You must complete items 1 through 6 on the sheet. In item 1, you must check one box for the case type that best describes the case. If the case fits both a general and a more specific type of case listed in item 1, check the more specific one. If the case has multiple causes of action, check the box that best indicates the primary cause of action. To assist you in completing the sheet, examples of the cases that belong under each case type in item 1 are provided below. A cover sheet must be filed only with your initial paper. Failure to file a cover sheet with the first paper filed in a civil case may subject a party. its counsel, or both to sanctions under rules 2.30 and 3.220 of the California Rules of Court.

To Parties in Rule 3.740 Collections Cases. A "collections case" under rule 3.740 is defined as an action for recovery of money owed in a sum stated to be certain that is not more than \$25,000, exclusive of interest and attorney's fees, ansing from a transaction in which property, services, or money was acquired on credit. A collections case does not include an action seeking the following: (1) tort damages, (2) punitive damages, (3) recovery of real property, (4) recovery of personal property, or (5) a prejudgment writ of attachment. The identification of a case as a rule 3.740 collections case on this form means that it will be exempt from the general time-for-service requirements and case management rules, unless a defendant files a responsive pleading. A rule 3.740 collections case will be subject to the requirements for service and obtaining a judgment in rule 3.740.

To Parties in Complex Cases. In complex cases only, parties must also use the Civil Case Cover Sheet to designate whether the case is complex. If a plaintiff believes the case is complex under rule 3,400 of the California Rules of Court, this must be indicated by completing the appropriate boxes in items 1 and 2. If a plaintiff designates a case as complex, the cover sheet must be served with the complaint on all parties to the action. A defendant may file and serve no later than the time of its first appearance a joinder in the plaintiffs designation, a counter-designation that the case is not complex, or, if the plaintiff has made no designation, a designation that the case is complex.

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Auto Tort
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Auto (22)-Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death Uninsured Motorist (46) (If the case involves an uninsured motorist claim subject to arbitration, check this item instead of Auto)

Other PI/PD/WD (Personal Injury/ Property Damage/Wrongful Death)

> Asbestos (04) Asbestos Property Damage Asbestos Personal Injury/ Wrongful Death Product Liability (not esbestos or toxic/environmental) (24)

Medical Malpractice (45) Medical Malpractice-Physicians & Surgeons Other Professional Health Care

Malpractice Other PI/PD/WD (23)

Premises Liability (e.g., slip and fall)

Intentional Bodily Injury/PD/WD (e.g., assault, vandalism)

Intentional Infliction of **Emotional Distress** Negligent Infliction of **Emotional Distress**

Other PI/PD/WD

Non-PI/PD/WD (Other) Tort

Business Tort/Unfair Business Practice (07)

Civil Rights (e.g., discrimination, false arrest) (not civil harassment) (08)

Defamation (e.g., slander, libel)

(13)Fraud (16)

Intellectual Property (19)

Professional Negligence (25) Legal Malpractice

Other Professional Malprectice (not medical or legal)

Qther Non-PI/PD/WD Tort (35) **Employment**

Wrongful Termination (36) Other Employment (15)

CASE TYPES AND EXAMPLES

Contract Breach of Contract/Warranty (06)

> Breach of Rental/Lease Contract (not unlawful detainer

or wrongful eviction) Contract/Warranty Breach-Seller Plaintiff (not fraud or negligence)

Negligent Breach of Contract/ Warranty

Other Breach of Contract/Warranty Collections (e.g., money owed, open

book accounts) (09) Collection Case-Seller Plaintiff

Other Promissory Note/Collections Case

Insurance Coverage (not provisionally

complex) (18) Auto Subrogation Other Coverage

Other Contract (37) Contractual Fraud Other Contract Dispute

Real Property

Eminent Domain/Inverse Condemnation (14)

Wrongful Eviction (33)

Other Real Property (e.g., quiet title) (26) Writ of Possession of Real Property

Mortgage Foreclosure

Quiet Title

Other Real Property (not eminent domain, landlord/tenant, or

foreclosure)

Unlawful Detainer Commercial (31)

Residential (32)

Drugs (38) (if the case involves illegal drugs, check this item; otherwise, report as Commercial or Residential)

Judicial Review

Asset Forfeiture (05) Petition Re: Arbitration Award (11)

Writ of Mandate (02)

Writ-Administrative Mandamus Writ-Mandamus on Limited Court

Case Matter

Writ-Other Limited Court Case

Review

Other Judicial Review (39) Review of Health Officer Order Notice of Appeal-Labor

Commissioner Appeals

Provisionally Complex Civil Litigation (Cal. Rules of Court Rules 3.400-3.403)

Antitrust/Trade Regulation (03) Construction Defect (10)

Claims Involving Mass Tort (40) Securities Litigation (28)

Environmental/Toxic Tort (30) Insurance Coverage Claims

(arising from provisionally complex

case type listed above) (41)

Enforcement of Judgment

Enforcement of Judgment (20) Abstract of Judgment (Out of County)

Confession of Judgment (nondomestic relations)

Sister State Judgment Administrative Agency Award

(not unpaid taxes) Petition/Certification of Entry of

Judgment on Unpaid Taxes

Other Enforcement of Judgment

Miscellaneous Civil Complaint

RICO (27)

Other Complaint (not specified

above) (42)

Declaratory Relief Only Injunctive Relief Only (non-

harassment)

Mechanics Lien

Other Commercial Complaint

Case (non-tort/non-complex)

Other Civil Complaint

(non-tort/non-complex)

Miscellaneous Civil Petition

Partnership and Corporate Governance (21)

Other Petition (not specified

above) (43) Civil Harassment

Workplace Violence

Elder/Dependent Adult Abuse

Election Contest

Petition for Name Change

Petition for Relief From Late Claim

Other Civil Petition

CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET ADDENDUM AND STATEMENT OF LOCATION (CERTIFICATE OF GROUNDS FOR ASSIGNMENT TO COURTHOUSE LOCATION)

This form is required pursuant to Local Rule 2.3 in all new civil case filings in the Los Angeles Superior Court.

- Step 1: After completing the Civil Case Cover Sheet (Judicial Council form CM-010), find the exact case type in Column A that corresponds to the case type indicated in the Civil Case Cover Sheet.
- Step 2: In Column 8, check the box for the type of action that best describes the nature of the case.
- Step 3: In Column C, circle the number which explains the reason for the court filing location you have chosen.

Applicable Reasons for Choosing Court Filing Location (Column C)

- 1. Class actions must be filed in the Stanley Mosk Courthouse, Central District.
- 2. Permissive filing in central district.
- Location where cause of action arose.
- 4. Mandatory personal injury filing in North District.
- 5. Location where performance required or defendant resides.
- Location of property or permanently garaged vehicle.

- 7. Location where petitioner resides.
- 8. Location wherein defendant/respondent functions wholly.
- Location where one or more of the parties reside.
- 10. Location of Labor Commissioner Office.
- 11. Mandatory filing location (Hub Cases unlawful detainer, limited non-collection, limited collection, or personal injury).

•	Auto (22)	☐ A7100 Motor Vehicle - Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death	1, 4, 11
Auto	Uninsured Motorist (46)	☐ A7110 Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death – Uninsured Motorist	1, 4, 11
£ ±	Asbestos (04)	☐ A6070 Asbestos Property Damage ☐ A7221 Asbestos - Personal Injury/Wrongful Death	1, 11 1, 11
Proper ath To	Product Liability (24)	☐ A7260 Product Liability (not esbestos or toxic/environmental)	1, 4, 11
al Injury/ F ongful Dea	Medical Malpractice (45)	☐ A7210 Medical Malpractice - Physicians & Surgeons ☐ A7240 Other Professional Health Care Malpractice	1, 4, 11
Other Personal Injury/ Property \$\frac{1}{V} \text{Damage/ Wrongful Death Tort}\$	Other Personal Injury Property Damage Wrongful Death (23)	 □ A7250 Premises Liability (e.g., slip and fall) □ A7230 Intentional Bodily Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death (e.g., assault, vandalism, etc.) □ A7270 Intentional Infliction of Emotional Distress □ A7220 Other Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death 	1, 4, 11 1, 4, 11 1, 4, 11 1, 4, 11

9182 / 21 / Ppamage/Wrongful Death Tort

SHORT TITLE:

Pico Neighborhood Association, et al. v. City of Santa Monica

CASE NU

Non-Personal Injury/ Property Damage/ Wrongful Death Tort

Employment

Contract

Real Property

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Business Tort (07)	A6029 Other Commercial/Business Tort (not fraud/breach of contract)	1, 2, 3
Civil Rights (08)	☑ A6005 Civil Rights/Discrimination	1 2)3
Defamation (13)	☐ A6010 Defamation (slander/libel)	1, 2, 3
Fraud (16)	☐ A6013 Fraud (no contract)	1, 2, 3
Sectional National (05)	☐ A6017 Legal Malpractice	1, 2, 3
Professional Negligence (25)	☐ A6050 Other Professional Malpractice (not medical or legal)	1, 2, 3
Other (35)	☐ A6025 Other Non-Personal Injury/Property Damage tort	1, 2, 3
Wrongful Termination (36)	☐ A6037 Wrongful Termination	1, 2, 3
Other Employment (15)	☐ A6024 Other Employment Complaint Case	1, 2, 3
Other Employment (15)	☐ A6109 Labor Commissioner Appeals	10
	☐ A6004 Breach of Rental/Lease Contract (not unlawful detainer or wrongful eviction)	2, 5
Breach of Contract/ Warranty (06)	☐ A6008 Contract/Warranty Breach -Seller Plaintiff (no fraud/negligence)	2, 5
(not insurance)	☐ A6019 Negligent Breach of Contract/Warranty (no fraud)	1, 2, 5
	☐ A6028 Other Breach of Contract/Warranty (not fraud or negligence)	1, 2, 5
Collections (09)	☐ A6002 Collections Case-Seller Plaintiff	5, 6, 11
Collections (05)	☐ A6012 Other Promissory Note/Collections Case	5, 11
	A6034 Collections Case-Purchased Debt (Charged Off Consumer Debt Purchased on or after January 1, 2014)	5, 6, 11
Insurance Coverage (18)	☐ A6015 Insurance Coverage (not complex)	1, 2, 5, 8
	☐ A6009 Contractual Fraud	1, 2, 3, 5
Other Contract (37)	☐ A6031 Tortious Interference	1, 2, 3, 5
	☐ A6027 Other Contract Dispute(not breach/insurance/fraud/negligence)	1, 2, 3, 8, 9
Eminent Domain/Inverse Condemnation (14)	A7300 Eminent Domain/Condemnation Number of parcels	2, 6
Wrongful Eviction (33)	☐ A6023 Wrongful Eviction Case	2, 6
	☐ A6018 Mortgage Foreclosure	2, 6
Other Real Property (26)	☐ A6032 Quiet Title	2, 6
	☐ A6060 Other Real Property (not eminent domein, landlord/tenant, foreclosure)	2, 6
Unlawful Detainer-Commercial (31)	☐ A6021 Unlawful Detainer-Commercial (not drugs or wrongful eviction)	6, 11
Unlawful Detainer-Residential (32)	☐ A6020 Unlawful Detainer-Residential (not drugs or wrongful eviction)	6, 11
Unlawful Detainer- Post-Foreclosure (34)	□ A6020F Unlawful Detainer-Post-Foredosure	2, 6, 11
Unlawful Detainer-Drugs (38)	☐ A6022 Unlawful Detainer-Drugs	2, 6, 11

SHORT TITLE:

Pico Neighborhood Association, et al. v. City of Santa Monica

CASE N

1					
	Asset Forfeiture (05)	α.	A8108	Asset Forfeiture Case	2, 3, 6
*	Petition re Arbitration (11)		A6115	Petition to Compel/Confirm/Vacate Arbitration	2, 5
Judicial Review			A6151	Writ - Administrative Mandamus	2, 8
<u>r</u>	Writ of Mandate (02)		A6152	Writ - Mandamus on Limited Court Case Matter	2
Jud.			A6153	Writ - Other Limited Court Case Review	2
	Other Judicial Review (39)	0	A6150	Other Writ /Judicial Review	2, 8
6	Antitrust/Trade Regulation (03)	0	A6003	Antitrust/Trade Regulation	1, 2, 8
itigatik	Construction Defect (10)	٥	A6007	Construction Defect	1, 2, 3
Provisionally Complex Litigation	Claims Involving Mass Tort (40)	_	A6006	Claims Involving Mass Tort	1, 2, 8
ly Com	Securities Litigation (28)		A6035	Securities Litigation Case	1, 2, 8
sional	Toxic Tort Environmental (30)	ם	A6036	Toxic Tort/Environmental	1, 2, 3, 8
Provi	Insurance Coverage Claims from Complex Case (41)	p	A6014	Insurance Coverage/Subrogation (complex case only)	1, 2, 5, 8
			A6141	Sister State Judgment	2, 5, 11
ent				Abstract of Judgment	2, 6
	Enforcement of Judgment (20)			Confession of Judgment (non-domestic relations)	2, 9
neo Teb				Administrative Agency Award (not unpaid taxes)	2, 8
Enforcement of Judgment				Petition/Certificate for Entry of Judgment on Unpaid Tax	2,8
шо				Other Enforcement of Judgment Case	2, 8, 9
			A0112	Other Embreament of Soughtent Case	2, 0, 3
້ ຄ	RICO (27)	0	A6033	Racketeering (RICO) Case	1, 2, 8
neous plaints		□	A6030	Dectaratory Relief Only	1, 2, 8
in die of the office of the of	Other Complaints		A6040	Injunctive Relief Only (not domestic/harassment)	2, 8
Miscellar Civil Com	(Not Specified Above) (42)		A6011	Other Commercial Complaint Case (non-tort/non-complex)	1, 2, 8
≅ ¿			A6000	Other Civil Complaint (non-tort/non-complex)	1, 2, 8
	Partnership Corporation Governance (21)	0	A6113	Partnership and Corporate Governance Case	2, 8
			A6121	Civil Harassment	2, 3, 9
ans us			A6123	Workplace Harassment	2, 3, 9
ritio				Elder/Dependent Adult Abuse Case	2, 3, 9
# <u>P</u>	Other Petitions (Not Specified Above) (43)	۱.,	A6190	Election Contest	2
<u>¥</u> ÇÖ <u>Ş</u>		_	A6110	Petition for Change of Name/Change of Gender	2, 7
- 		_		Petition for Relief from Late Claim Law	2, 3, 8
Z / Z I / P Givil Petitions		_	A6100	Other Civil Pelition	2, 9
/2		Ļ	-		
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Pico Neighborhood Association, et al. v. C	ity of Santa Monica	SE NOMBER

Step 4: Statement of Reason and Address: Check the appropriate boxes for the numbers shown under Column C for the type of action that you have selected. Enter the address which is the basis for the filing location, including zip code. (No address required for class action cases).

REASON: 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	8. 9. 1	0. 11.	ADDRESS: 1685 Main Street
cıry: Santa Monica	i I	ZIP CODE: 90401	

Step 5: Certification of Assignment: I certify that this case is properly filed in the Central District o the Superior Court of California, County of Los Angeles [Code Civ. Proc., §392 et seq., and Local Rule 2.3(a)(1)(E)].

Dated:	April	11, 2	016	
Dateo:	· .F · · · ·	–		

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(SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY/FILING PARTY)

PLEASE HAVE THE FOLLOWING ITEMS COMPLETED AND READY TO BE FILED IN ORDER TO PROPERLY COMMENCE YOUR NEW COURT CASE:

- 1. Original Complaint or Petition.
- 2. If filing a Complaint, a completed Summons form for issuance by the Clerk.
- 3. Civil Case Cover Sheet, Judicial Council form CM-010.
- 4. Civil Case Cover Sheet Addendum and Statement of Location form, LACIV 109, LASC Approved 03-04 (Rev. 02/16).
- 5. Payment in full of the filing fee, unless there is court order for waiver, partial or scheduled payments.
- A signed order appointing the Guardian ad Litem, Judicial Council form CIV-010, if the plaintiff or petitioner is a minor under 18 years of age will be required by Court in order to issue a summons.
- 7. Additional copies of documents to be conformed by the Clerk. Copies of the cover sheet and this addendum must be served along with the summons and complaint, or other initiating pleading in the case.



CONFORMED COPY

ORIGINAL FILED Superior Court Of Collifornia County Of Los Angelos Kevin I. Shenkman, Esq. (SBN 223315) Mary R. Hughes, Esq. (SBN 222622) John L. Jones, Esq. (SBN 225411) FEB 23 2017 SHENKMAN & HUGHES PC 3 28905 Wight Road Shorri R. Carter, Executive Officer/Clerk Malibu, California 90265 By: Charlie L. Coleman, Deputy 4 Telephone: (310) 457-0970 5 R. Rex Parris (SBN 96567) Jonathan Douglass (SBN 289300) R. REX PARRIS LAW FIRM 43364 10th Street West Lancaster, California 93534 Telephone: (661) 949-2595 Facsimile: (661) 949-7524 8 9 Milton Grimes (SBN 59437) LAW OFFICES OF MILTON C. GRIMES 10 3774 W 54th St Los Angeles, California 90043 11 Telephone: (323) 295-3023 12 Robert Rubin (SBN 85084) LAW OFFICE OF ROBERT RUBIN 13 131 Steuart St., Suite 300 San Francisco, California 94105 Telephone: (415) 625-8454 14 15 Attorneys for Plaintiffs 16 SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 17 COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES 18 PICO NEIGHBORHOOD Case No.: BC616804 19 ASSOCIATION and MARIA LOYA FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR 20 Plaintiff. VIOLATION OF: 21 1) CALIFORNIA VOTING RIGHTS ACT OF 2001; and 22 CITY OF SANTA MONICA. 2) EQUAL PROTECTION CLAUSE OF CALIFORNIA; and DOES 1-100. 23 CALIFORNIA CONSTITUTION inclusive, 24 Dept. 28 – Hon. Yvette Palazuelos Defendants.

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COMES NOW Plaintiffs Pico Neighborhood Association (hereinafter "PNA") and Maria Loya (hereinafter "Loya") (collectively "Plaintiffs"), and allege as follows:

NATURE OF THE ACTION

- 1. This action is brought by Plaintiffs for injunctive relief against the City of Santa Monica, California, for its violation of the California Voting Rights Act of 2001 (hereinafter the "CVRA"), Cal. Elec. Code §§ 14025, et seq., and for declaratory relief that the provision of the Santa Monica City Charter requiring the at-large election of its city council is unconstitutional. The current system of at-large council elections was adopted in 1946, purposefully to prevent non-Anglo Santa Monicans residing primarily around and south of what is now Interstate 10 from achieving representation in their local governments. Since that time, at-large elections have been very successful in achieving that purpose -- the imposition of the City of Santa Monica's at-large method of election has accomplished its nefarious purpose - dilution of Latino voting power and denial of effective political participation in elections to the Santa Monica City Council. The City of Santa Monica's atlarge method of election for electing members to its City Council prevents Latino residents from electing candidates of their choice or influencing the outcome of Santa Monica's City Council elections.
- The effects of the City of Santa Monica's at-large method of election are 2. apparent and compelling. Since the adoption of at-large elections in the City of Santa Monica more than sixty years ago, only one Latino has been elected to the City Council, and not a single Latino resident of the Pico Neighborhood, where Latinos are concentrated, has been elected to the Santa Monica City Council. Latino residents of the Pico Neighborhood, including Ms. Loya, have run in several recent elections for the Santa Monica City Council, and though they have often drawn significant support from both voters in the Pico Neighborhood and by Latino voters generally, they have all lost due to the costly and discriminatory at-large system by which Santa Monica elects its city council. Rather, all of the Latino candidates preferred by the Latino electorate were defeated by the bloc voting of the non-Latino electorate against them.

- 3. Santa Monica's at-large method of election violates the CVRA. Plaintiffs bring this action to enjoin the City of Santa Monica's continued abridgment of Latino voting rights. Plaintiffs seek a declaration from this Court that the at-large method of election currently used by the City of Santa Monica violates the CVRA. Plaintiffs seek injunctive relief enjoining the City of Santa Monica from further imposing or applying its current at-large method of election. Further, Plaintiffs seek injunctive relief requiring the City of Santa Monica to implement district based elections or other alternative relief tailored to remedy Santa Monica's violation of the CVRA.
- 4. At-large elections were adopted by Santa Monica with the purpose of discriminating against Santa Monica's ethnic minority population residing in the southern portion of the city. That fact alone that the adoption of at-large elections was generally motivated by a desire to disentranchise ethnic minorities makes the at-large election system unconstitutional today, and requires that this Court remedy the harm caused by the imposition of that discriminatory election system. Specifically, the provision in the Santa Monica City Charter requiring at-large elections for the city council, not only runs afoul of the CVRA, it also runs afoul of the Equal Protection Clause (Article I, Section 7) of the California Constitution, among other controlling laws.
- 5. Plaintiffs, through their counsel, attempted to avoid the need for litigation by engaging in a dialogue with the City of Santa Monica. Specifically, Plaintiffs, through their counsel, brought this CVRA violation to the attention of the City of Santa Monica through correspondence sent nearly four months prior to the filing of the original Complaint in this case. Despite that correspondence, the Santa Monica City Council has taken no action to end its violation of the CVRA, content to continue violating the CVRA and their constituents' voting rights by clinging to a relic of its racist past. In fact, other than an email from Santa Monica's city attorney on December 28, 2015 noting that the matter would be considered by the city council in closed session on January 12, 2016, and promising a substantive response thereafter, Defendant City of Santa Monica has not responded at all.

PARTIES

- 6. Established in 1979, PNA is a non-profit organization dedicated to improving the living conditions and advancing the interests, including those related to the political process, of residents of the Pico Neighborhood of Santa Monica, where Latino residents of Santa Monica are concentrated, and advocating for the interests of Pico Neighborhood residents before the Santa Monica City Council. PNA has dozens of members, including Latino registered voters residing in the City of Santa Monica.
- 7. The Latino residents of Santa Monica whose voting rights are immediately harmed by the City of Santa Monica's adherence to an unlawful at-large system of electing its city council are hindered from protecting their own interests. Many of the Latino citizens of Santa Monica do not recognize that their voting rights are being violated by the City of Santa Monica's adherence to an unlawful at-large system of electing its city council, and still others fear reprisal by the City of Santa Monica if they were to seek redress for the City of Santa Monica imposing its unlawful election system.
- 8. Despite that fear of reprisal, Maria Loya feels compelled to seek redress for the City of Santa Monica's violation of the CVRA and dilution of the Latino vote in Santa Monica. Loya is a member of a "protected class" as that term is defined in the CVRA she is Latina and she is registered to vote and resides in the City of Santa Monica.
- At all times herein mentioned, Defendant City of Santa Monica, California (hereinafter "Santa Monica," or "Defendant") is and has been a political subdivision subject to the provisions of the CVRA.
- 10. Plaintiffs are unaware of the true names and capacities, whether individual, corporate, associate, or otherwise, of defendants sued herein as Does 1 through 100, inclusive, and therefore, sues said defendants by such fictitious names and will ask leave of court to amend this complaint to show their true names and capacities when the same have been ascertained. Plaintiffs are informed and believe and thereon allege that defendants Does 1 through 100, inclusive, are responsible on the facts and theories herein alleged.

- 11. Does I through 100, inclusive, are Defendants that have caused Santa Monica to violate the CVRA, failed to prevent Santa Monica's violation of the CVRA, or are otherwise responsible for the acts and omissions alleged herein.
- 12. Plaintiffs are informed and believe and thereon allege that Defendants and each of them are in some manner legally responsible for the acts and omissions alleged herein, and actually and proximately caused and contributed to the various injuries and damages referred to herein.
- 13. Plaintiffs are informed and believe and thereon allege that at all times herein mentioned each of the Defendants was the agent, partner, predecessor in interest, successor in interest, and/or employee of one or more of the other Defendants, and were at all times herein mentioned acting within the course and scope of such agency and/or employment.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

14. All parties hereto are within the unlimited jurisdiction of this Court. The unlawful acts complained of occurred in Los Angeles County. Venue in this Court is proper.

FACTS

- The City of Santa Monica contains approximately 89,736 persons, of whom approximately 13.1% are Hispanic or Latino, based upon the 2010 United States Census.
- 16. The City of Santa Monica is governed by a city council. The Santa Monica City Council serves as the governmental body responsible for the operations of the City of Santa Monica. The City Council is comprised of seven members, including a Mayor elected by and from the members of the City Council.
- 17. The Santa Monica City Council members are elected pursuant to an at-large method of election. Under this method of election, all of the eligible voters of the entire City of Santa Monica elect the members of the City Council.
- 18. Seats on the City Council are filled on a staggered basis; as a result, every two years the city electorate elects either three or four City Council members.

- 19. Upon information and belief, since its adoption of its current system of at-large elections in 1946, only one of Santa Monica's city council members has been Latino, and he was not a resident of the Latino-concentrated Pico Neighborhood.
- 20. Elections conducted within the City of Santa Monica are characterized by racially polarized voting. Racially polarized voting occurs when members of a protected class as defined by the CVRA, Cal. Elec. Code § 14025(d), vote for candidates and electoral choices that are different from the rest of the electorate. Racially polarized voting exists within the City of Santa Monica because there is a difference between the choice of candidates or other electoral choices that are preferred by Latino voters, and the choice of candidates or other electoral choices that are preferred by voters in the rest of the electorate, with the result being that Latino-preferred candidates usually lose.
- 21. For example, in the city council election of 1994, Latino voters cohesively preferred Tony Vazquez himself a Latino. But, the non-Hispanic white majority of the electorate voted as a bloc against Mr. Vazquez, and thus due to the at-large election system Mr. Vazquez lost. That election was filled with racial hostility in Santa Monica mainly directed at Mr. Vazquez, the sole Latino candidate. A cartoon was published in the local newspaper, "the Outlook," depicting Mr. Vazquez as a member of a Latino street gang, and a mailer was distributed attacking Mr. Vazquez for purportedly seeking to allow "illegal" Latino immigrants to vote. After his loss, the ordinarily calm and collected Mr. Vazquez explained the reason for his loss "the racism that still exists in our city. ... The racism that came out in this campaign was just unbelievable." In the end, while the candidate preferred by the Latino voters Mr. Vazquez was not elected, the first, second and third preferences of the non-Latino electorate (Bob Holbrook, Pam O'Connor and Ruth Ebner) were all elected.
- 22. By way of further example, in the city council election of 2002, Latino voters cohesively preferred Josefina Aranda herself a Latina. But, the non-Hispanic white majority of the electorate voted as a bloc against Ms. Aranda, and thus due to the at-large election system Ms. Aranda lost. During the campaign, Ms. Aranda lamented the lack of

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representation of Latinos and the Pico Neighborhood on the City Council: "[T]here is such a huge need for more representation from groups that are currently disenfranchised. I am from the Pico Neighborhood. I am a woman, I am a Latina. I believe I could bring a voice to a lot of people who currently are not heard. ... Currently, the City Council does not represent the diversity of the City of Santa Monica. The Pico neighborhood is underrepresented." While the candidate preferred by the Latino voters – Ms. Aranda – was not elected, the first, second and third preferences of the non-Latino electorate (Bob Holbrook, Pam O'Connor and Kevin McKeown) were all elected, continuing the exact problem that Ms. Aranda had identified.

A still further example of racially polarized voting in the City of Santa 23. Monica's at-large elections, is the 2004 election for Defendant's city council. In that election, Latino voters cohesively preferred Maria Loya - herself a Latina. But, the non-Hispanic white majority of the electorate voted as a bloc against Ms. Loya, and thus due to the at-large election system Ms. Loya lost. The demonstration of racially polarized voting and the dilutive effect of Santa Monica's system of at-large elections is particularly striking in the 2004 election. Bobby Shriver, a member of the Kennedy family, came in first place among several candidates by a wide margin in the citywide vote count. In fact, except for the Pico Neighborhood, where Santa Monica's Latino community is concentrated, Mr. Shriver came in first place in every one of the seven recognized neighborhoods that make up the City of Santa Monica, beating the other candidates in their own neighborhoods. In the Pico Neighborhood, where Ms. Lova resided (and still resides), Ms. Lova came in first, garnering significantly more votes than any other candidate, even Bobby Shriver. But, because Defendant utilized an at-large method of election, rather than a district-based election, the fact that Ms. Loya was strongly preferred by voters in the region where she resided, and Latinos more generally throughout the city, made no difference to the outcome of the election. In the end, while the candidate preferred by the Latino voters - Ms. Loya - was not elected, the first, second and third preferences of the non-Latino electorate (Bobby Shriver, Richard Bloom and Herb Katz) were all elected.

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- 24. This pattern of racially polarized voting has not ended. For example, in even the most recent election - in November 2016 - the election for the City of Santa Monica's council again exhibited the same sort of racially polarized voting. In that election, Latino voters cohesively preferred Oscar de la Torre - himself a Latino. But, the non-Hispanic white majority of the electorate voted as a bloc against Mr. de la Torre, and thus due to the atlarge election system Mr. de la Torre lost. There were two candidates residing in the Pico Neighborhood in the 2016 election - Terry O'Day and Oscar de la Torre (the candidate preferred by Latino voters). In the four precincts that lie entirely within the Pico Neighborhood, Mr. O'Day received 1238 votes and Mr. de la Torre received 1317 votes. So, if Defendant utilized a district-based election system Mr. de la Torre would likely have prevailed; but, in Defendant's plurality at-large system, Mr. O'Day won a seat on the council and Mr. de la Torre did not. In fact, taking those four precincts, Mr. de la Torre received more votes than any other candidate. Still, despite his strong support in the Pico Neighborhood, and being the preferred candidate of Latino voters, Mr. de la Torre lost in Defendant's at-large election. In the end, while the candidate preferred by the Latino voters -Mr. de la Torre - was not elected, the first, second and third preferences of the non-Latino electorate (Ted Winterer, Gleam Davis and Terry O'Day) were all elected.
- 25. Racially polarized voting in Santa Monica has not been limited to the elections discussed in the preceding paragraphs; rather those elections are intended only to be exemplary, and the discussion of each is not exhaustive.
- 26. Historical, economic and social factors also contribute to Latino voters' inability to elect candidates of their choice or influence the outcome of elections for the Santa Monica City Council in the current at-large election system. Santa Monica has a long history of racial discrimination against Latinos and other racial minorities. For example, the city's population was segregated by race in housing, public accommodations and schools Latinos and African Americans were prohibited from purchasing homes in the more desirable northern portion of the City by deed restrictions; public beaches were reserved for only non-Hispanic whites, with one small beach area designated by Defendant for "colored use"

according to its Shoreline Plan Map; and Latinos and African Americans were relegated to the lower-funded lower-performing public schools in the southern portion of the city. That historical discrimination, some of which continues to the present, has resulted in Latinos having less wealth, less education, a lower literacy rate, worse health, a higher unemployment rate, and a lower median household income than non-Hispanic white residents of Santa Monica.

- 27. Latinos are concentrated in the Pico Neighborhood of Santa Monica, an area the residents have coined the "toxic triangle" for the environmental hazards Defendant has dumped in that neighborhood. According to a June 2016 report by Defendant's Planning Commission, the proportions of Latinos and African Americans are three times as high in the Pico Neighborhood as they are in the City of Santa Monica as a whole 39% Latino and 12% African American in the Pico Neighborhood compared to 13% Latino and 4% African American in the City as a whole. That report confirms that:
 - among the neighborhoods of Santa Monica, Pico Neighborhood residents have the highest unemployment rate, lowest median household income, and highest rate of economic worry;
 - Pico Neighborhood residents have the lowest health score of any neighborhood in Santa Monica;
 - Pico Neighborhood residents have the lowest early literacy rates and lowest performance in mathematics in Santa Monica; and
 - Pico Neighborhood residents have the lowest rates in the City of: life satisfaction, flourishing, having time to do things they enjoy, time and effort put into the community, trust in neighbors, sense of belonging in their community, pride in Santa Monica, feeling Santa Monica is beautiful, sense that they have access to all that is needed in Santa Monica, use of outdoor space, time spent at community places, and satisfaction with their housing.
- 28. The at-large elections for Defendant's city council are extraordinarily expensive. While a successful campaign in an at-large election for a city council seat in a

California city the size of Santa Monica would typically require less than \$50,000, several hundreds of thousands of dollars are routinely spent on each city council election in Santa Monica. Of course, district election campaigns are much less expensive, as there are fewer voters a candidate must reach and they all live in a smaller geographic area, making less expensive campaign tactics, such as walking door to door, more effective. Even the relatively expensive campaigning method of distributing campaign literature by mail, which has become a primary means of campaigning for many city council candidates in Santa Monica, is much less costly in a district-based election system, and thus more feasible for candidates with limited funds. Latino and African American candidates typically do not have comparable access to the large sums of money that non-Hispanic white residents of Santa Monica spend on local political campaigns, and the Latino and African American communities do not have even close to the same sort of disposable money and resources that the non-Hispanic white community has to spend on getting its preferred candidates elected in Santa Monica's at-large elections for its city council.

- 29. The slating of candidates that is common in Santa Monica's at-large city council elections further exacerbates the dilutive effect of those at-large elections. Municipal law limits contributions to the campaign of a city council candidate to just a little more than \$300, yet hundreds of thousands of dollars are spent advocating for/against city council candidates. Those hundreds of thousands of dollars are, therefore, necessarily pooled and spent by political action committees that support a slate of candidates; it is not reasonably possible for a single candidate's campaign to raise that amount of money. Latino-preferred candidates are frequently excluded from those slates, making it even more difficult for those candidates to succeed in the ridiculously expensive at-large elections for the Santa Monica City Council.
- 30. Racially polarized voting is legally significant in Santa Monica's City Council elections because it dilutes the opportunity of Latino voters to elect candidates of their choice.
- 31. Patterns of racially polarized voting have the effect of impeding opportunities for Latino voters to elect candidates of their choice to the at-large city council positions in the

City of Santa Monica, where the non-Latino populace dominates elections. For several years, Latino voters have been harmed by racially polarized voting.

- 32. The at-large method of election and repeated racially polarized voting has caused Latino vote dilution within the City of Santa Monica. Where Latinos and the rest of the electorate express different preferences on candidates and other electoral choices, non-Latinos by virtue of their overall numerical majority among voters, defeat the preferences of Latino voters.
- 33. The obstacles posed by the City of Santa Monica's at-large method of election, together with racially polarized voting, impair the ability of people of certain races, color or language minority groups, such as Latino voters, to elect candidates of their choice or to influence the outcome of elections conducted in the City of Santa Monica.
- 34. An alternative method of election, such as, but not limited to, district-based elections, exists that will provide an opportunity for the members of the CVRA-protected classes to elect candidates of their choice or to influence the outcome of the Santa Monica City Council elections.
- 35. It is no accident that at-large elections have diluted the vote of ethnic minorities in elections for Santa Monica's city council that was a significant motivation and purpose of adopting at-large elections, instead of the district-based elections previously employed in Santa Monica for electing members to the city council. The charter provision establishing at-large elections for selection of Defendant's city council, which is still in effect today, was adopted in 1946. A Board of Freeholders was established with fifteen members, all Anglo, and all of whom resided in the northern area of Santa Monica subject to restrictive deed covenants, referred to as "Caucasian Clauses," preventing African Americans and Latinos from residing in the area. Throughout the deliberations of the Board of Freeholders, the method of electing a city council at-large or through district elections was the most controversial issue. At first, the Board of Freeholders, noting that public opinion was divided on this issue, passed a measure to allow voters to choose between a council with seven members all elected at-large, and a council with three members elected at-large and four

members elected by districts. But then the Board of Freeholders reversed course and rescinded their previous measure, opting instead to place on the ballot only the option to have a council all elected at-large. That ballot measure passed.

- 36. It is rare that proponents of a law proclaim their intent to discriminate against any racial group. Even policies and laws that are today regarded as constituting blatant racial discrimination, have been defended by their proponents as having more legitimate goals, and the proponents of such laws are often careful to avoid disclosing their racially discriminatory motives. But in this case, proponents of at-large elections *did* proclaim their intent to exclude racial minorities. The Santa Monica Outlook the principal local newspaper at the time addressing the city's growing racial diversity and the desire of racial minorities to have district elections to provide them an opportunity to have representation in the city government, argued in 1946 that Santa Monica should adopt at-large elections, not district elections, in order that Santa Monica "can and should develop into a remarkably homogeneous community," and belittled the "cry [of proponents of district elections] that 'minorities must be represented'."
- 37. Even without such a blunt statement of the proponents' intent as exists in this case, the purposes of a law or policy can be revealed by the circumstances contemporaneous to the enactment of the law or policy, contemporaneous knowledge of the likely disparate impact of the law or policy on a racial minority group, the racially disparate impact that results from the law or policy, and the background and other decisions of those enacting the law or policy.
- 38. In the 1940s, when the current at-large system of electing Defendant's city council was adopted, the racial demographics of Santa Monica were rapidly changing. During the Second World War, the nonwhite population of Santa Monica rose by 69%. This pronounced growth in the nonwhite population of Santa Monica in the years leading up to Defendant's adoption of at-large elections in 1946, combined with the other indicators discussed herein, demonstrates a racially discriminatory purpose. This demographic change

also explains the unease of the Outlook when it advocated for at-large elections because Santa Monica "can and should develop into a remarkably homogeneous community."

- 39. Racial tensions were high in Santa Monica in 1946, and racial stereotypes and openly biased attitudes were widespread among the electorate and the leaders who spearheaded the adoption of at-large elections. The local newspaper unashamedly published derogatory and racially stereotypical images of people of color, including a recurring cartoon character known as "The Little Savage" with exaggeratedly thick lips, and even depicting African Americans as monkeys in cartoons that glorified the "necktie party" a disturbing euphemism for the lynchings that were still commonplace. Racial tensions were so high in Santa Monica in the mid-1940s that the establishment of the Interracial Progress Committee was deemed necessary to address topics such as "The Roots of Intergroup Tensions in This Community."
- 40. At-large elections have long been well known to dilute minority vote. The Board of Freeholders and the electorate of Santa Monica understood well that minority vote dilution would be the result of at-large elections when they adopted at-large elections in 1946. In one advertisement, calling for the rejection of at-large elections in 1946, the "Anti-Charter Committee" decried:

MINORITY GROUPS AND THE PROPOSED CHARTER

The lot of a member of a minority group, whether it be in a location of not-so-fine homes, or one of race, creed or color, is never too happy under the best of conditions.

But consider what life would be like under a dictatorship type of government as proposed under the charter.

With seven councilmen elected AT LARGE (and history shows they will mostly originate from NORTH OF MONTANA), and a city manager responsible to the seven councilmen plus a dictatorship that has so long ruled Santa Monica (without regard to minorities) where will these people be?

The proposed ruling groups control the chief of police – and through him the police force – and the city attorney, the personnel director, the health officer, etc.

Where will the laboring man go? Where will the Jewish, colored or Mexican go for aid in his special problems?

Where will the resident of Ocean Park, Douglas district, the Lincoln-Pico and other districts go when he needs help?

The proposed charter is not fair - it is not democratic.

It is a power grab – and we plead with all citizens of Santa Monica to protect their interests (vote no) and convince your neighbors to vote NO ON THE PROPOSED CHARTER.

Opponents of at-large elections warned that "the largest population centers south of Santa Monica Blvd. [where racial minorities reside] will not be represented" unless the Council was elected by districts. Another Anti-Charter advertisement published in the Outlook on November 4, 1946, just one day prior to the election, argued that the proposed at-large elections would "starve out minority groups." It was not just opponents of the charter measure that recognized that at-large elections would prevent racial minorities from achieving representation on the Santa Monica City Council, proponents acknowledged it too. For example, the secretary of the Board of Freeholders acknowledged in a meeting of the local chapter of the NAACP, that at-large elections provided less opportunity than the alternative district elections for racial minorities to achieve representation on the city council.

41. At-large elections have accomplished exactly what proponents hoped for – and opponents feared – in 1946: the dilution of the vote of racial and ethnic minorities, as well as the residents of less privileged neighborhoods in the southern portion of Santa Monica. In the more than seventy years since the adoption of at-large elections for Defendant's city council, there have been 71 individuals elected to the city council. The vast majority have resided in the northern portion of the city, which was subject to restrictive deed covenants preventing Latinos and African Americans from purchasing homes in that area. Of those 71 individuals

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elected to the city council, only one has been Latino. Certainly, there is no reason that a non-Latino cannot be preferred by Latino voters. But, as the elections discussed above indicate, when a Latino candidate is perceived as having even a remote chance of winning a city council election in Santa Monica, the Latino electorate votes cohesively for that Latino candidate. So, the disproportionate historical absence of Latinos being elected to Defendant's city council is telling.

The racially-tinged contemporaneous actions of proponents of at-large elections 42. in 1946 are also indicative of a racially discriminatory motive. At the same time as the charter provision adopting at-large elections for Defendant's city council was on the ballot, so too was Proposition 11, which sought to create a state Fair Employment Practices Commission (FEPC) and officially ban discrimination based on race, religion, color, or national origin in the workplace. Proposition 11 was championed by Augustus Hawkins (the only African American in the California Assembly at the time), the NAACP, the Urban League, the American Council on Race Relations, the California Federation for Civic Unity, as well as union organizations like the CIO. Proposition 11 therefore presented a clean issue - should racial discrimination in employment be prohibited? Proposition 11 was defeated by a large margin among the electorate in Santa Monica. More importantly, accepted statistical methods utilized by courts in voting rights cases estimate a stunningly high correlation between voters' choices on Proposition 11 and the at-large election system charter measure. Specifically, focusing on the 102 precincts (out of 109 total) that opposed Proposition 11, in order to gauge the attitudes of non-Hispanic white residents of Santa Monica, 93% of voters who opposed Proposition 11 also favored the at-large election charter measure, while virtually 100% of voters who favored Proposition 11 also opposed the at-large election charter measure. While this correlation does not, in itself, prove that whites supported the atlarge election charter measure because of their racial attitudes, the extent of the correlation is one more piece of evidence in an overall pattern that, taken together, shows that the at-large election system was chosen over a district election system or hybrid system, at least in part,

because of a desire to deny racial minorities a fair opportunity to elect candidates of their choice to the Santa Monica City Council.

- 43. Taken together, the proclamation by proponents of at-large elections of their racially discriminatory motive, the circumstances contemporaneous to the enactment of the at-large election charter provision, contemporaneous knowledge (by both proponents and opponents) of the likely disparate impact of at-large elections on a racial minority group, the racially disparate impact that has resulted from at-large elections, and the background and other decisions of those supporting at-large elections, all demonstrate that the adoption of the current at-large election system was intended, at least in part, to discriminate against racial minorities. The evidence of intent enumerated above in the preceding paragraphs is only exemplary, and the discussion herein is not exhaustive.
- 44. Defendant's unlawful election system must not be allowed to stand, both because it was intended to disenfranchise minority voters when it was enacted, and because it has done exactly that and therefore violates the CVRA.
- 45. Indeed, in or around 1992 Defendant was made aware of the fact that its atlarge method of electing its city council diluted the vote of the city's racial minorities, and
 that the at-large method of election was intended to do exactly that. Specifically, in 1990,
 Defendant established a Charter Review Commission, and in 1991 fifteen members were
 appointed to the Charter Review Commission. The Charter Review Commission was asked
 to consider, among other things, whether the at-large method of electing the Santa Monica
 City Council should be changed. As part of that charge, the Charter Review Commission
 sought a study of whether the at-large method of election was adopted with the purpose of
 discriminating against racial minorities. According to the Charter Review Commission's
 report to Defendant's city council, that report "offers substantial evidence that the current
 Charter was, from a voting discrimination point of view, suspect. Though Defendant's City
 Attorney's Office gave the Charter Review Commission erroneous legal advice to soften the
 impact of the "substantial evidence" in that report, ultimately the Charter Review
 Commission recommended that the method of electing Defendant's city council be changed.

In fact, according to the Charter Review Commission's July 1992 Report, "[the] Commission almost unanimously (14 to 1) recommended [a change from the plurality at-large election system]." The Charter Review Commission explained its rationale as follows:

In our near-consensus for recommending a shift from the at-large plurality system currently in use, we were guided in large part by a desire to distribute empowerment more broadly in Santa Monica, particularly to ethnic groups but to neighborhoods and issue groups as well. A move away from the current system, we believe, should enhance the responsiveness of representatives and make the electoral process more open to new ideas and new participants.

The Charter Review Commission recognized that "the at-large system is generally considered an obstacle to ethnic empowerment" that "tend[s] toward homogeneity of views, rather than diversity," and noted the at-large system had done exactly that in Santa Monica, specifically citing the "over-representation from the North of Montana area...[and] some areas – notably the Pico neighborhood – [that] have never been represented on City Council." The Charter Review Commission went on to report that was the principal reason for its near-unanimous recommendation that the discriminatory at-large system be scrapped:

The central issue, in the Commission's view, is not one of having Council members who are ethnic, but of empowering ethnic communities to choose Council members, and on this criterion, the atlarge system is felt to be inadequate

46. Even the report of the Charter Review Commission impaneled by Defendant's City Council was not sufficient to convince the majority of that city council to correct its racially discriminatory election system. After reviewing the Charter Review Commission's report, in July 1992, four self-interested council members (out of seven) rejected any change to the plurality at-large election system. But self-interested council members are not entitled to maintain a discriminatory election system simply because it is the method that elected them. With Defendant's city council (then and now) apparently unwilling to respect the

voting rights of their minority constituents, it falls on this Court to correct the racially discriminatory and unlawful election system for the Santa Monica City Council.

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FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(Violation of California Voting Rights Act of 2001)

(Against All Defendants)

- Plaintiff incorporates by this reference paragraphs 1 through 46 as though fully 47. set forth herein.
- 48. Defendant City of Santa Monica is a political subdivision within the State of California. Defendant is a charter city.
- 49. Defendant City of Santa Monica employs an at-large method of election, where voters of its entire jurisdiction elect members to its City Council.
- Racially polarized voting has occurred, and continues to occur, in elections for members of the City Council for the City of Santa Monica and in elections incorporating other electoral choices by voters of the City of Santa Monica, California. As a result, the City of Santa Monica's at-large method of election is imposed in a manner that impairs the ability of protected classes as defined by the CVRA to elect candidates of their choice or influence the outcome of elections.
- An alternative method of election, such as, but not limited to, district-based elections, exists that will provide an opportunity for Latinos to elect candidates of their choice or to influence the outcome of the Santa Monica City Council elections.
- An actual controversy has arisen and now exists between the parties relating to the legal rights and duties of Plaintiffs and Defendants, for which Plaintiffs desire a declaration of rights.
- 53. Defendants' wrongful conduct has caused and, unless enjoined by this Court, will continue to cause, immediate and irreparable injury to Plaintiffs, and all residents of the City of Santa Monica.

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54. Plaintiffs, and the residents of the City of Santa Monica, have no adequate remedy at law for the injuries they currently suffer and will otherwise continue to suffer.

SECO

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

(Violation of California Equal Protection Clause)

(Against All Defendants)

- 55. Plaintiff incorporates by this reference paragraphs 1 through 54 as though fully set forth herein.
- 56. Defendant City of Santa Monica's rejection of district-based elections and adoption of at-large elections were motivated by the desire to deny local government representation to racial and ethnic minorities.
- 57. As a direct consequence of the decades-old racially-motivated decisions to reject district-based elections and adopt at-large elections. Defendant City of Santa Monica still employs an at-large method of election, where voters of its entire jurisdiction elect members to its City Council.
- 58. Those intentionally discriminatory decisions are enshrined in what is now sections 600 and 900 of the Santa Monica City Charter.
- 59. Because the rejection of district-based elections and the adoption of at-large elections were motivated by a desire to discriminate against the non-Anglo residents of Santa Monica, those enactments sections 600 and 900 of the Santa Monica City Charter are invalid as they violate, among other laws, the Equal Protection Clause of the California Constitution (Article I Section 7).
- 60. An actual controversy has arisen and now exists between the parties relating to the legal rights and duties of Plaintiffs and Defendants, for which Plaintiffs desire a declaration of rights.
- 61. A declaration by this Court regarding the invalidity of Defendant's at-large election system, and specifically sections 600 and 900 of the Santa Monica City Charter, is

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necessary to prevent Defendant from continuing to employ that intentionally-discriminatory election system.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for judgment against Defendants, and each of them, as follows:

- For a decree that the City of Santa Monica's current at-large method of election for the City Council violates the California Voting Rights Act of 2001;
- 2. For a decree that the City of Santa Monica's current at-large method of election for the City Council, and specifically sections 600 and/or 900 of the Santa Monica City Charter, was adopted with the purpose of discriminating against, and denying effective representation to, non-Anglo residents of Santa Monica, and therefore those provisions are invalid.
- For preliminary and permanent injunctive relief enjoining the City of Santa Monica from imposing or applying its current at-large method of election;
- For injunctive relief mandating the City of Santa Monica to implement districtbased elections, as defined by the California Voting Rights Act of 2001, or other alternative relief tailored to remedy the City of Santa Monica's violation of the California Voting Rights Act of 2001;
- For injunctive relief mandating the prompt election of council members through district-based elections, or another election method tailored to remedy Defendant's violation of the California Voting Rights Act of 2001:
- Other relief tailored to remedy the City of Santa Monica's violation of the California Voting Rights Act of 2001;
- Other relief tailored to remedy the City of Santa Monica's violation of the Equal Protection Clause of the California Constitution;
- For an award of Plaintiffs' attorneys' fees, costs, litigation expenses and prejudgment interest pursuant to the CVRA, Cal. Elec. Code § 14030 and other applicable law; and

1	9. For such further rel	ief as the Court deems just and proper.
2		
3	GMT00-10-00-	Respectfully submitted:
4	DATED: February 22, 2017	SHENKMAN & HUGHES, R. REX PARRIS LAW FIRM, and
5		SHENKMAN & HUGHES, R. REX PARRIS LAW FIRM, and LAW OFFICES OF MILTON C. GRIMES LAW OFFICE OF ROBERT RUBIN
6		2)
7		By: Kevin Shenkman
8		Attorneys for Plaintiff
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PROOF OF SERVICE

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

At the time of service, I was over 18 years of age and **not a party to this action**. I am employed in the County of Los Angeles, State of California. My business address is 28905 Wight Rd., Malibu, California 90265.

On February 23, 2017, I served true copies of the following document(s) described as

FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT

on the interested parties in this action as follows:

George Brown, William Thomson and Tiuania Bedell Gibson Dunn & Crutcher LLP 333 S. Grand Ave. 50th Floor

10 | 50" Floor

Los Angeles, CA 90071

BY MAIL: I enclosed the document(s) in a sealed envelope or package addressed to the persons at the addresses listed in the Service List and placed the envelope for collection and mailing, following our ordinary business practices. I am readily familiar with Shenkman & Hughes' practice for collecting and processing correspondence for mailing. On the same day that the correspondence is placed for collection and mailing, it is deposited in the ordinary course of business with the United States Postal Service, in a sealed envelope with postage fully prepaid.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on February 23, 2017 at Malibu, California.

Kevin Shenkman



COURT OF APPEAL OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA SECOND APPELLATE DISTRICT

PICO NEIGHBORHOOD ASSOCIATION, ET AL.,)			
PLAINTIFFS/RESPONDENTS,)			
VS.)	CASE	NO.	BC616804
CITY OF SANTA MONICA, ET AL.,)			
DEFENDANT/APPELLANT.)			

APPEAL FROM THE SUPERIOR COURT OF LOS ANGELES COUNTY
HONORABLE YVETTE M. PALAZUELOS, JUDGE PRESIDING
REPORTERS' TRANSCRIPT ON APPEAL

AUGUST 6, 2018

APPEARANCES:

FOR PLAINTIFFS/RESPONDENTS:

SHENKMAN & HUGHES PC BY: KEVIN I. SHENKMAN, ESQ. 28905 WIGHT ROAD MALIBU, CALIFORNIA 90265

PARRIS LAW FIRM
BY: R. REX PARRIS, ESQ.
43364 10TH STREET WEST
LANCASTER, CALIFORNIA 93534

(CONTINUED)

VOLUME 6 OF 28 PAGES 2701 TO 2959-3000 RHONA S. REDDIX CSR, RPR, CRR, RMR NO. 10807 OFFICIAL REPORTER to other events that happened at the time that there was a major change. And if you looked at the times where there were major changes and you looked at estimates of black and white turnout before and after, you found that conclusively measures like literacy tests, poll taxes, secret ballot laws, registration laws had very strong discriminatory effects.

So it was clear after that that -- what had caused the disfranchisement of blacks. It wasn't violence, it wasn't ballot box stuffing per se, it was the passage of laws, and then you looked at the intent of the passage of the laws to the extent that you could.

So it was perfectly -- ecological regression was perfectly calibrated to do exactly what I want it to do which was to change the way that people looked about -- looked at disfranchisement and to have -- propose a new synthesis in Southern history.

Q In the approximately 25 -- I guess it was 24 voting rights cases that you have testified as an expert in trial; is that right?

A Yes.

2.2

2.4

2.7

Q In how many of those have you used the statistical method of ecological regression?

A I think about 17 of them, 16, 17, something like that.

Q So not in the 1970s but later, ecological regression, did it become the norm in voting rights

cases?

1.3

2.2

2.4

2.7

- A It did starting in the 1970s.
- Q Okay. When did that -- when did that start, or how did that start, by the way?
- A People started by using what's called homogenous areas, just looking at a few precincts which were overwhelmingly of one ethnic group or another.

They soon moved on to ecological regression, which was available and then became used quite a lot.

- Q So these are methods to try to figure out how different groups vote; is that correct?
 - A Yes.
- Q And why do we need to use these statistical methods to figure out how different groups vote?
- A Fortunately for society, but unfortunately for making statistical inferences, not everybody lives in homogeneous precincts --
 - Q What do you mean by "homogeneous precinct"?
- A A homogeneous precinct is a precinct which is composed, to a large extent, of one group or another group. So because of that and because of the secret ballot, we have to make inferences as to how people actually voted.

And if you wanted to decide whether voting was racially polarized or not, you have to use some statistical method. Ecological regression was what was used for quite a long time standardly in voting rights cases.

```
Q
              Okay.
1
 2
              THE COURT: Before we go any farther, it's
 3
     4 o'clock, so we need to adjourn for today. But Neli
    is going to tell us when we're returning tomorrow.
 4
 5
              THE CLERK: Tomorrow we can do 9:30,
 6
    your Honor.
 7
              THE COURT: Okay. 9:30 tomorrow. 9:30, sir.
 8
              All right. See you then.
 9
              THE WITNESS: Thank you.
10
              MR. SHENKMAN: Your Honor, I think we're
11
    supposed to identify our witnesses, right?
12
              THE COURT: Yes.
1.3
              MR. SHENKMAN: So Dr. Kousser, and if there's
14
    time, Oscar de la Torre.
15
              MR. SCOLNICK: Before we finish, I truly am
    sorry I have to raise this again, your Honor, but it's
16
17
    the designations. The designation I talked about
18
    before lunch, Pamela O'Connor, Day 1, is different.
                                                          We
19
    get a corrected one today. It's different.
20
              THE COURT: Use the older one.
21
              MR. SCOLNICK: We already -- we already
2.2
    responded to that.
23
              THE COURT: Okay.
24
              MR. SHENKMAN: I don't think the first day of
25
    Pamela O'Connor is really an issue. She walked out a
26
    couple minutes --
2.7
              MR. SCOLNICK: We got -- we got it today, so
28
    if it's too late, we don't respond to it, right?
```



				Asia	in	Bla	ck	Latin	a/o	Whi	ite	Non-Lat	tina/o
Year	Office	Alternative	Votes	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper
2002	2 City Council	PAM O'CONNOR	10,797	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	100%	35%	51%	39%	47%
2002	2 City Council	KEVIN MCKEOWN	10,675	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	100%	34%	50%	38%	46%
2002	2 City Council	ABBY ARNOLD	8,779	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	95%	26%	41%	30%	38%
2002	2 City Council	BOB HOLBROOK	8,711	0%	100%	0%	98%	0%	92%	26%	41%	31%	38%
2002	2 City Council	MATTEO DINOLFO	6,600	0%	100%	0%	95%	0%	87%	17%	31%	22%	29%
2002	2 City Council	JOSEFINA S ARANADA	5,562	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	100%	10%	26%	16%	24%
2002	2 City Council	CHUCK ALLORD	2,469	0%	98%	0%	81%	0%	64%	3%	12%	6%	11%
2002	2 City Council	JERRY RUBIN	1,989	0%	95%	0%	83%	0%	66%	1%	9%	3%	9%
2002	2 City Council	PRO SE	1,433	0%	86%	0%	87%	0%	60%	0%	7%	1%	6%
2002	2 Measure HH	No	14,244	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	100%	50%	66%	54%	62%
2002	Measure HH	Yes	7,697	0%	100%	0%	99%	0%	93%	22%	36%	26%	34%
2002	2 Measure II	No	14,409	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	100%	51%	67%	54%	63%
2002	2 Measure II	Yes	7,874	0%	100%	0%	99%	0%	94%	22%	37%	27%	34%
2002	2 Board of Education	EMILY BLOOMFIELD	11,885	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	100%	40%	56%	44%	52%
2002	2 Board of Education	JULIA BROWNLEY	11,793	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	100%	39%	55%	43%	51%
2002	2 Board of Education	OSCAR DE LA TORRE	9,541	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	100%	28%	44%	33%	41%
2002	2 Board of Education	SHANE MCLOUD	9,250	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	99%	28%	44%	32%	40%
2002	2 Board of Education	BRENDA GOTTFRIED	7,582	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	96%	21%	36%	25%	33%
	2 Board of Education	ANN COCHRAN	3,889	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	88%	5%	18%	10%	17%
2004	City Council	BOBBY SHRIVER	17,486	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	99%	39%	57%	43%	52%
2004	City Council	RICHARD BLOOM	12,503	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	99%	22%	40%	28%	37%
	City Council	HERB KATZ	10,577	0%	100%	0%	93%	0%	88%	19%	34%	24%	32%
	City Council	KEN GENSER	9,838	0%	100%	0%	97%	0%	95%	15%	31%	20%	29%
	City Council	PATRICIA HOFFMAN	9,603	0%	100%	0%	98%	0%	95%	14%	30%	19%	28%
	City Council	MARIA LOYA	9,009	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	100%	11%	29%	17%	26%
	City Council	MATT DINOLFO	8,746	0%	100%	0%	91%	0%	83%	14%	29%	19%	26%
	City Council	KATHRYN J MOREA	7,656	0%	100%	0%	92%	0%	83%	10%	25%	15%	23%
	City Council	MICHAEL FEINSTEIN	5,867	0%	100%	0%	94%	0%	84%	4%	19%	10%	17%
	City Council	DAVID COLE	3,065	0%	100%	0%	80%	0%	65%	0%	10%	3%	9%
	City Council	LETICIA M ANDERSON	2,536	0%	94%	0%	84%	0%	65%	0%	8%	1%	7%
	City Council	BILL BAUER	2,473	0%	98%	0%	76%	0%	59%	0%	8%	2%	7%
	City Council	L MENDELSOHN	2,327	0%	95%	0%	78%	0%	57%	0%	7%	2%	7%
	City Council	TOM VISCOUNT	2,152	0%	87%	0%	78%	0%	56%	0%	7%	1%	6%
	City Council	JONATHAN MANN	1,326	0%	71%	0%	66%	0%	39%	0%	4%	0%	4%
	City Council	LINDA ARMSTRONG	793	0%	45%	0%	52%	0%	24%	0%	2%	0%	2%
	College Trustees	SUSAN AMINOFF	14,402	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	100%	28%	46%	33%	42%
	College Trustees	ROBERT G RADER	11,168	0%	100%	0%	98%	0%	95%	19%	36%	24%	33%
	College Trustees	M R QUINONES	9,500	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	99%	13%	30%	19%	28%
2004	College Trustees	M DOUGLAS WILLIS	9,427	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	95%	14%	30%	19%	28%

				Asian Black		Latina/o		White		Non-Latina/o			
Year	Office	Alternative	Votes	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper
2004	College Trustees	CHARLES DONALDSON	6,809	0%	100%	0%	95%	0%	89%	6%	22%	12%	20%
2004	College Trustees	TONJA MCCOY	5,509	0%	100%	0%	94%	0%	83%	3%	17%	8%	16%
2004	College Trustees	SUSANNE TRIMBATH	4,326	0%	100%	0%	87%	0%	77%	1%	14%	5%	12%
2004	Board of Education	MARIA LEON-VAZQUES	16,337	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	100%	34%	52%	39%	48%
2004	Board of Education	JOSE ESCARCE	16,307	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	100%	34%	52%	39%	48%
2004	Board of Education	ANA M JARA	13,722	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	100%	25%	43%	31%	40%
2004	Board of Education	KATHY WISNICKI	12,994	0%	100%	0%	95%	0%	94%	25%	42%	29%	38%
2006	City Council	KEVIN MCKEOWN	10,390	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	100%	32%	49%	37%	45%
2006	City Council	PAM O'CONNOR	9,588	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	100%	29%	45%	33%	42%
2006	City Council	BOB HOLBROOK	8,870	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	96%	26%	42%	31%	39%
2006	City Council	TERRY O'DAY	8,454	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	95%	24%	40%	29%	37%
2006	City Council	GLEAM OLIVIA DAVIS	6,871	0%	100%	0%	98%	0%	91%	17%	33%	22%	30%
2006	City Council	JENNA LINNEKENS	2,257	0%	100%	0%	87%	0%	70%	1%	11%	4%	10%
2006	City Council	TERENCE LATER	1,949	0%	96%	0%	85%	0%	67%	1%	9%	3%	9%
2006	City Council	MARK C MCLELLAN	1,518	0%	95%	0%	78%	0%	56%	0%	7%	2%	7%
2006	City Council	LINDA ARMSTRONG	1,389	0%	90%	0%	86%	0%	61%	0%	7%	1%	6%
2006	City Council	JONATHAN MANN	1,170	0%	88%	0%	75%	0%	51%	0%	6%	1%	5%
2006	College Trustees	NANCY GREENSTEIN	11,841	0%	100%	0%	100%	1%	100%	39%	56%	43%	52%
2006	College Trustees	LOUISE JAFFE	11,440	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	100%	37%	54%	42%	50%
2006	College Trustees	DAVID B FINKEL	10,106	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	100%	31%	48%	36%	44%
2006	College Trustees	ANDREW WALZER	9,395	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	100%	28%	44%	33%	41%
2006	College Trustees	TOM DONNER	6,500	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	94%	15%	31%	20%	28%
2006	College Trustees	SUSANNA KIM BRACKE	3,789	0%	100%	0%	96%	0%	85%	4%	18%	9%	16%
2006	Rent Control Board	JENNIFER KENNEDY	9,058	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	99%	26%	43%	31%	40%
2006	Rent Control Board	M KORADE-WILSON	8,604	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	98%	24%	41%	29%	38%
2006	Rent Control Board	ZELIA MOLLICA	7,534	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	98%	19%	36%	24%	33%
2006	Rent Control Board	ROBERT KRONOVET	4,576	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	88%	7%	22%	12%	20%
2006	Board of Education	EMILY BLOOMFIELD	11,528	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	100%	38%	54%	42%	50%
2006	Board of Education	OSCAR DE LA TORRE	10,607	0%	100%	0%	100%	1%	100%	33%	49%	38%	46%
2006	Board of Education	KELLY MCMAHON PYE	10,105	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	100%	31%	48%	36%	44%
2006	Board of Education	BARRY A SNELL	9,004	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	96%	27%	43%	31%	39%
2006	Board of Education	SHANE MCLOUD	6,806	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	94%	16%	32%	22%	30%
2006	Board of Education	SIDONIE SMITH	3,629	0%	100%	0%	98%	0%	87%	3%	17%	8%	16%
2008	City Council	BOBBY SHRIVER	24,258	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	100%	38%	57%	43%	52%
2008	City Council	RICHARD BLOOM	20,205	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	100%	28%	48%	34%	43%
2008	City Council	KEN GENSER	19,119	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	100%	26%	45%	32%	41%
2008	City Council	HERB KATZ	17,189	0%	100%	0%	99%	0%	98%	22%	41%	28%	37%
2008	City Council	TED WINTERER	12,034	0%	100%	0%	98%	0%	92%	11%	28%	17%	26%
2008	City Council	SUSAN HARTLEY	9,910	0%	100%	0%	94%	0%	91%	7%	23%	13%	21%

				Asia	an	Black		Latina/o		White		Non-Latina/o	
Year	Office	Alternative	Votes	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper
2008	City Council	MICHAEL KOVAC	6,340	0%	100%	0%	88%	0%	80%	2%	15%	6%	13%
2008	City Council	JERRY A RUBIN	6,064	0%	99%	0%	90%	0%	83%	1%	14%	6%	13%
2008	City Council	L M PIERA-AVILA	4,612	0%	96%	0%	89%	0%	80%	0%	11%	3%	10%
2008	City Council	H SILVERSTEIN	3,449	0%	91%	0%	74%	0%	57%	0%	8%	2%	7%
2008	City Council	JOHN BLAKELY	2,778	0%	84%	0%	76%	0%	56%	0%	7%	1%	6%
2008	City Council	LINDA ARMSTRONG	2,393	0%	78%	0%	76%	0%	52%	0%	6%	1%	5%
2008	City Council	JON LOUIS MANN	2,376	0%	77%	0%	74%	0%	52%	0%	6%	1%	5%
2008	College Trustees	SUSAN AMINOFF	21,201	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	100%	31%	50%	37%	45%
2008	College Trustees	ROBERT G RADER	20,432	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	100%	29%	48%	35%	44%
2008	College Trustees	M QUINONES-PEREZ	19,878	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	100%	27%	47%	34%	43%
2008	College Trustees	HEIDI HOECK	12,590	0%	100%	0%	99%	0%	97%	11%	30%	18%	27%
2008	Board of Education	BEN ALLEN	22,153	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	100%	33%	52%	39%	47%
2008	Board of Education	MARIA LEON-VAZQUEZ	21,966	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	100%	32%	51%	38%	47%
2008	Board of Education	JOSE ESCARCE	19,256	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	100%	26%	45%	32%	41%
2008	Board of Education	CHRIS BLEY	17,535	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	99%	23%	41%	29%	38%
2008	Rent Control Board	JOEL C KOURY	22,571	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	100%	33%	53%	39%	48%
2008	Rent Control Board	ROBERT KRONOVET	15,162	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	96%	18%	36%	24%	33%
2008	Rent Control Board	CHRISTOPHER BRAUN	15,107	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	98%	17%	35%	23%	32%
2010	City Council (Full)	KEVIN MCKEOWN	16,336	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	100%	32%	51%	38%	47%
2010	City Council (Full)	PAM O'CONNOR	14,532	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	99%	27%	45%	33%	41%
2010	City Council (Full)	BOB HOLBROOK	12,773	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	99%	22%	40%	28%	36%
2010	City Council (Full)	TED WINTERER	12,719	0%	100%	0%	98%	0%	95%	23%	40%	28%	36%
2010	City Council (Full)	JEAN MCNEIL WYNER	4,013	0%	99%	0%	85%	0%	75%	2%	13%	5%	12%
2010	City Council (Full)	JERRY RUBIN	3,730	0%	97%	0%	88%	0%	80%	1%	12%	4%	11%
2010	City Council (Full)	JON LOUIS MANN	3,525	0%	97%	0%	89%	0%	80%	0%	11%	3%	10%
2010	City Council (Full)	TERENCE LATER	2,931	0%	94%	0%	82%	0%	71%	1%	9%	2%	8%
2010	City Council (Full)	DANIEL CODY	2,764	0%	95%	0%	77%	0%	67%	0%	9%	2%	8%
2010	City Council (Full)	LINDA ARMSTRONG	1,700	0%	75%	0%	70%	0%	51%	0%	5%	0%	5%
2010	City Council (Short)	TERRY O'DAY	15,944	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	100%	31%	49%	37%	45%
2010	City Council (Short)	GLEAM OLIVIA DAVIS	13,369	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	99%	24%	42%	30%	38%
2010	City Council (Short)	ROBERT KRONOVET	7,155	0%	100%	0%	96%	0%	92%	6%	23%	13%	20%
2010	City Council (Short)	SUSAN HARTLEY	6,329	0%	100%	0%	94%	0%	90%	4%	20%	10%	18%
2010	City Council (Short)	DAVID GANEZER	5,240	0%	99%	0%	89%	0%	83%	3%	17%	8%	15%
2010	Board of Education	LAURIE LIEBERMAN	15,600	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	100%	30%	49%	36%	44%
2010	Board of Education	OSCAR DE LA TORRE	14,022	0%	100%	0%	100%	1%	100%	25%	43%	31%	40%
2010	Board of Education	RALPH MECHUR	12,300	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	99%	20%	38%	27%	35%
2010	Board of Education	NIMISH PATEL	10,588	0%	100%	0%	96%	0%	94%	16%	33%	22%	30%
2010	Board of Education	BARRY A SNELL	9,610	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	94%	13%	30%	20%	28%
2010	Board of Education	PATRICK CADY	8,948	0%	100%	0%	98%	0%	95%	11%	28%	17%	25%

				Asia	an	Bla	ck	Latin	a/o	Wh	ite	Non-Lat	ina/o
Year	Office	Alternative	Votes	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper
2010	Board of Education	CHRIS BLEY	8,930	0%	100%	0%	98%	0%	95%	11%	28%	18%	26%
2010	Board of Education	JAKE WACHTEL	4,874	0%	99%	0%	87%	0%	81%	2%	15%	7%	14%
2010	Rent Control Board (Full)	M KORADE WILSON	15,749	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	100%	30%	49%	36%	45%
2010	Rent Control Board (Full)	BILL WINSLOW	14,984	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	100%	28%	47%	34%	43%
2010	Rent Control Board (Full)	TODD FLORA	14,145	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	100%	26%	44%	32%	40%
2010	Rent Control Board (Short	t CHRIS BRAUN	17,214	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	100%	35%	53%	40%	49%
2012	City Council	TED WINTERER	17,714	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	99%	25%	45%	31%	40%
2012	City Council	TERRY O'DAY	17,122	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	100%	22%	43%	30%	39%
2012	City Council	GLEAM OLIVIA DAVIS	15,214	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	100%	18%	39%	26%	35%
2012	City Council	TONY VAZQUEZ	11,937	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	100%	10%	30%	18%	27%
2012	City Council	SHARI DAVIS	10,843	0%	100%	0%	94%	0%	90%	9%	28%	17%	25%
2012	City Council	RICHARD MCKINNON	8,039	0%	100%	0%	87%	0%	82%	4%	21%	11%	18%
2012	City Council	JOHN CYRUS SMITH	6,612	0%	100%	0%	86%	0%	84%	1%	17%	7%	15%
2012	City Council	FRANK GRUBER	6,164	0%	100%	0%	80%	0%	78%	2%	16%	7%	14%
2012	City Council	JONATHAN MANN	5,134	0%	99%	0%	85%	0%	83%	0%	13%	4%	12%
2012	City Council	BOB SELDON	4,280	0%	98%	0%	73%	0%	68%	1%	11%	4%	10%
2012	City Council	ARMEN MELKONIANS	3,957	0%	98%	0%	77%	0%	70%	0%	10%	3%	9%
2012	City Council	TERENCE LATER	3,755	0%	95%	0%	74%	0%	67%	1%	10%	2%	9%
2012	City Council	JERRY P. RUBIN	3,069	0%	89%	0%	70%	0%	64%	0%	8%	1%	7%
2012	City Council	ROBERTO GOMEZ	2,916	0%	85%	0%	74%	0%	67%	0%	7%	0%	7%
2012	City Council	STEVE DURON	2,464	0%	85%	0%	63%	0%	52%	0%	6%	1%	6%
2012	Board of Education	BEN ALLEN	21,421	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	100%	33%	54%	40%	49%
2012	Board of Education	MARIA LEON-VAZQUEZ	17,579	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	100%	23%	44%	31%	40%
2012	Board of Education	JOSE ESCARCE	15,747	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	100%	19%	40%	27%	36%
2012	Board of Education	CRAIG FOSTER	11,692	0%	100%	0%	96%	0%	93%	10%	30%	18%	27%
2012	Board of Education	KAREN FARRER	8,394	0%	100%	0%	93%	0%	88%	4%	21%	11%	19%
2012	Board of Education	SETH JACOBSON	5,926	0%	100%	0%	82%	0%	80%	2%	15%	6%	14%
2012	Rent Control Board	CD WALTON	12,444	0%	100%	0%	99%	0%	98%	12%	32%	19%	28%
2012	Rent Control Board	ILSE ROSENSTEIN	12,181	0%	100%	0%	99%	0%	97%	11%	31%	19%	28%
2012	Rent Control Board	ROBERT KRONOVET	10,917	0%	100%	0%	95%	0%	92%	9%	28%	17%	25%
2014	City Council	KEVIN MCKEOWN	10,138	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	98%	24%	43%	31%	39%
2014	City Council	SUE HIMMELRICH	9,262	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	97%	21%	39%	28%	35%
2014	City Council	PAM O'CONNOR	6,696	0%	100%	0%	99%	0%	96%	10%	28%	18%	26%
2014	City Council	PHIL BROCK	5,854	0%	100%	0%	95%	0%	90%	8%	25%	15%	22%
2014	City Council	FRANK GRUBER	5,222	0%	100%	0%	97%	0%	91%	6%	22%	13%	20%
2014	City Council	JENNIFER KENNEDY	5,037	0%	100%	0%	93%	0%	90%	5%	21%	12%	19%
2014	City Council	RICHARD MCKINNON	4,890	0%	100%	0%	91%	0%	85%	5%	21%	12%	19%
2014	City Council	MICHAEL FEINSTEIN	3,729	0%	100%	0%	90%	0%	87%	2%	16%	7%	14%
2014	City Council	TERENCE LATER	1,874	0%	88%	0%	65%	0%	62%	1%	8%	2%	7%

				Asia	an	Black		Latina/o		White		Non-Latina/o	
Year	Office	Alternative	Votes	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper
2014 C	City Council	JERRY RUBIN	1,635	0%	83%	0%	70%	0%	63%	0%	7%	1%	6%
2014 C	City Council	JON MANN	1,594	0%	82%	0%	71%	0%	61%	0%	7%	1%	6%
2014 C	City Council	NICK BOLES	1,328	0%	75%	0%	61%	0%	53%	0%	6%	1%	5%
2014 C	City Council	WHITNEY SCOTT BAIN	1,317	0%	77%	0%	62%	0%	53%	0%	6%	1%	5%
2014 C	City Council	ZOE MUNTANER	791	0%	51%	0%	47%	0%	36%	0%	3%	0%	3%
2014 C	College Trustees	NANCY GREENSTEIN	12,785	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	100%	35%	54%	41%	49%
2014 C	College Trustees	LOUISE JAFFE	12,497	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	99%	34%	53%	40%	48%
2014 C	College Trustees	BARRY A SNELL	10,209	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	98%	24%	43%	31%	39%
2014 C	College Trustees	ANDREW WALZER	9,569	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	99%	22%	40%	29%	37%
2014 C	College Trustees	DENNIS C W FRISCH	8,783	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	100%	18%	37%	26%	33%
2014 C	College Trustees	MARIA LOYA	7,971	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	100%	14%	33%	22%	30%
2014 R	Rent Control Board	NICOLE PHILLIS	7,790	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	98%	14%	33%	22%	30%
2014 R	Rent Control Board	STEVE DURON	6,746	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	96%	11%	28%	18%	26%
2014 R	Rent Control Board	TODD FLORA	6,480	0%	100%	0%	99%	0%	96%	10%	27%	17%	25%
2014 B	Board of Education	LAURIE LIEBERMAN	13,492	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	100%	38%	57%	43%	51%
2014 B	Board of Education	R TAHVILDARAN-JESSWEII	10,910	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	99%	27%	46%	34%	42%
2014 B	Board of Education	OSCAR DE LA TORRE	10,621	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	100%	25%	44%	33%	40%
2014 B	Board of Education	RALPH MECHUR	10,529	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	97%	26%	45%	32%	40%
2014 B	Board of Education	CRAIG FOSTER	8,479	0%	100%	0%	99%	0%	98%	17%	36%	25%	32%
2014 B	Board of Education	DHUN MAY	4,372	0%	100%	0%	95%	0%	91%	3%	19%	9%	17%
2014 B	Board of Education	PATTY FINER	4,372	0%	100%	0%	95%	0%	91%	3%	19%	9%	17%
2016 C	City Council	TERRY O'DAY	19,263	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	99%	24%	46%	31%	41%
2016 C	City Council	TONY VAZQUEZ	18,456	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	100%	22%	44%	29%	39%
2016 C	City Council	TED WINTERER	18,156	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	95%	22%	44%	29%	39%
2016 C	City Council	GLEAM OLIVIA DAVIS	17,842	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	97%	21%	43%	28%	38%
2016 C	City Council	ARMEN MELKONIANS	12,603	0%	100%	0%	95%	0%	90%	10%	30%	18%	27%
2016 C	City Council	OSCAR DE LA TORRE	11,256	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	100%	5%	26%	14%	24%
2016 C	City Council	JAMES T WATSON	6,170	0%	100%	0%	88%	0%	79%	1%	15%	5%	13%
2016 C	City Council	MENDE SMITH	5,212	0%	97%	0%	85%	0%	78%	0%	13%	3%	11%
2016 C	City Council	TERENCE LATER	5,102	0%	98%	0%	80%	0%	73%	1%	12%	4%	11%
2016 C	City Council	JON MANN	3,959	0%	94%	0%	78%	0%	66%	0%	10%	2%	8%
2016 C	College Trustees	SUSAN AMINOFF	21,770	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	100%	29%	52%	37%	46%
2016 C	College Trustees	M QUINONES-PEREZ	19,576	0%	100%	0%	100%	1%	100%	24%	46%	32%	42%
2016 C	College Trustees	ROB G RADER	19,246	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	99%	24%	46%	31%	41%
2016 C	College Trustees	SION ROY	16,651	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	97%	18%	40%	26%	35%
2016 R	Rent Control Board	CAROLINE M TOROSIS	15,596	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	97%	15%	37%	24%	33%
2016 R	Rent Control Board	ANASTASIA FOSTER	13,825	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%	95%	12%	33%	20%	29%
2016 R	Rent Control Board	E GOLDEN-GEALER	8,491	0%	100%	0%	95%	0%	89%	3%	20%	9%	18%
2016 R	Rent Control Board	C D WALTON	7,728	0%	100%	0%	92%	0%	86%	1%	19%	8%	16%

_				Latino/a	Asian	Black	White	Non-Latino/a
Year	Office	Alternative	Votes	Est.	Est.	Est.	Est.	Est.
2002 Cit	y Council	PAM O'CONNOR	10,797	43%	43%	43%	43%	43%
2002 Cit	y Council	KEVIN MCKEOWN	10,675	44%	42%	44%	43%	43%
2002 Cit	y Council	ABBY ARNOLD	8,779	35%	34%	35%	35%	35%
2002 Cit	y Council	BOB HOLBROOK	8,711	30%	36%	30%	36%	36%
2002 Cit	y Council	MATTEO DINOLFO	6,600	23%	27%	22%	27%	27%
2002 Cit	y Council	JOSEFINA S ARANADA	5,562	28%	23%	27%	22%	22%
2002 Cit	y Council	CHUCK ALLORD	2,469	8%	10%	8%	10%	10%
2002 Cit	y Council	JERRY RUBIN	1,989	8%	8%	9%	8%	8%
2002 Cit	y Council	PRO SE	1,433	7%	6%	8%	6%	6%
2002 Me	easure HH	No	14,244	59%	57%	59%	57%	57%
2002 Me	easure HH	Yes	7,697	28%	31%	28%	31%	31%
2002 Me	easure II	No	14,409	59%	58%	59%	58%	58%
2002 Me	easure II	Yes	7,874	30%	32%	29%	32%	32%
2002 Bo	ard of Education	EMILY BLOOMFIELD	11,885	47%	48%	46%	48%	48%
2002 Bo	ard of Education	JULIA BROWNLEY	11,793	48%	48%	47%	47%	47%
2002 Bo	ard of Education	OSCAR DE LA TORRE	9,541	44%	38%	44%	38%	38%
2002 Bo	ard of Education	SHANE MCLOUD	9,250	36%	38%	36%	37%	37%
2002 Bo	ard of Education	BRENDA GOTTFRIED	7,582	30%	31%	30%	31%	31%
2002 Bo	ard of Education	ANN COCHRAN	3,889	18%	15%	19%	15%	15%
2004 Cit	y Council	BOBBY SHRIVER	17,486	42%	48%	40%	48%	48%
2004 Cit	y Council	RICHARD BLOOM	12,503	35%	33%	35%	33%	33%
2004 Cit	y Council	HERB KATZ	10,577	25%	30%	24%	29%	29%
2004 Cit	y Council	KEN GENSER	9,838	27%	26%	27%	26%	26%
2004 Cit	y Council	PATRICIA HOFFMAN	9,603	26%	25%	27%	25%	25%
2004 Cit	y Council	MARIA LOYA	9,009	31%	24%	32%	23%	24%
2004 Cit	y Council	MATT DINOLFO	8,746	20%	25%	19%	25%	24%
2004 Cit	y Council	KATHRYN J MOREA	7,656	18%	21%	18%	21%	21%
2004 Cit	y Council	MICHAEL FEINSTEIN	5,867	17%	16%	17%	16%	16%
2004 Cit	y Council	DAVID COLE	3,065	8%	8%	8%	8%	8%
2004 Cit	y Council	LETICIA M ANDERSON	2,536	8%	7%	8%	7%	7%
2004 Cit	y Council	BILL BAUER	2,473	6%	7%	6%	7%	7%
2004 Cit	y Council	L MENDELSOHN	2,327	6%	6%	6%	6%	6%
2004 Cit	y Council	TOM VISCOUNT	2,152	6%	6%	6%	6%	6%
2004 Cit	y Council	JONATHAN MANN	1,326	4%	4%	4%	3%	3%
2004 Cit	y Council	LINDA ARMSTRONG	793	3%	2%	3%	2%	2%
2004 Co	llege Trustees	SUSAN AMINOFF	14,402	39%	39%	38%	39%	39%
2004 Co	llege Trustees	ROBERT G RADER	11,168	29%	30%	29%	30%	30%
2004 Co	llege Trustees	M R QUINONES	9,500	28%	26%	28%	25%	25%
2004 Co	llege Trustees	M DOUGLAS WILLIS	9,427	26%	25%	27%	25%	25%

				Latino/a	Asian	Black	White	Non-Latino/a
'ear	Office	Alternative	Votes	Est.	Est.	Est.	Est.	Est.
2004	College Trustees	CHARLES DONALDSON	6,809	20%	19%	20%	18%	189
2004	College Trustees	TONJA MCCOY	5,509	15%	15%	15%	14%	149
2004	College Trustees	SUSANNE TRIMBATH	4,326	12%	11%	11%	11%	119
2004	Board of Education	MARIA LEON-VAZQUES	16,337	46%	44%	45%	43%	449
2004	Board of Education	JOSE ESCARCE	16,307	43%	44%	42%	44%	449
2004	Board of Education	ANA M JARA	13,722	41%	36%	41%	36%	36%
2004	Board of Education	KATHY WISNICKI	12,994	32%	36%	31%	35%	35%
2006	City Council	KEVIN MCKEOWN	10,390	43%	42%	43%	42%	429
2006	City Council	PAM O'CONNOR	9,588	40%	38%	40%	39%	399
2006	City Council	BOB HOLBROOK	8,870	33%	36%	33%	36%	369
2006	City Council	TERRY O'DAY	8,454	33%	34%	33%	34%	349
2006	City Council	GLEAM OLIVIA DAVIS	6,871	27%	28%	27%	28%	289
2006	City Council	JENNA LINNEKENS	2,257	9%	9%	9%	9%	99
2006	City Council	TERENCE LATER	1,949	8%	8%	8%	8%	89
2006	City Council	MARK C MCLELLAN	1,518	6%	6%	6%	6%	69
2006	City Council	LINDA ARMSTRONG	1,389	7%	6%	7%	5%	59
2006	City Council	JONATHAN MANN	1,170	5%	5%	5%	5%	59
2006	College Trustees	NANCY GREENSTEIN	11,841	49%	47%	49%	48%	48
2006	College Trustees	LOUISE JAFFE	11,440	46%	46%	46%	46%	46
2006	College Trustees	DAVID B FINKEL	10,106	40%	41%	41%	41%	41
2006	College Trustees	ANDREW WALZER	9,395	40%	38%	40%	38%	389
2006	College Trustees	TOM DONNER	6,500	26%	26%	26%	26%	26
2006	College Trustees	SUSANNA KIM BRACKE	3,789	16%	15%	16%	15%	159
2006	Rent Control Board	JENNIFER KENNEDY	9,058	37%	36%	38%	36%	36
2006	Rent Control Board	M KORADE-WILSON	8,604	36%	35%	36%	34%	359
2006	Rent Control Board	ZELIA MOLLICA	7,534	33%	30%	33%	30%	309
2006 1	Rent Control Board	ROBERT KRONOVET	4,576	19%	19%	19%	18%	18'
2006	Board of Education	EMILY BLOOMFIELD	11,528	46%	46%	46%	47%	469
2006	Board of Education	OSCAR DE LA TORRE	10,607	47%	43%	47%	42%	42'
2006 1	Board of Education	KELLY MCMAHON PYE	10,105	41%	41%	40%	41%	41
2006	Board of Education	BARRY A SNELL	9,004	35%	36%	35%	36%	36
2006	Board of Education	SHANE MCLOUD	6,806	28%	28%	28%	27%	27
2006	Board of Education	SIDONIE SMITH	3,629	16%	15%	16%	14%	14
2008	City Council	BOBBY SHRIVER	24,258	44%	48%	44%	48%	48'
2008	City Council	RICHARD BLOOM	20,205	40%	39%	40%	40%	40
	City Council	KEN GENSER	19,119	38%	37%	38%	37%	37
	City Council	HERB KATZ	17,189	33%	34%	33%	34%	34
	City Council	TED WINTERER	12,034	24%	23%	24%	24%	249
	City Council	SUSAN HARTLEY	9,910	20%	20%	20%	19%	199

'ear 2008 C	Office			- 1	I	1		Non-Latino/a
2008 C		Alternative	Votes	Est.	Est.	Est.	Est.	Est.
	City Council	MICHAEL KOVAC	6,340	12%	12%	12%	12%	12%
2008 C	City Council	JERRY A RUBIN	6,064	13%	12%	13%	12%	12%
2008 C	City Council	L M PIERA-AVILA	4,612	11%	9%	11%	9%	9%
2008 C	City Council	H SILVERSTEIN	3,449	6%	7%	6%	7%	7%
2008 C	City Council	JOHN BLAKELY	2,778	6%	5%	6%	5%	5%
2008 C	City Council	LINDA ARMSTRONG	2,393	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%
2008 C	City Council	JON LOUIS MANN	2,376	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%
2008 C	College Trustees	SUSAN AMINOFF	21,201	41%	42%	41%	42%	42%
2008 C	College Trustees	ROBERT G RADER	20,432	40%	40%	40%	40%	40%
2008 C	College Trustees	M QUINONES-PEREZ	19,878	41%	39%	41%	39%	39%
2008 C	College Trustees	HEIDI HOECK	12,590	27%	24%	27%	24%	24%
2008 B	Board of Education	BEN ALLEN	22,153	43%	44%	43%	44%	44%
2008 B	Board of Education	MARIA LEON-VAZQUEZ	21,966	46%	43%	46%	43%	43%
2008 B	Board of Education	JOSE ESCARCE	19,256	39%	38%	39%	38%	38%
2008 B	Board of Education	CHRIS BLEY	17,535	34%	35%	34%	34%	34%
2008 R	Rent Control Board	JOEL C KOURY	22,571	47%	44%	47%	44%	44%
2008 R	Rent Control Board	ROBERT KRONOVET	15,162	29%	30%	29%	30%	30%
2008 R	Rent Control Board	CHRISTOPHER BRAUN	15,107	31%	29%	30%	29%	29%
2010 C	City Council (Full)	KEVIN MCKEOWN	16,336	44%	43%	44%	43%	43%
	City Council (Full)	PAM O'CONNOR	14,532	39%	38%	40%	38%	38%
2010 C	City Council (Full)	BOB HOLBROOK	12,773	33%	34%	32%	34%	34%
2010 C	City Council (Full)	TED WINTERER	12,719	33%	33%	33%	34%	34%
2010 C	City Council (Full)	JEAN MCNEIL WYNER	4,013	10%	11%	10%	11%	11%
2010 C	City Council (Full)	JERRY RUBIN	3,730	10%	10%	11%	10%	10%
2010 C	City Council (Full)	JON LOUIS MANN	3,525	10%	9%	10%	9%	9%
2010 C	City Council (Full)	TERENCE LATER	2,931	8%	8%	8%	8%	8%
2010 C	City Council (Full)	DANIEL CODY	2,764	7%	7%	7%	7%	7%
2010 C	City Council (Full)	LINDA ARMSTRONG	1,700	5%	4%	5%	4%	4%
2010 C	City Council (Short)	TERRY O'DAY	15,944	43%	41%	43%	42%	42%
2010 C	City Council (Short)	GLEAM OLIVIA DAVIS	13,369	36%	35%	36%	35%	35%
2010 C	City Council (Short)	ROBERT KRONOVET	7,155	19%	19%	19%	19%	19%
2010 C	City Council (Short)	SUSAN HARTLEY	6,329	18%	17%	18%	16%	16%
2010 C	City Council (Short)	DAVID GANEZER	5,240	13%	14%	13%	14%	14%
2010 B	Board of Education	LAURIE LIEBERMAN	15,600	41%	41%	41%	41%	41%
2010 B	Board of Education	OSCAR DE LA TORRE	14,022	41%	36%	42%	36%	36%
2010 B	Board of Education	RALPH MECHUR	12,300	33%	32%	33%	32%	32%
	Board of Education	NIMISH PATEL	10,588	27%	28%	26%	28%	28%
	Board of Education	BARRY A SNELL	9,610	25%	25%	26%	25%	25%
	Board of Education	PATRICK CADY	8,948	25%	24%	25%	23%	23%

				Latino/a	Asian	Black	White	Non-Latino/a
ear	Office	Alternative	Votes	Est.	Est.	Est.	Est.	Est.
2010	Board of Education	CHRIS BLEY	8,930	24%	24%	25%	23%	23%
2010	Board of Education	JAKE WACHTEL	4,874	12%	13%	12%	13%	13%
2010	Rent Control Board (Full)	M KORADE WILSON	15,749	45%	41%	45%	41%	41%
2010	Rent Control Board (Full)	BILL WINSLOW	14,984	41%	39%	41%	39%	39%
2010	Rent Control Board (Full)	TODD FLORA	14,145	39%	37%	40%	37%	37%
2010	Rent Control Board (Short	t CHRIS BRAUN	17,214	48%	45%	49%	45%	45%
2012	City Council	TED WINTERER	17,714	37%	37%	36%	37%	37%
2012	City Council	TERRY O'DAY	17,122	37%	35%	37%	36%	36%
2012	City Council	GLEAM OLIVIA DAVIS	15,214	33%	32%	33%	32%	32%
2012	City Council	TONY VAZQUEZ	11,937	29%	25%	28%	24%	25%
2012	City Council	SHARI DAVIS	10,843	21%	23%	21%	23%	23%
2012	City Council	RICHARD MCKINNON	8,039	16%	17%	15%	17%	17%
2012	City Council	JOHN CYRUS SMITH	6,612	14%	14%	13%	14%	14%
2012	City Council	FRANK GRUBER	6,164	12%	13%	11%	13%	13%
2012	City Council	JONATHAN MANN	5,134	11%	11%	11%	11%	11%
2012	City Council	BOB SELDON	4,280	8%	9%	8%	9%	9%
2012	City Council	ARMEN MELKONIANS	3,957	8%	8%	8%	8%	8%
2012	City Council	TERENCE LATER	3,755	7%	8%	8%	8%	89
2012	City Council	JERRY P. RUBIN	3,069	7%	6%	7%	6%	6%
2012	City Council	ROBERTO GOMEZ	2,916	8%	6%	8%	6%	6%
2012	City Council	STEVE DURON	2,464	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%
2012	Board of Education	BEN ALLEN	21,421	45%	45%	45%	45%	45%
2012	Board of Education	MARIA LEON-VAZQUEZ	17,579	40%	37%	40%	36%	36%
2012	Board of Education	JOSE ESCARCE	15,747	35%	33%	34%	33%	33%
2012	Board of Education	CRAIG FOSTER	11,692	24%	25%	24%	24%	24%
2012	Board of Education	KAREN FARRER	8,394	17%	18%	17%	18%	18%
2012	Board of Education	SETH JACOBSON	5,926	12%	13%	12%	12%	12%
2012	Rent Control Board	CD WALTON	12,444	28%	26%	28%	26%	26%
2012	Rent Control Board	ILSE ROSENSTEIN	12,181	27%	25%	27%	25%	25%
2012	Rent Control Board	ROBERT KRONOVET	10,917	22%	23%	22%	23%	23%
2014	City Council	KEVIN MCKEOWN	10,138	36%	36%	36%	36%	36%
2014	City Council	SUE HIMMELRICH	9,262	33%	32%	33%	33%	33%
2014	City Council	PAM O'CONNOR	6,696	25%	24%	25%	24%	24%
2014	City Council	PHIL BROCK	5,854	20%	21%	20%	21%	219
2014	City Council	FRANK GRUBER	5,222	19%	18%	19%	18%	189
2014	City Council	JENNIFER KENNEDY	5,037	18%	18%	18%	18%	18%
2014	City Council	RICHARD MCKINNON	4,890	17%	18%	17%	17%	179
	City Council	MICHAEL FEINSTEIN	3,729	14%	13%	14%	13%	139
	City Council	TERENCE LATER	1,874	6%	7%	6%	7%	79

-			Latino/a	Asian	Black	White	Non-Latino/a
ear Office	Alternative	Votes	Est.	Est.	Est.	Est.	Est.
2014 City Council	JERRY RUBIN	1,635	6%	6%	6%	6%	6%
2014 City Council	JON MANN	1,594	6%	6%	6%	6%	6%
2014 City Council	NICK BOLES	1,328	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%
2014 City Council	WHITNEY SCOTT BAIN	1,317	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%
2014 City Council	ZOE MUNTANER	791	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%
2014 College Trustees	NANCY GREENSTEIN	12,785	46%	45%	45%	45%	45%
2014 College Trustees	LOUISE JAFFE	12,497	43%	44%	43%	44%	44%
2014 College Trustees	BARRY A SNELL	10,209	36%	36%	36%	36%	36%
2014 College Trustees	ANDREW WALZER	9,569	34%	34%	34%	34%	34%
2014 College Trustees	DENNIS C W FRISCH	8,783	33%	31%	33%	31%	31%
2014 College Trustees	MARIA LOYA	7,971	33%	28%	33%	28%	28%
2014 Rent Control Board	NICOLE PHILLIS	7,790	30%	27%	29%	27%	27%
2014 Rent Control Board	STEVE DURON	6,746	25%	23%	25%	24%	24%
2014 Rent Control Board	TODD FLORA	6,480	25%	23%	24%	23%	23%
2014 Board of Education	LAURIE LIEBERMAN	13,492	48%	48%	47%	48%	48%
2014 Board of Education	R TAHVILDARAN-JESSWEII	10,910	39%	39%	39%	38%	38%
2014 Board of Education	OSCAR DE LA TORRE	10,621	41%	37%	41%	37%	37%
2014 Board of Education	RALPH MECHUR	10,529	36%	37%	36%	37%	37%
2014 Board of Education	CRAIG FOSTER	8,479	30%	30%	30%	30%	30%
2014 Board of Education	DHUN MAY	4,372	17%	15%	17%	15%	15%
2014 Board of Education	PATTY FINER	4,372	16%	16%	17%	15%	15%
2016 City Council	TERRY O'DAY	19,263	38%	37%	37%	37%	37%
2016 City Council	TONY VAZQUEZ	18,456	37%	36%	37%	36%	36%
2016 City Council	TED WINTERER	18,156	34%	35%	33%	36%	35%
2016 City Council	GLEAM OLIVIA DAVIS	17,842	34%	35%	34%	35%	35%
2016 City Council	ARMEN MELKONIANS	12,603	23%	25%	23%	25%	25%
2016 City Council	OSCAR DE LA TORRE	11,256	26%	22%	27%	21%	21%
2016 City Council	JAMES T WATSON	6,170	12%	12%	12%	12%	12%
2016 City Council	MENDE SMITH	5,212	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%
2016 City Council	TERENCE LATER	5,102	9%	10%	9%	10%	10%
2016 City Council	JON MANN	3,959	8%	8%	8%	8%	8%
2016 College Trustees	SUSAN AMINOFF	21,770	43%	42%	42%	42%	42%
2016 College Trustees	M QUINONES-PEREZ	19,576	41%	38%	41%	37%	38%
2016 College Trustees	ROB G RADER	19,246	38%	37%	37%	37%	37%
2016 College Trustees	SION ROY	16,651	32%	32%	32%	32%	32%
2016 Rent Control Board	CAROLINE M TOROSIS	15,596	31%	30%	31%	30%	30%
2016 Rent Control Board	ANASTASIA FOSTER	13,825	27%	27%	27%	27%	27%
2016 Rent Control Board	E GOLDEN-GEALER	8,491	17%	16%	17%	16%	16%
2016 Rent Control Board	C D WALTON	7,728	15%	15%	16%	15%	15%

			1	Latir	no/a	Non-La	itino/a
Year	Office	Alternative	Votes	Est.	Std. Error	Est.	Std. Error
2002	Board of Education	EMILY BLOOMFIELD	11,885	37%	4%	48%	1%
2002	Board of Education	JULIA BROWNLEY	11,793	51%	6%	47%	1%
2002	Board of Education	OSCAR DE LA TORRE	9,541	99%	7%	34%	1%
2002	Board of Education	SHANE MCLOUD	9,250	30%	5%	38%	1%
2002	Board of Education	BRENDA GOTTFRIED	7,582	28%	5%	31%	1%
2002	Board of Education	ANN COCHRAN	3,889	35%	4%	14%	0%
2002	City Council	PAM O'CONNOR	10,797	41%	11%	44%	1%
2002	City Council	KEVIN MCKEOWN	10,675	53%	11%	43%	1%
	City Council	ABBY ARNOLD	8,779	26%	9%	36%	1%
2002	City Council	BOB HOLBROOK	8,711	-11%	14%	38%	2%
2002	City Council	MATTEO DINOLFO	6,600	-4%	11%	29%	1%
2002	City Council	JOSEFINA S ARANADA	5,562	77%	5%	18%	1%
2002	City Council	CHUCK ALLORD	2,469	-5%	5%	11%	1%
2002	City Council	JERRY RUBIN	1,989	8%	4%	8%	0%
2002	City Council	PRO SE	1,433	21%	3%	5%	0%
2002	Measure HH	No	14,244	75%	10%	56%	1%
2002	Measure HH	Yes	7,697	5%	11%	33%	1%
2002	Measure II	No	14,409	71%	9%	57%	1%
2002	Measure II	Yes	7,874	12%	8%	33%	1%
2004	Board of Education	MARIA LEON-VAZQUES	16,337	72%	5%	41%	1%
2004	Board of Education	JOSE ESCARCE	16,307	42%	6%	44%	1%
2004	Board of Education	ANA M JARA	13,722	86%	7%	32%	1%
2004	Board of Education	KATHY WISNICKI	12,994	6%	9%	37%	1%
2004	City Council	BOBBY SHRIVER	17,486	-7%	12%	52%	2%
2004	City Council	RICHARD BLOOM	12,503	47%	8%	32%	1%
2004	City Council	HERB KATZ	10,577	-9%	13%	32%	2%
2004	City Council	KEN GENSER	9,838	37%	8%	25%	1%
2004	City Council	PATRICIA HOFFMAN	9,603	36%	8%	25%	1%
2004	City Council	MARIA LOYA	9,009	99%	7%	17%	1%
2004	City Council	MATT DINOLFO	8,746	-19%	14%	28%	2%
2004	City Council	KATHRYN J MOREA	7,656	-10%	9%	23%	1%
2004	City Council	MICHAEL FEINSTEIN	5,867	29%	5%	15%	1%
2004	City Council	DAVID COLE	3,065	4%	2%	9%	0%
	City Council	LETICIA M ANDERSON	2,536	19%	2%	6%	0%
2004	City Council	BILL BAUER	2,473	7%	2%	7%	0%
2004	City Council	L MENDELSOHN	2,327	8%	2%	6%	0%
2004	City Council	TOM VISCOUNT	2,152	12%	3%	5%	0%
2004	City Council	JONATHAN MANN	1,326	5%	1%	3%	0%
	City Council	LINDA ARMSTRONG	793	7%	1%	2%	0%

				Latir	no/a	Non-La	itino/a
Year	Office	Alternative	Votes	Est.	Std. Error	Est.	Std. Error
2004	College Trustees	SUSAN AMINOFF	14,402	38%	5%	39%	1%
2004	College Trustees	ROBERT G RADER	11,168	20%	5%	31%	1%
2004	College Trustees	M R QUINONES	9,500	54%	3%	23%	0%
2004	College Trustees	M DOUGLAS WILLIS	9,427	34%	4%	24%	1%
2004	College Trustees	CHARLES DONALDSON	6,809	38%	4%	16%	1%
2004	College Trustees	TONJA MCCOY	5,509	19%	3%	14%	0%
2004	College Trustees	SUSANNE TRIMBATH	4,326	12%	3%	12%	0%
2006	Board of Education	EMILY BLOOMFIELD	11,528	43%	5%	46%	1%
2006	Board of Education	OSCAR DE LA TORRE	10,607	92%	6%	38%	1%
2006	Board of Education	KELLY MCMAHON PYE	10,105	39%	6%	41%	1%
2006	Board of Education	BARRY A SNELL	9,004	23%	4%	37%	1%
2006	Board of Education	SHANE MCLOUD	6,806	37%	5%	27%	1%
2006	Board of Education	SIDONIE SMITH	3,629	32%	3%	13%	0%
2006	City Council	KEVIN MCKEOWN	10,390	53%	7%	41%	1%
2006	City Council	PAM O'CONNOR	9,588	48%	6%	38%	1%
2006	City Council	BOB HOLBROOK	8,870	13%	10%	37%	1%
2006	City Council	TERRY O'DAY	8,454	24%	6%	35%	1%
2006	City Council	GLEAM OLIVIA DAVIS	6,871	16%	5%	29%	1%
2006	City Council	JENNA LINNEKENS	2,257	6%	3%	9%	0%
2006	City Council	TERENCE LATER	1,949	11%	4%	7%	1%
2006	City Council	MARK C MCLELLAN	1,518	3%	2%	6%	0%
2006	City Council	LINDA ARMSTRONG	1,389	21%	2%	4%	0%
2006	City Council	JONATHAN MANN	1,170	7%	2%	4%	0%
2006	College Trustees	NANCY GREENSTEIN	11,841	63%	4%	46%	1%
2006	College Trustees	LOUISE JAFFE	11,440	49%	7%	45%	1%
2006	College Trustees	DAVID B FINKEL	10,106	36%	5%	41%	1%
2006	College Trustees	ANDREW WALZER	9,395	56%	6%	36%	1%
2006	College Trustees	TOM DONNER	6,500	31%	5%	26%	1%
2006	College Trustees	SUSANNA KIM BRACKE	3,789	23%	3%	15%	0%
2006	Rent Control Board	JENNIFER KENNEDY	9,058	46%	8%	36%	1%
2006	Rent Control Board	M KORADE-WILSON	8,604	49%	8%	34%	1%
2006	Rent Control Board	ZELIA MOLLICA	7,534	56%	7%	28%	1%
2006	Rent Control Board	ROBERT KRONOVET	4,576	23%	5%	18%	1%
2008	Board of Education	BEN ALLEN	22,153	38%	5%	43%	1%
2008	Board of Education	MARIA LEON-VAZQUEZ	21,966	90%	5%	38%	1%
2008	Board of Education	JOSE ESCARCE	19,256	61%	5%	35%	1%
2008	Board of Education	CHRIS BLEY	17,535	33%	5%	35%	1%
2008	City Council	BOBBY SHRIVER	24,258	1%	7%	52%	1%
2008	City Council	RICHARD BLOOM	20,205	53%	5%	38%	1%

ER estimat	ted shares of ballots cast				. 1		
					no/a		atino/a
Year	Office	Alternative	Votes	Est.	Std. Error	Est.	Std. Error
	City Council	KEN GENSER	19,119	51%	6%	36%	1%
	City Council	HERB KATZ	17,189	21%	7%	34%	1%
	City Council	TED WINTERER	12,034	30%	8%	21%	1%
	City Council	SUSAN HARTLEY	9,910	25%	5%	19%	1%
	City Council	MICHAEL KOVAC	6,340	14%	3%	12%	0%
	City Council	JERRY A RUBIN	6,064	27%	4%	11%	0%
	City Council	L M PIERA-AVILA	4,612	32%	3%	7%	0%
	City Council	H SILVERSTEIN	3,449	-2%	3%	8%	0%
	City Council	JOHN BLAKELY	2,778	9%	2%	5%	0%
	City Council	LINDA ARMSTRONG	2,393	13%	2%	4%	0%
	City Council	JON LOUIS MANN	2,376	12%	2%	4%	0%
	College Trustees	SUSAN AMINOFF	21,201	31%	5%	43%	1%
	College Trustees	ROBERT G RADER	20,432	35%	5%	41%	1%
	College Trustees	M QUINONES-PEREZ	19,878	63%	5%	38%	1%
	College Trustees	HEIDI HOECK	12,590	55%	6%	20%	1%
	Rent Control Board	JOEL C KOURY	22,571	89%	11%	40%	1%
	Rent Control Board	ROBERT KRONOVET	15,162	20%	7%	31%	1%
2008	Rent Control Board	CHRISTOPHER BRAUN	15,107	49%	6%	27%	1%
2010	Board of Education	LAURIE LIEBERMAN	15,600	46%	5%	40%	1%
2010	Board of Education	OSCAR DE LA TORRE	14,022	97%	5%	32%	1%
2010	Board of Education	RALPH MECHUR	12,300	45%	5%	31%	1%
2010	Board of Education	NIMISH PATEL	10,588	10%	6%	28%	1%
2010	Board of Education	BARRY A SNELL	9,610	31%	5%	26%	1%
2010	Board of Education	PATRICK CADY	8,948	45%	4%	22%	0%
2010	Board of Education	CHRIS BLEY	8,930	37%	5%	23%	1%
2010	Board of Education	JAKE WACHTEL	4,874	7%	4%	13%	0%
2010	City Council (Full)	KEVIN MCKEOWN	16,336	59%	7%	41%	1%
2010	City Council (Full)	PAM O'CONNOR	14,532	56%	6%	37%	1%
2010	City Council (Full)	BOB HOLBROOK	12,773	22%	7%	34%	1%
2010	City Council (Full)	TED WINTERER	12,719	25%	8%	35%	1%
2010	City Council (Full)	JEAN MCNEIL WYNER	4,013	-1%	4%	12%	0%
2010	City Council (Full)	JERRY RUBIN	3,730	16%	3%	9%	0%
2010	City Council (Full)	JON LOUIS MANN	3,525	26%	3%	8%	0%
2010	City Council (Full)	TERENCE LATER	2,931	9%	3%	7%	0%
2010	City Council (Full)	DANIEL CODY	2,764	6%	2%	7%	0%
2010	City Council (Full)	LINDA ARMSTRONG	1,700	15%	2%	3%	0%
2010	City Council (Short)	TERRY O'DAY	15,944	61%	6%	40%	1%
2010	City Council (Short)	GLEAM OLIVIA DAVIS	13,369	48%	5%	34%	1%
2010	City Council (Short)	ROBERT KRONOVET	7,155	27%	5%	18%	1%

				Lati	no/a	Non-Latino/a		
Year	Office	Alternative	Votes	Est.	Std. Error	Est.	Std. Error	
2010	City Council (Short)	SUSAN HARTLEY	6,329	35%	5%	15%	1%	
2010	City Council (Short)	DAVID GANEZER	5,240	0%	4%	15%	0%	
2010	Rent Control Board (Full)	M KORADE WILSON	15,749	91%	8%	37%	1%	
2010	Rent Control Board (Full)	BILL WINSLOW	14,984	64%	5%	37%	1%	
2010	Rent Control Board (Full)	TODD FLORA	14,145	66%	6%	35%	1%	
2010	Rent Control Board (Short	CHRIS BRAUN	17,214	89%	7%	41%	1%	
2012	Board of Education	BEN ALLEN	21,421	52%	5%	44%	1%	
2012	Board of Education	MARIA LEON-VAZQUEZ	17,579	89%	5%	32%	1%	
2012	Board of Education	JOSE ESCARCE	15,747	56%	5%	31%	1%	
2012	Board of Education	CRAIG FOSTER	11,692	24%	3%	24%	0%	
2012	Board of Education	KAREN FARRER	8,394	18%	3%	18%	0%	
2012	Board of Education	SETH JACOBSON	5,926	2%	3%	14%	0%	
2012	City Council	TED WINTERER	17,714	29%	7%	37%	1%	
2012	City Council	TERRY O'DAY	17,122	58%	5%	34%	1%	
2012	City Council	GLEAM OLIVIA DAVIS	15,214	47%	5%	31%	1%	
2012	City Council	TONY VAZQUEZ	11,937	85%	5%	19%	1%	
2012	City Council	SHARI DAVIS	10,843	-1%	6%	25%	1%	
2012	City Council	RICHARD MCKINNON	8,039	-1%	5%	18%	1%	
2012	City Council	JOHN CYRUS SMITH	6,612	14%	3%	14%	0%	
2012	City Council	FRANK GRUBER	6,164	-3%	6%	14%	1%	
2012	City Council	JONATHAN MANN	5,134	24%	3%	10%	0%	
2012	City Council	BOB SELDON	4,280	-6%	4%	10%	1%	
2012	City Council	ARMEN MELKONIANS	3,957	7%	3%	9%	0%	
2012	City Council	TERENCE LATER	3,755	2%	3%	8%	0%	
2012	City Council	JERRY P. RUBIN	3,069	11%	2%	6%	0%	
2012	City Council	ROBERTO GOMEZ	2,916	34%	2%	4%	0%	
2012	City Council	STEVE DURON	2,464	5%	2%	5%	0%	
2012	Rent Control Board	CD WALTON	12,444	49%	5%	24%	1%	
2012	Rent Control Board	ILSE ROSENSTEIN	12,181	50%	6%	24%	1%	
2012	Rent Control Board	ROBERT KRONOVET	10,917	12%	5%	24%	1%	
2014	Board of Education	LAURIE LIEBERMAN	13,492	49%	6%	47%	1%	
2014	Board of Education	R TAHVILDARAN-JESSWEII	10,910	53%	6%	37%	1%	
2014	Board of Education	OSCAR DE LA TORRE	10,621	94%	5%	33%	1%	
2014	Board of Education	RALPH MECHUR	10,529	27%	6%	38%	1%	
2014	Board of Education	CRAIG FOSTER	8,479	36%	5%	29%	1%	
2014	Board of Education	DHUN MAY	4,372	39%	4%	13%	0%	
2014	Board of Education	PATTY FINER	4,372	32%	3%	14%	0%	
2014	City Council	KEVIN MCKEOWN	10,138	46%	7%	35%	1%	
	City Council	SUE HIMMELRICH	9,262	35%	6%	33%	1%	

				Latin	no/a	Non-La	itino/a
Year	Office	Alternative	Votes	Est.	Std. Error	Est.	Std. Error
2014	City Council	PAM O'CONNOR	6,696	38%	5%	23%	1%
2014	City Council	PHIL BROCK	5,854	7%	6%	22%	1%
2014	City Council	FRANK GRUBER	5,222	27%	5%	18%	1%
2014	City Council	JENNIFER KENNEDY	5,037	27%	6%	17%	1%
2014	City Council	RICHARD MCKINNON	4,890	7%	6%	17%	1%
2014	City Council	MICHAEL FEINSTEIN	3,729	25%	4%	12%	0%
2014	City Council	TERENCE LATER	1,874	-3%	3%	7%	0%
2014	City Council	JERRY RUBIN	1,635	11%	2%	5%	0%
2014	City Council	JON MANN	1,594	11%	3%	5%	0%
2014	City Council	NICK BOLES	1,328	4%	2%	5%	0%
2014	City Council	WHITNEY SCOTT BAIN	1,317	9%	2%	4%	0%
2014	City Council	ZOE MUNTANER	791	7%	2%	3%	0%
	College Trustees	NANCY GREENSTEIN	12,785	50%	6%	44%	1%
2014	College Trustees	LOUISE JAFFE	12,497	32%	6%	45%	1%
2014	College Trustees	BARRY A SNELL	10,209	43%	6%	36%	1%
2014	College Trustees	ANDREW WALZER	9,569	41%	5%	33%	1%
2014	College Trustees	DENNIS C W FRISCH	8,783	64%	6%	28%	1%
2014	College Trustees	MARIA LOYA	7,971	95%	5%	23%	1%
2014	Rent Control Board	NICOLE PHILLIS	7,790	61%	6%	25%	1%
2014	Rent Control Board	STEVE DURON	6,746	47%	5%	22%	1%
2014	Rent Control Board	TODD FLORA	6,480	50%	5%	21%	1%
2016	City Council	TERRY O'DAY	19,263	39%	4%	37%	1%
2016	City Council	TONY VAZQUEZ	18,456	57%	5%	34%	1%
2016	City Council	TED WINTERER	18,156	8%	6%	38%	1%
2016	City Council	GLEAM OLIVIA DAVIS	17,842	28%	5%	36%	1%
2016	City Council	ARMEN MELKONIANS	12,603	6%	5%	26%	1%
2016	City Council	OSCAR DE LA TORRE	11,256	93%	3%	15%	0%
2016	City Council	JAMES T WATSON	6,170	11%	3%	12%	0%
2016	City Council	MENDE SMITH	5,212	16%	2%	9%	0%
2016	City Council	TERENCE LATER	5,102	2%	3%	10%	0%
2016	City Council	JON MANN	3,959	9%	2%	8%	0%
2016	College Trustees	SUSAN AMINOFF	21,770	49%	4%	42%	1%
	College Trustees	M QUINONES-PEREZ	19,576	84%	4%	33%	1%
2016	College Trustees	ROB G RADER	19,246	40%	4%	37%	1%
2016	College Trustees	SION ROY	16,651	32%	4%	32%	1%
2016	Rent Control Board	CAROLINE M TOROSIS	15,596	42%	5%	29%	1%
2016	Rent Control Board	ANASTASIA FOSTER	13,825	37%	5%	26%	1%
2016	Rent Control Board	E GOLDEN-GEALER	8,491	23%	3%	16%	0%
2016	Rent Control Board	C D WALTON	7,728	20%	3%	14%	0%

			As	ian	Lati	no/a	Non-La	itino/a
ear Office	Alternative	Votes	Est.	Std. Error	Est.	Std. Error	Est.	Std. Error
2002 Board of Education	EMILY BLOOMFIELD	11,885	68%	18%	36%	4%	48%	1%
2002 Board of Education	JULIA BROWNLEY	11,793	81%	24%	48%	6%	46%	1%
2002 Board of Education	OSCAR DE LA TORRE	9,541	4%	30%	101%	7%	35%	1%
2002 Board of Education	SHANE MCLOUD	9,250	92%	20%	26%	5%	36%	1%
2002 Board of Education	BRENDA GOTTFRIED	7,582	76%	21%	25%	5%	29%	1%
2002 Board of Education	ANN COCHRAN	3,889	-15%	15%	37%	4%	15%	1%
2002 City Council	PAM O'CONNOR	10,797	-14%	46%	46%	11%	46%	2%
2002 City Council	KEVIN MCKEOWN	10,675	1%	47%	56%	12%	44%	2%
2002 City Council	ABBY ARNOLD	8,779	-35%	37%	31%	9%	39%	2%
2002 City Council	BOB HOLBROOK	8,711	142%	58%	-19%	14%	34%	3%
2002 City Council	MATTEO DINOLFO	6,600	94%	46%	-9%	11%	26%	2%
2002 City Council	JOSEFINA S ARANADA	5,562	45%	23%	75%	6%	17%	1%
2002 City Council	CHUCK ALLORD	2,469	22%	21%	-6%	5%	11%	1%
2002 City Council	JERRY RUBIN	1,989	-25%	17%	10%	4%	9%	1%
2002 City Council	PRO SE	1,433	-13%	13%	22%	3%	5%	1%
2002 Measure HH	No	14,244	14%	44%	79%	11%	57%	2%
2002 Measure HH	Yes	7,697	85%	47%	1%	12%	31%	2%
2002 Measure II	No	14,409	46%	39%	72%	9%	57%	2%
2002 Measure II	Yes	7,874	57%	35%	10%	9%	32%	2%
2004 Board of Education	MARIA LEON-VAZQUES	16,337	9%	29%	73%	6%	42%	2%
2004 Board of Education	JOSE ESCARCE	16,307	60%	31%	41%	6%	43%	2%
2004 Board of Education	ANA M JARA	13,722	-49%	38%	90%	7%	36%	2%
2004 Board of Education	KATHY WISNICKI	12,994	169%	43%	-1%	8%	31%	2%
2004 City Council	BOBBY SHRIVER	17,486	77%	65%	-9%	13%	51%	3%
2004 City Council	RICHARD BLOOM	12,503	-43%	42%	51%	8%	36%	2%
2004 City Council	HERB KATZ	10,577	120%	70%	-13%	14%	28%	4%
2004 City Council	KEN GENSER	9,838	-50%	40%	41%	8%	29%	2%
2004 City Council	PATRICIA HOFFMAN	9,603	-31%	40%	39%	8%	27%	2%
2004 City Council	MARIA LOYA	9,009	-67%	38%	104%	7%	21%	2%
2004 City Council	MATT DINOLFO	8,746	84%	75%	-22%	15%	25%	4%
2004 City Council	KATHRYN J MOREA	7,656	68%	48%	-13%	9%	21%	3%
2004 City Council	MICHAEL FEINSTEIN	5,867	-25%	28%	31%	5%	16%	1%
2004 City Council	DAVID COLE	3,065	54%	12%	2%	2%	6%	1%
2004 City Council	LETICIA M ANDERSON	2,536	2%	13%	19%	2%	6%	1%
2004 City Council	BILL BAUER	2,473	34%	13%	5%	2%	5%	1%
2004 City Council	L MENDELSOHN	2,327	24%	9%	7%	2%	5%	0%
2004 City Council	TOM VISCOUNT	2,152	4%	14%	12%	3%	5%	1%
2004 City Council	JONATHAN MANN	1,326	10%	8%	5%	1%	3%	0%
2004 City Council	LINDA ARMSTRONG	793	14%	6%	7%	1%	1%	0%

			Asi	ian	Latir	no/a	Non-La	tino/a
Year Office	Alternative	Votes	Est.	Std. Error	Est.	Std. Error	Est.	Std. Error
2004 College Trustees	SUSAN AMINOFF	14,402	-4%	25%	41%	5%	41%	1%
2004 College Trustees	ROBERT G RADER	11,168	-12%	27%	22%	5%	33%	1%
2004 College Trustees	M R QUINONES	9,500	61%	16%	52%	3%	21%	1%
2004 College Trustees	M DOUGLAS WILLIS	9,427	-50%	21%	38%	4%	28%	1%
2004 College Trustees	CHARLES DONALDSON	6,809	64%	21%	36%	4%	14%	1%
2004 College Trustees	TONJA MCCOY	5,509	22%	16%	19%	3%	14%	1%
2004 College Trustees	SUSANNE TRIMBATH	4,326	23%	15%	11%	3%	11%	1%
2006 Board of Education	EMILY BLOOMFIELD	11,528	46%	25%	43%	5%	46%	1%
2006 Board of Education	OSCAR DE LA TORRE	10,607	5%	31%	94%	6%	40%	2%
2006 Board of Education	KELLY MCMAHON PYE	10,105	40%	32%	39%	6%	41%	2%
2006 Board of Education	BARRY A SNELL	9,004	24%	24%	23%	5%	38%	1%
2006 Board of Education	SHANE MCLOUD	6,806	66%	26%	35%	5%	25%	1%
2006 Board of Education	SIDONIE SMITH	3,629	38%	16%	31%	3%	12%	1%
2006 City Council	KEVIN MCKEOWN	10,390	21%	38%	54%	7%	42%	2%
2006 City Council	PAM O'CONNOR	9,588	-7%	35%	50%	7%	40%	2%
2006 City Council	BOB HOLBROOK	8,870	107%	52%	10%	10%	34%	3%
2006 City Council	TERRY O'DAY	8,454	55%	32%	23%	6%	34%	2%
2006 City Council	GLEAM OLIVIA DAVIS	6,871	5%	29%	17%	5%	30%	1%
2006 City Council	JENNA LINNEKENS	2,257	-3%	15%	6%	3%	10%	1%
2006 City Council	TERENCE LATER	1,949	28%	21%	10%	4%	7%	1%
2006 City Council	MARK C MCLELLAN	1,518	15%	11%	2%	2%	6%	1%
2006 City Council	LINDA ARMSTRONG	1,389	2%	11%	21%	2%	4%	1%
2006 City Council	JONATHAN MANN	1,170	10%	8%	7%	2%	4%	0%
2006 College Trustees	NANCY GREENSTEIN	11,841	-1%	24%	65%	4%	48%	1%
2006 College Trustees	LOUISE JAFFE	11,440	48%	37%	49%	7%	45%	2%
2006 College Trustees	DAVID B FINKEL	10,106	11%	26%	37%	5%	42%	1%
2006 College Trustees	ANDREW WALZER	9,395	1%	31%	57%	6%	38%	1%
2006 College Trustees	TOM DONNER	6,500	52%	26%	30%	5%	25%	1%
2006 College Trustees	SUSANNA KIM BRACKE	3,789	28%	17%	22%	3%	14%	1%
2006 Rent Control Board	JENNIFER KENNEDY	9,058	-17%	43%	48%	8%	38%	2%
2006 Rent Control Board	M KORADE-WILSON	8,604	14%	42%	50%	8%	34%	2%
2006 Rent Control Board	ZELIA MOLLICA	7,534	-1%	38%	58%	7%	30%	2%
2006 Rent Control Board	ROBERT KRONOVET	4,576	68%	28%	21%	5%	16%	1%
2008 Board of Education	BEN ALLEN	22,153	37%	17%	39%	5%	43%	1%
2008 Board of Education	MARIA LEON-VAZQUEZ	21,966	31%	18%	90%	6%	38%	1%
2008 Board of Education	JOSE ESCARCE	19,256	28%	15%	61%	5%	35%	1%
2008 Board of Education	CHRIS BLEY	17,535	89%	15%	31%	5%	32%	1%
2008 City Council	BOBBY SHRIVER	24,258	51%	23%	1%	7%	52%	2%
2008 City Council	RICHARD BLOOM	20,205	24%	16%	54%	5%	39%	1%

			Asi	ian	Latir	no/a	Non-La	tino/a
Year Office	Alternative	Votes	Est.	Std. Error	Est.	Std. Error	Est.	Std. Error
2008 City Council	KEN GENSER	19,119	-7%	18%	53%	5%	38%	1%
2008 City Council	HERB KATZ	17,189	37%	24%	21%	7%	34%	2%
2008 City Council	TED WINTERER	12,034	-33%	24%	33%	7%	24%	2%
2008 City Council	SUSAN HARTLEY	9,910	58%	15%	23%	5%	17%	1%
2008 City Council	MICHAEL KOVAC	6,340	16%	11%	13%	3%	11%	1%
2008 City Council	JERRY A RUBIN	6,064	2%	12%	28%	4%	11%	1%
2008 City Council	L M PIERA-AVILA	4,612	31%	10%	31%	3%	6%	1%
2008 City Council	H SILVERSTEIN	3,449	7%	9%	-2%	3%	8%	1%
2008 City Council	JOHN BLAKELY	2,778	12%	8%	8%	2%	4%	1%
2008 City Council	LINDA ARMSTRONG	2,393	15%	6%	13%	2%	3%	0%
2008 City Council	JON LOUIS MANN	2,376	17%	6%	11%	2%	3%	0%
2008 College Trustees	SUSAN AMINOFF	21,201	84%	16%	29%	5%	41%	1%
2008 College Trustees	ROBERT G RADER	20,432	77%	16%	34%	5%	39%	1%
2008 College Trustees	M QUINONES-PEREZ	19,878	75%	15%	62%	5%	36%	1%
2008 College Trustees	HEIDI HOECK	12,590	-18%	21%	57%	6%	23%	1%
2008 Rent Control Board	JOEL C KOURY	22,571	16%	35%	90%	11%	41%	2%
2008 Rent Control Board	ROBERT KRONOVET	15,162	96%	23%	17%	7%	27%	2%
2008 Rent Control Board	CHRISTOPHER BRAUN	15,107	8%	20%	50%	6%	28%	1%
2010 Board of Education	LAURIE LIEBERMAN	15,600	24%	17%	46%	5%	41%	1%
2010 Board of Education	OSCAR DE LA TORRE	14,022	7%	15%	98%	5%	33%	1%
2010 Board of Education	RALPH MECHUR	12,300	14%	15%	46%	5%	32%	1%
2010 Board of Education	NIMISH PATEL	10,588	33%	20%	9%	6%	28%	1%
2010 Board of Education	BARRY A SNELL	9,610	7%	17%	31%	5%	27%	1%
2010 Board of Education	PATRICK CADY	8,948	51%	13%	44%	4%	20%	1%
2010 Board of Education	CHRIS BLEY	8,930	74%	16%	36%	5%	20%	1%
2010 Board of Education	JAKE WACHTEL	4,874	36%	12%	6%	4%	12%	1%
2010 City Council (Full)	KEVIN MCKEOWN	16,336	22%	21%	60%	7%	42%	1%
2010 City Council (Full)	PAM O'CONNOR	14,532	13%	20%	56%	6%	38%	1%
2010 City Council (Full)	BOB HOLBROOK	12,773	49%	24%	21%	8%	33%	2%
2010 City Council (Full)	TED WINTERER	12,719	6%	25%	26%	8%	36%	2%
2010 City Council (Full)	JEAN MCNEIL WYNER	4,013	48%	13%	-2%	4%	10%	1%
2010 City Council (Full)	JERRY RUBIN	3,730	-10%	9%	16%	3%	10%	1%
2010 City Council (Full)	JON LOUIS MANN	3,525	16%	10%	25%	3%	7%	1%
2010 City Council (Full)	TERENCE LATER	2,931	1%	9%	9%	3%	8%	1%
2010 City Council (Full)	DANIEL CODY	2,764	9%	7%	6%	2%	7%	0%
2010 City Council (Full)	LINDA ARMSTRONG	1,700	5%	6%	15%	2%	3%	0%
2010 City Council (Short)	TERRY O'DAY	15,944	13%	19%	62%	6%	41%	1%
2010 City Council (Short)	GLEAM OLIVIA DAVIS	13,369	28%	15%	48%	5%	35%	1%
2010 City Council (Short)	ROBERT KRONOVET	7,155	57%	15%	26%	5%	16%	1%

		1	Asi	an	Latir	no/a	Non-La	tino/a
Year Office	Alternative	Votes	Est.	Std. Error	Est.	Std. Error	Est.	Std. Error
2010 City Council (Short)	SUSAN HARTLEY	6,329	16%	15%	35%	5%	15%	1%
2010 City Council (Short)	DAVID GANEZER	5,240	28%	12%	-1%	4%	15%	1%
2010 Rent Control Board (Full	M KORADE WILSON	15,749	-18%	25%	93%	8%	40%	2%
2010 Rent Control Board (Full	BILL WINSLOW	14,984	-3%	16%	65%	5%	39%	1%
2010 Rent Control Board (Full	TODD FLORA	14,145	2%	19%	67%	6%	37%	1%
2010 Rent Control Board (Sho	rt CHRIS BRAUN	17,214	-7%	22%	91%	7%	44%	1%
2012 Board of Education	BEN ALLEN	21,421	42%	18%	53%	5%	44%	1%
2012 Board of Education	MARIA LEON-VAZQUEZ	17,579	29%	20%	90%	5%	32%	1%
2012 Board of Education	JOSE ESCARCE	15,747	58%	20%	55%	5%	29%	1%
2012 Board of Education	CRAIG FOSTER	11,692	48%	14%	23%	4%	23%	1%
2012 Board of Education	KAREN FARRER	8,394	47%	12%	17%	3%	16%	1%
2012 Board of Education	SETH JACOBSON	5,926	47%	12%	0%	3%	12%	1%
2012 City Council	TED WINTERER	17,714	-11%	29%	31%	7%	40%	2%
2012 City Council	TERRY O'DAY	17,122	14%	20%	59%	5%	35%	1%
2012 City Council	GLEAM OLIVIA DAVIS	15,214	34%	22%	47%	6%	31%	1%
2012 City Council	TONY VAZQUEZ	11,937	13%	18%	85%	5%	20%	1%
2012 City Council	SHARI DAVIS	10,843	54%	25%	-2%	6%	23%	2%
2012 City Council	RICHARD MCKINNON	8,039	25%	19%	-1%	5%	18%	1%
2012 City Council	JOHN CYRUS SMITH	6,612	47%	12%	13%	3%	12%	1%
2012 City Council	FRANK GRUBER	6,164	47%	23%	-4%	6%	12%	2%
2012 City Council	JONATHAN MANN	5,134	3%	11%	24%	3%	10%	1%
2012 City Council	BOB SELDON	4,280	57%	16%	-8%	4%	8%	1%
2012 City Council	ARMEN MELKONIANS	3,957	23%	10%	6%	3%	8%	1%
2012 City Council	TERENCE LATER	3,755	-11%	12%	2%	3%	9%	1%
2012 City Council	JERRY P. RUBIN	3,069	-5%	8%	12%	2%	6%	1%
2012 City Council	ROBERTO GOMEZ	2,916	16%	8%	33%	2%	3%	1%
2012 City Council	STEVE DURON	2,464	21%	7%	5%	2%	4%	0%
2012 Rent Control Board	CD WALTON	12,444	26%	21%	49%	6%	24%	1%
2012 Rent Control Board	ILSE ROSENSTEIN	12,181	38%	23%	49%	6%	23%	2%
2012 Rent Control Board	ROBERT KRONOVET	10,917	86%	18%	9%	5%	21%	1%
2014 Board of Education	LAURIE LIEBERMAN	13,492	45%	19%	49%	6%	47%	1%
2014 Board of Education	R TAHVILDARAN-JESSWEII	10,910	56%	19%	51%	6%	36%	1%
2014 Board of Education	OSCAR DE LA TORRE	10,621	39%	17%	94%	5%	33%	1%
2014 Board of Education	RALPH MECHUR	10,529	66%	20%	25%	6%	36%	1%
2014 Board of Education	CRAIG FOSTER	8,479	44%	15%	36%	5%	28%	1%
2014 Board of Education	DHUN MAY	4,372	20%	13%	38%	4%	13%	1%
2014 Board of Education	PATTY FINER	4,372	29%	10%	32%	3%	13%	1%
2014 City Council	KEVIN MCKEOWN	10,138	64%	22%	45%	7%	33%	1%
2014 City Council	SUE HIMMELRICH	9,262	29%	18%	35%	6%	33%	1%

				Asi	an	Latir	no/a	Non-La	itino/a
Year	Office	Alternative	Votes	Est.	Std. Error	Est.	Std. Error	Est.	Std. Error
2014 City	Council	PAM O'CONNOR	6,696	28%	15%	39%	5%	22%	1%
2014 City	Council	PHIL BROCK	5,854	57%	18%	8%	6%	19%	1%
2014 City	Council	FRANK GRUBER	5,222	12%	17%	27%	5%	18%	1%
2014 City	Council	JENNIFER KENNEDY	5,037	-8%	18%	28%	6%	18%	1%
2014 City	Council	RICHARD MCKINNON	4,890	31%	18%	6%	6%	17%	1%
2014 City	Council	MICHAEL FEINSTEIN	3,729	11%	12%	24%	4%	12%	1%
2014 City	Council	TERENCE LATER	1,874	5%	11%	-3%	3%	7%	1%
2014 City	Council	JERRY RUBIN	1,635	7%	8%	11%	2%	5%	1%
2014 City	Council	JON MANN	1,594	-4%	9%	12%	3%	6%	1%
2014 City	Council	NICK BOLES	1,328	5%	7%	4%	2%	5%	0%
2014 City	Council	WHITNEY SCOTT BAIN	1,317	13%	7%	8%	2%	4%	0%
2014 City	Council	ZOE MUNTANER	791	-2%	6%	8%	2%	3%	0%
2014 Coll	ege Trustees	NANCY GREENSTEIN	12,785	48%	19%	50%	6%	44%	1%
2014 Coll	ege Trustees	LOUISE JAFFE	12,497	51%	19%	32%	6%	44%	1%
2014 Coll	ege Trustees	BARRY A SNELL	10,209	80%	18%	41%	6%	33%	1%
2014 Coll	ege Trustees	ANDREW WALZER	9,569	55%	15%	41%	5%	32%	1%
2014 Coll	ege Trustees	DENNIS C W FRISCH	8,783	56%	18%	63%	6%	27%	1%
2014 Coll	ege Trustees	MARIA LOYA	7,971	24%	16%	95%	5%	23%	1%
2014 Ren	t Control Board	NICOLE PHILLIS	7,790	0%	21%	61%	7%	26%	1%
2014 Ren	t Control Board	STEVE DURON	6,746	10%	18%	47%	6%	23%	1%
2014 Ren	t Control Board	TODD FLORA	6,480	8%	16%	51%	5%	21%	1%
2016 City	Council	TERRY O'DAY	19,263	37%	18%	41%	4%	37%	1%
2016 City	Council	TONY VAZQUEZ	18,456	17%	22%	60%	5%	34%	2%
2016 City	Council	TED WINTERER	18,156	-9%	26%	11%	6%	41%	2%
2016 City	Council	GLEAM OLIVIA DAVIS	17,842	32%	22%	30%	5%	35%	2%
2016 City	Council	ARMEN MELKONIANS	12,603	56%	21%	4%	5%	24%	2%
2016 City	Council	OSCAR DE LA TORRE	11,256	23%	15%	92%	3%	14%	1%
2016 City	Council	JAMES T WATSON	6,170	25%	12%	10%	3%	11%	1%
2016 City		MENDE SMITH	5,212	3%	11%	16%	2%	10%	1%
2016 City	Council	TERENCE LATER	5,102	5%	11%	1%	3%	11%	1%
2016 City	Council	JON MANN	3,959	12%	8%	8%	2%	7%	1%
2016 Coll	ege Trustees	SUSAN AMINOFF	21,770	11%	17%	51%	4%	44%	1%
	lege Trustees	M QUINONES-PEREZ	19,576	2%	17%	85%	4%	35%	1%
2016 Coll	ege Trustees	ROB G RADER	19,246	41%	18%	39%	4%	37%	1%
	ege Trustees	SION ROY	16,651	49%	18%	31%	4%	31%	1%
	it Control Board	CAROLINE M TOROSIS	15,596	13%	22%	42%	5%	30%	2%
2016 Ren	t Control Board	ANASTASIA FOSTER	13,825	-5%	22%	36%	5%	28%	2%
2016 Ren	t Control Board	E GOLDEN-GEALER	8,491	20%	12%	23%	3%	15%	1%
2016 Ren	t Control Board	C D WALTON	7,728	9%	14%	20%	3%	15%	1%

		•		As	ian	Bla	ack	Lati	no/a	Wł	nite
Year	Office	Alternative	Votes	Est.	Std. Error	Est.	Std. Error	Est.	Std. Error	Est.	Std. Error
2002	Board of Education	EMILY BLOOMFIELD	11,885	50%	19%	16%	14%	49%	7%	49%	1%
2002	Board of Education	JULIA BROWNLEY	11,793	65%	26%	18%	18%	59%	9%	46%	1%
2002	Board of Education	OSCAR DE LA TORRE	9,541	4%	33%	34%	23%	102%	12%	35%	2%
2002	Board of Education	SHANE MCLOUD	9,250	98%	22%	45%	15%	22%	8%	35%	1%
2002	Board of Education	BRENDA GOTTFRIED	7,582	82%	23%	39%	17%	21%	9%	29%	1%
2002	Board of Education	ANN COCHRAN	3,889	15%	13%	68%	9%	15%	5%	14%	1%
2002	City Council	PAM O'CONNOR	10,797	-20%	51%	36%	36%	50%	19%	46%	2%
2002	City Council	KEVIN MCKEOWN	10,675	0%	52%	41%	37%	57%	19%	44%	2%
2002	City Council	ABBY ARNOLD	8,779	-41%	40%	27%	28%	36%	15%	39%	2%
2002	City Council	BOB HOLBROOK	8,711	121%	64%	-3%	45%	-3%	23%	35%	3%
2002	City Council	MATTEO DINOLFO	6,600	73%	50%	-11%	36%	7%	18%	27%	2%
2002	City Council	JOSEFINA S ARANADA	5,562	56%	25%	37%	18%	67%	9%	16%	1%
2002	City Council	CHUCK ALLORD	2,469	15%	23%	-2%	16%	-1%	8%	11%	1%
2002	City Council	JERRY RUBIN	1,989	-10%	18%	35%	13%	0%	7%	9%	1%
2002	City Council	PRO SE	1,433	8%	13%	42%	9%	7%	5%	4%	1%
2002	Measure HH	No	14,244	3%	48%	38%	34%	86%	18%	58%	2%
2002	Measure HH	Yes	7,697	84%	52%	30%	36%	2%	19%	31%	2%
2002	! Measure II	No	14,409	42%	42%	51%	30%	74%	16%	58%	2%
2002	Measure II	Yes	7,874	47%	38%	14%	27%	17%	14%	33%	2%
2004	Board of Education	MARIA LEON-VAZQUES	16,337	-14%	28%	-7%	15%	93%	8%	44%	1%
2004	Board of Education	JOSE ESCARCE	16,307	20%	24%	-45%	13%	77%	7%	45%	1%
2004	Board of Education	ANA M JARA	13,722	-60%	39%	10%	20%	101%	11%	36%	2%
2004	Board of Education	KATHY WISNICKI	12,994	149%	44%	-12%	23%	16%	12%	32%	2%
2004	City Council	BOBBY SHRIVER	17,486	36%	64%	-38%	34%	28%	18%	53%	3%
2004	City Council	RICHARD BLOOM	12,503	-57%	43%	4%	23%	64%	12%	36%	2%
2004	City Council	HERB KATZ	10,577	89%	71%	-40%	37%	15%	20%	30%	4%
2004	City Council	KEN GENSER	9,838	-65%	40%	-5%	21%	54%	11%	30%	2%
2004	City Council	PATRICIA HOFFMAN	9,603	-32%	42%	24%	22%	40%	12%	27%	2%
2004	City Council	MARIA LOYA	9,009	-68%	39%	19%	21%	104%	11%	21%	2%
2004	City Council	MATT DINOLFO	8,746	58%	76%	-31%	40%	1%	22%	26%	4%
2004	City Council	KATHRYN J MOREA	7,656	61%	50%	5%	26%	-6%	14%	22%	3%
2004	City Council	MICHAEL FEINSTEIN	5,867	-30%	28%	5%	15%	35%	8%	17%	1%
2004	City Council	DAVID COLE	3,065	54%	12%	7%	6%	2%	3%	6%	1%
2004	City Council	LETICIA M ANDERSON	2,536	6%	13%	14%	7%	16%	4%	6%	1%
2004	City Council	BILL BAUER	2,473	35%	13%	8%	7%	4%	4%	5%	1%
2004	City Council	L MENDELSOHN	2,327	25%	9%	8%	5%	6%	3%	5%	0%
2004	City Council	TOM VISCOUNT	2,152	6%	14%	11%	8%	10%	4%	5%	1%
2004	City Council	JONATHAN MANN	1,326	11%	8%	5%	4%	4%	2%	3%	0%
2004	City Council	LINDA ARMSTRONG	793	17%	6%	8%	3%	4%	2%	1%	0%

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Year	Office	Alternative	Votes	Est.	Std. Error	Est.	Std. Error	Est.	Std. Error	Est.	Std. Error
2004	College Trustees	SUSAN AMINOFF	14,402	-20%	25%	6%	13%	55%	7%	41%	1%
2004	College Trustees	ROBERT G RADER	11,168	-29%	27%	-3%	14%	37%	8%	34%	1%
2004	College Trustees	M R QUINONES	9,500	54%	16%	7%	9%	58%	5%	21%	1%
2004	College Trustees	M DOUGLAS WILLIS	9,427	-57%	21%	12%	11%	44%	6%	28%	1%
2004	College Trustees	CHARLES DONALDSON	6,809	59%	22%	2%	12%	41%	6%	15%	1%
2004	College Trustees	TONJA MCCOY	5,509	28%	17%	26%	9%	14%	5%	14%	1%
2004	College Trustees	SUSANNE TRIMBATH	4,326	28%	15%	21%	8%	7%	4%	11%	1%
2006	Board of Education	EMILY BLOOMFIELD	11,528	25%	25%	-2%	16%	64%	8%	47%	1%
2006	Board of Education	OSCAR DE LA TORRE	10,607	-3%	32%	22%	21%	101%	11%	40%	2%
2006	Board of Education	KELLY MCMAHON PYE	10,105	29%	33%	13%	22%	51%	11%	41%	2%
2006	Board of Education	BARRY A SNELL	9,004	18%	25%	24%	17%	29%	8%	38%	1%
2006	Board of Education	SHANE MCLOUD	6,806	69%	27%	32%	18%	32%	9%	25%	1%
2006	Board of Education	SIDONIE SMITH	3,629	51%	16%	42%	11%	18%	5%	12%	1%
2006	City Council	KEVIN MCKEOWN	10,390	10%	40%	17%	26%	64%	13%	42%	2%
2006	City Council	PAM O'CONNOR	9,588	-3%	37%	48%	24%	46%	12%	39%	2%
2006	City Council	BOB HOLBROOK	8,870	98%	54%	14%	36%	19%	18%	35%	3%
2006	City Council	TERRY O'DAY	8,454	50%	34%	21%	22%	29%	11%	34%	2%
2006	City Council	GLEAM OLIVIA DAVIS	6,871	-4%	30%	8%	20%	26%	10%	30%	1%
2006	City Council	JENNA LINNEKENS	2,257	0%	16%	16%	11%	4%	5%	10%	1%
2006	City Council	TERENCE LATER	1,949	28%	22%	6%	15%	10%	7%	7%	1%
2006	City Council	MARK C MCLELLAN	1,518	16%	12%	9%	8%	1%	4%	6%	1%
2006	City Council	LINDA ARMSTRONG	1,389	6%	12%	13%	8%	18%	4%	4%	1%
2006	City Council	JONATHAN MANN	1,170	9%	9%	1%	6%	9%	3%	4%	0%
2006	College Trustees	NANCY GREENSTEIN	11,841	-6%	25%	37%	16%	70%	8%	48%	1%
2006	College Trustees	LOUISE JAFFE	11,440	25%	37%	-9%	25%	72%	13%	46%	2%
2006	College Trustees	DAVID B FINKEL	10,106	9%	27%	40%	18%	38%	9%	42%	1%
2006	College Trustees	ANDREW WALZER	9,395	-1%	32%	32%	21%	60%	11%	38%	2%
2006	College Trustees	TOM DONNER	6,500	58%	27%	38%	18%	24%	9%	24%	1%
2006	College Trustees	SUSANNA KIM BRACKE	3,789	37%	18%	35%	12%	13%	6%	14%	1%
2006	Rent Control Board	JENNIFER KENNEDY	9,058	-8%	45%	60%	30%	39%	15%	38%	2%
2006	Rent Control Board	M KORADE-WILSON	8,604	16%	44%	39%	29%	48%	15%	34%	2%
2006	Rent Control Board	ZELIA MOLLICA	7,534	13%	39%	63%	26%	43%	13%	29%	2%
2006	Rent Control Board	ROBERT KRONOVET	4,576	72%	30%	25%	20%	17%	10%	16%	1%
2008	Board of Education	BEN ALLEN	22,153	34%	18%	36%	11%	43%	8%	43%	1%
2008	Board of Education	MARIA LEON-VAZQUEZ	21,966	27%	18%	24%	11%	97%	8%	39%	1%
2008	Board of Education	JOSE ESCARCE	19,256	24%	15%	25%	9%	66%	7%	36%	1%
2008	Board of Education	CHRIS BLEY	17,535	92%	15%	43%	9%	25%	7%	31%	1%
2008	City Council	BOBBY SHRIVER	24,258	48%	23%	44%	14%	5%	10%	53%	2%
2008	City Council	RICHARD BLOOM	20,205	22%	16%	33%	10%	57%	7%	39%	1%

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Year	Office	Alternative	Votes	Est.	Std. Error	Est.	Std. Error	Est.	Std. Error	Est.	Std. Error
2008	City Council	KEN GENSER	19,119	-12%	18%	22%	11%	62%	8%	39%	1%
2008	City Council	HERB KATZ	17,189	27%	24%	3%	15%	36%	10%	34%	2%
2008	City Council	TED WINTERER	12,034	-42%	24%	-6%	15%	48%	10%	25%	2%
2008	City Council	SUSAN HARTLEY	9,910	58%	15%	17%	9%	23%	7%	17%	1%
2008	City Council	MICHAEL KOVAC	6,340	16%	11%	13%	7%	13%	5%	11%	1%
2008	City Council	JERRY A RUBIN	6,064	7%	12%	25%	8%	20%	5%	11%	1%
2008	City Council	L M PIERA-AVILA	4,612	31%	10%	6%	6%	31%	4%	6%	1%
2008	City Council	H SILVERSTEIN	3,449	9%	9%	11%	6%	-4%	4%	8%	1%
2008	City Council	JOHN BLAKELY	2,778	14%	8%	11%	5%	5%	3%	4%	1%
2008	City Council	LINDA ARMSTRONG	2,393	16%	6%	8%	4%	11%	3%	3%	0%
2008	City Council	JON LOUIS MANN	2,376	20%	6%	16%	4%	5%	3%	3%	0%
2008	College Trustees	SUSAN AMINOFF	21,201	91%	16%	62%	9%	19%	7%	41%	1%
2008	College Trustees	ROBERT G RADER	20,432	83%	16%	59%	10%	24%	7%	39%	1%
2008	College Trustees	M QUINONES-PEREZ	19,878	79%	16%	49%	10%	55%	7%	35%	1%
2008	College Trustees	HEIDI HOECK	12,590	-21%	21%	15%	13%	61%	9%	23%	1%
2008	Rent Control Board	JOEL C KOURY	22,571	15%	36%	39%	22%	91%	16%	41%	2%
2008	Rent Control Board	ROBERT KRONOVET	15,162	98%	24%	32%	15%	15%	10%	27%	2%
2008	Rent Control Board	CHRISTOPHER BRAUN	15,107	3%	20%	13%	12%	58%	9%	28%	1%
2010	Board of Education	LAURIE LIEBERMAN	15,600	24%	17%	43%	13%	45%	9%	41%	1%
2010	Board of Education	OSCAR DE LA TORRE	14,022	10%	15%	41%	11%	93%	8%	33%	1%
2010	Board of Education	RALPH MECHUR	12,300	11%	15%	22%	11%	52%	8%	32%	1%
2010	Board of Education	NIMISH PATEL	10,588	26%	20%	4%	15%	24%	11%	28%	1%
2010	Board of Education	BARRY A SNELL	9,610	19%	16%	69%	12%	7%	8%	26%	1%
2010	Board of Education	PATRICK CADY	8,948	55%	13%	33%	10%	36%	7%	20%	1%
2010	Board of Education	CHRIS BLEY	8,930	84%	16%	55%	12%	15%	8%	20%	1%
2010	Board of Education	JAKE WACHTEL	4,874	38%	12%	17%	9%	3%	6%	12%	1%
2010	City Council (Full)	KEVIN MCKEOWN	16,336	19%	21%	33%	16%	65%	11%	42%	1%
2010	City Council (Full)	PAM O'CONNOR	14,532	16%	20%	47%	15%	51%	11%	38%	1%
2010	City Council (Full)	BOB HOLBROOK	12,773	47%	25%	27%	18%	25%	13%	33%	2%
2010	City Council (Full)	TED WINTERER	12,719	9%	25%	47%	18%	20%	13%	36%	2%
2010	City Council (Full)	JEAN MCNEIL WYNER	4,013	54%	13%	30%	9%	-14%	7%	10%	1%
2010	City Council (Full)	JERRY RUBIN	3,730	-8%	9%	20%	7%	10%	5%	10%	1%
2010	City Council (Full)	JON LOUIS MANN	3,525	16%	10%	5%	7%	27%	5%	7%	1%
2010	City Council (Full)	TERENCE LATER	2,931	3%	9%	15%	7%	5%	5%	8%	1%
2010	City Council (Full)	DANIEL CODY	2,764	9%	7%	9%	5%	5%	3%	7%	0%
2010	City Council (Full)	LINDA ARMSTRONG	1,700	3%	6%	-1%	4%	18%	3%	3%	0%
2010	City Council (Short)	TERRY O'DAY	15,944	9%	19%	27%	14%	70%	10%	41%	1%
2010	City Council (Short)	GLEAM OLIVIA DAVIS	13,369	28%	15%	34%	11%	49%	8%	35%	1%
2010	City Council (Short)	ROBERT KRONOVET	7,155	65%	15%	43%	11%	10%	8%	16%	1%

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Year	Office	Alternative	Votes	Est.	Std. Error	Est.	Std. Error	Est.	Std. Error	Est.	Std. Error
2010	City Council (Short)	SUSAN HARTLEY	6,329	19%	16%	26%	11%	29%	8%	15%	1%
2010	City Council (Short)	DAVID GANEZER	5,240	30%	13%	24%	9%	-6%	7%	14%	1%
2010	Rent Control Board (Full)	M KORADE WILSON	15,749	-19%	26%	34%	19%	96%	13%	40%	2%
2010	Rent Control Board (Full)	BILL WINSLOW	14,984	-2%	17%	44%	12%	62%	9%	39%	1%
2010	Rent Control Board (Full)	TODD FLORA	14,145	1%	19%	35%	14%	68%	10%	37%	1%
2010	Rent Control Board (Short	t CHRIS BRAUN	17,214	-6%	23%	46%	17%	89%	12%	44%	1%
2012	Board of Education	BEN ALLEN	21,421	40%	18%	34%	7%	58%	6%	44%	1%
2012	Board of Education	MARIA LEON-VAZQUEZ	17,579	29%	21%	30%	8%	91%	7%	32%	1%
2012	Board of Education	JOSE ESCARCE	15,747	54%	20%	17%	7%	62%	6%	30%	1%
2012	Board of Education	CRAIG FOSTER	11,692	49%	14%	24%	5%	23%	5%	23%	1%
2012	Board of Education	KAREN FARRER	8,394	48%	12%	21%	5%	14%	4%	16%	1%
2012	Board of Education	SETH JACOBSON	5,926	47%	12%	13%	5%	-1%	4%	12%	1%
2012	City Council	TED WINTERER	17,714	-19%	28%	14%	11%	45%	9%	40%	2%
2012	City Council	TERRY O'DAY	17,122	12%	20%	30%	8%	61%	7%	35%	1%
2012	City Council	GLEAM OLIVIA DAVIS	15,214	37%	22%	42%	8%	41%	7%	30%	1%
2012	City Council	TONY VAZQUEZ	11,937	11%	18%	12%	7%	89%	6%	20%	1%
2012	City Council	SHARI DAVIS	10,843	52%	25%	18%	10%	1%	8%	23%	2%
2012	City Council	RICHARD MCKINNON	8,039	23%	19%	11%	7%	2%	6%	18%	1%
2012	City Council	JOHN CYRUS SMITH	6,612	46%	12%	8%	4%	15%	4%	12%	1%
2012	City Council	FRANK GRUBER	6,164	43%	23%	-3%	9%	4%	8%	13%	2%
2012	City Council	JONATHAN MANN	5,134	4%	11%	14%	4%	22%	3%	10%	1%
2012	City Council	BOB SELDON	4,280	57%	17%	8%	6%	-8%	5%	8%	1%
2012	City Council	ARMEN MELKONIANS	3,957	25%	10%	16%	4%	2%	3%	8%	1%
2012	City Council	TERENCE LATER	3,755	-10%	12%	11%	4%	2%	4%	9%	1%
2012	City Council	JERRY P. RUBIN	3,069	-5%	8%	7%	3%	12%	3%	6%	1%
2012	City Council	ROBERTO GOMEZ	2,916	18%	8%	10%	3%	29%	3%	3%	1%
2012	City Council	STEVE DURON	2,464	20%	8%	2%	3%	6%	2%	4%	1%
2012	Rent Control Board	CD WALTON	12,444	28%	22%	32%	8%	45%	7%	24%	1%
2012	Rent Control Board	ILSE ROSENSTEIN	12,181	41%	23%	33%	9%	43%	8%	22%	2%
2012	Rent Control Board	ROBERT KRONOVET	10,917	86%	18%	22%	7%	8%	6%	21%	1%
2014	Board of Education	LAURIE LIEBERMAN	13,492	45%	19%	38%	10%	54%	8%	47%	1%
2014	Board of Education	R TAHVILDARAN-JESSWEII	10,910	56%	19%	29%	10%	55%	8%	36%	1%
2014	Board of Education	OSCAR DE LA TORRE	10,621	40%	17%	44%	9%	88%	7%	32%	1%
2014	Board of Education	RALPH MECHUR	10,529	65%	20%	21%	10%	33%	8%	36%	1%
2014	Board of Education	CRAIG FOSTER	8,479	43%	15%	14%	8%	44%	6%	28%	1%
2014	Board of Education	DHUN MAY	4,372	21%	13%	22%	7%	33%	5%	13%	1%
2014	Board of Education	PATTY FINER	4,372	29%	10%	22%	5%	28%	4%	13%	1%
	City Council	KEVIN MCKEOWN	10,138	63%	22%	19%	12%	52%	9%	33%	1%
	City Council	SUE HIMMELRICH	9,262	29%	18%	35%	10%	33%	8%	33%	1%

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Year	Office	Alternative	Votes	Est.	Std. Error	Est.	Std. Error	Est.	Std. Error	Est.	Std. Error
2014	City Council	PAM O'CONNOR	6,696	28%	15%	25%	8%	37%	6%	22%	1%
2014	City Council	PHIL BROCK	5,854	57%	18%	19%	9%	8%	8%	19%	1%
2014	City Council	FRANK GRUBER	5,222	12%	17%	10%	9%	32%	7%	18%	1%
2014	City Council	JENNIFER KENNEDY	5,037	-8%	18%	16%	9%	29%	8%	18%	1%
2014	City Council	RICHARD MCKINNON	4,890	31%	18%	11%	9%	9%	8%	17%	1%
2014	City Council	MICHAEL FEINSTEIN	3,729	11%	12%	18%	7%	21%	5%	12%	1%
2014	City Council	TERENCE LATER	1,874	4%	11%	5%	6%	-2%	5%	8%	1%
2014	City Council	JERRY RUBIN	1,635	7%	8%	13%	4%	7%	3%	5%	1%
2014	City Council	JON MANN	1,594	-3%	9%	15%	4%	7%	4%	6%	1%
2014	City Council	NICK BOLES	1,328	5%	7%	2%	4%	5%	3%	5%	0%
2014	City Council	WHITNEY SCOTT BAIN	1,317	14%	7%	8%	4%	5%	3%	4%	0%
2014	City Council	ZOE MUNTANER	791	-2%	6%	2%	3%	8%	2%	3%	0%
2014	College Trustees	NANCY GREENSTEIN	12,785	47%	19%	28%	10%	58%	8%	44%	1%
2014	College Trustees	LOUISE JAFFE	12,497	50%	19%	29%	10%	40%	8%	44%	1%
2014	College Trustees	BARRY A SNELL	10,209	80%	19%	38%	10%	38%	8%	33%	1%
2014	College Trustees	ANDREW WALZER	9,569	55%	15%	27%	8%	43%	6%	32%	1%
2014	College Trustees	DENNIS C W FRISCH	8,783	55%	18%	23%	10%	65%	8%	27%	1%
2014	College Trustees	MARIA LOYA	7,971	25%	16%	41%	8%	85%	7%	23%	1%
2014	Rent Control Board	NICOLE PHILLIS	7,790	-1%	21%	23%	11%	63%	9%	26%	1%
2014	Rent Control Board	STEVE DURON	6,746	10%	18%	25%	9%	45%	7%	23%	1%
2014	Rent Control Board	TODD FLORA	6,480	7%	16%	13%	8%	55%	7%	22%	1%
2016	City Council	TERRY O'DAY	19,263	38%	17%	27%	7%	46%	5%	37%	1%
2016	City Council	TONY VAZQUEZ	18,456	19%	22%	19%	9%	67%	6%	34%	2%
2016	City Council	TED WINTERER	18,156	-8%	26%	26%	10%	18%	8%	41%	2%
2016	City Council	GLEAM OLIVIA DAVIS	17,842	31%	22%	37%	9%	29%	6%	35%	2%
2016	City Council	ARMEN MELKONIANS	12,603	57%	21%	15%	9%	8%	6%	24%	2%
2016	City Council	OSCAR DE LA TORRE	11,256	22%	15%	25%	6%	87%	4%	14%	1%
2016	City Council	JAMES T WATSON	6,170	23%	12%	26%	5%	3%	3%	11%	1%
2016	City Council	MENDE SMITH	5,212	3%	11%	11%	4%	15%	3%	10%	1%
2016	City Council	TERENCE LATER	5,102	5%	12%	9%	5%	2%	3%	11%	1%
2016	City Council	JON MANN	3,959	11%	8%	12%	3%	6%	2%	7%	1%
2016	College Trustees	SUSAN AMINOFF	21,770	11%	17%	42%	7%	51%	5%	44%	1%
2016	College Trustees	M QUINONES-PEREZ	19,576	3%	18%	32%	7%	87%	5%	35%	1%
2016	College Trustees	ROB G RADER	19,246	41%	18%	41%	7%	38%	5%	37%	1%
2016	College Trustees	SION ROY	16,651	49%	19%	33%	8%	30%	5%	31%	1%
2016	Rent Control Board	CAROLINE M TOROSIS	15,596	11%	22%	43%	9%	36%	6%	30%	2%
2016	Rent Control Board	ANASTASIA FOSTER	13,825	-5%	22%	32%	9%	35%	6%	28%	2%
2016	Rent Control Board	E GOLDEN-GEALER	8,491	19%	12%	21%	5%	21%	4%	15%	1%
2016	Rent Control Board	C D WALTON	7,728	8%	14%	27%	6%	14%	4%	15%	1%

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Year	Office	Alternative	Votes	Est.	Std. Error	Est.	Std. Error	Est.	Std. Error	Est.	Std. Error
2002	Board of Education	EMILY BLOOMFIELD	11,885	58%	20%	24%	15%	45%	8%	48%	1%
2002	Board of Education	JULIA BROWNLEY	11,793	73%	26%	21%	20%	58%	10%	46%	1%
2002	Board of Education	OSCAR DE LA TORRE	9,541	2%	34%	24%	26%	107%	13%	34%	2%
2002	Board of Education	SHANE MCLOUD	9,250	102%	22%	36%	17%	25%	9%	35%	1%
2002	Board of Education	BRENDA GOTTFRIED	7,582	86%	24%	41%	18%	18%	9%	29%	1%
2002	Board of Education	ANN COCHRAN	3,889	16%	13%	69%	10%	14%	5%	14%	1%
2002	City Council	PAM O'CONNOR	10,797	-26%	54%	31%	41%	53%	21%	46%	3%
2002	City Council	KEVIN MCKEOWN	10,675	-14%	55%	23%	42%	67%	21%	44%	3%
2002	City Council	ABBY ARNOLD	8,779	-38%	42%	31%	32%	36%	17%	39%	2%
2002	City Council	BOB HOLBROOK	8,711	139%	68%	9%	51%	-10%	26%	36%	3%
	City Council	MATTEO DINOLFO	6,600	76%	54%	-12%	41%	5%	21%	28%	3%
2002	City Council	JOSEFINA S ARANADA	5,562	61%	26%	33%	20%	69%	10%	16%	1%
	City Council	CHUCK ALLORD	2,469	18%	24%	3%	18%	-4%	9%	11%	1%
2002	City Council	JERRY RUBIN	1,989	-13%	18%	29%	14%	2%	7%	9%	1%
2002	City Council	PRO SE	1,433	2%	13%	34%	10%	10%	5%	4%	1%
2002	Measure HH	No	14,244	13%	51%	50%	39%	82%	20%	57%	2%
2002	Measure HH	Yes	7,697	80%	55%	21%	42%	4%	21%	32%	3%
2002	Measure II	No	14,409	55%	44%	64%	34%	69%	17%	57%	2%
2002	Measure II	Yes	7,874	40%	40%	6%	30%	20%	16%	33%	2%
2004	Board of Education	MARIA LEON-VAZQUES	16,337	-11%	31%	-15%	17%	98%	9%	44%	2%
2004	Board of Education	JOSE ESCARCE	16,307	35%	27%	-38%	15%	74%	8%	44%	1%
2004	Board of Education	ANA M JARA	13,722	-78%	43%	-13%	24%	113%	13%	37%	2%
2004	Board of Education	KATHY WISNICKI	12,994	176%	48%	0%	27%	12%	15%	31%	2%
2004	City Council	BOBBY SHRIVER	17,486	70%	69%	-11%	39%	14%	22%	52%	4%
	City Council	RICHARD BLOOM	12,503	-42%	47%	8%	27%	61%	15%	36%	2%
2004	City Council	HERB KATZ	10,577	119%	78%	-18%	44%	4%	24%	29%	4%
2004	City Council	KEN GENSER	9,838	-56%	44%	-3%	25%	53%	14%	29%	2%
	City Council	PATRICIA HOFFMAN	9,603	-34%	46%	21%	26%	41%	14%	27%	2%
	City Council	MARIA LOYA	9,009	-66%	44%	16%	25%	106%	14%	21%	2%
	City Council	MATT DINOLFO	8,746	97%	84%	-2%	47%	-13%	26%	25%	4%
2004	City Council	KATHRYN J MOREA	7,656	86%	55%	22%	31%	-13%	17%	21%	3%
	City Council	MICHAEL FEINSTEIN	5,867	-27%	32%	8%	18%	33%	10%	17%	2%
2004	City Council	DAVID COLE	3,065	59%	13%	8%	7%	1%	4%	6%	1%
2004	City Council	LETICIA M ANDERSON	2,536	-3%	14%	5%	8%	21%	4%	6%	1%
	City Council	BILL BAUER	2,473	35%	14%	7%	8%	4%	4%	5%	1%
2004	City Council	L MENDELSOHN	2,327	20%	10%	6%	6%	7%	3%	5%	0%
	City Council	TOM VISCOUNT	2,152	-7%	15%	2%	9%	14%	5%	6%	1%
	City Council	JONATHAN MANN	1,326	9%	9%	3%	5%	5%	3%	3%	0%
2004	City Council	LINDA ARMSTRONG	793	12%	6%	5%	3%	5%	2%	1%	0%

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Year	Office	Alternative	Votes	Est.	Std. Error	Est.	Std. Error	Est.	Std. Error	Est.	Std. Error
2004	College Trustees	SUSAN AMINOFF	14,402	4%	27%	19%	15%	48%	8%	40%	1%
2004	College Trustees	ROBERT G RADER	11,168	-11%	29%	8%	16%	33%	9%	33%	1%
2004	College Trustees	M R QUINONES	9,500	61%	17%	11%	10%	55%	5%	21%	1%
2004	College Trustees	M DOUGLAS WILLIS	9,427	-39%	23%	23%	13%	39%	7%	28%	1%
2004	College Trustees	CHARLES DONALDSON	6,809	71%	25%	3%	14%	40%	8%	14%	1%
2004	College Trustees	TONJA MCCOY	5,509	20%	17%	24%	9%	15%	5%	14%	1%
2004	College Trustees	SUSANNE TRIMBATH	4,326	18%	16%	10%	9%	13%	5%	11%	1%
2006	Board of Education	EMILY BLOOMFIELD	11,528	33%	24%	6%	18%	59%	9%	47%	1%
2006	Board of Education	OSCAR DE LA TORRE	10,607	9%	31%	36%	24%	95%	12%	40%	1%
2006	Board of Education	KELLY MCMAHON PYE	10,105	35%	34%	26%	26%	46%	13%	41%	2%
2006	Board of Education	BARRY A SNELL	9,004	29%	25%	37%	19%	24%	9%	38%	1%
2006	Board of Education	SHANE MCLOUD	6,806	67%	26%	30%	20%	34%	10%	25%	1%
2006	Board of Education	SIDONIE SMITH	3,629	48%	16%	37%	12%	21%	6%	12%	1%
2006	City Council	KEVIN MCKEOWN	10,390	21%	41%	36%	31%	58%	16%	42%	2%
2006	City Council	PAM O'CONNOR	9,588	-2%	37%	55%	29%	45%	14%	39%	2%
2006	City Council	BOB HOLBROOK	8,870	99%	56%	-6%	43%	24%	21%	35%	3%
2006	City Council	TERRY O'DAY	8,454	54%	34%	25%	26%	25%	13%	34%	2%
2006	City Council	GLEAM OLIVIA DAVIS	6,871	1%	30%	26%	23%	20%	11%	30%	1%
	City Council	JENNA LINNEKENS	2,257	2%	16%	14%	12%	4%	6%	10%	1%
	City Council	TERENCE LATER	1,949	34%	23%	11%	17%	8%	9%	6%	1%
	City Council	MARK C MCLELLAN	1,518	16%	12%	9%	9%	1%	4%	6%	1%
	City Council	LINDA ARMSTRONG	1,389	6%	12%	14%	9%	18%	4%	4%	1%
	City Council	JONATHAN MANN	1,170	9%	8%	3%	6%	8%	3%	4%	0%
	College Trustees	NANCY GREENSTEIN	11,841	-3%	24%	53%	18%	62%	9%	49%	1%
	College Trustees	LOUISE JAFFE	11,440	33%	37%	6%	28%	65%	14%	47%	2%
	College Trustees	DAVID B FINKEL	10,106	15%	27%	53%	21%	34%	10%	42%	1%
	College Trustees	ANDREW WALZER	9,395	6%	32%	50%	24%	53%	12%	38%	2%
	College Trustees	TOM DONNER	6,500	55%	28%	27%	21%	28%	11%	25%	1%
	College Trustees	SUSANNA KIM BRACKE	3,789	38%	18%	30%	14%	16%	7%	14%	1%
	Rent Control Board	JENNIFER KENNEDY	9,058	-12%	47%	60%	36%	41%	18%	37%	2%
	Rent Control Board	M KORADE-WILSON	8,604	15%	45%	40%	34%	49%	17%	34%	2%
	Rent Control Board	ZELIA MOLLICA	7,534	8%	40%	63%	30%	46%	15%	29%	2%
	Rent Control Board	ROBERT KRONOVET	4,576	74%	30%	17%	23%	19%	11%	16%	1%
	Board of Education	BEN ALLEN	22,153	29%	19%	37%	12%	39%	7%	45%	1%
	Board of Education	MARIA LEON-VAZQUEZ	21,966	19%	20%	19%	13%	101%	8%	40%	1%
	Board of Education	JOSE ESCARCE	19,256	30%	16%	20%	11%	68%	6%	36%	1%
	Board of Education	CHRIS BLEY	17,535	85%	16%	45%	11%	24%	6%	32%	1%
	City Council	BOBBY SHRIVER	24,258	50%	27%	44%	18%	2%	11%	52%	2%
2008	City Council	RICHARD BLOOM	20,205	16%	17%	30%	11%	56%	7%	40%	1%

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Year	Office	Alternative	Votes	Est.	Std. Error	Est.	Std. Error	Est.	Std. Error	Est.	Std. Error
2008	City Council	KEN GENSER	19,119	-10%	18%	22%	12%	60%	7%	39%	1%
2008	City Council	HERB KATZ	17,189	48%	24%	13%	16%	33%	10%	34%	2%
2008	City Council	TED WINTERER	12,034	-49%	26%	2%	17%	44%	10%	27%	2%
2008	City Council	SUSAN HARTLEY	9,910	57%	16%	20%	11%	22%	7%	17%	1%
2008	City Council	MICHAEL KOVAC	6,340	8%	12%	14%	8%	12%	5%	13%	1%
2008	City Council	JERRY A RUBIN	6,064	3%	12%	26%	8%	18%	5%	11%	1%
	City Council	L M PIERA-AVILA	4,612	25%	10%	8%	7%	32%	4%	6%	1%
2008	City Council	H SILVERSTEIN	3,449	6%	9%	8%	6%	-2%	4%	8%	1%
2008	City Council	JOHN BLAKELY	2,778	9%	8%	13%	5%	6%	3%	5%	0%
2008	City Council	LINDA ARMSTRONG	2,393	17%	6%	8%	4%	12%	2%	3%	0%
2008	City Council	JON LOUIS MANN	2,376	17%	6%	10%	4%	7%	3%	3%	0%
2008	College Trustees	SUSAN AMINOFF	21,201	88%	16%	59%	10%	19%	6%	40%	1%
2008	College Trustees	ROBERT G RADER	20,432	79%	16%	58%	10%	24%	6%	39%	1%
2008	College Trustees	M QUINONES-PEREZ	19,878	76%	15%	42%	10%	58%	6%	35%	1%
2008	College Trustees	HEIDI HOECK	12,590	-28%	22%	11%	15%	62%	9%	25%	1%
2008	Rent Control Board	JOEL C KOURY	22,571	-15%	37%	26%	25%	97%	15%	43%	2%
2008	Rent Control Board	ROBERT KRONOVET	15,162	96%	26%	36%	17%	11%	10%	27%	2%
2008	Rent Control Board	CHRISTOPHER BRAUN	15,107	-6%	21%	-3%	14%	63%	8%	30%	1%
	Board of Education	LAURIE LIEBERMAN	15,600	20%	19%	40%	14%	46%	9%	42%	1%
2010	Board of Education	OSCAR DE LA TORRE	14,022	-2%	17%	43%	13%	94%	8%	33%	1%
2010	Board of Education	RALPH MECHUR	12,300	7%	16%	23%	12%	52%	8%	32%	1%
	Board of Education	NIMISH PATEL	10,588	31%	24%	10%	18%	20%	12%	29%	1%
2010	Board of Education	BARRY A SNELL	9,610	18%	17%	60%	13%	8%	8%	26%	1%
2010	Board of Education	PATRICK CADY	8,948	57%	14%	35%	11%	33%	7%	20%	1%
2010	Board of Education	CHRIS BLEY	8,930	88%	16%	56%	12%	9%	8%	20%	1%
	Board of Education	JAKE WACHTEL	4,874	51%	14%	18%	11%	1%	7%	11%	1%
	City Council (Full)	KEVIN MCKEOWN	16,336	12%	24%	39%	18%	63%	12%	43%	1%
	City Council (Full)	PAM O'CONNOR	14,532	15%	22%	46%	17%	52%	11%	38%	1%
	City Council (Full)	BOB HOLBROOK	12,773	56%	28%	32%	22%	19%	14%	34%	2%
	City Council (Full)	TED WINTERER	12,719	5%	28%	42%	21%	21%	14%	36%	2%
	City Council (Full)	JEAN MCNEIL WYNER	4,013	53%	13%	28%	10%	-14%	7%	10%	1%
	City Council (Full)	JERRY RUBIN	3,730	-9%	10%	22%	7%	11%	5%	10%	1%
	City Council (Full)	JON LOUIS MANN	3,525	10%	10%	7%	8%	26%	5%	8%	1%
	City Council (Full)	TERENCE LATER	2,931	2%	10%	17%	8%	5%	5%	8%	1%
	City Council (Full)	DANIEL CODY	2,764	11%	7%	7%	5%	4%	3%	7%	0%
	City Council (Full)	LINDA ARMSTRONG	1,700	5%	6%	2%	4%	16%	3%	3%	0%
	City Council (Short)	TERRY O'DAY	15,944	4%	21%	32%	16%	69%	10%	42%	1%
	City Council (Short)	GLEAM OLIVIA DAVIS	13,369	22%	16%	39%	12%	46%	8%	35%	1%
2010	City Council (Short)	ROBERT KRONOVET	7,155	64%	16%	40%	12%	7%	8%	16%	1%

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Year	Office	Alternative	Votes	Est.	Std. Error	Est.	Std. Error	Est.	Std. Error	Est.	Std. Error
2010	City Council (Short)	SUSAN HARTLEY	6,329	21%	17%	29%	13%	27%	9%	15%	1%
2010	City Council (Short)	DAVID GANEZER	5,240	35%	13%	27%	10%	-8%	6%	14%	1%
2010	Rent Control Board (Full)	M KORADE WILSON	15,749	-33%	29%	33%	22%	99%	14%	40%	2%
2010	Rent Control Board (Full)	BILL WINSLOW	14,984	-9%	18%	42%	13%	62%	9%	40%	1%
2010	Rent Control Board (Full)	TODD FLORA	14,145	-7%	21%	37%	16%	70%	10%	37%	1%
2010	Rent Control Board (Shor	t CHRIS BRAUN	17,214	-15%	25%	45%	19%	91%	12%	44%	2%
2012	Board of Education	BEN ALLEN	21,421	46%	20%	34%	8%	59%	6%	44%	1%
2012	Board of Education	MARIA LEON-VAZQUEZ	17,579	28%	22%	29%	9%	92%	7%	32%	1%
2012	Board of Education	JOSE ESCARCE	15,747	54%	21%	20%	8%	62%	6%	29%	1%
2012	Board of Education	CRAIG FOSTER	11,692	48%	14%	21%	6%	24%	4%	23%	1%
2012	Board of Education	KAREN FARRER	8,394	58%	12%	17%	5%	12%	4%	15%	1%
2012	Board of Education	SETH JACOBSON	5,926	50%	12%	12%	5%	-2%	4%	11%	1%
2012	City Council	TED WINTERER	17,714	-13%	32%	13%	13%	47%	10%	41%	2%
2012	City Council	TERRY O'DAY	17,122	-4%	20%	36%	8%	61%	6%	36%	1%
2012	City Council	GLEAM OLIVIA DAVIS	15,214	28%	20%	42%	8%	41%	6%	31%	1%
2012	City Council	TONY VAZQUEZ	11,937	16%	20%	11%	8%	90%	6%	20%	1%
2012	City Council	SHARI DAVIS	10,843	48%	26%	16%	11%	0%	8%	24%	2%
2012	City Council	RICHARD MCKINNON	8,039	36%	21%	10%	8%	3%	6%	17%	1%
2012	City Council	JOHN CYRUS SMITH	6,612	49%	12%	7%	5%	14%	4%	12%	1%
2012	City Council	FRANK GRUBER	6,164	61%	24%	-7%	10%	8%	7%	11%	2%
2012	City Council	JONATHAN MANN	5,134	-2%	11%	13%	4%	21%	3%	10%	1%
2012	City Council	BOB SELDON	4,280	64%	17%	8%	7%	-7%	5%	7%	1%
2012	City Council	ARMEN MELKONIANS	3,957	22%	10%	15%	4%	2%	3%	8%	1%
2012	City Council	TERENCE LATER	3,755	-5%	12%	12%	5%	1%	4%	9%	1%
2012	City Council	JERRY P. RUBIN	3,069	-10%	8%	8%	3%	11%	3%	7%	1%
2012	City Council	ROBERTO GOMEZ	2,916	17%	8%	8%	3%	29%	2%	3%	1%
2012	City Council	STEVE DURON	2,464	23%	8%	4%	3%	5%	2%	4%	0%
2012	Rent Control Board	CD WALTON	12,444	17%	23%	34%	9%	44%	7%	24%	1%
2012	Rent Control Board	ILSE ROSENSTEIN	12,181	25%	24%	29%	10%	44%	7%	23%	2%
2012	Rent Control Board	ROBERT KRONOVET	10,917	96%	18%	24%	7%	8%	5%	20%	1%
2014	Board of Education	LAURIE LIEBERMAN	13,492	44%	20%	40%	11%	52%	8%	48%	1%
2014	Board of Education	R TAHVILDARAN-JESSWEII	10,910	51%	20%	29%	11%	54%	8%	37%	1%
2014	Board of Education	OSCAR DE LA TORRE	10,621	28%	17%	44%	9%	88%	7%	33%	1%
2014	Board of Education	RALPH MECHUR	10,529	60%	21%	26%	11%	32%	9%	37%	1%
2014	Board of Education	CRAIG FOSTER	8,479	39%	16%	16%	9%	42%	6%	29%	1%
2014	Board of Education	DHUN MAY	4,372	17%	13%	20%	7%	35%	5%	13%	1%
2014	Board of Education	PATTY FINER	4,372	29%	11%	22%	6%	26%	4%	13%	1%
2014	City Council	KEVIN MCKEOWN	10,138	58%	24%	18%	13%	52%	10%	34%	2%
2014	City Council	SUE HIMMELRICH	9,262	10%	19%	34%	10%	34%	8%	34%	1%

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Year	Office	Alternative	Votes	Est.	Std. Error	Est.	Std. Error	Est.	Std. Error	Est.	Std. Error
2014	City Council	PAM O'CONNOR	6,696	21%	15%	26%	8%	37%	6%	22%	1%
2014	City Council	PHIL BROCK	5,854	66%	20%	14%	11%	8%	8%	19%	1%
2014	City Council	FRANK GRUBER	5,222	16%	17%	8%	9%	35%	7%	18%	1%
2014	City Council	JENNIFER KENNEDY	5,037	-13%	19%	18%	10%	28%	8%	19%	1%
2014	City Council	RICHARD MCKINNON	4,890	47%	19%	11%	11%	10%	8%	16%	1%
2014	City Council	MICHAEL FEINSTEIN	3,729	4%	13%	16%	7%	22%	5%	13%	1%
2014	City Council	TERENCE LATER	1,874	7%	12%	4%	7%	-1%	5%	7%	1%
2014	City Council	JERRY RUBIN	1,635	2%	8%	12%	4%	8%	3%	5%	1%
2014	City Council	JON MANN	1,594	4%	8%	15%	4%	7%	3%	5%	1%
2014	City Council	NICK BOLES	1,328	2%	7%	5%	4%	5%	3%	5%	0%
2014	City Council	WHITNEY SCOTT BAIN	1,317	15%	7%	8%	4%	6%	3%	4%	0%
2014	City Council	ZOE MUNTANER	791	-4%	6%	2%	3%	8%	2%	3%	0%
2014	College Trustees	NANCY GREENSTEIN	12,785	41%	18%	34%	10%	56%	7%	45%	1%
2014	College Trustees	LOUISE JAFFE	12,497	43%	21%	29%	11%	41%	8%	45%	1%
2014	College Trustees	BARRY A SNELL	10,209	61%	19%	37%	10%	37%	8%	35%	1%
2014	College Trustees	ANDREW WALZER	9,569	38%	15%	28%	8%	42%	6%	33%	1%
2014	College Trustees	DENNIS C W FRISCH	8,783	56%	19%	24%	10%	65%	8%	27%	1%
2014	College Trustees	MARIA LOYA	7,971	26%	17%	42%	9%	84%	7%	23%	1%
2014	Rent Control Board	NICOLE PHILLIS	7,790	-16%	23%	27%	12%	61%	9%	27%	1%
2014	Rent Control Board	STEVE DURON	6,746	-4%	19%	24%	10%	46%	8%	23%	1%
2014	Rent Control Board	TODD FLORA	6,480	-6%	17%	17%	9%	52%	7%	22%	1%
2016	City Council	TERRY O'DAY	19,263	40%	17%	28%	8%	45%	5%	37%	1%
	City Council	TONY VAZQUEZ	18,456	20%	22%	22%	10%	65%	7%	34%	2%
2016	City Council	TED WINTERER	18,156	-5%	26%	23%	12%	20%	8%	41%	2%
	City Council	GLEAM OLIVIA DAVIS	17,842	34%	21%	35%	10%	29%	6%	35%	2%
2016	City Council	ARMEN MELKONIANS	12,603	58%	21%	14%	9%	9%	6%	24%	2%
	City Council	OSCAR DE LA TORRE	11,256	25%	15%	26%	6%	87%	4%	14%	1%
	City Council	JAMES T WATSON	6,170	21%	12%	27%	5%	2%	4%	12%	1%
	City Council	MENDE SMITH	5,212	0%	11%	13%	5%	14%	3%	10%	1%
	City Council	TERENCE LATER	5,102	8%	12%	6%	5%	3%	3%	11%	1%
	City Council	JON MANN	3,959	8%	8%	11%	4%	6%	3%	8%	1%
	College Trustees	SUSAN AMINOFF	21,770	13%	17%	42%	8%	49%	5%	44%	1%
	College Trustees	M QUINONES-PEREZ	19,576	1%	18%	37%	8%	85%	5%	36%	1%
	College Trustees	ROB G RADER	19,246	43%	18%	39%	8%	37%	5%	37%	1%
	College Trustees	SION ROY	16,651	50%	18%	31%	8%	30%	5%	31%	1%
2016	Rent Control Board	CAROLINE M TOROSIS	15,596	4%	22%	43%	10%	35%	6%	31%	2%
	Rent Control Board	ANASTASIA FOSTER	13,825	-7%	21%	33%	10%	34%	6%	28%	2%
	Rent Control Board	E GOLDEN-GEALER	8,491	19%	12%	20%	5%	21%	4%	16%	1%
2016	Rent Control Board	C D WALTON	7,728	7%	13%	28%	6%	13%	4%	15%	1%

				Asian	1		Black			Latina/o			White	
Year Office	Alternative	Votes	Est.	CI Low	CI High	Est.	CI Low	CI High	Est.	CI Low	CI High	Est.	CI Low	CI High
2002 Board of Education	EMILY BLOOMFIELD	11,885	527	162	1,054	373	116	714	786	346	1,307	10,210	9,553	10,811
2002 Board of Education	JULIA BROWNLEY	11,793	546	177	1,034	400	126	759	904	423	1,432	9,949	9,291	10,552
2002 Board of Education	OSCAR DE LA TORRE	9,541	488	152	967	508	143	918	1,608	1,034	2,209	6,942	6,255	7,559
2002 Board of Education	SHANE MCLOUD	9,250	587	187	1,141	380	126	709	614	224	1,064	7,682	7,023	8,263
2002 Board of Education	BRENDA GOTTFRIED	7,582	604	192	1,164	367	105	684	536	215	937	6,091	5,463	6,653
2002 Board of Education	ANN COCHRAN	3,889	536	181	1,006	480	194	791	452	164	815	2,442	1,928	2,905
2002 Board of Education	(Abstain)		456	107	966	680	277	1,185	2,608	1,855	3,344	41,781	40,895	42,593
2002 City Council	PAM O'CONNOR	10,797	239	54	499	277	90	527	661	282	1,075	9,613	9,169	10,038
2002 City Council	KEVIN MCKEOWN	10,675	285	85	608	273	85	513	804	429	1,214	9,301	8,801	9,741
2002 City Council	ABBY ARNOLD	8,779	245	79	523	240	76	458	449	157	786	7,848	7,426	8,238
2002 City Council	BOB HOLBROOK	8,711	311	95	634	169	55	329	257	78	491	7,966	7,564	8,316
2002 City Council	MATTEO DINOLFO	6,600	304	92	583	150	40	302	262	88	489	5,885	5,536	6,216
2002 City Council	JOSEFINA S ARANADA	5,562	374	120	740	300	99	564	1,126	723	1,516	3,764	3,282	4,217
2002 City Council	CHUCK ALLORD	2,469	284	94	552	104	40	198	135	56	259	1,963	1,677	2,199
2002 City Council	JERRY RUBIN	1,989	230	74	432	185	65	335	196	69	382	1,397	1,139	1,649
2002 City Council	PRO SE	1,433	247	94	419	315	141	498	280	105	488	603	389	832
2002 City Council	(Abstain)		290	82	585	378	143	676	1,461	983	1,953	15,482	14,892	16,000
2002 Measure HH	No	14,244	260	84	498	301	121	504	1,164	824	1,471	12,502	12,124	12,882
2002 Measure HH	Yes	7,697	289	95	546	226	75	415	375	101	668	6,807	6,439	7,152
2002 Measure HH	(Abstain)		387	149	633	269	101	448	339	134	583	1,965	1,653	2,279
2002 Measure II	No	14,409	265	80	506	305	127	506	1,166	854	1,460	12,653	12,271	13,023
2002 Measure II	Yes	7,874	285	96	541	220	75	403	432	176	722	6,939	6,581	7,282
2002 Measure II	(Abstain)		386	143	636	271	109	442	279	109	491	1,682	1,388	1,976
2004 Board of Education	MARIA LEON-VAZQUES	16,337	993	304	1,948	631	192	1,217	2,036	1,140	2,972	12,689	11,481	13,792
2004 Board of Education	JOSE ESCARCE	16,307	1,004	331	1,991	495	163	986	1,409	635	2,251	13,412	12,212	14,439
2004 Board of Education	ANA M JARA	13,722	950	324	1,866	728	243	1,357	2,387	1,400	3,364	9,665	8,469	10,775
2004 Board of Education	KATHY WISNICKI	12,994	1,186	366	2,271	430	146	845	689	177	1,354	10,700	9,575	11,675
2004 Board of Education	(Abstain)		922	273	1,858	1,675	992	2,413	2,914	1,800	4,122	47,794	46,378	49,045
2004 City Council	BOBBY SHRIVER	17,486	304	88	636	232	71	474	529	192	964	16,411	15,859	16,919
2004 City Council	RICHARD BLOOM	12,503	300	89	640	336	101	628	1,144	632	1,691	10,721	10,108	11,325
2004 City Council	HERB KATZ	10,577	302	85	621	185	57	375	399	140	729	9,683	9,225	10,104
2004 City Council	KEN GENSER	9,838	280	84	579	301	95	592	925	454	1,463	8,333	7,748	8,868
2004 City Council	PATRICIA HOFFMAN	9,603	284	84	600	362	116	690	872	408	1,361	8,087	7,537	8,615
2004 City Council	MARIA LOYA	9,009	248	82	529	407	125	796	2,409	1,748	3,043	5,930	5,301	6,526
2004 City Council	MATT DINOLFO	8,746	273	70	612	164	50	337	285	90	558	8,013	7,565	8,376
2004 City Council	KATHRYN J MOREA	7,656	321	92	676	195	57	395	309	108	591	6,836	6,372	7,221
2004 City Council	MICHAEL FEINSTEIN	5,867	325	92	666	264	85	513	724	330	1,142	4,566	4,080	5,036
2004 City Council	DAVID COLE	3,065	639	195	1,198	168	61	319	265	94	508	2,012	1,464	2,490
2004 City Council	LETICIA M ANDERSON	2,536	502	165	886	285	105	527	511	217	835	1,252	805	1,675

					Asian			Black			Latina/o			White	
Year	Office	Alternative	Votes	Est.	CI Low	CI High	Est.	CI Low	CI High	Est.	CI Low	CI High	Est.	CI Low	CI High
2004	City Council	BILL BAUER	2,473	710	264	1,188	167	51	318	257	97	483	1,354	878	1,821
2004	City Council	L MENDELSOHN	2,327	668	266	1,103	187	64	351	287	113	519	1,203	785	1,627
2004	City Council	TOM VISCOUNT	2,152	360	125	653	232	82	419	368	144	631	1,208	874	1,531
2004	City Council	JONATHAN MANN	1,326	585	328	799	162	52	297	223	85	413	369	187	620
2004	City Council	LINDA ARMSTRONG	793	325	192	451	163	56	279	172	74	306	153	86	240
2004	City Council	(Abstain)		297	79	629	1,249	693	1,854	2,675	1,764	3,629	39,208	38,311	40,125
2004	College Trustees	SUSAN AMINOFF	14,402	533	167	1,083	445	146	846	1,211	635	1,830	12,216	11,451	12,909
2004	College Trustees	ROBERT G RADER	11,168	513	147	1,092	358	122	676	817	359	1,336	9,489	8,766	10,109
2004	College Trustees	M R QUINONES	9,500	682	220	1,369	446	147	855	1,436	798	2,064	6,947	6,134	7,660
2004	College Trustees	M DOUGLAS WILLIS	9,427	505	146	1,037	423	143	776	953	419	1,534	7,558	6,855	8,165
2004	College Trustees	CHARLES DONALDSON	6,809	783	252	1,494	359	116	681	1,051	502	1,638	4,629	3,790	5,343
2004	College Trustees	TONJA MCCOY	5,509	714	218	1,385	376	129	678	577	220	1,015	3,860	3,147	4,468
2004	College Trustees	SUSANNE TRIMBATH	4,326	774	258	1,439	312	115	563	445	167	816	2,814	2,125	3,426
2004	College Trustees	(Abstain)		540	158	1,085	1,076	552	1,652	2,776	1,847	3,767	46,493	45,486	47,419
2006	Board of Education	EMILY BLOOMFIELD	11,528	508	148	1,046	411	138	756	866	359	1,415	9,753	9,064	10,373
2006	Board of Education	OSCAR DE LA TORRE	10,607	508	156	1,084	489	144	919	1,515	886	2,182	8,103	7,357	8,757
2006	Board of Education	KELLY MCMAHON PYE	10,105	517	166	1,047	387	132	723	796	326	1,327	8,416	7,748	9,005
2006	Board of Education	BARRY A SNELL	9,004	513	169	1,020	344	85	648	581	228	1,017	7,583	6,985	8,125
2006	Board of Education	SHANE MCLOUD	6,806	647	210	1,231	372	125	681	702	272	1,185	5,103	4,432	5,696
2006	Board of Education	SIDONIE SMITH	3,629	851	333	1,395	393	152	672	496	189	874	1,909	1,356	2,492
2006	Board of Education	(Abstain)		480	132	1,031	792	319	1,348	2,945	2,142	3,738	43,429	42,565	44,257
2006	City Council	KEVIN MCKEOWN	10,390	228	61	481	281	82	539	934	532	1,350	8,936	8,489	9,368
2006	City Council	PAM O'CONNOR	9,588	233	73	475	313	97	587	818	423	1,234	8,216	7,790	8,627
2006	City Council	BOB HOLBROOK	8,870	252	71	539	222	72	424	473	202	782	7,912	7,513	8,275
2006	City Council	TERRY O'DAY	8,454	245	72	508	243	74	459	529	228	872	7,437	7,030	7,804
2006	City Council	GLEAM OLIVIA DAVIS	6,871	245	69	525	199	63	387	389	153	679	6,044	5,667	6,375
2006	City Council	JENNA LINNEKENS	2,257	259	81	504	144	51	262	189	75	352	1,686	1,416	1,921
2006	City Council	TERENCE LATER	1,949	282	83	537	142	52	263	235	79	423	1,302	1,021	1,562
2006	City Council	MARK C MCLELLAN	1,518	325	111	567	106	41	196	134	52	252	972	721	1,209
2006	City Council	LINDA ARMSTRONG	1,389	324	130	541	199	74	350	332	134	535	550	326	780
2006	City Council	JONATHAN MANN	1,170	397	190	602	115	42	215	180	73	328	496	297	712
2006	City Council	(Abstain)		228	69	482	426	151	754	1,712	1,212	2,194	19,670	19,134	20,189
2006	College Trustees	NANCY GREENSTEIN	11,841	498	162	988	477	162	870	1,085	542	1,666	9,790	9,121	10,394
2006	College Trustees	LOUISE JAFFE	11,440	508	131	1,037	396	139	744	957	429	1,511	9,586	8,875	10,237
2006	College Trustees	DAVID B FINKEL	10,106	528	164	1,079	417	92	762	718	288	1,226	8,456	7,772	9,031
2006	College Trustees	ANDREW WALZER	9,395	531	170	1,070	451	156	831	968	464	1,533	7,456	6,783	8,046
2006	College Trustees	TOM DONNER	6,500	659	203	1,270	385	137	692	609	236	1,054	4,865	4,204	5,451
2006	College Trustees	SUSANNA KIM BRACKE	3,789	800	308	1,359	327	125	569	449	179	806	2,234	1,662	2,773
2006	College Trustees	(Abstain)		501	162	1,020	736	310	1,254	3,113	2,285	3,935	41,909	41,011	42,772

					Asian			Black			Latina/o			White	
Year	Office	Alternative	Votes	Est.	CI Low	CI High	Est.	CI Low	CI High	Est.	CI Low	CI High	Est.	CI Low	CI High
2006	Rent Control Board	JENNIFER KENNEDY	9,058	507	159	1,007	478	167	849	810	333	1,385	7,276	6,596	7,890
2006	Rent Control Board	M KORADE-WILSON	8,604	539	158	1,101	457	169	810	882	383	1,421	6,738	6,064	7,327
2006	Rent Control Board	ZELIA MOLLICA	7,534	574	163	1,125	513	198	890	945	419	1,519	5,515	4,820	6,146
2006	Rent Control Board	ROBERT KRONOVET	4,576	919	358	1,522	320	113	568	464	179	822	2,890	2,249	3,505
2006	Rent Control Board	(Abstain)		478	136	1,031	622	236	1,065	2,824	2,084	3,576	40,803	39,952	41,611
2008	Board of Education	BEN ALLEN	22,153	1,401	470	2,586	861	314	1,524	1,663	742	2,703	18,245	16,845	19,460
2008	Board of Education	MARIA LEON-VAZQUEZ	21,966	1,438	486	2,710	899	301	1,671	3,421	2,171	4,637	16,223	14,777	17,564
2008	Board of Education	JOSE ESCARCE	19,256	1,509	543	2,826	847	293	1,515	2,378	1,319	3,446	14,540	13,147	15,849
2008	Board of Education	CHRIS BLEY	17,535	2,129	795	3,630	827	336	1,419	1,380	588	2,338	13,219	11,591	14,690
2008	Board of Education	(Abstain)		1,398	422	2,715	1,951	1,084	2,842	3,646	2,223	5,120	64,761	63,151	66,237
2008	City Council	BOBBY SHRIVER	24,258	766	222	1,583	535	201	938	863	335	1,480	22,081	21,101	22,884
2008	City Council	RICHARD BLOOM	20,205	738	259	1,461	684	270	1,206	1,924	1,081	2,772	16,857	15,894	17,705
2008	City Council	KEN GENSER	19,119	668	213	1,348	599	202	1,123	1,965	1,149	2,798	15,887	14,989	16,716
2008	City Council	HERB KATZ	17,189	760	201	1,502	425	104	808	1,211	560	1,892	14,790	13,874	15,625
2008	City Council	TED WINTERER	12,034	440	124	911	366	110	710	1,169	584	1,802	10,058	9,353	10,694
2008	City Council	SUSAN HARTLEY	9,910	971	336	1,768	439	152	792	959	439	1,566	7,556	6,687	8,327
2008	City Council	MICHAEL KOVAC	6,340	739	273	1,341	346	132	615	573	204	1,034	4,707	4,058	5,302
2008	City Council	JERRY A RUBIN	6,064	608	217	1,164	532	214	900	873	363	1,411	4,071	3,411	4,665
2008	City Council	L M PIERA-AVILA	4,612	849	342	1,378	394	145	718	1,262	773	1,764	2,123	1,536	2,738
2008	City Council	H SILVERSTEIN	3,449	632	256	1,076	173	64	316	236	107	436	2,436	1,990	2,843
2008	City Council	JOHN BLAKELY	2,778	718	311	1,171	257	104	455	380	154	682	1,448	991	1,904
2008	City Council	LINDA ARMSTRONG	2,393	857	446	1,243	321	113	561	451	181	771	788	437	1,182
2008	City Council	JON LOUIS MANN	2,376	960	507	1,412	293	107	506	445	184	758	698	244	1,173
2008	City Council	(Abstain)		794	213	1,598	1,815	1,105	2,548	4,341	3,135	5,492	65,815	64,546	67,006
2008	College Trustees	SUSAN AMINOFF	21,201	1,841	647	3,324	942	380	1,579	1,379	543	2,383	17,056	15,437	18,460
2008	College Trustees	ROBERT G RADER	20,432	1,840	632	3,349	960	414	1,618	1,461	593	2,482	16,189	14,683	17,539
2008	College Trustees	M QUINONES-PEREZ	19,878	1,972	708	3,556	977	389	1,697	2,259	1,198	3,354	14,688	12,957	16,197
2008	College Trustees	HEIDI HOECK	12,590	959	309	1,860	770	287	1,412	2,242	1,211	3,258	8,638	7,537	9,671
2008	College Trustees	(Abstain)		1,258	377	2,481	1,737	823	2,718	5,145	3,542	6,716	70,212	68,508	71,721
2008	Rent Control Board	JOEL C KOURY	22,571	964	306	1,927	958	363	1,625	3,158	1,958	4,360	17,486	16,208	18,678
2008	Rent Control Board	ROBERT KRONOVET	15,162	1,961	810	3,139	612	199	1,104	1,053	375	1,854	11,552	10,270	12,815
2008	Rent Control Board	CHRISTOPHER BRAUN	15,107	1,156	363	2,226	651	238	1,187	1,828	904	2,702	11,492	10,210	12,560
2008	Rent Control Board	(Abstain)		1,169	366	2,338	1,369	717	2,119	2,287	1,160	3,495	44,128	42,667	45,387
2010	Board of Education	LAURIE LIEBERMAN	15,600	710	231	1,421	645	249	1,085	1,237	555	1,951	12,989	12,113	13,734
2010	Board of Education	OSCAR DE LA TORRE	14,022	680	143	1,330	771	314	1,314	2,371	1,523	3,172	10,179	9,317	10,967
2010	Board of Education	RALPH MECHUR	12,300	672	196	1,333	531	179	966	1,250	587	1,933	9,848	9,029	10,556
2010	Board of Education	NIMISH PATEL	10,588	680	223	1,333	336	110	636	641	270	1,116	8,922	8,181	9,536
2010	Board of Education	BARRY A SNELL	9,610	672	232	1,259	594	264	957	702	250	1,238	7,649	6,936	8,255
2010	Board of Education	PATRICK CADY	8,948	988	364	1,758	567	214	971	1,133	514	1,763	6,272	5,405	7,027

					Asian			Black			Latina/o			White	
Year	Office	Alternative	Votes	Est.	CI Low	CI High	Est.	CI Low	CI High	Est.	CI Low	CI High	Est.	CI Low	CI High
2010 Board of E	Education	CHRIS BLEY	8,930	1,219	507	2,069	576	237	935	832	335	1,380	6,299	5,417	7,099
2010 Board of E	Education	JAKE WACHTEL	4,874	923	383	1,521	241	89	437	361	163	653	3,358	2,739	3,953
2010 Board of E	Education	(Abstain)		804	251	1,555	1,263	603	1,968	3,601	2,502	4,733	61,680	60,598	62,731
2010 City Coun	icil (Full)	KEVIN MCKEOWN	16,336	480	146	950	561	196	1,010	1,523	866	2,220	13,736	13,055	14,357
2010 City Coun	icil (Full)	PAM O'CONNOR	14,532	440	134	878	621	261	1,042	1,349	710	1,971	12,087	11,445	12,686
2010 City Coun	icil (Full)	BOB HOLBROOK	12,773	530	185	1,034	410	157	709	836	389	1,330	10,936	10,327	11,463
2010 City Coun	icil (Full)	TED WINTERER	12,719	417	140	828	417	149	704	677	276	1,210	11,177	10,575	11,686
2010 City Coun	icil (Full)	JEAN MCNEIL WYNER	4,013	682	286	1,154	192	77	341	184	58	376	2,955	2,465	3,376
2010 City Coun	icil (Full)	JERRY RUBIN	3,730	403	144	777	298	105	515	461	180	787	2,594	2,161	2,965
2010 City Coun	icil (Full)	JON LOUIS MANN	3,525	517	193	892	279	106	505	676	332	1,019	2,071	1,637	2,489
2010 City Coun	icil (Full)	TERENCE LATER	2,931	451	156	803	243	91	418	316	116	571	1,941	1,553	2,296
2010 City Coun	icil (Full)	DANIEL CODY	2,764	593	261	969	168	72	303	253	104	468	1,778	1,379	2,145
2010 City Coun	icil (Full)	LINDA ARMSTRONG	1,700	469	200	735	191	76	351	404	168	650	659	398	945
2010 City Coun	icil (Full)	(Abstain)		530	163	1,034	761	325	1,211	2,418	1,667	3,259	35,462	34,630	36,269
2010 City Coun	icil (Short)	TERRY O'DAY	15,944	502	162	995	535	176	958	1,657	962	2,357	13,211	12,516	13,859
2010 City Coun	icil (Short)	GLEAM OLIVIA DAVIS	13,369	574	188	1,070	508	188	899	1,260	663	1,855	11,007	10,356	11,626
2010 City Coun	icil (Short)	ROBERT KRONOVET	7,155	877	353	1,442	451	185	742	588	209	1,047	5,237	4,613	5,857
2010 City Coun	icil (Short)	SUSAN HARTLEY	6,329	561	183	1,056	435	171	738	921	447	1,414	4,419	3,792	4,982
2010 City Coun	icil (Short)	DAVID GANEZER	5,240	605	179	1,100	227	86	414	281	114	531	4,139	3,599	4,614
2010 City Coun	icil (Short)	(Abstain)		555	187	1,113	606	260	996	1,356	745	1,992	25,584	24,823	26,276
2010 Rent Cont	trol Board (Full)	M KORADE WILSON	15,749	1,007	186	2,092	831	325	1,491	2,461	1,351	3,471	11,453	10,205	12,579
2010 Rent Cont	trol Board (Full)	BILL WINSLOW	14,984	1,232	370	2,299	841	340	1,430	1,605	712	2,533	11,320	10,058	12,397
2010 Rent Cont	trol Board (Full)	TODD FLORA	14,145	1,293	451	2,328	792	274	1,407	1,772	827	2,725	10,302	9,108	11,381
2010 Rent Cont	trol Board (Full)	(Abstain)		1,978	841	3,355	1,679	911	2,491	3,258	2,071	4,475	62,323	60,775	63,746
2010 Rent Cont	trol Board (Sho	rt CHRIS BRAUN	17,214	712	178	1,357	761	386	1,115	2,221	1,593	2,699	13,503	12,744	14,247
2010 Rent Cont	trol Board (Sho	rt (Abstain)		1,125	480	1,659	620	266	995	811	333	1,439	18,296	17,552	19,055
2012 Board of E	Education	BEN ALLEN	21,421	922	266	1,829	898	367	1,499	2,031	1,129	2,856	17,572	16,515	18,515
2012 Board of E	Education	MARIA LEON-VAZQUEZ	17,579	966	291	1,902	820	318	1,400	3,281	2,315	4,211	12,516	11,395	13,513
2012 Board of E	Education	JOSE ESCARCE	15,747	1,009	324	2,017	684	290	1,155	2,063	1,237	2,871	12,002	10,871	12,971
2012 Board of E	Education	CRAIG FOSTER	11,692	1,085	358	2,089	656	282	1,091	1,050	486	1,728	8,925	7,782	9,832
2012 Board of E	Education	KAREN FARRER	8,394	1,384	484	2,457	509	221	862	773	310	1,343	5,756	4,653	6,714
2012 Board of E	Education	SETH JACOBSON	5,926	1,432	548	2,424	295	115	533	388	169	718	3,838	2,884	4,713
2012 Board of E	Education	(Abstain)		804	266	1,676	2,805	1,997	3,572	2,483	1,398	3,617	56,890	55,696	57,980
2012 City Coun	ncil	TED WINTERER	17,714	478	159	972	559	231	955	1,143	572	1,768	15,522	14,817	16,187
2012 City Coun	ncil	TERRY O'DAY	17,122	561	182	1,139	742	323	1,263	1,951	1,220	2,702	13,861	13,053	14,607
2012 City Coun	ncil	GLEAM OLIVIA DAVIS	15,214	585	179	1,155	825	402	1,301	1,449	774	2,145	12,351	11,581	13,064
2012 City Coun	ncil	TONY VAZQUEZ	11,937	570	180	1,155	488	180	889	3,008	2,292	3,705	7,868	7,077	8,600
2012 City Coun	ncil	SHARI DAVIS	10,843	634	198	1,272	394	158	680	505	177	917	9,314	8,641	9,894
2012 City Coun	ncil	RICHARD MCKINNON	8,039	524	173	1,051	301	119	539	305	89	626	6,924	6,345	7,402

El estimated counts of votes cast

					Asian	ĺ		Black			Latina/o			White	
Year	Office	Alternative	Votes	Est.	CI Low	CI High	Est.	CI Low	CI High	Est.	CI Low	CI High	Est.	CI Low	CI High
2012	City Council	JOHN CYRUS SMITH	6,612	858	289	1,534	319	92	593	618	227	1,054	4,839	4,124	5,475
2012	City Council	FRANK GRUBER	6,164	564	185	1,110	194	78	364	293	120	552	5,118	4,559	5,573
2012	City Council	JONATHAN MANN	5,134	589	197	1,111	389	160	652	829	422	1,261	3,351	2,742	3,883
2012	City Council	BOB SELDON	4,280	760	273	1,325	156	59	305	232	106	427	3,148	2,571	3,660
2012	City Council	ARMEN MELKONIANS	3,957	797	297	1,365	313	130	523	354	155	632	2,518	1,954	3,051
2012	City Council	TERENCE LATER	3,755	516	182	959	257	107	450	292	120	533	2,714	2,251	3,111
2012	City Council	JERRY P. RUBIN	3,069	547	199	971	252	87	444	512	197	847	1,786	1,315	2,237
2012	City Council	ROBERTO GOMEZ	2,916	769	394	1,137	281	120	485	1,342	1,010	1,674	539	225	966
2012	City Council	STEVE DURON	2,464	878	431	1,319	173	68	317	292	125	514	1,146	718	1,602
2012	City Council	(Abstain)		506	158	1,039	3,247	2,499	4,010	2,967	1,922	4,030	65,663	64,627	66,653
2012	Rent Control Board	CD WALTON	12,444	946	310	1,916	838	337	1,378	1,810	975	2,602	8,869	7,754	9,786
2012	Rent Control Board	ILSE ROSENSTEIN	12,181	1,059	322	2,075	799	347	1,301	1,854	1,015	2,644	8,485	7,344	9,494
2012	Rent Control Board	ROBERT KRONOVET	10,917	2,255	1,023	3,385	591	244	1,008	754	225	1,351	7,338	6,142	8,583
2012	Rent Control Board	(Abstain)		808	256	1,684	2,215	1,475	2,927	3,629	2,578	4,705	53,640	52,485	54,729
2014	Board of Education	LAURIE LIEBERMAN	13,492	684	224	1,344	589	243	995	970	463	1,526	11,254	10,498	11,910
2014	Board of Education	R TAHVILDARAN-JESSWEII	10,910	731	235	1,421	494	200	844	998	514	1,498	8,696	7,932	9,361
2014	Board of Education	OSCAR DE LA TORRE	10,621	674	216	1,283	621	259	1,079	1,683	1,090	2,264	7,652	6,927	8,332
2014	Board of Education	RALPH MECHUR	10,529	759	260	1,414	422	158	743	659	274	1,104	8,701	7,968	9,332
2014	Board of Education	CRAIG FOSTER	8,479	706	264	1,279	368	139	675	810	411	1,252	6,615	5,977	7,185
2014	Board of Education	DHUN MAY	4,372	609	234	1,063	384	146	652	777	404	1,155	2,627	2,101	3,114
2014	Board of Education	PATTY FINER	4,372	765	308	1,285	354	145	606	628	308	984	2,653	2,096	3,177
2014	Board of Education	(Abstain)		668	187	1,342	1,807	1,193	2,422	1,771	1,070	2,509	46,186	45,285	47,014
2014	City Council	KEVIN MCKEOWN	10,138	388	127	759	334	130	581	800	470	1,124	8,591	8,109	9,032
2014	City Council	SUE HIMMELRICH	9,262	284	97	559	385	161	629	625	319	972	7,955	7,541	8,339
2014	City Council	PAM O'CONNOR	6,696	330	97	612	339	134	571	676	364	991	5,352	4,956	5,719
2014	City Council	PHIL BROCK	5,854	342	112	640	235	88	406	291	94	505	4,986	4,631	5,309
2014	City Council	FRANK GRUBER	5,222	287	101	543	255	94	439	503	252	772	4,179	3,825	4,494
2014	City Council	JENNIFER KENNEDY	5,037	236	82	475	241	96	417	478	242	730	4,081	3,741	4,392
2014	City Council	RICHARD MCKINNON	4,890	288	96	552	194	73	352	242	90	439	4,164	3,844	4,455
2014	City Council	MICHAEL FEINSTEIN	3,729	296	99	557	237	96	398	459	237	701	2,750	2,400	3,055
2014	City Council	TERENCE LATER	1,874	253	92	458	95	35	175	119	49	225	1,423	1,195	1,625
2014	City Council	JERRY RUBIN	1,635	272	103	478	176	75	292	226	81	395	982	728	1,215
2014	City Council	JON MANN	1,594	228	85	410	196	93	313	221	97	373	968	738	1,176
2014	City Council	NICK BOLES	1,328	246	93	424	92	34	174	159	68	284	854	652	1,045
2014	City Council	WHITNEY SCOTT BAIN	1,317	328	141	542	141	60	239	180	69	310	686	461	914
2014	City Council	ZOE MUNTANER	791	147	58	263	92	37	164	188	86	303	384	241	523
2014	City Council	(Abstain)		272	88	545	765	432	1,157	1,054	619	1,481	23,432	22,911	23,907
2014	College Trustees	NANCY GREENSTEIN	12,785	769	251	1,431	533	207	929	1,023	512	1,564	10,472	9,691	11,177
2014	College Trustees	LOUISE JAFFE	12,497	748	206	1,425	504	186	870	790	347	1,301	10,468	9,703	11,169

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					Asian			Black			Latina/o			White	
Year	Office	Alternative	Votes	Est.	CI Low	CI High	Est.	CI Low	CI High	Est.	CI Low	CI High	Est.	CI Low	CI High
2014	College Trustees	BARRY A SNELL	10,209	930	319	1,621	525	206	883	824	391	1,319	7,946	7,167	8,660
2014	College Trustees	ANDREW WALZER	9,569	833	308	1,478	473	186	821	873	427	1,348	7,411	6,698	8,072
2014	College Trustees	DENNIS C W FRISCH	8,783	862	302	1,584	496	197	853	1,233	737	1,756	6,210	5,427	6,939
2014	College Trustees	MARIA LOYA	7,971	707	253	1,294	633	288	1,024	1,698	1,148	2,228	4,950	4,268	5,612
2014	College Trustees	(Abstain)		736	226	1,487	1,877	1,252	2,479	1,855	1,113	2,641	46,724	45,694	47,599
2014	Rent Control Board	NICOLE PHILLIS	7,790	829	313	1,469	528	202	927	1,255	656	1,850	5,202	4,412	5,908
2014	Rent Control Board	STEVE DURON	6,746	903	309	1,568	478	175	849	969	466	1,522	4,423	3,677	5,182
2014	Rent Control Board	TODD FLORA	6,480	947	366	1,594	412	164	743	1,090	566	1,631	4,060	3,311	4,793
2014	Rent Control Board	(Abstain)		1,518	733	2,382	2,362	1,836	2,896	2,908	2,181	3,675	57,103	56,069	58,061
2016	City Council	TERRY O'DAY	19,263	951	368	1,794	851	353	1,452	1,761	911	2,645	15,703	14,679	16,628
2016	City Council	TONY VAZQUEZ	18,456	417	47	1,728	777	296	1,388	2,507	1,572	3,449	14,755	13,389	15,783
2016	City Council	TED WINTERER	18,156	866	375	1,502	635	252	1,086	841	288	1,512	15,818	14,982	16,587
2016	City Council	GLEAM OLIVIA DAVIS	17,842	1,233	463	1,909	838	348	1,404	1,286	562	2,095	14,489	13,509	15,494
2016	City Council	ARMEN MELKONIANS	12,603	1,048	552	2,125	532	227	913	685	275	1,233	10,350	9,274	11,078
2016	City Council	OSCAR DE LA TORRE	11,256	1,829	650	2,796	704	210	1,234	3,577	2,730	4,405	5,155	4,091	6,422
2016	City Council	JAMES T WATSON	6,170	1,742	749	2,419	481	182	806	538	221	972	3,431	2,701	4,367
2016	City Council	MENDE SMITH	5,212	1,354	543	1,987	404	154	703	822	362	1,346	2,659	1,892	3,496
2016	City Council	TERENCE LATER	5,102	888	422	1,543	282	113	514	427	189	775	3,531	2,847	4,095
2016	City Council	JON MANN	3,959	1,459	826	1,989	308	138	537	453	189	797	1,767	1,231	2,370
2016	City Council	(Abstain)		510	136	1,568	3,656	2,704	4,577	5,619	4,268	7,015	78,642	77,207	80,004
2016	College Trustees	SUSAN AMINOFF	21,770	1,640	498	3,259	1,074	417	1,815	2,202	1,107	3,379	16,867	15,137	18,327
2016	College Trustees	M QUINONES-PEREZ	19,576	1,645	397	3,213	983	389	1,788	3,689	2,457	4,885	13,272	11,633	14,788
2016	College Trustees	ROB G RADER	19,246	2,119	729	3,832	1,027	410	1,714	1,725	751	2,789	14,390	12,541	15,928
2016	College Trustees	SION ROY	16,651	2,138	752	3,878	899	334	1,530	1,505	605	2,525	12,127	10,366	13,675
2016	College Trustees	(Abstain)		1,667	543	3,271	3,119	2,099	4,129	4,765	3,295	6,351	67,907	65,983	69,646
2016	Rent Control Board	CAROLINE M TOROSIS	15,596	998	294	2,001	959	424	1,593	1,692	811	2,615	11,954	10,824	12,923
2016	Rent Control Board	ANASTASIA FOSTER	13,825	966	298	1,939	756	327	1,287	1,544	748	2,380	10,569	9,470	11,500
2016	Rent Control Board	E GOLDEN-GEALER	8,491	1,756	716	2,880	565	214	988	1,039	449	1,665	5,151	4,023	6,225
2016	Rent Control Board	C D WALTON	7,728	1,327	453	2,338	631	269	1,038	881	353	1,472	4,913	3,906	5,839
2016	Rent Control Board	(Abstain)		1,101	360	2,192	1,823	1,133	2,513	4,102	3,053	5,101	50,562	49,258	51,762

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				Asian	1		Black			Latina/o			White	
Year Office	Alternative	Votes	Est.	CI Low	CI High	Est.	CI Low	CI High	Est.	CI Low	CI High	Est.	CI Low	CI High
2002 Board of Education	EMILY BLOOMFIELD	11,885	14%	4%	28%	12%	4%	22%	10%	5%	17%	12%	11%	13%
2002 Board of Education	JULIA BROWNLEY	11,793	15%	5%	28%	13%	4%	24%	12%	6%	19%	12%	11%	12%
2002 Board of Education	OSCAR DE LA TORRE	9,541	13%	4%	26%	16%	4%	29%	21%	14%	29%	8%	7%	9%
2002 Board of Education	SHANE MCLOUD	9,250	16%	5%	30%	12%	4%	22%	8%	3%	14%	9%	8%	10%
2002 Board of Education	BRENDA GOTTFRIED	7,582	16%	5%	31%	12%	3%	21%	7%	3%	12%	7%	6%	8%
2002 Board of Education	ANN COCHRAN	3,889	14%	5%	27%	15%	6%	25%	6%	2%	11%	3%	2%	3%
2002 Board of Education	(Abstain)		12%	3%	26%	21%	9%	37%	35%	25%	45%	49%	48%	50%
2002 City Council	PAM O'CONNOR	10,797	9%	2%	18%	12%	4%	22%	12%	5%	19%	15%	14%	16%
2002 City Council	KEVIN MCKEOWN	10,675	10%	3%	22%	11%	4%	21%	14%	8%	22%	15%	14%	15%
2002 City Council	ABBY ARNOLD	8,779	9%	3%	19%	10%	3%	19%	8%	3%	14%	12%	12%	13%
2002 City Council	BOB HOLBROOK	8,711	11%	3%	23%	7%	2%	14%	5%	1%	9%	12%	12%	13%
2002 City Council	MATTEO DINOLFO	6,600	11%	3%	21%	6%	2%	13%	5%	2%	9%	9%	9%	10%
2002 City Council	JOSEFINA S ARANADA	5,562	13%	4%	26%	13%	4%	24%	20%	13%	27%	6%	5%	7%
2002 City Council	CHUCK ALLORD	2,469	10%	3%	20%	4%	2%	8%	2%	1%	5%	3%	3%	3%
2002 City Council	JERRY RUBIN	1,989	8%	3%	15%	8%	3%	14%	3%	1%	7%	2%	2%	3%
2002 City Council	PRO SE	1,433	9%	3%	15%	13%	6%	21%	5%	2%	9%	1%	1%	1%
2002 City Council	(Abstain)		10%	3%	21%	16%	6%	28%	26%	17%	35%	24%	23%	25%
2002 Measure HH	No	14,244	28%	9%	53%	38%	15%	63%	62%	44%	78%	59%	57%	61%
2002 Measure HH	Yes	7,697	31%	10%	58%	28%	9%	52%	20%	5%	36%	32%	30%	34%
2002 Measure HH	(Abstain)		41%	16%	68%	34%	13%	56%	18%	7%	31%	9%	8%	11%
2002 Measure II	No	14,409	28%	9%	54%	38%	16%	64%	62%	45%	78%	59%	58%	61%
2002 Measure II	Yes	7,874	30%	10%	58%	28%	9%	51%	23%	9%	38%	33%	31%	34%
2002 Measure II	(Abstain)		41%	15%	68%	34%	14%	55%	15%	6%	26%	8%	7%	9%
2004 Board of Education	MARIA LEON-VAZQUES	16,337	20%	6%	39%	16%	5%	31%	22%	12%	31%	13%	12%	15%
2004 Board of Education	JOSE ESCARCE	16,307	20%	7%	39%	13%	4%	25%	15%	7%	24%	14%	13%	15%
2004 Board of Education	ANA M JARA	13,722	19%	6%	37%	18%	6%	34%	25%	15%	36%	10%	9%	11%
2004 Board of Education	KATHY WISNICKI	12,994	23%	7%	45%	11%	4%	21%	7%	2%	14%	11%	10%	12%
2004 Board of Education	(Abstain)		18%	5%	37%	42%	25%	61%	31%	19%	44%	51%	49%	52%
2004 City Council	BOBBY SHRIVER	17,486	5%	1%	9%	5%	1%	9%	4%	2%	8%	13%	13%	13%
2004 City Council	RICHARD BLOOM	12,503	4%	1%	10%	7%	2%	12%	9%	5%	14%	9%	8%	9%
2004 City Council	HERB KATZ	10,577	4%	1%	9%	4%	1%	7%	3%	1%	6%	8%	7%	8%
2004 City Council	KEN GENSER	9,838	4%	1%	9%	6%	2%	12%	7%	4%	12%	7%	6%	7%
2004 City Council	PATRICIA HOFFMAN	9,603	4%	1%	9%	7%	2%	14%	7%	3%	11%	6%	6%	7%
2004 City Council	MARIA LOYA	9,009	4%	1%	8%	8%	2%	16%	19%	14%	25%	5%	4%	5%
2004 City Council	MATT DINOLFO	8,746	4%	1%	9%	3%	1%	7%	2%	1%	5%	6%	6%	7%
2004 City Council	KATHRYN J MOREA	7,656	5%	1%	10%	4%	1%	8%	3%	1%	5%	5%	5%	6%
2004 City Council	MICHAEL FEINSTEIN	5,867	5%	1%	10%	5%	2%	10%	6%	3%	9%	4%	3%	4%
2004 City Council	DAVID COLE	3,065	10%	3%	18%	3%	1%	6%	2%	1%	4%	2%	1%	2%
2004 City Council	LETICIA M ANDERSON	2,536	7%	2%	13%	6%	2%	10%	4%	2%	7%	1%	1%	1%

					Asian			Black			Latina/o			White	
Year	Office	Alternative	Votes	Est.	CI Low	CI High	Est.	CI Low	CI High	Est.	CI Low	CI High	Est.	CI Low	CI High
2004	City Council	BILL BAUER	2,473	11%	4%	18%	3%	1%	6%	2%	1%	4%	1%	1%	1%
2004	City Council	L MENDELSOHN	2,327	10%	4%	16%	4%	1%	7%	2%	1%	4%	1%	1%	1%
2004	City Council	TOM VISCOUNT	2,152	5%	2%	10%	5%	2%	8%	3%	1%	5%	1%	1%	1%
2004	City Council	JONATHAN MANN	1,326	9%	5%	12%	3%	1%	6%	2%	1%	3%	0%	0%	0%
2004	City Council	LINDA ARMSTRONG	793	5%	3%	7%	3%	1%	6%	1%	1%	2%	0%	0%	0%
2004	City Council	(Abstain)		4%	1%	9%	25%	14%	37%	22%	14%	29%	31%	31%	32%
2004	College Trustees	SUSAN AMINOFF	14,402	11%	3%	21%	12%	4%	22%	13%	7%	20%	13%	12%	14%
2004	College Trustees	ROBERT G RADER	11,168	10%	3%	22%	9%	3%	18%	9%	4%	14%	10%	9%	11%
2004	College Trustees	M R QUINONES	9,500	14%	4%	27%	12%	4%	23%	15%	9%	22%	7%	7%	8%
2004	College Trustees	M DOUGLAS WILLIS	9,427	10%	3%	21%	11%	4%	20%	10%	5%	17%	8%	7%	9%
2004	College Trustees	CHARLES DONALDSON	6,809	16%	5%	30%	9%	3%	18%	11%	5%	18%	5%	4%	6%
2004	College Trustees	TONJA MCCOY	5,509	14%	4%	27%	10%	3%	18%	6%	2%	11%	4%	3%	5%
2004	College Trustees	SUSANNE TRIMBATH	4,326	15%	5%	29%	8%	3%	15%	5%	2%	9%	3%	2%	4%
2004	College Trustees	(Abstain)		11%	3%	22%	28%	15%	44%	30%	20%	41%	49%	48%	50%
2006	Board of Education	EMILY BLOOMFIELD	11,528	13%	4%	26%	13%	4%	24%	11%	5%	18%	12%	11%	12%
2006	Board of Education	OSCAR DE LA TORRE	10,607	13%	4%	27%	15%	5%	29%	19%	11%	28%	10%	9%	10%
2006	Board of Education	KELLY MCMAHON PYE	10,105	13%	4%	26%	12%	4%	23%	10%	4%	17%	10%	9%	11%
2006	Board of Education	BARRY A SNELL	9,004	13%	4%	25%	11%	3%	20%	7%	3%	13%	9%	8%	10%
2006	Board of Education	SHANE MCLOUD	6,806	16%	5%	31%	12%	4%	21%	9%	3%	15%	6%	5%	7%
2006	Board of Education	SIDONIE SMITH	3,629	21%	8%	35%	12%	5%	21%	6%	2%	11%	2%	2%	3%
2006	Board of Education	(Abstain)		12%	3%	26%	25%	10%	42%	37%	27%	47%	52%	50%	53%
2006	City Council	KEVIN MCKEOWN	10,390	8%	2%	16%	12%	3%	23%	16%	9%	23%	14%	13%	15%
2006	City Council	PAM O'CONNOR	9,588	8%	2%	16%	13%	4%	25%	14%	7%	21%	13%	12%	14%
2006	City Council	BOB HOLBROOK	8,870	8%	2%	18%	9%	3%	18%	8%	3%	13%	13%	12%	13%
2006	City Council	TERRY O'DAY	8,454	8%	2%	17%	10%	3%	19%	9%	4%	15%	12%	11%	12%
2006	City Council	GLEAM OLIVIA DAVIS	6,871	8%	2%	17%	8%	3%	16%	7%	3%	11%	10%	9%	10%
2006	City Council	JENNA LINNEKENS	2,257	9%	3%	17%	6%	2%	11%	3%	1%	6%	3%	2%	3%
2006	City Council	TERENCE LATER	1,949	9%	3%	18%	6%	2%	11%	4%	1%	7%	2%	2%	2%
2006	City Council	MARK C MCLELLAN	1,518	11%	4%	19%	4%	2%	8%	2%	1%	4%	2%	1%	2%
2006	City Council	LINDA ARMSTRONG	1,389	11%	4%	18%	8%	3%	15%	6%	2%	9%	1%	1%	1%
2006	City Council	JONATHAN MANN	1,170	13%	6%	20%	5%	2%	9%	3%	1%	6%	1%	0%	1%
2006	City Council	(Abstain)		8%	2%	16%	18%	6%	32%	29%	20%	37%	31%	30%	32%
2006	College Trustees	NANCY GREENSTEIN	11,841	12%	4%	25%	15%	5%	27%	14%	7%	21%	12%	11%	12%
2006	College Trustees	LOUISE JAFFE	11,440	13%	3%	26%	12%	4%	23%	12%	5%	19%	11%	11%	12%
2006	College Trustees	DAVID B FINKEL	10,106	13%	4%	27%	13%	3%	24%	9%	4%	16%	10%	9%	11%
2006	College Trustees	ANDREW WALZER	9,395	13%	4%	27%	14%	5%	26%	12%	6%	19%	9%	8%	10%
2006	College Trustees	TOM DONNER	6,500	16%	5%	32%	12%	4%	22%	8%	3%	13%	6%	5%	6%
2006	College Trustees	SUSANNA KIM BRACKE	3,789	20%	8%	34%	10%	4%	18%	6%	2%	10%	3%	2%	3%
2006	College Trustees	(Abstain)		12%	4%	25%	23%	10%	39%	39%	29%	50%	50%	49%	51%

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Year Office	Alternative	Votes	Est.	CI Low	CI High	Est.	CI Low	CI High	Est.	CI Low	CI High	Est.	CI Low	CI High
2006 Rent Control Board	JENNIFER KENNEDY	9,058	17%	5%	33%	20%	7%	35%	14%	6%	23%	12%	10%	12%
2006 Rent Control Board	M KORADE-WILSON	8,604	18%	5%	36%	19%	7%	34%	15%	6%	24%	11%	10%	12%
2006 Rent Control Board	ZELIA MOLLICA	7,534	19%	5%	37%	21%	8%	37%	16%	7%	26%	9%	8%	10%
2006 Rent Control Board	ROBERT KRONOVET	4,576	30%	12%	50%	13%	5%	24%	8%	3%	14%	5%	4%	6%
2006 Rent Control Board	(Abstain)		16%	5%	34%	26%	10%	45%	48%	35%	60%	65%	63%	66%
2008 Board of Education	BEN ALLEN	22,153	18%	6%	33%	16%	6%	28%	13%	6%	22%	14%	13%	15%
2008 Board of Education	MARIA LEON-VAZQUEZ	21,966	18%	6%	34%	17%	6%	31%	27%	17%	37%	13%	12%	14%
2008 Board of Education	JOSE ESCARCE	19,256	19%	7%	36%	16%	5%	28%	19%	11%	28%	11%	10%	12%
2008 Board of Education	CHRIS BLEY	17,535	27%	10%	46%	15%	6%	26%	11%	5%	19%	10%	9%	12%
2008 Board of Education	(Abstain)		18%	5%	34%	36%	20%	53%	29%	18%	41%	51%	50%	52%
2008 City Council	BOBBY SHRIVER	24,258	7%	2%	15%	7%	3%	13%	5%	2%	9%	13%	12%	14%
2008 City Council	RICHARD BLOOM	20,205	7%	2%	14%	10%	4%	17%	12%	6%	17%	10%	9%	10%
2008 City Council	KEN GENSER	19,119	6%	2%	13%	8%	3%	16%	12%	7%	17%	9%	9%	10%
2008 City Council	HERB KATZ	17,189	7%	2%	14%	6%	1%	11%	7%	3%	11%	9%	8%	9%
2008 City Council	TED WINTERER	12,034	4%	1%	9%	5%	2%	10%	7%	4%	11%	6%	6%	6%
2008 City Council	SUSAN HARTLEY	9,910	9%	3%	17%	6%	2%	11%	6%	3%	9%	4%	4%	5%
2008 City Council	MICHAEL KOVAC	6,340	7%	3%	13%	5%	2%	9%	3%	1%	6%	3%	2%	3%
2008 City Council	JERRY A RUBIN	6,064	6%	2%	11%	7%	3%	13%	5%	2%	8%	2%	2%	3%
2008 City Council	L M PIERA-AVILA	4,612	8%	3%	13%	5%	2%	10%	8%	5%	11%	1%	1%	2%
2008 City Council	H SILVERSTEIN	3,449	6%	2%	10%	2%	1%	4%	1%	1%	3%	1%	1%	2%
2008 City Council	JOHN BLAKELY	2,778	7%	3%	11%	4%	1%	6%	2%	1%	4%	1%	1%	1%
2008 City Council	LINDA ARMSTRONG	2,393	8%	4%	12%	4%	2%	8%	3%	1%	5%	0%	0%	1%
2008 City Council	JON LOUIS MANN	2,376	9%	5%	13%	4%	1%	7%	3%	1%	5%	0%	0%	1%
2008 City Council	(Abstain)		8%	2%	15%	25%	15%	35%	26%	19%	33%	39%	38%	40%
2008 College Trustees	SUSAN AMINOFF	21,201	23%	8%	42%	17%	7%	29%	11%	4%	19%	13%	12%	15%
2008 College Trustees	ROBERT G RADER	20,432	23%	8%	43%	18%	8%	30%	12%	5%	20%	13%	12%	14%
2008 College Trustees	M QUINONES-PEREZ	19,878	25%	9%	45%	18%	7%	32%	18%	10%	27%	12%	10%	13%
2008 College Trustees	HEIDI HOECK	12,590	12%	4%	24%	14%	5%	26%	18%	10%	26%	7%	6%	8%
2008 College Trustees	(Abstain)		16%	5%	32%	32%	15%	50%	41%	28%	54%	55%	54%	57%
2008 Rent Control Board	JOEL C KOURY	22,571	18%	6%	37%	27%	10%	45%	38%	24%	52%	21%	19%	22%
2008 Rent Control Board	ROBERT KRONOVET	15,162	37%	15%	60%	17%	6%	31%	13%	4%	22%	14%	12%	15%
2008 Rent Control Board	CHRISTOPHER BRAUN	15,107	22%	7%	42%	18%	7%	33%	22%	11%	32%	14%	12%	15%
2008 Rent Control Board	(Abstain)		22%	7%	45%	38%	20%	59%	27%	14%	42%	52%	50%	54%
2010 Board of Education	LAURIE LIEBERMAN	15,600	10%	3%	19%	12%	5%	20%	10%	5%	16%	10%	10%	11%
2010 Board of Education	OSCAR DE LA TORRE	14,022	9%	2%	18%	14%	6%	24%	20%	13%	26%	8%	7%	9%
2010 Board of Education	RALPH MECHUR	12,300	9%	3%	18%	10%	3%	17%	10%	5%	16%	8%	7%	8%
2010 Board of Education	NIMISH PATEL	10,588	9%	3%	18%	6%	2%	12%	5%	2%	9%	7%	6%	7%
2010 Board of Education	BARRY A SNELL	9,610	9%	3%	17%	11%	5%	17%	6%	2%	10%	6%	5%	6%
2010 Board of Education	PATRICK CADY	8,948	13%	5%	24%	10%	4%	18%	9%	4%	15%	5%	4%	6%

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Year	Office	Alternative	Votes	Est.	CI Low	CI High	Est.	CI Low	CI High	Est.	CI Low	CI High	Est.	CI Low	CI High
2010	Board of Education	CHRIS BLEY	8,930	17%	7%	28%	10%	4%	17%	7%	3%	11%	5%	4%	6%
2010	Board of Education	JAKE WACHTEL	4,874	13%	5%	21%	4%	2%	8%	3%	1%	5%	3%	2%	3%
2010	Board of Education	(Abstain)		11%	3%	21%	23%	11%	36%	30%	21%	39%	48%	48%	49%
2010	City Council (Full)	KEVIN MCKEOWN	16,336	9%	3%	17%	14%	5%	24%	17%	10%	24%	14%	14%	15%
2010	City Council (Full)	PAM O'CONNOR	14,532	8%	2%	16%	15%	6%	25%	15%	8%	22%	13%	12%	13%
2010	City Council (Full)	BOB HOLBROOK	12,773	10%	3%	19%	10%	4%	17%	9%	4%	15%	11%	11%	12%
2010	City Council (Full)	TED WINTERER	12,719	8%	3%	15%	10%	4%	17%	7%	3%	13%	12%	11%	12%
2010	City Council (Full)	JEAN MCNEIL WYNER	4,013	12%	5%	21%	5%	2%	8%	2%	1%	4%	3%	3%	4%
2010	City Council (Full)	JERRY RUBIN	3,730	7%	3%	14%	7%	3%	12%	5%	2%	9%	3%	2%	3%
2010	City Council (Full)	JON LOUIS MANN	3,525	9%	4%	16%	7%	3%	12%	7%	4%	11%	2%	2%	3%
2010	City Council (Full)	TERENCE LATER	2,931	8%	3%	15%	6%	2%	10%	3%	1%	6%	2%	2%	2%
2010	City Council (Full)	DANIEL CODY	2,764	11%	5%	18%	4%	2%	7%	3%	1%	5%	2%	1%	2%
2010	City Council (Full)	LINDA ARMSTRONG	1,700	9%	4%	13%	5%	2%	8%	4%	2%	7%	1%	0%	1%
2010	City Council (Full)	(Abstain)		10%	3%	19%	18%	8%	29%	27%	18%	36%	37%	36%	38%
2010	City Council (Short)	TERRY O'DAY	15,944	14%	4%	27%	19%	6%	35%	27%	16%	39%	21%	20%	22%
2010	City Council (Short)	GLEAM OLIVIA DAVIS	13,369	16%	5%	29%	18%	7%	33%	21%	11%	31%	17%	16%	18%
2010	City Council (Short)	ROBERT KRONOVET	7,155	24%	10%	39%	16%	7%	27%	10%	3%	17%	8%	7%	9%
2010	City Council (Short)	SUSAN HARTLEY	6,329	15%	5%	29%	16%	6%	27%	15%	7%	23%	7%	6%	8%
2010	City Council (Short)	DAVID GANEZER	5,240	16%	5%	30%	8%	3%	15%	5%	2%	9%	7%	6%	7%
2010	City Council (Short)	(Abstain)		15%	5%	30%	22%	9%	36%	22%	12%	33%	40%	39%	41%
2010	Rent Control Board (Full) M KORADE WILSON	15,749	18%	3%	38%	20%	8%	36%	27%	15%	38%	12%	11%	13%
2010	Rent Control Board (Full) BILL WINSLOW	14,984	22%	7%	42%	20%	8%	35%	18%	8%	28%	12%	11%	13%
2010	Rent Control Board (Full) TODD FLORA	14,145	23%	8%	42%	19%	7%	34%	19%	9%	30%	11%	10%	12%
2010	Rent Control Board (Full) (Abstain)		36%	15%	61%	41%	22%	60%	36%	23%	49%	65%	64%	67%
2010	Rent Control Board (Sho	ort CHRIS BRAUN	17,214	39%	10%	74%	55%	28%	81%	73%	53%	89%	42%	40%	45%
2010	Rent Control Board (Sho	ort (Abstain)		61%	26%	90%	45%	19%	72%	27%	11%	47%	58%	55%	60%
2012	Board of Education	BEN ALLEN	21,421	12%	4%	24%	13%	5%	22%	17%	9%	24%	15%	14%	16%
2012	Board of Education	MARIA LEON-VAZQUEZ	17,579	13%	4%	25%	12%	5%	21%	27%	19%	35%	11%	10%	12%
2012	Board of Education	JOSE ESCARCE	15,747	13%	4%	27%	10%	4%	17%	17%	10%	24%	10%	9%	11%
2012	Board of Education	CRAIG FOSTER	11,692	14%	5%	27%	10%	4%	16%	9%	4%	14%	8%	7%	8%
2012	Board of Education	KAREN FARRER	8,394	18%	6%	32%	8%	3%	13%	6%	3%	11%	5%	4%	6%
2012	Board of Education	SETH JACOBSON	5,926	19%	7%	32%	4%	2%	8%	3%	1%	6%	3%	2%	4%
2012	Board of Education	(Abstain)		11%	3%	22%	42%	30%	54%	21%	12%	30%	48%	47%	49%
2012	City Council	TED WINTERER	17,714	5%	2%	10%	6%	3%	11%	7%	4%	11%	10%	9%	10%
2012	City Council	TERRY O'DAY	17,122	6%	2%	11%	8%	4%	14%	12%	8%	17%	9%	8%	9%
2012	City Council	GLEAM OLIVIA DAVIS	15,214	6%	2%	11%	9%	5%	15%	9%	5%	13%	8%	7%	8%
2012	City Council	TONY VAZQUEZ	11,937	6%	2%	11%	5%	2%	10%	19%	14%	23%	5%	5%	5%
2012	City Council	SHARI DAVIS	10,843	6%	2%	13%	4%	2%	8%	3%	1%	6%	6%	6%	6%
2012	City Council	RICHARD MCKINNON	8,039	5%	2%	10%	3%	1%	6%	2%	1%	4%	4%	4%	5%

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Year Office	Alternative	Votes	Est.	CI Low	CI High	Est.	CI Low	CI High	Est.	CI Low	CI High	Est.	CI Low	CI High
2012 City Council	JOHN CYRUS SMITH	6,612	8%	3%	15%	4%	1%	7%	4%	1%	7%	3%	3%	3%
2012 City Council	FRANK GRUBER	6,164	6%	2%	11%	2%	1%	4%	2%	1%	3%	3%	3%	4%
2012 City Council	JONATHAN MANN	5,134	6%	2%	11%	4%	2%	7%	5%	3%	8%	2%	2%	2%
2012 City Council	BOB SELDON	4,280	7%	3%	13%	2%	1%	3%	1%	1%	3%	2%	2%	2%
2012 City Council	ARMEN MELKONIANS	3,957	8%	3%	13%	4%	1%	6%	2%	1%	4%	2%	1%	2%
2012 City Council	TERENCE LATER	3,755	5%	2%	9%	3%	1%	5%	2%	1%	3%	2%	1%	2%
2012 City Council	JERRY P. RUBIN	3,069	5%	2%	10%	3%	1%	5%	3%	1%	5%	1%	1%	1%
2012 City Council	ROBERTO GOMEZ	2,916	8%	4%	11%	3%	1%	5%	8%	6%	10%	0%	0%	1%
2012 City Council	STEVE DURON	2,464	9%	4%	13%	2%	1%	4%	2%	1%	3%	1%	0%	1%
2012 City Council	(Abstain)		5%	2%	10%	37%	28%	45%	18%	12%	25%	42%	41%	43%
2012 Rent Control Board	CD WALTON	12,444	19%	6%	38%	19%	8%	31%	22%	12%	32%	11%	10%	12%
2012 Rent Control Board	ILSE ROSENSTEIN	12,181	21%	6%	41%	18%	8%	29%	23%	13%	33%	11%	9%	12%
2012 Rent Control Board	ROBERT KRONOVET	10,917	44%	20%	67%	13%	5%	23%	9%	3%	17%	9%	8%	11%
2012 Rent Control Board	(Abstain)		16%	5%	33%	50%	33%	66%	45%	32%	58%	68%	67%	70%
2014 Board of Education	LAURIE LIEBERMAN	13,492	12%	4%	24%	12%	5%	20%	12%	6%	18%	12%	11%	13%
2014 Board of Education	R TAHVILDARAN-JESSWEII	10,910	13%	4%	25%	10%	4%	17%	12%	6%	18%	9%	8%	10%
2014 Board of Education	OSCAR DE LA TORRE	10,621	12%	4%	23%	12%	5%	21%	20%	13%	27%	8%	7%	9%
2014 Board of Education	RALPH MECHUR	10,529	14%	5%	25%	8%	3%	15%	8%	3%	13%	9%	8%	10%
2014 Board of Education	CRAIG FOSTER	8,479	13%	5%	23%	7%	3%	13%	10%	5%	15%	7%	6%	8%
2014 Board of Education	DHUN MAY	4,372	11%	4%	19%	8%	3%	13%	9%	5%	14%	3%	2%	3%
2014 Board of Education	PATTY FINER	4,372	14%	5%	23%	7%	3%	12%	8%	4%	12%	3%	2%	3%
2014 Board of Education	(Abstain)		12%	3%	24%	36%	24%	48%	21%	13%	30%	49%	48%	50%
2014 City Council	KEVIN MCKEOWN	10,138	9%	3%	18%	9%	3%	15%	13%	8%	18%	12%	11%	13%
2014 City Council	SUE HIMMELRICH	9,262	7%	2%	13%	10%	4%	17%	10%	5%	16%	11%	11%	12%
2014 City Council	PAM O'CONNOR	6,696	8%	2%	15%	9%	4%	15%	11%	6%	16%	8%	7%	8%
2014 City Council	PHIL BROCK	5,854	8%	3%	15%	6%	2%	11%	5%	2%	8%	7%	7%	7%
2014 City Council	FRANK GRUBER	5,222	7%	2%	13%	7%	2%	12%	8%	4%	12%	6%	5%	6%
2014 City Council	JENNIFER KENNEDY	5,037	6%	2%	11%	6%	3%	11%	8%	4%	12%	6%	5%	6%
2014 City Council	RICHARD MCKINNON	4,890	7%	2%	13%	5%	2%	9%	4%	1%	7%	6%	5%	6%
2014 City Council	MICHAEL FEINSTEIN	3,729	7%	2%	13%	6%	3%	11%	7%	4%	11%	4%	3%	4%
2014 City Council	TERENCE LATER	1,874	6%	2%	11%	3%	1%	5%	2%	1%	4%	2%	2%	2%
2014 City Council	JERRY RUBIN	1,635	6%	2%	11%	5%	2%	8%	4%	1%	6%	1%	1%	2%
2014 City Council	JON MANN	1,594	5%	2%	10%	5%	2%	8%	4%	2%	6%	1%	1%	2%
2014 City Council	NICK BOLES	1,328	6%	2%	10%	2%	1%	5%	3%	1%	5%	1%	1%	1%
2014 City Council	WHITNEY SCOTT BAIN	1,317	8%	3%	13%	4%	2%	6%	3%	1%	5%	1%	1%	1%
2014 City Council	ZOE MUNTANER	791	4%	1%	6%	2%	1%	4%	3%	1%	5%	1%	0%	1%
2014 City Council	(Abstain)		6%	2%	13%	20%	11%	31%	17%	10%	24%	33%	32%	34%
2014 College Trustees	NANCY GREENSTEIN	12,785	14%	4%	26%	11%	4%	18%	12%	6%	19%	11%	10%	12%
2014 College Trustees	LOUISE JAFFE	12,497	13%	4%	26%	10%	4%	17%	10%	4%	16%	11%	10%	12%

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Year	Office	Alternative	Votes	Est.	CI Low	CI High	Est.	CI Low	CI High	Est.	CI Low	CI High	Est.	CI Low	CI High
2014	College Trustees	BARRY A SNELL	10,209	17%	6%	29%	10%	4%	18%	10%	5%	16%	8%	8%	9%
2014	College Trustees	ANDREW WALZER	9,569	15%	6%	26%	9%	4%	16%	11%	5%	16%	8%	7%	9%
2014	College Trustees	DENNIS C W FRISCH	8,783	15%	5%	28%	10%	4%	17%	15%	9%	21%	7%	6%	7%
2014	College Trustees	MARIA LOYA	7,971	13%	5%	23%	13%	6%	20%	20%	14%	27%	5%	5%	6%
2014	College Trustees	(Abstain)		13%	4%	27%	37%	25%	49%	22%	13%	32%	50%	49%	51%
2014	Rent Control Board	NICOLE PHILLIS	7,790	20%	7%	35%	14%	5%	25%	20%	11%	30%	7%	6%	8%
2014	Rent Control Board	STEVE DURON	6,746	22%	7%	37%	13%	5%	22%	16%	7%	24%	6%	5%	7%
2014	Rent Control Board	TODD FLORA	6,480	23%	9%	38%	11%	4%	20%	18%	9%	26%	6%	5%	7%
2014	Rent Control Board	(Abstain)		36%	17%	57%	62%	49%	77%	47%	35%	59%	81%	79%	82%
2016	City Council	TERRY O'DAY	19,263	8%	3%	15%	9%	4%	15%	10%	5%	14%	9%	9%	10%
2016	City Council	TONY VAZQUEZ	18,456	3%	0%	14%	8%	3%	15%	14%	8%	19%	9%	8%	9%
2016	City Council	TED WINTERER	18,156	7%	3%	12%	7%	3%	11%	5%	2%	8%	10%	9%	10%
2016	City Council	GLEAM OLIVIA DAVIS	17,842	10%	4%	16%	9%	4%	15%	7%	3%	11%	9%	8%	9%
2016	City Council	ARMEN MELKONIANS	12,603	9%	4%	17%	6%	2%	10%	4%	1%	7%	6%	6%	7%
2016	City Council	OSCAR DE LA TORRE	11,256	15%	5%	23%	7%	2%	13%	19%	15%	24%	3%	2%	4%
2016	City Council	JAMES T WATSON	6,170	14%	6%	20%	5%	2%	9%	3%	1%	5%	2%	2%	3%
2016	City Council	MENDE SMITH	5,212	11%	4%	16%	4%	2%	7%	4%	2%	7%	2%	1%	2%
2016	City Council	TERENCE LATER	5,102	7%	3%	13%	3%	1%	5%	2%	1%	4%	2%	2%	2%
2016	City Council	JON MANN	3,959	12%	7%	16%	3%	1%	6%	2%	1%	4%	1%	1%	1%
2016	City Council	(Abstain)		4%	1%	13%	39%	29%	48%	30%	23%	38%	47%	46%	48%
2016	College Trustees	SUSAN AMINOFF	21,770	18%	5%	35%	15%	6%	26%	16%	8%	24%	14%	12%	15%
2016	College Trustees	M QUINONES-PEREZ	19,576	18%	4%	35%	14%	5%	25%	27%	18%	35%	11%	9%	12%
2016	College Trustees	ROB G RADER	19,246	23%	8%	42%	14%	6%	24%	12%	5%	20%	12%	10%	13%
2016	College Trustees	SION ROY	16,651	23%	8%	42%	13%	5%	22%	11%	4%	18%	10%	8%	11%
2016	College Trustees	(Abstain)		18%	6%	36%	44%	30%	58%	34%	24%	46%	55%	53%	56%
2016	Rent Control Board	CAROLINE M TOROSIS	15,596	16%	5%	33%	20%	9%	34%	18%	9%	28%	14%	13%	16%
2016	Rent Control Board	ANASTASIA FOSTER	13,825	16%	5%	32%	16%	7%	27%	17%	8%	26%	13%	11%	14%
2016	Rent Control Board	E GOLDEN-GEALER	8,491	29%	12%	47%	12%	5%	21%	11%	5%	18%	6%	5%	7%
2016	Rent Control Board	C D WALTON	7,728	22%	7%	38%	13%	6%	22%	10%	4%	16%	6%	5%	7%
2016	Rent Control Board	(Abstain)		18%	6%	36%	39%	24%	53%	44%	33%	55%	61%	59%	62%

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Year Office	Alternative	Votes	Est.	CI Low	CI High	Est.	CI Low	CI High	Est.	CI Low	CI High	Est.	CI Low	CI High
2002 Board of Education	EMILY BLOOMFIELD	11,885	16%	5%	32%	15%	5%	28%	16%	7%	26%	24%	22%	25%
2002 Board of Education	JULIA BROWNLEY	11,793	17%	5%	31%	16%	5%	30%	18%	9%	29%	23%	22%	24%
2002 Board of Education	OSCAR DE LA TORRE	9,541	15%	5%	29%	20%	6%	36%	33%	22%	44%	16%	15%	17%
2002 Board of Education	SHANE MCLOUD	9,250	18%	6%	34%	15%	5%	28%	13%	5%	21%	18%	16%	19%
2002 Board of Education	BRENDA GOTTFRIED	7,582	18%	6%	35%	15%	4%	27%	11%	4%	19%	14%	13%	15%
2002 Board of Education	ANN COCHRAN	3,889	16%	5%	30%	19%	8%	32%	9%	3%	17%	6%	4%	7%
2002 City Council	PAM O'CONNOR	10,797	9%	2%	20%	14%	5%	26%	16%	7%	25%	20%	19%	21%
2002 City Council	KEVIN MCKEOWN	10,675	11%	3%	24%	14%	4%	25%	19%	11%	29%	19%	18%	20%
2002 City Council	ABBY ARNOLD	8,779	10%	3%	21%	12%	4%	23%	11%	4%	19%	16%	15%	17%
2002 City Council	BOB HOLBROOK	8,711	12%	4%	25%	8%	3%	16%	6%	2%	12%	16%	16%	17%
2002 City Council	MATTEO DINOLFO	6,600	12%	4%	23%	7%	2%	15%	6%	2%	12%	12%	11%	13%
2002 City Council	JOSEFINA S ARANADA	5,562	15%	5%	29%	15%	5%	28%	27%	18%	36%	8%	7%	9%
2002 City Council	CHUCK ALLORD	2,469	11%	4%	22%	5%	2%	10%	3%	1%	6%	4%	3%	5%
2002 City Council	JERRY RUBIN	1,989	9%	3%	17%	9%	3%	17%	5%	2%	9%	3%	2%	3%
2002 City Council	PRO SE	1,433	10%	4%	17%	16%	7%	25%	7%	3%	12%	1%	1%	2%
2002 Measure HH	No	14,244	47%	17%	80%	57%	26%	85%	76%	57%	93%	65%	63%	67%
2002 Measure HH	Yes	7,697	53%	20%	83%	43%	15%	74%	24%	7%	43%	35%	33%	37%
2002 Measure II	No	14,409	48%	17%	80%	58%	27%	85%	73%	55%	89%	65%	63%	66%
2002 Measure II	Yes	7,874	52%	20%	83%	42%	15%	73%	27%	11%	45%	35%	34%	37%
2004 Board of Education	MARIA LEON-VAZQUES	16,337	24%	8%	46%	28%	9%	49%	31%	18%	45%	27%	25%	30%
2004 Board of Education	JOSE ESCARCE	16,307	24%	8%	47%	22%	7%	42%	22%	10%	34%	29%	26%	31%
2004 Board of Education	ANA M JARA	13,722	23%	8%	44%	32%	12%	54%	37%	23%	50%	21%	18%	23%
2004 Board of Education	KATHY WISNICKI	12,994	29%	9%	53%	19%	7%	37%	11%	3%	21%	23%	21%	25%
2004 City Council	BOBBY SHRIVER	17,486	5%	1%	10%	6%	2%	12%	5%	2%	10%	19%	18%	20%
2004 City Council	RICHARD BLOOM	12,503	5%	1%	10%	9%	3%	16%	12%	7%	17%	12%	12%	13%
2004 City Council	HERB KATZ	10,577	5%	1%	10%	5%	1%	10%	4%	1%	8%	11%	11%	12%
2004 City Council	KEN GENSER	9,838	4%	1%	9%	8%	3%	15%	10%	5%	15%	10%	9%	10%
2004 City Council	PATRICIA HOFFMAN	9,603	4%	1%	9%	9%	3%	18%	9%	4%	14%	9%	9%	10%
2004 City Council	MARIA LOYA	9,009	4%	1%	8%	11%	3%	20%	25%	18%	31%	7%	6%	8%
2004 City Council	MATT DINOLFO	8,746	4%	1%	10%	4%	1%	9%	3%	1%	6%	9%	9%	10%
2004 City Council	KATHRYN J MOREA	7,656	5%	1%	10%	5%	2%	10%	3%	1%	6%	8%	7%	8%
2004 City Council	MICHAEL FEINSTEIN	5,867	5%	1%	10%	7%	2%	13%	7%	3%	12%	5%	5%	6%
2004 City Council	DAVID COLE	3,065	10%	3%	19%	4%	2%	8%	3%	1%	5%	2%	2%	3%
2004 City Council	LETICIA M ANDERSON	2,536	8%	3%	14%	7%	3%	14%	5%	2%	9%	1%	1%	2%
2004 City Council	BILL BAUER	2,473	11%	4%	19%	4%	1%	8%	3%	1%	5%	2%	1%	2%
2004 City Council	L MENDELSOHN	2,327	10%	4%	17%	5%	2%	9%	3%	1%	5%	1%	1%	2%
2004 City Council	TOM VISCOUNT	2,152	6%	2%	10%	6%	2%	11%	4%	1%	7%	1%	1%	2%
2004 City Council	JONATHAN MANN	1,326	9%	5%	12%	4%	1%	8%	2%	1%	4%	0%	0%	1%
2004 City Council	LINDA ARMSTRONG	793	5%	3%	7%	4%	1%	7%	2%	1%	3%	0%	0%	0%

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Year Office	Alternative	Votes	Est.	CI Low	CI High	Est.	CI Low	CI High	Est.	CI Low	CI High	Est.	CI Low	CI High
2004 College Trustees	SUSAN AMINOFF	14,402	12%	4%	24%	16%	6%	31%	19%	10%	28%	26%	24%	27%
2004 College Trustees	ROBERT G RADER	11,168	11%	3%	24%	13%	5%	24%	13%	6%	20%	20%	18%	21%
2004 College Trustees	M R QUINONES	9,500	15%	5%	30%	16%	6%	30%	22%	13%	31%	15%	13%	16%
2004 College Trustees	M DOUGLAS WILLIS	9,427	11%	3%	23%	16%	5%	28%	15%	7%	23%	16%	14%	17%
2004 College Trustees	CHARLES DONALDSON	6,809	17%	6%	33%	13%	4%	25%	16%	8%	25%	10%	8%	11%
2004 College Trustees	TONJA MCCOY	5,509	16%	5%	30%	14%	5%	25%	9%	3%	16%	8%	7%	9%
2004 College Trustees	SUSANNE TRIMBATH	4,326	17%	6%	32%	12%	4%	21%	7%	3%	13%	6%	4%	7%
2006 Board of Educatio	n EMILY BLOOMFIELD	11,528	14%	4%	29%	17%	6%	31%	17%	8%	28%	24%	22%	25%
2006 Board of Educatio	n OSCAR DE LA TORRE	10,607	14%	4%	30%	20%	6%	36%	31%	19%	42%	20%	18%	21%
2006 Board of Educatio	n KELLY MCMAHON PYE	10,105	15%	5%	29%	16%	5%	30%	16%	7%	26%	21%	19%	22%
2006 Board of Educatio	n BARRY A SNELL	9,004	14%	5%	28%	14%	4%	27%	12%	5%	20%	19%	17%	20%
2006 Board of Educatio	n SHANE MCLOUD	6,806	18%	6%	34%	16%	5%	28%	14%	6%	24%	12%	11%	14%
2006 Board of Educatio	n SIDONIE SMITH	3,629	24%	9%	39%	16%	6%	28%	10%	4%	18%	5%	3%	6%
2006 City Council	KEVIN MCKEOWN	10,390	8%	2%	17%	14%	4%	27%	22%	13%	32%	21%	20%	21%
2006 City Council	PAM O'CONNOR	9,588	8%	3%	17%	16%	5%	29%	19%	10%	29%	19%	18%	20%
2006 City Council	BOB HOLBROOK	8,870	9%	3%	19%	11%	4%	21%	11%	5%	18%	18%	17%	19%
2006 City Council	TERRY O'DAY	8,454	9%	3%	18%	12%	4%	23%	13%	6%	20%	17%	16%	18%
2006 City Council	GLEAM OLIVIA DAVIS	6,871	9%	2%	19%	10%	3%	20%	9%	4%	16%	14%	13%	15%
2006 City Council	JENNA LINNEKENS	2,257	9%	3%	18%	7%	3%	13%	4%	2%	8%	4%	3%	4%
2006 City Council	TERENCE LATER	1,949	10%	3%	19%	7%	3%	13%	6%	2%	10%	3%	2%	4%
2006 City Council	MARK C MCLELLAN	1,518	12%	4%	20%	5%	2%	10%	3%	1%	6%	2%	2%	3%
2006 City Council	LINDA ARMSTRONG	1,389	12%	5%	19%	10%	4%	18%	8%	3%	13%	1%	1%	2%
2006 City Council	JONATHAN MANN	1,170	14%	7%	21%	6%	2%	11%	4%	2%	8%	1%	1%	2%
2006 College Trustees	NANCY GREENSTEIN	11,841	14%	5%	28%	19%	7%	35%	23%	12%	34%	23%	22%	24%
2006 College Trustees	LOUISE JAFFE	11,440	14%	4%	29%	16%	6%	30%	20%	9%	31%	23%	21%	24%
2006 College Trustees	DAVID B FINKEL	10,106	15%	5%	30%	17%	4%	30%	15%	6%	25%	20%	18%	21%
2006 College Trustees	ANDREW WALZER	9,395	15%	5%	30%	18%	6%	33%	20%	10%	31%	18%	16%	19%
2006 College Trustees	TOM DONNER	6,500	19%	6%	36%	16%	6%	28%	13%	5%	22%	11%	10%	13%
2006 College Trustees	SUSANNA KIM BRACKE	3,789	23%	9%	38%	13%	5%	23%	9%	4%	17%	5%	4%	7%
2006 Rent Control Boar	d JENNIFER KENNEDY	9,058	20%	6%	40%	27%	10%	46%	26%	12%	43%	32%	30%	35%
2006 Rent Control Boar	d M KORADE-WILSON	8,604	21%	6%	43%	26%	10%	44%	28%	13%	44%	30%	27%	33%
2006 Rent Control Boar	d ZELIA MOLLICA	7,534	23%	7%	44%	29%	12%	48%	30%	15%	47%	25%	22%	27%
2006 Rent Control Boar	d ROBERT KRONOVET	4,576	36%	15%	58%	18%	7%	32%	15%	6%	26%	13%	10%	16%
2008 Board of Educatio	n BEN ALLEN	22,153	22%	7%	40%	25%	10%	43%	19%	9%	30%	29%	27%	31%
2008 Board of Educatio	n MARIA LEON-VAZQUEZ	21,966	22%	8%	41%	26%	9%	45%	39%	26%	51%	26%	24%	28%
2008 Board of Educatio	n JOSE ESCARCE	19,256	23%	8%	42%	25%	9%	43%	27%	16%	39%	23%	21%	25%
2008 Board of Educatio	n CHRIS BLEY	17,535	33%	13%	54%	24%	10%	41%	16%	7%	26%	21%	19%	23%
2008 City Council	BOBBY SHRIVER	24,258	8%	2%	16%	10%	4%	17%	7%	3%	12%	21%	20%	22%
2008 City Council	RICHARD BLOOM	20,205	8%	3%	15%	13%	5%	22%	16%	9%	22%	16%	15%	17%

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Year Office	Alternative	Votes	Est.	CI Low	CI High	Est.	CI Low	CI High	Est.	CI Low	CI High	Est.	CI Low	CI High
2008 City Council	KEN GENSER	19,119	7%	2%	14%	11%	4%	20%	16%	10%	22%	15%	15%	16%
2008 City Council	HERB KATZ	17,189	8%	2%	15%	8%	2%	15%	10%	5%	15%	14%	13%	15%
2008 City Council	TED WINTERER	12,034	5%	1%	9%	7%	2%	13%	10%	5%	15%	10%	9%	10%
2008 City Council	SUSAN HARTLEY	9,910	10%	3%	18%	8%	3%	15%	8%	4%	13%	7%	6%	8%
2008 City Council	MICHAEL KOVAC	6,340	8%	3%	14%	6%	2%	12%	5%	2%	8%	5%	4%	5%
2008 City Council	JERRY A RUBIN	6,064	6%	2%	12%	10%	4%	17%	7%	3%	11%	4%	3%	5%
2008 City Council	L M PIERA-AVILA	4,612	9%	4%	14%	7%	3%	13%	10%	6%	14%	2%	1%	3%
2008 City Council	H SILVERSTEIN	3,449	7%	3%	11%	3%	1%	6%	2%	1%	4%	2%	2%	3%
2008 City Council	JOHN BLAKELY	2,778	7%	3%	12%	5%	2%	9%	3%	1%	6%	1%	1%	2%
2008 City Council	LINDA ARMSTRONG	2,393	9%	5%	13%	6%	2%	10%	4%	1%	6%	1%	0%	1%
2008 City Council	JON LOUIS MANN	2,376	10%	5%	15%	5%	2%	10%	4%	1%	6%	1%	0%	1%
2008 College Trustees	SUSAN AMINOFF	21,201	28%	10%	50%	26%	11%	42%	19%	8%	31%	30%	27%	33%
2008 College Trustees	ROBERT G RADER	20,432	28%	10%	49%	26%	12%	43%	20%	9%	32%	29%	26%	31%
2008 College Trustees	M QUINONES-PEREZ	19,878	30%	11%	53%	27%	12%	44%	31%	17%	45%	26%	23%	28%
2008 College Trustees	HEIDI HOECK	12,590	15%	5%	29%	21%	8%	36%	31%	18%	44%	15%	13%	17%
2008 Rent Control Board	JOEL C KOURY	22,571	24%	8%	47%	43%	19%	67%	52%	35%	69%	43%	40%	46%
2008 Rent Control Board	ROBERT KRONOVET	15,162	48%	22%	72%	28%	10%	49%	17%	6%	31%	28%	26%	31%
2008 Rent Control Board	CHRISTOPHER BRAUN	15,107	28%	9%	54%	29%	12%	51%	30%	16%	44%	28%	25%	31%
2010 Board of Education	LAURIE LIEBERMAN	15,600	11%	4%	21%	15%	6%	25%	14%	7%	23%	20%	19%	21%
2010 Board of Education	OSCAR DE LA TORRE	14,022	10%	2%	21%	18%	8%	30%	28%	18%	37%	16%	14%	17%
2010 Board of Education	RALPH MECHUR	12,300	10%	3%	20%	12%	4%	22%	15%	7%	22%	15%	14%	16%
2010 Board of Education	NIMISH PATEL	10,588	10%	3%	20%	8%	3%	15%	8%	3%	13%	14%	13%	15%
2010 Board of Education	BARRY A SNELL	9,610	10%	4%	19%	14%	6%	22%	8%	3%	14%	12%	11%	13%
2010 Board of Education	PATRICK CADY	8,948	15%	6%	27%	13%	5%	23%	13%	6%	21%	10%	8%	11%
2010 Board of Education	CHRIS BLEY	8,930	19%	8%	31%	14%	6%	22%	10%	4%	16%	10%	8%	11%
2010 Board of Education	JAKE WACHTEL	4,874	14%	6%	24%	6%	2%	11%	4%	2%	8%	5%	4%	6%
2010 City Council (Full)	KEVIN MCKEOWN	16,336	10%	3%	19%	17%	6%	29%	23%	13%	32%	23%	22%	24%
2010 City Council (Full)	PAM O'CONNOR	14,532	9%	3%	18%	18%	8%	30%	20%	11%	29%	20%	19%	21%
2010 City Council (Full)	BOB HOLBROOK	12,773	11%	4%	21%	12%	5%	21%	12%	6%	20%	18%	17%	19%
2010 City Council (Full)	TED WINTERER	12,719	8%	3%	17%	12%	4%	21%	10%	4%	18%	19%	18%	19%
2010 City Council (Full)	JEAN MCNEIL WYNER	4,013	14%	6%	23%	6%	2%	10%	3%	1%	6%	5%	4%	6%
2010 City Council (Full)	JERRY RUBIN	3,730	8%	3%	16%	9%	3%	15%	7%	3%	12%	4%	4%	5%
2010 City Council (Full)	JON LOUIS MANN	3,525	10%	4%	18%	8%	3%	15%	10%	5%	16%	3%	3%	4%
2010 City Council (Full)	TERENCE LATER	2,931	9%	3%	16%	7%	3%	12%	5%	2%	8%	3%	3%	4%
2010 City Council (Full)	DANIEL CODY	2,764	12%	5%	19%	5%	2%	9%	4%	2%	7%	3%	2%	4%
2010 City Council (Full)	LINDA ARMSTRONG	1,700	9%	4%	15%	6%	2%	10%	6%	3%	10%	1%	1%	2%
2010 City Council (Short)	TERRY O'DAY	15,944	16%	5%	32%	25%	9%	43%	35%	21%	49%	35%	33%	36%
2010 City Council (Short)	GLEAM OLIVIA DAVIS	13,369	18%	6%	34%	24%	9%	41%	27%	14%	39%	29%	27%	31%
2010 City Council (Short)	ROBERT KRONOVET	7,155	28%	12%	45%	21%	9%	34%	12%	5%	22%	14%	12%	15%

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Year	Office	Alternative	Votes	Est.	CI Low	CI High	Est.	CI Low	CI High	Est.	CI Low	CI High	Est.	CI Low	CI High
2010 (City Council (Short)	SUSAN HARTLEY	6,329	18%	6%	33%	20%	8%	34%	20%	10%	30%	12%	10%	13%
2010 (City Council (Short)	DAVID GANEZER	5,240	19%	6%	35%	11%	4%	19%	6%	2%	11%	11%	9%	12%
2010 F	Rent Control Board (Full)	M KORADE WILSON	15,749	28%	6%	56%	34%	15%	55%	42%	25%	58%	35%	31%	38%
2010 F	Rent Control Board (Full)	BILL WINSLOW	14,984	35%	12%	61%	34%	15%	56%	27%	13%	43%	34%	31%	37%
2010 F	Rent Control Board (Full)	TODD FLORA	14,145	37%	14%	64%	32%	12%	54%	30%	15%	46%	31%	28%	34%
2010 F	Rent Control Board (Shor	t CHRIS BRAUN	17,214	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
2012 E	Board of Education	BEN ALLEN	21,421	14%	4%	27%	23%	10%	37%	21%	12%	29%	29%	27%	31%
2012 E	Board of Education	MARIA LEON-VAZQUEZ	17,579	14%	4%	28%	21%	9%	35%	34%	25%	43%	21%	19%	22%
2012 E	Board of Education	JOSE ESCARCE	15,747	15%	5%	30%	18%	8%	29%	22%	13%	30%	20%	18%	21%
2012 E	Board of Education	CRAIG FOSTER	11,692	16%	5%	30%	17%	8%	27%	11%	5%	17%	15%	13%	16%
2012 E	Board of Education	KAREN FARRER	8,394	20%	7%	36%	13%	6%	22%	8%	3%	14%	9%	8%	11%
2012 E	Board of Education	SETH JACOBSON	5,926	21%	8%	35%	8%	3%	14%	4%	2%	8%	6%	5%	8%
2012 (City Council	TED WINTERER	17,714	5%	2%	10%	10%	4%	17%	9%	4%	13%	17%	16%	18%
2012 (City Council	TERRY O'DAY	17,122	6%	2%	12%	13%	6%	22%	15%	9%	20%	15%	14%	16%
2012 (City Council	GLEAM OLIVIA DAVIS	15,214	6%	2%	12%	15%	7%	22%	11%	6%	16%	14%	13%	14%
2012 (City Council	TONY VAZQUEZ	11,937	6%	2%	12%	9%	3%	15%	23%	18%	28%	9%	8%	9%
2012 (City Council	SHARI DAVIS	10,843	7%	2%	13%	7%	3%	12%	4%	1%	7%	10%	9%	11%
2012 (City Council	RICHARD MCKINNON	8,039	5%	2%	11%	5%	2%	10%	2%	1%	5%	8%	7%	8%
2012 (City Council	JOHN CYRUS SMITH	6,612	9%	3%	16%	6%	2%	10%	5%	2%	8%	5%	5%	6%
2012 (City Council	FRANK GRUBER	6,164	6%	2%	11%	3%	1%	6%	2%	1%	4%	6%	5%	6%
2012 (City Council	JONATHAN MANN	5,134	6%	2%	11%	7%	3%	12%	6%	3%	10%	4%	3%	4%
2012 (City Council	BOB SELDON	4,280	8%	3%	14%	3%	1%	5%	2%	1%	3%	3%	3%	4%
2012 (City Council	ARMEN MELKONIANS	3,957	8%	3%	14%	6%	2%	9%	3%	1%	5%	3%	2%	3%
2012 (City Council	TERENCE LATER	3,755	5%	2%	10%	5%	2%	8%	2%	1%	4%	3%	2%	3%
2012 (City Council	JERRY P. RUBIN	3,069	6%	2%	10%	4%	2%	8%	4%	2%	6%	2%	1%	2%
2012 (City Council	ROBERTO GOMEZ	2,916	8%	4%	12%	5%	2%	9%	10%	8%	13%	1%	0%	1%
2012 (City Council	STEVE DURON	2,464	9%	4%	14%	3%	1%	6%	2%	1%	4%	1%	1%	2%
2012 F	Rent Control Board	CD WALTON	12,444	22%	7%	45%	37%	18%	57%	41%	25%	57%	36%	32%	39%
2012 F	Rent Control Board	ILSE ROSENSTEIN	12,181	25%	8%	48%	36%	18%	55%	42%	25%	58%	34%	30%	38%
2012 F	Rent Control Board	ROBERT KRONOVET	10,917	53%	25%	76%	27%	12%	44%	17%	5%	30%	30%	25%	34%
2014 E	Board of Education	LAURIE LIEBERMAN	13,492	14%	5%	27%	18%	8%	30%	15%	7%	23%	23%	22%	25%
2014 E	Board of Education	R TAHVILDARAN-JESSWEII	10,910	15%	5%	28%	15%	6%	26%	15%	8%	23%	18%	17%	19%
2014 E	Board of Education	OSCAR DE LA TORRE	10,621	14%	4%	26%	19%	9%	32%	26%	17%	35%	16%	14%	17%
2014 E	Board of Education	RALPH MECHUR	10,529	15%	5%	28%	13%	5%	23%	10%	4%	17%	18%	17%	19%
2014 E	Board of Education	CRAIG FOSTER	8,479	14%	5%	26%	11%	4%	20%	12%	6%	19%	14%	12%	15%
2014 E	Board of Education	DHUN MAY	4,372	12%	5%	21%	12%	5%	20%	12%	6%	18%	5%	4%	6%
2014 E	Board of Education	PATTY FINER	4,372	16%	6%	26%	11%	5%	19%	10%	5%	15%	6%	4%	7%
2014 (City Council	KEVIN MCKEOWN	10,138	10%	3%	19%	11%	4%	19%	15%	9%	21%	18%	17%	19%
2014 (City Council	SUE HIMMELRICH	9,262	7%	2%	14%	13%	5%	21%	12%	6%	19%	17%	16%	18%

				Asian	ĺ		Black			Latina/o			White	
Year Office	Alternative	Votes	Est.	CI Low	CI High	Est.	CI Low	CI High	Est.	CI Low	CI High	Est.	CI Low	CI High
2014 City Council	PAM O'CONNOR	6,696	8%	2%	16%	11%	5%	19%	13%	7%	19%	11%	10%	12%
2014 City Council	PHIL BROCK	5,854	9%	3%	16%	8%	3%	13%	6%	2%	10%	11%	10%	11%
2014 City Council	FRANK GRUBER	5,222	7%	3%	14%	8%	3%	14%	10%	5%	15%	9%	8%	9%
2014 City Council	JENNIFER KENNEDY	5,037	6%	2%	12%	8%	3%	14%	9%	5%	14%	9%	8%	9%
2014 City Council	RICHARD MCKINNON	4,890	7%	2%	14%	6%	2%	12%	5%	2%	8%	9%	8%	9%
2014 City Council	MICHAEL FEINSTEIN	3,729	8%	3%	14%	8%	3%	13%	9%	5%	14%	6%	5%	6%
2014 City Council	TERENCE LATER	1,874	6%	2%	12%	3%	1%	6%	2%	1%	4%	3%	3%	3%
2014 City Council	JERRY RUBIN	1,635	7%	3%	12%	6%	3%	10%	4%	2%	8%	2%	2%	3%
2014 City Council	JON MANN	1,594	6%	2%	10%	7%	3%	10%	4%	2%	7%	2%	2%	2%
2014 City Council	NICK BOLES	1,328	6%	2%	11%	3%	1%	6%	3%	1%	6%	2%	1%	2%
2014 City Council	WHITNEY SCOTT BAIN	1,317	8%	4%	14%	5%	2%	8%	3%	1%	6%	1%	1%	2%
2014 City Council	ZOE MUNTANER	791	4%	1%	7%	3%	1%	5%	4%	2%	6%	1%	1%	1%
2014 College Trustees	NANCY GREENSTEIN	12,785	16%	5%	29%	17%	7%	29%	16%	8%	24%	22%	20%	24%
2014 College Trustees	LOUISE JAFFE	12,497	15%	4%	29%	16%	6%	27%	12%	6%	20%	22%	20%	24%
2014 College Trustees	BARRY A SNELL	10,209	19%	7%	33%	17%	7%	27%	13%	6%	20%	17%	15%	18%
2014 College Trustees	ANDREW WALZER	9,569	17%	6%	30%	15%	6%	26%	14%	7%	21%	16%	14%	17%
2014 College Trustees	DENNIS C W FRISCH	8,783	18%	6%	32%	16%	6%	26%	19%	12%	27%	13%	11%	15%
2014 College Trustees	MARIA LOYA	7,971	15%	5%	26%	20%	10%	31%	26%	18%	35%	10%	9%	12%
2014 Rent Control Board	NICOLE PHILLIS	7,790	31%	13%	52%	37%	17%	59%	38%	22%	53%	38%	33%	43%
2014 Rent Control Board	STEVE DURON	6,746	34%	13%	56%	34%	15%	55%	29%	15%	44%	32%	27%	37%
2014 Rent Control Board	TODD FLORA	6,480	35%	15%	57%	29%	12%	50%	33%	18%	48%	30%	25%	34%
2016 City Council	TERRY O'DAY	19,263	8%	3%	15%	15%	6%	24%	14%	7%	20%	18%	17%	19%
2016 City Council	TONY VAZQUEZ	18,456	4%	0%	15%	13%	5%	23%	19%	12%	26%	17%	15%	18%
2016 City Council	TED WINTERER	18,156	7%	3%	13%	11%	4%	19%	7%	2%	12%	18%	17%	19%
2016 City Council	GLEAM OLIVIA DAVIS	17,842	10%	4%	16%	14%	6%	24%	10%	4%	16%	17%	15%	18%
2016 City Council	ARMEN MELKONIANS	12,603	9%	5%	18%	9%	4%	16%	5%	2%	9%	12%	11%	13%
2016 City Council	OSCAR DE LA TORRE	11,256	15%	6%	24%	12%	4%	21%	28%	21%	34%	6%	5%	7%
2016 City Council	JAMES T WATSON	6,170	15%	7%	20%	8%	3%	14%	4%	2%	8%	4%	3%	5%
2016 City Council	MENDE SMITH	5,212	11%	5%	17%	7%	3%	12%	6%	3%	10%	3%	2%	4%
2016 City Council	TERENCE LATER	5,102	8%	4%	13%	5%	2%	9%	3%	1%	6%	4%	3%	5%
2016 City Council	JON MANN	3,959	12%	7%	17%	5%	2%	9%	4%	1%	6%	2%	1%	3%
2016 College Trustees	SUSAN AMINOFF	21,770	22%	7%	42%	27%	11%	43%	24%	13%	36%	30%	27%	32%
2016 College Trustees	M QUINONES-PEREZ	19,576	22%	5%	42%	25%	10%	42%	40%	28%	53%	23%	21%	26%
2016 College Trustees	ROB G RADER	19,246	28%	10%	50%	26%	11%	42%	19%	9%	30%	25%	22%	28%
2016 College Trustees	SION ROY	16,651	28%	10%	50%	23%	9%	38%	17%	7%	27%	21%	18%	24%
2016 Rent Control Board	CAROLINE M TOROSIS	15,596	20%	6%	38%	33%	16%	51%	33%	17%	48%	37%	33%	40%
2016 Rent Control Board	ANASTASIA FOSTER	13,825	19%	6%	39%	26%	12%	42%	30%	15%	45%	32%	29%	35%
2016 Rent Control Board	E GOLDEN-GEALER	8,491	35%	15%	55%	19%	8%	33%	20%	9%	32%	16%	12%	19%
2016 Rent Control Board	C D WALTON	7,728	26%	9%	46%	22%	10%	36%	17%	7%	29%	15%	12%	18%

Li estillat	es of probability preferre	ed	1	i i		. 1	
				Asian	Black	Latina/o	White
Year	Office	Alternative	Votes	Est.	Est.	Est.	Est.
	Board of Education	EMILY BLOOMFIELD	11,885	63%	57%	83%	100%
	Board of Education	JULIA BROWNLEY	11,793	67%	63%	91%	100%
	Board of Education	OSCAR DE LA TORRE	9,541	57%	81%	100%	96%
2002	Board of Education	SHANE MCLOUD	9,250	72%	59%	59%	100%
2002	Board of Education	BRENDA GOTTFRIED	7,582	73%	57%	42%	4%
2002	Board of Education	ANN COCHRAN	3,889	68%	82%	25%	0%
2002	City Council	PAM O'CONNOR	10,797	24%	51%	78%	100%
2002	City Council	KEVIN MCKEOWN	10,675	35%	50%	92%	100%
2002	City Council	ABBY ARNOLD	8,779	23%	37%	25%	35%
2002	City Council	BOB HOLBROOK	8,711	43%	11%	2%	65%
2002	City Council	MATTEO DINOLFO	6,600	42%	7%	2%	0%
2002	City Council	JOSEFINA S ARANADA	5,562	58%	58%	100%	0%
2002	City Council	CHUCK ALLORD	2,469	35%	0%	0%	0%
2002	City Council	JERRY RUBIN	1,989	18%	14%	0%	0%
2002	City Council	PRO SE	1,433	20%	71%	2%	0%
2002	Measure HH	No	14,244	44%	67%	100%	100%
2002	Measure HH	Yes	7,697	56%	33%	0%	0%
2002	Measure II	No	14,409	46%	69%	99%	100%
2002	Measure II	Yes	7,874	54%	31%	1%	0%
2004	Board of Education	MARIA LEON-VAZQUES	16,337	72%	83%	99%	100%
2004	Board of Education	JOSE ESCARCE	16,307	75%	69%	91%	100%
2004	Board of Education	ANA M JARA	13,722	70%	90%	100%	12%
2004	Board of Education	KATHY WISNICKI	12,994	82%	58%	10%	88%
2004	City Council	BOBBY SHRIVER	17,486	8%	23%	13%	100%
2004	City Council	RICHARD BLOOM	12,503	8%	57%	92%	100%
2004	City Council	HERB KATZ	10,577	7%	10%	2%	100%
2004	City Council	KEN GENSER	9,838	5%	45%	74%	66%
2004	City Council	PATRICIA HOFFMAN	9,603	6%	61%	68%	23%
2004	City Council	MARIA LOYA	9,009	3%	70%	100%	0%
2004	City Council	MATT DINOLFO	8,746	6%	5%	0%	11%
2004	City Council	KATHRYN J MOREA	7,656	10%	12%	0%	0%
2004	City Council	MICHAEL FEINSTEIN	5,867	10%	34%	42%	0%
2004	City Council	DAVID COLE	3,065	64%	5%	0%	0%
2004	City Council	LETICIA M ANDERSON	2,536	43%	40%	7%	0%
2004	City Council	BILL BAUER	2,473	75%	5%	0%	0%
2004	City Council	L MENDELSOHN	2,327	74%	7%	0%	0%
2004	City Council	TOM VISCOUNT	2,152	12%	21%	1%	0%
2004	City Council	JONATHAN MANN	1,326	71%	3%	0%	0%
2004	City Council	LINDA ARMSTRONG	793	0%	2%	0%	0%

results2002-2016 (Updated).xlsx EI probability preferred

				Asian	Black	Latina/o	White
ear	Office	Alternative	Votes	Est.	Est.	Est.	Est.
2004	College Trustees	SUSAN AMINOFF	14,402	27%	56%	77%	100%
2004	College Trustees	ROBERT G RADER	11,168	25%	35%	24%	100%
2004	College Trustees	M R QUINONES	9,500	47%	57%	91%	13%
2004	College Trustees	M DOUGLAS WILLIS	9,427	24%	52%	44%	87%
2004	College Trustees	CHARLES DONALDSON	6,809	61%	36%	58%	0%
2004	College Trustees	TONJA MCCOY	5,509	54%	41%	4%	0%
2004	College Trustees	SUSANNE TRIMBATH	4,326	61%	23%	1%	0%
2006	Board of Education	EMILY BLOOMFIELD	11,528	57%	69%	84%	100%
2006	Board of Education	OSCAR DE LA TORRE	10,607	56%	80%	100%	100%
2006	Board of Education	KELLY MCMAHON PYE	10,105	58%	65%	78%	100%
2006	Board of Education	BARRY A SNELL	9,004	59%	55%	44%	100%
2006	Board of Education	SHANE MCLOUD	6,806	77%	62%	67%	0%
2006	Board of Education	SIDONIE SMITH	3,629	92%	70%	27%	0%
2006	City Council	KEVIN MCKEOWN	10,390	15%	62%	97%	100%
2006	City Council	PAM O'CONNOR	9,588	16%	71%	92%	100%
2006	City Council	BOB HOLBROOK	8,870	22%	40%	36%	95%
2006	City Council	TERRY O'DAY	8,454	20%	50%	52%	6%
2006	City Council	GLEAM OLIVIA DAVIS	6,871	19%	31%	16%	0%
2006	City Council	JENNA LINNEKENS	2,257	22%	7%	0%	0%
2006	City Council	TERENCE LATER	1,949	29%	7%	1%	0%
2006	City Council	MARK C MCLELLAN	1,518	44%	1%	0%	0%
2006	City Council	LINDA ARMSTRONG	1,389	43%	30%	5%	0%
006	City Council	JONATHAN MANN	1,170	70%	2%	0%	0%
2006	College Trustees	NANCY GREENSTEIN	11,841	56%	78%	95%	100%
2006	College Trustees	LOUISE JAFFE	11,440	57%	65%	89%	100%
2006	College Trustees	DAVID B FINKEL	10,106	60%	70%	66%	100%
2006	College Trustees	ANDREW WALZER	9,395	60%	75%	91%	100%
2006	College Trustees	TOM DONNER	6,500	76%	64%	45%	0%
2006	College Trustees	SUSANNA KIM BRACKE	3,789	90%	49%	15%	0%
2006	Rent Control Board	JENNIFER KENNEDY	9,058	63%	82%	88%	100%
2006	Rent Control Board	M KORADE-WILSON	8,604	68%	81%	91%	100%
2006	Rent Control Board	ZELIA MOLLICA	7,534	74%	87%	94%	100%
2006	Rent Control Board	ROBERT KRONOVET	4,576	95%	50%	27%	0%
2008	Board of Education	BEN ALLEN	22,153	68%	77%	67%	100%
2008	Board of Education	MARIA LEON-VAZQUEZ	21,966	68%	76%	100%	100%
2008	Board of Education	JOSE ESCARCE	19,256	74%	73%	96%	87%
2008	Board of Education	CHRIS BLEY	17,535	91%	74%	38%	14%
2008	City Council	BOBBY SHRIVER	24,258	32%	57%	14%	100%
	City Council	RICHARD BLOOM	20,205	27%	78%	95%	100%

results2002-2016 (Updated).xlsx El probability preferred

				Asian	Black	Latina/o	White
ear	Office	Alternative	Votes	Est.	Est.	Est.	Est.
2008	City Council	KEN GENSER	19,119	22%	64%	97%	100%
2008	City Council	HERB KATZ	17,189	33%	33%	52%	100%
2008	City Council	TED WINTERER	12,034	3%	21%	46%	0%
2008	City Council	SUSAN HARTLEY	9,910	56%	35%	22%	0%
2008	City Council	MICHAEL KOVAC	6,340	28%	14%	1%	0%
2008	City Council	JERRY A RUBIN	6,064	13%	57%	12%	0%
2008	City Council	L M PIERA-AVILA	4,612	44%	25%	61%	0%
2008	City Council	H SILVERSTEIN	3,449	13%	0%	0%	0%
2008	City Council	JOHN BLAKELY	2,778	23%	2%	0%	0%
2008	City Council	LINDA ARMSTRONG	2,393	45%	9%	0%	0%
2008	City Council	JON LOUIS MANN	2,376	61%	4%	0%	0%
2008	College Trustees	SUSAN AMINOFF	21,201	89%	80%	50%	100%
2008	College Trustees	ROBERT G RADER	20,432	89%	82%	59%	100%
2008	College Trustees	M QUINONES-PEREZ	19,878	90%	80%	95%	100%
2008	College Trustees	HEIDI HOECK	12,590	33%	59%	96%	0%
2008	Rent Control Board	JOEL C KOURY	22,571	43%	87%	100%	100%
2008	Rent Control Board	ROBERT KRONOVET	15,162	94%	53%	12%	51%
2008	Rent Control Board	CHRISTOPHER BRAUN	15,107	63%	60%	88%	49%
2010	Board of Education	LAURIE LIEBERMAN	15,600	39%	70%	80%	100%
2010	Board of Education	OSCAR DE LA TORRE	14,022	35%	83%	100%	100%
2010	Board of Education	RALPH MECHUR	12,300	33%	50%	83%	100%
2010	Board of Education	NIMISH PATEL	10,588	34%	11%	10%	99%
2010	Board of Education	BARRY A SNELL	9,610	34%	65%	17%	1%
2010	Board of Education	PATRICK CADY	8,948	70%	58%	74%	0%
2010	Board of Education	CHRIS BLEY	8,930	86%	62%	35%	0%
2010	Board of Education	JAKE WACHTEL	4,874	68%	1%	0%	0%
2010	City Council (Full)	KEVIN MCKEOWN	16,336	27%	75%	97%	100%
2010	City Council (Full)	PAM O'CONNOR	14,532	21%	86%	96%	100%
2010	City Council (Full)	BOB HOLBROOK	12,773	35%	49%	55%	28%
2010	City Council (Full)	TED WINTERER	12,719	18%	54%	26%	72%
2010	City Council (Full)	JEAN MCNEIL WYNER	4,013	64%	1%	0%	0%
2010	City Council (Full)	JERRY RUBIN	3,730	13%	16%	3%	0%
2010	City Council (Full)	JON LOUIS MANN	3,525	34%	12%	22%	0%
2010	City Council (Full)	TERENCE LATER	2,931	20%	5%	0%	0%
2010	City Council (Full)	DANIEL CODY	2,764	49%	0%	0%	0%
2010	City Council (Full)	LINDA ARMSTRONG	1,700	20%	1%	1%	0%
2010	City Council (Short)	TERRY O'DAY	15,944	22%	60%	95%	100%
2010	City Council (Short)	GLEAM OLIVIA DAVIS	13,369	33%	55%	78%	100%
	City Council (Short)	ROBERT KRONOVET	7,155	75%	44%	3%	0%

results2002-2016 (Updated).xlsx El probability preferred

				Asian	Black	Latina/o	White
ear	Office	Alternative	Votes	Est.	Est.	Est.	Est.
2010	City Council (Short)	SUSAN HARTLEY	6,329	31%	40%	24%	0%
2010	City Council (Short)	DAVID GANEZER	5,240	38%	1%	0%	0%
2010	Rent Control Board (Full)	M KORADE WILSON	15,749	100%	100%	100%	100%
2010	Rent Control Board (Full)	BILL WINSLOW	14,984	100%	100%	100%	100%
2010	Rent Control Board (Full)	TODD FLORA	14,145	100%	100%	100%	100%
2010	Rent Control Board (Short	CHRIS BRAUN	17,214	100%	100%	100%	100%
2012	Board of Education	BEN ALLEN	21,421	33%	83%	95%	100%
2012	Board of Education	MARIA LEON-VAZQUEZ	17,579	36%	76%	100%	100%
2012	Board of Education	JOSE ESCARCE	15,747	39%	59%	96%	100%
2012	Board of Education	CRAIG FOSTER	11,692	47%	56%	8%	0%
2012	Board of Education	KAREN FARRER	8,394	70%	25%	2%	0%
2012	Board of Education	SETH JACOBSON	5,926	74%	1%	0%	0%
2012	City Council	TED WINTERER	17,714	8%	68%	39%	100%
2012	City Council	TERRY O'DAY	17,122	16%	89%	97%	100%
2012	City Council	GLEAM OLIVIA DAVIS	15,214	19%	95%	78%	100%
2012	City Council	TONY VAZQUEZ	11,937	18%	53%	100%	0%
2012	City Council	SHARI DAVIS	10,843	24%	29%	0%	100%
2012	City Council	RICHARD MCKINNON	8,039	12%	8%	0%	0%
2012	City Council	JOHN CYRUS SMITH	6,612	55%	13%	1%	0%
2012	City Council	FRANK GRUBER	6,164	16%	0%	0%	0%
2012	City Council	JONATHAN MANN	5,134	18%	27%	5%	0%
2012	City Council	BOB SELDON	4,280	41%	0%	0%	0%
2012	City Council	ARMEN MELKONIANS	3,957	47%	8%	0%	0%
2012	City Council	TERENCE LATER	3,755	10%	3%	0%	0%
2012	City Council	JERRY P. RUBIN	3,069	11%	2%	0%	0%
2012	City Council	ROBERTO GOMEZ	2,916	43%	4%	79%	0%
2012	City Council	STEVE DURON	2,464	62%	0%	0%	0%
2012	Rent Control Board	CD WALTON	12,444	45%	81%	98%	96%
2012	Rent Control Board	ILSE ROSENSTEIN	12,181	59%	78%	98%	88%
2012	Rent Control Board	ROBERT KRONOVET	10,917	96%	40%	4%	16%
2014	Board of Education	LAURIE LIEBERMAN	13,492	53%	82%	75%	100%
2014	Board of Education	R TAHVILDARAN-JESSWEII	10,910	59%	69%	79%	100%
2014	Board of Education	OSCAR DE LA TORRE	10,621	53%	86%	100%	98%
2014	Board of Education	RALPH MECHUR	10,529	64%	52%	26%	100%
2014	Board of Education	CRAIG FOSTER	8,479	58%	36%	54%	2%
2014	Board of Education	DHUN MAY	4,372	44%	43%	48%	0%
2014	Board of Education	PATTY FINER	4,372	69%	32%	18%	0%
2014	City Council	KEVIN MCKEOWN	10,138	48%	57%	90%	100%
	City Council	SUE HIMMELRICH	9,262	21%	74%	63%	100%

results2002-2016 (Updated).xlsx El probability preferred

El estimate	es of probability preferre	ed					
				Asian	Black	Latina/o	White
Year	Office	Alternative	Votes	Est.	Est.	Est.	Est.
2014	City Council	PAM O'CONNOR	6,696	36%	61%	75%	92%
2014	City Council	PHIL BROCK	5,854	39%	21%	1%	8%
2014	City Council	FRANK GRUBER	5,222	23%	29%	29%	0%
2014	City Council	JENNIFER KENNEDY	5,037	11%	22%	23%	0%
2014	City Council	RICHARD MCKINNON	4,890	22%	8%	0%	0%
2014	City Council	MICHAEL FEINSTEIN	3,729	24%	21%	19%	0%
2014	City Council	TERENCE LATER	1,874	12%	0%	0%	0%
2014	City Council	JERRY RUBIN	1,635	16%	2%	0%	0%
2014	City Council	JON MANN	1,594	6%	4%	0%	0%
2014	City Council	NICK BOLES	1,328	8%	0%	0%	0%
2014	City Council	WHITNEY SCOTT BAIN	1,317	33%	0%	0%	0%
2014	City Council	ZOE MUNTANER	791	0%	0%	0%	0%
2014	College Trustees	NANCY GREENSTEIN	12,785	63%	68%	74%	100%
2014	College Trustees	LOUISE JAFFE	12,497	59%	63%	38%	100%
2014	College Trustees	BARRY A SNELL	10,209	77%	68%	44%	100%
2014	College Trustees	ANDREW WALZER	9,569	71%	56%	53%	98%
2014	College Trustees	DENNIS C W FRISCH	8,783	73%	61%	92%	2%
2014	College Trustees	MARIA LOYA	7,971	56%	84%	100%	0%
2014	Rent Control Board	NICOLE PHILLIS	7,790	100%	100%	100%	100%
2014	Rent Control Board	STEVE DURON	6,746	100%	100%	100%	100%
2014	Rent Control Board	TODD FLORA	6,480	100%	100%	100%	100%
2016	City Council	TERRY O'DAY	19,263	14%	79%	94%	100%
2016	City Council	TONY VAZQUEZ	18,456	11%	69%	100%	100%
2016	City Council	TED WINTERER	18,156	7%	51%	18%	100%
2016	City Council	GLEAM OLIVIA DAVIS	17,842	44%	79%	69%	100%
2016	City Council	ARMEN MELKONIANS	12,603	20%	30%	6%	0%
2016	City Council	OSCAR DE LA TORRE	11,256	84%	62%	100%	0%
2016	City Council	JAMES T WATSON	6,170	87%	20%	1%	0%
2016	City Council	MENDE SMITH	5,212	56%	9%	12%	0%
2016	City Council	TERENCE LATER	5,102	9%	1%	0%	0%
2016	City Council	JON MANN	3,959	68%	1%	0%	0%
2016	College Trustees	SUSAN AMINOFF	21,770	65%	82%	89%	100%
2016	College Trustees	M QUINONES-PEREZ	19,576	66%	73%	100%	81%
2016	College Trustees	ROB G RADER	19,246	84%	79%	66%	96%
2016	College Trustees	SION ROY	16,651	85%	67%	45%	23%
2016	Rent Control Board	CAROLINE M TOROSIS	15,596	29%	81%	85%	100%
2016	Rent Control Board	ANASTASIA FOSTER	13,825	28%	59%	79%	100%
2016	Rent Control Board	E GOLDEN-GEALER	8,491	83%	24%	23%	0%
2016	Rent Control Board	C D WALTON	7,728	60%	35%	12%	0%

results2002-2016 (Updated).xlsx EI probability preferred

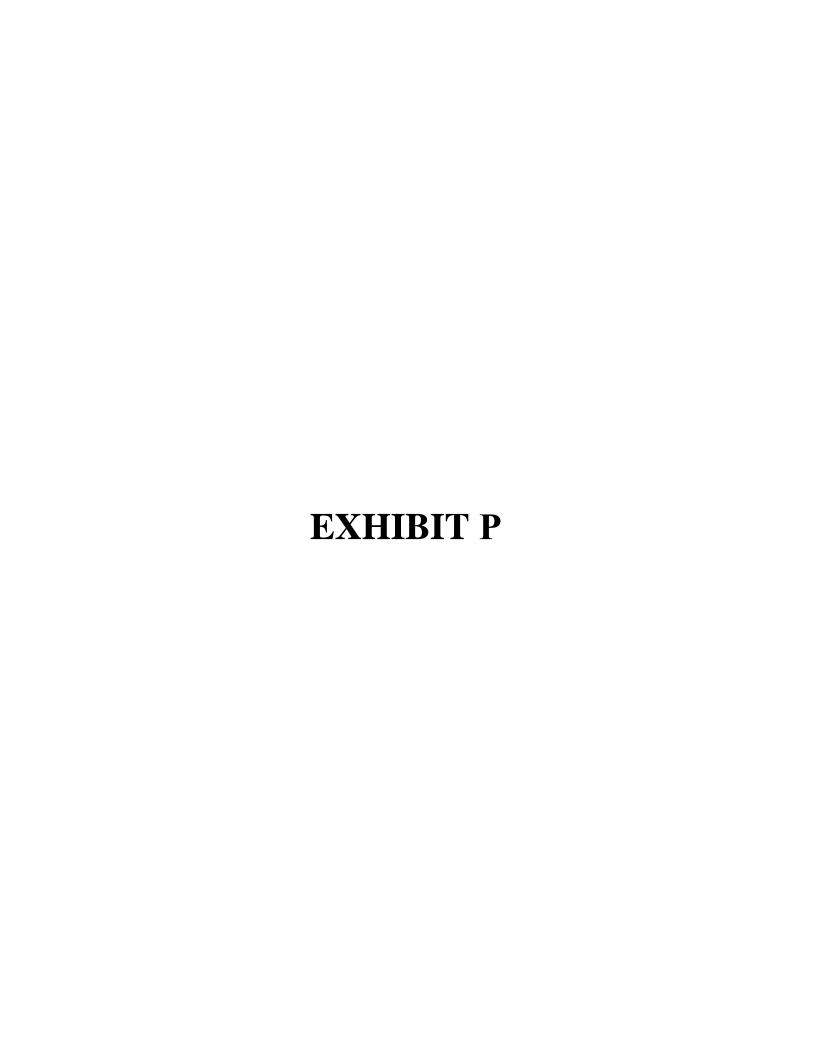


Table I - A: 1994 Election

Candidate	Latino	Asian	Est. Black	Est. Non-	Actual %
				Hispanic	
				White	
Bob Holbrook	-108.9 (38.6)	371.7 (70.7)	37.7 (20.6)	34.4 (2.6)	36.5
Pam O'Connor	113.2 (27.3)	-177.9 (50.0)	5.6 (14.5)	40.1 (1.8)	36.3
Ruth Ebner	-103.5 (32.7)	323.5 (60.0)	44.5 (17.4)	34.4 (2.2)	35.7
Tony Vazquez	145.5 (28.0)	-209.4 (51.2)	19.2 (14.9)	34.9 (1.9)	33.2
Bruria Finkel	122.4 (28.4)	-234.8 (52.0)	5.1 (15.1)	37.6 (1.9)	33.0
Matthew P. Kann	-81.3 (30.8)	260.1 (56.4)	25.5 (16.4)	23.1 (2.1)	24.4
Bob Knonovet	-6.4 (7.5)	50.8 (13.8)	5.4 (4.0)	8.7 (0.5)	8.9
Ron Taylor	51.3 (6.1)	-35.7 (11.2)	9.9 (3.2)	4.8 (0.4)	6.3
John Stevens	37.4 (5.6)	9.8 (10.3)	3.1 (3.0)	3.6 (0.4)	5.6
Wallace Peoples	8.5 (6.7)	42.0 (12.3)	12.0 (3.6)	3.5 (0.5)	5.3
Joe Sole	11.8 (3.9)	-2.7 (7.2)	1.2 (2.1)	2.9 (0.3)	3.2
No Vote	109.8 (34.2)	-96.7 (62.8)	130.8 (18.2)	72.0 (2.3)	
Av. # of Candidates	1.9	4.0	1.7	2.3	2.3
Voted For**					
% of Registration	5.6	2.9	4.5	87.0	

• 3 winners

N= 94 Ethnic percentages based on voter registration. Candidate percentages based on number of mail and in-person ballots. Weighted by number of mail and in-person ballots.

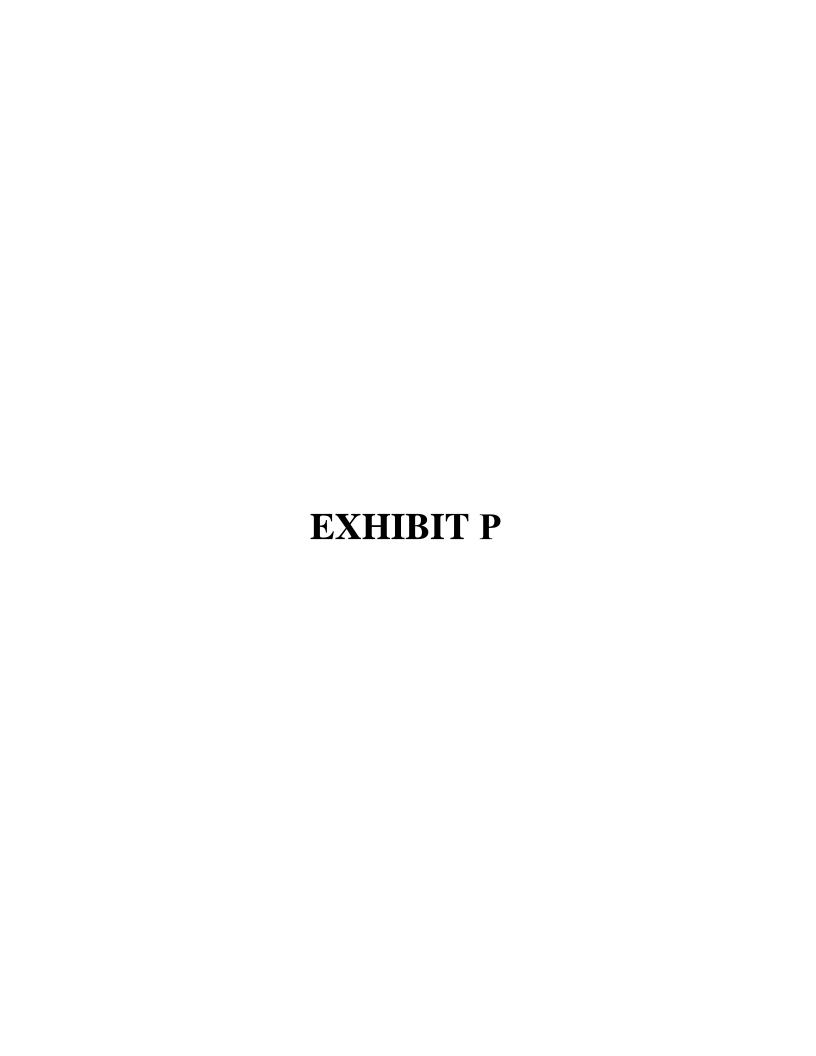


Table II-1: 1996 Election

Candidate	Latino	Asian	Est. Black	Est. Non-	Actual %
				Hispanic	
				White	
Michael Feinstein	149.1 (25.0)	-259.7 (57.1)	-3.6 (18.9)	41.5 (2.2)	36.4
Asha S. Greenberg	-114.1 (30.5)	312.4 (69.5)	78.2 (23.0)	34.7 (2.7)	36.2
Ken Genser	96.5 (20.3)	-147.0 (46.3)	1.2 (15.3)	37.9 (1.8)	33.9
Paul Rosenstein	48.1 (12.0)	33.4 (27.3)	26.3 (9.0)	31.7 (1.1)	32.6
Kelly Olsen	106.4 (20.6)	-121.1 (47.0)	-7.5 (15.6)	32.7 (1.8)	30.6
Frank D. Schwengel	-91.9 (28.8)	282.7 (65.6)	57.8 (21.7)	28.3 (2.5)	30.3
Shari L. Davis	-63.2 (24.3)	175.8 (55.4)	42.1 (18.3)	26.1 (2.1)	26.0
Donna Dailey Alvarez	22.2 (12.9)	160.3 (29.4)	34.5 (9.7)	15.8 (1.1)	22.0
Richard Bloom	51.9 (12.9)	28.5 (29.4)	-3.6 (9.7)	10.0 (1.1)	12.9
Susan L. Mearns	32.6 (6.9)	-38.3 (15.7)	-0.8 (5.2)	10.8 (0.6)	10.0
Jeffrey Hughes	14.7 (4.7)	-18.8 (10.8)	-0.7 (3.6)	7.7 (0.4)	6.9
Jonathan Metzger	0.6 (3.8)	19.2 (8.6)	6.4 (2.8)	4.9 (0.3)	5.2
Larry Swieboda	-1.1 (3.0)	2.0 (6.9)	4.4 (2.3)	3.2 (0.3)	2.9
No Vote	148.3 (44.0)	-29.3 (100.4)	165.4 (33.3)	114.6 (3.9)	
Av. # of Candidates	2.5	4.3	2.3	2.9	2.9
Voted For**					
% of Registration	6.9	3.4	4.4	85.3	

• 4 winners

N= 66 Ethnic percentages based on voter registration. Candidate percentages based on number of mail and in-person ballots. Weighted by number of mail and in-person ballots.

^{** =} number of ballots/# of votes for all City Council candidates

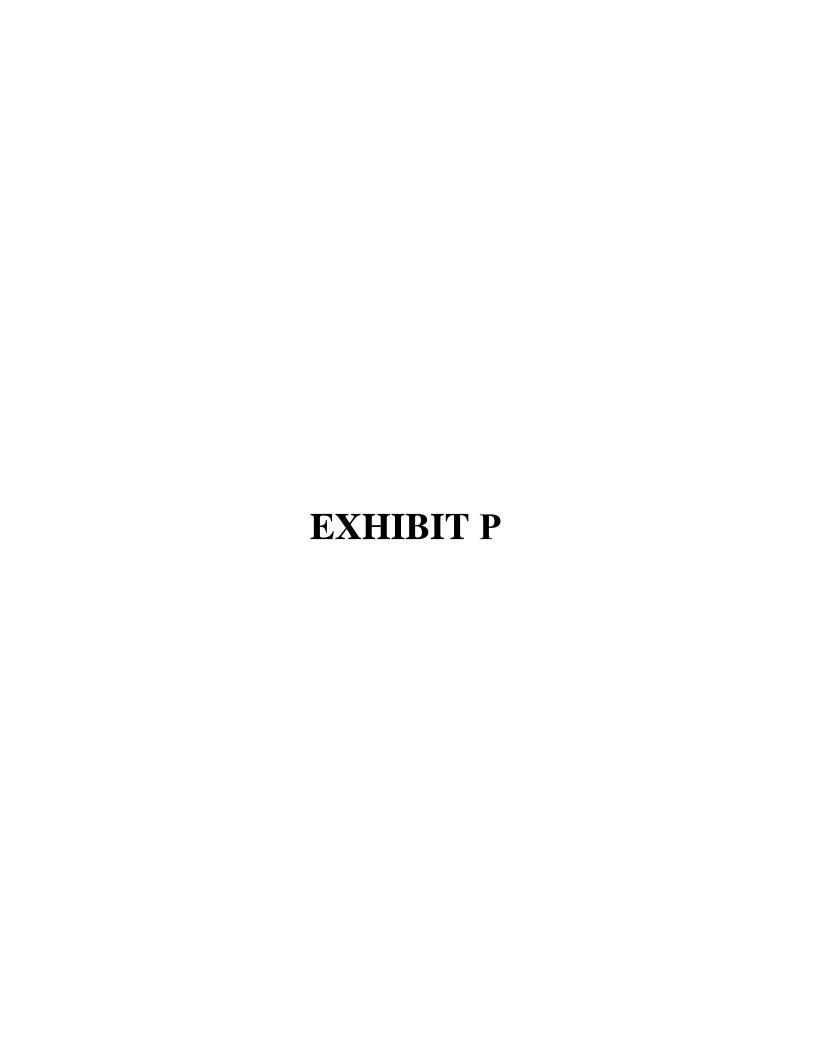


Table III - 1: 2002 Election

B. Weighted Regression

Candidate	Latino	Asian	Est. Black	Est. Non-	Actual %
				Hispanic	
				White	
Pam O'Connor	58.6 (22.8)	-27.0 (51.2)	25.1 (31.2)	46.2 (2.4)	43.4
Kevin McKeown	76.8 (23.0)	-21.9 (51.7)	12.9 (31.5)	44.3 (2.4)	42.8
Bob Holbrook	-31.2 (29.1)	179.7 (65.4)	49.0 (39.9)	34.6 (3.0)	36.2
Abby Arnold	45.8 (17.9)	-45.1 (40.2)	16.3 (24.5)	38.9 (1.9)	35.2
Matteo Dinolfo	-9.2 (23.1)	100.4 (51.9)	22.5 (31.7)	26.9 (2.4)	27.1
Josefina S. Aranda	82.6 (12.6)	24.4 (28.2)	10.6 (17.2)	16.5 (1.3)	21.3
Chuck Allord	-5.6 (10.1)	22.9 (22.8)	8.3 (13.9)	10.9 (1.1)	10.1
Jerry Rubin	6.0 (7.8)	-20.4 (17.6)	16.9 (10.7)	8.9 (0.8)	7.8
Pro Se	16.5 (5.9)	-12.5 (13.3)	15.7 (8.1)	4.9 (0.6)	5.4
No Vote	59.7 (20.3)	99.3 (45.6)	122.8 (27.8)	67.9 (2.1)	
Av. # of Candidates	2.4	2.0	1.8	2.3	2.3
Voted For**					
% of Voters	7.2	4.0	3.8	85.1	

• 3 winners

N= 67 Ethnic percentages based on turnout at 2016 election. Candidate percentages based on number of mail or in person ballots. Weights based on number of mail or in person ballots.

** = (300 - % No Vote)/100 = total vote for City Council/ballots

EX.278-1

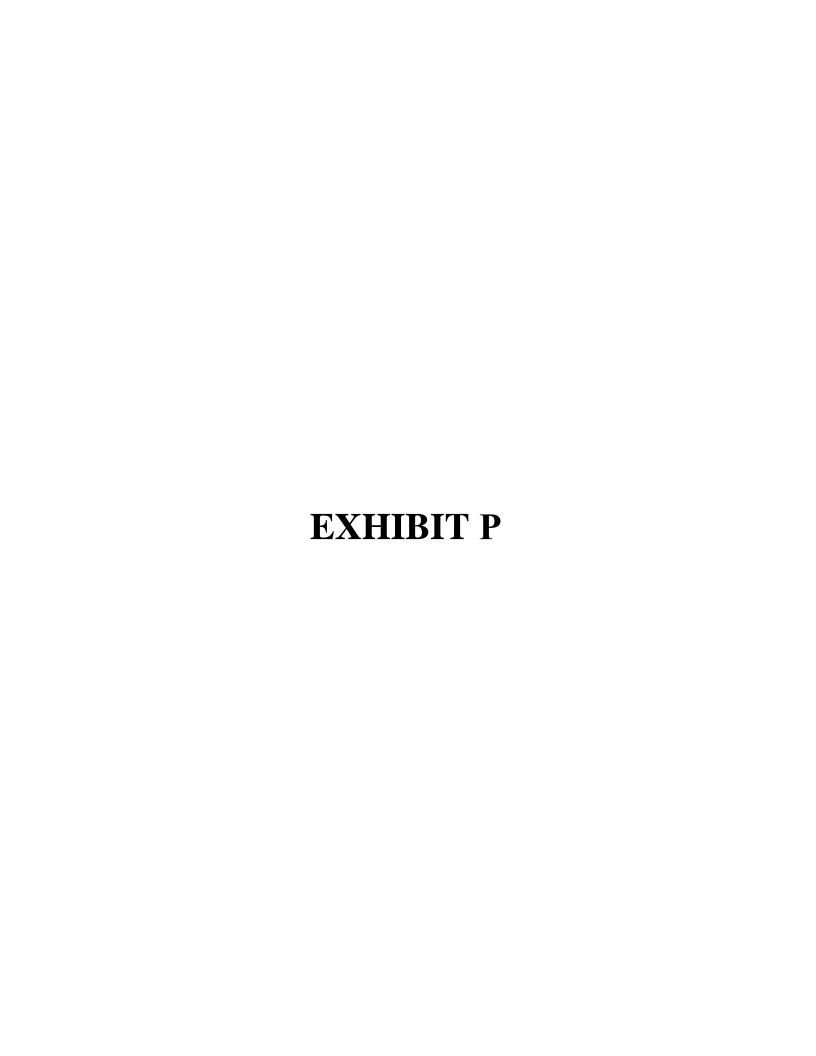


Table IV A - 2004 Election

B. Weighted Regression

Candidate	Latino	Asian	Est. Black	Est. Non-	Actual %
				Hispanic	
				White	
Bobby Shriver	23.6 (20.3)	45.3 (60.0)	-3.6 (26.9)	51.5 (3.3)	16.5*
Richard Bloom	54.9 (13.8)	-19.4 (40.8)	23.7 (18.3)	35.2 (2.3)	11.8*
Herb Katz	5.1 (22.5)	121.7 (66.5)	-5.8 (29.9)	27.8 (3.7)	10.3*
Ken Genser	39.4 (13.6)	-9.4 (40.2)	21.8 (18.1)	28.2 (2.2)	9.4*
Patricia Hoffman	40.0 (13.1)	-31.7 (38.7)	24.9 (17.4)	27.3 (2.1)	8.9
Matt Dinolfo	-1.4 (23.9)	66.6 (70.6)	-7.7 (31.7)	25.1 (3.9)	8.3
Maria Loya	106.0 (12.3)	-74.0 (36.5)	19.2 (16.4)	21.2 (2.0)	8.1
Kathryn J. Morea	4.1 (16.6)	15.9 (49.1)	6.0 (22.1)	21.8 (2.7)	6.9
Michael Feinstein	28.2 (9.6)	2.4 (28.3)	12.1 (12.7)	16.0 (1.6)	5.6
David Cole	1.3 (3.8)	60.2 (11.3)	7.2 (5.1)	6.2 (0.6)	3.0
Leticia M. Anderson	15.6 (4.1)	11.7 (12.0)	11.2 (5.4)	5.5 (0.7)	2.4
Bill Bauer	3.2 (4.3)	38.9 (12.6)	7.7 (5.6)	5.2 (0.7)	2.4
L. Mendelsohn	0.9 (3.2)	38.1 (9.4)	12.8 (4.2)	5.0 (0.5)	2.3
Tom Viscount	11.6 (4.5)	-0.3 (13.4)	5.3 (6.0)	5.4 (0.7)	2.0
Jonathan Mann	3.7 (2.5)	13.7 (7.4)	4.2 (3.3)	3.0 (0.4)	1.3
Linda Armstrong	4.6 (1.8)	13.1 (5.3)	4.8 (2.4)	1.1 (0.3)	0.7
No Vote	59.1 (39.2)	107.2 (115.6)	256.0 (52.0)	114.4 (6.4)	
Av. # of Candidates	3.4	2.9	1.4	2.9	2.8
Voted For**					
Total Actual	7.6	4.7	3.9	83.7	

^{• 4} winners

N= 67 Ethnic and candidate percentages based on turnout at 2004 election. Weighted by turnout at 2004 election

 $^{** = (400 - \% \}text{ No Vote}) / 100$

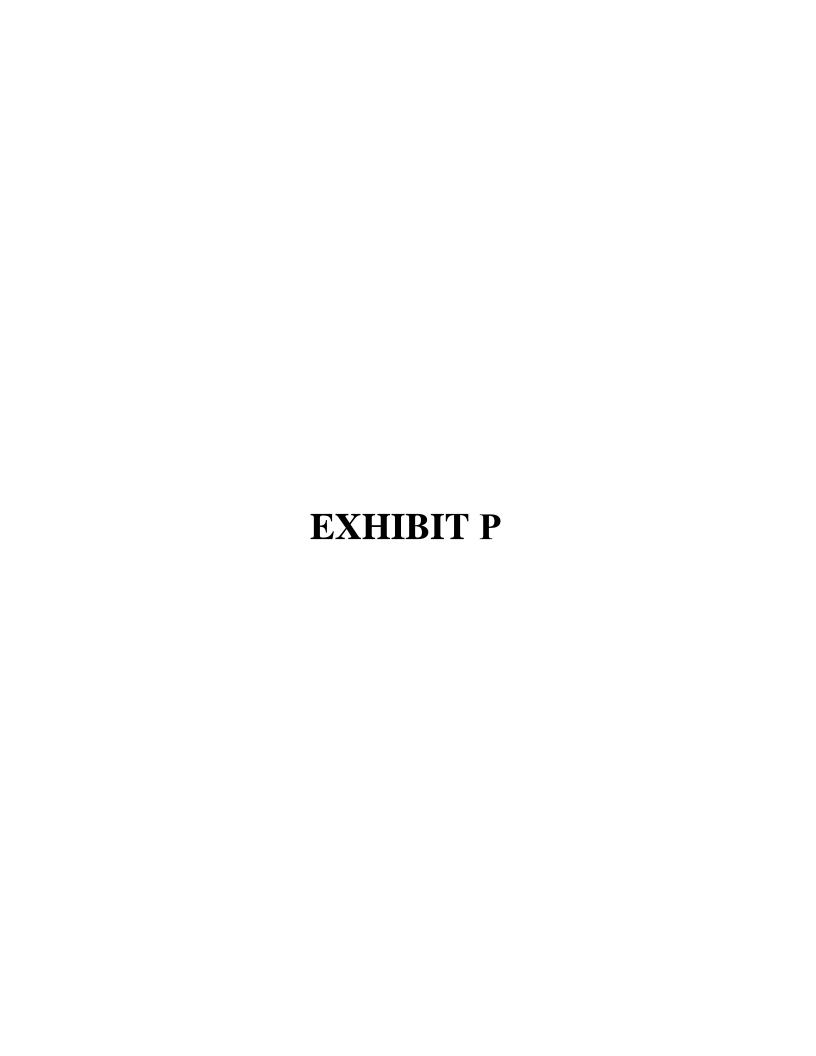


Table V A - 2008 Election

Candidate	Latino	Asian	Est. Black	Est. Non-	Actual %
				Hispanic	
				White	
Bobby Shriver	-4.5 (15.7)	38.0 (40.2)	60.5 (20.0)	52.7 (2.5)	47.7
Richard Bloom	49.7 (8.0)	12.0 (20.4)	43.5 (10.1)	40.2 (1.2)	39.7
Ken Genser	55.1 (9.5)	-6.3 (24.2)	32.5 (12.0)	38.8 (1.5)	37.6
Herb Katz	7.0 (13.1)	86.5 (33.5)	48.8 (16.7)	32.3 (2.0)	33.7
Ted Winterer	16.9 (11.1)	-8.0 (28.4)	37.8 (14.1)	25.6 (1.7)	23.6
Susan Hartley	20.7 (9.0)	58.9 (23.0)	23.8 (11.4)	16.7 (1.4)	19.5
Michael Kovac	3.2 (5.3)	16.0 (13.6)	23.6 (6.8)	12.6 (0.8)	12.4
Jerry Rubin	20.9 (6.6)	-3.4 (16.8)	19.5 (8.4)	11.6 (1.0)	11.9
Linda M. Piera-Avila	33.3 (5.2)	27.3 (13.4)	6.4 (6.7)	5.7 (0.8)	9.1
Herbert Silverstein	0.4 (5.1)	4.6 (13.0)	4.3 (6.5)	7.7 (0.8)	6.8
John Blakely	5.2 (3.8)	11.1 (9.6)	10.6 (4.8)	4.9 (0.6)	5.5
Jon Louis Mann	9.3 (3.2)	16.4 (8.2)	6.4 (4.1)	3.4 (0.5)	4.7
Linda Armstrong	14.0 (2.4)	19.1 (6.2)	4.4 (3.1)	2.9 (0.4)	4.7
No Vote	168.9 (31.0)	128.0 (79.2)	77.9 (39.4)	144.9 (4.8)	143.2
Av. # of Candidates	2.3	2.7	3.2	2.6	2.6
Voted For**					
Total Actual	8.1	5.2	4.1	82.6	

• 4 winners

N= 54 Ethnic percentages based on turnout at 2004 election. Candidate percentages based on number of mail or in-person ballots. Weighted by the number of mail or in-person ballots.

** = (400 - % No Vote) / 100

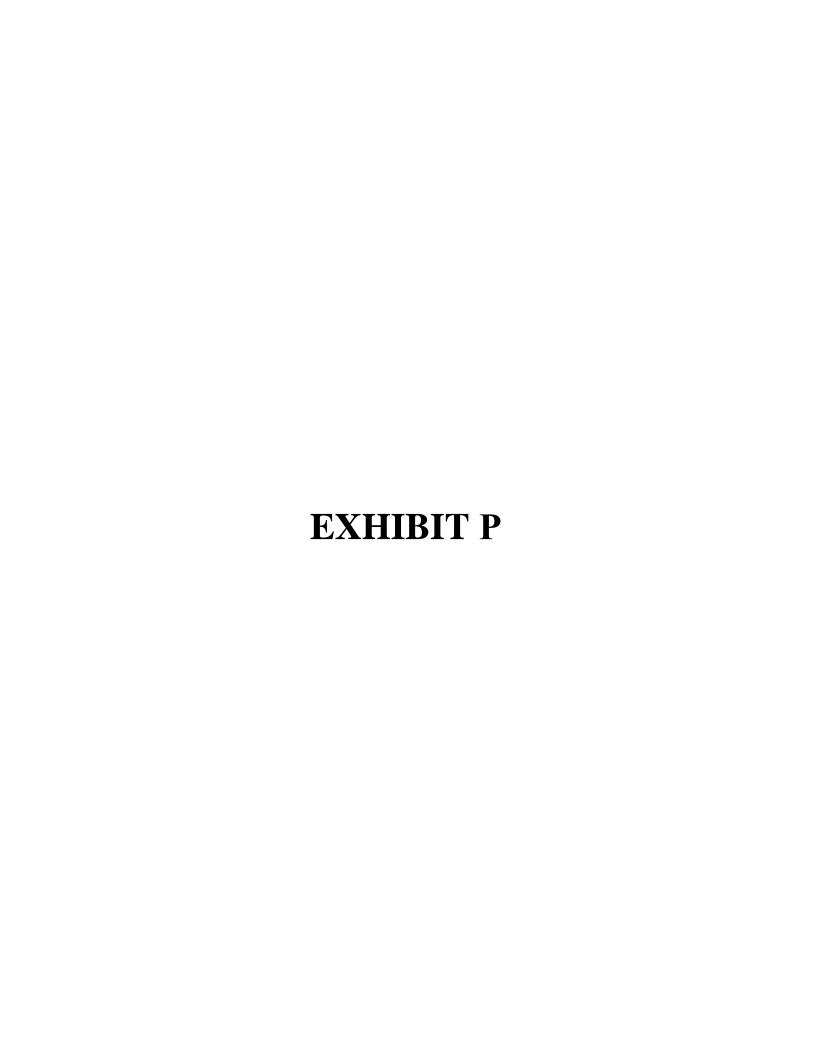


Table VI -1: 2012 Election

Candidate	Latino	Asian	Est. Black	Est. Non-	Actual %
				Hispanic	
				White	
Ted Winterer	56.7 (14.9)	-16.0 (53.3)	-4.7 (18.2)	40.9 (3.3)	36.9
Terry O'Day	63.9 (8.0)	-32.8 (28.8)	36.0 (9.8)	37.3 (1.8)	35.7
Gleam Davis	50.2 (8.2)	-19.6 (29.3)	36.3 (10.0)	32.9 (1.8)	31.7
Tony Vazquez	92.7 (9.0)	23.9 (32.2)	7.1 (11.0)	19.1 (2.0)	24.9
Shari Davis	1.6 (12.3)	57.2 (44.1)	11.3 (15.0)	23.2 (2.7)	22.6
Richard McKinnon	5.0 (9.6)	41.4 (34.6)	4.2 (11.8)	17.1 (2.1)	16.7
John Cyrus Smith	8.7 (4.8)	78.9 (17.2)	11.6 (5.9)	10.2 (1.1)	14.0
Frank Gruber	15.1 (11.2)	55.9 (40.0)	-18.3 (13.6)	11.7 (2.4)	12.9
Jonathan Mann	19.8 (4.5)	-0.4 (16.2)	15.8 (5.5)	10.2 (1.0)	10.7
Bob Seldon	-11.0 (7.5)	96.3 (26.7)	7.0 (9.1)	5.4 (1.6)	8.9
Armen Melkonians	-0.6 (4.0)	25.8 (14.2)	18.8 (4.9)	7.4 (0.9)	8.3
Terence Later	-0.5 (5.6)	7.2 (20.2)	10.0 (6.9)	8.6 (1.2)	7.8
Jerry Rubin	9.5 (3.4)	-15.5 (12.3)	11.1 (4.2)	7.2 (0.8)	6.4
Robert Gomez	30.4 (3.3)	14.7 (11.8)	8.2 (4.0)	2.9 (0.7)	6.1
Steve Duron	5.0 (2.6)	16.8 (9.4)	5.0 (3.2)	4.4 (0.6)	5.1
No Vote	53.6 (35.4)	66.2 (126.9)	240.4 (43.2)	161.5 (7.8)	
Av. # of Candidates	3.5	3.3	1.6	2.4	2.5
Voted For**					
Total Actual	8.3	5.3	4.9	81.5	

• 4 winners

N= 54 Ethnic percentages based on turnout at 2012 election. Candidate percentages based on number of mail or in person ballots. Weights based on number of mail or in person ballots.

 $^{** = (400 - \% \}text{ No Vote}) / 100$

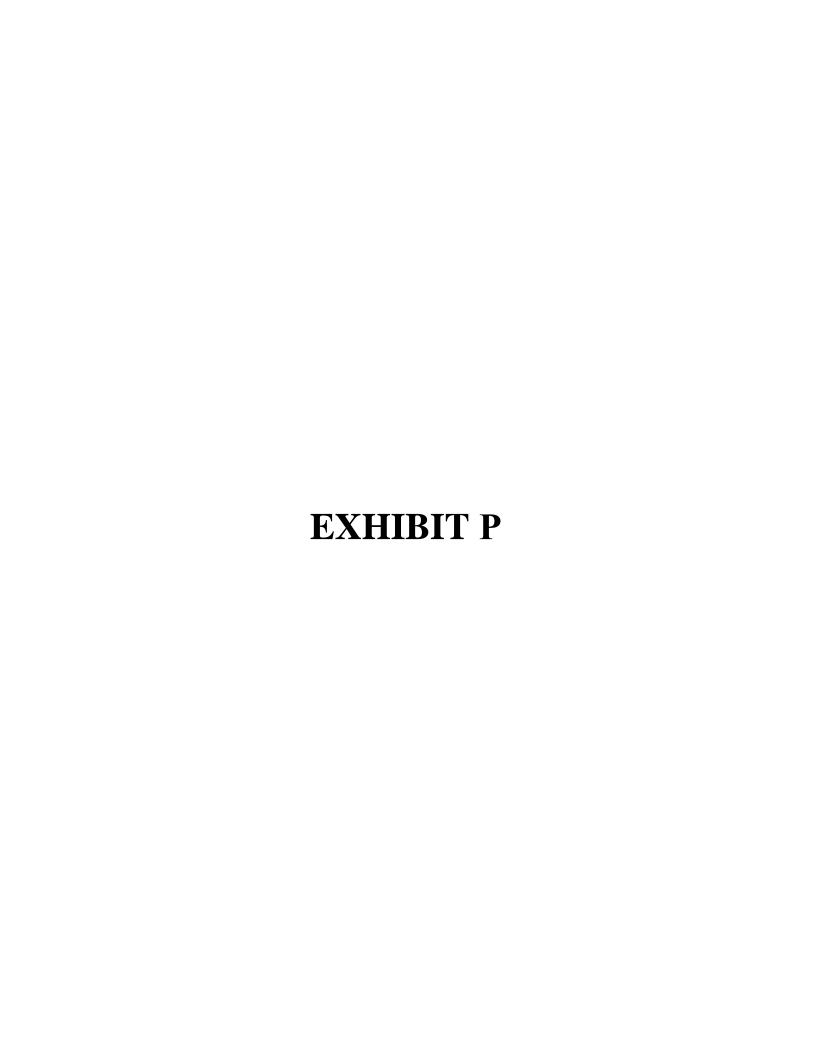


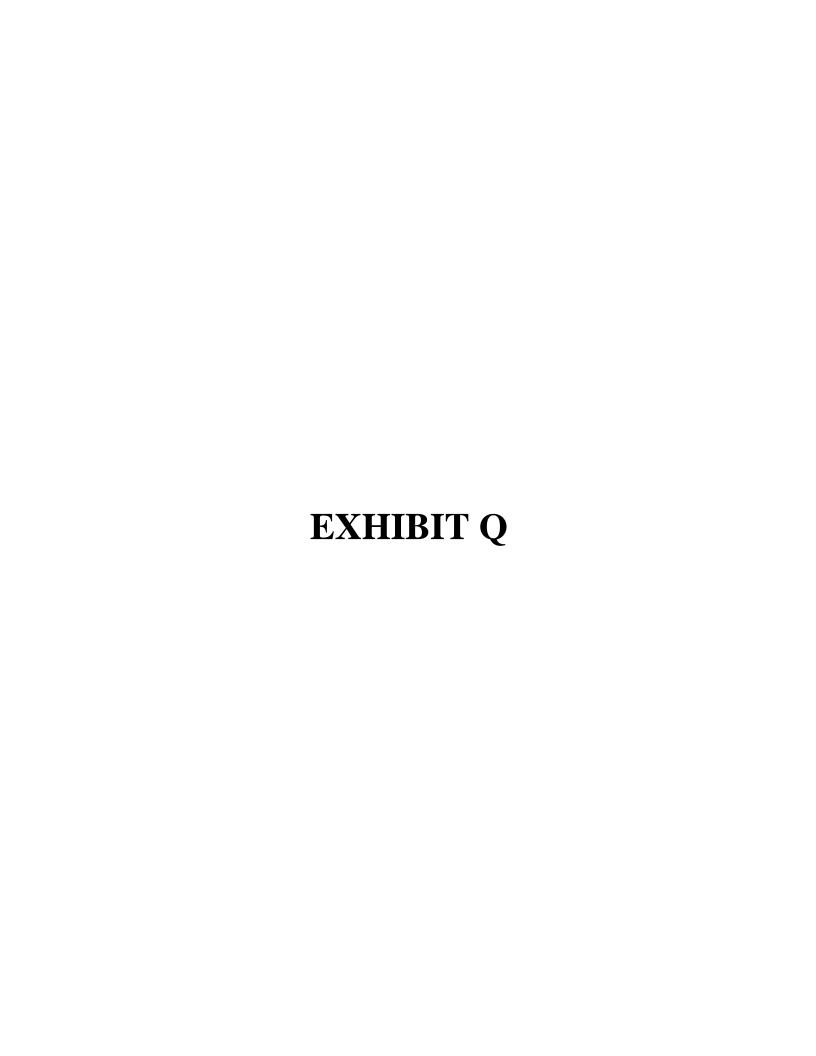
Table VII-1: 2016 Election

Candidate	Latino	Asian	Est. Black	Est. Non-	Actual %
				Hispanic	
				White	
Terry O'Day	55.3 (6.2)	4.6 (22.4)	21.0 (8.2)	38.7 (1.6)	37.3
Tony Vazquez	78.3 (9.0)	-20.4 (32.5)	12.3 (11.8)	36.6 (2.3)	35.7
Ted Winterer	38.1 (10.9)	-54.4 (39.3)	5.3 (14.3)	43.3 (2.7)	35.1
Gleam Davis	43.8 (7.6)	-12.6 (27.5)	24.4 (10.0)	37.6 (1.9)	34.5
Armen Melkonians	8.8 (9.6)	80.1 (34.6)	10.0 (12.6)	22.9 (2.4)	24.4
Oscar de la Torre	88.0 (6.0)	43.2 (21.8)	20.2 (7.9)	12.9 (1.5)	21.8
James T. Watson	0.8 (5.1)	24.6 (18.4)	28.8 (6.7)	11.2 (1.3)	11.9
Mende Smith	11.5 (4.5)	12.6 (16.2)	14.4 (5.9)	9.5 (1.1)	10.1
Terence Later	1.4 (4.7)	22.9 (17.0)	6.1 (6.2)	10.1 (1.2)	9.9
Jonathan Mann	9.6 (3.1)	5.0 (11.4)	7.6 (4.1)	7.7 (0.8)	7.7
No Vote	64.2 (32.7)	294.5 (118.0)	250.0 (43.0)	169.5 (8.2)	
Av. # of Candidates	3.4	1.1	1.5	2.3	2.3
Voted For**					
Total Actual	8.9	5.9	5.0	80.1	

• 4 winners

N= 54 Ethnic percentages based on turnout at 2016 election. Candidate percentages based on number of mail or in person ballots. Weights based on number of mail or in person ballots.

^{** =} (400 - % No Vote) / 100 = total vote for City Council/ballots



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14	Telephone: (415) 298-4857	
15	Attorneys for Plaintiffs	
16	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE	E STATE OF CALIFORNIA
17	COUNTY OF L	OS ANGELES
18		
19	PICO NEIGHBORHOOD ASSOCIATION and MARIA LOYA,	CASE NO. BC616804
20	Plaintiffs,	PLAINTIFFS' TRIAL BRIEF
21	V.	Trial Date: August 1, 2018
22	CITY OF SANTA MONICA, and DOES 1	Dept.: 28
23	through 100, inclusive,	[Assigned to the Honorable Yvette Palazuelos]
24	Defendants.	
25		
26		
27		
28		

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I. INTRODUCTION.

More than fifteen years after a strong majority of both houses of the California Legislature passed, and the Governor signed into law, the California Voting Rights Act ("CVRA"), the City of Santa Monica ("Defendant") continues to cling to its racially discriminatory and unlawful method of electing its City Council, even in the face of a strong majority of its own residents preferring district elections. For decades, the Latino residents of Santa Monica have repeatedly sought representation in their city's government, but their efforts have consistently been thwarted by Defendant's at-large elections. Indeed, since the current atlarge council system was adopted in 1946, seventy-one (71) residents have been elected to the Santa Monica City Council, but only one (1) has been the favored Latino candidate of the Latino community.

The CVRA addresses this very problem, which has been recognized by the courts for decades—that is, the dilutive effect of at-large elections where there is "racially polarized voting." (Thornburg v. Gingles (1986) 478 U.S. 30, 47.) Quite simply, the CVRA prohibits a political subdivision from "impos[ing] or appl[ying] [an at-large election] in a manner that impairs the ability of a protected class to elect candidates of its choice or its ability to influence the outcome of an election." (Elec. Code, § 14027.) The CVRA also specifies what must be shown to establish a violation: "A violation of Section 14027 is established if it is shown that racially polarized voting occurs in elections for members of the governing body of the political subdivision or in elections incorporating other electoral choices by the voters of the political subdivision." (Elec. Code, § 14028, subd. (a).) And, the CVRA also specifies the precise elections that should be analyzed. Where plaintiffs seek to show racially polarized voting in "elections for members of the governing body of the political subdivision[,]" it is "elections in which at least one candidate is a member of a protected class" (Elec. Code, § 14028, subds. (a), (b).) Where plaintiffs seek to show racially polarized voting in "elections incorporating other electoral choices by voters of the political subdivision[,]" it is "elections involving ballot measures, or other electoral choices that affect the rights and privileges of

members of a protected class." (*Ibid.*) The key element of any claim under the CVRA is, therefore, "racially polarized voting."

In this case, not only does Plaintiffs' expert, Dr. J. Morgan Kousser, find that Defendant's elections are plagued by racially polarized voting, but the statistical analysis performed by Defendant's expert, Dr. Jeffrey Lewis, shows the same thing—Defendant's atlarge elections over the past twenty-four years reveal a consistent pattern of racially polarized voting. The only real dispute between the experts revolves around methodology. Dr. Kousser bases his analysis on the methods specifically endorsed in the CVRA, and Dr. Lewis contends that the California Legislature should not have endorsed those methods—an argument more appropriately made to the Legislature. Nonetheless, the statistics demonstrate that when serious candidates recognized as Latino run for Defendant's governing board, Latino voters cohesively support those candidates more than any of their non-Hispanic white opponents; however, with the lone occasional exception of Tony Vazquez, all of those Latino candidates lose because the non-Hispanic white majority will not support them. There could not be a clearer violation of the CVRA, yet Defendant still insists on locking its Latino residents out of the democratic process by denying them a voice in city government.

The Court's analysis of liability under the CVRA should end there, but Defendant argues that this Court should ignore the text, purpose and legislative history of the CVRA, and decades of jurisprudence relating to the CVRA and the federal Voting Rights Act ("FVRA"), to require much more. Specifically, Defendant would have this Court require that Plaintiff show that: (i) a majority-Latino district could be created; (ii) no Latino has ever been elected to city council; (iii) Latinos have been unsuccessful in elections for governing boards other than Defendant's governing board; and (iv) Latinos can't even elect their second, third, and fourth choices when those candidates are white. None of these additional showings suggested by Defendant have any support in the law; rather, other courts have rejected the very same arguments made by Defendant here, even under the more restrictive FVRA. Indeed, adopting these unsupported requirements would make it virtually impossible for any plaintiff to ever make out a case under the CVRA, or the FVRA for that matter.

The effects of Defendant's election system are both palpable and stark. As a result of Latinos being generally locked out of Defendant's governing board, the Pico Neighborhood, where Latinos (and African Americans) are concentrated, has consistently borne the burden of all undesirable elements of the City. The toxic triangle of Defendant's vehicle maintenance yard, the trash facility, and the freeway have all been placed in the Pico Neighborhood, along with an unmitigated landfill-turned-park that continues to emit methane. The Latino residents have been powerless to prevent the heaping of these indignities on the Pico Neighborhood because the council members understand that they don't need Latinos' votes to be elected.

That result is no accident; it was intentional. In 1946, the Board of Freeholders and the Santa Monica electorate recognized that at-large elections would prevent racial minorities from having a voice in their city government. As shown by the correlation of voting for the at-large system and voting against prohibiting racial discrimination in employment, racial discrimination was a motivating factor in adopting and maintaining the at-large election system. In 1992, when this fact was brought to the attention Santa Monica's Charter Review Commission, they were nearly unanimous in their suggestion that the at-large election system be scrapped because it prevented minorities, particularly Latinos and the Pico Neighborhood, from expressing their distinctive voice in their city government. But a majority of the self-interested city council members refused to allow the Santa Monica electorate to choose district elections at the ballot box.

If Defendant's at-large election system is allowed to stand, the situation will likely get worse; not better. The only Latino ever elected to Defendant's governing board, Tony Vazquez, is almost certain to move on to higher office on the State Board of Equalization in November—he is a Democrat in a runoff against a Republican in a district that is overwhelmingly Democratic. And of Defendant's commissioners—appointed by the City Council and widely regarded as a path to the City Council—only one (1) out of one hundred and six (106) is recognized as Latina or Latino.

Satisfied that either: (1) the combination of racially polarized voting and Defendant's particular at-large system of electing its governing board violates the CVRA; <u>and/or</u> (2) that

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discriminatory voting system violates the CVRA and must change.

II. "AT-LARGE" ELECTIONS AND THE CVRA.

The CVRA disfavors the use of so-called "at-large" voting—an election method that permits voters of an entire jurisdiction to elect candidates to the seats of its governing board. (See generally Sanchez v. City of Modesto (2006) 145 Cal.App.4th 660 (Sanchez).) Voting rights advocates have targeted "at-large" election schemes for decades, because they often result in "vote dilution," or the impairment of minority groups' ability to elect their preferred candidates or influence the outcome of elections, which occurs when the electorate votes in a racially polarized manner. (See Thornburg v. Gingles (1986) 478 U.S. 30, 46 (Gingles).) The U.S. Supreme Court "has long recognized that multi-member districts and at-large voting

the at-large system was adopted or maintained with a discriminatory intent, this Court should

then turn to fashioning an appropriate remedy. The remedy adopted by way of settlement and

requiring "district-based elections" instead. (Elec. Code, § 14029.) Though it appears that

Defendant will not present any remedy, Plaintiffs' expert demographer, David Ely, has

developed a district plan that accounts for all traditional districting criteria enumerated in

Section 21620 of the Elections Code and the public input he received from Santa Monica's

neighborhood groups. That remedy is likely to be effective here, as evidenced by an analysis

of past election results from the districts drawn by Mr. Ely. But even if this Court were to find

district-based elections unsuited to remedying Defendant's violation of the CVRA and/or the

Equal Protection Clause, other remedies, such as ranked-choice voting, cumulative voting and

limited voting, are also available. In certain circumstances, these alternative at-large systems

of election can also be effective in providing a minority community the opportunity to elect

candidates of its choice, or at least influence the outcome of elections to a degree greater than

the status quo. Indeed, any change to Defendant's scheme of at-large plurality-winner

staggered elections, could only serve to improve Latino voters' opportunity to secure a seat at

the table of Defendant's governing board, giving the Latino community a voice in the City.

Regardless of the particular remedy, one thing is abundantly clear-Defendant's

judgment in most CVRA cases is prohibiting the continued imposition of at-large elections-

schemes may operate to minimize or cancel out the voting strength" of minorities. (*Id.* at p. 47; see also *id.* at p. 48, n. 14 [at-large elections may also cause elected officials to "ignore [minority] interests without fear of political consequences"], citing *Rogers v. Lodge* (1982) 458 U.S. 613, 623; *White v. Regester* (1973) 412 U.S. 755, 769.) "[T]he majority, by virtue of its numerical superiority, will regularly defeat the choices of minority voters." (*Gingles*, at p. 47) When racially polarized voting occurs, dividing the political unit into single-member districts may facilitate a minority group's ability to elect its preferred representatives. (*Rogers*, at p. 616.)

Section 2 of the Federal Voting Rights Act ("FVRA"), 42 U.S.C. § 1973, which Congress enacted in 1965 and amended in 1982, targets, among other things, discriminatory atlarge election schemes. (Gingles, supra, 478 U.S. at p. 37; see also Boyd & Markman, The 1982 Amendments to the Voting Rights Act: A Legislative History (1983) 40 Wash. & Lee L. Rev. 1347, 1402.) Although enforcement of the FVRA was successful in many states, California was an exception. By enacting the CVRA, "[t]he Legislature intended to expand protections against vote dilution over those provided by the federal Voting Rights Act of 1965." (Jauregui v. City of Palmdale (2014) 226 Cal.App.4th 781, 808 (Jauregui).)

While the CVRA is similar to the FVRA in several respects, it is also different in several key respects, as the Legislature sought to remedy what it considered "restrictive interpretations given to the federal act." (Assem. Com. on Judiciary, Analysis of Sen. Bill No. 976 (2001–2002 Reg. Sess.) as amended Apr. 9, 2002, at p. 2.) So, while cases decided under the FVRA may provide some guidance, a more expansive view of the CVRA is warranted.

The CVRA is more expansive than the FVRA in several important ways. Principally, by eliminating the requirement that plaintiffs show that a "majority-minority" district can be drawn (Elec. Code, § 14028, subd. (c); Sanchez, supra, 145 Cal.App.4th at p. 669), and making other factors "not necessary [] to establish a violation" (Elec. Code, § 14028, subd. (e)), the CVRA simplifies claims against political subdivisions that cling to their at-large election systems and makes it easier for plaintiffs to put an end to the inherently discriminatory at-large election systems that still plague parts of California. The CVRA requires only that a plaintiff

show the existence of racially polarized voting to establish that an at-large method of election violates the CVRA; not the desirability of any particular remedy. (See Elec. Code, § 14028, subd. (a) ["A violation of Section 14027 is established if it is shown that racially polarized voting occurs in elections for members of the governing body of the political subdivision or in elections incorporating other electoral choices by the voters of the political subdivision"], emphasis added; see also Assem. Com. on Judiciary, Analysis of Sen. Bill No. 976 (2001–2002 Reg. Sess.) as amended Apr. 9, 2002, p. 3 ["Thus, this bill puts the voting rights horse (the discrimination issue) back where it sensibly belongs in front of the cart (what type of remedy is appropriate once racially polarized voting has been shown."].)

The key element under the CVRA—"racially polarized voting"—consists of two interrelated elements: (1) "the minority group . . . is politically cohesive[;]" and (2) "the white majority votes sufficiently as a bloc to enable it—in the absence of special circumstances—usually to defeat the minority's preferred candidate." (Gomez v. City of Watsonville (9th Cir. 1988) 863 F.2d 1407, 1413, quoting Gingles, supra, 478 U.S. at pp. 50–51.) It is the combination of plurality-winner at-large elections and racially polarized voting that yields the harm the CVRA is intended to combat. (Jauregui, supra, 226 Cal.App.4th at p. 789 [describing how vote dilution is proven in FVRA cases and how vote dilution is differently proven in CVRA cases].)

Consistent with cases decided under the FVRA, the CVRA also directs the courts, in analyzing "elections for members of the governing body of the [defendant]" to pay particular attention to those "elections in which at least one candidate is a member of a protected class." (Elec. Code, § 14028, subds. (a), (b).) While Defendant's at-large election system in this case was adopted and maintained with an intent to discriminate, the CVRA is very clear that "proof of an intent on the part of the voters or elected officials to discriminate against a protected class is not required." (Elec. Code, § 14028, subd. (d).)

Once liability is established under the CVRA, the Court has a broad range of remedies from which to choose in order to provide greater electoral opportunity, including both district and non-district solutions. (See Elec. Code, § 14029; Sanchez, supra, 145 Cal.App.4th at p.

670; Jauregui, supra, 226 Cal.App.4th at p. 808 ["The Legislature intended to expand protections against vote dilution over those provided by the federal Voting Rights Act. It is incongruous to intend this expansion of vote dilution liability but then constrict the available remedies in the electoral context to less than those in the Voting Rights Act. The Legislature did not intend such an odd result."].)

III. DEFENDANT'S ELECTIONS VIOLATE THE CVRA.

A. There Are Two Elements to a CVRA Claim: (1) An "At Large Method of Election" and (2) "Racially Polarized Voting."

The unambiguous text of the CVRA makes clear that there are only two necessary elements to establish a claim under the CVRA—an "at large method of election" and "racially polarized voting":

14027: An at-large method of election may not be imposed or applied in a manner that impairs the ability of a protected class to elect candidates of its choice or its ability to influence the outcome of an election, as a result of the dilution or the abridgment of the rights of voters who are members of a protected class, as defined pursuant to Section 14026.

14028 (a): A violation of Section 14027 <u>is established</u> if it is shown that racially polarized voting occurs in elections for members of the governing body of the political subdivision or in elections incorporating other electoral choices by the voters of the political subdivision

(Elec. Code, §§ 14027, 14028, emphasis added.) The legislative history too supports this straightforward reading of the CVRA. (Assem. Com. on Judiciary, Analysis of Sen. Bill No. 976 (2001–2002 Reg. Sess.) as amended Apr. 9, 2002, at p. 2 [The CVRA "addresses the problem of racial block voting, which is particularly harmful to a state like California due to its diversity."] and at p. 3 ["Thus, this bill puts the voting rights horse (the discrimination issue) back where it sensibly belongs in front of the cart (what type of remedy is appropriate once racially polarized voting has been shown)."].) And, the appellate courts that have addressed the CVRA have likewise noted that showing racially polarized voting establishes the at-large election system dilutes minority votes and therefore violates the CVRA. (Rey v. Madera

Unified School Dist., 203 Cal.App.4th at p. 1229 ["To prove a CVRA violation, the plaintiffs must show that the voting was racially polarized. However, they do not need to either show that members of a protected class live in a geographically compact area or demonstrate a discriminatory intent on the part of voters or officials."]; Jauregui, supra, 226 Cal.App.4th at p. 798 ["The trial court's unquestioned findings [concerning racially polarized voting] demonstrate that defendant's at-large system dilutes the votes of Latino and African American voters."].)

B. Defendant Employs An "At Large" Method of Electing Its City Council.

Defendant employs an at large method of electing its governing board—in other words all of the voters residing in Santa Monica elect every member of its city council. Defendant has admitted this in response to Request for Admission No. 1.

C. The Relevant Elections Are Consistently Plagued By Racially Polarized Voting.

The consistent presence of racially polarized voting in elections for Defendant's governing board—the city council—is also beyond any doubt. Though they employ slightly different analyses, the analyses of Plaintiffs' and Defendant's experts reveal the same thing—Defendant's elections are racially polarized.

Dr. J. Morgan Kousser, a Caltech professor and voting rights expert for over 40 years, analyzed the elections specified by the CVRA: "elections for members of the governing body of the political subdivision . . . in which at least one candidate is a member of a protected class." (Elec. Code, § 14028; Kousser Decl., at Appendices A & B.) Dr. Kousser performed both weighted and un-weighted regression analyses for each such election, and provides both his estimates and the standard error in parentheses for each. Only where the difference in support between Latinos and non-Hispanic whites is statistically significant to a standard 95%

 confidence level, does Dr. Kousser conclude that there is racially polarized voting. Still, with this high standard, consistent racially polarized voting is revealed. Based on his extensive analysis, Dr. Kousser concluded that Santa Monica City Council elections are racially polarized, and with the lone exception of Tony Vazquez, the candidates most favored by Latino voters lose. (Kousser Decl., at Appendix B.) Dr. Kousser provides the details of his analysis, including group voting behavior estimates, for some of the more recent elections meeting the criteria of the CVRA, and concludes those elections demonstrate "stark racially polarized voting" that is "far more pronounced than in other California jurisdictions including Palmdale, where [he] has analyzed elections for racially polarized voting and the courts ultimately found violations of the CVRA and FVRA." (Kousser Decl., at ¶ 59.)

Likewise, even the analyses of Defendant's expert confirm that these elections, and others, exhibit racially polarized voting, though he claims to have reached no conclusions about racially polarized voting. (Lewis Deposition, at pp. 72–73, 117:6–16 ["I have not reached conclusions about the existence or nonexistence of racially-polarized voting"], 120–124, 136–137, 147–152, 161–162, 171–209.)

1. The definition of racially polarized voting and how it is determined.

The CVRA defines "racially polarized voting" as "voting in which there is a difference, as defined in case law regarding enforcement of the federal Voting Rights Act (42 U.S.C. § 1973 et seq.), in the choice of candidates or other electoral choices that are preferred by voters in a protected class, and in the choice of candidates and electoral choices that are preferred by voters in the rest of the electorate." (Elec. Code, § 14026, subd. (e).) The federal jurisprudence regarding "racially polarized voting" over the past thirty-two years finds its roots in Justice Brennan's decision in *Gingles*, and in particular, the second and third "Gingles factors." Justice Brennan explained that racially polarized voting is tested by two criteria: (1) that the minority group is politically cohesive; and (2) the majority group votes sufficiently as

In another CVRA case decided earlier this year—Yumori Kaku v. City of Santa Clara—the court found that just an 80% confidence level was sufficient in those circumstances to show racially polarized voting. In any event, Dr. Kousser uses the stricter standard of a 95% confidence level here.

a bloc to enable it to usually defeat the minority group's preferred candidates. (Gingles, supra, 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

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478 U.S. at p. 451.) The extent of majority "bloc voting" sufficient to show racially polarized voting is that which allows the white majority to "usually defeat the minority group's preferred candidate." (Ibid.) As Justice Brennan wrote thirty-two years ago, it is through establishment of this element that impairment is shown—i.e. that the "at-large method of election [is] imposed or applied in a manner that impairs the ability of a protected class to elect candidates of its choice or its ability to influence the outcome of an election." (Elec. Code, § 14027; Gingles, at p. 51 ["In establishing this last circumstance, the minority group demonstrates that submergence in a white multimember district impedes its ability to elect its chosen representatives."].) Subsequent discussions in federal cases have offered definitions that track Justice Brennan's opinion in Gingles.²

The U.S. Supreme Court in Gingles also set forth appropriate methods of identifying racially polarized voting; since individual ballots are not identified by race, race must be imputed through ecological demographic and political data. The long-approved method of "ecological regression" yields statistical power to determine if there is racially polarized voting if there are not a sufficient number of racially homogenous precincts (90% or more of the precinct is of one particular ethnicity). (See Benavidez v. City of Irving (N.D. Tex. 2009) 638 F.Supp.2d 709, 723 ["HPA [(homogenous precinct analysis)] and ER [(ecological regression)] were both approved in Gingles and have been utilized by numerous courts in Voting Rights Act cases."].) The CVRA expressly adopts this method of demonstrating racially polarized voting. (Elec. Code, § 14026, subd. (e) ["The methodologies for estimating group voting behavior as approved in applicable federal cases to enforce the federal Voting Rights Act of 1965 (52 U.S.C. Sec. 10301 et seq.) to establish racially polarized voting may be used for purposes of this section to prove that elections are characterized by racially polarized voting."].)

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² See, e.g., J. Gerald Hebert, Donald B. Verrilli, Jr., Paul M. Smith, and Sam Hirsh, The Realists' Guide to Redistricting: Avoiding the Legal Pitfalls (Chicago: American Bar Assn., 2000), at pp. 41-44; Bernard Grofman, Lisa Handley, and Richard G. Niemi, Minority Representation and the Quest for Voting Equality (New York: Cambridge University Press, 1992), at pp. 82–108.

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polarized voting. Specifically, the Court in Gingles, and many lower courts since then, test whether there is racially polarized voting by focusing on the level of support for minority candidates from minority voters and majority voters respectively. (See Gingles, supra, 478 U.S. at pp. 58-61 ["We conclude that the District Court's approach, which tested data derived from three election years in each district, and which revealed that blacks strongly supported black candidates, while, to the black candidates' usual detriment, whites rarely did, satisfactorily addresses each facet of the proper legal standard."], italics and emphasis added; see also, e.g., Garza v. County of Los Angeles (C.D. Cal. 1990) 756 F.Supp. 1298, 1335-1337, aff'd, 918 F.2d 763 (9th Cir. 1990); Benavidez v. Irving Indep. Sch. Dist. 2014 WL 4055366, *11–12 (N.D. Tex. Aug. 15, 2014) [finding racially polarized voting based on Dr. Engstrom's analysis which the court described as follows: "Dr. Engstrom then conducted a statistical analysis . . . to estimate the percentage of Hispanic and non-Hispanic voters who voted for the Hispanic candidate in each election Based on this analysis, Dr. Engstrom opined that voting in Irving ISD trustee elections is racially polarized."].) Comparing the levels of support for minority candidates, from minority voters and majority voters, respectively, is particularly telling because it best reveals white bias and unwillingness to vote for minorities for the particular governing body at issue. That same analytical method is also what Dr. Kousser used to determine whether Palmdale's elections were racially polarized, and the court in that case adopted Dr. Kousser's analysis, finding it to be "persuasive," and the appellate court affirmed the trial court's finding of racially polarized voting. (Jauregui, supra, 226 Cal.App.4th at p. 790.)

Perhaps the simplest way to understand racially polarized voting and how it is

determined is to consider what the U.S. Supreme Court in Gingles held demonstrates racially

2. Dr. Kousser's analysis.

Consistent with *Gingles*, Dr. Kousser focused his attention on candidates recognized as Latino, estimating the support for each minority candidate through multivariate ecological regression analysis. See Elec. Code, § 14028, subd. (b) ["The occurrence of racially polarized voting shall be determined from examining results of elections in which at least one candidate

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is a member of a protected class "].) Of the 7 elections for Santa Monica City Council between 1994 and 2016, for which sufficient data is available, that involved Spanish-surnamed candidates, Dr. Kousser estimated through unweighted and weighted regression analysis that non-Hispanic whites voted statistically significantly differently from Latinos in 6 of the 7 elections. In all but one of those six elections, the Latino candidate most favored by Latino voters lost.

Year	Latino Candidate(s)	% Latino Support	% Non-Hispanic White Support	Polarized	Won?
1994	Vazquez	142.5 (28.2)	34.4 (1.8)	Yes	No
1996	Alvarez	24.9 (12.6)	15.6 (1.0)	No	No
2002	Aranda	68.2 (10.2)	16.5 (1.1)	Yes	No
2004	Loya	101.0 (12.0)	21.0 (2.0)	Yes	No
2008	Piera-Avila	32.5 (5.5)	5.2 (0.8)	Yes	No
2012	Vazquez Gomez Duron	91.4 (8.4) 29.6 (3.1) 5.2 (2.5)	19.4 (1.9) 2.9 (0.7) 4.4 (0.6)	Yes Yes No	Yes No No
2016	de la Torre Vazquez	89.9 (6.5) 71.7 (11.4)	13.3 (1.7) 36.6 (3.0)	Yes Yes	No Yes

Weighted Ecological Regression							
Year	Latino Candidate(s)	% Latino Support	% Non-Hispanic White Support	Polarized	Won?		
1994	Vazquez	145.5 (28.0)	34.9 (1.9)	Yes	No		
1996	Alvarez	22.2 (12.9)	15.8 (1.1)	No	No		
2002	Aranda	82.6 (12.6)	16.5 (1.3)	Yes	No		
2004	Loya	106.0 (12.3)	21.2 (2.0)	Yes	No		
2008	Piera-Avila	33.3 (5.2)	5.7 (0.8)	Yes	No		
2012	Vazquez	92.7 (9.0)	19.1 (2.0)	Yes	Yes		
	Gomez	30.4 (3.3)	2.9 (0.7)	Yes	No		
	Duron	5.0 (2.6)	4.4 (0.6)	No	No		

2016	de la Torre	88.0 (6.0)	12.9 (1.5)	Yes	No
	Vazquez	78.3 (9.0)	36.6 (2.3)	Yes	Yes

The unweighted and weighted ecological regression analyses of these elections³ also reveals that when serious candidates recognized as Latinos run for the Santa Monica City Council, Latino voters cohesively support those Latino candidates. In 5 out of the 7 elections discussed above, a Latino candidate received the most Latino votes, but only once (2012—Tony Vazquez) did that Latino candidate prevail. Even in that one instance the Latino candidate barely won, coming in fourth in a four-seat race in which only two incumbents sought re-election.

In 1994, in a race for three city council positions, Latino voters heavily favored the lone Latino candidate—Tony Vazquez. But he lost due to a lack of support from non-Hispanic whites. The details of the unweighted ecological regression analysis are summarized in the table below:

Candidate	Latino	Asian	Est. Black	Est. Non- Hispanic White	Actual %
Bob Holbrook*	-108.1 (39.1)	349.0 (68.2)	37.1 (22.1)	35.1 (2.5)	36.5
Pam O'Connor*	107.9 (27.4)	-160.3 (47.7)	7.2 (15.5)	39.6 (1.8)	36.3
Ruth Ebner*	-104.6 (33.0)	302.0 (57.4)	45.2 (18.6)	35.2 (2.1)	35.7
Tony Vazquez	142.5 (28.2)	-190.1 (49.1)	20.2 (15.9)	34.4 (1.8)	33.2
Bruria Finkel	116.3 (28.9)	-207.2 (50.4)	6.3 (16.4)	36.9 (1.9)	33.0
Matthew P. Kann	-82.8 (31.2)	244.3 (54.3)	26.0 (17.6)	23.6 (2.0)	24.4
Bob Knonovet	-4.0 (7.8)	48.2 (13.6)	5.0 (4.4)	8.6 (0.5)	8.9
Ron Taylor	52.2 (6.4)	-38.7 (11.2)	9.9 (3.6)	4.9 (0.4)	6.3
John Stevens	38.7 (5.9)	9.3 (10.3)	2.5 (3.4)	3.6 (0.4)	5.6
Wallace Peoples	11.6 (7.1)	37.6 (12.4)	11.2 (4.0)	3.6 (0.5)	5.3
Joe Sole	12.5 (4.1)	-5.4 (7.2)	1.1 (2.3)	3.0 (0.3)	3.2

³ For the sake of brevity, only the unweighted ecological regression results are duplicated below. The weighted ecological regression results are not materially different.

In 2002, a race for three city council positions, the lone Latina candidate and resident of the Pico Neighborhood—Josefina Aranda—was favored by Latino voters. But she lost due to a lack of support from non-Hispanic whites. The details of the unweighted ecological regression analysis are summarized in the table below:

Candidate	Latino	Asian	Black	Non-Hispanic White	Actual %
Pam O'Connor*	54.7 (20.3)	-24.7 (50.3)	31.2 (27.7)	46.4 (2.2)	43.4
Kevin McKeown*	62.4 (20.7)	-6.8 (51.3)	33.2 (28.3)	44.3 (2.3)	42.8
Bob Holbrook*	-9.9 (25.6)	133.2 (63.5)	19.8 (35.0)	34.7 (2.8)	36.2
Abby Arnold	43.9 (16.0)	-50.3 (39.7)	17.5 (21.9)	39.4 (1.8)	35.2
Matteo Dinolfo	0.4 (20.4)	83.9 (50.6)	11.3 (27.9)	26.6 (2.2)	27.1
Josefina S. Aranda	68.2 (10.2)	52.1 (25.3)	28.7 (13.9)	16.5 (1.1)	21.3
Chuck Allord	0.5 (9.1)	14.7 (22.5)	0.6 (12.4)	10.9 (1.0)	10.1
Jerry Rubin	0.7 (7.2)	-13.2 (17.9)	25.1 (9.9)	9.0 (0.8)	7.8
Pro Se	8.6 (5.4)	2.9 (13.3)	27.8 (7.4)	4.8 (0.6)	5.4

In 2004, a race for four city council positions, the lone Latina candidate and resident of the Pico Neighborhood—Maria Loya—was heavily favored by Latino voters. But she lost due to a lack of support from non-Hispanic whites. The details of the unweighted ecological regression analysis are summarized in the table below:

Candidate	Latino	Asian	Black	Non-Hispanic White	Actual %
Bobby Shriver*	29.6 (19.8)	44.1 (63.4)	-14.4 (27.0)	52.0 (3.3)	48.7
Richard Bloom*	59.9 (13.2)	-49.2 (42.4)	19.6 (18.1)	35.8 (2.2)	33.7
Herb Katz*	15.0 (21.8)	97.4 (70.0)	-20.6 (29.8)	28.7 (3.6)	29.2
Ken Genser*	50.3 (12.5)	-55.3 (40.1)	11.9 (17.1)	29.0 (2.1)	27.0
Patricia Hoffman	37.4 (12.8)	-30.1 (40.9)	29.2 (17.4)	27.1 (2.1)	25.4
Matt Dinolfo	2.8 (23.4)	62.6 (75.0)	-17.7 (31.9)	25.6 (3.9)	23.7
Maria Loya	101.0 (12.0)	-65.4 (38.5)	25.6 (16.4)	21.0 (2.0)	23.1
Kathryn J. Morea	-8.3 (15.3)	61.7 (49.1)	14.5 (20.9)	21.5 (2.5)	19.5
Michael Feinstein	38.1 (8.7)	-29.7 (27.8)	3.1 (11.9)	16.6 (1.4)	16.2
David Cole	1.5 (3.7)	54.0 (11.8)	6.9 (5.0)	6.5 (0.6)	8.4
Leticia M. Anderson	14.5 (3.9)	6.1 (12.6)	13.1 (5.4)	5.7 (0.7)	6.8
Bill Bauer	3.9 (4.1)	35.1 (13.0)	7.4 (5.5)	5.3 (0.7)	6.8
L. Mendelsohn	4.5 (27.5)	26.3 (8.8)	9.4 (3.8)	5.2 (0.5)	6.6
Tom Viscount	10.7 (4.4)	4.7 (14.1)	7.7 (6.0)	5.2 (0.7)	5.6
Jonathan Mann	4.0 (2.4)	10.4 (7.6)	4.4 (3.3)	3.1 (0.4)	3.6

	Linda Armstrong	3.8 (1.7)	16.5 (5.5)	6.0 (2.4)	1.0 (0.3)	2.1
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In 2008, a race for four city council positions, the lone Latina candidate and resident of the Pico Neighborhood—Linda Piera-Avila—received significant support from Latino voters, even though she was not a particularly serious candidate (she received only about one-quarter of the votes needed to win one of four seats). She had almost no support from non-Hispanic whites. The details of the unweighted ecological regression analysis are summarized in the table below:

Candidate	Latino	Asian	Black	Non-Hispanic White	Actual %
Bobby Shriver*	-2.7 (15.7)	27.0 (39.7)	58.8 (19.8)	53.2 (2.4)	47.7
Richard Bloom*	50.2 (8.2)	7.0 (20.7)	42.0 (10.4)	40.6 (1.2)	39.7
Ken Genser*	55.6 (9.7)	-12.7 (24.5)	30.7 (12.2)	39.4 (1.5)	37.6
Herb Katz*	10.0 (14.6)	58.4 (36.8)	45.5 (18.4)	34.2 (2.2)	33.7
Ted Winterer	15.7 (12.9)	14.5 (32.5)	39.5 (16.2)	23.9 (2.0)	23.6
Susan Hartley	19.6 (9.3)	68.1 (23.5)	24.6 (11.7)	16.0 (1.4)	19.5
Michael Kovac	2.3 (6.3)	28.6 (16.0)	25.0 (8.0)	11.7 (1.0)	12.4
Jerry Rubin	19.9 (7.2)	8.8 (18.2)	20.3 (0.1)	10.8 (1.1)	11.9
Linda M. Piera-Avila	32.5 (5.5)	35.3 (14.0)	7.0 (7.0)	5.2 (0.8)	9.1
Herbert Silverstein	0.0 (5.4)	11.4 (13.7)	5.4 (6.9)	7.1 (0.8)	6.8
John Blakely	4.8 (4.3)	19.5 (10.8)	11.5 (5.4)	4.3 (0.7)	5.5
Jon Louis Mann	8.8 (3.4)	20.8 (8.5)	7.1 (4.2)	3.1 (0.5)	4.7
Linda Armstrong	13.8 (2.4)	18.8 (6.1)	4.5 (3.1)	3.0 (0.4)	4.7

In 2012, two incumbents—Richard Bloom and Bobby Shriver—decided not to run for re-election. In a race for four city council positions, the three Latino candidates—Tony Vazquez, Robert Gomez and Steve Duron—were collectively favored by Latino voters but did not receive nearly as much support from non-Hispanic white voters. Tony Vazquez was able to eke out a victory, coming in fourth place in this four-seat race. The details of the unweighted ecological regression analysis are summarized in the table below:

Candidate	Latino	Asian	Black	Non-Hispanic White	Actual %
Ted Winterer*	55.1 (13.8)	-22.7 (52.8)	-3.9 (17.1)	41.1 (3.2)	36.9
Terry O'Day*	65.1 (10.0)	-35.2 (38.1)	29.0 (12.4)	38.0 (2.3)	35.7
Gleam Davis*	52.0 (11.2)	-27.7 (42.9)	30.0 (13.9)	34.0 (2.6)	31.7
Tony Vazquez*	91.4 (8.4)	17.6 (32.0)	8.1 (10.4)	19.4 (1.9)	24.9
Shari Davis	3.8 (12.9)	49.7 (49.3)	7.7 (16.0)	24.2 (3.0)	22.6
Richard McKinnon	3.4 (9.8)	35.1 (37.4)	8.4 (12.1)	17.0 (2.3)	16.7
John Cyrus Smith	8.3 (4.7)	82.3 (18.1)	12.3 (5.9)	9.9 (1.1)	14.0
Frank Gruber	11.7 (11.7)	43.4 (44.6)	-17.0 (14.5)	13.1 (2.7)	12.9
Jonathan Mann	19.5 (4.7)	4.6 (17.9)	16.6 (5.8)	9.8 (1.1)	10.7
Bob Seldon	-10.5 (7.5)	99.2 (28.8)	6.4 (9.3)	5.3 (1.8)	8.9
Armen Melkonians	-1.3 (3.9)	31.5 (15.0)	19.1 (4.9)	7.0 (0.9)	8.3
Terence Later	0.3 (5.5)	1.5 (20.9)	11.2 (6.8)	8.8 (1.3)	7.8
Jerry Rubin	9.4 (3.4)	-13.5 (13.1)	11.4 (4.2)	7.0 (0.8)	6.4
Robert Gomez	29.6 (3.1)	15.2 (11.9)	8.8 (3.9)	2.9 (0.7)	6.1
Steve Duron	5.2 (2.5)	15.4 (9.4)	4.8 (3.1)	4.4 (0.6)	5.1

Finally, in 2016, a race for four city council positions, Oscar de la Torre—a Latino resident of the Pico Neighborhood—was heavily favored by Latinos, but lost due to a lack of support from non-Hispanic whites. Importantly, Mr. de la Torre received more support from Latinos than did Mr. Vazquez. The details of the ecological regression analysis are summarized in the table below:

Candidate	Latino	Asian	Est. Black	Est. Non- Hispanic White	Actual %
Terry O'Day*	51.5 (8.2)	8.9 (31.0)	20.3 (11.3)	39.1 (2.2)	37.3
Tony Vazquez*	71.7 (11.4)	-6.4 (42.8)	12.1 (15.7)	36.6 (3.0)	35.7
Ted Winterer*	32.4 (11.3)	-49.1 (42.4)	7.0 (15.5)	43.6 (2.9)	35.1
Gleam Davis*	39.8 (9.2)	-8.1 (34.4)	24.7 (12.6)	37.9 (2.4)	34.5
Armen Melkonians	11.0 (9.7)	69.6 (36.3)	9.4 (13.3)	23.3 (2.5)	24.4
Oscar de la Torre	89.9 (6.5)	32.2 (24.4)	22.1 (8.9)	13.3 (1.7)	21.8
James T. Watson	2.6 (5.3)	24.0 (20.0)	28.8 (7.3)	10.9 (1.4)	11.9
Mende Smith	12.0 (4.4)	11.3 (16.5)	14.1 (6.0)	9.4 (1.1)	10.1
Terence Later	4.8 (5.8)	12.3 (21.7)	5.9 (7.9)	10.3 (1.5)	9.9
Jonathan Mann	10.5 (3.6)	4.9 (13.4)	8.1 (4.9)	7.4 (0.9)	7.7

To summarize: in 1994 Tony Vazquez was the Latino-preferred candidate and he lost; in 2002 Josefina Aranda was the Latino-preferred candidate and she lost; in 2012 Tony Vazquez was the Latino-preferred candidate and he barely came in fourth place in a four-seat election in which two incumbents did not seek re-election; and in 2016 Oscar de la Torre was the Latino-preferred candidate and he lost. With the lone exception of 2012, the top choices of non-Hispanic whites were elected; Latinos did not even have the ability to veto any of the choices of non-Hispanic whites.

3. Dr. Lewis' analysis.

Though Dr. Lewis denigrates the methodologies that have been used to demonstrate racially polarized voting in FVRA cases, and thus were endorsed by the California Legislature, the results of his analyses also reveal racially polarized voting. (See Elec. Code, 14026 subd. (e) ["The methodologies for estimating group voting behavior as approved in applicable federal cases to enforce the federal Voting Rights Act of 1965 (52 U.S.C. § 10301 et seq.) to establish racially polarized voting may be used for purposes of this section to prove that elections are characterized by racially polarized voting."].)

In deposition, though he refused to opine on whether particular elections exhibited racially polarized voting, Dr. Lewis confirmed all of the indicia of racially polarized voting in those elections. Specifically, Dr. Lewis confirmed that his ecological regression and ecological inference results demonstrate: (1) that the Latino candidates discussed above likely received the most votes from Latino voters; (2) that those Latino candidates received far less support from non-Hispanic whites; and (3) the difference in levels of support between Latino and non-Hispanic white voters were statistically significant applying even a 95% confidence level. (Lewis Deposition, at pp. 72–73, 120–124, 136–137, 147–152, 161–162, 171–209.) Dr. Lewis' analyses showed that this statistically significant difference in voting behavior between Latinos and non-Hispanic whites is not confined to city council elections—it also holds true in elections for other local offices (e.g. school board and college board) and "ballot measures . . . that affect the rights and privileges of members of a protected class" such as Propositions 187

(1994), 209 (1996) and 227 (1998). (Elec. Code, 14028 subd. (b).) (Lewis Deposition, at pp. 119–121, 133, 147–152, 161–167, 205–209.)

D. The Secondary Factors of the CVRA Are Also Present.

Though not necessary to prove a violation, the CVRA lists "other factors" that are probative in a case under the CVRA:

"[a] history of discrimination, the use of electoral devices or other voting practices or procedures that may enhance the dilutive effects of at-large elections, denial of access to those processes determining which groups of candidates will receive financial or other support in a given election, the extent to which members of a protected class bear the effects of past discrimination in areas such as education, employment, and health, which hinder their ability to participate effectively in the political process, and the use of overt or subtle racial appeals in political campaigns."

(Elec. Code, § 14028, subd. (e).) Those factors are abundantly present in Santa Monica.

1. History of discrimination.

In Garza v. County of Los Angeles (C.D. Cal. 1990) 756 F.Supp. 1298, the court detailed how "[t]he Hispanic community in Los Angeles County has borne the effects of a history of discrimination." (Id. at pp. 1339–1340, aff'd, 918 F.2d 763 (9th Cir. 1990).) The court described the many sources of discrimination endured by Latinos in Los Angeles County:

- "restrictive real estate covenants [that] have created limited housing opportunities for the Mexican-origin population";
- the "repatriation" program in which "many legal resident aliens and American citizens of Mexican descent were forced or coerced out of the country";
- segregation in public schools;
- exclusion of Latinos from "the use of public facilities" such as public swimming facilities; and
- "English language literacy [being] a prerequisite for voting" until 1970.

Since Santa Monica is within Los Angeles County, Plaintiffs do not need to re-prove this history of discrimination in this case. (See *Smith v. Clinton* (E.D. Ark. 1988) 687 F.Supp. 1310, 1317 ["We do not believe that this history of discrimination, which affects the exercise

 of the right to vote in all elections under state law, must be proved anew in each case under the Voting Rights Act."].) Moreover, this same sort of discrimination was perpetuated specifically against Latinos in Santa Monica. For example, restrictive real estate covenants were so common in Santa Monica that Wilshire Blvd. became known as the Mason-Dixon Line of Santa Monica, and approximately 70% of Santa Monica voters voted in favor of Proposition 14 in 1964 to repeal the Rumford Fair Housing Act and therefore again allow racial discrimination in housing. (See Kousser Decl., at ¶ 104, fns. 149–150.) And racial minorities were confined to the portion of the beach in Santa Monica known as the "Inkwell." (*Ibid.*, see also Oscar de la Torre Deposition, at p. 35; Lichtman Deposition, at p. 135:14–19.) Even further, the extensive list of undesirable and hazardous items dumped on the Latino-concentrated Pico Neighborhood—the trash facility, the city's vehicle maintenance yard, the freeway and an unmitigated methane emitting landfill, among other things—demonstrates a long history of official and unofficial discrimination.

 The use of electoral devices or other voting practices or procedures that may enhance the dilutive effects of at-large elections.

The staggering of Defendant's city council elections (electing 4 or 3 council members every two years instead of electing all 7 every four years) is known to enhance the dilutive effects of at-large election systems. (See City of Lockhart v. United States (1983) 460 U.S. 125, 135 ["The use of staggered terms also may have a discriminatory effect under some circumstances, since it . . . might reduce the opportunity for single-shot voting or tend to highlight individual races."]; City of Rome v. United States (1980) 446 U.S. 156, 183 [same].) While it is true that most California cities stagger their council elections, that does not change the fact that staggering enhances the dilutive effect of at-large elections. And, nothing prevents Defendant from unstaggering its elections. (Cal. Const. Art. XI § 5.)

In fact, in his deposition, Mr. Vazquez made the point, specifically with respect to Defendant's staggered elections, noting that it is "better for anybody like [him] who's very strong on their principles" to "run . . . in the presidential cycle than the gubernatorial cycle" because four seats are up in presidential years and only three seats are up in gubernatorial

years. (Vazquez Deposition, at pp. 176:9-177:3). For Mr. Vazquez that made all the difference—in 1994, he came in fourth place and lost; in 2012, he came in fourth place and won.

3. The extent to which members of a protected class bear the effects of past discrimination in areas such as education, employment, and health, which hinder their ability to participate effectively in the political process.

"Courts have [generally] recognized that political participation by minorities tends to be depressed where minority groups suffer effects of prior discrimination such as inferior education, poor employment opportunities and low incomes." (Garza v. County of Los Angeles (C.D. Cal. 1990) 756 F.Supp. 1298, 1347, citing Gingles, supra, 478 U.S. at p. 69. Where a minority group has less education and wealth than the majority group, that disparity "necessarily inhibits full participation in the political process" by the minority. (Smith v. Clinton (E.D. Ark. 1988) 687 F.Supp. 1310, 1317.)

The differences in education and economics between Whites, African Americans and Hispanics in Santa Monica are troubling. For example, as revealed by the most recent Census, Whites enjoy significantly greater income than their Hispanic and African American neighbors in Santa Monica—a difference far greater than the national disparity.

Even more troubling is the severe achievement gap between White students and their African American and Hispanic peers in Santa Monica's schools. This achievement gap is no coincidence—racial segregation in Santa Monica's schools has been institutional.

4. The use of overt or subtle racial appeals in political campaigns.

Subtle, and even overt, racial appeals are commonplace in Santa Monica politics when Latinos seek election to the city council. In deposition, Tony Vazquez identified some of the more heinous racial appeals he has had to deal with in his bids for the city council. In 1994, for example, opponents of Mr. Vazquez advertised that he had voted to allow "Illegal Aliens to Vote." (Kousser Decl., at ¶ 122.) When Mr. Vazquez lost that election, he let his feelings be known to the Los Angeles Times: "Vazquez blamed his loss on 'the racism that still exists in

 our city The racism that came out in this campaign was just unbelievable.' " (Id., at ¶ 123, fn. 197.)

Similar racial appeals, although less overt, have been used to defeat other Latino candidates for Santa Monica's city council. For example, when Maria Loya ran in 2004, she was frequently asked whether she could represent all Santa Monica residents or just "her people." Of course, non-Hispanic white candidates are not asked that same question because non-Hispanic whites are the majority in Santa Monica.

These sorts of racial appeals are particularly caustic to minority success, not just because they make it more difficult for minority candidates to win, but also because they discourage minority candidates from even running.

E. Defendant's Arguments Deflecting From the CVRA's Plain Language Are Contrary to the Law.

Perhaps recognizing the consequences of this straightforward analysis of racially polarized voting, Defendant seeks to raise the bar to be cleared by Plaintiffs. Specifically, Defendant would have this Court require that Plaintiff show: (i) that a majority-Latino district could be created; (ii) that no Latino has ever been elected to city council; (iii) that Latinos have been unsuccessful in elections for governing boards other than Defendant's governing board; and (iv) that Latinos can't even elect their second, third, and fourth choices when those candidates are white. None of those additional requirements have any basis in the law. (See Elec. Code, § 14028, subd. (a) ["A violation of Section 14027 is established if it is shown that racially polarized voting occurs in elections for members of the governing body of the political subdivision or in elections incorporating other electoral choices by the voters of the political subdivision"], emphasis added).)

A majority-Latino district is not necessary to establish a violation of the CVRA.

Pointing only to cases interpreting the FVRA, which, unlike the CVRA, does require more than racially polarized voting, Defendant continues to argue that this Court should disregard the Legislature's admonition, and instead require Plaintiffs to show that a majority-

minority district is possible in Santa Monica. (See Assem. Com. on Judiciary, Analysis of Sen. Bill No. 976 (2001–2002 Reg. Sess.) as amended Apr. 9, 2002; *Jauregui*, *supra*, 226 Cal.App.4th at p. 789 ["[T]he California Voting Rights Act does not require that the plaintiff prove a 'compact majority-minority' district is possible for liability purposes."], quoting *Sanchez*, *supra*, 145 Cal.App.4th at p. 669.) Defendant's contrived view of the CVRA simply finds no support in the law. The FVRA cases cited by Defendant are inapposite because none of them address the CVRA—a law distinct from the FVRA, and "intended to provide a broader basis for relief from vote dilution than available under the federal Voting Rights Act." (*Jauregui*, at p. 806, quoting *Sanchez*, at p. 669.)

Indeed, even the federal case authority interpreting the FVRA acknowledges that racially polarized voting is itself an injury and establishes the causal link between at-large elections and vote dilution. (See *Gingles*, *surpa*, 478 U.S. at p. 51 [explaining that racially polarized voting is an injury itself—it is by showing majority bloc voting sufficient to "usually defeat the minority group's preferred candidate" that the "the minority group demonstrates that submergence in a white multimember district impedes its ability to elect its chosen representatives."]; *Gomez v. City of Watsonville* (1988) 863 F.2d 1407, 1413, citing *Gingles*, at p. 51 ["[t]his showing of racial bloc voting establishes the required causal link between the use of a multimember district and the inability of the minority group 'to elect its chosen representatives.' "]; see also Assem. Com. on Judiciary, Analysis of Sen. Bill No. 976 (2001–2002 Reg. Sess.) as amended Apr. 9, 2002, at p. 2. [The CVRA "addresses the problem of racial block voting, which is particularly harmful to a state like California due to its diversity."].)

The CVRA could not be clearer in its rejection of the requirement under the FVRA that a majority-minority district is possible. In Section 14028(c), the CVRA explicitly states that whether Latinos are "not geographically compact or concentrated" to permit a majority-Latino district "may not preclude a finding of racially polarized voting, or a violation of [the CVRA]." (Elec. Code, § 14028, subd. (c).) Undeterred, Defendant, seeking to add its preferred text to the statute, argues for an extra requirement to find "vote dilution." Most charitably, Defendant

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argues that if "vote dilution" is what the CVRA is meant to combat, the minorities' voting power must be measured from some baseline and therefore a consideration of available remedies is necessary in determining not only a remedy but also whether the CVRA has been violated. It cannot be a requirement that the courts settle on a particular remedy before establishing liability: that is precisely what the text and legislative history of the CVRA admonish courts <u>not</u> to do. (See Assem. Com. on Judiciary, Analysis of Sen. Bill No. 976 (2001–2002 Reg. Sess.) as amended Apr. 9, 2002, at p. 3 ["Thus, this bill puts the voting rights horse (the discrimination issue) back where it sensibly belongs in front of the cart (what type of remedy is appropriate once racially polarized voting has been shown)."].) Instead, even if Defendant were correct that "dilution" were required for a finding of liability, it would logically require only a finding that there exists, hypothetically, at least one alternative to the present system that would provide the protected minority with greater electoral opportunity.

Defendant urges that the only available such alternative is a contiguous, equally populous, majority-Latino district. But Defendant's argument flies in the face of the text of the CVRA, its legislative history, and all of the cases discussing the CVRA. (Elec. Code, § 14028, subd. (c); Jauregui, supra, 226 Cal.App.4th at p. 789 ["[T]he California Voting Rights Act does not require that the plaintiff prove a "compact majority-minority" district is possible for liability purposes."], quoting Sanchez, supra, 145 Cal. App. 4th at p. 669.) It is true that federal plaintiffs under the FVRA must show that a compact minority group or groups could comprise the majority in a district. (Bartlett v. Strickland (2009) 556 U.S. 1, 14–15, 18–20 (plurality opinion).) But this is only the requirement of a specific federal statute, not a constitutional minimum. All of the quotes in all of the cases that Defendant has cited with respect to a "majority-minority district" concern the interpretation of that federal statute. California certainly has the authority to provide greater protection against discrimination by its own subdivisions than federal law provides for jurisdictions nationwide, and that is exactly what the California Legislature has done through the CVRA. (Cf. Murillo v. Rite Stuff Foods, Inc. (1998) 65 Cal.App.4th 833, 842 ["The FEHA offers greater protection and relief to employees than does title VII."].)

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Specifically, California has decided that plaintiffs need not show that a minority group constitutes the majority of a district, nor that a minority group be compact, nor even that the minority group show impairment of the ability to elect candidates of choice, rather than only impairment of the ability to influence the outcome of an election. (Elec. Code, § 14027; Jauregui, supra, 226 Cal.App.4th at p. 789 ["[T]he California Voting Rights Act does not require that the plaintiff prove a "compact majority-minority" district is possible for liability purposes."], quoting Sanchez, supra, 145 Cal.App.4th at 669.) Even leaving aside the influence standard, a minority bloc could demonstrate a "dilution" of their ability to elect candidates of their choice even without a majority-Latino district. For example, a minority group demonstrating racially polarized voting in the current system might show that they could regularly compete to win elections in an alternative "crossover" district, in which the minority bloc constituted less than half of the district but typically received "crossover" support from a portion of the majority group or another minority group. (Georgia v. Ascheroft (2003) 539 U.S. 461, 470–471, 482 [finding that Georgia's legislative redistricting did not violate Section 5 of the FVRA even though it reduced the number of safe black districts, because it "increased the number of ["crossover"] districts with a black voting age population of between 25% and 50% by four," and noting "various studies have suggested that the most effective way to maximize minority voting strength may be to create more influence or coalitional districts."]; Cooper v. Harris (2017) 137 S.Ct. 1455, 1470 [reviewing such an effective "crossover" district].) Showing the potential for a "crossover" district may not meet the FVRA conditions of liability, but such districts are themselves constitutional, (Bartlett v. Strickland, supra, 556 U.S. at pp. 23–24 ["States that wish to draw crossover districts are free to do so where no other prohibition exists."]), and there is no reason why California could not under its own state law that permits plaintiffs to show the "dilution" of an existing system based on the potential existence of a crossover district providing more equitable representation than the status quo.

Indeed, in this case, David Ely, whose council district maps have been adopted by several federal and state courts (including the only CVRA case where the court was required to pick between competing district maps) as well as California cities (e.g. Los Angeles),

 developed an illustrative Latino-opportunity crossover district based on the traditional districting criteria listed in Section 21620 of the Elections Code, as discussed more fully below in Section V. While Latinos represent a much larger proportion in that district than in the city as a whole, race was not a predominant consideration in Mr. Ely's selection of district boundaries. Based on an evaluation of the demographics and past election results of that district, Professor Justin Levitt, an expert in districting and alternative voting systems, concludes that the district drawn by Mr. Ely would be much better than the current system, and is certainly sufficient to show an alternative to the current system that demonstrates Latino vote dilution in Santa Monica. As Professor Levitt correctly noted in his previous declaration, the Latino proportion of a district is only one factor in its effectiveness at giving Latino voters the opportunity to elect candidates of their choice or influence the outcome of elections.

Similarly, a minority bloc could demonstrate a "dilution" of their ability to elect candidates of their choice even without a district at all, if an alternative system provided greater electoral opportunity. In Defendant's current system, each Santa Monica voter casts one vote for up to three or four candidates (depending on the year), and the three or four candidates with the most votes win; this structure is what allows the majority to reliably swamp the votes of the minority in every election. Alternative structures—like limited voting, cumulative voting, or ranked-choice voting—each entail a different structure for casting and counting ballots; without drawing district lines, these alternatives may allow minorities greater opportunity to win elections than an at-large plurality vote. Showing the availability of an alternative voting system does not alone satisfy the FVRA, but such systems are themselves constitutional, and there is no reason why California could not under its own state law permit

⁴ Indeed, limited and cumulative voting have each been adopted as a remedy in several FVRA cases—in the Euclid School Board, Port Chester, Sisseton ISD, Chilton Co. Bd. of Ed., and Peoria, to name just a few of more than 75 such jurisdictions—and Defendant's assertions that "the only remedy available under the FVRA is a majority-minority district" or "the Supreme Court has held repeatedly that a majority-minority district is the only constitutional remedy for federal vote-dilution claims" are demonstrably false. (See e.g., *U.S. v. Village of Port Chester* (S.D.N.Y. 2010) 704 F. Supp. 2d 411, 448–453 [ordering cumulative voting as remedy for violation of the FVRA and, coincidentally, rejecting the opinions of the expert retained here by the City of Santa Monica]; *U.S. v. Euclid City School Bd.* (N.D. Ohio 2009) 632 F. Supp. 2d 740, 755–770 [ordering limited voting as remedy for violation of the FVRA].)

plaintiffs to show the "dilution" of an existing system based on the potential for one of these voting systems. Indeed, just last week the Orange County Superior Court entered judgment against the City of Mission Viejo on a CVRA claim and ordered that city to implement cumulative voting and unstagger its council elections.

As discussed more fully below in Section V, Plaintiffs' experts present four different election systems that would give Latino voters a greater opportunity than the current system, to elect candidates of their choice or influence the outcome of the elections. While none of those systems includes a Latino-majority district, they are sufficient under the CVRA to show "vote dilution" under any definition of that term that doesn't fly in the face of the statute's text, purpose, legislative history and interpreting cases.

 The success of Latino candidates in elections for the governing boards of other political subdivisions does not excuse the racially polarized voting in the elections for defendant's governing board.

Recognizing that at-large elections for one governing board might result in minority vote dilution while at-large elections for another board for the same region do not, or vice versa, the CVRA specifies that it is "elections for members of the governing body of the [defendant]," not the elections for some other governing board of a different political subdivision, that are most relevant to whether the defendant is in violation of the CVRA. (Elec. Code, § 14028, subd. (a).)⁵ In the next subdivision, the CVRA reiterates the point—it is elections for the defendant's governing board that are most relevant. (See Elec. Code, § 14028, subd. (b) ["One circumstance that may be considered in determining a violation of Section 14027 and this section is the extent to which candidates who are members of a protected class and who are preferred by voters of the protected class, as determined by an analysis of voting

Defendant's reliance on the subsequent language in Section 14028(a)—"or in elections incorporating other electoral choices by the voters of the political subdivision"—is misplaced. Defendant construes this language as a catch-all that puts all elections on equal footing under the CVRA. But, Defendant's interpretation ignores the alternative nature of the language of Section 14028(a). Specifically, section 14028(a) directs that a violation of the CVRA is established if there is racially polarized voting in either of two groups of elections: "A violation of Section 14027 is established if it is shown that racially polarized voting occurs in elections for members of the governing body of the political subdivision or in elections incorporating other electoral choices by the voters of the political subdivision."

 behavior, have been elected to the governing body of a political subdivision that is the subject of an action based on Section 14027 and this section."], italics added).) The focus on the elections for the governing board of the defendant makes sense particularly because a finding that a particular defendant is in violation of the CVRA will result in change(s) to the election method of that defendant's governing board; not the election methods employed by political subdivisions that are not parties to the case. (See Elec. Code, § 14029 ["remedies . . . [should be] tailored to remedy the violation."].) In this case, the focus on elections for Defendant's governing board rather than other governing boards in the area is particularly appropriate because of the enormous differences between those elections. Santa Monica City Council elections are far more expensive and far more politically contested than elections for the lower offices of school board, college board and rent board, which are often essentially uncontested.

Generally, exogenous elections (elections other than those for the defendant's governing board) are deemed much less probative than endogenous elections (elections for the defendant's governing board). (See generally *Black Political Task Force v. Galvin* (D. Mass. 2004) 300 F. Supp. 2d 291, 304–305 ["we recognize the obvious: in most instances, the best indicator of how voting operates in a particular type of election is how voting historically has operated in that type of election."], citing *Rural West Tenn.* (6th Cir. 2000) 209 F.3d 835, 841; *Johnson v. Hamrick* (11th Cir.1999) 196 F.3d 1216, 1222; *Uno v. City of Holyoke* (1st Cir. 1995) 72 F.3d 973 [suggesting that, in general, endogenous elections are more probative than exogenous elections].) Consequently, we focus on multi-race endogenous elections.

There are some circumstances where federal courts, addressing FVRA claims, have found it appropriate to examine exogenous elections. While acknowledging that exogenous elections are of much less probative value than endogenous elections, some federal courts have relied upon exogenous elections involving minority candidates to *further support* evidence of racially polarized voting in endogenous elections. (See, e.g. *Bone Shirt v. Hazeltine* (8th Cir. 2006) 461 F.3d 1011; *Jenkins v. Red Clay Consol. School Dist. Bd. of Educ.* (3d Cir. 1993) 4 F.3d 1103, 1128–1129; *Rodriguez v. Harris Cnty, Texas* (2013) 964 F.Supp.2d 686; *Citizens for a Better Gretna v. City of Gretna, La.* (5th Cir. 1987) 834 F.2d 496, 502–503 ["Although

exogenous elections alone could not prove racially polarized voting in Gretna aldermanic 1 elections, the district court properly considered them as additional evidence of bloc voting-2 particularly in light of the sparsity of available data."].) Other courts addressing FVRA claims 3 have looked to exogenous elections involving minority candidates where there are no 4 endogenous elections (or only one such election) involving minority candidates. (Clay v. 5 Board of Educ. of City of St. Louis (8th Cir. 1996) 90 F.3d 1357 [exogenous elections "should 6 be used only to supplement the analysis of" endogenous elections]; Rangel v. Morales (5th Cir. 7 1993) 8 F.3d 242 [only one prior endogenous election]; Westwego Citizens for Better Gov't v. 8 City of Westwego (5th Cir.1991) 946 F.2d 1109 [analysis of exogenous elections appropriate because no minority candidates had ever run for the governing board of the defendant]: 10 Rodriguez v. Bexar Ctv., Tex. (5th Cir. 2004) 385 F.3d 853, 860–861; Reed v. Town of Babylon 11 (1996) 914 F.Supp. 843 [only one African American candidate had run in endogenous 12 election].) The logic underlying the examination of exogenous elections in those cases is that 13 the absence of minority candidates in endogenous elections may be due to a sense of futility, 14 which is a symptom of the at-large election system, and a voting rights claim challenging an 15 election system should not be barred as a result of a symptom of that election system. A few 16 other courts have looked to exogenous elections where only a single election cycle has 17 occurred under the challenged election system, because the single endogenous election is 18 insufficient to itself show a pattern. (See, e.g., Rangel v. Morales (5th Cir. 1993) 8 F.3d 242.)6 19 But none of those circumstances apply here—there are at least a half-dozen endogenous 20 elections involving Latino candidates, and the analysis of those elections leads to the 21 inescapable conclusion of racially polarized voting. 22

In no event, though, does the success of minority candidates in exogenous elections excuse a defendant from liability where the endogenous elections exhibit racially polarized

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⁶ Under the FVRA, unlike the CVRA, once the <u>existence</u> of racially polarized voting is shown, the court must determine the <u>extent</u> of racially polarized voting as part of the "totality of circumstances" analysis, and exogenous elections may be considered in that capacity. (See *NAACP v. Fordice* (5th Cir.2001) 252 F.3d 361, 370.) But while the CVRA specifies that some of the FVRA's "totality of circumstances" factors are "probative but not necessary" (Elec. Code, 14028, subd. (e)), any mention of the *extent* of racially polarized voting is conspicuously absent from the CVRA.

voting. (See Cottier v. City of Martin (8th Cir.2006) 445 F.3d 1113, 1121–1122 [reversing district court's reliance on exogenous elections to undermine racially polarized voting in endogenous elections]; Rural West Tenn. African American Affairs Council v. Sundquist (W.D. Tenn. 1998) 29 F.Supp.2d 448, 457 ["Certainly, the voting patterns in exogenous elections cannot defeat evidence, statistical or otherwise, about endogenous elections."], quoting Cofield v. City of LaGrange (N.D.Ga.1997) 969 F.Supp. 749, 773.) To hold otherwise would only serve to perpetuate the sort of glass ceilings that the CVRA and FVRA are intended to eliminate.

But even if this Court looks to the exogenous elections analyzed by Dr. Lewis, they further *support* Plaintiffs' claim. As Dr. Lewis conceded at his deposition, the Latino candidates in those exogenous elections generally received much less support from non-Hispanic white voters than from Latino voters; and the difference is statistically significant at a 95% confidence level. (Lewis Deposition, at pp. 147–152, 161–167, 205–209.) And, the Latina candidates most supported by Latino voters in their respective races, for example Ana Jara (2004 school board) and Maria Loya (2014 college board), lost due to the bloc voting of the non-Hispanic white electorate. (See generally *ibid.*; see also *id.*, at pp. 205, 209.)

 The success of non-Hispanic white candidates with some support from Latino voters does not excuse the racially polarized voting in Defendant's elections.

It also appears, based on recent comments by Defendant's counsel, that Defendant will argue that there is no racially polarized voting because in some elections the non-Hispanic white candidates who were the second, third or fourth choices of Latino voters prevailed. But what Defendant ignores is that in 5 of the last 6 city council elections involving at least one Latino candidate, Latino voters' first choice was a Latino candidate, and in all but one instance that Latino candidate lost. In 1994, Latinos' first choice was Tony Vazquez; he lost. (Kousser Decl., at Appendix B.) In 2002, Latinos' first choice was Josefina Aranda; she lost. (*Ibid.*) In 2004, Latinos' first choice was Maria Loya; she lost. (*Ibid.*) In 2016, Latinos' first choice was Oscar de la Torre; he lost. (*Ibid.*) Defendant would have this Court find that because the

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27 28 second, third or fourth choices of Latino voters were elected in some instances, as long as that second choice was non-Hispanic white (except in one instance), there is no racially polarized voting. But that is precisely the argument that the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals rejected in *Ruiz v. City of Santa Maria* (9th Cir. 1998) 160 F.3d 543:

The district court erred in applying a simple mathematical approach-counting the number of successful Hispanic-preferred candidates divided by the number of elections-in its Gingles prong three analysis. This mechanical approach failed to fulfill the district court's duty to make "a searching practical evaluation of the past and present reality" with "a functional view of the political process." (Gingles, 478 U.S. at p. 45.) The reality facing Hispanic voters in Santa Maria in the 1988, 1990, and 1992 elections was a choice of one Hispanic candidate and several non-Hispanic candidates for two council seats. In those elections, Hispanic voters preferred the lone Hispanic candidate and, unavoidably, one of the remaining non-Hispanic candidates. The Hispanic candidate came in last while Urbanske, a Hispanic-preferred candidate, won in 1988 and 1992. (See Gingles, 478 U.S. at pp. 60-61 [district court properly considered "the very different order of preference blacks and whites assigned black candidates"].) The success of a Hispanic-preferred candidate like Urbanske does not necessarily demonstrate that Hispanics have an equal opportunity to participate in Santa Maria city council elections. Rather, it may simply show that, at least historically, Hispanics have been relegated to casting a veto between majority-preferred white On remand, the district court should consider the candidates. elections of Urbanske in 1988 and 1992 in determining whether racial bloc voting exists in Santa Maria. The defeat of Hispanicpreferred Hispanic candidates, however, is more probative of racially polarized voting and is entitled to more evidentiary weight. The district court should also consider the order of preference non-Hispanics and Hispanics assigned Hispanic-preferred Hispanic candidates as well as the order of overall finish of these candidates.

(*Id.* at p. 554.) Just as the *Ruiz* court suggested would be consistent with a finding of racially polarized voting, in 1994, 2002 and 2004 there was only one Latino candidate—Tony Vazquez, Josefina Aranda and Maria Loya, respectively—they were Latinos' first choice, and then Latinos' second, third and fourth choices were unavoidably non-Hispanic whites. In

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2016, Latinos' first and second choices were the Latino candidates, and their first choice—Mr. de la Torre—lost, while Latinos' third and fourth choices were unavoidably non-Hispanic whites. In all of these elections, it is only when a non-Hispanic white second, third or fourth choice of Latino voters is also preferred by non-Hispanic whites that they can prevail; in other words Latinos are generally unable to elect a Latino candidate that they choose, and it doesn't matter who Latinos vote for because, with only one unusual exception, non-Hispanic whites always choose the winners. That scenario is the precise circumstance that the *Ruiz* court noted to be consistent with a finding of racially polarized voting.

It is no wonder that Defendant has failed to cite any cases in which courts have utilized its distorted test for racially polarized voting; there are none—at least none that were not promptly reversed by appellate courts. Rather, courts test whether there is racially polarized voting by doing exactly what Dr. Kousser does in this case and many others before this one focusing on the level of support for minority candidates from the minority and majority respectively. (See Gingles, supra, 478 U.S. at pp. 58-61 ["We conclude that the District Court's approach, which tested data derived from three election years in each district, and which revealed that blacks strongly supported black candidates, while, to the black candidates' usual detriment, whites rarely did, satisfactorily addresses each facet of the proper legal standard."], emphasis added); see also Garza v. County of Los Angeles (C.D. Cal. 1990) 756 F.Supp. 1298, 1335–1337 [focusing on the levels of support for Hispanic candidates from Hispanic voters and non-Hispanic voters, respectively, and on that basis finding the components of racially polarized voting], aff'd, 918 F.2d 763 (9th Cir. 1990); Benavidez v. Irving Indep. Sch. Dist. 2014 WL 4055366, *11-12 (N.D. Tex. Aug. 15, 2014) [finding racially polarized voting based on Dr. Engstrom's analysis which the court described as follows: "Dr. Engstrom then conducted a statistical analysis . . . to estimate the percentage of Hispanic and non-Hispanic voters who voted for the Hispanic candidate in each election Based on this analysis, Dr. Engstrom opined that voting in Irving ISD trustee elections is racially polarized."]. Comparing the levels of support for minority candidates, from minority voters and majority voters, respectively, is particularly telling because it best reveals white bias and

 unwillingness to vote for minorities. That same analytical method is also what Dr. Kousser used to determine whether Palmdale's elections were racially polarized, and the court in that case adopted Dr. Kousser's analysis, finding it to be "persuasive," and the Court of Appeal affirmed that analysis. (*Jauregui*, *supra*, 226 Cal.App.4th at p. 790.)

The Court in *Smith v. Clinton* (E.D. Ark. 1988) 687 F.Supp. 1310, summed it up best. In that case, the court was presented with the situation where "[c]andidates favored by blacks can win, but only if the candidates are white." (*Id.* at p. 1318.) In light of those circumstances, the court had no problem finding racially polarized voting and even setting aside the results of the last election held under the challenged system. (*Ibid.*)

4. The results of all-white elections do not excuse the racially polarized voting in defendant's elections involving at least one Latino candidate.

The CVRA specifies the precise "elections for members of the governing board" of the defendant that this Court is to evaluate—those including at least one candidate that is a member of the applicable minority group. (Elec. Code, § 14028, subd. (b) ["The occurrence of racially polarized voting shall be determined from examining results of elections in which at least one candidate is a member of a protected class"].) It is the success of minority-preferred candidates who are themselves members of the minority group that counts the most. (Elec. Code, § 14028, subd. (b) ["One circumstance that may be considered in determining a violation of Section 14027 and this section is the extent to which candidates who are members of a protected class and who are preferred by voters of the protected class, as determined by an analysis of voting behavior, have been elected to the governing body of a political subdivision that is the subject of an action"].)

The CVRA's focus on elections involving minority candidates is consistent with the view of a majority of federal circuit courts that racially-contested elections are most probative of an electorate's tendencies with respect to racially polarized voting. (See *U.S. v. Blaine Cty.* (9th Cir. 2004) 363 F.3d 897, 911 [rejecting defendant's argument that trial court must give weight to elections involving no minority candidates]; *Ruiz v. Santa Maria* (9th Cir. 1998) 160

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27 28 F.3d 543, 553 ["minority v. non-minority election is more probative of racially polarized voting than a non-minority v. non-minority election" because "[t]he Act means more than securing minority voters' opportunity to elect whites."]; Westwego Citizens for Better Gov't v. City of Westwego (5th Cir.1991) 946 F.2d 1109, 1119, n. 15 ["[T]he evidence most probative of racially polarized voting must be drawn from elections including both black and white candidates."]; LULAC v. Clements (5th Cir. en banc 1993) 999 F.2d 831, 864 ["This court has consistently held that elections between white candidates are generally less probative in examining the success of minority-preferred candidates "]; Citizens for a Better Gretna v. City of Gretna (5th Cir.1987) 834 F.2d 496, 502 ["That blacks also support white candidates acceptable to the majority does not negate instances in which white votes defeat a black preference [for a black candidate]."]; Jenkins v. Red Clay Consol. School Dist. Bd. of Educ. (3d Cir. 1993) 4 F.3d 1103, 1128-1129 ["The defendants also argue that the plaintiffs may not selectively choose which elections to analyze, but rather must analyze all the elections, including those involving only white candidates. It is only on the basis of such a comprehensive analysis, the defendants submit, that the court is able to evaluate whether or not there is a pattern of white bloc voting that usually defeats the minority voters' candidate of choice. We disagree."].)7

Ignoring the text of the CVRA and the cases addressing the FVRA, Defendant has indicated that it will argue that successful non-Hispanic white candidates are preferred by Latino voters in elections where no Latino candidates ran. The law simply does not permit Defendant to use its all-white elections to escape liability for the racially polarized voting in the most probative elections—elections for Defendant's city council including at least one Latino candidate. (Smith v. Clinton (E.D. Ark. 1988) 687 F.Supp. 1310, 1318, aff'd, 488 U.S. 988 (1988) [it is not enough to avoid liability under the FVRA that "candidates favored by blacks can win, but only if the candidates are white."].)

⁷ But see *Lewis v. Alamance Cty.* (4th Cir. 1996) 99 F.3d 600 [affirming finding of no racially polarized voting in part because minority-preferred candidates who were white won in elections with no minority candidates, though the dissent pointed out that is contrary to the holdings of other courts].

jurisprudence concerning the FVRA, Defendant has pointed to the discussion in *Gingles* concerning the importance of the race of the candidates. But that discussion has nothing to do with the identification of elections appropriate to analyze for racially polarized voting. Rather, that discussion merely addresses whether the race of a candidate can overcome statistical evidence in determining whether that candidate is preferred by the minority—a subject on which the various circuit courts still disagree. While no opinion garnered a majority of the Court concerning that issue, a solid majority of the Court did agree that the district court's focus on black candidates was appropriate and established racially polarized voting. (See *Gingles*, *supra*, 478 U.S. at pp. 58–61 ["We conclude that the District Court's approach, which tested data derived from three election years in each district, and *which revealed that blacks strongly supported black candidates, while, to the black candidates' usual detriment, whites rarely did, satisfactorily addresses each facet of the proper legal standard."*], emphasis added.)

In arguing against both the plain text of the CVRA and the vast majority of federal

 The occasional success of Tony Vazquez does not excuse the racially polarized voting in Defendant's elections.

Defendant also points to the one Latino candidate who has had electoral success in the 72-year history of Defendant's at-large elected council, Tony Vazquez, and argues that his success immunizes Defendant from having to comply with the CVRA. But the U.S. Supreme Court rejected that very same argument in *Gingles*. (*Gingles*, supra, 478 U.S. at p. 57 ["[I]n a district where elections are shown usually to be polarized, the fact that racially polarized voting is not present in one or a few individual elections does not necessarily negate the conclusion that the district experiences legally significant bloc voting. Furthermore, the success of a minority candidate in a particular election does not necessarily prove that the district did not experience polarized voting in that election."], emphasis added.)

The election history presented in *Gingles*, which is discussed in more detail in the trial court decision, is illustrative. In that case, six (6) black candidates had won seats in the multimember districts challenged in that case in the 1982 election alone. (*Gingles v. Edmisten*

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(E.D.N.C. 1984) 590 F.Supp. 345, 365–366.) That significant success among black candidates, each of whom received more than 40% support from white voters, did not change the district court's conclusion of racially-polarized voting. (See generally *id.*) The U.S. Supreme Court affirmed the trial court's ruling and explicitly adopted the trial court's definition and analysis of racially-polarized voting. (*Gingles*, *supra*, 478 U.S. at pp. 52–61.) Compared to the lone successful Latino candidate in Defendant's city council elections in 72 years, the six successful black candidates in one election cycle in *Gingles* reflects huge success by minority candidates in the challenged election system, and even then it is not enough to undermine a finding of racially polarized voting.

Moreover, in an election marred by racial appeals, Mr. Vazquez was one of only two incumbents in the last thirty years to lose their bids for re-election, and he was only able to regain a seat on the city council by barely coming in fourth place in 2012 after two incumbents chose not to seek re-election. In Gingles, the U.S. Supreme Court explicitly recognized that it is important to evaluate the special circumstances that might lead to the election of a minority and minority-preferred candidate in a jurisdiction that otherwise experiences racially polarized voting. (Gingles, supra, 478 U.S. at p. 57, fn. 26 ["Furthermore, the success of a minority candidate in a particular election does not necessarily prove that the district did not experience polarized voting in that election; special circumstances, such as the absence of an opponent, incumbency, or the utilization of bullet voting, may explain minority electoral success in a polarized contest. This list of special circumstances is illustrative, not exclusive."].) Most recently, Mr. Vazquez demonstrated the special nature of his political career by raising an enormous amount of money and securing a spot in the runoff for District #3's seat on the State Board of Equalization, a district having a population over ten million. Mr. Vazquez will almost certainly prevail in that runoff because District #3 is overwhelmingly Democratic, and Mr. Vazquez is identified as a Democrat while his opponent is a Republican. Therefore, absent some change to the election system, in December the Santa Monica City Council will likely return to the way it has been for 62 years of its 72 year history—devoid of any Latinos.

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Even Mr. Vazquez's mixed record is far better than any other Latino candidate has fared. Since Mr. Vazquez's loss in 1994, Josefina Aranda, Maria Loya and Oscar de la Torre have all lost in their bids for Defendant's city council despite being the first-choice of Latino voters. (Kousser Decl., at Appendix B.) Quite simply, the election of a lone Latino, who was not the Latinos' preferred candidate in the most recent election, should not deny Latino voters in Santa Monica the opportunity to elect candidates of their choice now.

Defendant makes much of the fact that one Latino (Mr. Vazquez) on its seven-member governing board approximates Latinos' proportion of the population of Santa Monica, insisting that means that Latinos have proportional representation. But that argument ignores a host of issues. First, proportional representation is not even mentioned in the CVRA. Rather, the federal cases addressing the probative weight of proportional representation under the FVRA do so under the "totality of circumstances" test that the CVRA explicitly disclaims. (See Elec. Code, § 14028, subd. (e) [listing some of the totality of circumstances factors, but not including any reference to proportional representation, and specifying that the listed factors are "probative but not necessary"].) Second, even under the FVRA, only "persistent" and "consistent" proportional representation can possibly defeat a claim under the "totality of circumstances" test that the CVRA disclaims. (Jenkins v. Red Clay Consolidated Sch. Dist. Bd. of Ed. (3d Cir. 1993) 4 F.3d 1103, 1117-1120.) Here, any proportional representation Latinos may have enjoyed while Mr. Vazquez has been on the council is certainly not "persistent" or "consistent"; it accounts for only 10 of the 72 years of Defendant's at-large elected city council (1990-1994, 2012-2018), and it is almost certain to end later this year because Mr. Vazquez will move on to a higher office on the State Board of Equalization. (See Gingles, supra, 478 U.S. at pp. 74–77 [finding persistent minority success in the most recent six election cycles House District 23 to be inconsistent with a FVRA claim, but success of a single minority candidate in another district could be discounted because it was not persistent success].) Third, even under the FVRA, and even where there is persistent and consistent proportional representation, that does not preclude a finding that an at-large election system violates the FVRA. (See, e.g., Harvell v. Blytheville Sch. Dist. #5 (8th Cir. 1995) 71 F.3d

1382, 1388 [rejecting the defense that minorities had achieved proportional representation – "the white majority has no right under Section 2 to ensure that a minority group has absolutely no opportunity to achieve greater than proportional representation in any given race."], cert. denied, 517 U.S. 1233 (1996), citing *Johnson v. De Grandy* (1994) 512 U.S. 997.)

IV. DEFENDANT ADOPTED AND MAINTAINED ITS AT-LARGE ELECTION SYSTEM WITH A DISCRIMINATORY PURPOSE.

The fact that Santa Monica's at-large election system has impaired the ability of Latinos to elect candidates of their choice or influence the outcome of city council elections, is no surprise to Defendant. Defendant has been aware of that problem for several decades, and indeed the at-large system was maintained for that purpose.

In the early 1990s, with the issue of at-large elections diluting minority vote receiving more attention in Santa Monica and throughout California, Defendant appointed a 15-member Charter Review Commission to study the issue and make recommendations to the City Council. As part of their investigation, the Charter Review Commission sought the analysis of Dr. Kousser, who had just completed his work in *Garza v. County of Los Angeles* regarding the discriminatory intent in the way Los Angeles County's supervisorial districts had been drawn. Dr. Kousser was asked whether Santa Monica's at-large election system was adopted or maintained for a discriminatory purpose, and Dr. Kousser concluded that it was. Dr. Kousser's report pointed to statements by proponents and opponents of the at-large system alike, bluntly recognizing that the plurality at-large system would impair minority representation, and the strong correlation between voting in favor of the at-large charter provision and against the contemporaneous Proposition 11 to ban racial discrimination in employment – a pure measure of attitude on racial discrimination.

Based on their extensive study and investigations, the near-unanimous Charter Review Commission recommended that Defendant's at-large election system be tossed into the scrap heap of history with other vote-diluting relics. The principal reason for that recommendation was that the plurality at-large system prevents minorities and the minority-concentrated Pico Neighborhood from having a seat at the table.

That recommendation went to the City Council in July 1992. Though the City Council understood well that the at-large elections system prevented racial minorities from achieving representation, they refused by a 4-3 vote to allow the voters to change the system that had elected them. Councilmember Zane explained his professed reasoning – in a district system, Santa Monica would no longer be able to dump affordable housing into the minorityconcentrated Pico Neighborhood, where the majority of the city's affordable housing was already located, because the Pico Neighborhood district's representative would oppose it. While this professed rationale could be characterized as not demonstrating that Mr. Zane or his colleagues "harbored any ethnic or racial animus toward the . . . Hispanic community," it nonetheless reflects intentional discrimination-Mr. Zane understood that his action would have a disparate impact on Latino residents, and he took that action to maintain his power to continue dumping affordable housing in the Latino-concentrated neighborhood despite their opposition. (See Garza v. County of Los Angeles (1990) 918 F.2d 763, 778 (J. Kozinski, concurring) [finding that incumbents preserving their power by drawing district lines that avoided a higher proportion of Latinos in one district was intentionally discriminatory despite the lack of any racial animus], cert. denied 111 S.Ct. 681 (1991).) Though the city staff was directed to come back with further information concerning district systems and hybrid systems with some district-elected seats and some at-large, the issue was never brought back to the council for any vote, and has remained dormant ever since.

"Determining whether invidious discriminatory purpose was a motivating factor demands a sensitive inquiry into such circumstantial and direct evidence of intent as may be available. ... [including] the historical background of the decision." Village of Arlington Heights v. Metro. Housing Dev. Corp. (1977) 429 U.S. 252, 266-68. Recognizing that "smoking gun" admissions of racially discriminatory intent are exceedingly rare, in Arlington Heights, the U.S. Supreme Court described a number of potential, non-exhaustive, sources of evidence that might shed light on the question of discriminatory intent:

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The impact of the official action -- whether it bears more heavily on one race than another, may provide an important starting point. Sometimes a clear pattern, unexplainable on grounds other than race, emerges from the effect of the state action even when the governing legislation appears neutral on its face. The evidentiary inquiry is then relatively easy. But such cases are rare. Absent a pattern as stark as that in Gomillion or Yick Wo, impact alone is not determinative, and the Court must look to other evidence. The historical background of the decision is one evidentiary source, particularly if it reveals a series of official actions taken for invidious purposes. The specific sequence of events leading up to the challenged decision also may shed some light on the decisionmaker's purposes. ... Departures from the normal procedural sequence also might afford evidence that improper purposes are playing a role. Substantive departures too may be relevant, particularly if the factors usually considered important by the decisionmaker strongly favor a decision contrary to the one reached. The legislative or administrative history may be highly relevant, especially where there are contemporary statements by members of the decisionmaking body, minutes of its meetings, or reports. In some extraordinary instances, the members might be called to the stand at trial to testify concerning the purpose of the official action, although even then such testimony frequently will be barred by privilege. The foregoing summary identifies, without purporting to be exhaustive, subjects of proper inquiry in determining whether racially discriminatory intent existed.

(Id. at 266-268 (citations omitted). "[P]laintiffs are not required to show that [discriminatory] intent was the sole purpose of the [challenged government decision]," or even the "primary purpose," just that it was "a purpose." Brown v. Board of Com'rs of Chattanooga, Tenn. (E.D. Tenn. 1989) 722 F. Supp. 380, 389, citing Arlington Heights at 265 and Bolden v. City of Mobile (S.D. Ala. 1982) 543 F. Supp. 1050, 1072.

Here, the analysis mandated by *Arlington Heights* leads to the inescapable conclusion that Defendant's at-large election system has been maintained with a discriminatory purpose. In both 1946 and 1992, the decisionmakers understood that district elections would mean

ethnic minority representation, while at-large elections would impede minority representation. In 1946 that was made clear by the local newspaper, and in 1992 the video of the city council meeting at which the issue was discussed shows one person after another, including council members, making that point with no rebuttal offered by anyone. Yet, in both 1946 and again in 1992, the decisionmakers (the Board of Freeholders (1946) and the City Council (1992)) refused to give voters the choice of district elections, leaving proponents of the district system that would empower racial minorities no means of expressing their preference. The racial climate in 1946, and the correlation between support for the at-large charter and opposition to Proposition 11, further support the conclusion that at-large elections were chosen to prevent racial minorities from having a voice in their city government. Even as late as 1964, approximately 70% of Santa Monica voters voted to repeal a state statute that barred racial discrimination in housing. In 1992, though the racial climate had improved somewhat, the contemporaneous and recent statements of Defendant's council members are such strong evidence of discriminatory intent that no amount of improvement in racial climate can undermine the implication of those statements.

When voting rights are implicated, "[t]he Supreme Court has established that official actions motivated by discriminatory intent 'have no legitimacy at all' (N. Carolina NAACP v. McCrory (4th Cir. 2016) 831 F.3d 204, 239 [surveying Supreme Court cases].). Here, Defendant's at-large election system was maintained with a discriminatory intent on at least two occasions (1946 and 1992), and perhaps even a third (1975). It is therefore illegitimate and should be eliminated. Id.; also see generally, Garza v. County of Los Angeles (1990) 918 F.2d 763, cert. denied 111 S.Ct. 681 (1991).

⁸ Defendant has indicated that it will argue that Plaintiffs cannot prevail on their Equal Protection claim because a Latino-majority district is not possible in Santa Monica. But that same argument was flatly rejected in *Garza v. County of Los Angeles* (1990) 918 F.2d 763, 771, cert. denied 111 S.Ct. 681 (1991): "The County cites a number of cases in support of its argument that Gingles requires these plaintiffs to demonstrate that they could have constituted a majority in a single-member district as of 1981. None dealt with evidence of intentional discrimination. To impose the requirement the County urges would prevent any redress for districting which was deliberately designed to prevent minorities from electing representatives

V. THE EFFECTS OF DEFENDANT'S DILUTIVE AND ILLEGAL AT-LARGE ELECTIONS ARE PALPABLE AND DAMAGING TO THE LATINO COMMUNITY AND THE LATINO-CONCENTRATED PICO NEIGHBORHOOD.

As the United States Supreme Court has noted, the at-large election system that Defendant clings to, tends to cause elected officials to "ignore [minority] interests without fear of political consequences." (See *Thornburg v. Gingles* (1986) 478 U.S. 30, 48, n. 14; see also id., at pp. 36–37 [holding that a significant lack of responsiveness on the part of elected officials to the needs of the minority community is evidence of vote dilution]; *Rogers v. Lodge* (1982) 458 U.S. 613, 626–627 [extensive evidence that elected officials had been unresponsive to the needs of the black community demonstrated that dilutive voting was likely occurring].) That is exactly what has happened in Santa Monica, and those effects are demonstrated by Defendant's own reports, among other things.

Moreover, without fear of political consequences, Defendant's city council members have even made sure that the commissions that often serve as the source of future city council members are nearly devoid of any Latinos. Out of the one hundred and six (106) current commissioners appointed by the Santa Monica City Council, only one (1) is recognized as Latina—Ana Jara, appointed to the Social Services Commission. (Plaintiffs' Trial Exhibit 301.)

A. The Most Undesirable Land Uses Were Intentionally Placed In The Pico Neighborhood Throughout Santa Monica's History.

The lack of representation for Pico Neighborhood residents on the city council has caused the most undesirable elements of the city to all be dumped on the Latino-concentrated Pico Neighborhood (e.g. the freeway, the trash facility, the city's maintenance yard, a park that continues to emit poisonous methane gas, and the train maintenance yard). These

in future elections governed by that districting. This appears to us to be a result wholly contrary to Congress' intent in enacting Section 2 of the Voting Rights Act and contrary to the equal protection principles embodied in the fourteenth amendment."

⁹ At least the four most recent members of Defendant's council were all on Defendant's planning commission immediately before being appointed or elected to Defendant's city council.

circumstances must be considered in evaluating the totality of the circumstances relevant to "disparate impact" as well as a history of discrimination under the CVRA. (See Elec. Code, § 14028, subd. (e).)

The City's land use decisions have created horrible conditions for the Latino electorate within the Pico Neighborhood throughout history (i.e. noise, pollution, and generally undesirable land features). Defendant has argued that it did not have a hand in some of the land use decisions that have negatively affected the Pico Neighborhood. However, that is simply untrue. Ultimately, it is within the City's power to control the use of land through zoning; not another entity. (See e.g., Santa Monica Municipal Code, §§ 9.60, 9.83 [discussing the City Council's involvement in development projects, planning, land use, and zoning].). And at least some of those undesirable elements dumped on the Pico Neighborhood (the city maintenance yard and the trash sorting facility) are actually operated by Defendant, or on land leased by Defendant itself.

Methane gas in Gandara Park.

The fact that methane is leaking into a park in the highest Latino proportion neighborhood and poisoning its children, and that the council is unaware or unconcerned, is the exact kind of neglect and unresponsiveness that dilutive at-large elections are known to cause. (See O'Connor Deposition, at pp. 59:9–11, 93:8–16, 94:4–97:21 ["Q: Do you feel an obligation to specifically investigate whether or not methane exposure is an issue around Gandara Park? A: Being that it has been raised so much in terms of this activity, no "]; id., at p. 98:6–15 ["A: I don't believe there's a problem [with methane at Gandara Park]. I've not heard of a problem from a reliable source."]; O'Day Deposition Vol. 1, at p. 104:9–12 ["Q: Do you take your kids [to Stewart/Gandara Park] to play? A: Yeah. Q: Do they smell the methane coming out? A: Sometimes, yeah."]; see also *Thornburg v. Gingles* (1986) 478 U.S. 30, 36–37 [holding that a significant lack of responsiveness on the part of elected officials to the needs of the minority community is evidence of vote dilution]; *Rogers v. Lodge* (1982) 458 U.S. 613, 626–627 [extensive evidence that elected officials had been unresponsive to the needs of the black community demonstrated that dilutive voting was likely occurring].)

The U.S. Supreme Court "has long recognized that multi-member districts and at-large voting schemes may operate to minimize or cancel out the voting strength" of minorities. (Gingles, supra, 478 US at p. 47; see also id. at p. 48, fn. 14 [at-large elections may also cause elected officials to "ignore [minority] interests without fear of political consequences"], quoting Rogers v. Lodge (1982) 458 U.S. 613, 623; White v. Regester (1973) 412 U.S. 755, 769.) Perhaps if the Pico neighborhood had a representative on the City Council, not every undesirable land feature would have ended up there. The symptom is a city government that is unresponsive to the minority community; the disease is Defendant's unlawful election system that is known to dilute the minority vote.

 The presence of undesirable land uses such as a disproportionate amount of affordable housing, automobile repair facilities, liquor stores, and homeless service shelters in the Pico Neighborhood.

As discussed above, zoning, planning, and land use in Santa Monica falls within the purview of the City Council. Therefore, the Council's decisions to place a whole host of undesirable land uses — such as countless liquor stores, affordable housing, auto repair shops, and homeless service shelters (see Plaintiffs' Trial Exhibit 229) — in the Pico Neighborhood, which has a high concentration of Latinos and other minorities, highlights the history of discrimination in the City. (See Elec. Code, § 14028, subd. (e).) Defendant's discriminatory intent is all too clear in the City's 1992 council meeting, wherein Denny Zane expresses concerns regarding a switch to districted elections. (See Plaintiffs' Trial Exhibit 267.) In fact, Zane's main concern was where the City would place the affordable housing (suggesting that the City could not continue to place it disproportionately in the Pico Neighborhood) if there was pushback from a Pico Neighborhood representative. (*Ibid.*)

 The 10 freeway, Metro Maintenance Yard, City Yards, and SoCal Disposal.

Despite Defendant's contentions to the contrary, the City Council does have a significant influence on the placement of facilities in the City. In particular, the Metro Maintenance Yard's placement was due in part to City Council member Pam O'Connor—who

was chair of Metro Board (as a direct result of her power on City Council) when the decision was made to place the Metro Maintenance Yard in the Pico Neighborhood. City Council member Kevin McKeown did not approve of Ms. O'Connor's involvement in the decision and noted that the Pico Neighborhood did not need any more noise and pollution producing land features. Furthermore, due to the adoption and maintenance of the City's at-large system with an intent to discriminate against minorities, and absent any representative on the City Council from the Pico Neighborhood, the minority residents have been powerless to prevent the placement of these undesirable land uses in their backyard. (See Plaintiffs' Trial Exhibit 267 [Denny Zane expresses concerns regarding a switch to districted elections because there would be no place to put the undesirable land features].)

A. The City Commissioned a Study That Reveals the Pico Neighborhood Residents Have the Worst Sense of Community, the Lowest Life Satisfaction, and the Highest Economic Worry.

The City commissioned a study called the "Wellbeing Index" which evaluated the overall health and wellbeing of residents within different zip codes of Santa Monica. (Plaintiffs' Trial Exhibits 1, 3.) The results are disturbing, although not surprising.

The 90404 zip code encompasses the Pico Neighborhood, which has a higher proportion of minority residents than any other neighborhood in Santa Monica. (Plaintiffs' Trial Exhibit 1, at p. 23.) The 90404 has the worst overall sense of community, scores the lowest on life satisfaction, and the highest in the category of economic worry, among other things. But, because the City Council has no fear of political consequences when it comes to the opinions and needs of the Pico Neighborhood, they are oblivious to these issues, or simply refuse to acknowledge the possibility that certain neighborhoods, like the Pico Neighborhood, may have unique issues that need to be addressed. (O'Connor Deposition, at pp. 173:22–174:2 ["Q: The wellbeing index that was funded by the City of Santa Monica through a grant from the

¹⁰ 90404 is significantly below average on all dimensions except learning. This zip code also performs worst on community, health, and economic opportunity. The largest gaps can be seen in terms of satisfaction with home, many of the community variables such as trusting people and belonging to neighborhood, use of outdoor space, fruit and vegetable consumption, physical activity, and credit card debt. (Plaintiffs' Trial Exhibit 3, at p. 109.)

Bloomberg Foundation, has that raised any concerns in your mind that the neighborhoods experience disparate treatment by the city? A: No."].) This evidence further demonstrates a lack of concern on the part of elected officials for the powerless Pico Neighborhood residents. (See *Thornburg v. Gingles* (1986) 478 U.S. 30, 48, n. 14; see also *id.*, at pp. 36–37 [holding that a significant lack of responsiveness on the part of elected officials to the needs of the minority community is evidence of vote dilution]; *Rogers v. Lodge* (1982) 458 U.S. 613, 626–627 [extensive evidence that elected officials had been unresponsive to the needs of the black community demonstrated that dilutive voting was likely occurring].)

VI. REMEDIES.

Once liability is established under the CVRA, the Court has a broad range of remedies from which to choose, including both district and non-district solutions. (See Elec. Code, § 14029 ["Upon a finding of a violation of Section 14027 and Section 14028, the court shall implement appropriate remedies, including the imposition of district-based elections, that are tailored to remedy the violation."]; Sanchez, supra, 145 Cal.App.4th at p. 670; Jauregui, supra, 226 Cal.App.4th at p. 807 ["Thus, the Legislature intended to expand the protections against vote dilution provided by the federal Voting Rights Act of 1965. It would be inconsistent with the evident legislative intent to expand protections against vote dilution to narrowly limit the scope of . . . relief as defendant asserts. Logically, the appropriate remedies language in section 14029 extends to . . . orders of the type approved under the federal Voting Rights Act of 1965."].)

Likewise, when voting rights are implicated, "[t]he Supreme Court has established that official actions motivated by discriminatory intent 'have no legitimacy at all' Thus, the proper remedy for a legal provision enacted with discriminatory intent is invalidation." (N. Carolina NAACP v. McCrory (4th Cir. 2016) 831 F.3d 204, 239 [surveying Supreme Court cases].) Once intentional discrimination is shown, "the 'racial discrimination must be eliminated root and branch' "by "a remedy that will fully correct past wrongs." (Ibid., quoting Green v. Cty. Sch. Bd. (1968) 391 U.S. 430, 437–439, Smith v. Town of Clarkton (4th Cir. 1982) 682 F.2d 1055, 1068.)

 At trial, Plaintiffs will present the Court with several remedial options, including bydistrict elections, ranked-choice voting, cumulative voting and limited voting. Though Defendant has had ample time, it appears that Defendant will not propose any remedy at all.

A. By-District Elections.

Requiring by-district elections is certainly the most common remedy in CVRA as well as FVRA cases. In fact, with very limited exception, each and every CVRA case resolved in the fifteen-year history of the CVRA resulted in the defendant political subdivision changing its system of electing its board from an at-large system to a by-district system. The Legislature has certainly expressed its preference for district elections since the enactment of the CVRA, as it has made it easier for political subdivisions to adopt district elections.¹¹

In this case, demographics and districting expert, David Ely, developed a seven-district map that complies with all legal requirements. The districts are compact, contiguous and generally equal in population. Race was not a predominant consideration in drawing the districts; rather, Mr. Ely considered the traditional districting criteria specified in Section 21620 of the Elections Code, and the public input collected from Santa Monica residents.

The districts drawn by Mr. Ely will be an effective remedy, as is demonstrated by several considerations. First, Mr. Ely's analysis of various elections shows that the Latino candidates preferred by Latino voters perform much better in the Pico Neighborhood district of Mr. Ely's plan than they do in other parts of the city. Mr. Ely evaluated Tony Vazquez's performance in that district in 1994 and Maria Loya's performance in that district in 2004. Mr. Vazquez was preferred by Latino voters in 1994 and Ms. Loya was preferred by Latino voters in 2004. In both instances, while they lost citywide, they each garnered more votes in the Pico

In just the past two years, the California Legislature has passed, and the Governor has signed, several such laws, including: Assembly Bill 277 (2015), declaring that vote dilution by at-large elections is a matter of statewide concern, and "codify[ing] the holding in *Jauregui v. City of Palmdale* (2014) 226 Cal.App.4th 781"; Assembly Bill 2389 (2016) permitting special districts to convert from at-large elections to district-based elections without a vote of the electorate "in furtherance of the purposes of the California Voting Rights Act of 2001"; Senate Bill 493 (2015) permitting cities with less than 100,000 population to convert from at-large elections to district-based elections without a vote of the electorate "in furtherance of the purposes of the California Voting Rights Act of 2001"; and Assembly Bill 2220 (2016) permitting cities with more than 100,000 population to convert from at-large elections to district-based elections without a vote of the electorate "in furtherance of the purposes of the California Voting Rights Act of 2001".

 Neighborhood district than any other candidate in their respective elections, and Ms. Loya resides in the Pico Neighborhood district. In 2016, there were two candidates who resided in the Pico Neighborhood—Terry O'Day and Oscar de la Torre. Though Mr. O'Day received the most votes of any candidate citywide, Mr. de la Torre, the candidate preferred by Latino voters, almost certainly received more votes than Mr. O'Day in the Pico Neighborhood district.

Second, the Latino proportion of eligible voters is much greater in the Pico Neighborhood district than the city as a whole. In contrast to 13.64% of the citizen-voting-age-population and 16.1% of the population in the city as a whole, Latinos comprise 30% of the citizen-voting-age-population and 33.8% of the population in the Pico Neighborhood district. (Ely Decl., at ¶ 17, 29.) That portion of the population and citizen-voting-age-population falls squarely within the range the U.S. Supreme Court deems to be an influence district. (Georgia v. Aschcroft (2003) 539 U.S. 461, 470–471, 482 [finding that Georgia's legislative redistricting did not violate Section 5 of the FVRA even though it reduced the number of safe black districts, because it "increased the number of ["crossover"] districts with a black voting age population of between 25% and 50% by four," and noting "various studies have suggested that the most effective way to maximize minority voting strength may be to create more influence or coalitional districts."].)

Third, Latinos in the Pico Neighborhood are politically organized, and have devoted political leaders. That fact was demonstrated most recently in the 2016 Democratic primary election between Hillary Clinton and Bernie Sanders. Oscar de la Torre was a state co-chair for Mr. Sanders' campaign. Based in no small part on Mr. de la Torre's advocacy, Mr. Sanders carried all of the precincts of the Pico Neighborhood district, while Ms. Clinton carried almost all of the other precincts in Santa Monica and secured approximately 55% of the vote city wide.

All of these analytics suggest that Latino preferred candidates will fare well in the Pico Neighborhood district. While no election result can be guaranteed, Mr. Ely's district plan would at least guarantee Latinos a more equitable opportunity, and that is all the law demands.

B. Limited Voting.

Limited voting is an alternative at-large method of election that improves the ability of minorities to elect representatives of their choice. Put simply, limited voting limits the number of votes a voter can cast to fewer than the number of seats to be filled at the election. For example, in an election to fill the seven city council seats in Santa Monica, one limited voting system might limit each voter to voting for just one candidate; another might limit each voter to voting for two candidates; still another might limit each voter to voting for three, four, five or six—but not seven—candidates. This limit allows the jurisdiction's majority to win at least one seat, but prevents that same majority from dominating every seat and, thus, provides the opportunity for a sufficiently large and cohesive minority to win a seat.

Under limited voting, a well-organized minority can win a seat even in the face of well-organized majority opposition. The size necessary for the minority to win a seat under the most adverse conditions is determined by something known as the "threshold of exclusion," which, in turn, is determined by the number of seats to be filled and the number of votes a voter may cast. In a seven-seat election, with each voter limited to casting just one vote, a well-organized minority can win a seat if the minority-preferred candidate receives 12.5% of the vote regardless of how the majority spreads its votes. In Santa Monica, Latinos account for at least 13.6% of eligible voters, and therefore limited voting in a seven-seat election would, even under the most adverse circumstances, give Latino voters a more equitable opportunity to elect a candidate of their choice. ¹²

The threshold of exclusion applicable to limited voting is calculated by the following equation: V/(V+N), where V is the number of votes a voter may cast and N is the number of seats to be filled. Where there are seven seats to be filled and each voter is limited to one vote, then N=7 and V=1, the threshold of exclusion is 1/(1+7)—a minority can win a seat if it

¹² Defendant may argue that because its elections are staggered—with 3 or 4 seats being up for election every two years—the applicable threshold of exclusion is larger. However, when federal courts have ordered such atlarge remedies in FVRA cases, they have also unstaggered the elections to lower the threshold of exclusion. (See, e.g., *United States v. Village of Port Chester* (S.D.N.Y. 2010) 704 F.Supp. 2d 411 [unstaggering elections to enhance remedial effect of cumulative voting].)

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receives more than one-eighth (12.5%) of the vote. Of course, as the number of seats is increased, or the number of votes a voter may cast is decreased, the threshold of exclusion decreases.

Limited voting has been adopted in several jurisdictions as part of judgments and consent decrees in cases brought under the FVRA. In Alabama alone, limited voting systems have been adopted in at least twenty (20) jurisdictions to resolve FVRA cases. (See e.g., Dillard v. Town of Cuba (M.D. Ala. 1988) 708 F. Supp. 1244, 1245-1246, n. 3 [upholding settlement of vote dilution claims against two towns that replaced at-large elections for town councils with limited voting plans, and noting prior approvals of limited voting settlements in eleven other jurisdictions and pending limited voting settlements in four more jurisdictions]; Judgment and Order Modifying Consent Decree, United States v. City of Calera (N.D. Ala. Oct. 23, 2009) No. CV-08-BE-1982-S [approving a limited voting system in a consent decree].) In a study of fourteen of those municipalities, in the first election following the imposition of limited voting, African-American candidates won elections in thirteen of the towns (and missed election in the fourteenth by a single vote). In the six towns where these victories were contested, African-Americans constituted 10.2%, 14.6%, 23.5%, 26.3%, 32.2%, and 38.5% of the population. (See Richard L. Engstrom, Modified Multi-Seat Election Systems as Remedies for Minority Vote Dilution, 21 STETSON L. REV. 743, 758-759 (1992).) Limited voting systems have also been adopted beyond Alabama as the result of FVRA litigation, including in jurisdictions like Lake Park, Florida, (see Consent Judgment and Decree, United States v. Town of Lake Park, Fla. (S.D. Fla. Oct. 26, 2009) No. 9:09-cv-80507; Bladen and Tyrrell Counties, North Carolina, see Anita S. Earls et al., Voting Rights in North Carolina: 1982-2006, 17 S. CAL. REV. L. & Soc. JUST. 577, 607, 630 (2008); and Euclid, Ohio, see United States v. Euclid City Sch. Bd. (N.D. Ohio 2009) 632 F.Supp. 2d 740.)

C. Cumulative Voting.

Cumulative voting operates differently but achieves the same effect: recognition of a majority's preferred candidates while still making room to seat the preferred candidate of a sufficiently large and cohesive minority. In cumulative voting, each voter may cast as many

votes as there are positions to be filled; a voter may either vote for one candidate for each of the positions to be filled or may instead cumulate his or her votes behind those candidates he or she prefers most intensely. For example, in an election to fill the seven city council seats in Santa Monica, a voter could cast seven votes for one candidate; three votes for one candidate, and four votes for a second candidate; or one vote for each of seven candidates (or any other allocation of the seven votes).

Just as with limited voting, under cumulative voting, a well-organized minority can win a seat even in the face of well-organized majority opposition. The size necessary for the minority to be guaranteed to be able to win a seat—the "threshold of exclusion"—applicable to cumulative voting is calculated by the following equation: 1/(1+N), where N is the number of seats to be filled. Where, as in Santa Monica, there are seven seats to be filled, N=7. The threshold of exclusion is therefore 1/(1+7)—a minority can win a seat if it receives more than one-eighth (12.5%) of the vote. In Santa Monica, Latinos account for at least 13.6% of eligible voters, and therefore limited voting in a seven-seat election would, even under the most adverse circumstances, give Latino voters a more equitable opportunity to elect a candidate of their choice.

Cumulative voting has also been adopted in several jurisdictions as part of judgments and consent decrees in cases brought under the FVRA. In Texas alone, cumulative voting systems have been adopted to enhance minority representation (particularly Latino representation) in at least forty-seven (47) jurisdictions after FVRA lawsuits. (See e.g., Robert R. Brischetto & Richard L. Engstrom, Cumulative Voting and Latino Representation: Exit Surveys in Fifteen Texas Communities, 78 Soc. Sci. Q. 973, 974 (1997).) Similarly, in just Alabama, at least five jurisdictions have adopted cumulative voting as part of settlements of FVRA cases, and "[d]espite having African American populations that ranged from only 10.3% to 11.9%, an African American was elected for the first time to the governing board in each of these jurisdictions under cumulative voting rules." (See Richard L. Engstrom, supra, at pp. 756–757.) Jurisdictions in Illinois, New Mexico, New York, and South Dakota, for example, have similarly found success in resolving FVRA cases by turning to cumulative

 voting. (See e.g., Banks v. City of Peoria, Ill., No. 2:87-cv-2371 (C.D. Ill.); Richard L. Cole et al., Cumulative Voting in a Municipal Election: A Note on Voter Reactions and Electoral Consequences, 43 WESTERN POL. Q. 191 (1990); United States v. Village of Port Chester (S.D.N.Y. 2010) 704 F.Supp.2d; Richard L. Engstrom & Charles J. Barrilleaux, Native Americans and Cumulative Voting: The Sisseton-Wahpeton Sioux, 72 Soc. Sci. Q. 388, 389 (1991).)

Cumulative voting was also recently adopted in a CVRA case. On July 26, 2018, the Orange County Superior Court entered judgment against the City of Mission Viejo and ordered that all further elections for the Mission Viejo City Council employ cumulative voting and that the elections be unstaggered.

D. Ranked-Choice Voting.

Ranked-choice voting, sometimes called single transferable voting, is another election system that, when implemented in its multi-seat election form, combats vote dilution even in an at-large jurisdiction. In a ranked-choice system, voters can rank as many candidates as they want in order of their choice; the voter's single vote is initially allocated to his/her most preferred candidate and, as the count proceeds and candidates are either elected or eliminated, the votes for eliminated candidates are transferred to other candidates according to the voter's stated preferences. As with the other alternative forms above, ranked-choice voting in a multi-seat race results in the election of a majority's preferred candidates while still making room to seat the preferred candidate of a sufficiently large and cohesive minority. A form of ranked-choice voting used for single-seat elections is more common in local American jurisdictions, including in several jurisdictions in California, but ranked-choice voting is currently used to elect multiple at-large city council members in Cambridge, Massachusetts.

The "threshold of exclusion" applicable to ranked-choice voting is the same as that for cumulative voting—it is calculated by the following equation: 1/(1+N), where N is the number of seats to be filled. Where, as in Santa Monica, there are seven seats to be filled, N=7. The threshold of exclusion is therefore 1/(1+7)—a minority can win a seat if it receives more than one-eighth (12.5%) of the vote. In Santa Monica, Latinos account for at least 13.6% of eligible

voters, and therefore ranked-choice voting in a seven-seat election would, even under the most adverse circumstances, give Latino voters a more equitable opportunity to elect a candidate of their choice.

Notably, several members of Santa Monica's Charter Review Commission recommended the adoption of ranked-choice voting (they called it single transferable voting) in 1992. Defendant's city council, however, never really discussed that possibility.

VII. CONCLUSION.

Santa Monica City Council elections are consistently racially polarized, and with the lack of success of Latino candidates preferred by Latino voters, there can be little doubt that Defendant is in violation of the CVRA. That should come as no surprise to Defendant; the dilutive effect of its at-large election system, and even the discriminatory purpose behind the at-large system, were exposed in 1992, and yet Defendant's self-interested city council chose to maintain that system. The right to representation in government is fundamental in our democracy; it is time that Latinos are afforded that right in Santa Monica.

Dated: July 30, 2018

SHENKMAN & HUGHES PC
PARRIS LAW FIRM
LAW OFFICE OF MILTON C. GRIMES
LAW OFFICE OF ROBERT RUBIN

By:

Kevin Shenkman Attorneys for Plaintiffs

PROOF OF SERVICE 1013A(3) CCP Revised 5/1/88

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

I am employed in the County of Los Angeles, State of California. I am over the age of 18 and not a party to the within action; my business address is: 43364 10th Street West, Lancaster, California 93534.

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3		Executed on July 30, 2018, at Lancaster, California.		
4	X	(State) I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the above is true and correct.		
5		that the above is true and correct.		
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1	SERVICE LIST		
2	Pico Neighborhood Association v. City	of Santa Monica, California, et al.	
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1	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA					
2	FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES					
3						
4	DEPARTMENT 28 HON. YVETTE M. PALAZUELOS, JUDGE					
5	PICO NEIGHBORHOOD ASSOCIATION,) ET AL,)					
6	PLAINTIFFS,)					
7	vs.) NO. BC616804					
8	CITY OF SANTA MONICA, ET AL.,)					
9	DEFENDANTS.)					
10)					
11	REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS					
12	TUESDAY, AUGUST 7, 2018					
13	P.M. SESSION					
14	APPEARANCES:					
15	FOR PLAINTIFFS:					
16	SHENKMAN & HUGHES, PC					
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26	PAGES 3151 TO 3244-3300 REPORTED BY: LORA J. JOHNSON, CSR 10119					
27	RPR, CRR, RMR, CCRR #202					
28	OFFICIAL REPORTER PRO TEMPORE					

A This is a general finding in political science. And so we have — there's a huge branch of political science that studies turnout. And one of the things that it has found unanimously is that when there is more interest in an election, when there are more candidates of a particular group running, when those candidates are more popular, they're more likely to participate.

Q And applying that research and study to the situation in Santa Monica, from what you've seen, do you have any opinions about the Latino no vote?

MR. McRAE: Your Honor, same objection.

THE COURT: Overruled.

MR. McRAE: It's just generalized. It's not specific. I still don't know what it is.

THE COURT: Overruled.

THE WITNESS: The reason that I put in no vote and the number of candidates voted for and that these were in tables that were part of my report was that I was concerned with this sort of question and let it — and provided the basis for it in Santa Monica so that, if you compare one table to another, you will see whether there is that pattern in the data. And the — you can do it — anybody can do it simply by comparing table after table after table.

BY MR. SHENKMAN:

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Q Okay. And if you need us to put up the past tables that we've looked at, we can, but if you could

```
please tell us what you see from those tables as far as
1
    the Latino no vote?
 3
              THE COURT: In Santa Monica?
              THE WITNESS: In Santa Monica.
 4
 5
              The no vote goes down for Latinos as the
    number of candidates goes up and as the seriousness of
 6
 7
    the candidates goes up.
    BY MR. SHENKMAN:
 8
 9
              Okay. And number of candidates, the
10
    seriousness of the candidates, are you talking about
     just Latino candidates or all candidates?
11
12
              Just Latino candidates.
1.3
              THE COURT: Can I ask a question? Are you
14
    going to another subject, or do you need to finish this
15
    one out?
              MR. SHENKMAN: I think I had one more
16
17
    question, but please.
18
              THE COURT: Wouldn't you expect to see -- you
19
    said there was racial polarization with respect to the
20
    last two candidates. Wouldn't you expect to see that
21
    with respect to Vazquez?
2.2
              THE WITNESS: No. I'm sorry. I apologize.
                                                            Ι
23
    said two candidates. Vazquez and Gomez are racially
24
    polarized.
25
              THE COURT: Okay. But still wouldn't you
    expect all three of them to show that? It's the same
26
2.7
    election.
              THE WITNESS: It is the same election.
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don't know how serious Mr. Duron was. All I can say is
1
    that -- that his vote was not polarized.
              THE COURT: When you say wasn't serious, what
 3
    does that mean?
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 5
              THE WITNESS: He got only 5 percent of the
    actual votes, and he --
 6
 7
              THE COURT: But Gomez got 6. That's not much
 8
    more.
 9
              THE WITNESS: Gomez got 6. The thing that was
10
    different about Gomez was that that vote was very
11
    racially polarized, more than for Duron.
12
              I do not know issues in that particular race.
13
    I don't know how much money Mr. Duron had, don't know
14
    how much money Mr. Gomez had. But it was a little
15
    surprising to me that Mr. Gomez, who finished with such
16
    a small percentage of votes, that his votes -- that
17
    vote was actually racially polarized.
18
              THE COURT: It's just that we're talking about
19
    the same pool of voters, right?
20
              THE WITNESS: Yes.
21
              THE COURT: Wouldn't you expect them all to
    vote that way in a racially polarized manner?
2.2
23
              THE WITNESS: If the only thing -- only reason
    that they voted was because of race, yes, but there are
24
25
    clearly other things that are taken into account, and
26
    one is the chances that each candidate is perceived to
2.7
    have.
28
              So for that reason, I was surprised to see
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Gomez get as high a proportion of Hispanic votes as he did.

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2.7

I could have added all three of these together. And the CVRA says that that's a possibility. And then seeing whether their vote was racially polarized, what you would find on the point estimates is that if you add all the point estimates together, that will have the same effect as adding them up and then calculating them, but the standard errors will not be exactly the same as they are now.

So I didn't do that. I left the possibility that there might be some differentiation in the support for all three candidates rather than sort of assuming that they were all polarized and pooling them together.

I don't know whether that was the right thing to do. It might not have been the right thing to do.

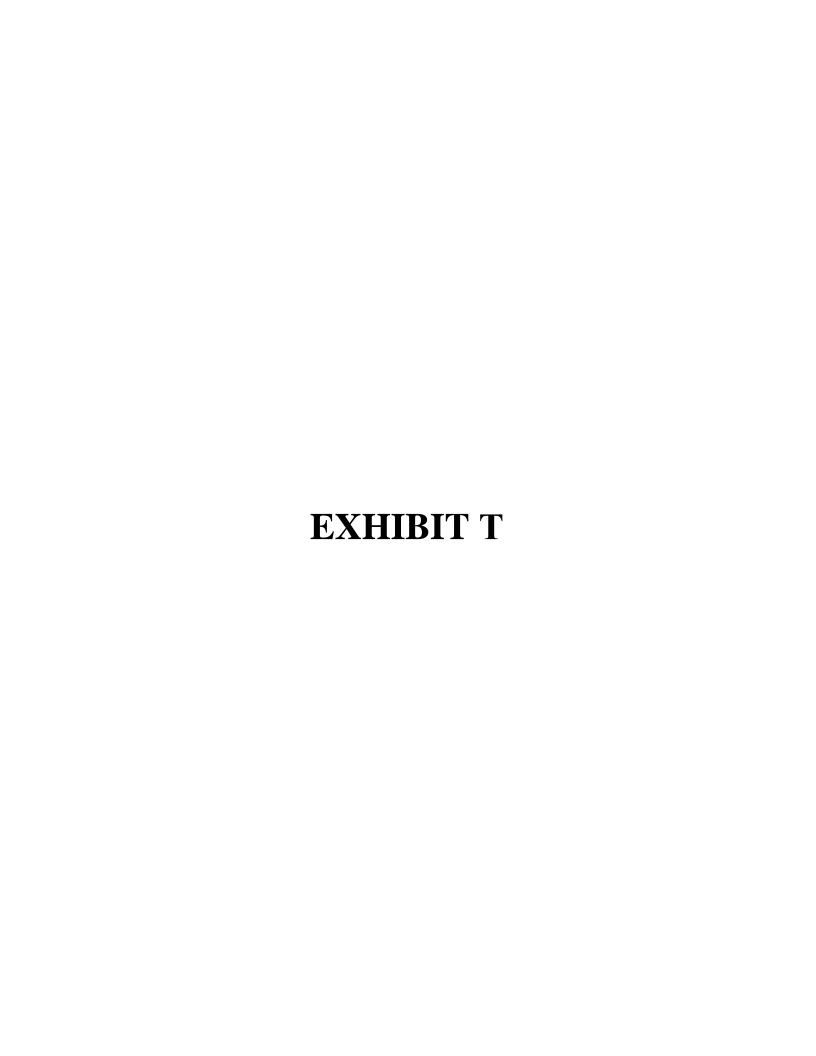
BY MR. SHENKMAN:

Q Can you tell from this chart, if you had added them up to get the group-wide support, would it be racially polarized?

A I think clearly so because it's -- it's such a large number. It would be 125 percent for all three candidates. One -- each Hispanic would -- voter would cast a vote for one of the three candidates.

And if you look at the standard errors on the non-Hispanic whites, those are very low. Actually, the standard errors on the Latino candidates are very low. So if they're at all correlated, it would clearly be

racially polarized. 1 And the fact that two of them are, even 2 3 without adding them all together, and that the third one doesn't get very much votes from anybody implies 4 5 that it would still be quite racially polarized. 6 Q Thank you. 7 MR. SHENKMAN: Ask to admit 287? THE COURT: It's received. 8 9 MR. SHENKMAN: Thank you. 10 (Exhibit 287 was received into 11 evidence.) MR. SHENKMAN: Let's pull up Exhibit 290, 12 13 please. 14 (Exhibit 290 identified.) 15 BY MR. SHENKMAN: If you could, Dr. Kousser, explain what the 16 Q 17 chart on Exhibit 290 is and what it shows you. 18 This is the 2016 election for city counsel. Α 19 It is weighted regression. There are two Spanish 20 surname candidates, Mr. Vazquez and Mr. de la Torre. 21 Both of them get a very substantial proportion of 2.2 Latino votes. Eight out of nine or nine out of ten, 23 rather, Hispanics vote for Mr. de la Torre, eight out 2.4 of ten vote for Mr. Vazquez as well. 25 The relationship between ethnicity and the 26 vote is quite strong. Mr. de la Torre gets 88 percent 2.7 of the Latino votes and only 13 percent of non-Hispanic 28 whites.



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10)					
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12	WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 2018					
13	P.M. SESSION APPEARANCES:					
14	FOR PLAINTIFFS:					
15	SHENKMAN & HUGHES, PC					
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27	PAGES 8551 TO 8356-8700 REPORTED BY: LORA J. JOHNSON, CSR 10119					
28	RPR, CRR, RMR, CCRR #202 OFFICIAL REPORTER PRO TEM					

1992 in Santa Monica with respect to the election system?

A This was the third and last pivot point that Dr. Kousser cites as exemplary of intentional discrimination in the maintenance of the at-large election system in Santa Monica.

And in this case, you had the formation of a Charter Review Commission, and Dr. Kousser's 1992 report, which we discussed a lot, was resulting from that.

THE COURT: In connection with that, right?
THE WITNESS: Yeah.

And the city council voted 4 to 3 against putting districts on the ballot, didn't vote one way or the other on another recommendation, which was this ranked choice voting, STV, single transferrable vote. It also voted unanimously to get more information on both hybrid and districts.

And, of course, hybrid is a combined at-large district system that they have, four elected districts, three elected at-large, or more if you expanded the size of the city council in Santa Monica.

BY MR. SCOLNICK:

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Q So in terms of the first Arlington Heights factor, discriminatory effect, did the maintenance of at-large elections in 1992 have a discriminatory effect on Latinos in Santa Monica?

A No, it did not.

Q Why not?

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A Well, the answer is complicated, but I'll -- I'll just give some quick bullet points.

Number one, there was no district that was proposed that, in my view, gave Latinos the ability to elect candidates of their choice. For the first time, there were actually a district proposed. Although I never saw the entire map, I did see some numbers on a district that were in the report of the Charter Review Commission, but in my view, based on my analysis, those proposed districts fall well short.

We have also not seen an analysis of the effect of that plan on the two other protected minorities in Santa Monica, kind of a forgotten people, the Asian Americans and the African Americans, who in my view, had you adopted that plan which wouldn't have given Latinos the ability to elect candidates of their choice, it would have had a very adverse effect on African Americans and Latinos.

In addition, you had a Latino elected in 1990, Tony Vazquez, who at the time the Charter Review Commission was reporting to the city council and the city council was debating election system issues.

Latinos had greater than proportional representation; 1 out of 7 exceeded their representation in the citizen voting age or even in the voting age population.

In addition, immediately after these debates, you had the election of another minority, an

Asian American, Asha Greenberg, who was elected to the city council in the regular election in 1992. So minorities had super-proportional -- 2 out of 7 -- representation on the city council.

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I will also demonstrate that Dr. Kousser's attempt to link the maintenance of the at-large election with racist attacks on Tony Vazquez and Tony Vazquez's defeat is in fact fundamentally flawed, and his own results that he cites in support of that in fact show the precise opposite.

Q I think you said that, in your opinion, it wouldn't have been possible to draw a district in 1992 that would have given Latinos the ability to elect candidates of their choice. Did you say that?

A I did. And that's based on my analysis of the numbers that I saw. I don't know if those numbers are right, you know, but the Charter Review Commission said, but taken at face value, they wouldn't be sufficient.

Q And was there an actual district presented to the Charter Review Commission?

A I don't know, your Honor, if there was an actual district. I saw someone waving a map, but, you know, I didn't see an actual plan of seven or nine districts with an actual full demographic breakdown of each of the districts. And really to evaluate a district plan, you got to see it in toto.

All I saw were numbers for voting age Latinos

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Asians and African Americans --
1
              THE COURT: Okay. So bring this back to the
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 3
              What does this have to do with intent?
              THE WITNESS: This has to do with intent
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 5
    because my point is that the failure to create a Latino
 6
    district or correspondingly the creation of a Latino
 7
    district would in fact have discriminatory effects on
 8
    other minority groups.
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              THE COURT: So the city council was afraid of
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    these things --
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              THE WITNESS:
                            Exactly.
              THE COURT: -- these problems? Okay.
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              THE WITNESS: The Charter Review Commission
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    made that crystal clear.
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              THE COURT: All right.
    BY MR. SCOLNICK:
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        0
              Thank you.
              How does the African American and Asian
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    presence among registered voters in 1992 compare to
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    Latinos?
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        Α
              As I said, combined, they're higher.
    not an insignificant voter group within Santa Monica.
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23
    They were 7.4 percent, according to Dr. Kousser's
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    compilation, as compared to 5.9 percent of registered
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    voters for Latinos.
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              So if you want to provide opportunities for
2.7
    minorities, you can't just leave out of your analysis
    Asian Americans and African Americans.
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And as of 1992, did African American and Asian 1 Q candidates get elected to the city council under the 3 at-large system? Yes. An African American, Nat Trives, was 4 5 elected in 1971 and 1975, and then very shortly after all of these deliberations that we're talking about in 6 7 that same year, 1992, an Asian American, Asha Greenberg, was elected to the city council. She was 8 re-elected in 1996 and served until she resigned from 9 10 the city council after her second election. So in 1992, did the Charter Review Commission 11 12 recommend going to districts? It did not. Only 5 members out of 15 1.3 14 recommended going to districts. 15 What did the commission recommend? Bare majority of 8, your Honor, out of 15 16 17 recommended returning to the pre-1925 system, although 18 not necessarily designated posts, but to the form of 19 election which was ranked choice voting or in 20 particular the single transferrable vote. 21 In 1992, would a ranked choice voting system 22 have been favorable to minority voters in Santa Monica? 23 I don't think it would have in 1992. 24 MR. SCOLNICK: Can we look at the Charter 25 Review Commission report, 127, Exhibit 127, at page 27. 26 Blow up this chart just before the notes. Everything 2.7 from the top of the page to the notes.

Can you explain what is shown here in the

28

Charter Review Commission report about ranked choice voting?

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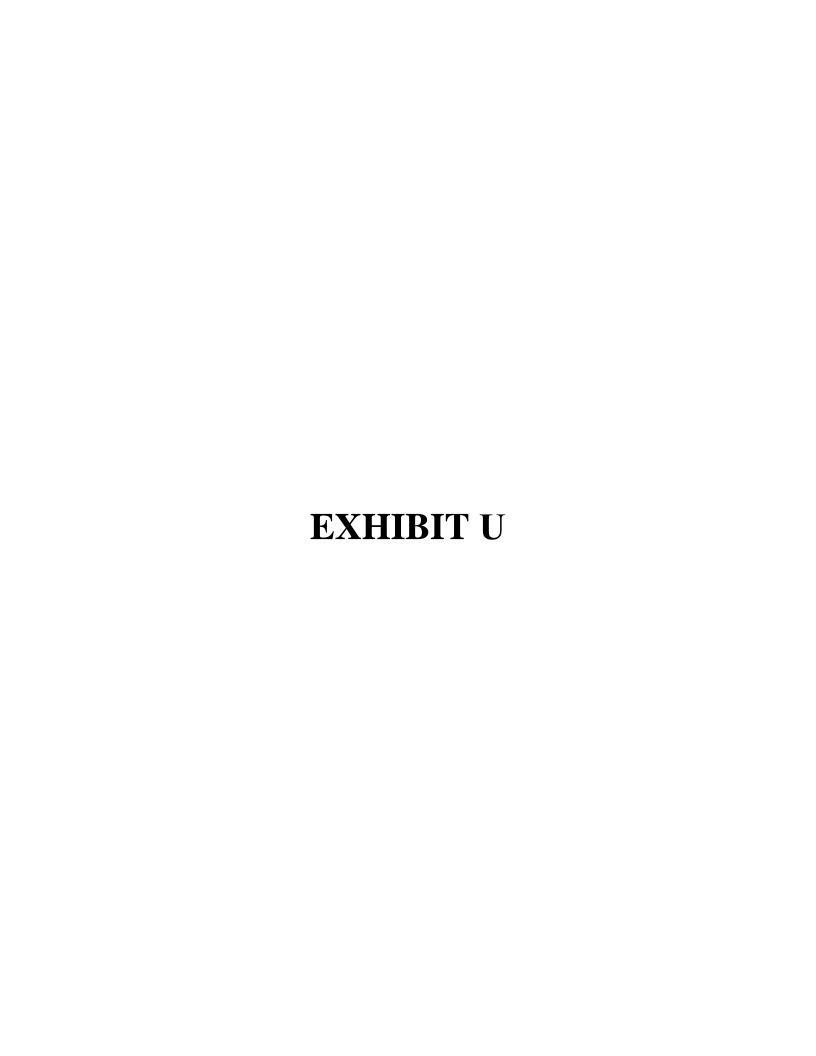
A Yeah. I think you've heard something about thresholds of exclusion, your Honor, in ranked choice voting. That is, that depending on how many candidates are up for election, there is a certain threshold at which if a minority group's voting strength — and this is voting strength, this is voters — if a minority group's voting strength reaches a certain percentage, depending upon the number of seats up, and presuming that they concentrate their voting strength on that one person, then they can in fact elect a candidate of their choice under those two provisos, percentage of voters equal to the threshold and a concentration of their vote on particular candidates of choice.

Q So what did the Charter Review Commission conclude with respect to the thresholds?

A Well, you can see that Latinos at 5.6 percent of registration are far below the threshold, no matter how you measure it.

Under a -- when three seats are elected at one time, your Honor, the threshold is all the way up to 25 percent because there's not much you can do with that many seats with single choice with a single transferrable vote.

When four seats are up, it's still 20 percent. This is the system that exists at the time, the staggered election system, and the thresholds under

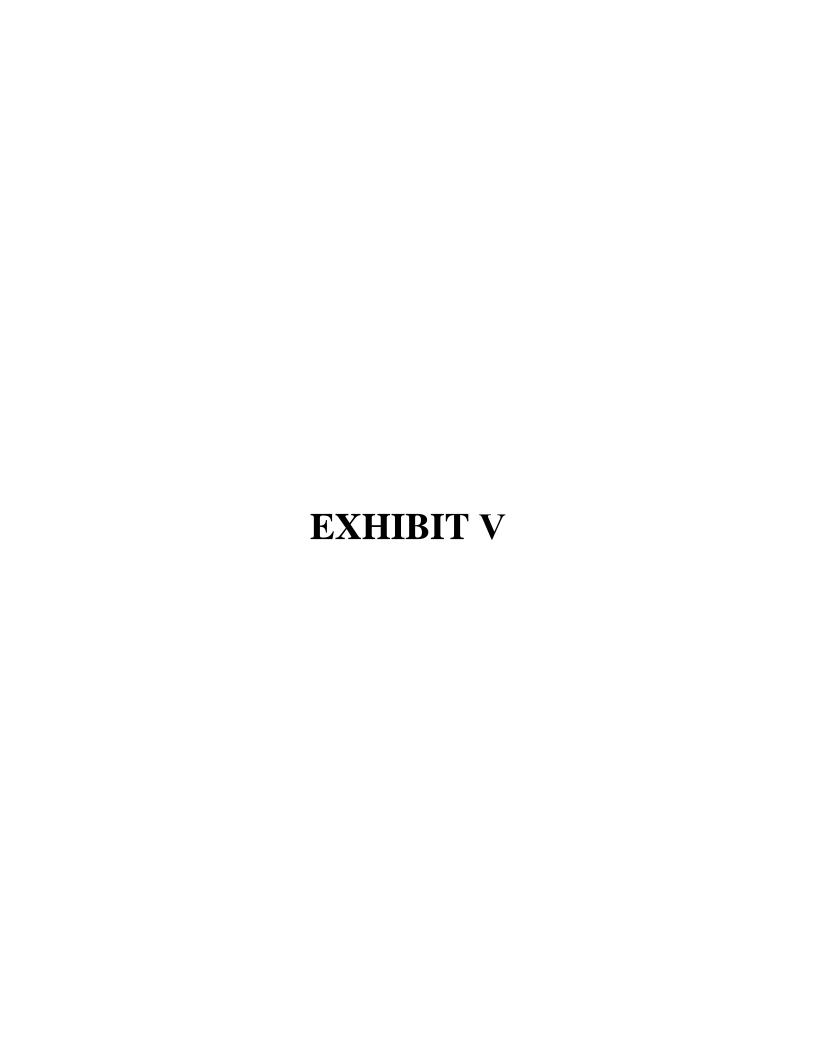


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14	APPEARANCES:					
15	FOR PLAINTIFFS:					
16	SHENKMAN & HUGHES, PC					
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19	MALIBU, CALIFORNIA 90265 KISHENKMAN@SHENKMANHUGHES.COM					
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25	LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA 90043 MILTGRIM@AOL.COM					
26	(APPEARANCES CONTINUED)					
27	PAGES 4801 TO 4907-4950					
28	REPORTED BY: LORA J. JOHNSON, CSR 10119 RPR, CRR, RMR, CCRR #202 OFFICIAL REPORTER PRO TEMPORE					

or discriminatory impact, he favors district elections 1 for policy reasons, right? That's correct. 3 Okay. Thank you. 5 Let's go back to talk about SMRR. So yesterday we were talking about your 6 7 testimony on direct examination that SMRR wanted to maintain at-large systems to maintain its power in 8 9 Santa Monica, and I asked you wasn't it true that SMRR 10 endorsed candidates of color, and that testimony is in 11 the record. And then I asked you whether it was true 12 that SMRR also backed individuals and endorsed them who 1.3 favored districts as opposed to at-large elections, and 14 that testimony is in the record. 15 Sir, isn't it a fact that SMRR has endorsed --Let me just show you Exhibit 1697. And if we 16 17 could go to page 4 of Exhibit 1697. 18 (Exhibit 1697-4 identified.) 19 BY MR. McRAE: 20 Now, sir, do you see that this is a SMRR 21 mailer urging votes for the SMRR team? 22 And I know this has been done a lot. 23 just go ahead and say it. It's SMMR [sic]. 24 And so this is a SMRR mailer urging votes for the SMRR team in the November 1994 election for city 25 26 council. Do you see that? 2.7 Α Yes. 28 And do you see that SMRR endorses Tony Vazquez

```
for city council?
1
              Yes.
 3
              And you see that Mr. Vazquez is Latino?
        Α
              Yes.
 4
 5
         Q
              And at one time, at least, back in the '90s,
 6
    Mr. Vazquez supported districts. Do you see that?
 7
              I'm sorry, I don't see where --
        Α
              I mean, do you recall that --
 8
        0
 9
        Α
              I know that he supported districts.
10
        Q
              Thank you.
11
               So let me now --
              MR. McRAE: Your Honor, I'd like to move in
12
1.3
    Exhibit 1697 at page 4.
14
              THE COURT: Received.
15
                  (Exhibit 1697-4 was received into
                  evidence.)
16
17
              MR. McRAE: Let me show you now, sir,
    Exhibit 1679.
18
19
              THE COURT: 1679?
20
              MR. McRAE: Yeah, 1679.
21
              THE WITNESS: Thank you, ma'am.
22
                  (Exhibit 1679 identified.)
23
    BY MR. McRAE:
24
              And, sir, this is a SMRR flier urging votes
25
     for the SMRR team in the November 2000 election. Do
26
    you see that?
2.7
              It's on page 6, sir, of Exhibit 1679.
28
               I don't see where it says "2000 election."
```

```
It says "The 2000 SMRR team." 1679, page 6.
 1
         Q
               Okay. Sorry.
               You got it?
 3
        0
 4
        Α
               Yes.
 5
                  (Exhibit 1679-6 identified.)
    BY MR. McRAE:
 6
 7
               Okay. And do you see here that SMRR endorses
 8
    Ken Genser for city council?
 9
        Α
               Yes.
10
         0
               And you understand that Ken Genser, at least
     in --
11
12
               In 1992, supported districts --
        Α
               Supported districts? Right.
1.3
        Q
14
        Α
               Yes.
15
               Thank you.
16
               And SMRR also endorses Margaret Quinones.
17
    you see that here, for college board?
18
        Α
               Yes.
19
               And Ms. Quinones is a Latino, right?
20
        Α
               Yes.
21
               And you see that SMRR endorses Maria Leon
2.2
    Vazquez and Jose Escarce for school board?
23
               Yes.
        Α
24
               And both of those individuals are Latino?
25
        Α
               Yes.
26
               And you see that SMRR endorses M. Douglas
         Q
2.7
    Willis for Rent Control Board, right?
28
        Α
               Yes.
```



ī					
1	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA				
2	FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES				
3	DEPARTMENT 28 HON. YVETTE M. PALAZUELOS, JUDGE				
4	PICO NEIGHBORHOOD ASSOCIATION,)				
5	ET AL.,				
6	PLAINTIFFS,				
7	VS.) CASE NO. BC616804				
8	CITY OF SANTA MONICA, ET AL.,				
9	DEFENDANTS.)				
10	REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS				
11	TRIAL				
12	TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 2018				
13	A.M. SESSION				
14	APPEARANCES:				
15					
16	FOR PLAINTIFFS: SHENKMAN & HUGHES, PC BY: KEVIN SHENKMAN, ESQ. ANDREA A. ALARCON, ESQ.				
17 18	28905 WIGHT ROAD MALIBU, CALIFORNIA 90265 kishenkman@shenkmanhughes.com				
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25	(CONTINUED)				
26	PAGES 7801 TO 7907-7950				
27	REPORTED BY: RHONA S. REDDIX, CSR RPR CRR RMR NO. 10807				
28	OFFICIAL REPORTER				

solve all my family's problems with a wave of my starting salary. So I was told engineers make good money and that's what I thought I'd do.

I went into physics 51 and got a D in that class and began to think differently about this. So I thought more about what I could do for more families than just my own and took up public policy and had a focus in social policy, principally on housing and homelessness.

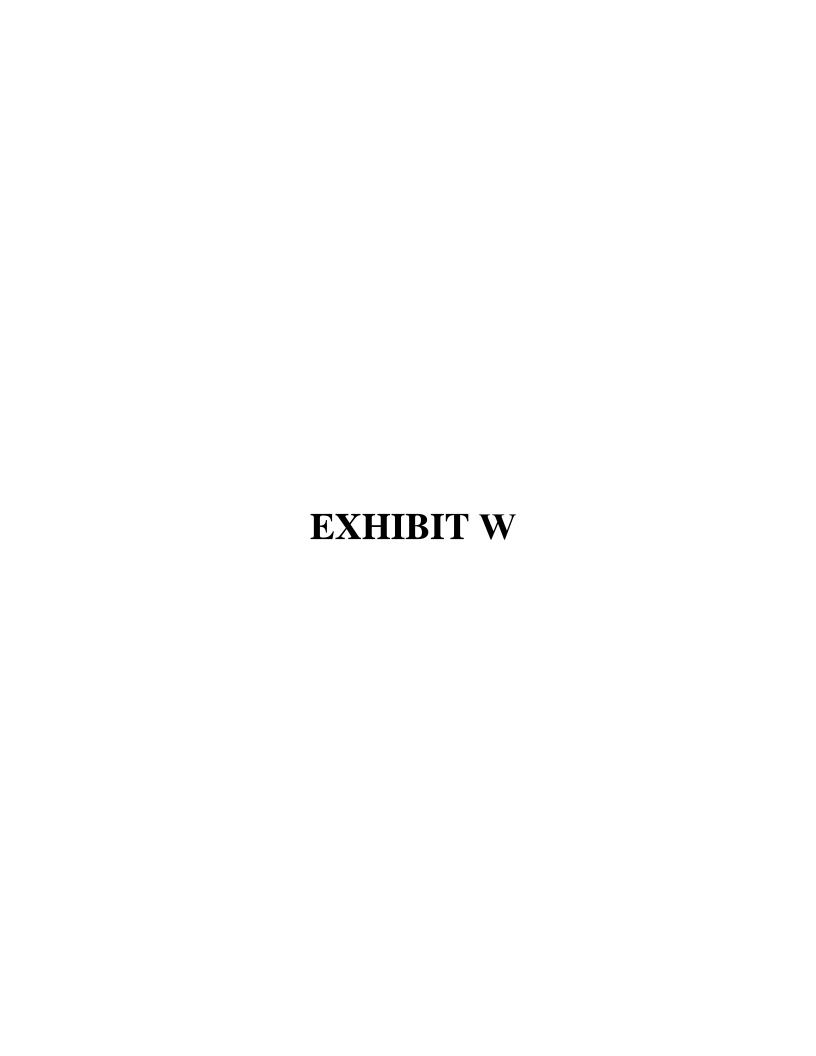
- Q Did you earn your degree from Stanford?
- 11 A I did, uh-huh.

- Q Did you work while you were in college?
- A I worked about 30 hours a week, and the school was very helpful in finding grants and loans so my parents didn't have any financial responsibility at all. I did it myself.
 - Q Have you had any other formal education?
 - A After college I came to L.A. for the Coro Public Affairs Fellowship Program, which is a one year program with a series of assignments in government, business, media, labor, politics, and community service, and then worked while I was getting an M.B.A. at UCLA.
 - Q What was the connection between your public policy studies and getting an M.B.A.?

A After that Coro program, I started my first job with Edison International and it was in electric car charging, which happens to be where I am again today, back to my future. And the power that electric cars and

1 technology and the opportunity to turn business models towards social problems was really compelling to me. 2 I've been fortunate for most of my career to use 3 business models to solve problems, mostly around 4 5 environmental issues and environmental justice issues. Where do you currently live? 6 0 7 I live on Euclid Street, 1753 Euclid Street Α 8 in Santa Monica. It's in the Pico Neighborhood. 9 How long have you lived in Santa Monica? 0 10 Α 20 years. 11 0 And how long have you lived in the Pico 12 Neighborhood? 13 All those 20 years. Α 14 0 Have you lived in any other neighborhood in 15 Santa Monica? 16 Α No. 17 And have you lived in the same house in the Pico Neighborhood since you lived there? 18 19 In 1998, my wife and I got married, 20 started my first company, and bought our first house, 21 all within the same three months, and that was on 22 17th Street across from the cemetery. 23 0 When did you move into your current home? 24 Just before our first daughter was born, and so that was December 2004. She was born in '05. I 25 26 moved my wife twice at nine months pregnant; so you can 27 see how we do things, stack it up. 28 And where is your house now in relation to 0

```
1
           Α
                  It's up here.
                  And so you're pointing to the gray roof on
2
     the right-hand side, upper right quadrant?
3
                  That's right.
 4
           Α
5
           0
                  Thank you.
           MS. MARYOTT: Your Honor, we'd like to move this
6
7
     into evidence subject to replacing the photo with the
8
     full version.
9
           THE COURT: Okay.
                              It's received.
10
11
                      (Exhibit Number 1914, received.)
12
13
           MS. MARYOTT:
                         Thank you.
     BY MS. MARYOTT:
14
15
                  While we're looking at this, it looks like
     there's a circle at the intersection. What is that?
16
17
                  That's a relatively new traffic circle that
     was installed. There's three or four of those on
18
     Michigan Ave., with more coming, as part of our MANGo
19
20
     Avenue Greenway project, neighborhood Greenway.
21
                          What is the MANGo Avenue Greenway
           Q
                  Sorry.
22
    project?
23
                  MANGo.
                          I'm sorry. It's Michigan Avenue
24
     Neighborhood Greenway project, is the acronym.
25
     is a planning project that was intended to provide
26
     increased safety for this Michigan Avenue corridor where
27
     a number of kids go to school. To the left, off of the
28
     picture, is Santa Monica High School and to the right is
```



FILED Superior Court of California County of Los Angeles

NOV 08 2018

Sherri R. Carter Executive Officer/Clerk

By Deputy

Neli M. Raya

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

PICO NEIGHBORHOOD ASSOCIATION, Case No.: BC616804
et al.

Plaintiffs, TENTATIVE DECISION; ORDERS
vs.

CITY OF SANTA MONICA,

Defendant.

Pursuant to CCP §632 and CRC Rule 3.1590(a), the court issues a Tentative Decision as follows:

- 1. On the first and second causes of action, in favor of Plaintiffs Pico Neighborhood Association and Maria Loya and against Defendant City Of Santa Monica.
 - 2. The Court also orders as follows:

- a) A post-trial hearing regarding the appropriate/preferred remedy for violation of the California Voting Rights Act on December 7, 2018, 9:30 a.m., Dept. 28. All counsel are ordered to appear.
- b) Plaintiffs shall file and serve an Opening brief (no more than 15 pages) as if a moving party per the Code of Civil Procedure;
- c) Responding brief (no more than 15 pages) and Reply brief (no more than 7 pages) shall be filed and served per the Code of Civil Procedure.
- d) A courtesy copy of each brief must be delivered to the courtroom.

CLERK TO GIVE WRITTEN NOTICE.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED: November 5, 2018

VETTE M. PALAZUELOS JUDGE OF THE SUPERIOR COURT



1 CITY OF SANTA MONICA LANE DILG, SBN 277220 2 City Attorney Lane.Dilg@smgov.net GEORGE S. CARDONA, SBN 135439 3 Special Counsel George.Cardona@smgov.net 4 SUSAN COLA, SBN 178360 5 Deputy City Attorney Susan.Cola@smgov.net 1685 Main Street, Room 310 6 Santa Monica, CA 90401 7 Telephone: 310.458.8336 8 GIBSON, DUNN & CRUTCHER LLP THEODORE J. BOUTROUS JR., SBN 132099 9 tboutrous@gibsondunn.com MARCELLUS MCRAE, SBN 140308 mmcrae@gibsondunn.com 10 WILLIAM E. THOMSON, SBN 187912 wthomson@gibsondunn.com 11 KAHN SCOLNICK, SBN 228686 kscolnick@gibsondunn.com 12 TIAUNIA N. HENRY, SBN 254323 13 thenry@gibsondunn.com 333 South Grand Avenue Los Angeles, CA 90071-3197 14 Telephone: 213.229.7000 15 Facsimile: 213.229.7520 Attorneys for Defendant, 16 CITY OF SANTA MONICA 17 18 19 20 MARIA LOYA, 21 Plaintiffs, 22 v. 23 CITY OF SANTA MONICA, 24 Defendant. 25

County of Los Angeles

DEC 2 1 2018

Sherri R. Garter, Executive Officer/Clerk By Maricela Gonzalez, Deputy

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

PICO NEIGHBORHOOD ASSOCIATION and

CASE NO. BC616804

CITY OF SANTA MONICA'S REQUEST FOR STATEMENT OF DECISION RE FIRST AMENDED TENTATIVE DECI-SION (CODE CIV. PROC. § 632; CAL. RULES OF COURT, RULE 3.1590(d))

Complaint Filed: April 12, 2016 Trial Date:

August 1, 2018

Assigned to Judge Yvette Palazuelos

Dep't 28

28

26

27

Gibson, Dunn & Crutcher LLP

CITY OF SANTA MONICA'S REQUEST FOR STATEMENT OF DECISION

Following the Court's December 12, 2018 First Amended [Tentative] Decision, Defendant City of Santa Monica ("City") submits the following request for a statement of decision under Code of Civil Procedure section 632 and California Rules of Court, rule 3.1590, subdivision (d).

Request for Statement of Decision

Trial in this case began on August 1, 2018. The presentation of evidence was completed on September 11, 2018, and post-trial briefing was completed on October 25, 2018. On November 8, 2018, the Court issued a Tentative Decision (the "Original Tentative Decision"), a copy of which is attached as Exhibit A. On November 15, 2018, the City filed a Request for Statement of Decision (the "Original Request") requesting that the Court issue "a statement of decision explaining the factual and legal bas[es] for its decision as to each of the principal controverted issues at trial," and, as required, specifying those principal controverted issues. (Code Civ. Proc., § 632; Rules of Court, Rule 3.1590(d).) A copy of the Original Request is attached as Exhibit B.

On December 7, 2018, the Court held a hearing regarding remedies. Thereafter, on December 12, 2018, the Court issued a First Amended [Tentative] Decision (the "Amended Tentative Decision"), a copy of which is attached as Exhibit C. That same day, the Court issued a Minute Order that stated, among other things, "The court deems Defendants' previously filed Request for a Statement of Decision to be a Request for a Statement of Decision as to the First Amended [Tentative] Decision." A copy of the Court's December 12, 2018 Minute Order is attached as Exhibit D.

The first paragraph of the Amended Tentative Decision is the same as the Court's tentative merits ruling in the Original Tentative Decision. The Amended Tentative Decision, however, includes two additional paragraphs that set forth the Court's tentative choice of remedy—namely, a requirement that the City move to district-based elections for its City Council with one district (the "Pico Neighborhood District") defined as set forth in the map (Trial Exhibit 162-1) attached to the Amended Tentative Decision. Given the additional tentative rulings contained in the Amended Tentative Decision, the City requests that the Court add to its forthcoming statement of decision a specification of "the factual and legal bas[es] for its decision" relating to the Court's tentative choice of remedy set forth in the Amended Tentative Decision.

Crutcher LLP

The principal controverted issues at trial specified by the City in paragraphs 1 through 16 of the Original Request (Exhibit B) are incorporated herein by reference. The additional principal controverted issues at trial posed by the Court's tentative choice of remedy set forth in the Amended Tentative Decision include the following:

- 17. In determining that district-based elections should be ordered as a remedy, did the Court resolve the following questions identified in *Sanchez v. City of Modesto* (2006) 145 Cal.App.4th 660, 690, as issues not yet resolved by the Courts of Appeal, and, if so, how:
 - a. "Is the court precluded from employing crossover or coalition districts (i.e., districts in which the plaintiffs' protected class does not comprise a majority of voters) as a remedy?"
 - b. Does the Court's order to move to district-based elections "conform to the Supreme Court's vote-dilution-remedy cases?"
- 18. In determining that district-based elections should be ordered as a remedy, did the Court consider the undisputed fact that in Santa Monica, Latinos are not geographically compact or concentrated, with the result being that no district can be drawn in which Latinos constitute a majority of the citizen-voting-age population ("CVAP"), as permitted by California Elections Code § 14028(c)? If not, why not? If so, how did this factor into the Court's choice of remedy?
- 19. What compelling interest supports the Court's determination to order a district (the Pico Neighborhood District, Ex. 162-1) drawn to maximize that district's percentage of Latino voters?
 - a. In determining whether there is any such compelling interest, did the Court consider that Latinos will not constitute a majority of the CVAP within the Pico Neighborhood District? If not, why not? If so, how did this factor into the Court's determination?
 - b. In determining whether there is any such compelling interest, did the Court consider that the analysis of plaintiffs' own expert confirmed that Latinos do not vote cohesively with other minority groups in Santa Monica, the result being that Latino voters in the Pico Neighborhood District will still require substantial crossover voting from white voters to elect candidates of their choice? If not, why not? If so, how did this factor into the Court's determination?

- c. In determining whether there is any such compelling interest, did the Court consider the Supreme Court's plurality decision in *Bartlett v. Strickland* (2009) 556 U.S. 1, which held that Section 2 of the federal Voting Rights Act cannot mandate the formation of influence districts? If not, why not? If so, how did this factor into the Court's consideration?
- 20. If the Court found that a compelling interest supports the remedy here, did the Court find that the chosen remedy was narrowly tailored to serve that compelling interest? If not, why? If so, how?
- 21. If there is no compelling interest supporting the Court's determination to order a move to district-based elections, what justifies the order and how does it conform to the Supreme Court's requirements in vote-dilution remedy cases, given that the only conceivable basis for the ordered change in the City's election system would be to attempt to enhance Latino voting power?
- 22. In determining that district-based elections should be ordered as a remedy, did the Court consider that the majority of Latino voters in Santa Monica will be in districts other than the Pico Neighborhood District? If not, why not? If so, how did this factor into the Court's determination?
 - a. Did the Court consider that the majority of Latino voters in districts other than the Pico Neighborhood District will, unlike under the current at-large election system, be unable to join with Latino voters outside their own districts, including the Pico Neighborhood District, to elect City Council candidates of their choice? If not, why not? If so, how did this factor into the Court's determination?
 - b. Did the Court consider that in most districts other than the Pico Neighborhood District, the percentage of Latino voters within the district will be less than the approximately 13.6% of CVAP that Latino voters currently constitute in Santa Monica as a whole? If not, why not? If so, how did this factor into the Court's determination?
- 23. In determining that district-based elections should be ordered as a remedy, did the Court consider the effect of district-based elections on other minority groups in Santa Monica—namely, African Americans and Asians? If not, why not? If so, how did this factor into the Court's determination?
 - 24. Does the Pico Neighborhood District (Ex. 162-1) serve to remedy the violations found

by the Court? If so, how?

- 25. In ordering the City's district-based elections to be "in accordance" with the map identifying the Pico Neighborhood District, did the Court consider the effect of that district on other minority groups in Santa Monica—namely, African Americans and Asians? If not, why not? If so, how did this factor into the Court's determination?
- 26. Section 10010 of the Elections Code requires a political subdivision to, among other things, hold a series of public meetings and receive public input concerning proposed district maps, in the event that a court imposes a change from at-large elections to districted elections. Did the Court find that the Pico Neighborhood District drawn by plaintiffs' expert and identified in Exhibit 162-1 was drawn in accordance with section 10010?
 - a. If so, how?
 - b. If not, did the Court find that there is an exception to section 10010 that applies here?

 What is that exception, and on what basis did the Court find it applicable here?
- 27. With respect to determining the remaining districts for City Council elections going forward, does the Court order the City to comply with Elections Code section 10010? If not, why not?

DATED: December 21, 2018

Respectfully submitted,
GIBSON, DUNN & CRUTCHER LLP

By:

Theodore J. Boutrous, Jr.

Attorneys for Defendant City of Santa Monica

Gibson; Dunn & Crutcher LLP

EXHIBIT A

FILED Superior Court of California County of Los Angeles

NOV 08 2018

Sherri R. Carter Executive Officer/Clerk

By Neli M. Raya

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

PICO NEIGHBORHOOD ASSOCIATION, et al.) Case No.: BC616804)
Plaintiffs,)) TENTATIVE DECISION; ORDERS)
vs.))
CITY OF SANTA MONICA,	,)
Defendant.	,)
	/ /

Pursuant to CCP §632 and CRC Rule 3.1590(a), the court issues a Tentative Decision as follows:

- 1. On the first and second causes of action, in favor of Plaintiffs Pico Neighborhood Association and Maria Loya and against Defendant City Of Santa Monica.
 - 2. The Court also orders as follows:

- a) A post-trial hearing regarding the appropriate/preferred remedy for violation of the California Voting Rights Act on December 7, 2018, 9:30 a.m., Dept. 28. All counsel are ordered to appear.
- b) Plaintiffs shall file and serve an Opening brief (no more than 15 pages) as if a moving party per the Code of Civil Procedure;
- c) Responding brief (no more than 15 pages) and Reply brief (no more than 7 pages) shall be filed and served per the Code of Civil Procedure.
- d) A courtesy copy of each brief must be delivered to the courtroom.

CLERK TO GIVE WRITTEN NOTICE.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED: November 5, 2018

WETTE M. PALAZUELOS

DOGE OF THE SUPERIOR COURT

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				L.			
						t.	

EXHIBIT B

CITY OF SANTA MONICA
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Deputy City Attorney Susan.Cola@smgov.net 1685 Main Street, Room 310 Santa Monica, CA 90401

7 Telephone: 310.458.8336

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Attorneys for Defendant, CITY OF SANTA MONICA

CONFORMED COPY

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Superior Court of Cultifornia

County of Les Angeles

15 W 15 28 18

Sherri R. Carter, Executive Cilicer/Clerk of Court By: Raul Sanchez, Deputy

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

PICO NEIGHBORHOOD ASSOCIATION and MARIA LOYA,

Plaintiffs,

· v

CITY OF SANTA MONICA,

Defendant.

CASE NO. BC616804

CITY OF SANTA MONICA'S REQUEST FOR STATEMENT OF DECISION (CODE CIV. PROC. § 632; CAL. RULES OF COURT, RULE 3.1590(d))

Complaint Filed:

April 12, 2016

Trial Date:

August 1, 2018

Assigned to Judge Yvette Palazuelos

Dep't 28

28

27

Gibson, Dunn & Crutcher LLP

Defendant City of Santa Monica ("City") submits the following request for a statement of decision under Code of Civil Procedure section 632 and California Rule of Court 3.1590, subdivision (d).

Request for Statement of Decision

Trial in this case began on August 1, 2018. The presentation of evidence was completed on September 11, 2018, and post-trial briefing was completed on October 25, 2018. On November 8, 2018, the Court issued a tentative decision, a copy of which is attached as Exhibit A. With respect to the merits, the Court's tentative decision states in full as follows: "On the first and second causes of action, in favor of Plaintiffs Pico Neighborhood Association and Maria Loya and against Defendant City of Santa Monica." The City hereby requests that the Court issue "a statement of decision explaining the factual and legal bas[es] for its decision as to each of the principal controverted issues at trial." (Code Civ. Proc., § 632). The principal controverted issues at trial were the following:

- 1. What are the elements of a claim under the California Voting Rights Act (CVRA)?
- 2. What must a CVRA plaintiff prove in order to show racially polarized voting? Must such a plaintiff satisfy the second and third preconditions from *Thornburg v. Gingles* (1986) 478 U.S. 30, 51, namely: (2) "the minority group must be able to show that it is politically cohesive," and (3) "the minority must be able to demonstrate that the white majority votes sufficiently as a bloc to enable it—in the absence of special circumstances, such as the minority candidate running unopposed [citation]—usually to defeat the minority's preferred candidate"?
- 3. Which City Council elections did the Court consider? What is the Court's rationale for considering those elections and not others?
- 4. Did the Court give some City Council elections more weight than others? If so, which elections, and why?
- 5. How did the Court determine which candidates were preferred by the voters of the relevant minority group (here, Latinos)?

- a. Must a candidate be Latino in order to be preferred by Latino voters, or is it the status of the candidate as the chosen representative of Latino voters, rather than the race of the candidate, that is relevant?
- b. If the race of the candidate does matter, which candidates did the Court find to be Latino for purposes of the CVRA? On what basis did the Court draw its conclusions concerning candidates' race and ethnicity? Did it take into account voter perceptions of candidates' race and ethnicity?
- c. Can Latino voters, who may cast up to three or four votes in a single election, prefer more than one candidate? If not, why not?
- d. In each relevant election, how does the Court differentiate between candidates preferred by Latino voters and those not preferred by Latino voters?
 - i. Is the first step in identifying whether a candidate is Latino-preferred to determine which candidates would have won had Latinos been the only voters? If not, why not?
 - ii. If the Court differentiates Latino-preferred candidates from non-Latino-preferred candidates by determining that some candidates received "significantly higher" Latino voter support than others, how does it define "significantly higher"? For example, did Josefina Aranda receive "significantly higher" support from Latino voters in 2002 than Kevin McKeown?
 - iii. Can a candidate be Latino-preferred if fewer than 50 percent of Latino voters vote for that candidate? If so, is there any numerical cutoff for voter preference or non-numerical method of differentiating preferred from non-preferred candidates?
 - iv. In considering the differences in Latino and non-Latino voter support for candidates, did the Court consider that small differences between ecological-regression and ecological-inference estimates may not be meaningful in this case, because Santa Monica's Latino population is

now and always has been too small and too dispersed for statistical techniques to produce point estimates as accurate as those in the typical federal voting-rights case, where members of the minority group necessarily would account for a majority of eligible voters in a potential district?

- v. In considering the differences in Latino and non-Latino voter support for candidates, did the Court also consider that estimates produced by ecological regression and ecological inference in this case may be systematically less accurate or inaccurate?
- 6. Who were the Latino-preferred candidates in each City Council election considered by the Court? In particular, who were the Latino-preferred candidates in each of the seven City Council elections analyzed by plaintiffs' expert, Dr. J. Morgan Kousser?

	First Latino- preferred	Second Latino- preferred	Third Latino- preferred	Fourth Latino- preferred
21.1.2.3	Candidate	candidate	candidate	candidate : ::
1994		`		
1996	,			
2002				
2004				
2008				
2012			*	
2016				

7. Must white bloc voting cause a Latino-preferred candidate to lose in order for that candidate's defeat to be part of a pattern of racially polarized voting? If not, why not? If so, in each of the City Council elections considered by the Court, how many Latino-preferred candidates lost, and how many did so because of white bloc voting? In particular, in each of the seven City Council elections analyzed by plaintiffs' expert, Dr. J. Morgan Kousser, how many Latino-preferred candidates lost, and how many did so because of white bloc voting?

	# of Latino-preferred candidate(s)	# of Latino-preferred candidates who lost	# of Latino-preferred candidates who lost because of white bloc voting
1994			
1996			
2002	,	ı	
2004			
2008			;
2012			
2016			
Total			

- 8. Did the Court consider the results of exogenous elections (e.g., School Board) or voting on ballot initiatives? If not, why not? If so:
 - a. Who were the Latino-preferred candidates in each exogenous election considered by the Court?
 - b. In each exogenous election considered by the Court, how many Latino-preferred candidates lost, and how many did so because of white bloc voting?
 - c. How much weight did the Court give exogenous elections in its analysis, relative to the weight given to City Council elections?
 - d. For each ballot initiative considered by the Court, what was the Latino-preferred outcome?
 - e. For each ballot initiative considered by the Court, did sufficient numbers of white voters join with Latino voters to enable the ballot initiative to garner a majority of votes within the City in favor of the Latino-preferred outcome?
- 9. Did plaintiffs prove that Latino voters in Santa Monica cohesively prefer certain candidates?
- 10. Did plaintiffs prove that the white majority in Santa Monica votes sufficiently as a bloc to—in the absence of special circumstances—usually defeat candidates cohesively preferred by Latino voters? If so, how?

- a. How did the Court define the word "usually," as it is used in *Thornburg v. Gingles*?
- b. What fraction reflects the Court's conclusion on this issue? In other words, which losing Latino-preferred candidates defeated by white bloc voting are in the numerator, and which Latino-preferred candidates are in the denominator?
- c. Did the Court conclude that Oscar de la Torre's deliberate attempt to lose the 2016 City Council election after his wife filed this lawsuit amounted to a "special circumstance"?
- 11. Must a CVRA plaintiff prove vote dilution by showing that voters in the relevant minority group would have a greater opportunity to elect candidates of their choice under an alternative electoral system?
 - a. If so, against what objective and workable benchmark did the Court measure actual Latino voting strength?
 - b. Did plaintiffs prove vote dilution through Mr. Ely's estimate of vote totals in the hypothetical Pico District?
 - c. Did plaintiffs prove vote dilution through Mr. Levitt's opinions concerning alternative at-large electoral schemes? If so, did the Court consider historical levels of Latino voter cohesion or turnout? Or did the Court estimate actual Latino voter turnout in order to determine whether Latino voters' share of actual voters would exceed the threshold of exclusion under a destaggered alternative at-large electoral scheme?
- 12. Under what circumstances are the factors enumerated in Elections Code section 14028(e) relevant?
 - a. Were those factors part of the Court's analysis of liability under the CVRA?
 - b. If so, what were the specific factors considered by the Court, and what factual findings did the Court make relating to those factors?
 - c. What causal connection, if any, did the Court find between (i) any factors considered by the Court and (ii) vote dilution?

- 13. Did plaintiffs prove that Santa Monica's method of election has caused a disparate impact on minority voters?
 - a. Were plaintiffs required to prove, for purposes of their Equal Protection claim, that minority voters would have a greater electoral opportunity under some other electoral system?
 - b. When did the minority populations in Santa Monica become large and concentrated enough that an alternative electoral system could have enhanced minority voting strength? Which system(s), specifically, would have done so?
 - c. Did the 1946 Charter amendment—which put in place the system under which seven City Council members are elected at-large in staggered elections, and which eliminated designated posts—strengthen or weaken minority voting power?
- 14. Did plaintiffs prove that the relevant decisionmakers affirmatively intended to discriminate against minority voters by adopting and maintaining the current at-large electoral system? If so, what were the relevant decisions, who were the relevant decisionmakers, and what evidence did plaintiffs present showing that those decisionmakers intended to discriminate?
 - a. Did the Court find intentional discrimination relative to Santa Monica's election system at any point before 1946? If so, on which events, statements, or other facts did the Court rely?
 - b. Did the Court find intentional discrimination relative to Santa Monica's 1946 Charter amendment? If so, on which events, statements, or other facts did the Court rely?
 - c. Did the Court find intentional discrimination relative to Santa Monica voters' rejection of Proposition 3 in 1975? If so, on which events, statements, or other facts did the Court rely?
 - d. Did the Court find intentional discrimination relative to Santa Monica's rejection of district elections in 1992? If so, on which events, statements, or

other facts did the Court rely?

- i. If the Court found an affirmative intent to discriminate in 1992, is it premising that finding on what was said or decided at the 1992 Council meeting concerning the City's electoral system? If so, what specific statements or decisions support the Court's conclusion?
- ii. Has the Court found that any councilmembers intended to weaken minority voting strength in order to preserve their seats, as was found in Garza v. County of Los Angeles? If so, which councilmember(s)?
- e. Did the Court find intentional discrimination relative to Santa Monica voters' rejection of Measure HH in 2002? If so, on which events, statements, or other facts did the Court rely?
- f. Did the Court find intentional discrimination relative to Santa Monica's election system at any point after 2002? If so, on which events, statements, or other facts did the Court rely?
- Did the Court make findings under the five-factor framework set out in the United States Supreme Court's decision in *Village of Arlington Heights v. Metropolitan Housing Development Corporation* (1977) 429 U.S. 252? If so, what specific findings did the Court make and what evidence supports those findings?
- In assessing whether the City's at-large electoral system was adopted or maintained with a discriminatory purpose, and whether the system has had a disparate impact on minority voters, did the Court consider the legitimate, non-discriminatory purposes of the City's at-large electoral system, including but not limited to (i) ensuring that all councilmembers focus on all issues citywide, rather than only those issues facing their particular districts; (ii) giving every voter a say concerning all seven Council seats, not just one; and (iii) affording voters the opportunity to vote for Council seats every two years, not every four years.

DATED: November 15, 2018

Respectfully submitted,

GIBSON, DUNN & CRUTCHER LLP

Ву:

Theodore J. Boutrous, Jr.

Attorneys for Defendant City of Santa Monica

EXHIBIT A

FILED Superior Court of California County of Los Angeles

NOV 08 2018

Sherri R. Carlor, Executive Officer/Clerk

By Neil M. Rava

Deputy

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

PICO NEIGHBORHOOD ASSOCIATION,) Case No.: BC616804
et al.

Plaintiffs,) TENTATIVE DECISION; ORDERS
vs.)

CITY OF SANTA MONICA,)

Defendant.)

Pursuant to CCP \$632 and CRC Rule 3.1590(a), the court issues a Tentative Decision as follows:

- 1. On the first and second causes of action, in favor of Plaintiffs Pico Neighborhood Association and Maria Loya and against Defendant City Of Santa Monica.
 - 2. The Court also orders as follows:

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- a) A post-trial hearing regarding the appropriate/preferred remedy for violation of the California Voting Rights Act on December 7, 2018, 9:30 a.m., Dept. 28. All counsel are ordered to appear.
- b) Plaintiffs shall file and serve an Opening brief (no more than 15 pages) as if a moving party per the Code of Civil Procedure;
- c) Responding brief (no more than 15 pages) and Reply brief (no more than 7 pages) shall be filed and served per the Code of Civil Procedure.
- d) A courtesy copy of each brief must be delivered to the courtroom.

CLERK TO GIVE WRITTEN NOTICE.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED: November 5, 2018

VETTE M. PALAZUELOS / VDGE OF THE SUPERIOR COURT

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I, Cynthia Britt, declare:

I am employed in the County of Los Angeles, State of California. My business address is 333 South Grand Avenue, Los Angeles, California 90071. I am over the age of eighteen years and not a party to the action in which this service is made.

On November 15, 2018, I served the

CITY OF SANTA MONICA'S REQUEST FOR STATEMENT OF DECISION

on the interested parties in this action by causing the service delivery of the above document as follows:

Kevin I. Shenkman, Esq.
Mary R. Hughes, Esq.
John L. Jones, Esq.
SHENKMAN & HUGHES PC
28905 Wight Road
Malibu, California 90265
shenkman@sbcglobal.net
mrhughes@shenkmanhughes.com
jjones@shenkmanhughes.com

Jonathan Douglass
PARRIS LAW FIRM
43364 10th Street West
Lancaster, California 93534
rrparris@parrislawyers.com
jdouglass@parrislawyers.com

R. Rex Parris

Robert Parris

Milton Grimes
LAW OFFICES OF MILTON C. GRIMES
3774 West 54th Street
Los Angeles, California 90043
miltgrim@aol.com

Robert Rubin LAW OFFICE OF ROBERT RUBIN 131 Steuart Street, Suite 300 San Francisco, California 94105 robertrubinsf@gmail.com

- BY MAIL: I placed a true copy in a sealed envelope addressed as indicated above, on the above-mentioned date. I am "readily familiar" with the firm's practice of collection and processing correspondence for mailing. It is deposited with the U.S. Postal Service on that same day with postage thereon fully prepaid at Los Angeles, California in the ordinary course of business. I am aware that on motion of party served, service is presumed invalid if postal cancellation date or postage meter date is more than one day after date of deposit for mailing an affidavit.
- BY ELECTRONIC SERVICE: I also caused the documents to be emailed to the persons at the electronic service addresses listed above.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on November 15, 2018, in Los Angeles, California.

Cynthia Britt

EXHIBIT C

Superior Court of California County of Los Angeles

DEC 12 2018

Sherri R. Carter Executive Officer/Clerk

By Neli M. Raya

Neli M. Raya

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

PICO NEIGHBORHOOD ASSOCIATION,) Case No.: BC616804 et al.

Plaintiffs,) FIRST AMENDED [TENTATIVE]) DECISION; ATTACHMENT

CITY OF SANTA MONICA,

vs.

Defendant.

Pursuant to CCP \$632 and CRC Rule 3.1590(a), the court issues a First Amended Tentative Decision as follows:

- 1. On the first and second causes of action, in favor of Plaintiffs Pico Neighborhood Association and Maria Loya and against Defendant City Of Santa Monica.
- 2. The Court enjoins and restrains Defendant from imposing, applying, holding, tabulating, and/or certifying any

at-large elections, and/or the results thereof, for any positions on its City Council.

3. The Court commands and orders that from the date of entry of this judgment, Defendant's elections for, and any seats on, the City Council shall be district-based elections, as defined by the California Voting Rights Act, and in accordance with the map attached hereto.

CLERK TO GIVE WRITTEN NOTICE.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED: December 12, 2018

YETTE M. PALAZUE

JUDGE OF THE SUPERIOR COURT

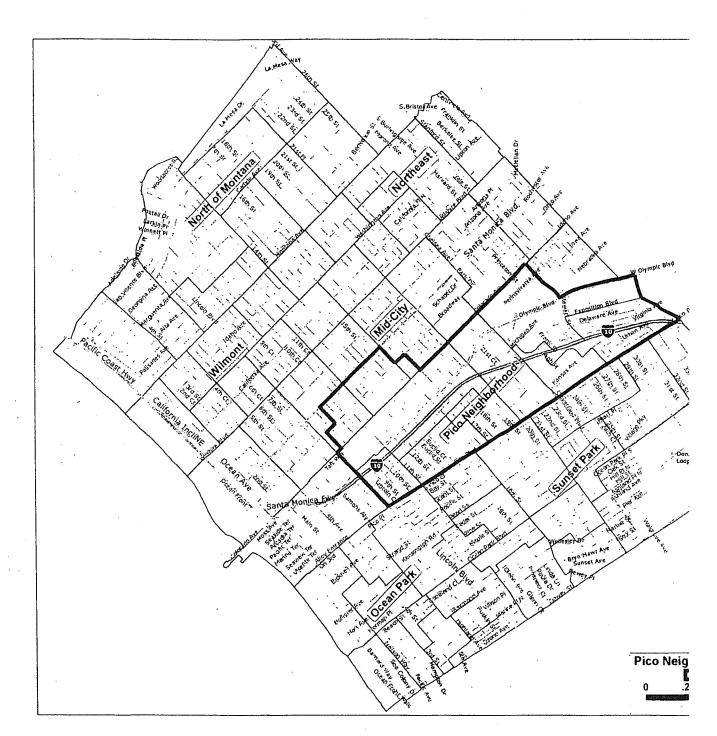


EXHIBIT D

SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

Civil Division

Central District, Stanley Mosk Courthouse, Department 28

BC616804 PICO NEIGHBORHOOD ASSOCIATION ET AL VS CITY OF SANTA MONICA December 12, 2018 1:36 PM

Judge: Honorable Yvette M. Palazuelos

Judicial Assistant: Neli Rava

Courtroom Assistant: M. Tavakoli

CSR: None ERM: None

Deputy Sheriff: None

APPEARANCES:

For Plaintiff(s): No Appearances

For Defendant(s): No Appearances

NATURE OF PROCEEDINGS: Court Order

The court issued a First Amended [Tentative] Decision on December 12, 2018 and served it by mail.

The court deems Defendants' previously filed Request for a Statement of Decision to be a Request for a Statement of Decision as to the First Amended [Tentative] Decision.

Plaintiff's counsel shall file and serve a [Proposed] Statement of Decision and [Proposed] Judgment on or before January 2, 2019. Concurrent with the filing of the proposed documents, Plaintiff's counsel shall also lodge with the court a CD disk or USB drive containing a Microsoft Word compatible version of the [Proposed] Statement of Decision and [Proposed] Judgment.

The Court issues its First Amended [Tentative] Decision; Attachment.

Non-Appearance Case Review is scheduled for 01/09/19 at 08:30 AM in Department 28 at Stanley Mosk Courthouse.

Certificate of Mailing is attached.

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Crutcher LLP

I, Cynthia Britt, declare:

I am employed in the County of Los Angeles, State of California. My business address is 333

South Grand Avenue, Los Angeles, California 90071. I am over the age of eighteen years and not a party to the action in which this service is made.

On December 21, 2018, I served the

CITY OF SANTA MONICA'S REQUEST FOR STATEMENT OF DECISION

on the interested parties in this action by causing the service delivery of the above document as follows:

Kevin I. Shenkman, Esq.
Mary R. Hughes, Esq.
John L. Jones, Esq.
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28905 Wight Road
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jjones@shenkmanhughes.com

Robert Parris
Jonathan Douglass
PARRIS LAW FIRM
43364 10th Street West
Lancaster, California 93534
rrparris@parrislawyers.com
jdouglass@parrislawyers.com

R. Rex Parris

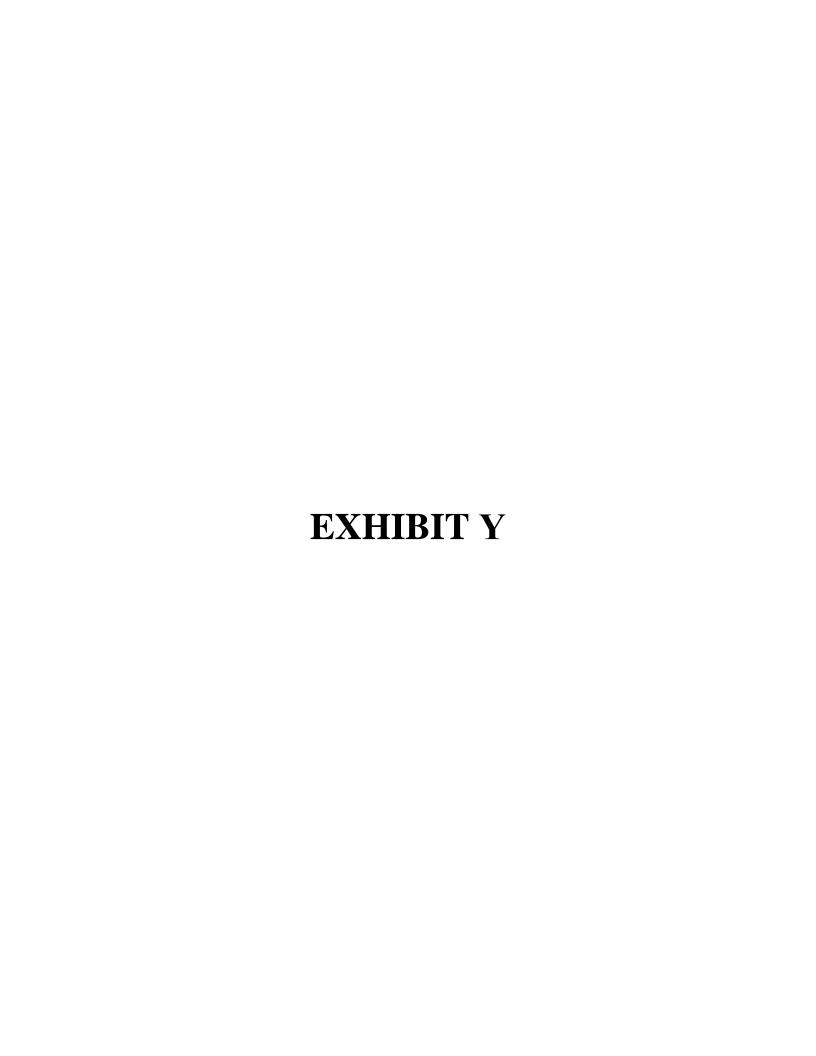
Milton Grimes LAW OFFICES OF MILTON C. GRIMES 3774 West 54th Street Los Angeles, California 90043 miltgrim@aol.com Robert Rubin LAW OFFICE OF ROBERT RUBIN 131 Steuart Street, Suite 300 San Francisco, California 94105 robertrubinsf@gmail.com

- BY MAIL: I placed a true copy in a sealed envelope addressed as indicated above, on the above-mentioned date. I am "readily familiar" with the firm's practice of collection and processing correspondence for mailing. It is deposited with the U.S. Postal Service on that same day with postage thereon fully prepaid at Los Angeles, California in the ordinary course of business. I am aware that on motion of party served, service is presumed invalid if postal cancellation date or postage meter date is more than one day after date of deposit for mailing an affidavit.
- **BY ELECTRONIC SERVICE**: I also caused the documents to be emailed to the persons at the electronic service addresses listed above.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on December 21, 2018, in Los Angeles, California.

Cynthia Britt



1	Kevin I. Shenkman (SBN 223315) Mary R. Hughes (SBN 222662)				
2	Andrea A. Alarcon (SBN 319536) SHENKMAN & HUGHES				
3	28905 Wight Road Malibu, California 90265				
4	Telephone: (310) 457- 0970				
5	R. Rex Parris (SBN 96567) Ellery S. Gordon (SBN 316655)				
6	PARRIS LAW FIRM 43364 10th Street West				
7	Lancaster, California 93534 Telephone: (661) 949-2595				
8	Milton C. Grimes (SBN 59437)				
9	LAW OFFICES OF MILTON C. GRIMES 3774 West 54th Street				
10	Los Angeles, California 90043 Telephone: (323) 295-3023				
11	Robert Rubin (SBN 85084)				
12 13	LAW OFFICE OF ROBERT RUBIN 131 Steuart St Ste 300				
13	San Francisco, CA 94105 Telephone: (415) 298-4857				
15	Attorneys for Plaintiffs				
16	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE	E STATE OF CALIFORNIA			
17	COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES				
18					
19	PICO NEIGHBORHOOD ASSOCIATION and MARIA LOYA,	CASE NO. BC616804			
20	Plaintiffs,	[PROPOSED] JUDGMENT			
21	v.	Dept.: 28			
22	CITY OF SANTA MONICA, and DOES 1 through 100, inclusive,	[Assigned to the Honorable Yvette Palazuelos]			
23	Defendants.				
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This cause came on for trial pursuant to notice and order of the Court on August 1, 2018, in Department 28 of the Los Angeles Superior Court, Hon. Yvette M. Palazuelos, judge presiding. The trial concluded on September 13, 2013. Plaintiffs, Maria Loya and Pico Neighborhood Association, appeared through their attorneys of record: Kevin I. Shenkman and Andrea Alarcon of Shenkman & Hughes PC; R. Rex Parris and Ellery Gordon of the Parris Law Firm; Milton Grimes and Robert Rubin. Defendant, City of Santa Monica, California, appeared through its attorneys of record: Marcellus McRae, Kahn Scolnick, Tiaunia Henry, Daniel Adler and Michelle Maryott of Gibson Dunn & Crutcher LLP and George Cardona of the Santa Monica City Attorney's Office.

At the conclusion of the trial on September 13, 2018, the parties submitted briefing in lieu of closing statements. On November 8, 2018, this Court issued its Tentative Decision, finding in favor of Plaintiffs on both of their causes of action: 1) violation of the California Voting Rights Act of 2001 ("CVRA"); and 2) violation of the Equal Protection Clause of the California Constitution. Defendant requested a Statement of Decision on November 15, 2018. On November 8, 2018, this Court also ordered the parties to address proposed remedies through briefing and at a hearing on December 7, 2018. At that hearing, in addition to the counsel who appeared at the August 1 – September 13, 2018 trial, Theodore Boutrous of Gibson Dunn & Crucher LLP appeared on behalf of Defendant. On December 12, 2018, this Court issued a First Amended Tentative Decision, prohibiting Defendant from employing any further at-large elections for any seats on its city council and ordered that all future elections for any seats on Defendant's city council shall be district-based elections (as defined by the CVRA) in accordance with the map attached thereto. On December 12, 2018 this Court also directed Plaintiffs to prepare a proposed judgment for this Court. On January 2, 2019, this Court provided further clarification of its First Amended Tentative Decision, specifically regarding the selection of appropriate remedies.

After hearing and considering all of the testimony, evidence and arguments presented, and having issued its Statement of Decision, the Court now enters its Judgment in the above-captioned case.

The Court finds as follows:

- 1. Plaintiff Maria Loya is registered to vote, and resides within the City of Santa Monica, California. She is a member of a "protected class" as that term is defined in California Elections Code Section 14026. Plaintiff Pico Neighborhood Association is an organization with members who, like Maria Loya, reside in Santa Monica, are registered to vote, and are members of a protected class. Plaintiff Pico Neighborhood Association's organizational mission is germane to the subject of this case namely, advocating for the interests of Pico Neighborhood residents, including to the city government, where Latinos are concentrated in Santa Monica.
- 2. Defendant is a political subdivision as that term is defined in California Elections Code Section 14026. The governing body of Defendant is the City Council of Santa Monica, California. The City Council of Santa Monica, California is elected by an "at large method of election" as that term is defined in California Elections Code Section 14026.
- 3. Plaintiffs have demonstrated that elections in Santa Monica, namely elections for Defendant's city council involving at least one Latino candidate, are consistently and significantly characterized by "racially-polarized voting" as that term is defined in California Elections Code Section 14026.
 - Analyzing elections over the past twenty-four years, a consistent pattern of racially-polarized voting emerges. In most elections where the choice is available, Latino voters strongly prefer a Latino candidate running for Defendant's city council, but, despite that support, the preferred Latino candidate loses. As a result, though Latino candidates are generally preferred by the Latino electorate in Santa Monica, only one Latino has been elected to the Santa Monica City Council in the 72 years of the current election system 1 out of 71 to serve on the city council.
 - Though not necessary to show a CVRA violation, Plaintiffs have also demonstrated other factors supporting the finding of a violation of the CVRA, pursuant to Elections Code section 14028(e), including a history of discrimination in Santa Monica; the use of electoral devices or other voting practices or procedures that may enhance the dilutive effects of at-large elections; that Latinos in Santa Monica bear the effects of

past discrimination in areas such as education, employment, and health, which hinder their ability to participate effectively in the political process; the use of overt or subtle racial appeals in political campaigns; and a lack of responsiveness by the Santa Monica city government to the Latino community concentrated in the Pico Neighborhood.

- 4. In the face of racially polarized voting patterns of the Santa Monica electorate, Defendant has imposed an at-large method of election in a manner that impairs the ability of Latinos to elect candidates of their choice or influence the outcome of elections, as a result of the dilution or the abridgment of the rights of Latino voters.
- 5. The City of Santa Monica amended its charter in 1946, adopting its current council-manager form government and current at-large election system. The precise terms of that charter amendment, and specifically the form of elections to be employed, were decided upon by a Board of Freeholders. In 1992, Defendant's city council rejected the recommendation of the Charter Review Committee to scrap the at-large election system. In each instance, the adoption and/or maintenance of at-large elections was done with a discriminatory purpose, and has had a discriminatory impact.
- 6. The CVRA does not require the imposition of district-based elections. The Court considered cumulative voting, limited voting and ranked choice voting as potential remedies to Defendant's violation of the CVRA. Plaintiffs presented these at-large alternatives for the Court's consideration, but both Plaintiffs and Defendant agreed that the most appropriate remedy would indeed be a district-based remedy. While the Court finds that each of these alternatives would improve Latino voting power in Santa Monica, the Court finds that the imposition of district-based elections is an appropriate remedy to address the effects of the established history of racially-polarized voting.
- 7. During the trial, Plaintiffs' expert presented a district plan. That district plan included a district principally composed of the Pico Neighborhood, where Santa Monica's Latino community is concentrated. Districts drawn to remedy a violation of the CVRA should be nearly equal in population, and should not be drawn in a manner that may violate the federal Voting Rights Act. Other factors may also be considered -- the topography, geography and communities of interest of the city should be respected, and the districts should be cohesive, contiguous and compact. *See* Elections

Code Section 21620. Districts drawn to remedy a violation of the CVRA should not be drawn to
protect current incumbents. Incumbency protection is generally disfavored in California. (See
California Constitution Art. XXI Section 2(e)). The place of residence of incumbents or political
candidates is not one of the considerations listed in Section 21620 of the Elections Code. Race should
not be a predominant consideration in drawing districts unless necessary to remedy past violation of
voting rights. The district plan presented by Plaintiffs' expert properly takes into consideration the
factors of topography, geography, cohesiveness, contiguity and compactness of territory, and
community of interest of the districts, and race was not a predominant consideration.

The current members of the Santa Monica City Council were elected through unlawful elections. The residents of the City of Santa Monica deserve to have a lawfully elected city council as soon as is practical. The residents of the City of Santa Monica are entitled to have a council that truly represents all members of the community. Latino residents of Santa Monica, like all other residents of Santa Monica, deserve to have their voices heard in the operation of their city. This can only be accomplished if all members of the city council are lawfully elected. To permit some members of the council to remain who obtained their office through an unlawful election may be a necessary and appropriate interim remedy but will not cure the clear violation of the CVRA and Equal Protection Clause.

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THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that Defendant has violated the California Voting Rights Act (California Elections Code Sections 14025 – 14032).

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that Defendant's plurality atlarge elections for its City Council violate Elections Code Sections 14027 and 14028.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that Defendant has violated the Equal Protection Clause of the California Constitution (California Constitution, Article I Section 7).

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that Defendant's plurality atlarge elections for its City Council violate the Equal Protection Clause of the California Constitution.

District #1

follows:

this judgment.

The region bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at the point of intersection of Alley between Princeton and Harvard and Broadway, and proceeding southerly along Alley between Princeton and Harvard to Colorado Ave, and proceeding northerly along Colorado Ave to Stewart St, and proceeding southerly along Stewart St to Olympic Blvd, and proceeding easterly along Olympic Blvd to City Boundary, and proceeding easterly along City Boundary to Pico Blvd, and proceeding westerly along Pico Blvd to 22nd St, and proceeding southerly along 22nd St to Alley south of Pico Blvd, and proceeding westerly along Alley south of Pico Blvd to 20th St, and proceeding northerly along 20th St to Pico Blvd, and proceeding westerly along Pico Blvd to Lincoln Blvd, and proceeding northerly along Lincoln Blvd to Broadway, and proceeding easterly along Broadway to Alley between 9th and 10th St, and proceeding northerly along Alley between 9th and 10th St, and proceeding easterly along Santa Monica Blvd to 16th St, and proceeding southerly along 16th St to Broadway, and proceeding easterly along Broadway to Alley between 17th and 18th St, and proceeding southerly along Alley between 17th and

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that Defendant is

permanently enjoined from imposing, applying, holding, tabulating, and/or certifying any further at-

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that Defendant is

permanently enjoined from imposing, applying, holding, tabulating, and/or certifying any elections,

and/or the results thereof, for any positions on its City Council, except an election in conformity with

from the date of entry of this judgment for any seats on the Santa Monica City Council, shall be

district-based elections, as defined by the California Voting Rights Act, in accordance with the map

attached hereto as Exhibit A. The metes and bounds of each district, as depicted in the map attached

as Exhibit A, are described using TIGER line segments (used to define census block geography) as

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that all further elections,

large elections, and/or the results thereof, for any positions on its City Council.

18th St to Colorado Ave, and proceeding northerly along Colorado Ave to Alley between 19th and 20th St, and proceeding northerly along Alley between 19th and 20th St to Broadway, and proceeding northerly along Broadway to the point of beginning.

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District #2

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The region bounded and described as follows:

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City Boundary to NE boundary of Census Block 060377022021010, and proceeding westerly along

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NE boundary of Census Block 060377022021010 to 11th St, and proceeding northerly along 11th St

Beginning at the point of intersection of City Boundary and Pico Blvd, and proceeding southerly along

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proceeding westerly along Alley east of Lincoln Blvd to Pier Ave, and proceeding westerly along Pier

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Ave to Lincoln Blvd, and proceeding westerly along Lincoln Blvd to Hill Pl N, and proceeding

to Marine Pl N, and proceeding westerly along Marine Pl N to Alley east of Lincoln Blvd, and

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easterly along Hill Pl N to 11th St, and proceeding northerly along 11th St to Pico Blvd, and

14 15 proceeding easterly along Pico Blvd to 20th St, and proceeding southerly along 20th St to Alley south of Pico Blvd, and proceeding easterly along Alley south of Pico Blvd to 22nd St, and proceeding

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northerly along 22nd St to Pico Blvd, and proceeding easterly along Pico Blvd to the point of

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District #3

beginning.

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The region bounded and described as follows:

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Boundary to Montana Ave, and proceeding westerly along Montana Ave to 20th St, and proceeding

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southerly along 20th St to Idaho Ave, and proceeding westerly along Idaho Ave to 9th St, and

Beginning at the northmost point of City Boundary, and proceeding southeasterly along City

24 25 proceeding northerly along 9th St to Montana Ave, and proceeding westerly along Montana Ave to

Montana Ave Extension, and proceeding southerly along Montana Ave Extension to City Boundary,

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and proceeding northerly along City Boundary to the point of beginning.

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District #4

The region bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at the City Boundary at the intersection of Montana Ave and 26th St, and proceeding easterly along City Boundary to Olympic Blvd, and proceeding westerly along Olympic Blvd to Stewart St, and proceeding westerly along Stewart St to Colorado Ave, and proceeding westerly along Colorado Ave to Alley between Princeton and Harvard, and proceeding northerly along Alley between Princeton and Harvard to Broadway, and proceeding westerly along Broadway to Princeton St, and proceeding northerly along Princeton St to Santa Monica Blvd, and proceeding westerly along Santa Monica Blvd to Chelsea Ave, and proceeding northerly along Chelsea Ave to Wilshire Blvd, and proceeding westerly along Wilshire Blvd to 17th St, and proceeding northerly along 17th St to Idaho Ave, and proceeding easterly along Idaho Ave to 20th St, and proceeding northerly along 20th St to Montana Ave, and proceeding easterly along Montana Ave to Unlabeled, and proceeding northerly along Unlabeled to Montana Ave, and proceeding easterly along Montana Ave to the point of beginning.

District #5

The region bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at the point of intersection of Chelsea Ave and Wilshire Blvd, and proceeding easterly along Chelsea Ave to Santa Monica Blvd, and proceeding easterly along Santa Monica Blvd to Princeton St, and proceeding southerly along Princeton St to Broadway, and proceeding westerly along Broadway to Alley between 19th and 20th St, and proceeding southerly along Alley between 19th and 20th St to Colorado Ave, and proceeding westerly along Colorado Ave to Alley between 17th and 18th St, and proceeding northerly along Alley between 17th and 18th St to Broadway, and proceeding westerly along Broadway to 16th St, and proceeding northerly along 16th St to Santa Monica Blvd, and proceeding southerly along Santa Monica Blvd to Alley between 9th and 10th St, and proceeding southerly along Alley between 9th and 10th St to Broadway, and proceeding westerly along Broadway to 7th St, and proceeding northerly along 7th St to Wilshire Blvd, and proceeding easterly along Wilshire Blvd to Lincoln Blvd, and proceeding westerly along Lincoln Blvd to Montana

Ave, and proceeding easterly along Montana Ave to 9th St, and proceeding southerly along 9th St to Idaho Ave, and proceeding easterly along Idaho Ave to 17th St, and proceeding easterly along 17th St to Wilshire Blvd, and proceeding easterly along Wilshire Blvd to the point of beginning.

District #6

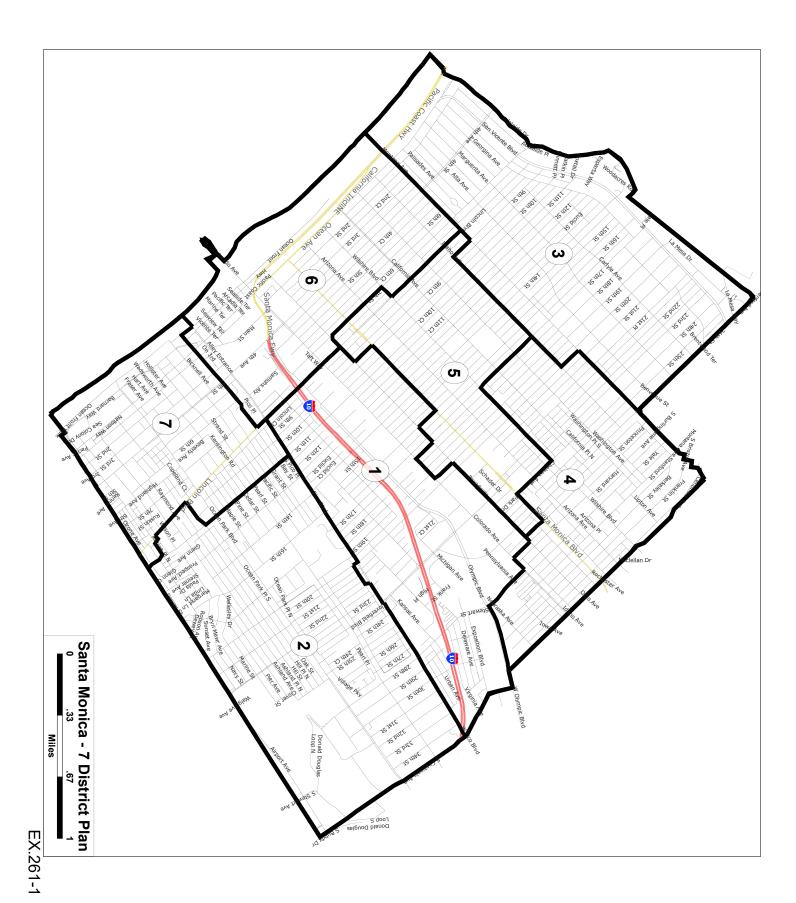
The region bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at the point of intersection of Lincoln Blvd and Montana Ave, and proceeding southerly along Lincoln Blvd to Wilshire Blvd, and proceeding westerly along Wilshire Blvd to 7th St, and proceeding southerly along 7th St to Broadway, and proceeding easterly along Broadway to Lincoln Blvd, and proceeding southerly along Lincoln Blvd to Bay St, and proceeding westerly along Bay St to Ocean Front Walk, and proceeding northerly along Ocean Front Walk to Pico Blvd Extension, and proceeding westerly along Pico Blvd Extension to City Boundary, and proceeding westerly along City Boundary to Montana Ave Extension, and proceeding easterly along Montana Ave Extension to Montana Ave, and proceeding northerly along Montana Ave to Unlabeled, and proceeding easterly along Unlabeled to Montana Ave, and proceeding easterly along Montana Ave to the point of beginning.

District #7

The region bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at the point of intersection of 11th St and Pico Blvd, and proceeding southerly along 11th St to Hill Pl N, and proceeding westerly along Hill Pl N to Lincoln Blvd, and proceeding easterly along Lincoln Blvd to Pier Ave, and proceeding easterly along Pier Ave to Alley east of Lincoln Blvd, and proceeding easterly along Alley east of Lincoln Blvd to Marine Pl N, and proceeding easterly along Marine Pl N to 11th St, and proceeding southerly along 11th St to NE boundary of Census Block 060377022021010, and proceeding easterly along NE boundary of Census Block 060377022021010 to City Boundary, and proceeding westerly along City Boundary to Unlabeled, and proceeding westerly along Unlabeled to City Boundary, and proceeding westerly along City Boundary to Pico Blvd Extension, and proceeding easterly along Pico Blvd Extension to Ocean Front Walk, and proceeding



PROOF OF SERVICE 1013A(3) CCP Revised 5/I/88

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

I am employed in the County of Los Angeles, State of California. I am over the age of 18 and not a party to the within action; my business address is: 43364 10th Street West, Lancaster, California 93534.

On January 3, 2019, I served the foregoing document described as **[PROPOSED] JUDGEMENT** as follows:

*** See Attached Service List ***

[x] **BY MAIL as follows:** I am "readily familiar" with the firm's practice of collection and processing correspondence for mailing. Under that practice it would be deposited with U. S. postal service on that same day with postage thereon fully prepaid at Lancaster, California in the ordinary course of business. I am aware that on motion of the party served, service is presumed invalid if postal cancellation date or postage meter date is more than one day after date of deposit for mailing in affidavit.

BY PERSONAL SERVICE as follows:

- [] I delivered such envelope by hand to the addressees at 111 North Hill Street, Los Angeles, CA 90012.
- []_ I caused the foregoing document described hereinabove to be personally delivered by hand by placing it in a sealed envelope or package addressed to the persons at the addresses listed on the attached service list and provided it to a professional messenger service whose name and business address is Team Legal, Inc., 40015 Sierra Highway, Suite B220, Palmdale, CA 93550.
- []__ I caused the foregoing document described hereinabove to be personally delivered by hand by placing it in a sealed envelope or package addressed to the persons at the addresses listed on the attached service list and provided it to a professional messenger service whose name and business address is First Legal Support Services,1511 West Beverly Blvd., Los Angeles, CA 90026.
- **BY FACSIMILE as follows:** I served such document(s) by fax at See Service List to the fax number provided by each of the parties in this litigation at Lancaster, California. I received a confirmation sheet indicating said fax was transmitted completely.
- BY GOLDEN STATE OVERNIGHT DELIVERY/OVERNIGHT MAIL as follows: I placed such envelope in a Golden State Overnight Delivery Mailer addressed to the above party or parties at the above address(es), with delivery fees fully pre-paid for next-business-day delivery, and delivered it to a Federal Express pick-up driver before 4:00 p.m. on the stated date.

1	[]	BY ELECTRONIC SERVICE as follows: Based on a court order, or an agreement of the parties to accept service by electronic transmission, I caused the documents to be sent to the persons at the electronic notification addressed listed on the attached Service List.
2		documents to be sent to the persons at the electronic notification addressed listed on the attached Service List.
3		Executed on January 3, 2019, at Lancaster, California.
4	<u>X</u>	(State) I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the above is true and correct.
5		that the above is true and correct.
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SERVICE LISTPico Neighborhood Association v. City of Santa Monica, California, et al.

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16	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA				
17	COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES				
18	DICO MEICHDODHOOD A CCOCLATION on A	CASE NO DOCICOM			
19	PICO NEIGHBORHOOD ASSOCIATION and MARIA LOYA,	CASE NO. BC616804			
20	Plaintiffs,	[PROPOSED] STATEMENT OF DECISION			
21	v.				
22	CITY OF SANTA MONICA, and DOES 1 through 100, inclusive,	Trial Date: August 1, 2018 Dept.: 28			
23	Defendants.	[Assigned to the Honorable Yvette Palazuelos]			
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I. SUMMARY

The action was tried before the Court on August 1, 2018 through September 13, 2018. Plaintiffs submitted their closing argument on September 25, 2018. Defendant submitted its closing augment on October 15, 2018. On October 25, 2018 Plaintiffs submitted their rebuttal argument. The Court issued its Tentative Decision on November 8, 2018. On November 15, 2018 Defendant requested a statement of decision. The parties submitted further briefing regarding proposed remedies, and on December 7, 2018 a hearing was held on the issue of remedies. On December 12, 2018 the Court issued its Amended Tentative Decision.

Plaintiffs' First Amended Complaint alleges two causes of action: 1) Violation of the California Voting Rights Act of 2001 ("CVRA"); and 2) Violation of the Equal Protection Clause of the California Constitution ("Equal Protection Clause"). In response, Defendant denied that it has violated either the CVRA or the Equal Protection Clause, and asserted various affirmative defenses.

The Court finds in favor of Plaintiffs on both causes of action. Accordingly, the Court orders that Defendant may no longer elect its city council, or any members thereof, through the at-large election structure responsible for the injuries; rather all future elections for any seat(s) on Defendant's city council shall be district-based elections (as defined in the CVRA) as specified herein.

II. THE CALIFORNIA VOTING RIGHTS ACT

The CVRA disfavors the use of so-called "at-large" voting—an election method that permits voters of an entire jurisdiction to elect candidates to the seats of its governing board and which permits a plurality of voters to capture all of the available seats. (See generally *Sanchez v. City of Modesto* (2006) 145 Cal.App.4th 660 (*Sanchez*).) The U.S. Supreme Court "has long recognized that multimember districts and at-large voting schemes may operate to minimize or cancel out the voting strength" of minorities. (*Thornburg v. Gingles* (1986) 478 U.S. 30, 46 (*Gingles*) at p. 47; see also *id.* at p. 48, n. 14 [at-large elections may also cause elected officials to "ignore [minority] interests without fear of political consequences"], citing *Rogers v. Lodge* (1982) 458 U.S. 613, 623; *White v. Regester* (1973) 412 U.S. 755, 769.) In at-large elections, "the majority, by virtue of its numerical superiority, will regularly defeat the choices of minority voters." (*Gingles*, at p. 47).

Section 2 of the federal Voting Rights Act ("FVRA"), 52 U.S.C. § 10101, et seq., which

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Congress enacted in 1965 and amended in 1982, targets, among other things, discriminatory at-large election schemes. (*Gingles, supra*, 478 U.S. at p. 37; see also Boyd & Markman, *The 1982 Amendments to the Voting Rights Act: A Legislative History* (1983) 40 Wash. & Lee L. Rev. 1347, 1402.) By enacting the CVRA, the California "Legislature intended to expand protections against vote dilution over those provided by the federal Voting Rights Act of 1965." (*Jauregui v. City of Palmdale* (2014) 226 Cal.App.4th 781, 808 (*Jauregui*).)

The CVRA "was enacted to implement the equal protection and voting guarantees of article I, section 7, subdivision (a) and article II, section 2" of the California Constitution. (Jauregui at 793, citing § 14031)¹. "Section 14027 [of the CVRA] sets forth the circumstances where an at-large electoral system may not be imposed ...: 'An at-large method of election may not be imposed or applied in a manner that impairs the ability of a protected class to elect candidates of its choice or its ability to influence the outcome of an election, as a result of the dilution or the abridgment of the rights of voters who are members of a protected class, as defined pursuant to Section 14026." (Id., citing Sanchez at p. 669). Section 14028 of the CVRA provides more clarity on how a violation of the CVRA is established: "A violation of Section 14027 is established if it is shown that racially polarized voting occurs in elections for members of the governing body of the political subdivision or in elections incorporating other electoral choices by the voters of the political subdivision." "Section 14026, subdivision (e) defines racially polarized voting thusly: 'Racially polarized voting means voting in which there is a difference, as defined in case law regarding enforcement of the federal Voting Rights Act ([52 U.S.C. Sec. 10301 et seq.]), in the choice of candidates or other electoral choices that are preferred by voters in a protected class, and in the choice of candidates and electoral choices that are preferred by voters in the rest of the electorate." (Jauregui at 793). "Proof of racially polarized voting patterns are established by examining voting results of elections where at least one candidate is a member of a protected class; elections involving ballot measures; or other 'electoral choices that affect the rights and privileges' of protected class members." (Id., citing § 14028 subd. (b)). Racially polarized voting can be shown through quantitative statistical evidence, using the methods approved in

¹ Statutory citations are to the California Elections Code, unless otherwise indicated.

federal Voting Rights Act cases. (*Jauregui* at 794, quoting § 14026, subd. (e). ["The methodologies for estimating group voting behavior as approved in applicable federal cases to enforce the federal Voting Rights Act ([52 U.S.C. Sec. 10301 et seq.]) to establish racially polarized voting may be used for purposes of this section to prove that elections are characterized by racially polarized voting."]). Additionally, "[t]here are a variety of [other] factors a court may consider in determining whether an at-large electoral system impairs a protected class's ability to elect candidates or otherwise dilute their voting power," including "the extent to which candidates who are members of a protected class and who are preferred by voters of the protected class, as determined by an analysis of voting behavior, have been elected to the governing body of a political subdivision that is the subject of an action" (§ 14028, subd. (b)) and the qualitative factors listed in Section 14028 subd. (e) which "are probative, but not necessary factors to establish a violation of [the CVRA]". (*Jauregui* at 794).

Equally important to an understanding of the CVRA as what the CVRA directs the Court to consider is acknowledging what need *not* be shown to establish a violation of the CVRA. While the CVRA is similar to the FVRA in several respects, it is also different in several key respects, as the Legislature sought to remedy what it considered "restrictive interpretations given to the federal act." (Assem. Com. on Judiciary, Analysis of Sen. Bill No. 976 (2001–2002 Reg. Sess.) as amended Apr. 9, 2002, at p. 2.) Unlike the FVRA, to establish a violation of the CVRA, plaintiffs need not show that a "majority-minority" district can be drawn. (§ 14028, subd. (c); *Sanchez, supra*, 145 Cal.App.4th at p. 669). Likewise, the factors enumerated in section 14028 subd. (e), which are modeled on, but also differ from, the FVRA's "Senate factors," are "not necessary [] to establish a violation" (§ 14028, subd. (e)). "[P]roof of an intent to discriminate is [also] not an element of a violation of [the CVRA]."

² Section 14028 subd. (e) provides: "Other factors such as the history of discrimination, the use of electoral devices or other voting practices or procedures that may enhance the dilutive effects of atlarge elections, denial of access to those processes determining which groups of candidates will receive financial or other support in a given election, the extent to which members of a protected class bear the effects of past discrimination in areas such as education, employment, and health, which hinder their ability to participate effectively in the political process, and the use of overt or subtle racial appeals in political campaigns are probative, but not necessary factors to establish a violation of Section 14027 and this section."

(Jauregui at 794, citing § 14028, subd. (d)).

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The appellate courts that have addressed the CVRA have noted that showing racially polarized voting establishes the at-large election system dilutes minority votes and therefore violates the CVRA. (Rey v. Madera Unified School Dist. (2012) 203 Cal.App.4th 1223, 1229 ["To prove a CVRA violation, the plaintiffs must show that the voting was racially polarized. However, they do not need to either show that members of a protected class live in a geographically compact area or demonstrate a discriminatory intent on the part of voters or officials."]; Jauregui at p. 798 ["The trial court's unquestioned findings [concerning racially polarized voting] demonstrate that defendant's at-large system dilutes the votes of Latino and African American voters."]; see also Assem. Com. on Judiciary, Analysis of Sen. Bill No. 976 (2001–2002 Reg. Sess.) as amended Apr. 9, 2002, at p. 2 [The CVRA "addresses the problem of racial block voting, which is particularly harmful to a state like California due to its diversity."]) The key element under the CVRA—"racially polarized voting"—consists of two interrelated elements: (1) "the minority group . . . is politically cohesive[;]" and (2) "the white majority votes sufficiently as a bloc to enable it—in the absence of special circumstances—usually to defeat the minority's preferred candidate." (Gomez v. City of Watsonville (9th Cir. 1988) 863 F.2d 1407, 1413, quoting *Gingles*, *supra*, 478 U.S. at pp. 50–51.) It is the combination of plurality-winner at-large elections and racially polarized voting that yields the harm the CVRA is intended to combat. (Jauregui, supra, 226 Cal.App.4th at p. 789 [describing how vote dilution is proven in FVRA cases and how vote dilution is differently proven in CVRA cases].) To an even greater extent than the FVRA, the CVRA expressly directs the courts, in analyzing "elections for members of the governing body of the [defendant]" to focus on those "elections in which at least one candidate is a member of a protected class." (§ 14028, subds. (a), (b).)

Once liability is established under the CVRA, the Court has a broad range of remedies from which to choose in order to provide greater electoral opportunity, including both district and nondistrict solutions. (See § 14029; Sanchez, supra, 145 Cal.App.4th at p. 670; Jauregui, supra, 226 Cal.App.4th at p. 808 ["The Legislature intended to expand protections against vote dilution over those provided by the federal Voting Rights Act. It is incongruous to intend this expansion of vote dilution

Rights Act. The Legislature did not intend such an odd result."].) In light of the broad range of remedies available to the Court, a plaintiff need not demonstrate the desirability of any particular remedy to establish a violation of the CVRA. (See § 14028, subd. (a); Assem. Com. on Judiciary, Analysis of Sen. Bill No. 976 (2001–2002 Reg. Sess.) as amended Apr. 9, 2002, p. 3 ["Thus, this bill puts the voting rights horse (the discrimination issue) back where it sensibly belongs in front of the cart (what type of remedy is appropriate once racially polarized voting has been shown."].)

III. DEFENDANT'S AT-LARGE ELECTION SYSTEM VIOLATES THE CVRA

A. Defendant Employs An "At Large" Method of Electing Its City Council, and Plaintiffs Have Standing to Challenge That At-Large Method Pursuant to the CVRA.

The CVRA defines "[a]t-large method of election" as including any method"in which the voters of the entire jurisdiction elect the members to the governing body." (§ 14026 subd. (a)). All of the voters residing in Santa Monica elect every member of its city council, and the candidates with a plurality of the votes win the available seats. Though the parties did not stipulate to this element, Defendant has never disputed that it employs an at-large method of electing its city council.

Likewise, though the parties did not stipulate to Plaintiffs' standing to challenge Defendant's atlarge method of election under the CVRA, the requisite facts establishing their standing were presented at trial without any rebuttal by Defendant. The CVRA explicitly grants standing to "any voter who is a member of a protected class and who resides in a political subdivision where a violation of [the CVRA] is alleged." (§ 14032). Plaintiff Maria Loya resides in Santa Monica, is registered to vote, and is Latina – the "protected class" principally at issue in this case. Plaintiff Pico Neighborhood Association is an organization with members who, like Maria Loya, reside in Santa Monica, are registered to vote, and are Latino/a. Some of those members testified at trial – e.g. Oscar de la Torre and Berenice Onofre. Plaintiff Pico Neighborhood Association's organizational mission is germane to the subject of this case – namely, advocating for the interests of residents of the Pico Neighborhood (where Latinos are concentrated in Santa Monica), including to the city government. "[E]ven in the absence of injury to itself, an association may have standing solely as the representative of its members." (*Property Owners of Whispering Palms, Inc. v. Newport Pacific, Inc.* (2005) 132 Cal. App. 4th 666, 672). "An

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association has standing to bring suit on behalf of its members when: (a) its members would otherwise have standing to sue in their own right; (b) the interests it seeks to protect are germane to the organization's purpose; and (c) neither the claim asserted nor the relief request requires the participation of the individual members in the lawsuit." (*Id.* at 673, quoting *Hunt v. Washington State Apple Advertising Com'n* (1977) 432 U.S. 333, 343). Therefore, Plaintiff Pico Neighborhood Association also has standing.

B. The Relevant Elections Are Consistently Plagued By Racially Polarized Voting.

1. The Definition of Racially Polarized Voting and How It Is Determined

The CVRA defines "racially polarized voting" as "voting in which there is a difference, as defined in case law regarding enforcement of the federal Voting Rights Act (42 U.S.C. § 1973 et seq.), in the choice of candidates or other electoral choices that are preferred by voters in a protected class, and in the choice of candidates and electoral choices that are preferred by voters in the rest of the electorate." (§ 14026, subd. (e).) The federal jurisprudence regarding "racially polarized voting" over the past thirty-two years finds its roots in Justice Brennan's decision in Gingles, and in particular, the second and third "Gingles factors." Justice Brennan explained that racially polarized voting is tested by two criteria: (1) that the minority group is politically cohesive; and (2) the majority group votes sufficiently as a bloc to enable it to usually defeat the minority group's preferred candidates. (Thornburg v. Gingles (1986) 478 U.S. 30, 51) A minority group is politically cohesive where it supports its preferred choices to a significantly greater degree than the majority group supports those same choices; in elections for office (as opposed to ballot measures), the CVRA focuses on elections in which at least one candidate is a member of the protected class of interest (§ 14028(b)), because those elections usually offer the most probative test of whether voting patterns are racially polarized. (See Gomez v. City of Watsonville (9th Cir. 1988) 863 F. 2d 1407, 1416 ["The district court expressly found that predominantly Hispanic sections of Watsonville have, in actual elections, demonstrated near unanimous support for Hispanic candidates. This establishes the requisite political cohesion of the minority group."].) The extent of majority "bloc voting" sufficient to show racially polarized voting is that which allows the white majority to "usually defeat the minority group's preferred candidate." (*Ibid.*) As Justice Brennan explained, it is through establishment of this element that impairment is

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shown—i.e. that the "at-large method of election [is] imposed or applied in a manner that impairs the ability of a protected class to elect candidates of its choice or its ability to influence the outcome of an election." (§ 14027; Gingles, at p. 51 ["In establishing this last circumstance, the minority group demonstrates that submergence in a white multimember district impedes its ability to elect its chosen representatives."].)

The U.S. Supreme Court in *Gingles* also set forth appropriate methods of identifying racially polarized voting; since individual ballots are not identified by race, race must be imputed through ecological demographic and political data. The long-approved method of ecological regression ("ER") yields statistical power to determine if there is racially polarized voting if there are not a sufficient number of racially homogenous precincts (90% or more of the precinct is of one particular ethnicity). (See Benavidez v. City of Irving (N.D. Tex. 2009) 638 F.Supp.2d 709, 723 ["HPA [(homogenous precinct analysis)] and ER [(ecological regression)] were both approved in Gingles and have been utilized by numerous courts in Voting Rights Act cases."].) The CVRA expressly adopts method methods like ER that have been used in federal Voting Rights Act cases to demonstrate racially polarized voting. (§ 14026, subd. (e) ["The methodologies for estimating group voting behavior as approved in applicable federal cases to enforce the federal Voting Rights Act of 1965 (52 U.S.C. Sec. 10301 et seq.) to establish racially polarized voting may be used for purposes of this section to prove that elections are characterized by racially polarized voting."].)

2. The Experts' Analyses

At trial, Plaintiffs and Defendant each offered the statistical analyses of their respective experts – Dr. J. Morgan Kousser and Dr. Jeffrey Lewis, respectively. Though the details and methods of their respective analyses differed in minor ways, the analyses by Plaintiffs' and Defendant's experts reveal the same thing— Santa Monica elections that are legally relevant under the CVRA are racially polarized.³ Analyzing elections over the past twenty-four years, a consistent pattern of racially-

³ Dr. Kousser opined that his analysis demonstrates racially polarized voting. Though he had done so in other cases, Dr. Lewis reached no conclusions about racially polarized voting in this case, and declined to opine about whether his analysis demonstrated racially polarized voting. Another of Plaintiffs' experts, Justin Levitt, evaluated the results of Dr. Lewis' statistical analyses, and concluded, like Dr. Kousser, that all of the relevant elections evaluated by Dr. Lewis exhibit racially polarized

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polarized voting emerges. In most elections where the choice is available, Latino voters strongly prefer a Latino candidate running for Defendant's city council, but, despite that support, the preferred Latino candidate loses. As a result, though Latino candidates are generally preferred by the Latino electorate in Santa Monica, only one Latino has been elected to the Santa Monica City Council in the 72 years of the current election system – 1 out of 71 to serve on the city council.

Dr. J. Morgan Kousser, a Caltech professor who has testified in many voting rights cases spanning more than 40 years, analyzed the elections specified by the CVRA: "elections for members of the governing body of the political subdivision . . . in which at least one candidate is a member of a protected class." (§ 14028 subds. (a), (b)). The CVRA's focus on elections involving minority candidates is consistent with the view of a majority of federal circuit courts that racially-contested elections are most probative of an electorate's tendencies with respect to racially polarized voting.⁴

In those elections, Dr. Kousser focused on the level of support for minority candidates from minority voters and majority voters respectively, just as the Court in *Gingles*, and many lower courts

voting, including in some instances racial polarization that is so "stark" that it is similar to the polarization "in the late '60s in the Deep South."

⁴ See U.S. v. Blaine Cty. (9th Cir. 2004) 363 F.3d 897, 911 [rejecting defendant's argument that trial court must give weight to elections involving no minority candidates]; Ruiz v. Santa Maria (9th Cir. 1998) 160 F.3d 543, 553 ["minority v. non-minority election is more probative of racially polarized voting than a non-minority v. non-minority election" because "[t]he Act means more than securing minority voters' opportunity to elect whites."]; Westwego Citizens for Better Gov't v. City of Westwego (5th Cir.1991) 946 F.2d 1109, 1119, n. 15 ["[T]he evidence most probative of racially polarized voting must be drawn from elections including both black and white candidates."]; LULAC v. Clements (5th Cir. en banc 1993) 999 F.2d 831, 864 ["This court has consistently held that elections between white candidates are generally less probative in examining the success of minority-preferred candidates"]; Citizens for a Better Gretna v. City of Gretna (5th Cir.1987) 834 F.2d 496, 502 ["That blacks also support white candidates acceptable to the majority does not negate instances in which white votes defeat a black preference [for a black candidate]."]; Jenkins v. Red Clay Consol. School Dist. Bd. of Educ. (3d Cir. 1993) 4 F.3d 1103, 1128–1129 ["The defendants also argue that the plaintiffs may not selectively choose which elections to analyze, but rather must analyze all the elections, including those involving only white candidates. It is only on the basis of such a comprehensive analysis, the defendants submit, that the court is able to evaluate whether or not there is a pattern of white bloc voting that usually defeats the minority voters' candidate of choice. We disagree."].)

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Engstrom opined that voting in Irving ISD trustee elections is racially polarized."])⁵

⁵ In its closing brief, Defendant argued that the Supreme Court in *Gingles* held that the race of a candidate is "irrelevant," but what Defendant fails to recognize is that the portion of *Gingles* it relies upon did not command a majority of the Court, and Defendant's reading of Gingles has been rejected by federal circuit courts in favor of a more practical race-sensitive analysis. (See Ruiz v. City of Santa Maria (9th Cir. 1998) 160 F.3d 543, 550-53 [collecting other cases rejecting Defendant's view and noting that "non-minority elections do not provide minority voters with the choice of a minority candidate and thus do not fully demonstrate the degree of racially polarized voting in the community."]). To the extent there is any doubt about whether the race of a candidate impacts the analysis in FVRA cases, there can be no doubt under the CVRA; the statutory language mandates a focus on elections involving minority candidates. (§14028(b) ["The occurrence of racially polarized voting shall be determined from examining results of elections in which at least one candidate is a member of a protected class ... One circumstance that may be considered ... is the extent to which candidates who are members of a protected class and who are preferred by voters of the protected class ... have been elected to the governing body of the political subdivision that is the subject of an action ..."]). In this analysis, it is not that minority support for minority candidates is presumed; to the

Dr. Kousser provided the details of his analysis, and concluded those elections demonstrate legally significant racially polarized voting.⁶ Specifically, Dr. Kousser evaluated the 7 elections for Santa Monica City Council between 1994 and 2016 that involved at least one Spanish-surnamed candidate⁷ and provided both the point estimates of group support for each candidate as well as the corresponding statistical errors (in parentheses in the charts below):

Weighted Ecological Regression⁸

Year	Latino Candidate(s)	% Latino Support	% Non-Hispanic White Support	Polarized	Won?
1994	Vazquez	145.5 (28.0)	34.9 (1.9)	Yes	No
1996	Alvarez	22.2 (12.9)	15.8 (1.1)	No	No
2002	Aranda	82.6 (12.6)	16.5 (1.3)	Yes	No
2004	Loya	106.0 (12.3)	21.2 (2.0)	Yes	No
2008	Piera-Avila	33.3 (5.2)	5.7 (0.8)	Yes	No
2012	Vazquez	92.7 (9.0)	19.1 (2.0)	Yes	Yes
	Gomez	30.4 (3.3)	2.9 (0.7)	Yes	No
	Duron	5.0 (2.6)	4.4 (0.6)	No	No
2016	de la Torre	88.0 (6.0)	12.9 (1.5)	Yes	No
	Vazquez	78.3 (9.0)	36.6 (2.3)	Yes	Yes

contrary, it must be demonstrated. But both the CVRA and federal caselaw recognize that the most probative test for minority voter support and cohesion usually involves an election with the option of a minority candidate.

⁶ At trial, Dr. Kousser presented his analyses using unweighted ER, weighted ER and ecological inference ("EI"). Dr. Kousser explained that, of these three statistical methods, weighted ER is preferable in this case. Dr. Kousser's conclusions were the same for each of these three methods, so, for the sake of brevity, only his weighted ER analysis is duplicated here.

One of Defendant's city council members, Gleam Davis, testified that she considers herself Latina because her biological father was of Hispanic descent (she was adopted at an early age by non-Hispanic white parents). Though that may be true, the Santa Monica electorate does not recognize her as Latina, as demonstrated by the telephone survey of registered voters conducted by Jonathan Brown; even her fellow council members did not realize she considered herself to be Latina until after the present case was filed. Consistent with the purpose of considering the race of a candidate in assessing racially polarized voting, it is the electorate's perception that matters, not the unknown self-identification of a candidate. (See footnote 5, *supra*)

⁸ Because each voter could cast votes for up to three or four candidates in a particular election, Prof. Kousser estimated the portion of voters, from each ethnic group, who cast at least one vote for each candidate.

 Non-Hispanic whites voted statistically significantly differently from Latinos in 6 of the 7 elections. The ecological regression analyses of these elections also reveals that when serious Latino candidates run for the Santa Monica City Council, Latino voters cohesively support those Latino candidates – in all but one of those six elections, a Latino candidate received the most Latino votes, often by a large margin. And in all but one of those six elections, the Latino candidate most favored by Latino voters lost, making the racially polarized voting legally significant. (*Gingles* at p. 56 ["in general, a white bloc vote that normally will defeat the combined strength of minority support plus white 'crossover' votes rises to the level of legally significant white bloc voting."]). Even in that one instance (2012 – Tony Vazquez) the Latino candidate barely won, coming in fourth in a four-seat race in that unusual election, in which none of the incumbents who had won four years earlier sought re-election. (*Id.*; see also *Gingles*, *supra*, 478 U.S. at p. 57, fn. 26 ["Furthermore, the success of a minority candidate in a particular election does not necessarily prove that the district did not experience polarized voting in that election; special circumstances, such as the absence of an opponent, incumbency, or the utilization of bullet voting, may explain minority electoral success in a polarized contest. This list of special circumstances is illustrative, not exclusive."].)

In 1994, Latino voters heavily favored the lone Latino candidate—Tony Vazquez-- but he lost. In 2002, the lone Latina candidate and resident of the Pico Neighborhood—Josefina Aranda—was heavily favored by Latino voters, but she lost. In 2004, the lone Latina candidate and resident of the Pico Neighborhood—Maria Loya—was heavily favored by Latino voters, but she lost. In 2008, the lone Latina candidate and resident of the Pico Neighborhood—Linda Piera-Avila—received significant support from Latino voters, even though she was not a particularly serious candidate. In 2012, two incumbents—Richard Bloom and Bobby Shriver—decided not to run for re-election, and the two other incumbents who had prevailed in 2008 – Ken Genser and Herb Katz – died during their 2008-12 terms.

⁹ At trial, Dr. Kousser explained that even though Ms. Piera-Avila did not receive support from a majority of Latinos, the contrast between the levels of support she received from Latinos and non-Hispanic whites, respectively, nonetheless demonstrate racially polarized voting, just as the *Gingles* court found very similar levels of support for Mr. Norman in the 1978 and 1980 North Carolina House races to likewise be consistent with a finding of racially polarized voting. (*Gingles* at 81, Appx. A).

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The leading Latino candidate—Tony Vazquez—was heavily favored by Latino voters but did not receive nearly as much support from non-Hispanic white voters. He was able to eke out a victory, coming in fourth place in this four-seat race. Finally, in 2016, a race for four city council positions, Oscar de la Torre—a Latino resident of the Pico Neighborhood—was heavily favored by Latinos, but lost. In 2016, Mr. de la Torre received more support from Latinos than did Mr. Vazquez. 10 This is the prototypical illustration of legally significant racially polarized voting – Latino voters favor Latino candidates, but non-Latino voters vote against those candidates, and therefore the favored candidates of the Latino community lose. (See Gingles, supra, 478 U.S. at pp. 58–61 ["We conclude that the District Court's approach, which tested data derived from three election years in each district, and which revealed that blacks strongly supported black candidates, while, to the black candidates' usual detriment, whites rarely did, satisfactorily addresses each facet of the proper legal standard."]). All of this led Dr. Kousser to conclude: "[b]etween 1994 and 2016 [] Santa Monica city council elections exhibit legally significant racially polarized voting" and "the at-large election system in Santa Monica result[s] in Latinos having less opportunity than non-Latinos to elect representatives of their choice" to the city council. This Court agrees.

Defendant's expert, Dr. Lewis, did not disagree. In fact, he confirmed all of the indicia of racially polarized voting in all of the Santa Monica City Council elections he analyzed involving at least one Latino candidate, as well as in other elections. Specifically, Dr. Lewis confirmed that his ER and EI results demonstrate: (1) that the Latino candidates for city council generally received the most votes from Latino voters; (2) that those Latino candidates received far less support from non-Hispanic whites; and (3) the difference in levels of support between Latino and non-Hispanic white voters were

¹⁰ Defendant argues that the Court should disregard Mr. de la Torre's 2016 candidacy because, according to Defendant, Mr. de la Torre intentionally lost that election. But Defendant presented no evidence that Mr. de la Torre did not try to win that election, and Mr. de la Torre unequivocally denied that he deliberately attempted to lose that election. And, the ER analysis by Dr. Lewis further undermines Defendant's assertion – Mr. de la Torre received essentially the same level of support from Latino voters in the 2016 council election as he did in his 2014 election for school board, an odd result if Mr. de la Torre had tried to win one election and lose the other.

% Non-Hispanic

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Year

	Candidate(s)	Support	White Support
2002	Aranda	69 (10)	16 (1)
2004	Loya	106 (14)	21 (2)
2008	Piera-Avila	32 (4)	6(1)
2012	Vazquez	90 (6)	20 (1)
	Gomez	29 (2)	3 (1)
	Duron	5 (2)	4 (0)
2016	de la Torre	87 (4)	14 (1)
	Vazquez	65 (7)	34 (2)

% Latino

Latino

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Dr. Lewis also analyzed elections for other local offices (e.g. school board and college board) and ballot measures such as Propositions 187 (1994), 209 (1996) and 227 (1998). The instant case concerns legal challenges to the election structure for the Santa Monica City Council; where there exist legally relevant election results concerning the Santa Monica City Council, those elections will necessarily be most probative. Consistent with FVRA cases that have addressed the relevance and weight of "exogenous" elections, this Court gives exogenous elections less weight than the endogenous (See, e.g. Bone Shirt v. Hazeltine (8th Cir. 2006) 461 F.3d elections discussed above. 1011[acknowledging that exogenous elections are of much less probative value than endogenous elections, some federal courts have relied upon exogenous elections involving minority candidates to further support evidence of racially polarized voting in endogenous elections]; Jenkins v. Red Clay Consol. School Dist. Bd. of Educ. (3d Cir. 1993) 4 F.3d 1103, 1128–1129 [same]; Rodriguez v. Harris Cnty, Texas (2013) 964 F.Supp.2d 686 [same]; Citizens for a Better Gretna v. City of Gretna, La. (5th Cir. 1987) 834 F.2d 496, 502–503 ["Although exogenous elections alone could not prove racially polarized voting in Gretna aldermanic elections, the district court properly considered them as additional evidence of bloc voting—particularly in light of the sparsity of available data."]; Clay v. Board of Educ. of City of St. Louis (8th Cir. 1996) 90 F.3d 1357 [exogenous elections "should be used only to supplement the analysis of" endogenous elections]; Westwego Citizens for Better Gov't v. City of Westwego (5th Cir.1991) 946 F.2d 1109 [analysis of exogenous elections appropriate because no

minority candidates had ever run for the governing board of the defendant])¹¹ Regardless of the weight given to exogenous elections, they may not be used to undermine a finding of racially polarized voting in endogenous elections. (See *Cottier v. City of Martin* (8th Cir.2006) 445 F.3d 1113, 1121–1122 [reversing district court's reliance on exogenous elections to undermine racially polarized voting in endogenous elections]; *Rural West Tenn. African American Affairs Council v. Sundquist* (W.D. Tenn. 1998) 29 F.Supp.2d 448, 457 ["Certainly, the voting patterns in exogenous elections cannot defeat evidence, statistical or otherwise, about endogenous elections."], quoting *Cofield v. City of LaGrange* (N.D.Ga.1997) 969 F.Supp. 749, 773.) To hold otherwise would only serve to perpetuate the sort of glass ceiling that the CVRA and FVRA are intended to eliminate. Nonetheless, exogenous elections in Santa Monica further support the conclusion that the levels of support for Latino candidates from Latino and non-Hispanic white voters, respectively, is always statistically significantly different, with non-Hispanic white voters consistently voting against the Latino candidates who are overwhelmingly supported by Latino voters.

Election	Latino Candidate(s)	% Latino Support	% Non-Hispanic White Support
2002 – school board	de la Torre	107 (13)	34 (2)
2004 – school board	Jara	113 (13)	37 (2)
	Leon-Vazquez	98 (9)	44 (2)
	Escarce	74 (8)	44 (1)
2004 – college board	Quinones-Perez	55 (5)	21 (1)
2006 – school board	de la Torre	95 (12)	40 (1)
2008 – school board	Leon-Vazquez	101 (8)	40 (1)
	Escarce	68 (6)	36 (1)
2008 – college board	Quinones-Perez	58 (6)	35 (1)
2010 – school board	de la Torre	94 (8)	33 (1)
2012 – school board	Leon-Vazquez	92 (7)	32 (1)

The focus on endogenous elections is particularly appropriate in this case because, as several witnesses confirmed, the political reality of Defendant's city council elections is very different than that of elections for other governing boards with more circumscribed powers, such as school board and rent board. Dr. Lewis' ER and EI analyses show that non-Hispanic white voters in Santa Monica will support Latino candidates for offices other than city council. For example, according to Dr. Lewis, Mr. de la Torre received votes from 88% of Latino voters and 33% of non-Hispanic white voters in his school board race in 2014, and when he ran for city council just two years later he received essentially the same level of support from Latino voters (87%) but much less support from non-Hispanic whites (14%) than he had received in the school board race.

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	Escarce	62 (6)	29 (1)
2014 – school board	de la Torre	88 (7)	33 (1)
2014 – college board	Loya	84 (3)	27 (1)
2014 – rent board	Duron	46 (8)	23 (1)
2016 – college board	Quinones-Perez	85 (5)	36 (1)
		•	•

While he provided his estimates based on ER and EI, Dr. Lewis also questioned the propriety of using those methods. Dr. Lewis showed that the "neighborhood model" yields different estimates, but the neighborhood model does not fit real-world patterns of voting behavior for particular candidates and the use of the neighborhood model to undermine ER has been rejected by other courts. (See, e.g., Garza at p. 1334). Dr. Lewis claimed that the lack of data from predominantly Hispanic precincts in Santa Monica renders the ER and EI estimates unreliable, but that argument too has been rejected by the courts. (See, e.g., Fabela v. Farmers Branch (N.D. Tex. Aug. 2, 2012) 2012 WL 3135545, *10-11, n. 25, n. 33 [relying on EI despite the absence of "precincts with a high concentration of Hispanic voters"]; Benavidez v. City of Irving (N.D. Tex. 2009) 638 F.Supp.2d 709, 724-25 [approving use of ER and EI where the precincts analyzed all had "less than 35%" Spanishsurnamed registered voters]; Perez v. Pasadena Indep. Sch. Dist. (S.D. Tex. 1997) 958 F.Supp. 1196, 1205, 1220-21, 1229, aff'd (5th Cir. 1999) 165 F.3d 368 [relying on ER to show racially polarized voting where the polling place with the highest Latino population was 35% Latino]). 12 To disregard ER and EI estimates because of a lack of predominantly minority precincts would also be contrary to the intent of the Legislature in expressly disavowing a requirement that the minority group is concentrated. (§ 14028 subd. (c) ["[t]he fact that members of a protected class are not geographically compact or concentrated may not preclude a finding of racially polarized voting."]). Dr. Lewis argued that using Spanish-surname matching to estimate the Latino proportion of voting precincts causes a "skew," but he also acknowledged that Spanish surname matching is the best method for estimating the

Moreover, the comparably low percentage of Latinos among the actual voters in Santa Monica precincts is due in part to the reduced rates of voter registration and turnout among eligible Latino voters. Where limitations in the data derive from reduced political participation by members of the protected class, it would be inappropriate to discard the ER results on that basis, because to do so "would allow voting rights cases to be defeated at the outset by the very barriers to political participation that Congress has sought to remove." (*Perez*, 958 F.Supp. at 1221 quoting *Clark v. Calhoun Cty.* (5th Cir. 1996) 88 F.3d 1393, 1398)

Latino proportion of each precinct, and the conclusion of racially polarized voting in this case would not change even if the estimates were adjusted to account for any skew. Finally, Dr. Lewis showed that ER and EI do not produce accurate estimates of Democratic party *registration* among Latinos in Santa Monica, but that does not undermine the validity or propriety of ER and EI to estimate *voting* behavior in this case. (See *Luna v. County of Kern* (E.D. Cal. 2018) 291 F.Supp.3d 1088, 1123-25 [rejecting the same argument]). Most importantly, the CVRA directs this Court to credit the statistical methods accepted by federal courts in FVRA cases, including ER and EI, and Dr. Lewis did not suggest or employ any method that could more accurately estimate group voting behavior in Santa Monica. (§ 14026 subd. (e) ["The methodologies for estimating group voting behavior as approved in applicable federal cases to enforce the federal Voting Rights Act of 1965 (52 U.S.C. Sec. 10301 et seq.) to establish racially polarized voting may be used for purposes of this section to prove that elections are characterized by racially polarized voting."].)

In its closing brief, Defendant argues that there is no racially polarized voting because at least half of what Defendant calls "Latino-preferred" candidacies have been successful in Santa Monica. But that mechanical approach suggested by Defendant – treating a Latino candidate who receives the most votes from Latino voters (and loses, based on the opposition of the non-Hispanic white electorate) the same as a white candidate who receives the second, third or fourth-most votes from Latino voters (and wins, based on the support of the non-Hispanic white electorate) - has been expressly rejected by the courts. (Ruiz, 160 F.3d at 554 [rejecting the district court's "mechanical approach" that viewed the victory of a white candidate who was the second-choice of Latinos in a multi-seat race as undermining a finding of racially polarized voting where Latinos' first choice was a Latino candidate who lost: "The defeat of Hispanic-preferred Hispanic candidates, however, is more probative of racially polarized voting and is entitled to more evidentiary weight. The district court should also consider the order of preference non-Hispanics and Hispanics assigned Hispanic-preferred Hispanic candidates as well as the order of overall finish of these candidates."]; see also id. at 553 ["But the Act's guarantee of equal opportunity is not met when . . . [c]andidates favored by [minorities] can win, but only if the candidates are white." (citations and internal quotations omitted)]; Smith v. Clinton (E.D. Ark. 1988) 687 F.Supp. 1310, 1318, aff'd, 488 U.S. 988 (1988) [it is not enough

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to avoid liability under the FVRA that "candidates favored by blacks can win, but only if the candidates are white."]; also see Clarke v. City of Cincinatti (6th Cir. 1994) 40 F.3d 807, 812 [voting rights laws' "guarantee of equal opportunity is not met when [] candidates favored by [minority voters] can win, but only if the candidates are white."]). A more holistic approach that accounts for the political realities of the jurisdiction is required, particularly in light of purpose of the CVRA. (Jauregui at at p. 807 ["Thus, the Legislature intended to expand the protections against vote dilution provided by the federal Voting Rights Act of 1965."]; Assem. Com. on Judiciary, Analysis of Sen. Bill No. 976 (2001–2002 Reg. Sess.) as amended Apr. 9, 2002, at p. 2 [the Legislature sought to remedy what it considered "restrictive interpretations given to the federal act."]; Cf. Gingles at 62-63 ["appellants' theory of racially polarized voting would thwart the goals Congress sought to achieve when it amended § 2, and would prevent courts from performing the 'functional' analysis of the political process, and the 'searching practical evaluation of the past and present reality'"]). To disregard or discount both the order of preference of minority voters and the demonstrated salience of the races of the candidates, as Defendant suggests, would actually exculpate discriminatory at-large election systems where there is a paucity of serious minority candidates willing to run in the at-large system – itself a symptom of the discriminatory election system. (See Westwego Citizens for Better Government v. City of Westwego (5th Cir. 1989) 872 F. 2d 1201, 1208-1209, n. 9 ["it is precisely this concern that underpins the refusal of this court and of the Supreme Court to preclude vote dilution claims where few or no black candidates have sought offices in the challenged electoral system. To hold otherwise would allow voting rights cases to be defeated at the outset by the very barriers to political participation that Congress has sought to remove."].)

No doubt, a minority group can prefer a non-minority candidate and, in a multi-seat plurality at-large election, can prefer more than one candidate, perhaps to varying degrees, but that does not mean that this Court should blind itself to the races of the candidates, the order of preference of minority voters, and the political realities of Defendant's elections. When serious Latino candidates have run for Santa Monica's city council, they have been overwhelmingly supported by Latino voters, receiving more votes from Latino voters than any other candidates. And absent unusual circumstances, because the remainder of the electorate votes against the candidates receiving overwhelming support

from Latino voters, those candidates generally still lose. That demonstrates legally relevant racially polarized voting under the CVRA. (See *Gingles*, *supra*, 478 U.S. at pp. 58–61 ["We conclude that the District Court's approach, which tested data derived from three election years in each district, and which revealed that blacks strongly supported black candidates, while, to the black candidates' usual detriment, whites rarely did, satisfactorily addresses each facet of the proper legal standard."]

C. The Qualitative Factors Further Support a Finding of Racially Polarized Voting and a Violation of the CVRA.

Section 14028(e) allows plaintiffs to supplement their statistical evidence with other evidence that is "probative, but not necessary [] to establish a violation" of the CVRA, specifically:

"[a] history of discrimination, the use of electoral devices or other voting practices or procedures that may enhance the dilutive effects of at-large elections, denial of access to those processes determining which groups of candidates will receive financial or other support in a given election, the extent to which members of a protected class bear the effects of past discrimination in areas such as education, employment, and health, which hinder their ability to participate effectively in the political process, and the use of overt or subtle racial appeals in political campaigns."

(see also Assembly Committee Analysis of SB 976 (Apr. 2, 2002)). These "probative, but not necessary" factors further support a finding of racially polarized voting in Santa Monica and a violation of the CVRA.

1. History of discrimination.

In *Garza, supra,* 756 F.Supp. at pp. 1339-1340, the court detailed how "[t]he Hispanic community in Los Angeles County has borne the effects of a history of discrimination." The court described the many sources of discrimination endured by Latinos in Los Angeles County: "restrictive real estate covenants [that] have created limited housing opportunities for the Mexican-origin population"; the "repatriation" program in which "many legal resident aliens and American citizens of Mexican descent were forced or coerced out of the country"; segregation in public schools; exclusion of Latinos from "the use of public facilities" such as public swimming facilities; and "English language literacy [being] a prerequisite for voting" until 1970. (*Id.* at 1340-41). Since Santa Monica is within Los Angeles County, Plaintiffs do not need to re-prove this history of discrimination in this case. (See *Smith v. Clinton* (E.D. Ark. 1988) 687 F.Supp. 1310, 1317 ["We do not believe that this history of

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27 28 discrimination, which affects the exercise of the right to vote in all elections under state law, must be proved anew in each case under the Voting Rights Act."].) Nonetheless, at trial Plaintiffs presented evidence that this same sort of discrimination was perpetuated specifically against Latinos in Santa Monica – e.g. restrictive real estate covenants, and approximately 70% of Santa Monica voters voting in favor of Proposition 14 in 1964 to repeal the Rumford Fair Housing Act and therefore again allow racial discrimination in housing; segregation in the use of public swimming facilities; repatriation and voting restrictions applicable to all of California, including Santa Monica.

> 2. The use of electoral devices or other voting practices or procedures that may enhance the dilutive effects of at-large elections.

Defendant stresses that its elections are free of many devices that dilute (or have diluted) minority votes in other jurisdictions, such as numbered posts and majority vote requirements. Nevertheless, the staggering of Defendant's city council elections enhances the dilutive effect of its atlarge election system. (See City of Lockhart v. United States (1983) 460 U.S. 125, 135 ["The use of staggered terms also may have a discriminatory effect under some circumstances, since it . . . might reduce the opportunity for single-shot voting or tend to highlight individual races."]; City of Rome v. *United States* (1980) 446 U.S. 156, 183 [same].)

> 3. The extent to which members of a protected class bear the effects of past discrimination in areas such as education, employment, and health, which hinder their ability to participate effectively in the political process.

"Courts have [generally] recognized that political participation by minorities tends to be depressed where minority groups suffer effects of prior discrimination such as inferior education, poor employment opportunities and low incomes." (Garza, supra 756 F.Supp. at p. 1347, citing Gingles, supra, 478 U.S. at p. 69). Where a minority group has less education and wealth than the majority group, that disparity "necessarily inhibits full participation in the political process" by the minority. (Smith v. Clinton (E.D. Ark. 1988) 687 F.Supp. 1310, 1317.)

As revealed by the most recent Census, Whites enjoy significantly higher income levels than their Hispanic and African American neighbors in Santa Monica—a difference far greater than the national disparity. This is particularly problematic for Latinos in Santa Monica's at-large elections

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because of how expensive those elections have become – more than one million dollars was spent in pursuit of the city council seats available in 2012, for example. There is also a severe achievement gap between White students and their African American and Hispanic peers in Santa Monica's schools that may further contribute to lingering turnout disparities.

4. The use of overt or subtle racial appeals in political campaigns.

In 1994, after opponents of Tony Vazquez advertised that he had voted to allow "Illegal Aliens to Vote" and characterized him as the leader of a Latino gang, causing Mr. Vazquez to lose that election, he let his feelings be known to the Los Angeles Times: "Vazquez blamed his loss on 'the racism that still exists in our city. ... The racism that came out in this campaign was just unbelievable." More recent racial appeals, though less overt, have been used to defeat other Latino candidates for Santa Monica's city council. For example, when Maria Loya ran in 2004, she was frequently asked whether she could represent all Santa Monica residents or just "her people" – a question that non-Hispanic white candidates were not asked. These sorts of racial appeals are particularly caustic to minority success, because they not only make it more difficult for minority candidates to win, but they also discourage minority candidates from even running.

5. Lack of responsiveness to the Latino Community.

Although not listed in section 14028(e), the unresponsiveness of Defendant to the needs of the Latino community is a factor probative of impaired voting rights. (See Gingles, 478 U.S. at 37, 45; see also §14028(e) [indicating that list of factors is not exhaustive – "Other factors such as the history of discrimination ..."] (emphasis added)). That unresponsiveness is a natural, perhaps inevitable, consequence of the at-large election system that tends to cause elected officials to "ignore [minority] interests without fear of political consequences." (Gingles 478 U.S. at 48, n. 14).

The elements of the city that most residents would want to put at a distance - the freeway, the trash facility, the city's maintenance yard, a park that continues to emit poisonous methane gas, hazardous waste collection and storage, and, most recently, the train maintenance yard – have all been placed in the Latino-concentrated Pico Neighborhood. At least some of these undesirable elements – e.g the 10-freeway and train maintenance yard – were placed in the Pico Neighborhood at the direction, or with the agreement, of Defendant or members of its city council.

Defendant's various commissions (planning commission, arts commission, parks and recreation commission, etc.), the members of which are appointed by Defendant's city council, are nearly devoid of Latino members, in sharp contrast to the significant proportion (16%) of Santa Monica residents who are Latino. That near absence of Latinos on those commissions is important not only in city planning but also for political advancement: in the past 25 years there have been 2 appointments to the Santa Monica City Council, and both of the appointees had served on the planning commission.

D. The At-Large Election System Dilutes the Latino Vote in Santa Monica City Council Elections.

Defendant argues that, in addition to racially polarized voting, "dilution" is a separate element of a violation of the CVRA. Even if "dilution" were an element of a CVRA claim, separate and apart from a showing of racially polarized voting, the evidence still demonstrates dilution by the standard proposed by Defendant in its closing brief – "that some alternative method of election would enhance Latino voting power." At trial, Plaintiffs presented several available remedies (district-based elections, cumulative voting, limited voting and ranked choice voting), each of which would enhance Latino voting power over the current at-large system.

While it is impossible to predict with certainty the results of future elections, this Court considered the national, state and local experiences with district elections, particularly those involving districts in which the minority group is not a majority of the eligible voters, other available remedial systems replacing at-large elections, and the precinct-level election results in past elections for Santa Monica's city council. Based on that evidence, this Court finds that the district map developed by Mr. Ely, and adopted by this Court as an appropriate remedy, will likely be effective, improving Latinos' ability to elect their preferred candidate or influence the outcome of such an election.

IV. THE CVRA IS NOT UNCONSTITIONAL

Defendant argues that the CVRA is unconstitutional, pursuant to a line of cases beginning with *Shaw v. Reno* (1993), 509 U.S. 630. As the court in *Sanchez* held, the CVRA is not unconstitutional; *Shaw* is simply not applicable. (*Sanchez*, *supra*, 145 Cal.App.4th at pp. 680–682.)

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A. The CVRA Is Not Subject to Strict Scrutiny.

Defendant's argument that the CVRA is unconstitutional begins with the already-rejected notion that the CVRA is subject to strict scrutiny because it employs a racial classification. (Motion, pp. 10-11). The court in *Sanchez* rejected that very argument. (*Sanchez*, *supra*, 145 Cal.App.4th at pp. 680–682.) Rather, although "the CVRA involves race and voting, ... it does not allocate benefits or burdens on the basis of race"; it is race-neutral in that it neither singles out members of any one race nor advantages or disadvantages members of any one race. (*Sanchez*, at p. 680) Accordingly, the CVRA is not subject to strict scrutiny; it is subject to the more permissive rational basis test, which the *Sanchez* court held it easily passes. (*Ibid.*)

Defendant seems to suggest that even though the CVRA was not subject to strict scrutiny in Modesto, it must be subject to strict scrutiny in Santa Monica under Shaw, because any remedy in Santa Monica will inevitably be based predominantly on race. But, as discussed below, the remedy selected by this Court was not based predominantly on race – the district map was drawn based on the non-racial criteria enumerated in Elections Code section 21620. Moreover, Shaw and its progeny do not require strict scrutiny every time that race is pertinent in electoral proceedings. Instead, the Shaw line of cases, which focus on the expressive harm to voters conveyed by particular district lines, require strict scrutiny when "race was the predominant factor motivating the legislature's decision to place a significant number of voters within or without a particular district[.]" (Alabama Legislative Black Caucus v. Alabama (2015) 135 S. Ct. 1257, 1267, quoting Miller v. Johnson (1995) 515 U.S. 900, 916.) This standard does not govern liability under the CVRA, and does not govern the imposition of a remedy in the abstract (e.g., whether district lines should be drawn or an alternative voting system imposed), but rather it governs the imposition of particular lines in particular places affecting particular voters. The CVRA is silent on how district lines must be drawn, or even if districts are necessarily the appropriate remedy. Sanchez, at p. 687 ["Upon a finding of liability, [the CVRA] calls only for appropriate remedies, not for any particular, let alone any improper, use of race."].) This Court is not aware of any applicable case, finding a Shaw violation based on the adoption of district elections, as opposed to where lines are drawn (and as explained below, the appropriate remedial

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lines in this case were not drawn predominantly based on race). That is precisely why the *Sanchez* court rejected the City of Modesto's similar reliance on *Shaw* in that case. (*Sanchez*, *supra*, 145 Cal.App.4th at pp. 682–683.)

B. The CVRA Easily Satisfies the Rational Basis Test.

The State of California has a legitimate—indeed compelling—interest in preventing race discrimination in voting and in particular curing demonstrated vote dilution. This interest is consistent with and reflects the purposes of the California Constitution as well as the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution. (See § 14027 [identifying the abridgment of voting rights as the end to be prohibited]; § 14031 [indicating that the CVRA was "enacted to implement the guarantees of Section 7 of Article I and of Section 2 of Article II of the California Constitution"]; see also Cal. Const., Art. I, § 7 [guaranteeing, among other rights, the right to equal protection of the laws]; id. Art. II, § 2 [guaranteeing the right to vote]; Sanchez at p. 680 [identifying "[c]uring vote dilution" as a purpose of the CVRA].) The CVRA, which provides a private right of action to seek remedies for vote dilution, is rationally related to the State's interest in curing vote dilution, protecting the right to vote, protecting the right to equal protection of the laws, and protecting the integrity of the electoral process. (Jauregui at pp. 799-801; Sanchez, at p. 680). As discussed above, Defendant's election system has resulted in vote dilution – the very injury that the CVRA is intended to prevent and remedy – and, though not required by the CVRA, the evidence explored below even indicates that the dilution remedied in this case was the product of intentional discrimination. And, as discussed below, there are several remedial options to effectively remedy that vote dilution in this case. Accordingly, the CVRA is constitutional and easily satisfies the rational basis test, on its face and in its specific application to Defendant.

C. The CVRA Would Also Satisfy Strict Scrutiny.

Even if strict scrutiny were found to apply to the CVRA, the CVRA is narrowly tailored to achieve a compelling state interest and therefore also satisfies that test. First, California has compelling state interests in protecting all of its citizens' rights to vote and to participate equally in the political process, protecting the integrity of the electoral process, and in ensuring that its

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laws and those of its subdivisions do not result in vote dilution in violation of its robust commitment to equal protection of the laws. See Cal. Const., Art. I, § 7, Art. II, § 2; Elec. Code §§ 14027, 14031; *Sanchez*, at p. 680; *Jauregui*, at pp. 799-801).

Second, the CVRA is narrowly tailored to achieve its compelling interests in preventing the abridgment of the right to vote. The CVRA requires a person to demonstrate the existence of racially polarized voting to prove a violation. (§ 14028 subd. (a)). Where racially polarized voting does not exist, the CVRA will not require a remedy. As with the FVRA, both the findings of liability and the establishment of a remedy under the CVRA do not rely on assumptions about race, but rather on factual patterns specific to particular communities in particular geographic regions, based on electoral evidence. (Compare Shaw v. Reno (1993) 509 U.S. 630, 647-648 [unconstitutional racial gerrymandering is based on the assumption that "members of the same racial group—regardless of their age, education, economic status, or the community in which they live—think alike, share the same political interests, and will prefer the same candidates at the polls" with id. at 653 [distinguishing the Voting Rights Act, in which "racial bloc voting and minority-group political cohesion never can be assumed, but specifically must be proved in each case" based on evidence of group voting behavior].) And though federal cases have not considered the CVRA specifically in this regard, the Supreme Court has repeatedly implied that remedies narrowly drawn to combat racially polarized voting and discriminatory vote dilution will survive strict scrutiny.¹³ As a result, the CVRA sweeps no wider than necessary to equitably secure for Californians their rights to vote and to participate in the political process. (Jauregui, at

¹³ See, e.g., *League of United Latin Am. Citizens v. Perry* (2006) 548 U.S. 399, 475 & n.12 (Stevens, J., joined by Breyer, J., concurring in part and dissenting in part); *id.* at p. 518–519 (Scalia, J., joined by Thomas, J., Alito, J., and Roberts, C.J., concurring in the judgment in part and dissenting in part); *Bush v. Vera* (1996) 517 U.S. 952, 990, 994 (O'Connor, J., concurring); *Shaw v. Reno* (1993) 509 U.S. 630, 653-54. Indeed, just last year, in *Bethune-Hill v. Va. State Bd. of Elections* (2017) 137 S. Ct. 788, the Supreme Court upheld a Virginia state Senate district against challenge on the theory that it was predominantly driven by race, but in a manner designed to meet strict scrutiny through compliance with the Voting Rights Act. (*Id.* at 802.) Neither party contested that compliance with the Voting Rights Act would satisfy strict scrutiny, but the Court does not usually permit the litigants to concede the justification for its most exacting level of scrutiny.

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27 28 p. 802) And if the CVRA generally satisfies strict scrutiny, it a fortiori satisfies strict scrutiny in application here, where as described below, the dilution remedied was proven to be the product of intentional discrimination.

V. THE EQUAL PROTECTION CLAUSE OF THE CALIFORNIA CONSTITUTION

Article I, section 7 of the California Constitution mirrors the Equal Protection Clause of the U.S. Constitution (Fourteenth Amendment).¹⁴ Where governmental actions or omissions are motivated by a racially discriminatory purpose they violate the Equal Protection Clause, and when voting rights are implicated, "[t]he Supreme Court has established that official actions motivated by discriminatory intent 'have no legitimacy at all ' (N. Carolina NAACP v. McCrory (4th Cir. 2016) 831 F.3d 204, 239 [surveying Supreme Court cases]; see also generally *Garza v. County of Los Angeles* (9th Cir. 1990) 918 F.2d 763, cert. denied (1991) 111 S.Ct. 681). Neither the passage of time, nor the modification of the original enactment, can save a provision enacted with discriminatory intent. (Id.; Hunter v. Underwood (1985) 471 U.S. 222 [invalidating a provision of the 1901 Alabama Constitution because it was motivated by a desire to disenfranchise African Americans, even though its "more blatantly discriminatory" portions had since been removed].)

"Determining whether invidious discriminatory purpose was a motivating factor demands a sensitive inquiry into such circumstantial and direct evidence of intent as may be available. ... [including] the historical background of the decision." Village of Arlington Heights v. Metro. Housing Dev. Corp. (1977) 429 U.S. 252, 266-68. Sometimes, racially discriminatory intent can be demonstrated by the clear statements of one or more decisionmakers. But, recognizing that these "smoking gun" admissions of racially discriminatory intent are exceedingly rare, in Arlington Heights, the U.S. Supreme Court described a number of potential, non-exhaustive, sources of evidence that might shed light on the question of discriminatory intent in the absence of a smoking gun admission:

¹⁴ Other than provisions relating exclusively to school integration, Article I section 7 provides "A person may not be deprived of life, liberty, or property without due process of law or denied equal protection of the laws."

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pattern, unexplainable on grounds other than race, emerges from the effect of the state action even when the governing legislation appears neutral on its face. The evidentiary inquiry is then relatively easy. But such cases are rare. Absent a pattern as stark as that in Gomillion or Yick Wo, impact alone is not determinative, and the Court must look to other evidence. historical background of the decision is one evidentiary source, particularly if it reveals a series of official actions taken for invidious purposes. The specific sequence of events leading up to the challenged decision also may shed some light on the decisionmaker's purposes. ... Departures from the normal procedural sequence also might afford evidence that improper purposes are playing a role. Substantive departures too may be relevant, particularly if the factors usually considered important by the decisionmaker strongly favor a decision contrary to the one reached. The legislative or administrative history may be highly relevant, especially where there are contemporary statements by members of the decisionmaking body, minutes of its meetings, or reports. In some extraordinary instances, the members might be called to the stand at trial to testify concerning the purpose of the

official action, although even then such testimony frequently will be barred by privilege. The foregoing summary identifies, without purporting to be exhaustive, subjects of proper inquiry in determining whether racially discriminatory intent existed.

(Id. at 266-268 (citations omitted). "[P]laintiffs are not required to show that [discriminatory] intent was the sole purpose of the [challenged government decision]," or even the "primary purpose," just that it was "a purpose." (Brown v. Board of Com'rs of Chattanooga, Tenn. (E.D. Tenn. 1989) 722 F. Supp. 380, 389, citing Arlington Heights at 265 and Bolden v. City of Mobile (S.D. Ala. 1982) 543 F. Supp. 1050, 1072).

The impact of the official action -- whether it bears more heavily on one race

than another, may provide an important starting point. Sometimes a clear

VI. DEFENDANT'S AT-LARGE ELECTION SYSTEM VIOLATES THE EQUAL PROTECTION CLAUSE OF THE CALIFORNIA CONSTITUTION.

Defendant's at-large election system was adopted and/or maintained with a discriminatory intent on at least two occasions – in 1946 and in 1992, either of which necessitates this Court invalidating the at-large election system. (See *Hunter v. Underwood* (1985) 471 U.S. 222 [invalidating

a provision of the 1901 Alabama Constitution because it was motivated by a desire to disenfranchise African Americans, even though its "more blatantly discriminatory" portions had since been removed]; *Brown, supra* 722 F. Supp. at p. 389 [striking at-large election system based on discriminatory intent in 1911 even absent discriminatory intent in maintaining that system in decisions of 1957, the late 1960s and early 1970s]). In the early 1990s, the Charter Review Commission, impaneled by Defendant's city council, concluded that "a shift from the at-large plurality system currently in use" was necessary "to distribute empowerment more broadly in Santa Monica, particularly to ethnic groups ..." Even back in 1946, it was understood that at-large elections would "starve out minority groups," leaving "the Jewish, colored [and] Mexican [no place to] go for aid in his special problems" "with seven councilmen elected AT-LARGE ... mostly originat[ing] from [the wealthy white neighborhood] North of Montana [and] without regard [for] minorities." Yet, in each instance Defendant chose at-large elections.

A. 1946

Defendant's current at-large election system has a long history that has its roots in 1946.¹⁵ As Dr. Kousser's testimony at trial, and his report to the Santa Monica Charter Review Committee in 1992, explained, proponents and opponents of the at-large system alike, bluntly recognized that the at-large system would impair minority representation. And, another ballot measure involving a pure racial issue was on the ballot at the same time in 1946 – Proposition 11, which sought to ban racial discrimination in employment. Dr. Kousser's statistical analysis shows a strong correlation between voting in favor of the at-large charter provision and against the contemporaneous Proposition 11, further demonstrating the understanding that at-large elections would prevent minority representation.

When the *Arlington Heights* factors are each considered, those non-exhaustive factors militate in favor of finding discriminatory intent in the 1946 adoption of the current at large election system.

¹⁵ In 1946, Defendant adopted its current council-manager form of government, and chose an at-large elected city council and school board. The at-large election feature remains in Defendant's city charter. (Santa Monica Charter § 600 ["The City Council shall consist of seven members elected from the City at large …"], § 900)

The discriminatory impact of the at-large election system was felt immediately after its adoption in 1946. Though several ran, no candidates of color were elected to the Santa Monica City Council in the 1940s, 50s or 60s. (See *Bolden v. City of Mobile* (S.D. Ala. 1982) 542 F.Supp. 1070, 1076 [relying on the lack of success of black candidates over several decades to show disparate impact, even without a showing that black voters voted for each of the particular black candidates going back to 1874].) Moreover, the impact on the minority-concentrated Pico Neighborhood over the past 72 years, discussed in Section III(C)(5) above, also demonstrates the discriminatory impact of the at-large election system in this case. (*Gingles* 478 U.S. at 48, n. 14 [describing how at-large election systems tend to cause elected officials to "ignore [minority] interests without fear of political consequences."].)

The historical background of the decision in 1946 also militates in favor of a finding of discriminatory intent. At-large elections are well known to disadvantage minorities, and that was well understood in Santa Monica in 1946. The non-white population in Santa Monica was growing at a faster rate than the white population – enough that the chief newspaper in Santa Monica, the Evening Outlook, was alarmed by the rate of increase in the non-white population. The fifteen Freeholders, who proposed only at-large elections to the Santa Monica electorate in 1946, were all white, and all but one lived on the wealthier whiter side of Wilshire Boulevard. At-large elections were, therefore, in their self-interest, and at least three of the Freeholders successfully ran for seats on the city council in the years that followed. The Santa Monica commissioners had adopted a resolution calling for all Japanese Americans to be deported to Japan rather than being allowed to return to their homes after being interned, Los Angeles County had been marred by the zoot suit riots, and racial tensions were prevalent enough in Santa Monica that a Committee on Interracial Progress was necessary. At the same time as the 1946 Santa Monica charter amendment was approved, a significant majority of Santa Monica voters voted against Proposition 11, which would have outlawed racial discrimination in employment, and Dr. Kousser's EI analysis shows a very strong correlation between voting for the charter amendment and against Proposition 11.

The sequence of events leading up to the adoption of the at-large system in 1946 likewise supports a finding of discriminatory intent. As Dr. Kousser detailed, in 1946, the Freeholders waffled between giving voters a choice of having some district elections or just at-large elections, and

ultimately chose to only present an at-large election option despite the recognition that district elections would be better for minority representation.

The substantive and procedural departures from the norm also support a finding of discriminatory intent. In 1946, the Freeholders' reversed course on offering to the voters a hybrid system (some district, and some at-large, elected council seats) in the wake of discussion of minority representation, and, after a series of votes the local newspaper called "unexpected," offered the voters only the option of at-large elections.

The legislative and administrative history in 1946 is difficult to discern. There appears to have been no report of the Freeholders' discussions, but the statements by proponents and opponents of the charter amendment demonstrate that all understood that at-large elections would diminish minorities' influence on elections.

B. 1992

After winning a FVRA case ending at-large elections in Watsonville in 1989, Joaquin Avila (later principally involved in drafting the CVRA) and other attorneys began to file and threaten to file lawsuits challenging at-large elections throughout California on the grounds that they discriminated against Latinos. The Santa Monica Citizens United to Reform Elections (CURE) specifically noted the Watsonville case in urging the Santa Monica City Council to place the issue of substituting district for at-large elections on the ballot, allowing Santa Monica voters to decide the question. With the issue of at-large elections diluting minority vote receiving increased attention in Santa Monica and throughout California, Defendant appointed a 15-member Charter Review Commission to study the matter and make recommendations to the City Council. As part of their investigation, the Charter Review Commission sought the analysis of Dr. Kousser, who had just completed his work in *Garza* regarding discriminatory intent in the way Los Angeles County's supervisorial districts had been drawn. Dr. Kousser was asked whether Santa Monica's at-large election system was adopted or maintained for a discriminatory purpose, and Dr. Kousser concluded that it was, for all of the reasons discussed above. Based on their extensive study and investigations, the near-unanimous Charter Review Commission recommended that Defendant's at-large election system be eliminated. The principal reason for that

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27 28 recommendation was that the at-large system prevents minorities and the minority-concentrated Pico Neighborhood from having a seat at the table.

That recommendation went to the City Council in July 1992, and was the subject of a public city council meeting. Excerpts from the video of that hours-long meeting were played at trial, and provide direct evidence of the intent of the then-members of Defendant's City Council. One speaker after another – members of the Charter Review Commission, the public, an attorney from the Mexican American Legal Defense and Education Fund, and even a former councilmember – urged Defendant's City Council to change its at-large election system. Many of the speakers specifically stressed that the at-large system discriminated against Latino voters and/or that courts might rule that they did in an appropriate case. Though the City Council understood well that the at-large system prevented racial minorities from achieving representation – that point was made by the Charter Review Commission's report and several speakers and was never challenged – the members refused by a 4-3 vote to allow the voters to change the system that had elected them. Councilmember Dennis Zane explained his professed reasoning - in a district system, Santa Monica would no longer be able to place a disproportionate share of affordable housing into the minority-concentrated Pico Neighborhood, where, according to the unrefuted remarks at the July 1992 council meeting, the majority of the city's affordable housing was already located, because the Pico Neighborhood district's representative would oppose it. Mr. Zane's comments were candid and revealing. He specifically phrased the issue as one of Latino representation versus affordable housing: "So you gain the representation but you lose the housing."16 While this professed rationale could be characterized as not demonstrating that Mr. Zane or his colleagues "harbored any ethnic or racial animus toward the . . . Hispanic community," it nonetheless reflects intentional discrimination—Mr. Zane understood that his action would harm

¹⁶ Mr. Zane's insistence on a tradeoff between Latino representation and policy goals that he believed would be more likely to be accomplished by an at-large council echoed comments of the Santa Monica Evening Outlook, the chief sponsor of and spokesman for the charter change to an at-large city council in 1946. "[G]roups such as organized labor and the colored people," the newspaper announced, should realize that "The interest of minorities is always best protected by a system which favors the election of liberal-minded persons who are not compelled to play peanut politics. Such liberal-minded persons, of high caliber, will run for office and be elected if elections are held at large."

Latinos' voting power, and he took that action to maintain the power of his political group to continue dumping affordable housing in the Latino-concentrated neighborhood despite their opposition. (See *Garza v. County of Los Angeles* (9th Cir. 1990) 918 F.2d 763, 778 (J. Kozinski, concurring) [finding that incumbents preserving their power by drawing district lines that avoided a higher proportion of Latinos in one district was intentionally discriminatory despite the lack of any racial animus], cert. denied (1991) 111 S.Ct. 681)

In addition to Mr. Zane's "smoking gun" contemporaneous explanation of his own decisive vote, the Court also considers the circumstantial evidence of intent revealed by the *Arlington Heights* factors. While those non-exhaustive factors do not each reveal discrimination to the same extent, on balance, they also militate in favor of finding discriminatory intent in this case.

The discriminatory impact of the at-large election system was felt immediately after its maintenance in 1992. The first and only Latino elected to the Santa Monica City Council lost his reelection bid in 1994 in an election marred by racial appeals – a notable anomaly in Santa Monica where election records establish that incumbents lose very rarely. (See *Bolden v. City of Mobile* (S.D. Ala. 1982) 542 F.Supp. 1070, 1076 [relying on the lack of success of black candidates over several decades to show disparate impact, even without a showing that black voters voted for each of the particular black candidates going back to 1874].) Moreover, the impact on the minority-concentrated Pico Neighborhood over the past 72 years, discussed in Section III(C)(5) above, also demonstrates the discriminatory impact of the at-large election system in this case, and has continued well past 1992. (*Gingles* 478 U.S. at 48, n. 14 [describing how at-large election systems tend to cause elected officials to "ignore [minority] interests without fear of political consequences."].)

The historical background of the decision in 1992 also militate in favor of finding a discriminatory intent. At-large elections are well known to disadvantage minorities, and that was well understood in Santa Monica in 1992. In 1992 the non-white population was sufficiently compact (in the Pico Neighborhood) that Dr. Leo Estrada concluded that a council district could be drawn with a combined majority of Latino and African American residents. While the Santa Monica City Council of the late 1980s and early 1990s was sometimes supportive of policies and programs that benefited racial minorities, as pointed out by Defendant's expert, Dr. Lichtman, the members also supported a curfew

that Santa Monica's lone Latino council member described as "institutional racism," as pointed out by Dr. Kousser, and they understood that district elections would undermine the slate politics that had facilitated the election of many of them.

The sequence of events leading up to the maintenance of the at-large system in 1992, likewise supports a finding of discriminatory intent. In 1992, the Charter Review Commission, and the CURE group before that, intertwined the issue of district elections with racial justice, and the connection was clear from the video of the July 1992 city council meeting, immediately prior to Defendant's city council voting to prevent Santa Monica voters from adopting district elections.

The substantive and procedural departures from the norm also support a finding of discriminatory intent. In 1992, the Charter Review Commission recommended scrapping the at-large election system, principally because of its deleterious effect on minority representation. While Defendant's City Council adopted nearly all of the Charter Review Commission's recommendations, it refused to adopt any change to the at-large elections or even submit the issue to the voters.

Finally, as discussed above, the legislative and administrative history in 1992, specifically the Charter Review Commission report and the video of the July 1992 city council meeting, demonstrates a deliberate decision to maintain the existing at-large election structure because of, and not merely despite, the at-large system's impact on Santa Monica's minority population.

VII. REMEDIES

Having found that Defendant's election system violates the CVRA and the Equal Protection Clause, the Court must implement a remedy to cure those violations. The CVRA specifies that the implementation of appropriate remedies is mandatory:

"Upon a finding of a violation of Section 14027 and Section 14028, the court *shall* implement appropriate remedies, including the imposition of district-based elections, that are tailored to remedy the violation."

(Elec. Code § 14029 (emphasis added)). The federal courts in FVRA cases have similarly and unequivocally held that once a violation is found, a remedy must be adopted. (See, e.g. *Williams v. Texarkana, Ark.* (8th Cir. 1994) 32 F.3d 1265, 1268 [Once a violation of the FVRA is found, "[i]f [the] appropriate legislative body does not propose a remedy, the district court must fashion a remedial

plan"]; *Bone Shirt v. Hazeltine* (D.S.D. 2005) 387 F.Supp.2d 1035, 1038 [same]; see also *Reynolds v. Sims* (1964) 377 U.S. 533, 585 ["[O]nce a State's legislative apportionment scheme has been found to be unconstitutional, it would be the unusual case in which a court would be justified in not taking appropriate action to insure that no further elections are conducted under the invalid plan."].) Likewise, in regards to an Equal Protection violation implicating voting rights, "[t]he Supreme Court has established that official actions motivated by discriminatory intent 'have no legitimacy at all' Thus, the proper remedy for a legal provision enacted with discriminatory intent is invalidation." (*N. Carolina NAACP v. McCrory* (4th Cir. 2016) 831 F.3d 204, 239 [surveying Supreme Court cases].)

A. The Court Has Broad Authority to Remedy Defendant's Violation of the California Voting Rights Act and the Equal Protection Clause.

Once liability is established under the CVRA, the Court has a broad range of remedies from which to choose. (§ 14029 ["Upon a finding of a violation of Section 14027 and Section 14028, the court shall implement appropriate remedies, including the imposition of district-based elections, that are tailored to remedy the violation."]; Sanchez v. City of Modesto (2006) 145 Cal.App.4th 660, 670). The range of remedies from which this Court may choose is at least as broad as those remedies that have been adopted in FVRA cases. (Jauregui v. City of Palmdale (2014) 226 Cal.App.4th 781, 807 ["Thus, the Legislature intended to expand the protections against vote dilution provided by the federal Voting Rights Act of 1965. It would be inconsistent with the evident legislative intent to expand protections against vote dilution to narrowly limit the scope of . . . relief as defendant asserts. Logically, the appropriate remedies language in section 14029 extends to . . . orders of the type approved under the federal Voting Rights Act of 1965."].) Thus, the range of remedies available to this Court includes not only the imposition of district-based elections (§ 14029), but also, for example, less common at-large remedies imposed in FVRA cases such as cumulative voting, limited voting and unstaggering elections. (U.S. v. Village of Port Chester (S.D.N.Y. 2010) 704 F.Supp.2d 411 [ordering cumulative voting and unstaggering elections]; U.S. v. City of Euclid (N.D. Ohio 2008) 580 F.Supp.2d 584 [ordering limited voting]). This Court may also order a special election. (See Neal v. Harris (4th

Cir. 1987) 837 F.2d 632, 634 [affirming trial court's order requiring a special election, during the terms of the members elected under the at-large system, rather than awaiting the date of the next regularly scheduled election, when their terms would have expired.]; *Ketchum v. City Council of Chicago* (N.D III. 1985) 630 F.Supp. 551, 564-566 [ordering special elections to replace aldermen elected under a system that violated the FVRA]; *Bell v. Southwell* (5th. Cir. 1967) 376 F.2d 659, 665 [voiding an unlawful election, prohibiting the winner of that unlawful election from taking office, and ordering that a special election be held promptly]; *Coalition for Education in District One v. Board of Elections* (S.D.N.Y. 1974) 370 F.Supp. 42, 58, aff'd (2nd Cir. 1974) 495 F.2d 1090; *Tucker v. Burford* (N.D. Miss. 1985) 603 F.Supp. 276, 279; *Arbor Hill Concerned Citizens Neighborhood Ass'n v. County of Albany* (2d Cir. 2004) 357 F.3d 260, 262-263 [applauding the district court for ordering a special election].) Indeed, courts have even used their remedial authority to remove all members of a city council where necessary. (See *Bell v. Southwell* (5th Cir. 1967) 367 F.2d 659, 665; *Williams v. City of Texarkana* (W.D. Ark. 1993) 861 F.Supp. 771, aff'd (8th Cir. 1994) 32 F.3d 1265; *Hellebust v. Brownback* (10th Cir. 1994) 42 F.3d 1331).

The broad remedial authority granted to this Court by Section 14029 of the CVRA extends to remedies that are inconsistent with a city charter (*Jauregui*, *supra*, 226 Cal. App. 4th at pp. 794-804) and even remedies that would otherwise be inconsistent with state laws enacted prior to the CVRA. (*Id.* at pp. 804-808 [affirming the trial court's injunction, pursuant to section 14029 of the CVRA, prohibiting the City of Palmdale from certifying its at-large election results despite that injunction being inconsistent with Code of Civil Procedure section 526(b)(4) and Civil Code section 3423(d)]). Likewise, because the California Constitution is supreme over state statutes, any remedy for Defendant's violation of the Equal Protection Clause is unimpeded by administrative state statutes. (*Am. Acad. of Pediatrics v. Lungren* (1997) 16 Cal.4th 307 [invalidating a state statute because it impinged upon rights guaranteed by the California Constitution]). Voting rights are the most fundamental in our democratic system; when those rights have been violated, this Court has the obligation to ensure that the remedy is up to the task.

B. The Remedy Should Be Prompt and Complete, and Remedy Past Harm as Well as Prevent Future Violations.

Any remedial plan should fully remedy the violation. (See, e.g., *Dillard v. Crenshaw Cnty.*, *Ala.* (11th Cir. 1987) 831 F.2d 246, 250 ["The court should exercise its traditional equitable powers to fashion the relief so that it *completely* remedies the prior dilution of minority voting strength and *fully* provides equal opportunity for minority citizens to participate and to elect candidates of their choice. ... This Court cannot authorize an element of an election proposal that will not with certitude completely remedy the [] violation."] (italics added); see also *Harvell v. Blytheville Sch. Dist. No. 5* (8th Cir. 1997) 126 F.3d 1038, 1040 [affirming trial court's rejection of defendant's plan because it would not "completely remedy the violation"]; *LULAC Council No. 4836 v. Midland Indep. Sch. Dist.* (W.D. Tex. 1986) 648 F.Supp. 596, 609; *United States v. Osceola Cnty., Fla.* (M.D. Fla. 2006) 474 F.Supp.2d 1254, 1256.) The United States Supreme Court has explained that the court's duty is to both remedy past harm and prevent future violations of minority voting rights:

[T]he court has not merely the power, but the duty, to render a decree which will, so far as possible, eliminate the discriminatory effects of the past as well as bar like discrimination in the future.

(Louisiana v. United States (1965) 380 U.S. 145, 154; see also Buchanan v. City of Jackson, Tenn., (W.D. Tenn. 1988) 683 F. Supp. 1537, 1541 [same, rejecting defendant's hybrid at-large remedial plan].)

The remedy for a violation of the Equal Protection Clause should likewise be prompt and complete. Courts have consistently held that intentional racial discrimination is so caustic to our system of government that once intentional discrimination is shown, "the 'racial discrimination must be eliminated root and branch" by "a remedy that will fully correct past wrongs." (*N. Carolina NAACP v. McCrory* (4th Cir. 2016) 831 F.3d 204, 239, quoting *Green v. Cty. Sch. Bd.* (1968) 391 U.S. 430, 437–439, *Smith v. Town of Clarkton* (4th Cir. 1982) 682 F.2d 1055, 1068.)

It is also imperative that once a violation of voting rights is found, remedies be implemented promptly, lest minority residents continue to be deprived of their fair representation. (See *Williams v. City of Dallas* (N.D. Tex. 1990) 734 F.Supp. 1317 ["In no way will this Court tell African-Americans

and Hispanics that they must wait any longer for their voting rights in the City of Dallas."], emphasis in original)

VIII. THE APPROPRIATE REMEDY IN THIS CASE IS THE PROMPT IMPLEMENTATION OF THE SEVEN-DISTRICT PLAN PRESENTED AT TRIAL.

Though other remedies, such as cumulative voting, limited voting and ranked choice voting, are possible options in a CVRA action and would improve Latino voting power in Santa Monica, the parties agreed that, given the local context in this case – including socioeconomic and electoral patterns, the voting experience of the local population, and the election administration practicalities present here – a district-based remedy is preferable. The choice of a district-based remedy is also consistent with the overwhelming majority of CVRA and FVRA cases.

At trial, only one district plan was presented to the Court – Trial Exhibit 261. That plan was developed by David Ely, following the criteria mandated by Section 21620 of the Elections Code, applicable to charter cities. The populations of the proposed districts are all within 10% of one another; areas with similar demographics (e.g. socio-economic status) are grouped together where possible and the historic neighborhoods of Santa Monica are intact to the extent possible; natural boundaries such as main roads and existing precinct boundaries are used to divide the districts where possible; and neither race nor the residences of incumbents was a predominant factor in drawing any of the districts.

Trial testimony revealed that jurisdictions that have switched from at-large elections to district elections as a result of CVRA cases have experienced a pronounced increase in minority electoral power, including Latino representation. Even in districts where the minority group is one-third or less of a district's electorate, minority candidates previously unsuccessful in at-large elections have won district elections. (See, e.g., Florence Adams, Latinos and Local Representation: Changing Realities, Emerging Theories (2000), at pp. 49–61.) The particular demographics and electoral experiences of Santa Monica suggest that the seven-district plan would similarly result in the increased ability of the minority population to elect candidates of their choice or influence the outcomes of elections. First,

Mr. Ely's analysis of various elections shows that the Latino candidates preferred by Latino voters perform much better in the Pico Neighborhood district of Mr. Ely's plan than they do in other parts of the city – while they lose citywide, they often receive the most votes in the Pico Neighborhood district. Second, the Latino proportion of eligible voters is much greater in the Pico Neighborhood district than the city as a whole. In contrast to 13.64% of the citizen-voting-age-population in the city as a whole, Latinos comprise 30% of the citizen-voting-age-population in the Pico Neighborhood district. That portion of the population and citizen-voting-age-population falls squarely within the range the U.S. Supreme Court deems to be an influence district. (*Georgia v. Aschcroft* (2003) 539 U.S. 461, 470–471, 482 [evaluating the impact of "influence districts," defined as districts with a minority electorate "of between 25% and 50%,"]) Third, testimony established that Latinos in the Pico Neighborhood are politically organized in a manner that would more likely translate to equitable electoral strength. Fourth, testimony also established that districts tend to reduce the campaign effects of wealth disparities between the majority and minority communities, which are pronounced in Santa Monica.

Though given the opportunity to do so, Defendant did not propose a remedy. The six-week trial of this case was not bifurcated between liability and remedies. Though Plaintiffs presented potential remedies at trial, Defendant did not propose any remedy at all in the event that the Court found in favor of Plaintiffs. On November 8, 2018 this Court gave Defendant another opportunity, ordering the parties to file briefs and attend a hearing on December 7, 2018 "regarding the appropriate/preferred remedy for violation of the [CVRA]." Still, Defendant did not propose a remedy, other than to say that it prefers the implementation of district-based elections over the less-common at-large remedies

¹⁷ The schedule set by this Court on November 8, 2018 is in line with what other courts have afforded defendants to propose a remedy following a determination that voting rights have been violated. (See, e.g., *Williams v. City of Texarkana* (W.D. Ark. 1992) 861 F.Supp. 756, 767 [requiring the defendant to submit its proposed remedy 16 days after finding Texarkana's at-large elections violated the FVRA], aff'd (8th Cir. 1994) 32 F.3d 1265; *Larios v. Cox* (N.D. Ga. 2004) 300 F.Supp.2d 1320, 1356–1357 [requiring the Georgia legislature to propose a satisfactory apportionment plan <u>and</u> seek Section 5 preclearance from the U.S. Attorney General within 19 days]; *Jauregui v. City of Palmdale*, No. BC483039, 2013 WL 7018376 (Aug. 27, 2013) [scheduling remedies *hearing* for 24 days after the court *mailed* its decision finding a violation of the CVRA]).

discussed at trial. Where a defendant fails to propose a remedy to a voting rights violation on the schedule directed by the court, the court must provide a remedy without the defendant's input. (See *Williams v. City of Texarkana* (8th Cir. 1994) 32 F.3d 1265, 1268 ["If [the] appropriate legislative body does not propose a remedy, the district court must fashion a remedial plan."]; *Bone Shirt v. Hazeltine* (D.S.D. 2005) 387 F.Supp.2d 1035, 1038 [same]). ¹⁸

In order to eliminate the taint of the illegal at-large election system in this case, in a prompt and orderly manner, a special election for all seven council seats is appropriate. Other courts have similarly held that a special election is appropriate, where an election system is found to violate the FVRA. (See *Neal v. Harris* (4th Cir. 1987) 837 F.2d 632, 632-634 ["[o]nce it was determined that plaintiffs were entitled to relief under section 2, ... the timing of that relief was a matter within the discretion of the court."]; *Ketchum v. City Council of Chicago* (N.D Ill. 1985) 630 F.Supp. 551, 564-566; *Bell v. Southwell* (5th. Cir. 1967) 376 F.2d 659, 665 [voiding an unlawful election, prohibiting the winner of that unlawful election from taking office, and ordering that a special election be held promptly]; *Coalition for Education in District One v. Board of Elections* (S.D.N.Y. 1974) 370 F.Supp. 42, 58, aff'd (2nd Cir. 1974) 495 F.2d 1090; *Tucker v. Burford* (N.D. Miss. 1985) 603 F.Supp. 276, 279; *Arbor Hill Concerned Citizens Neighborhood Ass'n v. County of Albany* (2d Cir. 2004) 357 F.3d 260, 262-63 [applauding the district court for ordering a special election]; *Montes v. City of Yakima* (E.D. Wash. 2015) 2015 WL 11120964, at p. 11, [explaining that a special election is often necessary to completely

¹⁸ Defendant argues that section 10010 of the Elections Code constrains this Court's ability to adopt a district plan without holding a series of public hearings. On the contrary, section 10010 speaks to what a political subdivision must do (e.g. a series of public hearings) in order to adopt district elections or propose a legislative plan remedy in a CVRA case, not what a court must do in completing its responsibility under section 14029 of the Elections Code to implement appropriate remedies tailored to remedy the violation. Defendant could have completed the process specified in section 10010 at any time in the course of this case, which has been pending for nearly 3 years. Even if Defendant had started the process of drawing districts only upon receiving this Court's November 8 Order (on November 13), it could have held the initial public meetings required by section 10010(a)(1) by November 19, and the additional public meetings the week of November 26, completing the process in advance of its November 30 remedies brief. To this Court's knowledge, even at the time of the present statement of decision, Defendant has failed to begin any remedial process of its own.

eliminate the stain of illegal elections]. As the Second District Court of Appeal held in *Jauregui*, "the appropriate remedies language in section 14029 extends to [remedial] orders of the type approved under the federal Voting Rights Act of 1965" (Jauregui, supra, at p. 807), so the logic of the courts for ordering special elections in all of these cases is equally applicable in this case.

From the beginning of the nomination period to election day, takes a little less than four months. (https://www.smvote.org/uploadedFiles/SMVote/2016(1)/Election%20Calendar_website.pdf.). Based on the path this Court has laid out, a final judgment in this case should be entered by no later than March 1, 2019. Therefore, a special election – a district-based election pursuant to the sevendistrict map (Tr. Ex. 261) – for all seven city council positions should be held on July 2, 2019. The votes can be tabulated within 30 days of the election, and the winners can be seated on the Santa Monica City Council at its first meeting in August 2019, so nobody who has not been elected through a lawful election consistent with this decision may serve on the Santa Monica City Council past August 15, 2019. Only in that way can the stain of the unlawful discriminatory at-large election system be promptly erased.

IX. CONCLUSION.

All Santa Monica residents deserve an equitable voice in their city government. Defendant's atlarge election system denies some of its residents that right in a discriminatory fashion, and violates both the CVRA and the Equal Protection Clause. Accordingly, this Court orders that, from the date of judgment, Defendant is prohibited from imposing its at-large election system, and must implement district-based elections for its city council in accordance with the seven-district map presented at trial (Tr. Ex. 261).

Dated: By: Hon. Yvette M. Palazuelos

Los Angeles Superior Court Judge

PROOF OF SERVICE 1013A(3) CCP Revised 5/I/88

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

I am employed in the County of Los Angeles, State of California. I am over the age of 18 and not a party to the within action; my business address is: 43364 10th Street West, Lancaster, California 93534.

On January 3, 2019, I served the foregoing document described as **[PROPOSED] STATEMENT OF DECISION** as follows:

*** See Attached Service List ***

BY MAIL as follows: I am "readily familiar" with the firm's practice of collection and processing correspondence for mailing. Under that practice it would be deposited with U. S. postal service on that same day with postage thereon fully prepaid at Lancaster, California in the ordinary course of business. I am aware that on motion of the party served, service is presumed invalid if postal cancellation date or postage meter date is more than one day after date of deposit for mailing in affidavit.

BY PERSONAL SERVICE as follows:

- [] I delivered such envelope by hand to the addressees at 111 North Hill Street, Los Angeles, CA 90012.
- []_ I caused the foregoing document described hereinabove to be personally delivered by hand by placing it in a sealed envelope or package addressed to the persons at the addresses listed on the attached service list and provided it to a professional messenger service whose name and business address is Team Legal, Inc., 40015 Sierra Highway, Suite B220, Palmdale, CA 93550.
- []__ I caused the foregoing document described hereinabove to be personally delivered by hand by placing it in a sealed envelope or package addressed to the persons at the addresses listed on the attached service list and provided it to a professional messenger service whose name and business address is First Legal Support Services,1511 West Beverly Blvd., Los Angeles, CA 90026.
- **BY FACSIMILE as follows:** I served such document(s) by fax at See Service List to the fax number provided by each of the parties in this litigation at Lancaster, California. I received a confirmation sheet indicating said fax was transmitted completely.
- BY GOLDEN STATE OVERNIGHT DELIVERY/OVERNIGHT MAIL as follows: I placed such envelope in a Golden State Overnight Delivery Mailer addressed to the above party or parties at the above address(es), with delivery fees fully pre-paid for next-business-day delivery, and delivered it to a Federal Express pick-up driver before 4:00 p.m. on the stated date.

1 2	[]	BY ELECTRONIC SERVICE as follows: Based on a court order, or an agreement of the parties to accept service by electronic transmission, I caused the documents to be sent to the persons at the electronic notification addressed listed on the attached Service List.
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4		Executed on January 3, 2019, at Lancaster, California.
5	<u>X</u>	(State) I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the above is true and correct.
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SERVICE LISTPico Neighborhood Association v. City of Santa Monica, California, et al.

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Superior Court of California County of Los Angeles

FEB 13 2019

RULING/ORDERS

Sherri R Carter Executive Officer/Clerk

By Neli M. Haya

Deputy

Pico Neighborhood Association, et al. v. City of Santa Monica, Case No.: BC616804

Defendant City of Santa Monica's Objections are extensive repetitions of their closing arguments. Nonetheless, the Court rules as follows:

Defendant's Objection 1:18-20 is SUSTAINED, except as the reference to dilution only. (Section 14027 refers to dilution or abridgment: "An at-large method of election may not be imposed or applied in a manner that impairs the ability of a protected class to elect candidates of its choice or its ability to influence the outcome of an election, as a result of the dilution or the abridgment of the rights of voters who are members of a protected class, as defined pursuant to Section 14026.")

Defendant's Objection 11:2-8 is SUSTAINED as to "serious" and "seriousness" only.

Defendant's Objection 11:8-15 is SUSTAINED as to "barely won" only.

Defendant's Objection 19:21 & fn. 9 is SUSTAINED as to "serious" only.

Defendant's Objection 17:4-21 is SUSTAINED as to "holistic" "serious" and "seriousness" only.

Defendant's Objection 17:25-18:1 is SUSTAINED as to "seriousness" only.

Defendant's Objection 28:18-21 is SUSTAINED as to Plaintiff's omission that "some members of the Committee on Interracial Progress supported the 1946 Santa Monica charter amendment and that none signed onto advertisements opposing it" only.

Defendant's Objection 13:10-14:8 is SUSTAINED as to Cottier v. City of Martin (8th Cir.2006) 445 F.3d 1113 only.

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CLERK TO GIVE NOTICE TO ALL PARTIES.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

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YVETTE M. PALAZUELOS

JUDGE OF THE SUPERIOR COURT



FILED
Superior Court of California
County of Los Angeles
FEB 1 3 2019

Sherri R. Carter Executive Officer/Clerk

By Deputy

Nell M. Raya

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

PICO NEIGHBORHOOD ASSOCIATION,) Case No.: BC616804 et al.)

Plaintiffs,) STATEMENT OF DECISION) vs.)

CITY OF SANTA MONICA,)

Defendant.)

Pursuant to CCP §632, the Court issues the following Statement of Decision in support of its Judgment after court trial:

INTRODUCTION

Plaintiffs' Pico Neighborhood Association ("PNA"), Maria
 Loya ("Loya"), filed a First Amended Complaint alleging two
 causes of action: 1) Violation of the California Voting Rights

Act of 2001 ("CVRA"); and 2) Violation of the Equal Protection Clause of the California Constitution ("Equal Protection Clause").

- Defendants answered the Complaint denying each of the foregoing allegations and raising certain affirmative defenses.
- 3. The action was tried before the Court on August 1, 2018 through September 13, 2018. After considering written closing briefs, the Court issued its Tentative Decision on November 8, 2018, finding in favor of Plaintiffs on both causes of action.
- 4. On November 15, 2018, Defendant requested a statement of decision.
- 5. The parties submitted further briefing regarding proposed remedies, and on December 7, 2018 a hearing was held on the issue of remedies. On December 12, 2018 the Court issued its Amended Tentative Decision again finding in favor of Plaintiffs on both causes of action. Defendant again requested a statement of decision.

THE CALIFORNIA VOTING RIGHTS ACT

6. "At-large" voting is an election method that permits voters of an entire jurisdiction to elect candidates to the seats of its governing board and which permits a plurality of voters to capture all of the available seats. Sanchez v. City of Modesto (2006) 145 Cal.App.4th 660. The U.S. Supreme Court "has long recognized that multi-member districts and at-large voting

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schemes may operate to minimize or cancel out the voting strength" of minorities. Thornburg v. Gingles (1986) 478 U.S. 30, 46-47; see also id. at 48, n. 14 (at-large elections may also cause elected officials to "ignore [minority] interests without fear of political consequences"), citing Rogers v. Lodge (1982) 458 U.S. 613, 623; White v. Regester (1973) 412 U.S. 755, In at-large elections, "the majority, by virtue of its numerical superiority, will regularly defeat the choices of minority voters." Gingles, supra, at 47. Section 2 of the federal Voting Rights Act ("FVRA"), 52 U.S.C. § 10101, et seq., targets, among other things, discriminatory at-large election schemes. Gingles, supra, 478 U.S. at 37. By enacting the CVRA, the California "Legislature intended to expand protections against vote dilution over those provided by the federal Voting Rights Act of 1965." Jauregui v. City of Palmdale (2014) 226 Cal.App.4th 781, 808. The CVRA "was enacted to implement the equal protection and voting quarantees of article I, section 7, subdivision (a) and article II, section 2" of the California Constitution. Id. at 793, citing § 140311. "Section 14027 [of the CVRA] sets forth the circumstances where an at-large electoral system may not be imposed ...: 'An at-

large method of election may not be imposed or applied in a

 $^{^{1}}$ Statutory citations are to the California Elections Code, unless otherwise indicated.

manner that impairs the ability of a protected class to elect candidates of its choice or its ability to influence the outcome of an election, as a result of the dilution or the abridgment of the rights of voters who are members of a protected class, as defined pursuant to Section 14026.'" Id., citing Sanchez, supra, 145 Cal.App.4th at 669. Section 14028 of the CVRA provides more clarity on how a violation of the CVRA is established: "A violation of Section 14027 is established if it is shown that racially polarized voting occurs in elections for members of the governing body of the political subdivision or in elections incorporating other electoral choices by the voters of the political subdivision."

- 9. "Section 14026, subdivision (e) defines racially polarized voting thusly: 'Racially polarized voting means voting in which there is a difference, as defined in case law regarding enforcement of the federal Voting Rights Act ([52 U.S.C. Sec. 10301 et seq.]), in the choice of candidates or other electoral choices that are preferred by voters in a protected class, and in the choice of candidates and electoral choices that are preferred by voters in the rest of the electorate." Jauregui, supra, 226 Cal.App.4th at 793.
- 10. "Proof of racially polarized voting patterns are established by examining voting results of elections where at least one candidate is a member of a protected class; elections

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involving ballot measures; or other 'electoral choices that affect the rights and privileges' of protected class members." Jauregui, supra, 226 Cal. App. 4th at 793 citing \$ 14028 subd. Racially polarized voting can be shown through quantitative statistical evidence, using the methods approved in federal Voting Rights Act cases. Id. at 794, quoting § 14026, subd. (e). ("The methodologies for estimating group voting behavior as approved in applicable federal cases to enforce the federal Voting Rights Act [52 U.S.C. Sec. 10301 et seg.] to establish racially polarized voting may be used for purposes of this section to prove that elections are characterized by racially polarized voting.") Additionally, "[t]here are a variety of [other] factors a court may consider in determining whether an at-large electoral system impairs a protected class's ability to elect candidates or otherwise dilute their voting power," including "the extent to which candidates who are members of a protected class and who are preferred by voters of the protected class, as determined by an analysis of voting behavior, have been elected to the governing body of a political subdivision that is the subject of an action" (§ 14028, subd. (b)) and the qualitative factors listed in Section 14028 subd.

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(e) which "are probative, but not necessary factors to establish a violation of [the CVRA]". Did. at 794.

11. Equally important to an understanding of the CVRA is what the CVRA directs the Court to consider in acknowledging what need not be shown to establish a violation of the CVRA. While the CVRA is similar to the FVRA in several respects, it is also different in several key respects, as the Legislature sought to remedy what it considered "restrictive interpretations given to the federal act." Assem. Com. on Judiciary, Analysis of Sen. Bill No. 976 (2001-2002 Reg. Sess.) as amended Apr. 9, 2002, at 2. For example: a) Unlike the FVRA, to establish a violation of the CVRA, plaintiffs need not show that a "majority-minority" district can be drawn. § 14028, subd. (c); Sanchez, supra, 145 Cal.App.4th at 669; b) Likewise, the factors enumerated in section 14028 subd. (e), which are modeled on, but also differ from, the FVRA's "Senate factors," are "not necessary [] to establish a violation." § 14028, subd. (e); and c) "[P]roof of

an intent to discriminate is [also] not an element of a

² Section 14028 subd. (e) provides: "Other factors such as the history of discrimination, the use of electoral devices or other voting practices or procedures that may enhance the dilutive effects of at-large elections, denial of access to those processes determining which groups of candidates will receive financial or other support in a given election, the extent to which members of a protected class bear the effects of past discrimination in areas such as education, employment, and health, which hinder their ability to participate effectively in the political process, and the use of overt or subtle racial appeals in political campaigns are probative, but not necessary factors to establish a violation of Section 14027 and this section."

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violation of [the CVRA]." Jauregui, supra, 226 Cal.App.4th at 2 794, citing § 14028, subd. (d). 3 12. The appellate courts that have addressed the CVRA have 4 noted that showing racially polarized voting establishes the at-5 large election system dilutes minority votes and therefore 6 violates the CVRA. Rey v. Madera Unified School Dist. (2012) 7 203 Cal.App.4th 1223, 1229 ("To prove a CVRA violation, the 8 plaintiffs must show that the voting was racially polarized. However, they do not need to either show that members of a 10 protected class live in a geographically compact area or 11 demonstrate a discriminatory intent on the part of voters or 12 officials."); Jauregui, supra, 226 Cal.App.4th at 798 ("The 13 trial court's unquestioned findings [concerning racially 14 polarized voting] demonstrate that defendant's at-large system 15 16 dilutes the votes of Latino and African American voters."); see 17 also Assem. Com. on Judiciary, Analysis of Sen. Bill No. 976 18 (2001-2002 Reg. Sess.) as amended Apr. 9, 2002, at 2 (The CVRA 19 "addresses the problem of racial block voting, which is 20 particularly harmful to a state like California due to its 21 diversity.") 22 13. The key element under the CVRA-"racially polarized voting"-23 consists of two interrelated elements: (1) "the minority group . 24 . is politically cohesive[;]" and (2) "the White majority

votes sufficiently as a bloc to enable it-in the absence of

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special circumstances-usually to defeat the minority's preferred candidate." Gomez v. City of Watsonville (9th Cir. 1988) 863 F.2d 1407, 1413, quoting Gingles, supra, 478 U.S. at 50-51. It is the combination of plurality-winner at-large elections and racially polarized voting that yields the harm the CVRA is intended to combat. Jauregui, supra, 226 Cal.App.4th at 789 (describing how vote dilution is proven in FVRA cases and how vote dilution is differently proven in CVRA cases). To an even greater extent than the FVRA, the CVRA expressly directs the courts, in analyzing "elections for members of the governing body of the [defendant]" to focus on those "elections in which at least one candidate is a member of a protected class." § 14028, subds. (a), (b). 14. Once liability is established under the CVRA, the Court has a broad range of remedies from which to choose in order to provide greater electoral opportunity, including both district and non-district solutions. § 14029; Sanchez, supra, 145 Cal.App.4th at 670; Jauregui, supra, 226 Cal.App.4th at 808 ("The Legislature intended to expand protections against vote dilution over those provided by the federal Voting Rights Act. It is incongruous to intend this expansion of vote dilution liability but then constrict the available remedies in the electoral context to less than those in the Voting Rights Act.

The Legislature did not intend such an odd result.")

15. In light of the broad range of remedies available to the Court, a plaintiff need not demonstrate the desirability of any particular remedy to establish a violation of the CVRA. § 14028, subd. (a); Assem. Com. on Judiciary, Analysis of Sen. Bill No. 976 (2001-2002 Reg. Sess.) as amended Apr. 9, 2002, p. 3 ("Thus, this bill puts the voting rights horse (the discrimination issue) back where it sensibly belongs in front of the cart (what type of remedy is appropriate once racially polarized voting has been shown.")

Defendant's "At Large" Elections³ Are Consistently Plagued By Racially Polarized Voting

16. The CVRA defines "racially polarized voting" as "voting in which there is a difference, as defined in case law regarding enforcement of the federal Voting Rights Act (42 U.S.C. § 1973 et seq.), in the choice of candidates or other electoral choices that are preferred by voters in a protected class, and in the choice of candidates and electoral choices that are preferred by voters in the rest of the electorate." § 14026, subd. (e).

The CVRA defines "[a]t-large method of election" as including any method" in which the voters of the entire jurisdiction elect the members to the governing body." § 14026 subd. (a). Though the parties did not stipulate to this element, Defendant has never disputed that it employs an at-large method of electing its city council. The CVRA explicitly grants standing to "any voter who is a member of a protected class and who resides in a political subdivision where a violation of [the CVRA] is alleged." (§ 14032). Though the parties did not stipulate to this element, Defendant has never disputed that Plaintiffs Maria Loya and Pico Neighborhood Association have standing.

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The federal jurisprudence regarding "racially polarized voting" over the past thirty-two years finds its roots in Justice Brennan's decision in Gingles, and in particular, the second and third "Gingles factors." Justice Brennan explained that racially polarized voting is tested by two criteria: (1) the minority group is politically cohesive; and (2) the majority group votes sufficiently as a bloc to enable it to usually defeat the minority group's preferred candidates. Gingles, supra, 478 U.S. at 30, 51. 18. A minority group is politically cohesive where it supports its preferred choices to a significantly greater degree than the majority group supports those same choices; in elections for office (as opposed to ballot measures), the CVRA focuses on elections in which at least one candidate is a member of the protected class of interest (§ 14028(b)), because those elections usually offer the most probative test of whether voting patterns are racially polarized. Gomez, supra, 863 F. 2d at 1416 ("The district court expressly found that predominantly Hispanic sections of Watsonville have, in actual elections, demonstrated near unanimous support for Hispanic candidates. This establishes the requisite political cohesion of the

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minority group.") The extent of majority "bloc voting"

sufficient to show racially polarized voting is that which

allows the White majority to "usually defeat the minority group's preferred candidate." Ibid. 19. As Justice Brennan explained, it is through establishment of this element that impairment is shown-i.e. that the "at-large method of election [is] imposed or applied in a manner that impairs the ability of a protected class to elect candidates of its choice or its ability to influence the outcome of an election." § 14027; Gingles, supra, 478 U.S. at 51 ("In establishing this last circumstance, the minority group demonstrates that submergence in a white multimember district impedes its ability to elect its chosen representatives.") 20. Gingles also set forth appropriate methods of identifying racially polarized voting; since individual ballots are not identified by race, race must be imputed through ecological demographic and political data. The long-approved method of ecological regression ("ER") yields statistical power to determine if there is racially polarized voting if there are not a sufficient number of racially homogenous precincts (90% or more of the precinct is of one particular ethnicity). Benavidez

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v. City of Irving (N.D. Tex. 2009) 638 F.Supp.2d 709, 723 ("HPA

were both approved in Gingles and have been utilized by numerous

courts in Voting Rights Act cases.") The CVRA expressly adopts

methods like ER that have been used in federal Voting Rights Act

[homogenous precinct analysis] and ER [ecological regression]

cases to demonstrate racially polarized voting. § 14026, subd.

(e) ("The methodologies for estimating group voting behavior as approved in applicable federal cases to enforce the federal

Voting Rights Act of 1965 (52 U.S.C. Sec. 10301 et seq.) to establish racially polarized voting may be used for purposes of this section to prove that elections are characterized by

racially polarized voting.")

21. At trial, Plaintiffs and Defendant offered the statistical analyses of their respective experts - Dr. J. Morgan Kousser and Dr. Jeffrey Lewis, respectively. Though the details and methods of their respective analyses differed in minor ways, the analyses by Plaintiffs' and Defendant's experts reveal the same thing - Santa Monica elections that are legally relevant under the CVRA are racially polarized. Analyzing elections over the past twenty-four years, a consistent pattern of racially-polarized voting emerges. In most elections where the choice is available, Latino voters strongly prefer a Latino candidate running for Defendant's city council, but, despite that support, the preferred Latino candidate loses. As a result, though

⁴ Dr. Kousser opined that his analysis demonstrates racially polarized voting. Though he had done so in other cases, Dr. Lewis reached no conclusions about racially polarized voting in this case, and declined to opine about whether his analysis demonstrated racially polarized voting. Another of Plaintiffs' experts, Justin 'Levitt, evaluated the results of Dr. Lewis' statistical analyses, and concluded, like Dr. Kousser, that all of the relevant elections evaluated by Dr. Lewis exhibit racially polarized voting, including in some instances racial polarization that is so "stark" that it is similar to the polarization "in the late '60s in the Deep South."

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Latino candidates are generally preferred by the Latino electorate in Santa Monica, only one Latino has been elected to the Santa Monica City Council in the 72 years of the current election system - 1 out of 71 to serve on the city council.

22. Dr. Kousser, a Caltech professor who has testified in many voting rights cases spanning more than 40 years, analyzed the elections specified by the CVRA: "elections for members of the governing body of the political subdivision . . . in which at least one candidate is a member of a protected class." § 14028 subds. (a), (b). The CVRA's focus on elections involving minority candidates is consistent with the view of a majority of federal circuit courts that racially-contested elections are most probative of an electorate's tendencies with respect to racially polarized voting.

⁵ U.S. v. Blaine Cty., Mont. (9th Cir. 2004) 363 F.3d 897, 911 (rejecting defendant's argument that trial court must give weight to elections involving no minority candidates); Ruiz v. City of Santa Maria (9th Cir. 1998) 160 F.3d 543, 553 ("minority v. non-minority election is more probative of racially polarized voting than a non-minority v. non-minority election" because "[t]he Act means more than securing minority voters' opportunity to elect whites."); Westwego Citizens for Better Gov't v. City of Westwego (5th Cir.1991) 946 F.2d 1109, 1119, n. 15 ("[T]he evidence most probative of racially polarized voting must be drawn from elections including both black and white candidates."); League of United Latin Am. Citizens, Council No. 4434 v. Clements (5th Cir. en banc 1993) 999 F.2d 831, 864 ("This court has consistently held that elections between white candidates are generally less probative in examining the success of minority-preferred candidates"); Citizens for a Better Gretna v. City of Gretna, La. (5th Cir.1987) 834 F.2d 496, 502 ("That blacks also support white candidates acceptable to the majority does not negate instances in which white votes defeat a black preference [for a black candidate]."); Jenkins v. Red Clay Consol. School Dist. Bd. of Educ. (3d Cir. 1993) 4 F.3d 1103, 1128-1129 ("The defendants also argue that the plaintiffs may not selectively choose which elections to analyze, but rather must analyze all the elections, including those involving only white candidates. It is only on the basis of such a comprehensive

23. In those elections, Dr. Kousser focused on the level of support for minority candidates from minority voters and majority voters respectively, just as the Court in Gingles, and many lower courts since then, have done. Gingles, supra, 478 U.S. at 58-61 ("We conclude that the District Court's approach, which tested data derived from three election years in each district, and which revealed that blacks strongly supported black candidates, while, to the black candidates' usual detriment, whites rarely did, satisfactorily addresses each facet of the proper legal standard."); Id. at 81 (Appendix A providing Dr. Grofman's ecological regression estimates for support for Black candidates from, respectively, White and Black voters); see also, e.g., Garza v. Cnty. of Los Angeles (C.D. Cal. 1990) 756 F. Supp. 1298, 1335-37, aff'd, 918 F.2d 763 (9th Cir. 1990) (summarizing the bases on which the court found racially polarized voting: "The results of the ecological regression analyses demonstrated that for all elections analyzed, Hispanic voters generally preferred Hispanic candidates over non-Hispanic candidates. ... Of the elections analyzed by plaintiffs' experts non-Hispanic voters provided majority support for the Hispanic candidates in only three elections, all partisan general election contests in which party

analysis, the defendants submit, that the court is able to evaluate whether or not there is a pattern of white bloc voting that usually defeats the minority voters' candidate of choice. We disagree.")

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affiliation often influences the behavior of voters"); Benavidez v. Irving Indep. Sch. Dist. (N.D. Tex. 2014) 2014 WL 4055366, *11-12 (finding racially polarized voting based on Dr. Engstrom's analysis which the court described as follows: "Dr. Engstrom then conducted a statistical analysis ... to estimate the percentage of Hispanic and non-Hispanic voters who voted for the Hispanic candidate in each election. ... Based on this analysis, Dr. Engstrom opined that voting in Irving ISD trustee elections is racially polarized.") 24. In its closing brief, Defendant argued that the Supreme Court in Gingles held that the race of a candidate is "irrelevant," but what Defendant fails to recognize is that the portion of Gingles it relies upon did not command a majority of the Court, and Defendant's reading of Gingles has been rejected by federal circuit courts in favor of a more practical racesensitive analysis. Ruiz v. City of Santa Maria, supra, 160 F.3d at 550-53 (collecting other cases rejecting Defendant's view and noting that "non-minority elections do not provide minority voters with the choice of a minority candidate and thus do not fully demonstrate the degree of racially polarized voting in the community.") To the extent there is any doubt about whether the race of a candidate impacts the analysis in FVRA cases, there can be no doubt under the CVRA; the statutory language mandates a focus on elections involving minority

candidates. §14028 subd. (b) ("The occurrence of racially polarized voting shall be determined from examining results of elections in which at least one candidate is a member of a protected class ... One circumstance that may be considered ... is the extent to which candidates who are members of a protected class and who are preferred by voters of the protected class ... have been elected to the governing body of the political subdivision that is the subject of an action ..."). In this analysis, it is not that minority support for minority candidates is presumed; to the contrary, it must be demonstrated. But both the CVRA and federal case law recognize that the most probative test for minority voter support and cohesion usually involves an election with the option of a minority candidate.

25. Dr. Kousser provided the details of his analysis, and concluded those elections demonstrate legally significant racially polarized voting.⁶ Specifically, Dr. Kousser evaluated the 7 elections for Santa Monica City Council between 1994 and 2016 that involved at least one Spanish-surnamed candidate⁷ and

⁶ Dr. Kousser presented his analyses using unweighted ER, weighted ER and ecological inference ("EI"). Dr. Kousser explained that, of these three statistical methods, weighted ER is preferable in this case. Dr. Kousser's conclusions were the same for each of these three methods, so, for the sake of brevity, only his weighted ER analysis is duplicated here.

⁷ One of Defendant's city council members, Gleam Davis, testified that she considers herself Latina because her biological father was of Hispanic descent (she was adopted at an early age by non-Hispanic white parents).

provided both the point estimates of group support for each candidate as well as the corresponding statistical errors (in parentheses in the charts below):

Weighted Ecological Regression⁸

Year	Latino	% Latino	% Non-	Polarized	Won?
	Candidate(s)	Support	Hispanic White Support		
1994	Vazquez	145.5	34.9 (1.9)	Yes	No
1996	Alvarez	(12.9)	15.8 (1.1)	No	No
2002	Aranda	82.6	16.5 (1.3)	Yes	No
2004	Loya	106.0 (12.3)	21.2 (2.0)	Yes	No
2008	Piera-Avila	33.3 (5.2)	5.7 (0.8)	Yes	No

Though that may be true, the Santa Monica electorate does not recognize her as Latina, as demonstrated by the telephone survey of registered voters conducted by Jonathan Brown; even her fellow council members did not realize she considered herself to be Latina until after the present case was filed. Consistent with the purpose of considering the race of a candidate in assessing racially polarized voting, it is the electorate's perception that matters, not the unknown self-identification of a candidate. Paragraph 24 herein.

Because each voter could cast votes for up to three or four candidates in a particular election, Prof. Kousser estimated the portion of voters, from each ethnic group, who cast at least one vote for each candidate.

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2012	Vazquez	92.7	19.1 (2.0)	Yes	Yes
	Gomez	(9.0)	2.9 (0.7)	Yes	No
	Duron	30.4	4.4 (0.6)	No	No
		(3.3)			
		5.0			
		(2.6)			
2016	de la Torre	88.0	12.9 (1.5)	Yes	No
	Vazquez	(6.0)	36.6 (2.3)	Yes	Yes
		78.3			
		(9.0)			

26. Non-Hispanic Whites voted statistically significantly differently from Latinos in 6 of the 7 elections. The ecological regression analyses of these elections also reveals that when Latino candidates run for the Santa Monica City Council, Latino voters cohesively support those Latino candidates — in all but one of those six elections, a Latino candidate received the most Latino votes, often by a large margin. And in all but one of those six elections, the Latino candidate most favored by Latino voters lost, making the racially polarized voting legally significant. Gingles, supra, 478 U.S. at 56 ("in general, a white bloc vote that normally will defeat the combined strength of minority support plus white 'crossover' votes rises to the level of legally significant white bloc voting.") Even in that one instance (2012 — Tony

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Vazquez), the Latino candidate who won came in fourth in a fourseat race in that unusual election, in which none of the
incumbents who had won four years earlier sought re-election.

Id. at 57, fn. 26 ("Furthermore, the success of a minority
candidate in a particular election does not necessarily prove
that the district did not experience polarized voting in that
election; special circumstances, such as the absence of an
opponent, incumbency, or the utilization of bullet voting, may
explain minority electoral success in a polarized contest. This
list of special circumstances is illustrative, not exclusive.")
27. In summary, Dr. Kousser's analysis revealed:

- In 1994, Latino voters heavily favored the lone Latino candidate - Tony Vazquez - but he lost.
- In 2002, the lone Latina candidate and resident of the Pico
 Neighborhood Josefina Aranda was heavily favored by Latino
 voters, but she lost.
- In 2004, the lone Latina candidate and resident of the Pico
 Neighborhood Maria Loya was heavily favored by Latino
 voters, but she lost.

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In 2008, the lone Latina candidate and resident of the Pico Neighborhood - Linda Piera-Avila - received significant support from Latino voters.9

- In 2012, two incumbents Richard Bloom and Bobby Shriver decided not to run for re-election, and the two other incumbents who had prevailed in 2008 - Ken Genser and Herb Katz - died during their 2008-12 terms. The leading Latino candidate - Tony Vazquez - was heavily favored by Latino voters but did not receive nearly as much support from non-Hispanic White voters. He was able to eke out a victory, coming in fourth place in this four-seat race.
- Finally, in 2016, a race for four city council positions, Oscar de la Torre - a Latino resident of the Pico Neighborhood was heavily favored by Latinos, but lost. In 2016, Mr. de la Torre received more support from Latinos than did Mr. Vazquez. This is the prototypical illustration of legally significant racially polarized voting - Latino voters favor Latino candidates, but non-Latino voters vote against those candidates, and therefore the favored candidates of the Latino community

⁹ At trial, Dr. Kousser explained that even though Ms. Piera-Avila did not receive support from a majority of Latinos, the contrast between the levels of support she received from Latinos and non-Hispanic whites, respectively, nonetheless demonstrate racially polarized voting, just as the Gingles court found very similar levels of support for Mr. Norman in the 1978 and 1980 North Carolina House races to likewise be consistent with a finding of racially polarized voting. Gingles, supra, 478 U.S. at 81, Appx. A.

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Gingles, supra, 478 U.S. at 58-61 ("We conclude that the District Court's approach, which tested data derived from three election years in each district, and which revealed that blacks strongly supported black candidates, while, to the black candidates' usual detriment, whites rarely did, satisfactorily addresses each facet of the proper legal standard.") 28. Defendant argues that the Court should disregard Mr. de la Torre's 2016 candidacy because, according to Defendant, Mr. de la Torre intentionally lost that election. But Defendant presented no evidence that Mr. de la Torre did not try to win that election, and Mr. de la Torre unequivocally denied that he deliberately attempted to lose that election. And, the ER analysis by Dr. Lewis further undermines Defendant's assertion -Mr. de la Torre received essentially the same level of support from Latino voters in the 2016 council election as he did in his 2014 election for school board, an odd result if Mr. de la Torre had tried to win one election and lose the other. 29. All of this led Dr. Kousser to conclude: "[b]etween 1994 and 2016 [] Santa Monica city council elections exhibit legally significant racially polarized voting" and "the at-large election system in Santa Monica result[s] in Latinos having less opportunity than non-Latinos to elect representatives of their choice" to the city council. This Court agrees.

30. Defendant's expert, Dr. Lewis, did not disagree. In fact, he confirmed all of the indicia of racially polarized voting in all of the Santa Monica City Council elections he analyzed involving at least one Latino candidate, as well as in other elections. Specifically, Dr. Lewis confirmed that his ER and EI results demonstrate: (1) that the Latino candidates for city council generally received the most votes from Latino voters; (2) that those Latino candidates received far less support from non-Hispanic Whites; and (3) the difference in levels of support between Latino and non-Hispanic White voters were statistically significant applying even a 95% confidence level (with the lone exception of Steve Duron):

Year	Latino	% Latino	% Non-
	Candidate(s)	Support	Ḥispanic
		36.1	White Support
2002	Aranda	69 (10)	16 (1)
2004	Loya	106 (14)	21 (2)
2008	Piera-Avila	32 (4)	6 (1)
2012	Vazquez	90 (6)	20 (1)
	Gomez	29 (2)	3 (1)
	Duron	5. (2)	4 (0)
2016	de la Torre	87 (4)	14 (1)
	Vazquez	65 (7)	34 (2)

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31. Dr. Lewis also analyzed elections for other local offices (e.g. school board and college board) and ballot measures such as Propositions 187 (1994), 209 (1996) and 227 (1998). The instant case concerns legal challenges to the election structure for the Santa Monica City Council; where there exist legally relevant election results concerning the Santa Monica City Council, those elections will necessarily be most probative. Consistent with FVRA cases that have addressed the relevance and weight of "exogenous" elections, this Court gives exogenous elections less weight than the endogenous elections discussed above. Bone Shirt v. Hazeltine (8th Cir. 2006) 461 F.3d 1011 (acknowledging that exogenous elections are of much less probative value than endogenous elections, some federal courts have relied upon exogenous elections involving minority candidates to further support evidence of racially polarized voting in endogenous elections); Jenkins, supra, 4 F.3d at 1128-1129 (same); Rodriguez v. Harris Cnty, Texas (2013) 964 F.Supp.2d 686 (same); Citizens for a Better Gretna, supra, 834 F.2d at 502-503 ("Although exogenous elections alone could not prove racially polarized voting in Gretna aldermanic elections, the district court properly considered them as additional evidence of bloc voting - particularly in light of the sparsity of available data."); Clay v. Board of Educ. of City of St. Louis (8th Cir. 1996) 90 F.3d 1357, 1362 (exogenous elections

"should be used only to supplement the analysis of" endogenous elections); Westwego Citizens for Better Gov't, supra, 946 F.2d at 1109 (analysis of exogenous elections appropriate because no minority candidates had ever run for the governing board of the defendant).

32. The focus on endogenous elections is particularly appropriate in this case because, as several witnesses confirmed, the political reality of Defendant's city council elections is very different than that of elections for other governing boards with more circumscribed powers, such as school board and rent board. Dr. Lewis' ER and EI analyses show that non-Hispanic White voters in Santa Monica will support Latino candidates for offices other than city council. For example, according to Dr. Lewis, Mr. de la Torre received votes from 88% of Latino voters and 33% of non-Hispanic White voters in his school board race in 2014, and when he ran for city council just two years later he received essentially the same level of support from Latino voters (87%) but much less support from non-Hispanic Whites (14%) than he had received in the school board race.

33. Regardless of the weight given to exogenous elections, they may not be used to undermine a finding of racially polarized voting in endogenous elections. Bone Shirt, supra, 461 F.3d at 1020-1021 ("Endogenous and interracial elections are the best

indicators of whether the white majority usually defeats the minority candidate... Although they are not as probative as endogenous elections, exogenous elections hold some probative value."); Rural West Tenn. African American Affairs Council v. Sundquist (W.D. Tenn. 1998) 29 F.Supp.2d 448, 457 ("Certainly, the voting patterns in exogenous elections cannot defeat evidence, statistical or otherwise, about endogenous elections."), quoting Cofield v. City of LaGrange, Ga. (N.D.Ga.1997) 969 F.Supp. 749, 773. To hold otherwise would only serve to perpetuate the sort of glass ceiling that the CVRA and FVRA are intended to eliminate.

34. Nonetheless, exogenous elections in Santa Monica further support the conclusion that the levels of support for Latino

34. Nonetheless, exogenous elections in Santa Monica further support the conclusion that the levels of support for Latino candidates from Latino and non-Hispanic White voters, respectively, is always statistically significantly different, with non-Hispanic White voters consistently voting against the Latino candidates who are overwhelmingly supported by Latino voters.

Election	Latino Candidate(s)	% Latino Support	% Non-Hispanic White Support
2002 - school board	de la Torre	107 (13)	34 (2)
2004 - school	Jara	113 (13)	37 (2)

board	Leon-Vazquez	98 (9)	44 (2)
	Escarce	74 (8)	44 (1)
2004 - college	Quinones-Perez	55 (5)	21 (1)
board			
2006 - school	de la Torre	95 (12)	40 (1)
board			
2008 - school	Leon-Vazquez	101 (8)	40 (1)
board	Escarce	68 (6)	36 (1)
2008 - college	Quinones-Perez	58 (6)	35 (1)
board			
2010 - school	de la Torre	94 (8)	33 (1)
board			
2012 - school	Leon-Vazquez	92 (7)	32 (1)
board	Escarce	62 (6)	29 (1)
2014 - school	de la Torre	88 (7)	33 (1)
board			
2014 - college	Loya	84 (3)	27 (1)
board			
2014 - rent	Duron	46 (8)	23 (1)
board			
2016 - college	Quinones-Perez	85 (5)	36 (1)
board			

Lewis also questioned the propriety of using those methods. Dr.

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Lewis showed that the "neighborhood model" yields different estimates, but the neighborhood model does not fit real-world patterns of voting behavior for particular candidates and the use of the neighborhood model to undermine ER has been rejected by other courts. Garza, supra, 756 F. Supp. at 1334. Dr. Lewis claimed that the lack of data from predominantly Hispanic precincts in Santa Monica renders the ER and EI estimates unreliable, but that argument too has been rejected by the courts. Fabela v. City of Farmers Branch, Tex. (N.D. Tex. Aug. 2, 2012) 2012 WL 3135545, *10-11, n. 25, n. 33 (relying on EI despite the absence of "precincts with a high concentration of Hispanic voters"); Benavidez, supra, 638 F. Supp. 2d at 724-25 (approving use of ER and EI where the precincts analyzed all had "less than 35%" Spanish-surnamed registered voters); Perez v. Pasadena Indep. Sch. Dist. (S.D. Tex. 1997) 958 F. Supp. 1196, 1205, 1220-21, 1229, aff'd (5th Cir. 1999) 165 F.3d 368 (relying on ER to show racially polarized voting where the polling place with the highest Latino population was 35% Latino). To disregard ER and EI estimates because of a lack of predominantly minority precincts would also be contrary to the intent of the Legislature in expressly disavowing a requirement that the minority group is concentrated. § 14028 subd. (c) ("[t]he fact that members of a protected class are not geographically compact

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or concentrated may not preclude a finding of racially polarized voting.")

36. Moreover, the comparably low percentage of Latinos among the actual voters in Santa Monica precincts is due in part to the reduced rates of voter registration and turnout among eligible Latino voters. Where limitations in the data derive from reduced political participation by members of the protected class, it would be inappropriate to discard the ER results on that basis, because to do so "would allow voting rights cases to be defeated at the outset by the very barriers to political participation that Congress has sought to remove." Perez, supra, 958 F. Supp. at 1221 quoting Clark v. Calhoun Cty. (5th Cir. 1996) 88 F.3d 1393, 1398.

37. Dr. Lewis argued that using Spanish-surname matching to estimate the Latino proportion of voting precincts causes a "skew," but he also acknowledged that Spanish surname matching is the best method for estimating the Latino proportion of each precinct, and the conclusion of racially polarized voting in this case would not change even if the estimates were adjusted to account for any skew. Finally, Dr. Lewis showed that ER and EI do not produce accurate estimates of Democratic Party registration among Latinos in Santa Monica, but that does not undermine the validity or propriety of ER and EI to estimate

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voting behavior in this case. Luna v. Cnty. of Kern (E.D. Cal. 2018) 291 F. Supp. 3d 1088, 1123-25 (rejecting the same argument). 38. Most importantly, the CVRA directs the Court to credit the statistical methods accepted by federal courts in FVRA cases, including ER and EI, and Dr. Lewis did not suggest or employ any method that could more accurately estimate group voting behavior in Santa Monica. § 14026 subd. (e) ("The methodologies for estimating group voting behavior as approved in applicable federal cases to enforce the federal Voting Rights Act of 1965 [52 U.S.C. Sec. 10301 et seq.] to establish racially polarized voting may be used for purposes of this section to prove that elections are characterized by racially polarized voting.") 39. In its closing brief, Defendant argues that there is no racially polarized voting because at least half of what Defendant calls "Latino-preferred" candidacies have been successful in Santa Monica. But that mechanical approach suggested by Defendant - treating a Latino candidate who receives the most votes from Latino voters (and loses, based on the opposition of the non-Hispanic White electorate) the same as a White candidate who receives the second, third or fourth-most votes from Latino voters (and wins, based on the support of the non-Hispanic White electorate) - has been expressly rejected by the courts. Ruiz, supra, 160 F.3d at 554 (rejecting the district court's "mechanical approach" that viewed the victory

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of a White candidate who was the second-choice of Latinos in a multi-seat race as undermining a finding of racially polarized voting where Latinos' first choice was a Latino candidate who lost: "The defeat of Hispanic-preferred Hispanic candidates, however, is more probative of racially polarized voting and is entitled to more evidentiary weight. The district court should also consider the order of preference non-Hispanics and Hispanics assigned Hispanic-preferred Hispanic candidates as well as the order of overall finish of these candidates."); see also id. at 553 ("But the Act's guarantee of equal opportunity is not met when . . . [c]andidates favored by [minorities] can win, but only if the candidates are white." (citations and internal quotations omitted)]; Smith v. Clinton (E.D. Ark. 1988) 687 F.Supp. 1310, 1318, aff'd, 488 U.S. 988 (1988) (it is not enough to avoid liability under the FVRA that "candidates favored by blacks can win, but only if the candidates are white."); Clarke v. City of Cincinnati (6th Cir. 1994) 40 F.3d 807, 812 (voting rights laws' "quarantee of equal opportunity is not met when [] candidates favored by [minority voters] can win, but only if the candidates are white.") 40. An approach that accounts for the political realities of the jurisdiction is required, particularly in light of purpose of the CVRA. Jauregui, supra, 226 Cal.App.4th at 807 ("Thus, the Legislature intended to expand the protections against vote

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dilution provided by the federal Voting Rights Act of 1965."); Assem. Com. on Judiciary, Analysis of Sen. Bill No. 976 (2001-2002 Reg. Sess.) as amended Apr. 9, 2002, at 2 (the Legislature sought to remedy what it considered "restrictive interpretations given to the federal act."); Cf. Gingles, supra, 478 U.S. at 62-63 ("appellants' theory of racially polarized voting would thwart the goals Congress sought to achieve when it amended § 2, and would prevent courts from performing the 'functional' analysis of the political process, and the 'searching practical evaluation of the past and present reality"). To disregard or discount both the order of preference of minority voters and the demonstrated salience of the races of the candidates, as Defendant suggests, would actually exculpate discriminatory atlarge election systems where there is a paucity of minority candidates willing to run in the at-large system - itself a symptom of the discriminatory election system. Westwego Citizens for Better Government, supra, 872 F. 2d at 1208-1209, n. 9 ("it is precisely this concern that underpins the refusal of this court and of the Supreme Court to preclude vote dilution claims where few or no black candidates have sought offices in the challenged electoral system. To hold otherwise would allow voting rights cases to be defeated at the outset by the very barriers to political participation that Congress has sought to remove.")

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candidate and, in a multi-seat plurality at-large election, can prefer more than one candidate, perhaps to varying degrees, but that does not mean that this Court should blind itself to the races of the candidates, the order of preference of minority voters, and the political realities of Defendant's elections. When Latino candidates have run for Santa Monica's city council, they have been overwhelmingly supported by Latino voters, receiving more votes from Latino voters than any other candidates. And absent unusual circumstances, because the remainder of the electorate votes against the candidates receiving overwhelming support from Latino voters, those candidates generally still lose. That demonstrates legally relevant racially polarized voting under the CVRA. Gingles, supra, 478 U.S. at 58-61 ("We conclude that the District Court's approach, which tested data derived from three election years in each district, and which revealed that blacks strongly supported black candidates, while, to the black candidates' usual detriment, whites rarely did, satisfactorily addresses each facet of the proper legal standard.")

41. No doubt, a minority group can prefer a non-minority

The Qualitative Factors Further Support a Finding of Racially

Polarized Voting and a Violation of the CVRA

42. Section 14028(e) allows plaintiffs to supplement their statistical evidence with other evidence that is "probative, but

not necessary [] to establish a violation" of the CVRA. That section provides in relevant part that: "[a] history of discrimination, the use of electoral devices or other voting. practices or procedures that may enhance the dilutive effects of at-large elections, denial of access to those processes determining which groups of candidates will receive financial or other support in a given election, the extent to which members of a protected class bear the effects of past discrimination in areas such as education, employment, and health, which hinder their ability to participate effectively in the political process, and the use of overt or subtle racial appeals in political campaigns." See also, Assembly Committee Analysis of SB 976 (Apr. 2, 2002). These "probative, but not necessary" factors further support a finding of racially polarized voting in Santa Monica and a violation of the CVRA.

History Of Discrimination.

43. In Garza, supra, 756 F.Supp. at 1339-1340, the court detailed how "[t]he Hispanic community in Los Angeles County has borne the effects of a history of discrimination." The court described the many sources of discrimination endured by Latinos in Los Angeles County: "restrictive real estate covenants [that] have created limited housing opportunities for the Mexican-origin population"; the "repatriation" program in which "many legal resident aliens and American citizens of Mexican

descent were forced or coerced out of the country"; segregation in public schools; exclusion of Latinos from "the use of public facilities" such as public swimming facilities; and "English language literacy [being] a prerequisite for voting" until 1970. Id. at 1340-41. Since Santa Monica is within Los Angeles County, Plaintiffs do not need to re-prove this history of discrimination in this case. Clinton, supra, 687 F. Supp. at 1317 ("We do not believe that this history of discrimination, which affects the exercise of the right to vote in all elections under state law, must be proved anew in each case under the Voting Rights Act.") 44. Nonetheless, at trial Plaintiffs presented evidence that this same sort of discrimination was perpetuated specifically against Latinos in Santa Monica - e.g. restrictive real estate covenants, and approximately 70% of Santa Monica voters voting in favor of Proposition 14 in 1964 to repeal the Rumford Fair Housing Act and therefore again allow racial discrimination in housing; segregation in the use of public swimming facilities; repatriation and voting restrictions applicable to all of California, including Santa Monica.

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The Use Of Electoral Devices Or Other Voting Practices Or Procedures That May Enhance The Dilutive Effects Of At-Large Elections

45. Defendant stresses that its elections are free of many devices that dilute (or have diluted) minority votes in other jurisdictions, such as numbered posts and majority vote requirements. Nevertheless, the staggering of Defendant's city council elections enhances the dilutive effect of its at-large election system. City of Lockhart v. U.S. (1983) 460 U.S. 125, 135 ("The use of staggered terms also may have a discriminatory effect under some circumstances, since it . . . might reduce the opportunity for single-shot voting or tend to highlight individual races.")

The Extent To Which Members Of A Protected Class Bear The

Effects Of Past Discrimination In Areas Such As Education,

Employment, And Health, Which Hinder Their Ability To

Participate Effectively In The Political Process.

46. "Courts have [generally] recognized that political participation by minorities tends to be depressed where minority groups suffer effects of prior discrimination such as inferior education, poor employment opportunities and low incomes."

Garza, supra, 756 F.Supp. at 1347, citing Gingles, supra, 478

U.S. at 69. Where a minority group has less education and wealth than the majority group, that disparity "necessarily

inhibits full participation in the political process" by the minority. Clinton, supra, 687 F.Supp. at 1317.

47. As revealed by the most recent Census, Whites enjoy significantly higher income levels than their Hispanic and African American neighbors in Santa Monica — a difference far greater than the national disparity. This is particularly problematic for Latinos in Santa Monica's at-large elections because of how expensive those elections have become — more than one million dollars was spent in pursuit of the city council seats available in 2012, for example. There is also a severe achievement gap between White students and their African American and Hispanic peers in Santa Monica's schools that may further contribute to lingering turnout disparities.

The Use Of Overt Or Subtle Racial Appeals In Political Campaigns.

- 48. In 1994, after opponents of Tony Vazquez advertised that he had voted to allow "Illegal Aliens to Vote" and characterized him as the leader of a Latino gang, causing Mr. Vazquez to lose that election, he let his feelings be known to the Los Angeles Times: "Vazquez blamed his loss on 'the racism that still exists in our city. ... The racism that came out in this campaign was just unbelievable.'"
- 49. More recent racial appeals, though less overt, have been used to defeat other Latino candidates for Santa Monica's city

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council. For example, when Maria Loya ran in 2004, she was frequently asked whether she could represent all Santa Monica residents or just "her people" - a question that non-Hispanic White candidates were not asked. These sorts of racial appeals are particularly caustic to minority success, because they not only make it more difficult for minority candidates to win, but they also discourage minority candidates from even running.

Lack Of Responsiveness To The Latino Community.

50. Although not listed in section 14028(e), the unresponsiveness of Defendant to the needs of the Latino community is a factor probative of impaired voting rights.

Gingles, supra, 478 U.S. at 37, 45; \$14028 subd.(e) (indicating that list of factors is not exhaustive - "Other factors such as the history of discrimination ...") (emphasis added)). That unresponsiveness is a natural, perhaps inevitable, consequence of the at-large election system that tends to cause elected officials to "ignore [minority] interests without fear of political consequences." Gingles, supra, 478 U.S. at 48, n. 14.

51. The elements of the city that most residents would want to put at a distance - the freeway, the trash facility, the city's maintenance yard, a park that continues to emit poisonous methane gas, hazardous waste collection and storage, and, most

recently, the train maintenance yard - have all been placed in

the Latino-concentrated Pico Neighborhood. Some of these

undesirable elements - e.g., the 10-freeway and train maintenance yard - were placed in the Pico Neighborhood at the direction, or with the agreement, of Defendant or members of its city council.

52. Defendant's various commissions (planning commission, arts commission, parks and recreation commission, etc.), the members of which are appointed by Defendant's city council, are nearly devoid of Latino members, in sharp contrast to the significant proportion (16%) of Santa Monica residents who are Latino. That near absence of Latinos on those commissions is important not only in city planning but also for political advancement: in the past 25 years there have been 2 appointments to the Santa Monica City Council, and both of the appointees had served on the planning commission.

The At-Large Election System Dilutes the Latino Vote in Santa Monica City Council Elections.

53. Defendant argues that, in addition to racially polarized voting, "dilution" is a separate element of a violation of the CVRA. Even if "dilution" were an element of a CVRA claim, separate and apart from a showing of racially polarized voting, the evidence still demonstrates dilution by the standard proposed by Defendant in its closing brief - "that some alternative method of election would enhance Latino voting power." At trial, Plaintiffs presented several available

remedies (district-based elections, cumulative voting, limited voting and ranked choice voting), each of which would enhance Latino voting power over the current at-large system.

54. While it is impossible to predict with certainty the results of future elections, the Court considered the national, state and local experiences with district elections, particularly those involving districts in which the minority group is not a majority of the eligible voters, other available remedial systems replacing at-large elections, and the precinct-level election results in past elections for Santa Monica's city council. Based on that evidence, the Court finds that the district map developed by Mr. Ely, and adopted by this Court as an appropriate remedy, will likely be effective, improving Latinos' ability to elect their preferred candidate or influence the outcome of such an election.

The CVRA Is Not Unconstitutional

- 55. Defendant argues that the CVRA is unconstitutional, pursuant to a line of cases beginning with Shaw, supra, 509 U.S. 630. As the court in Sanchez held, the CVRA is not unconstitutional; Shaw is simply not applicable. Sanchez, supra, 145 Cal.App.4th at 680-682.
- 56. Defendant's argument that the CVRA is unconstitutional begins with the already-rejected notion that the CVRA is subject to strict scrutiny because it employs a racial classification.

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The court in Sanchez rejected that very argument. Sanchez, supra, 145 Cal.App.4th at 680-682. Rather, although "the CVRA involves race and voting, ... it does not allocate benefits or burdens on the basis of race"; it is race-neutral in that it neither singles out members of any one race nor advantages or disadvantages members of any one race. Id. at 680. Accordingly, the CVRA is not subject to strict scrutiny; it is subject to the more permissive rational basis test, which the Sanchez court held it easily passes. Ibid. 57. Defendant seems to suggest that even though the CVRA was not subject to strict scrutiny in Sanchez, it must be subject to strict scrutiny in Santa Monica under Shaw, because any remedy in Santa Monica will inevitably be based predominantly on race. But, as discussed below, the remedy selected by this Court was not based predominantly on race - the district map was drawn

based on the non-racial criteria enumerated in Elections Code

section 21620. Moreover, Shaw and its progeny do not require

strict scrutiny every time that race is pertinent in electoral

proceedings. Instead, the Shaw line of cases, which focus on

the expressive harm to voters conveyed by particular district

lines, require strict scrutiny when "race was the predominant

significant number of voters within or without a particular

district[.]" Ala. Legislative Black Caucus v. Ala. (2015) 135

factor motivating the legislature's decision to place a

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1 S. Ct. 1257, 1267, quoting Miller v. Johnson (1995) 515 U.S. 2 900, 916. This standard does not govern liability under the 3 CVRA, and does not govern the imposition of a remedy in the 4 abstract (e.g., whether district lines should be drawn or an 5 alternative voting system imposed), but rather it governs the 6 imposition of particular lines in particular places affecting 7 particular voters. 8 The CVRA is silent on how district lines must be drawn, or even if districts are necessarily the appropriate remedy. 10 Sanchez, supra, 145 Cal.App.4th at 687 ("Upon a finding of 11 liability, [the CVRA] calls only for appropriate remedies, not 12 for any particular, let alone any improper, use of race.") 13 Court is unaware of any applicable case, finding a Shaw 14 15 violation based on the adoption of district elections, as 16 opposed to where lines are drawn (and as explained below, the 17 appropriate remedial lines in this case were not drawn 18 predominantly based on race). That is precisely why the Sanchez 19 court rejected the City of Modesto's similar reliance on Shaw in 20 that case. Id. at 682-683. 21 59. The State of California has a legitimate-indeed compelling-22 interest in preventing race discrimination in voting and in 23 particular curing demonstrated vote dilution. This interest is 24 consistent with and reflects the purposes of the California 25 Constitution as well as the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Amendments

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to the United States Constitution. § 14027 (identifying the abridgment of voting rights as the end to be prohibited); § 14031 (indicating that the CVRA was "enacted to implement the guarantees of Section 7 of Article I and of Section 2 of Article II of the California Constitution"); Cal. Const., Art. I, § 7 (guaranteeing, among other rights, the right to equal protection of the laws); id. Art. II, § 2 (guaranteeing the right to vote); Sanchez at 680 (identifying "[c]uring vote dilution" as a purpose of the CVRA.) The CVRA, which provides a private right of action to seek remedies for vote dilution, is rationally related to the State's interest in curing vote dilution, protecting the right to vote, protecting the right to equal protection of the laws, and protecting the integrity of the electoral process. Jauregui, supra, 226 Cal.App.4th at 799-801; Sanchez, supra, 145 Cal.App.4th at 680. 60. As discussed above, Defendant's election system has resulted in vote dilution - the very injury that the CVRA is intended to prevent and remedy - and, though not required by the CVRA, the evidence explored below even indicates that the dilution remedied in this case was the product of intentional discrimination. And, as discussed below, there are several remedial options to effectively remedy that vote dilution in

this case. Accordingly, the CVRA is constitutional and easily

satisfies the rational basis test, on its face and in its specific application to Defendant.

61. Even if strict scrutiny were found to apply to the CVRA,

the CVRA is narrowly tailored to achieve a compelling state interest and therefore also satisfies that test. First, California has compelling interests in protecting all of its citizens' rights to vote and to participate equally in the political process, protecting the integrity of the electoral process, and in ensuring that its laws and those of its subdivisions do not result in vote dilution in violation of its robust commitment to equal protection of the laws. Cal. Const., Art. I, § 7, Art. II, § 2; Elec. Code §§ 14027, 14031; Jauregui, supra, 226 Cal.App.4th at 799-801; Sanchez, supra, 145 Cal.App.4th at 680.

62. Second, the CVRA is narrowly tailored to achieve its compelling interests in preventing the abridgment of the right to vote. The CVRA requires a person to demonstrate the existence of racially polarized voting to prove a violation. § 14028 subd. (a). Where racially polarized voting does not exist, the CVRA will not require a remedy. As with the FVRA, both the findings of liability and the establishment of a remedy under the CVRA do not rely on assumptions about race, but rather on factual patterns specific to particular communities in particular geographic regions, based on electoral evidence.

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Compare, Shaw, supra, 509 U.S. at 647-648 (unconstitutional racial gerrymandering is based on the assumption that "members of the same racial group-regardless of their age, education, economic status, or the community in which they live-think alike, share the same political interests, and will prefer the same candidates at the polls") with id. at 653 (distinguishing the Voting Rights Act, in which "racial bloc voting and minority-group political cohesion never can be assumed, but specifically must be proved in each case" based on evidence of group voting behavior.) And though federal cases have not considered the CVRA specifically in this regard, the Supreme Court has repeatedly implied that remedies narrowly drawn to combat racially polarized voting and discriminatory vote dilution will survive strict scrutiny. 10 As a result, the CVRA sweeps no wider than necessary to equitably secure for Californians their rights to vote and to participate in the political process. Jauregui, supra, 226 Cal.App.4th at 802.

League of United Latin Am. Citizens v. Perry (2006) 548 U.S. 399, 475, n.12 (Stevens, J., joined by Breyer, J., concurring in part and dissenting in part); id. at 518-519 (Scalia, J., joined by Thomas, J., Alito, J., and Roberts, C.J., concurring in the judgment in part and dissenting in part); Bush v. Vera (1996) 517 U.S. 952, 990, 994 (O'Connor, J., concurring); Shaw, supra, 509 U.S. at 653-54. Indeed, just last year, in Bethune-Hill v. Va. State Bd. of Elections (2017) 137 S. Ct. 788, the Supreme Court upheld a Virginia state Senate district against challenge on the theory that it was predominantly driven by race, but in a manner designed to meet strict scrutiny through compliance with the Voting Rights Act. Id. at 802. Neither party contested that compliance with the Voting Rights Act would satisfy strict scrutiny, but the Court does not usually permit the litigants to concede the justification for its most exacting level of scrutiny.

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And if the CVRA generally satisfies strict scrutiny, it satisfies strict scrutiny in application here, where as described below, the dilution remedied was proven to be the product of intentional discrimination.

THE EQUAL PROTECTION CLAUSE OF THE CALIFORNIA CONSTITUTION

63. Article I, section 7 of the California Constitution mirrors the Equal Protection Clause of the U.S. Constitution (Fourteenth Amendment). 11 Where governmental actions or omissions are motivated by a racially discriminatory purpose they violate the Equal Protection Clause, and when voting rights are implicated, "[t]he Supreme Court has established that official actions motivated by discriminatory intent 'have no legitimacy at all . N.C. State Conference NAACP v. McCrory (4th Cir. 2016) 831 F.3d 204, 239 (surveying Supreme Court cases); see also generally Garza v. County of Los Angeles (9th Cir. 1990) 918 F.2d 763, cert. denied (1991) 111 S.Ct. 681. Neither the passage of time, nor the modification of the original enactment, can save a provision enacted with discriminatory intent. Id.; Hunter v. Underwood (1985) 471 U.S. 222 (invalidating a provision of the 1901 Alabama Constitution because it was motivated by a desire to disenfranchise African Americans, even though its "more blatantly discriminatory" portions had since been removed.)

Other than provisions relating exclusively to school integration, Article I section 7 provides "A person may not be deprived of life, liberty, or property without due process of law or denied equal protection of the laws."

64. "Determining whether invidious discriminatory purpose was a motivating factor demands a sensitive inquiry into such circumstantial and direct evidence of intent as may be available. ... [including] the historical background of the decision." Village of Arlington Heights v. Metro. Housing Dev. Corp. (1977) 429 U.S. 252, 266-68. Sometimes, racially discriminatory intent can be demonstrated by the clear statements of one or more decision makers. But, recognizing that these "smoking gun" admissions of racially discriminatory intent are exceedingly rare, in Arlington Heights, the U.S. Supreme Court described a number of potential, non-exhaustive, sources of evidence that might shed light on the question of discriminatory intent in the absence of a smoking gun admission:

The impact of the official action -- whether it bears more heavily on one race than another, may provide an important starting point. Sometimes a clear pattern, unexplainable on grounds other than race, emerges from the effect of the state action even when the governing legislation appears neutral on its face. The evidentiary inquiry is then relatively easy. But such cases are rare. Absent a pattern as stark as that in Gomillion or Yick Wo, impact alone is not determinative, and the Court must look to other evidence. The historical background of the decision

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is one evidentiary source, particularly if it reveals a series of official actions taken for invidious purposes. The specific sequence of events leading up to the challenged decision also may shed some light on the decision maker's purposes. ... Departures from the normal procedural sequence also might afford evidence that improper purposes are playing a role. Substantive departures too may be relevant, particularly if the factors usually considered important by the decision maker strongly favor a decision contrary to the one reached. The legislative or administrative history may be highly relevant, especially where there are contemporary statements by members of the decision-making body, minutes of its meetings, or reports. In some extraordinary instances, the members might be called to the stand at trial to testify concerning the purpose of the official action, although even then such testimony frequently will be barred by privilege. The foregoing summary identifies, without purporting to be exhaustive, subjects of proper inquiry in determining whether racially discriminatory intent existed.

Id. at 266-268 (citations omitted). "[P]laintiffs are not required to show that [discriminatory] intent was the sole

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purpose of the [challenged government decision]," or even the "primary purpose," just that it was "a purpose." Brown v. Board of Com'rs of Chattanooga, Tenn. (E.D. Tenn. 1989) 722 F. Supp. 380, 389, citing Arlington Heights at 265 and Bolden v. City of Mobile (S.D. Ala. 1982) 543 F. Supp. 1050, 1072.

Defendant's At-Large Election System Violates The Equal Protection Clause Of The California Constitution.

Defendant's at-large election system was adopted and/or maintained with a discriminatory intent on at least two occasions - in 1946 and in 1992, either of which necessitates this Court invalidating the at-large election system. Hunter v. Underwood (1985) 471 U.S. 222 (invalidating a provision of the 1901 Alabama Constitution because it was motivated by a desire to disenfranchise African Americans, even though its "more blatantly discriminatory" portions had since been removed); Brown, supra 722 F. Supp. at 389 (striking at-large election system based on discriminatory intent in 1911 even absent discriminatory intent in maintaining that system in decisions of 1957, the late 1960s and early 1970s). In the early 1990s, the Charter Review Commission, impaneled by Defendant's city council, concluded that "a shift from the at-large plurality system currently in use" was necessary "to distribute empowerment more broadly in Santa Monica, particularly to ethnic groups ..." Even back in 1946, it was understood that at-large

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elections would "starve out minority groups," leaving "the Jewish, colored [and] Mexican [no place to] go for aid in his special problems" "with seven councilmen elected AT-LARGE ... mostly originat[ing] from [the wealthy White neighborhood] North of Montana [and] without regard [for] minorities." Yet, in each instance Defendant chose at-large elections.

1946

Defendant's current at-large election system has a long history that has its roots in 1946. In 1946, Defendant adopted its current council-manager form of government, and chose an atlarge elected city council and school board. The at-large election feature remains in Defendant's city charter. Santa Monica Charter § 600 ("The City Council shall consist of seven members elected from the City at large ..."), § 900. As Dr. Kousser's testimony at trial and his report to the Santa Monica Charter Review Committee in 1992 explained, proponents and opponents of the at-large system alike, bluntly recognized that the at-large system would impair minority representation. And, another ballot measure involving a pure racial issue was on the ballot at the same time in 1946 - Proposition 11, which sought to ban racial discrimination in employment. Dr. Kousser's statistical analysis shows a strong correlation between voting in favor of the at-large charter provision and against the contemporaneous Proposition 11, further demonstrating the

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understanding that at-large elections would prevent minority representation.

When the Arlington Heights factors are each considered, those non-exhaustive factors militate in favor of finding discriminatory intent in the 1946 adoption of the current at large election system. The discriminatory impact of the atlarge election system was felt immediately after its adoption in 1946. Though several ran, no candidates of color were elected to the Santa Monica City Council in the 1940s, 50s or 60s. Bolden v. City of Mobile (S.D. Ala. 1982) 542 F.Supp. 1070, 1076 (relying on the lack of success of Black candidates over several decades to show disparate impact, even without a showing that Black voters voted for each of the particular Black candidates going back to 1874.) Moreover, the impact on the minorityconcentrated Pico Neighborhood over the past 72 years, discussed above, also demonstrates the discriminatory impact of the atlarge election system in this case. Gingles 478 U.S. at 48, n. 14 (describing how at-large election systems tend to cause elected officials to "ignore [minority] interests without fear of political consequences.")

68. The historical background of the decision in 1946 also weighs in favor of a finding of discriminatory intent. At-large elections were known to disadvantage minorities, and that was understood in Santa Monica in 1946. The non-White population in

Santa Monica was growing at a faster rate than the White population — enough that the chief newspaper in Santa Monica, the Evening Outlook, was alarmed by the rate of increase in the non-white population. The fifteen Freeholders, who proposed only at-large elections to the Santa Monica electorate in 1946, were all White, and all but one lived on the wealthier, Whiter side of Wilshire Boulevard. At-large elections were, therefore, in their self-interest, and at least three of the Freeholders successfully ran for seats on the city council in the years that followed.

69. The Santa Monica commissioners had adopted a resolution calling for all Japanese Americans to be deported to Japan rather than being allowed to return to their homes after being interned, Los Angeles County had been marred by the zoot suit riots, and racial tensions were prevalent enough in Santa Monica that a Committee on Interracial Progress was necessary.

However, Defendants correctly point out (in their Objections to Plaintiff's proposed statement of decision) that some members of the Committee on Interracial Progress supported the 1946 Santa Monica charter amendment and that none signed onto advertisements opposing it. Indeed, minority leaders, including one the city's most prominent African Americans, Rev. W.P.

70. The Court has weighed the historical evidence, including the endorsement of the charter amendment by some minority leaders, and the Court finds that the evidence of discriminatory intent outweighs the contrary evidence. The Court draws the inferences that the creation of the Committee on Interracial Progress was an acknowledgment of racial tension, that those members were aware that the election of minority candidates was an issue with the charter amendment, and that the members of the Committee on Interracial Progress were hopeful that the charter amendment (which increased the governing body from three to seven, among other things) would increase the number of minorities elected to the governing body. The charter amendment was approved and, despite the hopefulness, did not result in the election of minorities for decades.

- 71. At the same time as the 1946 Santa Monica charter amendment was approved, a significant majority of Santa Monica voters voted against Proposition 11, which would have outlawed racial discrimination in employment, and Dr. Kousser's EI analysis shows a very strong correlation between voting for the charter amendment and against Proposition 11.
- 72. The sequence of events leading up to the adoption of the at-large system in 1946 likewise supports a finding of discriminatory intent. As Dr. Kousser detailed, in 1946, the Freeholders waffled between giving voters a choice of having

some district elections or just at-large elections, and ultimately chose to only present an at-large election option despite the recognition that district elections would be better for minority representation.

73. The substantive and procedural departures from the norm

also support a finding of discriminatory intent. In 1946, the Freeholders' reversed course on offering to the voters a hybrid system (some district, and some at-large, elected council seats) in the wake of discussion of minority representation, and, after a series of votes the local newspaper called "unexpected," offered the voters only the option of at-large elections.

74. The legislative and administrative history in 1946 is difficult to discern. There appears to have been no report of the Freeholders' discussions, but the statements by proponents and opponents of the charter amendment demonstrate that all understood that at-large elections would diminish minorities' influence on elections.

75. After winning a FVRA case ending at-large elections in Watsonville in 1989, Joaquin Avila (later principally involved in drafting the CVRA) and other attorneys began to file and threaten to file lawsuits challenging at-large elections throughout California on the grounds that they discriminated against Latinos. The Santa Monica Citizens United to Reform

1 Elections (CURE) specifically noted the Watsonville case in 2 urging the Santa Monica City Council to place the issue of 3 substituting district for at-large elections on the ballot, 4 allowing Santa Monica voters to decide the question. With the 5 issue of at-large elections diluting minority vote receiving . 6 increased attention in Santa Monica and throughout California, 7 Defendant appointed a 15-member Charter Review Commission to 8 study the matter and make recommendations to the City Council. 76. As part of their investigation, the Charter Review 10 Commission sought the analysis of Plaintiff's expert, Dr. 11 Kousser, who had just completed his work in Garza regarding 12 discriminatory intent in the way Los Angeles County's 13 supervisorial districts had been drawn. Dr. Kousser was asked 14 15 whether Santa Monica's at-large election system was adopted or 16 maintained for a discriminatory purpose, and Dr. Kousser 17 concluded that it was, for all of the reasons discussed above. 18 Based on their extensive study and investigations, the near-19 unanimous Charter Review Commission recommended that Defendant's 20 at-large election system be eliminated. The principal reason 21 for that recommendation was that the at-large system prevents 22 minorities and the minority-concentrated Pico Neighborhood from 23 having a seat at the table. 24

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77. That recommendation went to the City Council in July 1992,

and was the subject of a public city council meeting. Excerpts

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from the video of that hours-long meeting were played at trial, and provide direct evidence of the intent of the then-members of Defendant's City Council. One speaker after another - members of the Charter Review Commission, the public, an attorney from the Mexican American Legal Defense and Education Fund, and even a former councilmember - urged Defendant's City Council to change its at-large election system. Many of the speakers specifically stressed that the at-large system discriminated against Latino voters and/or that courts might rule that they did in an appropriate case. Though the City Council understood well that the at-large system prevented racial minorities from achieving representation - that point was made by the Charter Review Commission's report and several speakers and was never challenged - the members refused by a 4-3 vote to allow the voters to change the system that had elected them. 78. Councilmember Dennis Zane explained his professed reasoning: in a district system, Santa Monica would no longer be able to place a disproportionate share of affordable housing into the minority-concentrated Pico Neighborhood, where, according to the unrefuted remarks at the July 1992 council meeting, the majority of the city's affordable housing was already located, because the Pico Neighborhood district's representative would oppose it. Mr. Zane's comments were candid 25 and revealing. He specifically phrased the issue as one of

Latino representation versus affordable housing: "So you gain the representation but you lose the housing." While this professed rationale could be characterized as not demonstrating that Mr. Zane or his colleagues "harbored any ethnic or racial animus toward the . . . Hispanic community," it nonetheless reflects intentional discrimination—Mr. Zane understood that his action would harm Latinos' voting power, and he took that action to maintain the power of his political group to continue dumping affordable housing in the Latino-concentrated neighborhood despite their opposition. Garza, supra, 918 F.2d at 778 (J. Kozinski, concurring) (finding that incumbents preserving their power by drawing district lines that avoided a higher proportion of Latinos in one district was intentionally discriminatory despite the lack of any racial animus), cert. denied (1991) 111 S.Ct. 681.

79. In addition to Mr. Zane's contemporaneous explanation of his own decisive vote, the Court also considers the circumstantial evidence of intent revealed by the Arlington
Heights factors. While those non-exhaustive factors do not each

¹² Mr. Zane's insistence on a tradeoff between Latino representation and policy goals that he believed would be more likely to be accomplished by an at-large council echoed comments of the Santa Monica Evening Outlook, the chief sponsor of and spokesman for the charter change to an at-large city council in 1946. "[G]roups such as organized labor and the colored people," the newspaper announced, should realize that "The interest of minorities is always best protected by a system which favors the election of liberal-minded persons who are not compelled to play peanut politics. Such liberal-minded persons, of high caliber, will run for office and be elected if elections are held at large."

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reveal discrimination to the same extent, on balance, they also militate in favor of finding discriminatory intent in this case. The discriminatory impact of the at-large election system was felt immediately after its maintenance in 1992. The first and only Latino elected to the Santa Monica City Council lost his re-election bid in 1994 in an election marred by racial appeals - a notable anomaly in Santa Monica where election records establish that incumbents lose very rarely. Bolden v. City of Mobile (S.D. Ala. 1982) 542 F.Supp. 1050, 1076 (relying on the lack of success of Black candidates over several decades to show disparate impact, even without a showing that Black voters voted for each of the particular Black candidates going back to 1874.) Moreover, the impact on the minority-concentrated Pico Neighborhood over the past 72 years, discussed above, also demonstrates the discriminatory impact of the at-large election system in this case, and has continued well past 1992. Gingles, supra, 478 U.S. at 48, n. 14 (describing how at-large election systems tend to cause elected officials to "ignore [minority] interests without fear of political consequences.") 80. The historical background of the decision in 1992 also militate in favor of finding a discriminatory intent. At-large elections are well known to disadvantage minorities, and that was well understood in Santa Monica in 1992. In 1992, the non-White population was sufficiently compact (in the Pico

Neighborhood) that Dr. Leo Estrada concluded that a council district could be drawn with a combined majority of Latino and African American residents. While the Santa Monica City Council of the late 1980s and early 1990s was sometimes supportive of policies and programs that benefited racial minorities, as pointed out by Defendant's expert, Dr. Lichtman, the members also supported a curfew that Santa Monica's lone Latino council member described as "institutional racism," as pointed out by Dr. Kousser, and they understood that district elections would undermine the slate politics that had facilitated the election of many of them.

81. The sequence of events leading up to the maintenance of the at-large system in 1992, likewise supports a finding of discriminatory intent. In 1992, the Charter Review Commission, and the CURE group before that, intertwined the issue of district elections with racial justice, and the connection was clear from the video of the July 1992 city council meeting, immediately prior to Defendant's city council voting to prevent Santa Monica voters from adopting district elections.

82. The substantive and procedural departures from the norm also support a finding of discriminatory intent. In 1992, the Charter Review Commission recommended scrapping the at-large election system, principally because of its deleterious effect on minority representation. While Defendant's City Council

adopted nearly all of the Charter Review Commission's recommendations, it refused to adopt any change to the at-large elections or even submit the issue to the voters.

83. Finally, as discussed above, the legislative and administrative history in 1992, specifically the Charter Review Commission report and the video of the July 1992 city council meeting, demonstrates a deliberate decision to maintain the existing at-large election structure because of, and not merely despite, the at-large system's impact on Santa Monica's minority population.

REMEDIES

- 84. Having found that Defendant's election system violates the CVRA and the Equal Protection Clause, the Court must implement a remedy to cure those violations. The CVRA specifies that the implementation of appropriate remedies is mandatory.
- 85. "Upon a finding of a violation of Section 14027 and Section 14028, the court shall implement appropriate remedies, including the imposition of district-based elections, that are tailored to remedy the violation." Elec. Code § 14029. The federal courts in FVRA cases have similarly and unequivocally held that once a violation is found, a remedy must be adopted. Williams v.

 Texarkana, Ark. (8th Cir. 1994) 32 F.3d 1265, 1268 (Once a violation of the FVRA is found, "[i]f [the] appropriate

 legislative body does not propose a remedy, the district court

1 must fashion a remedial plan"); Bone Shirt, supra, 387 F.Supp.2d 2 at 1038 (same); Reynolds v. Sims (1964) 377 U.S. 533, 585 3 ("[O]nce a State's legislative apportionment scheme has been 4 found to be unconstitutional, it would be the unusual case in 5 which a court would be justified in not taking appropriate 6 action to insure that no further elections are conducted under 7 the invalid plan.") Likewise, in regards to an Equal Protection 8 violation implicating voting rights, "[t]he Supreme Court has established that official actions motivated by discriminatory 10 intent 'have no legitimacy at all ' Thus, the proper 11 remedy for a legal provision enacted with discriminatory intent 12 is invalidation." McCrory, supra, 831 F.3d at 239 (surveying 13 Supreme Court cases.) 14 15 86. Once liability is established under the CVRA, the Court has 16 a broad range of remedies from which to choose. § 14029 ("Upon 17 a finding of a violation of Section 14027 and Section 14028, the 18 court shall implement appropriate remedies, including the 19 imposition of district-based elections, that are tailored to 20 remedy the violation."); Sanchez, supra, 145 Cal.App.4th at 670. 21 The range of remedies from which the Court may choose is at 22 least as broad as those remedies that have been adopted in FVRA 23 cases. Jauregui, supra, 226 Cal.App.4th at 807 ("Thus, the 24 Legislature intended to expand the protections against vote 25 dilution provided by the federal Voting Rights Act of 1965. It

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would be inconsistent with the evident legislative intent to expand protections against vote dilution to narrowly limit the scope of . . . relief as defendant asserts. Logically, the appropriate remedies language in section 14029 extends to . . . orders of the type approved under the federal Voting Rights Act of 1965.") Thus, the range of remedies available to the Court includes not only the imposition of district-based elections per § 14029, but also, for example, less common at-large remedies imposed in FVRA cases such as cumulative voting, limited voting and unstaggered elections. U.S. v. Village of Port Chester (S.D.N.Y. 2010) 704 F.Supp.2d 411 (ordering cumulative voting and unstaggering elections); U.S. v. City of Euclid (N.D. Ohio 2008) 580 F.Supp.2d 584 (ordering limited voting). The Court may also order a special election. Neal v. Harris (4th Cir. 1987) 837 F.2d 632, 634 (affirming trial court's order requiring a special election, during the terms of the members elected under the at-large system, rather than awaiting the date of the next regularly scheduled election, when their terms would have expired.); Ketchum v. City Council of Chicago (N.D Ill. 1985) 630 F.Supp. 551, 564-566 (ordering special elections to replace aldermen elected under a system that violated the FVRA); Bell v. Southwell (5th. Cir. 1967) 376 F.2d 659, 665 (voiding an unlawful election, prohibiting the winner of that unlawful election from taking office, and ordering that a special

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election be held promptly); Coalition for Education in District One v. Board of Elections (S.D.N.Y. 1974) 370 F.Supp. 42, 58, aff'd (2nd Cir. 1974) 495 F.2d 1090; Tucker v. Burford (N.D. Miss. 1985) 603 F. Supp. 276, 279; Arbor Hill Concerned Citizens Neighborhood Ass'n v. County of Albany (2d Cir. 2004) 357 F.3d 260, 262-263 (applauding the district court for ordering a special election.) Indeed, courts have even used their remedial authority to remove all members of a city council where necessary. Bell v. Southwell (5th Cir. 1967) 367 F.2d 659, 665; Williams v. City of Texarkana (W.D. Ark. 1993) 861 F. Supp. 771, aff'd (8th Cir. 1994) 32 F.3d 1265; Hellebust v. Brownback (10th Cir. 1994) 42 F.3d 1331). 87. The broad remedial authority granted to the Court by Section 14029 of the CVRA extends to remedies that are inconsistent with a city charter, Jauregui at 794-804, and even remedies that would otherwise be inconsistent with state laws enacted prior to the CVRA. Id. at 804-808 (affirming the trial court's injunction, pursuant to section 14029 of the CVRA, prohibiting the City of Palmdale from certifying its at-large election results despite that injunction being inconsistent with Code of Civil Procedure section 526(b)(4) and Civil Code section 3423(d)). Likewise, because the California Constitution is supreme over state statutes, any remedy for Defendant's violation of the Equal Protection Clause is unimpeded by

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administrative state statutes. Am. Acad. of Pediatrics v. Lungren (1997) 16 Cal.4th 307 (invalidating a state statute because it impinged upon rights quaranteed by the California Constitution). Voting rights are the most fundamental in our democratic system; when those rights have been violated, the Court has the obligation to ensure that the remedy is up to the task. 88. Any remedial plan should fully remedy the violation. Dillard v. Crenshaw Cnty., Ala. (11th Cir. 1987) 831 F.2d 246, 250 ("The court should exercise its traditional equitable powers to fashion the relief so that it completely remedies the prior dilution of minority voting strength and fully provides equal opportunity for minority citizens to participate and to elect candidates of their choice. ... This Court cannot authorize an element of an election proposal that will not with certitude completely remedy the [] violation."); Harvell v. Blytheville Sch. Dist. No. 5 (8th Cir. 1997) 126 F.3d 1038, 1040 (affirming trial court's rejection of defendant's plan because it would not "completely remedy the violation"; LULAC Council No. 4836 v. Midland Indep. Sch. Dist. (W.D. Tex. 1986) 648 F.Supp. 596, 609; United States v. Osceola Cnty., Fla. (M.D. Fla. 2006) 474

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explained that the court's duty is to both remedy past harm and

prevent future violations of minority voting rights: "[T]he

F.Supp.2d 1254, 1256. The United States Supreme Court has

1 court has not merely the power, but the duty, to render a decree 2 which will, so far as possible, eliminate the discriminatory 3 effects of the past as well as bar like discrimination in the 4 future." Louisiana v. United States (1965) 380 U.S. 145, 154; 5 Buchanan v. City of Jackson, Tenn., (W.D. Tenn. 1988) 683 F. 6 Supp. 1537, 1541 (same, rejecting defendant's hybrid at-large 7 remedial plan.) 8 89. The remedy for a violation of the Equal Protection Clause 9 should likewise be prompt and complete. Courts have 10 consistently held that intentional racial discrimination is so 11 caustic to our system of government that once intentional 12 discrimination is shown, "the 'racial discrimination must be 13 eliminated root and branch'" by "a remedy that will fully 14 15 correct past wrongs." N. Carolina NAACP v. McCrory (4th Cir. 16 2016) 831 F.3d 204, 239, quoting Green v. Cty. Sch. Bd. (1968) 17 391 U.S. 430, 437-439, Smith v. Town of Clarkton (4th Cir. 1982) 18 682 F.2d 1055, 1068.) 19 90. It is also imperative that once a violation of voting 20 rights is found, remedies be implemented promptly, lest minority 21 residents continue to be deprived of their fair representation. 22 Williams v. City of Dallas (N.D. Tex. 1990) 734 F.Supp. 1317 23 ("In no way will this Court tell African-Americans and Hispanics 24 that they must wait any longer for their voting rights in the 25 City of Dallas.") (emphasis in original).

91. Though other remedies, such as cumulative voting, limited voting and ranked choice voting, are possible options in a CVRA action and would improve Latino voting power in Santa Monica, the Court finds that, given the local context in this case - including socioeconomic and electoral patterns, the voting experience of the local population, and the election administration practicalities present here - a district-based remedy is preferable. The choice of a district-based remedy is also consistent with the overwhelming majority of CVRA and FVRA cases.

92. At trial, only one district plan was presented to the Court - Trial Exhibit 261. That plan was developed by David Ely, following the criteria mandated by Section 21620 of the Elections Code, applicable to charter cities. The populations of the proposed districts are all within 10% of one another; areas with similar demographics (e.g. socio-economic status) are grouped together where possible and the historic neighborhoods of Santa Monica are intact to the extent possible; natural boundaries such as main roads and existing precinct boundaries are used to divide the districts where possible; and neither race nor the residences of incumbents was a predominant factor in drawing any of the districts.

93. Trial testimony revealed that jurisdictions that have switched from at-large elections to district elections as a

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result of CVRA cases have experienced a pronounced increase in minority electoral power, including Latino representation. Even in districts where the minority group is one-third or less of a district's electorate, minority candidates previously unsuccessful in at-large elections have won district elections. Florence Adams, Latinos and Local Representation: Changing Realities, Emerging Theories (2000), at 49-61. The particular demographics and electoral experiences of Santa Monica suggest that the seven-district plan would similarly result in the increased ability of the minority population to elect candidates of their choice or influence the outcomes of elections. Mr. Ely's analysis of various elections shows that the Latino candidates preferred by Latino voters perform much better in the Pico Neighborhood district of Mr. Ely's plan than they do in other parts of the city - while they lose citywide, they often receive the most votes in the Pico Neighborhood district. The Latino proportion of eligible voters is much greater in the Pico Neighborhood district than the city as a whole. In contrast to 13.64% of the citizen-voting-agepopulation in the city as a whole, Latinos comprise 30% of the citizen-voting-age-population in the Pico Neighborhood district. That portion of the population and citizen-voting-age-population

falls squarely within the range the U.S. Supreme Court deems to

be an influence district. Georgia v. Aschcroft (2003) 539 U.S.

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461, 470-471, 482 (evaluating the impact of "influence districts," defined as districts with a minority electorate "of between 25% and 50%.") Testimony established that Latinos in the Pico Neighborhood are politically organized in a manner that would more likely translate to equitable electoral strength. Testimony also established that districts tend to reduce the campaign effects of wealth disparities between the majority and minority communities, which are pronounced in Santa Monica. 95. Though given the opportunity to do so, Defendant did not propose a remedy. The six-week trial of this case was not bifurcated between liability and remedies. Though Plaintiffs presented potential remedies at trial, Defendant did not propose any remedy at all in the event that the Court found in favor of Plaintiffs. On November 8, 2018, the Court gave Defendant another opportunity, ordering the parties to file briefs and attend a hearing on December 7, 2018 "regarding the appropriate/preferred remedy for violation of the [CVRA]."13

The schedule set by this Court on November 8, 2018 is in line with what other courts have afforded defendants to propose a remedy following a determination that voting rights have been violated. Williams v. City of Texarkana (W.D. Ark. 1992) 861 F.Supp. 756, 767 (requiring the defendant to submit its proposed remedy 16 days after finding Texarkana's at-large elections violated the FVRA), aff'd (8th Cir. 1994) 32 F.3d 1265; Larios v. Cox (N.D. Ga. 2004) 300 F.Supp.2d 1320, 1356-1357 (requiring the Georgia legislature to propose a satisfactory apportionment plan and seek Section 5 preclearance from the U.S. Attorney General within 19 days); Jauregui v. City of Palmdale, No. BC483039, 2013 WL 7018376 (Aug. 27, 2013) (scheduling remedies hearing for 24 days after the court mailed its decision finding a violation of the CVRA).

1 Still, Defendant did not propose a remedy, other than to say 2 that it prefers the implementation of district-based elections 3 over the less-common at-large remedies discussed at trial. 4 Where a defendant fails to propose a remedy to a voting rights 5 violation on the schedule directed by the court, the court must 6 provide a remedy without the defendant's input. Williams v. 7 City of Texarkana (8th Cir. 1994) 32 F.3d 1265, 1268 ("If [the] 8 appropriate legislative body does not propose a remedy, the district court must fashion a remedial plan."); Bone Shirt v. 10 Hazeltine (D.S.D. 2005) 387 F.Supp.2d 1035, 1038 (same). 11 96. Defendant argues that section 10010 of the Elections Code 12 constrains the Court's ability to adopt a district plan without 13 holding a series of public hearings. On the contrary, section 14 15 10010 speaks to what a political subdivision must do (e.g. a 16 series of public hearings) in order to adopt district elections 17 or propose a legislative plan remedy in a CVRA case, not what a 18 court must do in completing its responsibility under section 19 14029 of the Elections Code to implement appropriate remedies 20 tailored to remedy the violation. Defendant could have 21 completed the process specified in section 10010 at any time in 22 the course of this case, which has been pending for nearly 3 23 years. Even if Defendant had started the process of drawing 24 districts only upon receiving this Court's November 8 Order (on 25 November 13), it could have held the initial public meetings

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required by section 10010(a)(1) by November 19, and the additional public meetings the week of November 26, completing the process in advance of its November 30 remedies brief. To the Court's knowledge, even at the time of the present statement of decision, Defendant has failed to begin any remedial process of its own. 97. In order to eliminate the taint of the illegal at-large election system in this case, in a prompt and orderly manner, a special election for all seven council seats is appropriate. Other courts have similarly held that a special election is appropriate, where an election system is found to violate the FVRA. Neal, supra, 837 F.2d at 632-634 ("[o]nce it was determined that plaintiffs were entitled to relief under section 2, ... the timing of that relief was a matter within the discretion of the court."); Ketchum, supra, 630 F.Supp. at 564-566; Bell v. Southwell (5th. Cir. 1967) 376 F.2d 659, 665 (voiding an unlawful election, prohibiting the winner of that unlawful election from taking office, and ordering that a special election be held promptly); Coalition for Ed. in Dist. One v. Board of Elections of City of N.Y. (S.D.N.Y. 1974) 370 F.Supp. 42, 58, aff'd (2nd Cir. 1974) 495 F.2d 1090; Tucker v. Burford (N.D. Miss. 1985) 603 F.Supp. 276, 279; Arbor Hill Concerned Citizens v. Cnty. of Albany (2d Cir. 2004) 357 F.3d

260, 262-63 (applauding the district court for ordering a

special election); Montes v. City of Yakima (E.D. Wash. 2015)
2015 WL 11120964, at p. 11, (explaining that a special election is often necessary to completely eliminate the stain of illegal elections). As the Second District Court of Appeal held in Jauregui, "the appropriate remedies language in section 14029 extends to [remedial] orders of the type approved under the federal Voting Rights Act of 1965," Jauregui, supra, 226
Cal.App.4th at 807, so the logic of the courts for ordering special elections in all of these cases is equally applicable in this case.

98. From the beginning of the nomination period to election day, takes a little less than four months.

https://www.smvote.org/uploadedFiles/SMVote/2016(1)/Election%20C alendar_website.pdf. Based on the path this Court has laid out, a final judgment in this case should be entered by no later than March 1, 2019. Therefore, a special election - a district-based election pursuant to the seven-district map, Tr. Ex. 261, for all seven city council positions should be held on July 2, 2019. The votes can be tabulated within 30 days of the election, and the winners can be seated on the Santa Monica City Council at its first meeting in August 2019, so nobody who has not been elected through a lawful election consistent with this decision may serve on the Santa Monica City Council past August 15, 2019. Only in that way can the stain of the unlawful discriminatory

at-large election system be promptly erased.

CONCLUSION

99. Defendant's at-large election system violates both the CVRA and the Equal Protection Clause of the California Constitution.

100. Accordingly, the Court orders that, from the date of judgment, Defendant is prohibited from imposing its at-large election system, and must implement district-based elections for its city council in accordance with the seven-district map presented at trial. Tr. Ex. 261.

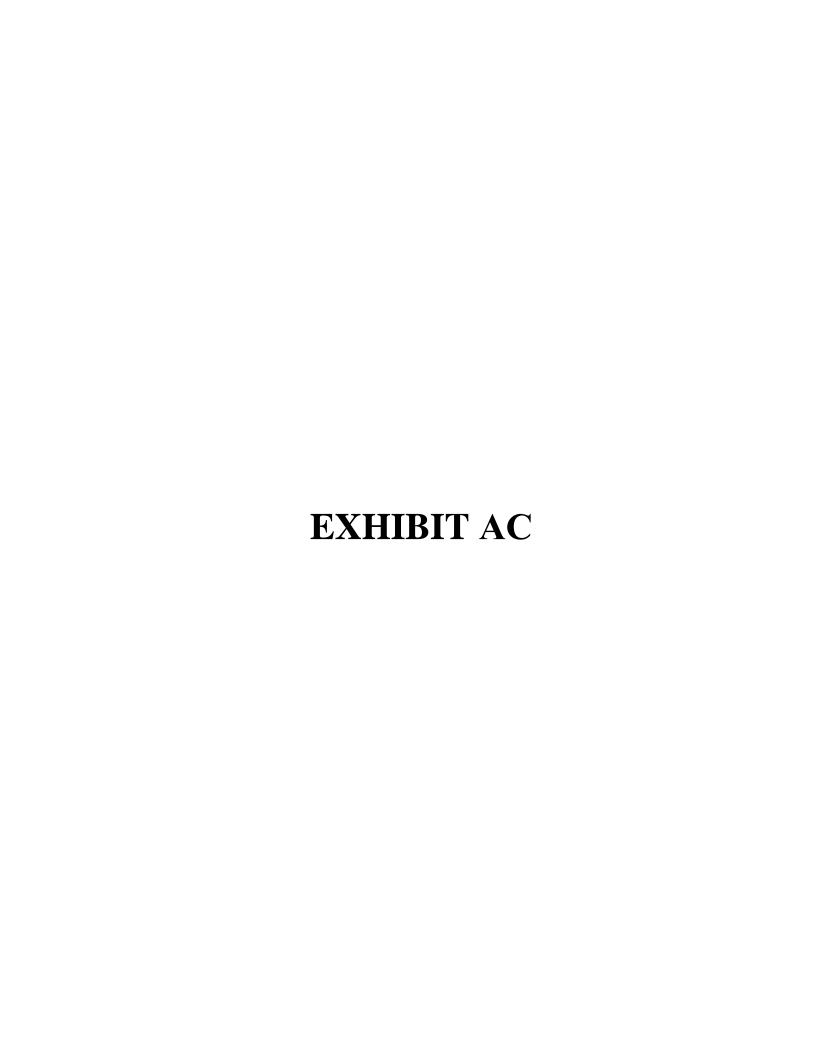
CLERK TO GIVE WRITTEN NOTICE.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED: February 13, 2019

VETTE M. PALAZUELOS

UUDGE OF THE SUPERIOR COURT



F:\ctyclerk\Elections\110502.election.doc\resos\results-resolution.doc City Council Meeting: December 10, 2002 Santa Monica, CA

RESOLUTION NO. 9822 (CCS)
(CITY COUNCIL SERIES)

RESOLUTION OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY
OF SANTA MONICA ACCEPTING THE LOS ANGELES COUNTY
REGISTRAR RECORDER/COUNTY CLERK'S OFFICIAL CANVASS
AND OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST FOR THE
CONSOLIDATED MUNICIPAL ELECTION HELD ON
NOVEMBER 5, 2002, AND DECLARING THE RESULTS THEREOF

WHEREAS, a Consolidated General Municipal Election was held in the City of Santa Monica on November 5, 2002, as required by law; and

WHEREAS, the provisions of the Elections Code of the State of California for the holding of elections in Charter cities were complied with in that notice of the election was given in the time, form and manner as provided by law; voting precincts were properly established; election officers were appointed; votes were cast, received and canvassed; and the returns were made and declared in the time, form and manner as required; and

WHEREAS, the Los Angeles Registrar Recorder/County Clerk canvassed the returns of the election and certified the results to the City Council, and those results are attached and made a part hereof as "Exhibit A",

NOW, THEREFORE, THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF SANTA MONICA DOES RESOLVE AS FOLLOWS:

SECTION 1. The vote totals for the Consolidated Municipal Election held on November 5, 2002, in the City of Santa Monica, as certified by the Los Angeles County Registrar Recorder/County Clerk, shall be and hereby are approved and adopted as the formal vote count of the City of Santa Monica for said offices and said measures of said election.

SECTION 2. The names of the candidates on the ballot were:

College District <u>Board of Trustees</u>

Dorothy Ehrhart-Morrison Nancy Greenstein Bill Winslow Carole Currey Nancy Cattell-Luckenbach Herb Roney

Santa Monica Rent Control Board

Betty Smith Mueller Jennifer F. Kennedy Thomas David Carter Alan Toy

Santa Monica City Council

Bob Holbrook Kevin McKeown Matteo Dinolfo Abby Arnold Josefina Santiago Aranda SM-MUSD Board of Education

Shane McLoud
Julia Brownley
Emily Bloomfield
Brenda Gottfried
Oscar de la Torre
Ann Cochran
Nancy Kelly (write-in)

Chuck Allord Pam O'Connor Pro Se Jerry Rubin

SECTION 3. The number of total ballots cast for this election was:

Santa Monica Community College District Board of Trustees

REGISTERED VOTERS	PRECINCT	ABSENTEE	TOTAL
	BALLOTS	BALLOTS	BALLOTS
67,790	29,508	7,536	37,044

Santa Monica-Malibu Unified School District Board of Education:

REGISTERED	PRECINCT	ABSENTEE	TOTAL
VOTERS	BALLOTS	BALLOTS	BALLOTS
67,877	29,508	7,589	37,097

City of Santa Monica:

REGISTERED VOTERS	PRECINCT	ABSENTEE	TOTAL
	BALLOTS	BALLOTS	<u>BALLOTS</u>
56,501	24,884	5,969	30,853

SECTION 4. The following persons were elected to office as follows:

Santa Monica Community College Board of Trustees:

CANDIDATE	<u>V0</u>	<u>TES</u>
D EHRHART-MORRISON	16,581	21.7%
NANCY GREENSTEIN	15,476	20.25%
CAROLE CURREY	13,039	17.06%
HERB RONEY	12,996	17.01%

Santa Monica-Malibu Unified School District Board of Education:

CANDIDATE	V	<u>OTES</u>
JULIA BROWNLEY	17,235	21.66%
EMILY BLOOMFIELD	17,157	21.56%
SHANE MCLOUD	14,247	17.91%
OSCAR DELA TORRE	13,515	16.99%

City of Santa Monica Rent Control Board:

CANDIDATE	<u>VO</u>	TES
BETTY'S MUELLER	14,676	29.54%
JENNIFER F KENNEDY	13,181	26.53%
ALAN TOY	12,638	25.44%

Santa Monica City Council:

CANDIDATE	<u> VOT</u>	<u>ES</u>
PAM OCONNOR	13,396	18.93%
KEVIN MCKEOWN	13,200	18.65%
BOB HOLBROOK	11,164	15.77%

SECTION 5. The measures that appeared on the ballot read as follows:

MEASURE FF: Shall the City Charter's provisions governing eviction from controlled rental units be amended to extend protections to the spouses, children or domestic partners of tenants who die or become incapacitated, to clarify that the term "housing service" includes the number of tenants authorized to occupy a unit, to clarify how rent increases authorized by state law are computed, to clarify the remedies for unlawful attempts to recover possession, to create specified protections against evictions for occupying tenants who replace authorized co-tenants or subtenants, and to require that the Municipal Code contain protections against tenant harassment? The Measure was approved by the following vote:

YES: 17,090 (62.74%) NO: 10,150 (37.26%) MEASURE GG: Shall the City Charter be amended to increase Rent Control Board members' compensation from \$75.00 to \$150.00 per meeting, with a limit of \$6,000.00 per year, and to provide that they shall receive health care benefits? The Measure failed by the following vote:

YES: 10,785 (39.47%) NO: 16,538 (60.63%)

MEASURE HH: Shall the City Charter and Municipal Code be amended to change the system of electing City Council members by creating City Council districts, imposing term limits for Council members, and establishing a municipal primary election with runoffs in the fall, to add to the seven-member Council a mayor, who would be elected City-wide and would serve as the Council's non-voting chairperson, and to change the process for Council actions by giving the mayor the power to veto Council actions, including emergency actions, which veto could be nullified if a specified number of Council members vote to override it? The Measure failed by the following vote:

YES: 9,732 (35.86%) NO: 17,410 (64.14%)

MEASURE II: Shall the City Charter be amended to establish procedures for converting apartment buildings, trailer parks and other rental housing to condominiums or other common ownership housing, which would be exempt from certain planning and zoning laws, and procedures for allowing tenants to either become owners or continue as tenants with specified rights and protections? The Measure failed by the following vote:

YES: 9,845 (35.84%) NO: 17,627 (64.16%) MEASURE JJ: Shall Ordinance No. 2015 (CCS) establishing local minimum wage requirements, initially set at \$10.50 per hour with health care benefits, or at \$12.25 per hour without health care benefits, applicable to the City, its service contractors, and private businesses, which are located in the coastal and downtown areas and have gross annual receipts over \$5 million, and establishing an exemption for businesses which show severe economic hardship, be adopted? The Measure failed by the following vote:

YES: 13,860 (48.31%) NO: 14,830 (51.69%)

MEASURE KK: Shall the City Charter be amended to eliminate the restriction on the percentage of TORCA tax revenues that can be used to develop or subsidize low income housing so that any portion of the TORCA revenues, except those used for administrative costs, can be used for low income housing? The Measure was approved by the following vote:

YES: 12,989 (50.55%) NO: 12,708 (49.45%)

SECTION 6. The City Clerk shall enter on the records of the Santa Monica City Council, a statement of the result of the election showing: (1) the total number of votes cast for the offices and measures in the election; (2) the names of the persons voted for; (3) the text of the measures voted upon; (4) the office that each person was running for; (5) the number of votes given at each precinct to each person, and for and against the ballot measures; and, (6) the total number of votes given to each person, and for and against the ballot measures.

SECTION 7. The City Clerk shall immediately make and deliver to each of the persons so elected a Certificate of Election signed by the City Clerk and authenticated. The City Clerk shall also administer to each person elected the Oath of Office prescribed in the Constitution of the State of California and shall have each person subscribe to it and file it in the office of the City Clerk. All of the persons so elected shall then be inducted into the office to which they have been elected.

SECTION 8. The City Clerk shall certify to the adoption of this Resolution, and thenceforth and thereafter the same shall be in full force and effect.

APPOVED AS TO FORM:

MARSHA JONES MOUTRIE

City Attorney

Adopted and approved this 10th day December, 2002.

Michael Feinstein, Mayor

I, Maria M. Stewart, City Clerk of the City of Santa Monica, do hereby certify that the foregoing Resolution No. 9822 (CCS) was duly adopted at a meeting of the Santa Monica City Council held on the 10th of December, 2002, by the following vote:

Ayes:

Council members:

Holbrook, O'Connor, Bloom, Genser, Katz,

Mayor Pro Tem McKeown, Mayor Feinstein

Noes:

Council members:

None

Abstain:

Council members:

None

Absent:

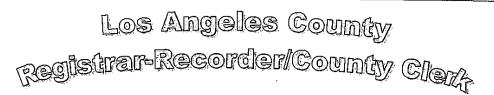
Council members:

None

ATTEST:

Maria Stewart, City Clerk

Exhibit A



Certificate of the canvass of the election returns

I, CONNY B. McCORMACK, Registrar-Recorder/County Clerk of the County of Los Angeles, of the State of California, DO HEREBY CERTIFY that pursuant to the provisions of Section 15300 et seq. of the California Elections Code, I did canvass the returns of the votes cast for each elective office and/or measure(s) in the

SANTA MONICA CITY

At the General Election, held on the 5th day of November, 2002.

I, FURTHER CERTIFY that the Statement of Votes Cast, to which this certificate is attached, shows the total number of ballots cast in said jurisdiction, and the whole number of votes cast for each candidate and/or measure(s) in said jurisdiction in each of the respective precincts therein, and the totals of the respective columns and the totals as shown for each candidate and/or measure(s) are full, true and correct.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my seal this 2nd day of December, 2002.



CONNY B. McCORMACK
Registrar-Recorder/County Clerk

County of Los Angeles

COSM 531

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NTA MONIC	A 6250	067A	722 815	284 434	74 95	136 234	53	123	59	21	134	
NTA MONIC	A 6250	068A	564	231	74	104	80 54	199 84	98 58	36 23	227	
		~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	***************************************						~ ~	£3	112	

COUNTY OF LOS AND	GELES GE	NERAL ELECT	rion				NOVEMBE	R 5, 2002	er til en det sterne fråde åren er skallen egne pringer princestelske blede årene.	PAGE	114.2
				SANTA MONI COUNCILME	ICA CITY G	EN MUNI	-	_			
				BOB HOLBROOK	Lueves						-
					KEVIN MCKEOWN						
FINAL OFFICIAL	FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST					MATTEO DINOLFO					
J.,				DINOLIO	ABBY		•		,		
							ARNOLD	JOSEFINA	5		•
								ARANDA	_		
	-								CHUCK ALLORD	•	
CITY/PREC		REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST							PAM O'CONNOR	
SANTA MUNICA SANTA MONICA	6250069A 6250070A		435 423		178 170	113 117	146 153	124 94	36	187	
SANTA MONICA	6250071A	940	370	80	184	63	128	140		186 166	
SANTA MONICA	6250072A		414 464	134	191	95	151	117	23	194	
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250075A 6250076A	941	464 461	165 197	172 180	109 146	156 149	129 141	49 57	183 172	
SANTA MONICA	6250078A		386		175	88	142	102		164	
SANTA MONICA	6250081A	706	350	89	167	58	131	79	39	173	
SANTA MONICA	6250083A		473		185	108	166	119	36	194	
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250085A 6250087A	908 804	404 386	165 173	. 160	100	131	122	34	157	
SANTA MONICA	6250087A	841	474	232	159 177	127 167	126 165	126 137	22 39	142 183	
SANTA MONICA	6250092A		397	104	197	74	170	102	14	191	
SANTA MONICA	6250093A	824	371	88	186	64	135	78	24	188	
SANTA MONICA	6250094A		422	135	200	84	160	75	44	208	
SANTA MONICA	6250095A		367	118	161	97	142	63	40	166	
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250098B 6250104A	773 926	374 365	111 93	191 185	93 79	156	84	31	177	,
SANTA MONICA	6250106A		366	101	171	72	141 162	52 98	18 22	193 194	
SANTA MONICA	6250107A		359	101	168	82	145	46	26	190	
SANTA MONICA	6250109A	841	397	127	177	125	139	76	38	159	
SANTA MONICA	6250110A	932	407	136	194	. 90	155	63	41	205	*
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250113A 6250120A	741 806	302 384	96 91	149 211	76 77	129 173	43 100	28 26	153	
SANTA MONICA	6250120A 6250121A	888	260	72	107	7 / 59	93	58	38	198 110	
SANTA MONICA	6250125A	758	374	199	117	122	114	87	68	116	
SANTA MONICA	6250127A	822	381	89	208	72	178	83	26	201	
SANTA MDNICA	6250128A	842	439	281	96	202	102	90	79	120	
PRECINCT TOTAL VOT	E	56414	24884	8711	10675	6600	8779	5562	2469	10797	
ABSENTEE TOTAL VOT	E	87	5969	2453	2525	1756	2089	1017	648	2599	
GRAND TOTAL VOTE		56501	30853	11164	13200	8356	10868	6579	3117	13396	

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GE	NERAL ELEC		T				NOVEMBER 5, 2002			114.3
			SANTA MON COUNCILME	IICA CITY O MBER	EN MUNI					
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST	AST		INAL OFFICIAL FATEMENT OF VOTES CAST  BOB HOLBROOK  KEVIN MCKEOWN  MATTEO OINOLFO		ABBY ARNOLO JOSEFINA S ARANDA		s  chuck			
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST						ALLORD	PAM O'CONNOR	
COUNTYWIDE	56414	24884	8711	10675	6600	8779	5562	2469		
COUNTYWIDE ABSENTEE VOTE	. 87	5969	2453	2525	1756	2089	1017	648	2599	
TOTAL	58501	30853	11164	13200	8356	10868	6579	3117	13396	
30TH US CONGRESSIONAL	56414	24884	8711	10675	6600	8779	5562	2469	10797	
30TH US CONGRESSIONAL ABSENTEE VOTE	87	5969	2453	2525	1756	2089	1017	648	2599	
TOTAL	56501	30853	11164	13200	8356	10868	6579	3117	13396	
23RD STATE SENATE	56414	24884	8711	10675	6600	8779	5562	2469	10797	
NIST STATE ASSEMBLY	56414	24884	8711	10675	6600	8779	5562	2469	10797	
FIST STATE ASSEMBLY ABSENTEE VOTE	87	5969	2453	2525	1756	2089	1017	548	2599	
TOTAL	56501	30853	11164	13200	8356	10868	6579	3117	13396	
RD SUPERVISORIAL	56414	24884	8711	10875	5600	8779	5562	2469	10797	
RD SUPERVISORIAL ABSENTEE VOTE	87	5969	2453	2525	1756	2089	1017	648	2599	
TOTAL	56501	30853	11164	13200	8356	10868	6579	3117	13396	

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GEN	NERAL ELECT	ION				NOVEMBE	R 5, 2002		PAGE	114.4
			SANTA MON: COUNCILMEN	ICA CITY GE	EN MUNI		,			
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST					MATTEO DINOLFO	ABBY ARNOLD	JOSEFINA S ARANDA	S CHUCK ALLORD		
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST							PAM D'CONNDR	
4TH BOARD OF EQUALIZATION	56414	24884	8711	10675	6600	8779	5562	2469	10797	
4TH BOARD OF EQUALIZATION ABSENTEE VOTE	87	5969	2453	2525	1756	2089	1017	648	2599	
TOTAL	56501	30853	11164	13200	8356	10868	6579	3117	13396	
CITY OF SANTA MONICA	56414	24884	8711	10675	6600	8779	5562	2469	10797	
CITY OF SANTA MONICA ABSENTEE VOTE	87	5969	2453	2525	1756	2089	1017	648	2599	
TOTĄL	56501	30853	11164	13200	8356	10868	6579	3117	13396	
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COUNTY OF LOS AN	IGELES GE	NERAL ELEC	LION				NOVEMBE	NOVEMBER 5, 2002			PAGE 115.1		
						EN MUNI							
				PRO		•							
				SE	JERRY		•						
FINAL OFFICIA	.1				RUBIN	1							
STATEMENT OF							•						
		•						1					
									1		•		
		REGISTRA-	DALLOTO		,								
CITY/PREC		TION	BALLOTS CAST		. *								
SANTA MONICA	6250001A	790	400	9	18					6			
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250002A 6250003A	771	411	6	16								
SANTA MONICA	6250006A	859	460 390	15 23	19 19								
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250007A 6250008A		238 298	14 13	23								
SANTA MONICA	6250010A	805	393	6	14								
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250015A 6250016A		445 351	9	25								
SANTA MONICA	6250017A	812	420	14 13									
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250018A 6250020A	900 801	393 393	21 19	28			•					
SANTA MONICA	6250021A	853	366	23	29								
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250029A 6250031A		438 475	11 26	27 27								
SANTA MONICA	6250032A	811	385	. 20	32		***************************************						
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250034A 6250035A	1030 894	466 425	22 24	45 39					₹\$			
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250036A 6250038A	911 1004	389	24	32								
SANTA MONICA	6250041A	838	309 391	20 28	50 29								
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250043A 6250045A	840 990	326 389	25 22	30 42								
SANTA MONICA	6250046A	890	360	12	27								
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250048A 6250050A	844 837	329 382	22 29	32 26		•						
SANTA MONICA	6250051A	915	346	21	33								
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250052B 6250053B	876 809	351 330	39 34	55 28								
SANTA MONICA	6250055A	934	342	36	37			,					
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250056A 6250060A	785 533	100 253	12 22	13 9								
SANTA MUNICA SANTA MONICA	6250061A 6250062A	1118	465	39	31								
SANTA MONICA	6250063A	1077 987	381 340	47 28	32 24								
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250065A 6250067A	722 815	284	16	27								
SANTA MONICA	6250068A	564	434 231	26 19	50 25								

	GELES GE	NERAL ELECT	TON				NOVEMBE	R 5, 2002		PAGE	115.2
	•			SANTA MON COUNCILME	ICA CITY GI MBER	EN MUNI			•		
				PRO							
·				SE	JERRY						
FINAL OFFICIA	<u>L</u>		·		RUBIN	I					
STATEMENT OF							1				
CITY/PREC		REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST								
SANTA MUNICA	6250069A		435								
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250070A 6250071A		423 370	23 38	36 28						
SANTA MONICA	6250072A	919	414	30	21				100000000000000000000000000000000000000	***************************************	
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250075A 6250076A	941 887	464 461	25 20							
SANTA MONICA	6250078A	989	386	19	34						
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250081A 6250083A	706 940	350 473		28 39						
SANTA MONICA	6250085A	908	404	15	31	***************************************					
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250087A 6250089A	804 841	386 474	13 24	23 26						
SANTA MONICA	6250092A	938	397	21	41						
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250093A 6250094A	824 847	371 422		42 33						
SANTA MONICA	6250095A	855	367	24	26						
SANTA MONICA	6250098B	773	374	21	37						
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250104A 6250106A	926 862	365 366	28 34	68 41						
SANTA MONICA	6250107A	693	359	23	30						
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250109A 6250110A	841 932	397 407	10 26	25 23						
SANTA MONICA	6250113A	741	302	9	22						*
SANTA MONICA	6250120A 6250121A	806	384	21	46						
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250121A 6250125A	888 758	260 374	29 20	25 32						
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250127A 6250128A	822 842	381 439	22 10	3 <u>2</u> 20					,	
	•	56414			]						
PRECINCT TOTAL VO		87	24884 5969	1433 244	1989						
ABSENTEE TOTAL VO	L				431						
GRAND TOTAL VOTE		56501	30853	1677	2420						
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COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GE	NERAL ELECT	TION				NOVE	MBER 5, 2	002	PAGE	115.3
			SANTA MON COUNCILME	ICA CITY GI MBER	EN MUNI					
			PRO SE	JERRY		ų.				
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST				RUBIN		I	•			
	·							1		
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST							_	
COUNTYWIDE	56414	24884	1433	1989						
COUNTYWIDE ABSENTEE VOTE	. 87	5969	244	431						
TOTAL	56501	30853	1677	2420						
30TH US CONGRESSIONAL	56414	24884	1433	1989	Ź					
30TH US CONGRESSIONAL ABSENTEE VOTE	87	5969	244	431						
TOTAL	56501	30853	1677	2420					71.	
29RD STATE SENATE	56414	24884	1433	1989						
41ST STATE ASSEMBLY	56414	24884	1433	1989						
41ST STATE ASSEMBLY ABSENTEE VOTE	87	5969	244	431						
TOTAL	56501	30853	1677	2420						
BRD SUPERVISORIAL	56414	24884	1433	1989						
BRD SUPERVISORIAL ABSENTEE VOTE	· 87	5969	244	431						
TOTAL	56501	30853	1677	2420						

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GEN	VERAL ELEC	TION				NOVEMBE	R 5, 2002	PAGE	115.4
			SANTA MON COUNCILME	ICA CITY G	EN MUNI	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•		
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST			PRO SE	JERRY RUBIN					
				•		, a			
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST	,			<b>*</b>			
4TH BOARD OF EQUALIZATION  4TH BOARD OF EQUALIZATION  ABSENTEE VOTE	<b>56414</b> 87	24884 5969	1433 244	1989 431				,	
TOTAL CITY OF SANTA MONICA	56501 56414	30853 24884			į				
CITY OF SANTA MONICA  ABSENTEE VOTE	56414 87	24884 5969	1433 244						
TOTAL	56501	30853	1677	2420			·	9	
								-	
					-				

COUNTY OF LOS AND	SELES GEI	NERAL ELECT	ION	···			NOVEMBER	5, 2002	PAGE	116.1
	i			SANTA MONT	ICA CITY GI ROL BOARD	EN MUNI				,
FINAL OFFICIAL Statement of \				BETTY S MUELLER	JENNIFER KENNEDY	THOMAS D CARTER	ALAN TDY			
CITY/PREC		REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST	-				entire transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer and transfer an		
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250001A 6250002A	771	400 411		103 108	174 176	85 86			
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250003A 6250006A	876 859	460 390	91 214	85 165	176 1. 115	81 180			
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250007A 6250008A	677 731	238 298	102 133	100 125	75 96	94 125			
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250010A 6250015A		393 445	128 155	140 160	130 140	116			
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250016A 6250017A	776	351	159	138	87	148			
SANTA MONICA	6250018A	812 900	420 393	84 238	93 199	185 112	83 195			
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250020A 6250021A	801 853	393 366	206 233	182 205	96 57	186 212			
SANTA MONICA	6250029A	844	438	108	137	175	108			
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250031A 6250032A	988 811	475 385	200 214	183 174	154 94	165 184			
SANTA MONICA	6250034A	1030	466	227	204	135	205			,
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250035A 6250036A	894 911	425 389	236 209	204 173	115 123	205 178		3	<i>1.</i>
SANTA MONICA	6250038A	1004	309	168	155	88	147			
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250041A 6250043A	838 840	391 326	214 175	192 157	102 88	190 140			
SANTA MONIÇA	6250045A	990	389	. 209	184	123	167			,
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250046A 6250048A	890 844	360 3 <b>29</b>	191 190	177 171	94 86	172 174			
SANTA MONICA	6250050A	837	382	215	195	80	188			
SANTA MONICA	6250051A	915	346	199	179	93	170			
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250052B 6250053B	876 809	351 330	208 160	172 132	109 107	148			
SANTA MONICA	6250055A	934	342	207	173	86	147 160			
SANTA MONICA	6250056A	785	100	55	44	27	40			
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250060A 6250061A	533 1118	253 465	132 237	107 199	81 137	98 161			
SANTA MONICA	6250062A	1077	381	199	170	103	148			
SANTA MONICA	6250063A	987	340	184	146	97	128			
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250065A 6250067A	722 815	284 434	148 261	127 226	75 87	128 229			
SANTA MONICA	6250068A	564	231	114	108	63	101			

				CANTA BOAT	TOO OTTY O	- N. 6411N17			 
•				RENT CONT	ICA CITY GI ROL BOARO	FM MUŃI			
FINAL OFFICIA STATEMENT OF				BETTY S MUELLER	JENNIFER KENNEDY	THOMAS D CARTER	ALAN TOY		
CITY/PREC	<b>)</b>	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST						
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250069A 6250070A 6250071A	879	435 423 370	205 178 236	170 166	140 132 94	152		
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250071A 6250072A 6250075A	919 941	370 414 464	236 205 208	201 162 192	111 127	182		
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250076A 6250078A		461 386	175 176	190 172	159 115	156		
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250081A 6250083A 6250085A	940 908	350 473 404	203 194 185	171 166 176	79 161 122	165		
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250087A 6250089A 6250092A	804 841 938	386 474 397	141 182 220	146 172 185	143 195 95	166		
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250093A 6250094A	824 847	371 422	217 218	185 185	96 111	179		
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250095A 6250098B 6250104A	855 773 926	367 374 365	196 195 232	175 178 198	92 111 107	169		
ANTA MUNICA ANTA MUNICA	6250106A 6250107A	862 693	366 359	217 201	192 163	91 104	179 178		
ANTA MONICA Anta Monica Anta Monica	6250109A 6250110A 6250113A	841 932 741	397 407 302	170 218 155	147 196 136	106 93 82	206 145		7
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250120A 6250121A 6250125A	806 888 758	384 260 374	210 146 132	208 135 118	82 72 142	120		
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250127A 6250128A	822 842	381 439	225 105	193 121	86 184			
RECINCT TOTAL VO		56414	24884	11933	10689	7373			
BSENTEE TOTAL VO RAND TOTAL VOTE	)TE	87 56501	5969 30853	2743 14676	2492 13181	1812 9185		-	
		33001	3033	, , .	,5,51	5,33	,2300		

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GE	NERAL ELEC	TION				NOVEMBE	R 5, 2002	PAGE	116.3
			SANTA MON RENT CONT	ICA CITY G ROL BOARD	EN MUNI			 	
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST			BETTY S MUELLER	JENNIFER KENNEDY	F THOMAS D CARTER	ALAN TOY			
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TIDN	BALLOTS CAST		-					
COUNTYWIDE	56414	24884	11933	10689	7973	10245			
COUNTYWIDE ABSENTEE VOTE	87	5969	2743	2492	. 1812	2393			
TOTAL	56501	30853	14676	13181	9185	12638			
30TH US CONGRESSIONAL	56414	24884	11933	10689	7373	10245			
30TH US CONGRESSIONAL ABSENTEE VOTE	87	5969	2743	2492	1812	2393			
TOTAL	56501	30853	14676	13181	9185	12638			
29RD STATE SENATE	56414	24884	11933	10689	7373	10245		ii).	
IST STATE ASSEMBLY	56414	24884	11933	10689	7373	10245			
ITST STATE ASSEMBLY ABSENTEE VOTE	87	5969	2743	2492	1812	2393			
TOTAL	56501	30853	14676	13181	9185	12638			
RD SUPERVISORIAL	56414	24884	11933	10689	7373	10245			
RD SUPERVISORIAL ABSENTEE VOTE	87	5969	2743	2492	1812	2393			
TOTAL	56501	30853	14676	13181	9185	12638			

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GE	NERAL ELECT	TION				NOVEMBE	R 5, 2002		PAGE	116.4
			SANTA MON RENT CONT	ICA CITY G ROL BOARD	EN MUNI					
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST	•		BETTY S MUELLER		THOMAS D CARTER	ALAN TOY		I		
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST								
4TH BOARD OF EQUALIZATION	56414	24884	11933	10689	7373	10245				
4TH BOARD OF EQUALIZATION ABSENTEE VOTE	l i	5969	2743		1812	2393				
TOTAL	56501 56414	30853			9185					
CITY OF SANTA MONICA	36414	24884 5969	11933	10689	7373	10245	***************************************			
ABSENTEE VOTE		30853	2743 14676	2492 13181	1812 9185	2393 12638				
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COUNTY OF LOS A	MGLLES GE	NERAL ELEC	TUN				NOVEMBE	R 5, 2002		PAGE	117.1
				SANTA MON MEASURE F	ICA CITY S	PC MUNI	SANTA MON MEASURE G	ICA CITY SP	C MUNI		
				YES		*					
					NO		•				
FINAL OFFICIA	A I				140						
STATEMENT OF											
			-			İ	YES				
								NO			•
		,									
		REGISTRA-	BALLOTS								
CITY/PREC		TION	CAST								
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250001A 6250002A	790	400	133			57	301			
ANTA MONICA	6250003A	771 876	411 460	110 134			52 70				
ANTA MONICA	6250006A	859	390	230			144	344 193			
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250007A 6250008A	677 731	238	125	1		. 86	134			
ANTA MONICA	6250010A	805	298 393	155 164		300000000000000000000000000000000000000	94	166		.[	
ANTA MONICA	6250015A	915	445	187			84 115	259 293			
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250016A	776	351	200	113		127	187			
ANTA MONICA	6250017A 6250018A	812 900	420 393	134			74	312	9001686000000000000000000000000000000000		
ANTA MONICA	6250020A	801	393	268 253	83 89		176 163	175			
ANTA MONICA	6250021A	853	366	273			183	171 133			
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250029A 6250031A	844	438	164	219		85	300			
ANTA MONICA	6250031A	988 811	475 385	228 235	191		137	291			
ANTA MONICA	6250034A	1030	466	271	106 142		159 180	186 229			
ANTA MONICA	6250035A	894	425	268	107		171	207			
NTA MONICA NTA MONICA	6250036A 6250038A	911	389	236	109		146	197			
NTA MONICA	6250036A	1004 838	309 391	204 253	65 105		128	138			
NTA MONICA	6250043A	840	326	205	93		164 128	193 169		1	
NTA MONICA	6250045A	990	389	227	122		151	201			
NTA MONICA NTA MONICA	6250046A  6250048A	890 844	360   329	224	98		142	178	5555555555555555555555		
NTA MONICA	6250050A	837	382	216 251	80 94		145 174	160			
NTA MONICA	6250051A	915	346	211	81		142	168 148			
NTA MONICA	6250052B	876	351	225	80		142	158			
NTA MONICA NTA MONICA	6250053B 6250055A	809 934	330 342	200	98		113	184			
NTA MONICA	6250056A	785	100	244 56	64   28		159	147		singa ana	600000000000000000000000000000000000000
NTA MONICA	6250080A	533	253	136	79		31 81	56 140			
NTA MONICA NTA MONICA	6250061A	1118	465	265	127		179	213			
NTA MUNICA NTA MONICA	6250062A 6250063A	1077 987	381	230	91		153	164			
NTA MONICA	6250065A	722	340 284	196 185	115   59		126	171			
NTA MONICA	6250067A	815	434	303	87		117 214	127 176			
NTA MONICA	6250068A	564	231	142	63		85	121			

COUNTY OF LOS ANG	ELES GE	NERAL ELECT	ION	<u></u>	·		NOVEMBE	5, 2002		PAGE	117.2
				SANTA MON MEASURE F	ICA CITY S	PC MUNI	SANTA MON MEASURE G	ICA CITY S	PC MUNI		,
				YES				-			
					No ·						
					140						
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF V	DTES CAST						-				
							YES				
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		REGISTRA-	BALLOTS							ı	
CITY/PREC		TION	CAST								
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250069A 6250070A	890 879	435 423	241 216			132 138	248 241			
ANTA MONICA	6250071A	940	370	216 236			173	145			
ANTA MONICA	6250072A	919	414	254		***************************************	152	211		***************	
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250075A 6250076A	941 887	464 461	258 215			156 123	253 279			
ANTA MONICA	6250078A	989	386	198			135	273 209		************	
SANTA MONICA	6250081A	706	350	222			150	156			
ANTA MONICA	6250083A	940	473	230			145	293			
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250085A 6250087A	908 804	404 386	211 162			142	234			
SANTA MONICA	6250089A	841	474	198	Į.		83 125	262 303			
ANTA MONICA	6250092A	938	397	236			168	184			
ANTA MONICA	6250093A	824	371	246			170	152			
ANTA MONICA	6250094A	847	422	259			163	206			
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250095A 6250098B	855 773	367 374	232 232			150	179			
ANTA MONICA	6250104A	926	365	250			151 170	182 147			
ANTA MONICA	6250106A	862	366	245	87		169	167			
ANTA MONICA	6250107A	693	359	221	92		146	168			
ANTA MONICA	6250108A	841	397 407	189			133	214			
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250110A 6250113A	932 741	407 302	262 188	108 87		170	193 150			
ANTA MONICA	6250120A	806	384	264	90		185	170			
ANTA MONICA	6250121A	888	260	175	56		103	129			
ANTA MONICA	6250125A	758	374	154	(0.000000000000000000000000000000000000		85	251			
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250127A 6250128A	822 842	381 439	268 143	78 243		197 82	152 318			
RECINCT TOTAL VOTE		56414	24884	13946			8899	13197			
BSENTEE TOTAL VOTE		87	5969	3144			1886	3341			
RAND TOTAL VOTE		56501	30853	17090							
WHILD IDIAL ADIE	:	36301	30053	17090	10150		10785	16538			
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COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GEN	JERAL ELECT	TION	<del></del> -			NOVEMBE	R 5, 2002		PAGE	117.3
	•		SANTA MON MEASURE F	ICA CITY SI F	PC MUNI	SANTA MON MEASURE G	ICA CITY S G	PC MUNI		
•	ā		YES		٠					
			***************************************	NO		•				
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST					İ					
STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST						YES				
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CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST								
COUNTYWIDE	56414	24884	13946	8133		8899	13197			
COUNTYWIDE ABSENTEE VOTE	. 87	5969	3144	2017		1886	3341			
TOTAL	56501	30853	17090	10150		10785	10538			
30TH US CONGRESSIONAL	56414	24884	13946	8133		8899	13197			
BOTH US CONGRESSIONAL	87	5969	3144	2017		1886	3341			
ABSENTEE VOTE										
TOTAL	56501	30853	17090	10150		10785	16538			
23RD STATE SENATE	56414	24884	13946	8133		8899	13197			
41ST STATE ASSEMBLY	56414	24884	13946	8133		8899	13197			
41ST STATE ASSEMBLY ABSENTEE VOTE	87	5969	3144	2017		1886	3341			
TOTAL	56501	30853	17090	10150		10785	16538			
BRD SUPERVISORIAL	56414	24884	13946	8133		8899	13197			
BRD SUPERVISORIAL ABSENTEE VOTE	87	5969	3144	2017		1886	3341			
TOTAL	56501	30853	17090	10150		10785	16538			

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GEI	NERAL ELECT	LION				NOVEMBE	R 5, 2002		PAGE	117.4
•		•	SANTA MON MEASURE F	ICA CITY SE	C MUNI	SANTA MON MEASURE G	ICA CITY S	PC MUNI		
			YES		•					
FINAL OFFICIAL				NO .	I .					
STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST						YES				
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CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST								
4TH BOARD OF EQUALIZATION	56414	24884	13946	8133		8899	13197			
4TH BOARD OF EQUALIZATION ABSENTEE VOTE	87	5969	3144	2017		1886	3341			
TOTAL	56501	30853	17090	10150		10785	16538			
CITY OF SANTA MONICA	56414	24884	13946	8133		8899	13197			
CITY OF SANTA MONICA	87	5969	3144	2017		1886	3341	-		
ABSENTEE VOTE	56501	30853	17090	10150		10785	16538			
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COUN	TY OF LOS AN	IGELES GEI	NERAL ELECT	TION	<del> </del>			NOVE	EMBER	5, 2002		PAGE	118.1
					SANTA MON MEASURE H	ICA CITY SI H	PC MUNI	SANTA MEASU	MONI RE II	CA CITY SI	C MUNI		
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		·				NO							
	INAL OFFICIA												
ST	TATEMENT OF	VOTES CAST						lvee					
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	CITY/PREC		REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST							•		
-	CX11/FREG	and the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of t	71014	CASI									
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	MONICA MONICA	6250001A 6250002A	790	400	************	160			191	157			
	MONICA	6250003A	771 876	411 460					201 208	155 199			
SANTA	MONICA	6250006A	859	390	110	N/NONNONNONONONONONONONONONO	****************	***	123	222			
	MONICA	6250007A	677	238	79	135			89	134			
	MONICA MONICA	6250008A 6250010A	731	298	91	170	200000000000000000000000000000000000000		117	155	4010010010010400400		
	MONICA	6250015A	805 915	393 445	156 182	185 221			157	194			
	MONICA	6250016A	776	351	99				181 96	225 231			
	MONICA	6250017A	812	420	207	181		·	196	191			
	MONICA	6250018A	900	393	88			İ	128	230			
	MONICA MONICA	6250020A 6250021A	801 853	39.3 366	96 67	228 255			106	236			
	MONICA	6250029A	844	438	201	192			164	266 227			
SANTA	MONICA	6250031A	988	475	183	Terretorio con contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato del la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato del la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato del la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la contrato de la con			166	254			
	MONICA	6250032A	811	385	92	243			115	229	************	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	
	MONICA MONICA	6250034A 6250035A	1030 894	466 425	129 122	278			133	286			
	MONICA	6250036A	911	389	116	252 224			132 126	252 219			
	MONICA	6250038A	1004	309	88				97	172			
	MONICA	6250041A	838	391	119				114	240			
	MONICA MONICA	6250043A 6250045A	840	326	97	196			89	209			
	MONICA	6250045A	990 890	389 360	125 93	230 227			134 77	222 246			
	MONICA	6250048A	844	329	93				101	246 210			
SANTA	MONICA	6250050A	837	382	103	232			95	254			
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	MONICA	6250051A	915	346	73	214			96	207			
	MONICA MONICA	62500528 6250053B	876 809	351 330	101	204			112	197			
	MONICA	6250055A	934	342	96 83	181 222			104	187			
	MONICA	6250056A	785	100	38	47			37	219 48			
	MONICA	6250080A	533	253	77	141			79	141			
	MONICA	6250061A	1118	465	133				125	257			
	MONICA MONICA	6250062A 6250063A	1077   987	381 340	99 98	220 201			100	226			
	MONICA	6250065A	722	284	76	163			109	192 160			
SANTA	MONICA	6250067A	815	434	83	301			103	285			
SANTA	MONICA	6250068A	564	231	62	142			66	140			

COUNTY OF LOS AND	GELES GE	NERAL ELECT	LION				NOVEMBE	R 5, 2002		PAGE	118.2
	"			SANTA MON	ICA CITY S	PC MUNI	SANTA MON MEASURE I	ICA CITY S	PC MUNI		
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FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF \											
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CITY/PREC	······	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST								
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250069A 6250070A	890 879	435 423				137 146	250 242			
ANTA MONICA	6250071A	940	370				93	242 241			
ANTA MONICA	6250072A	919	414	120	246	,	125	246	**************		
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250075A 6250076A	941	464 461	129 134	269 265		129	275			
ANTA MONICA	6250078A	989	386	107			138 111	. 260 234			
ANTA MONICA	6250081A	706	350				100	211			
ANTA MONICA	6250083A	940	473	160			149	290			
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250085A 6250087A	908	404	124		·	122	249	,		
ANTA MONICA	6250087A	804 841	386 474	130 179	220 255		124 160	227 261			
ANTA MONICA	6250092A	938	397	102			104	251 252			
ANTA MONICA	6250093A	824	371	72	248		87	241			
ANTA MONICA	6250094A 6250095A	847	422	112			124	253			
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250098B	855 773	367 374	114 103	218 234		115 105	218 226			
ANTA MONICA	6250104A	926	365	85	232		95	226			
ANTA MONICA	6250106A	862	366	92	242		115	230			
ANTA MONICA	6250107A	693	359	115	193		109	203			
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250109A 6250110A	841 932	397 407	121 109	222 247		122 128	226 247			
ANTA MONICA	6250113A	741	302	85	188		86	193		1	4
ANTA MONICA	6250120A	806	384	86	262		100	259			
ANTA MONICA	6250121A	888	260	77	154		66	165			
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250125A 6250127A	758 822	374 381	168 85	167 256		153 119	185 235			
ANTA MONICA	6250128A	842	439	243	154		201	190			
RECINCT TOTAL VOT	E	56414	24884	7697	14244		7874	14409	7		
BSENTEE TOTAL VOT	E	87	5969	2035	3166		1971	3218			
RAND TOTAL VOTE											
KAND TOTAL VOTE		56501	30853	9732	17410		9845	17627			

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GE	NERAL ELEC	- LUN	<del></del>			NOVEMBE	R 5; 2002		PAGE 118.3		
			SANTA MON MEASURE H	ICA CITY S	PC MUNI	SANTA MON MEASURE I	ICA CITY S	PC MUNI			
	YES										
			NO		•						
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST	•	•									
						YES					
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CITY/PREC	TION	CAST									
COUNTYWIDE	56414	24884	7697	14244		7874	14409				
COUNTYWIDE ABSENTEE VOTÉ	87	5969	2035	3166		1971	3218				
TOTAL	56501	30853	9732	17410		9845	17627				
30TH US CONGRESSIONAL	56414	24884	7697	14244		7874	14409				
30TH US CONGRESSIONAL ABSENTEE VOTE	87	5969	2035	3166		1971	3218				
TOTAL	56501	30853	9732	17410		9845	17627				
23RD STATE SENATE	56414	24884	7697	14244		7874	14409		(%)		
41ST STATE ASSEMBLY	56414	24884	7697	14244		7874	14409				
11ST STATE ASSEMBLY ABSENTEE VOTE	87	5969	2035	3166		1971	3218				
TOTAL	56501	30853	9732	17410		9845	17627				
BRD SUPERVISORIAL	56414	24884	7697	14244		7874	14409				
BRD SUPERVISORIAL ABSENTEE VOTE	87	5969	2035	3166		1971	3218				
TOTAL	56501	30853	9732	17410		9845	17627				

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GE	NERAL ELEC	TION	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			NOVEMBER 5, 2002			PAGE 118.4		
			SANTA MON MEASURE H	IICA CITY S H	PC MUNI	SANTA M	ONICA CITY S	PC MUNI			
			YES		•						
•				NO					-		
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST											
						YES					
	i i						No				
	REGISTRA-	BALLOTS									
CITY/PREC	TION	CAST									
4TH BOARD OF EQUALIZATION	56414	24884	7697	14244		78	14409				
4TH BOARD OF EQUALIZATION	87	5969	2035	3166		197	71 3218				
ABSENTEE VOTE	56501	30853		-	M0000000000000000000000000000000000000						
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CITY OF SANTA MONICA	56414	24884	7697	14244		787	4 14409				
CITY OF SANTA MONICA	87	5969	2035	3166		197	1 3218				
ABSENTEE VOTE	ECEOI	20050	0700	4744							
TOTAL	56501	30853	9732	17410		984	5 17627				
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COUNTY OF LOS A	OUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GENERAL ELECTION						NOVEMBER 5, 2002			PAGE 119.1		
				SANTA MON MEASURE L	IICA CITY S	PC MUNI	SANTA MON MEASURE K	ICA CITY SPO	MUNI			
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FINAL OFFICI	АІ					1					•	
STATEMENT OF												
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CITY/PRE	С	REGISTRA-	BALLOTS	1						1	·	
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SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	5250001A 6250002A		400 411				82					
SANTA MONICA	6250003A	876	460	110			94 104					
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250006A 6250007A	859 677	390 238				168 87	146				
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250008A	731	298	127	154		117	139				
SANTA MUNICA	6250010A 6250015A	805 915	393 445				120 144					
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250016A 6250017A	776	351	154	174		135					
SANTA MONICA	6250017A	812 900	420 393				109 203	1				
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250020A 6250021A	801	393	192	167	220000000000000000000000000000000000000	176	142				
SANTA MONICA	6250029A	853 844	366 438				190 104					
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250031A 6250032A	988 811	475 385		- I amount a more and a second		178	223				
SANTA MONIÇA	6250034A	1030	466	,	173 219		171 208	154 183		(t).		
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250035A 6250036A	894   911	425 389	205 174	185 184		196	165	066000000000000000000000000000000000000			
SANTA MONICA	6250038A	1004	309	136			173 144	1.0000000000000000000000000000000000000				
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250041A 6250043A	838 840	391 326	188 159	***************************************		185	151				
SANTA MONICA	6250045A	990	389	193	148 180		145	129 153				
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250046A 6250048A	890   844	360 <b>329</b>	198 176	142		184	129	000000000000000000000000000000000000000			
SANTA MONICA	6250050A	837	382		140 167		169 189	116 134				
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250051A 6250052B	915 876	346	1	141		169	99				
SANTA MONIÇA	6250053B	809	351 330	182 153	148 151		170 142	123 133				
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250055A 6250056A	934 785	342	204	120		188	109		L		
SANTA MONICA	6250060A	533	100 253	47 120	40 111		47 105	34 106				
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250061A 6250062A	1118	465	236	179		234	154				
SANTA MONICA	6250063A	1077 987	381 340	225 187	111 129		198 172	. 114 122				
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250065A 6250067A	722	284	142	111	1000100000000000000000000000	130	89	*******************			
SANTA MONICA	6250067A	8 15 564	434 231	282 127	127 92		236 105	127 95				
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COUNTY OF LOS ANGE	LES GE	NERAL ELECT	rion				NOVEMBER	₹ 5, 2002		PAGE 119.2		
			SANTA MON MEASURE J	ICA CITY S	PC MUNI	SANTA MONI MEASURE K	CA CITY S					
·				YES								
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		REGISTRA-	BALLOTS									
CITY/PREC		TION	CAST						and the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of t			
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250069A 6250070A		435 423				173 170	194 193				
SANTA MONICA	6250071A	940	370	234	111		217	98				
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250072A 6250075A		414 464	210 205	1		182 188	157 180				
SANTA MONICA	6250076A	887	461	185	243		149	226			,	
SANTA MONICA	6250078A		386				163	163				
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250081A 6250083A		350 473		136 248		176 179	110 227				
SANTA MONICA	6250085A	908	404	199	186		172	175				
SANTA MONICA	6250087A	804	386	139	224		124	202				
SANTA MONICA	6250089A	841	474	180	272	2002702222200	152	249				
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250092A 6250093A		397 371	224 205	147 141		199 177	134 131				
SANTA MONICA	6250094A		422	202			174	131 171				
SANTA MONICA	6250095A		367	173	171		170	139		0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000		
SANTA MONICA	6250098B	773	374	203	154		169	142				
SANTA MONICA	6250104A	926	365	175	156		213	94		***************************************		
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250106A 6250107A		366 359	214 136	134 197		180 147	193 144				
SANTA MONICA	6250109A	841	397	178	199		156	170				
SANTA MONICA	6250110A	932	407	205	183	ryanaanaraa araanaanaa ahaabaa	196	146			*	
SANTA MONICA	6250113A	741	302	133	149		140	122				
SANTA MONICA	6250120A	806	384	234	133		198	137		: 3000000000000000000000000000000000000		
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250121A 6250125A		250 374	137 145	105 209		135 126	80 187				
SANTA MONICA	6250127A	4	381	238	128		213	125				
SANTA MONICA	6250128A		439	117	299	***************************************	134	251	*****************	***********************		
PRECINCT TOTAL VOTE		56414	24884	11530	11751		10626	10215			700 00000000000000000000000000000000000	
ABSENTEE TOTAL VOTE 87 5969			2330	3079		2363	2493					
GRAND TOTAL VOTE		56501	30853	13860	14830		12989	12708				
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COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GET	NERAL ELEC	TION	<del></del>			NOVEMBER 5, 2002			PAGE 119.3		
		,	SANTA MON MEASURE J	ICA CITY S	PC MUNI	SANTA MON MEASURE K	ICA CITY S				
	YES	,									
		NO		·							
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST											
						: YES	•				
							NO				
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST							-		
COUNTYWIDE	56414	24884	11530	11751		10626	10215				
ACLINEW MARK											
COUNTYWIDE ABSENTEE VOTE	87	5969	2330	3079		2363	2493	,	*****************		
TOTAL	56501	30853	13860	14830		12989	12708				
30TH US CONGRESSIONAL	FD444										
SOTH US CONGRESSIONAL	56414	24884	11530	11751		10626	10215				
30TH US CONGRESSIONAL	87	5969	2330	3079		2363	2493				
ABSENTEE VOTE	56501	20050	40000	44000							
TOTAL	36501	30853	13860	14830		12989	12708		n,		
23RD STATE SENATE	56414	24884	11530	11751		10626	10215				
41ST STATE ASSEMBLY	56414	24884	11530	11751		10505	10045				
TIOT STATE ASSEMBLE	30717	24004	11550	11/31		10626	10215		•		
41ST STATE ASSEMBLY ABSENTEE VOTE	87	5969	2330	3079		2363	2493				
TOTAL	56501	30853	13860	14830		12989	12708				
		20000	70000	14300		12303	12708			-	
GRD SUPERVISORIAL	56414	24884	11530	11751		10626	10215				
3RD SUPERVISORIAL	87	5969	2330	3079		2363	2493				
ABSENTEE VOTE						2000	2790				
TOTAL	56501	30853	13860	14830		12989	12708				

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GE	NERAL ELECT	TION				NOVEMBE	R 5, 2002		PAGE	119.4
			SANTA MON MEASURE J	ICA CITY S	PC MUNI	SANTA MON MEASURE K	ICA CITY S	PC MUNI		
			YES							
				NO						
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST										
STATEMENT OF FOTES GAST						YES				
							NO .			
				-		and the second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second s				
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST								
TH BOARD OF EQUALIZATION	56414	24884	11530	11751		10626	10215			
ITH BOARD OF EQUALIZATION	87	5969	2330	3079		2363	2493			
ABSENTEE VOTE					- Andrews					
TOTAL	56501	30853	13860	14830		12989	12708			
CITY OF SANTA MONICA	56414	24884	11530	11751		10626	10215			
ITY OF SANTA MONICA	87	5969	2330	3079		2363	2493			
ABSENTEE VOTE										
TOTAL	56501	30853	13860	14830		12989	12708			
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COUNTY OF LOS AN	, 42	NERAL ELEC			<del></del>		NOVEMBE	R 5, 2002		PAGE	123.1
				SANTA MON GOVERNING	ICA-MALIBU BOARD MEM	UN SCH BER					
				SHANE MCLOUD			•				
					JULIA						
FINAL OFFICIA	L				BROWNLEY	EMILY					
STATEMENT OF	VOTES CAST					BLOOMFIELD				•	
			•				BRENDA				•
							GOTTFRIED	DSCAR DEL	۸		
				ļ				TORRE	А		
		r <del> </del>							ANN COCHRAN		
CITY/PREC		REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST								
MALIBU MALIBU	4050002A	878	351	165	149	140	121	136	52		
MALIBU MALIBU	4050004A 4050014A	841 873	251 339	105 142	100 117	101	82	76	34		
/ALIBU	4050051A	787	346	156	136	121 139	106 102	98 117	41 65		
MALIBU MALIBU	4050056A 4050057A	426	234	105	108	100	104	77	27		
MALIBU	4050057A	840 734	402 282	184 145	177 115	164 113	141	138	67	WW.	
MALIBU	4050060A	885	364	178	174	182	94 117	101 151	50 65		
MALIBU MALIBU	4050062A 4050063A	764 771	335	162	129	130	106	127	62		
MALIBU	4050063A	771 517	315 202	139 111	126 84	127 71	102	117	49		
MALIBU HEIGHTS	4060001A	315	162	74	69	53	70 55	59 43	25		
MALIBU HEIGHTS MALIBU HEIGHTS	4060003A 4060004A	715 559	207	106	83	83	64	61	30		
MALIBU HEIGHTS	4060012A	255	215 93	99 47	83 34	89 45	68 35	70 31	43 24		
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250001A	790	400	172	190	171	136	105	52		
SANTA MONICA	6250002A 6250003A	771 876	411 460	168 168	205 222	193 217	166   162	77 108	49	223	
ANTA MONICA	6250006A	859	390	137	164	194	109	121	52   58		
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250007A 6250008A	677 731	238 298	78 10E	95	113	67	81	45		
ANTA MONICA	6250010A	805	393	105 137	149 169	128 185	107 110	88 109	4.1 55		
ANTA MONICA	6250015A	9 15	445	196	211	210	132	139	50		
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250016A 6250017A	776   812	351 420	113 168	153 186	169   191	101	121	49	)))))	
ANTA MONICA	6250018A	900	393	147	207	205	129 125	116 169	60 63		
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250020A 6250021A	801	393	115	162	183	100	139	61		
ANTA MONICA	6250021A	853 844	366 438	119 199	187 226	196 238	97 171	159	50		
ANTA MONICA	6250031A	988	475	179	209	224	163	108 148	68 77		
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250032A 6250034A	811 1030	385	153	182	180	119	134	46		
ANTA MONICA	6250035A	1030 894	466 425	173 151	208 205	217 226	146 140	168 161	71		
ANTA MONICA	6250036A	911	389	146	177	179	119	161 129	73 69		
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250038A 6250041A	1004 838	309 391	120	146	139	96	114	59		
ANTA MONICA	6250043A	840	326	129 132	180   139	175   160	113 98	156 129	56		
ANTA MONICA	6250045A	990	389	144	186	185			43		

	IGELES GEI	NERAL ELECT	7014	·			MOAEWREI	5, 2002		PAGE	123.2
		•			ICA-MALIBU BOARD MEM						
FINAL OFFICIA STATEMENT OF				SHANE MCLOUD	JULIA BROWNLEY	EMILY BLOOMFIEL	BRENDA				
-							GOTTFRIED	OSCAR DEL			
OLTY (DDEC		REGISTRA-	BALLOTS						ANN COCHRAN		
CITY/PREC		TION	CAST							THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE S	
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250046A 6250048A	890 844	360 329	138 136	166 163	173 173	119 90	140 147	56 61		
SANTA MONICA	6250050A	837	382	150	174	179	77	159	50		
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250051A 6250052B	915 876	346 351	134 141	184 147	176 162	111 .122	142 144	53 75		
SANTA MONICA	6250053B	809	330	129	133	141	97	126	49		
ANTA MONICA	6250055A	934	342	115	149	158	95	155	53		
ANTA MONICA	6250056A	785	100	41	44	42	31	38	20		
ANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250060A 6250061A	533 1118	253 465	90 156	127 205	115 188	91 128	131 242	48 103		
SANTA MONICA	6250061A	1077	381	121	172	162	111	182	113		
SANTA MONICA	6250063A	987	340	129	149	141	107	183	68		
SANTA MONICA	6250065A	722	284	101	119	133	83	98	39		
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250067A 6250068A	8 15 564	434 231	133 89	219 93	206 94	111 70	186 109	70 43		
ANTA MONICA	6250069A	890	435	154	177	202	116	159	65	****************	
SANTA MONICA	6250070A	879	423	173	217	209	117	171	66		
SANTA MONICA	6250071A	940	370	127	184	182	106	216	66		
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250072A 6250075A	919 941	414 464	148 184	227 252	196 215	144 161	188 167	52 72		
ANTA MONICA	6250076A	887	461	165	257	222	157	188	75		
ANTA MONICA	6250078A	989	386	150	203	200	113	168	47		
ANTA MONICA	6250081A	706	350	118		158	82	138	55		
SANTA MONICA	6250083A 6250085A	940 908	473 404	202	236 206	240 181	151	175	59 80		
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250087A	804	386	156 156	208 209	195	119 120	174 168	59		
SANTA MONICA	6250089A	841	474	207	239	237	165	179	81		
ANTA MONICA	6250092A	938	397	126	199	195	96	207	55		
SANTA MONICA	6250093A 6250094A	824 847	371 422	147 149	173 185	196 206	129 115	151 149	51 65		
GANTA MONICA GANTA MONICA	6250094A		422 367	119	168	178	118	149	56 56		
ANTA MONICA	6250098B	773	374	133	181	184	87	155	55		
ANTA MONICA	6250104A	926	365	127	178	182	134	138	74		
ANTA MONICA	6250106A	862	366	133	173	175	95	158	55		
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250107A 6250109A	693 841	359 397	132 148	178 169	164 179	121	128	53		
ANTA MUNICA	6250109A	932	397 407	141	201	201	115 125	120 157	51 62		
ANTA MONICA	6250113A	741	302	104	142	148			51		

COUNTY OF LOS ANG	ELES GEI	NERAL ELECT	LION.				NOVEMBE	R 5, 2002		PAGE	123,3
					ICA-MALIBU BOARD MEM						
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF V				SHANE MCLOUD	JULIA BROWNLEY	EMILY BLOOMFIELI	D BRENDA GOTTFRIED	OSCAR DEL TORRE	ANN		
CITY/PREC		REGISTRA~ TION	BALLOTS CAST						COCHRAN		
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA TOPANGA	6250120A 6250121A 6250125A 6250127A 6250128A 7100034A	806 888 758 822 842 1045	384 260 374 381 439 526	113	116	215 120 174 179 231 258	86	115	56 57 56		
PRECINCT TOTAL VOT		67619	29508	11395	13715	13801	9143	11083	4614		
ABSENTEE TOTAL VOT	E	258	7589	2852	3520	3356	2591	2432	1065		
GRAND TOTAL VOTE		67877	37097	14247	17235	17157	11734	13515	5679		
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COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GE	NERAL ELECT					NOVEMBE	R 5, 2002		PAGE	123.4
			SANTA MON GOVERNING	ICA-MALIBU BOARD MEM	UN SCH BER					
FINAL OFFICIAL			SHANE MCLOUD	JULIA BROWNLEY	EMILY	. ,				
STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST					BLOOMFIEL	D   BRENDA   GOTTFRIED 	OSCAR DEL	a I ann		
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST						COCHRAN		
COUNTYWIDE	67519	29508	11395	13715	13801	9143	11083	4614		-
COUNTYWIDE · ABSENTEE VOTE	258	7589	2852	3520	3356	2591	2432	1065		
TOTAL	67877	37097	14247	17235	17157	11734	13515	5679		
30TH US CONGRESSIONAL	67619	29508	11395	13715	13801	9143	11083	4614		
SOTH US CONGRESSIONAL ABSENTEE VOTE	258	7589	2852	3520	3356	2591	2432	1065		
TOTAL	67877	37097	14247	17235	17157	11734	13515	5679		
23RD STATE SENATE	67619	29508	11395	13715	13801	9143	11083	4614		
41ST STATE ASSEMBLY	67619	29508	11395	13715	13801	9143	11083	4614		•
41ST STATE ASSEMBLY ABSENTEE VOTE	258	7589	2852	3520	3356	2591	2432	1065		
TOTAL	67877	37097	. 14247	17235	17157	11734	13515	5679		
GRD SUPERVISORIAL	87619	29508	11395	13715	13801	9143	11083	4814		
BRD SUPERVISORIAL ABSENTEE VOTE	258	7589	2852	3520	3356	2591	2432	1065		
TOTAL	67877	37097	14247	17235	17157	11734	13515	5679		

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GER	NERAL ELECT					MOAEWRE	5, 2002	·	PAGE	123.5
			SANTA MON GOVERNING	ICA-MALIBU BOARD MEM	UN SCH BER					
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST					EMILY BLOOMFIEL	O  BRENDA  GOTTFRIED	OSCAR DEL	A Ann		
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST						COCHRAN		
4TH BOARD OF EQUALIZATION	67619	29508	11395	13715	13801	9143	11083	4614		
4TH BOARD OF EQUALIZATION ABSENTEE VOTE	258	7589	2852	3520	3356	2591	2432	1065	*	
TOTAL	67877	37097	14247	17235	17157	11734	13515	5679		
CITY OF MALIBU	8316	3421	1592	1415	. 1388	1145	1197	537		
CITY OF SANTA MONICA	56414	24884	9250	11793	11885	7582	9541	3889		
CITY OF SANTA MONICA ABSENTEE VOTE	. 87	5969	2144	2871	2763	1996	2050	866	ė,	
TOTAL	56501	30853	11394	14664	14648	9578	11591	4755		
JNINCORPORATED	2889	1203	553	507	528	416	345	188		
							,			

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GEN	HERAL ELECT	ION	·			NOVEMBE	5, 2002		PAGE	122.4
				ICA COMM C TRUSTEES						
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST			D EHRHART-MI	DRRISON NANCY GREENSTEI	N  BILL  WINSLOW	CAROLE CURREY				
	DEGICTEA	744.070					CATTELL-L	UCKENBACH HERB RONEY		
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TIDN	BALLOTS CAST								
COUNTYWIDE	67619	29508	13328	12542	7378	10240	7327	10242		
COUNTYWIDE ABSENTEE VOTE	. 171	7536	3253	2934	1740	2799	1872	2754		
TOTAL	67790	37044	16581	15476	9118	13039	9199	12996		
30TH US CONGRESSIONAL	67619	29508	13328	12542	7378	10240	7327	10242		
SOTH US CONGRESSIONAL ABSENTEE VOTE	171	7536	3253	2934	1740	2799	1872	2754		
TOTAL	67790	37044	16581	15476	9118	13039	9199	12996	•	
23RD STATE SENATE	67619	29508	13328	12542	7378	10240	7327	10242	***	
41ST STATE ASSEMBLY	67619	29508	13328	12542		10240	7327	10242		
41ST STATE ASSEMBLY ABSENTEE VOTE	171	7536	3253	2934	1740	2799	1872	2754		
TOTAL	67790	37044	16581	15476	9118	13039	9199	12996		
GRD SUPERVISORIAL	67619	29508	13328	12542	7378	10240	7327	10242		
SRD SUPERVISORIAL ABSENTEE VOTE	171	7536	3253	2934	1740	2799	1872	2754		
TOTAL	67790	37044	16581	15476	9118	13039	9199	12996		

	ELES GE	NERAL ELEC					NOVEMBE	R 5, 2002	!	PAGE	122.3
				SANTA MON BOARD OF	ICA COMM C TRUSTEES	OLLEGE					
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VO	FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST				ORRISON NANCY GREENSTEI	N  BILL WINSLOW	CAROLE CURREY				
		REGISTRA-	BALLOTS		·			CATTELL-L	UCKENBACH   HERB   RONEY		
CITY/PREC		TION	CAST								
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA TOPANGA	6250120A 6250121A 6250125A 6250127A 6250128A 7100034A	888	384 260 374 381 439 526		201 103 135 178 160 200	75 82 112 89 133 140	133 104 125 111 204 192	75	101 123 107		
PRECINCT TOTAL VOTE		67619	29508	13328	12542	7378	10240	7327	10242		
ABSENTEE TOTAL VOTE		171	7536	3253	2934	1740	2799	1872	2754		
GRAND TOTAL VOTE		67790	37044	16581	15476	9118	13039	9199	12996	*****************************	
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COUNTY OF LOS	ANGELES GEI	NERAL ELECT	TION	<u> </u>			NOVEMBE	₹ 5, 2002		PAGE	122.1
				SANTA MON BOARO OF	ICA COMM C	DLLEGE					
	•			D EHRHART-M	ORRISON NANCY						
FINAL OFFIC STATEMENT C	CIAL OF VOTES CAST				GREENSTEI	MINSTOM BILT			٠		
							CAROLE CURREY	I			
								CATTELL-L	UCKENBACH HERB RONEY		
CITY/PF	REC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST						. I		
MALIBU MALIBU MALIBU	4050002A 4050004A 4050014A	878 841 873	351 251 339	161 100 122	129 81 124	110 87 96	127 81 100	86 58 67	92		
MALIBU MALIBU MALIBU	4050051A 4050056A 4050057A	787 426 840	346 234 402	136 93 160	126 80 132	¹ . 100 58	112 83	84 47	112 128 100		
MALIBU MALIBU MALIBU	4050059A 4050060A	734 885	282 364	124 150	97 143	119 67 103	128 93 136	101 77 91	155 103 157		3.
MALIBU MALIBU	4050062A 4050063A 4050064A	764 771 517	335 315 202	128 119 70	118 117 73	89 91 57	119 104 61	9.1 68 48	114 126 76		
MALIBU HEIGHTS MALIBU HEIGHTS MALIBU HEIGHTS	4060001A 4060003A 4060004A	315 715 559	162 207 215	61 74 98	47 67 77	45 57 71	54 75 73	28 49 50	60 76 75		
MALIBU HEIGHTS SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	4060012A 6250001A 6250002A	255 790 771	93 400 411	42 125 123	34 136 140	35 88 116	24 197 184	24 117 137	39 186 176		
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250003A 6250006A 6250007A	876 859 677	460 390 238	141 189 105	123 191 100	90 109 77	226 115 79	127 75 58	207 128 77	¹⁰ .	
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250008A 6250010A 6250015A	731 805 915	298 393 445	137 154 170	131 147 163	80 96 106	90 125 167	80 90 99	111 122 156	:	
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250016A 6250017A 6250018A	776 812 900	351 420 393	149 139 213	151 137 212	84 98 75	112 178 137	81 129 82	109 169 131		
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250020A 6250021A 6250029A	801 853 844	393 366 438	180 202 172	174 187 159	86 73 132	112 110 182	81 79 111	118 99 207		
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250031A 6250032A 6250034A	988 811 1030	475 385 466	202 186 221	183 181 202	111 96 97	146	118 85 109	166 129 144		
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250035A 6250036A 6250038A	894 911 1004	425 389 309	208 184 165	202 175 137	104 100 70	136 144 101	101 91 68	136 125 112		
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250041A 6250043A 6250045A	838 840 990	391 326 389	175 164 197	175 147 179	82 78 97	124 98 139	82 74 88	117 97 131		

COUNTY OF LOS	ANGELES GE	NERAL ELECT	LION				NOVEMBE	R 5, 2002		PAGE	122.2
				SANTA MON BOARD OF	ICA COMM CO	DLLEGE					
				D EHRHART-M	ORRISON			i.			
					NANCY GREENSTEIN	u					
FINAL DFFI	CIAL OF VOTES CAST				GKEENSTEIL	BILL					
STATEMENT	OF VOIES CASI					WINSLOW	CAROLE				
							CURREY	i			
+				-				CATTELL-L	UCKENBACH HERB		
		REGISTRA-	BALLOTS						RONEY		
CITY/P	REC	TION	CAST								
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250046A 6250048A		360 329	174 174	164 165	90 80	123	83	119		
SANTA MONICA	6250050A	837	382	182	165	93	115 133	89 85	96 96		
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250051A 6250052B	915 876	346 351	185 180	162 157	88 96	110 135	90 104	120	*****************************	
SANTA MONICA	6250053B	809	330	154	150	74	117	67	119 113		
SANTA MONICA	6250055A		342	173	154	65	117	82	106		
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250056A 6250060A		100 253	46 135	45 117	24 62	37	30	34		
SANTA MONICA	6250061A		465	226	195	110	109 143	76 122	102 169		
SANTA MONICA	6250062A	1077	381	205	169	77	140	90	132		
SANTA MONICA	6250063A	987	340	188	152	67	143	97	115		
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250065A 6250067A	722 815	284 434	132 222	127 216	59 117	94 120	66 89	71		
SANTA MONICA	6250068A		231	112	102	54	78	54	119 89		
SANTA MONICA	6250069A	890	435	· 173	165	83	150	128	128		
SANTA MONICA	6250070A	879	423	194	197	123	139	121	125		
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250071A 6250072A	940 919	370 414	211 190	176 183	96 98	143 148	93 125	150	71. 2000/00/00/00/00/00/20	
ANTA MONICA	6250075A		464	190	192	143	163	140	139 172		
SANTA MONICA	6250076A		461	199	189	139	179	123	190		
ANTA MONICA	6250078A	989	386	176	185	105	145	98	131		-
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250081A 6250083A	706	350	162	152	70	101	88	87		
ANTA MONICA	6250085A	940 908	473 404	217 175	217 191	107 112	171 150	117	168		
ANTA MONICA	6250087A	804	386	180	164	90	149	107 111	140 180		
ANTA MONICA	6250089A	841	474	202	184	120	191	151	228		
ANTA MONICA	6250092A	938	397	198	188	80	130	93	122	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	
ANTA MONICA	6250093A 6250094A	824 847	371	195	176	80	120	108	104	,	
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250095A	855	422 367	185 174	185 169	89 81	136 117	84 88	121		
ANTA MONICA	6250098B	773	374	183	176	95	111	86 88	111 113		
ANTA MONICA	6250104A		365	190	207	106	94	100	117		
ANTA MONICA	6250106A	862	366	191	184	84	107	81	97		
ANTA MONICA	6250107A	693	359	177	172	92	115	81	120		
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250109A 6250110A	841 932	397 407	173 193	157	111	124	93	121		**************************************
ANTA MONICA	6250113A	741	302	150	190 149	103 74	122 94	91	136		
								63	98		

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GE	NERAL ELECT	TION		45 — Aliabanda da da da da da da da da da da da da d	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	NOVEMBE	R 5, 2002		PAGE	122.5
			SANTA MON BOARD OF	ICA COMM C	DLLEGE					
			D EHRHART-M	ORRISON .	·					•
FINAL OFFICIAL Statement of votes cast		·		GREENSTEI	BILL WINSLOW					
						CAROLE CURREY	CATTELL-L	HOVENO A OLI		
	REGISTRA-	BALLOTS	·		,		CATTELL	HERB RONEY	1	
. CITY/PREC	TION	CAST								
4TH BOARD OF EQUALIZATION 4TH BOARD OF EQUALIZATION	67619 171	29508 7536	13328 3253	12542 2934	7378 1740	10240 2799	7327 1872	10242 2754		
ABSENTEE VOTE	67790	37044	16581	15476	9118	13039	9189	12996		
CITY OF MALIBU	8316	3421	1363	1220	977	1144	818	1297		
CITY OF SANTA MONICA	56414	24884	11493	10897	6053	8678	6250	8448		
CITY OF SANTA MONICA ABSENTEE VOTE	0	5916	2686	2430	1358	2230	1485	2183		
TOTAL	56414	30800	14179	13327	7411	10908	7735	10631	₹.,	
UNINCORPORATED	2889	1203	472	425	348	418	259	497	4	
		-								
·										



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City Council Meeting: December 7, 2004 Santa Monica, CA

RESOLUTION NO. 9997 (CCS) (CITY COUNCIL SERIES)

RESOLUTION OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY
OF SANTA MONICA ACCEPTING THE LOS ANGELES COUNTY
REGISTRAR RECORDER/COUNTY CLERK'S OFFICIAL CANVASS
AND OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST FOR THE
CONSOLIDATED MUNICIPAL ELECTION HELD ON
NOVEMBER 2, 2004, AND DECLARING THE RESULTS THEREOF

WHEREAS, a Consolidated General Municipal Election was held in the City of Santa Monica on November 2, 2004, as required by law; and

WHEREAS, the provisions of the Elections Code of the State of California for the holding of elections in Charter cities were complied with in that notice of the election was given in the time, form and manner as provided by law; voting precincts were properly established; election officers were appointed; votes were cast, received and canvassed; and the returns were made and declared in the time, form and manner as required; and

WHEREAS, the Los Angeles Registrar Recorder/County Clerk canvassed the returns of the election and certified the results to the City Council, and those results are attached and made a part hereof as "Exhibit A",

NOW, THEREFORE, THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF SANTA MONICA DOES RESOLVE AS FOLLOWS:

SECTION 1. The vote totals for the Consolidated Municipal Election held on November 2, 2004, in the City of Santa Monica, as certified by the Los Angeles County Registrar Recorder/County Clerk, shall be and hereby are approved and adopted as the formal vote count of the City of Santa Monica for said offices and said measure of said election.

SECTION 2. The names of the candidates on the ballot were:

College District Board of Trustees

Tonja McCoy Robert Greenstein Rader Margaret R. Quinones Charles Donaldson M. Douglas Willis Susanne Trimbath Susan Aminoff

SM-MUSD Board of Education

Ana M Jara Maria Leon-Vazquez Jose Escarce Kathy Wisnicki

Santa Monica Rent Control Board

Joel C. Koury Jeffrey A. Sklar

Santa Monica City Council

Kathryn J. Morea Lorene "Leah" Mendelsohn Jonathan Mann Maria Loya Patricia Hoffman Ken Genser Matt Dinolfo Michael Feinstein Herb Katz
Bobby Shriver
David Cole
Linda Armstrong
Leticia Maria Anderson
Richard Bloom
Bill Bauer

Tom Viscount

SECTION 3. The number of total ballots cast for this election was:

Santa Monica Community College District Board of Trustees

REGISTERED <u>VOTERS</u>	PRECINCT	ABSENTEE	TOTAL
	BALLOTS	<u>BALLOTS</u>	BALLOTS
71045	44461	15331	59792

Santa Monica-Malibu Unified School District Board of Education:

REGISTERED	PRECINCT	ABSENTEE	TOTAL
VOTERS	BALLOTS	BALLOTS	BALLOTS
71122	44461	15396	59857

City of Santa Monica:

REGISTERED VOTERS	PRECINCT	ABSENTEE	TOTAL
	BALLOTS	BALLOTS	<u>BALLOTS</u>
59349	37370	12257	49627

SECTION 4. The following persons were elected to office as follows:

Santa Monica Community College Board of Trustees:

CANDIDATE	<u>VOTES</u>
SUSAN AMINOFF	22,154 23.08%
ROBERT GREENSTEIN RADER	16,982 17.69%
MARGARET R. QUINONES	15,465 16.11%

Santa Monica-Malibu Unified School District Board of Education:

CANDIDATE	<u>VOTES</u>
JOSE ESCARCE	24.906 26.91%
MARIA LEON-VAZQUEZ	24.442 26.40%
KATHY WISNICKI	23,230 25.10%

City of Santa Monica Rent Control Board:

CANDIDATE	<u>VC</u>	TES
JOEL C. KOURY	19,265	53.39%
JEFFREY A. SKLAR	16,821	46.61%

Santa Monica City Council:

CANDIDATE	<u>VO</u>]	<u>res</u>
BOBBY SHRIVER	,	16.47%
RICHARD BLOOM		11.84%
HERB KATZ	14.475	10.25%
KEN GENSER	13,408	9.50%

SECTION 5. The measure that appeared on the ballot read as follows:

MEASURE N: Shall the Transient Occupancy Tax (TOT) applied to hotel bills and paid by hotel guests only, be increased from 12 percent to 14 percent to bring it in line with TOT rates of neighboring communities and to generate an estimated additional \$3.5 million annually to the City's General Fund for general city purposes including police, fire, libraries, parks and recreation, environmental protection, after school programs and community-use payments to the school district? The Measure was approved by the following vote:

YES:	29,206	(74.69%)
NO:	9,897	(25.31%)

SECTION 6. The City Clerk shall enter on the records of the Santa Monica City Council, a statement of the result of the election showing: (1) the total number of votes cast for the offices and the measure in the election; (2) the names of the persons voted for; (3) the text of the measure voted upon; (4) the office that each person was running for; (5) the number of votes given at each

precinct to each person, and for and against the ballot measure; and, (6) the total number of votes given to each person, and for and against the ballot measures.

SECTION 7. The City Clerk shall immediately make and deliver to each of the persons so elected a Certificate of Election signed by the City Clerk and authenticated. The City Clerk shall also administer to each person elected the Oath of Office prescribed in the Constitution of the State of California and shall have each person subscribe to it and file it in the office of the City Clerk. All of the persons so elected shall then be inducted into the office to which they have been elected.

SECTION 8. The City Clerk shall certify to the adoption of this Resolution, and thenceforth and thereafter the same shall be in full force and effect.

APPOVED AS TO FORM:

MARSHA JÓNES MOUTRIE

City Attorney

Adopted and approved this 7th day of December, 2004.

Richard Bloom, Mayor

I, Maria Stewart, City Clerk of the City of Santa Monica, do hereby certify that the foregoing Resolution No. 9997 (CCS) was duly adopted at a meeting of the Santa Monica City Council held on the 7th day of December, 2004, by the following vote:

Ayes:

Council members:

Mayor Bloom, Mayor Pro Tem McKeown,

Maria M. Stewart, City Clerk

Genser, Holbrook, Katz

Noes:

Council members:

None

Abstain:

Council members: None

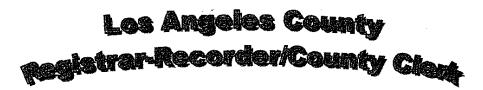
Absent:

Council members: Feinstein, O'Connor

ATTEST:

6

EXHIBIT A



Certificate of the canvass of the election returns

I, CONNY B. McCORMACK, Registrar-Recorder/County Clerk of the County of Los Angeles, of the State of California, DO HEREBY CERTIFY that pursuant to the provisions of Section 15300 et seq. of the California Elections Code, I did canvass the returns of the votes cast for each elective office and/or measure(s) in

SANTA MONICA CITY

at the General Election, held on the 2nd day of November, 2004.

I, FURTHER CERTIFY that the Statement of Votes Cast, to which this certificate is attached, shows the total number of ballots cast in said District, and the whole number of votes cast for each candidate and/or measure(s) in said District in each of the respective precincts therein, and the totals of the respective columns and the totals as shown for each candidate and/or measure(s) are full, true and correct.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my seal this 29th day of November, 2004.



CONNY B. McCORMACK
Registrar-Recorder/County Clerk
County of Los Angeles

				SANTA MONICA CITY GEN MUNI Councilmember							
				KATHRYN J MOREA		*					
					L						
FINAL OFFICIA	NL		I	,	MENDELSOHN	JDNATHAN	•				
STATEMENT OF	VOTES CAST					MANN	MARIA				
				:			FOAV				
				:			:	PATRICIA HOFFMAN		•	
					·		,	ROFFMAN	KEN		
		REGISTRA-	DALLOTO						GENSER	MATT	
CITY/PREC	:	TION	BALLOTS CAST							DINOLFO	
ANTA MONICA	6250001A	763	517	198	35	12	28	59	58	288	
ANTA MONICA	6250002A	770	509	207	23	3	29	50	52	266	
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250003A 6250008A	849 869	533 568	229 128	35 30	7 10	31 102	71 138	73 152	291 197	
ANTA MONICA	6250007A	755	403	107	29	11	80	92	111	93	
ANTA MONICA	6250008A	707	383	79	30	9	75	90	106	81	******
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250010A 6250015A		539 600	122 159	40 30	10 20	72 78	115 141	88 131		
ANTA MONICA	6250016A	787	494	107	30	15	108	142	163	136	
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250017A 6250018A	820 952	556 631	205 107	35 45	17 30	62 142	78 176	69 193		
ANTA MONICA	6250020A	1043	623	110	39	23	132	167	194	118	
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250021A 6250028A	918 872	620 471	92	30	22		202 78			
ANTA MUNICA	5250025A	1043	471 678	160 169	28 36	16 20	42 117	162	78 173		
ANTA MONICA	6250032A	911	550	115	31	17	125	167	162		***************************************
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250034A 6250035A	1090 955	718 65 3	144 118	40	22 17	157 156	193 201	188 199		
ANTA MONICA	6250036A	960	580	112	27	15	125	161	175	110	
anta monica Anta monica	6250038A 6250041A		636 627	125 85	53 52	29 30	115 142				
ANTA MONICA	6250043A	946	581	111	46	27	129	153	115	108	
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250045A 6250046A		611 564	98	49 34	23	134	155			*
ANTA MONICA	6250048A		576	95 97	42	17 29	138 177	169 182			
ANTA MONICA	B250050A	893	579	92	50	30	187	184	184	89	
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250051A 6250052B		556 613		40 45	20 26	128 166	139 163			
ANTA MONICA	6250053B	949	551	98	39	29	115	145	130	92	
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250055A 6250056A		613 381	95 84	35 27	24 15	164 66	186 85			
ANTA MUNICA	6250080A	562	318	40	25	10		77	87	59	
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250061A 6250062A		708 628	4		21					
ANTA MONICA	6250063A		528 571	82 119	37	19 23	252 228	152 158			
ANTA MONICA	6250065A	767	456	71	39	14	128	141	145	69	007700000000000000000000000000000000000
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250067A 6250068A		633 349			21 13					

					COUNCILMEN	MBER	÷					
					KATHRYN J MOREA	ı.						
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST				MENDELSOH				MARIA LOYA	PATRICIA HOFFMAN KEN			
CITY/PREC REGISTRA- BALLOTS TION CAST								GENSER	MATT DINOLFO			
ANTA MON ANTA MON		6250069A 6250070A	956 947	674 608	131 135	34	97 13	17.1 183	155 153			
ANTA MON	ICA	6250071A	1017	608	59	33 43	21	292	187	188	96	
ANTA MON ANTA MON	IICA IICA	6250072A 6250075A	938 990	577 664	102 138	32 33	26 28	149 141	142 147	172 153		
ANTA MON	IICA	6250076A	947	589	143	32	19	152	126	163	158	
ANTA MON ANTA MON		6250078A 6250081A	1002 782	644 553	136 79	45 31	26 25	181 157	176 160	190 179		
ANTA MON ANTA MON	IICA	6250083A	835	538	129	25	14	128	141	149	152	
ANTA MON	IICA	6250085A 6250087A	1014 832	513 506	131 104	31 34	23 21	181 116	168 93	165 122		
ANTA MON	IIÇA	6250089A	842	559	136	22	17	112	90	135	229	
ANTA MON ANTA MON	TCA	B250092A 6250093A	984 850	597 561	104 95	39 26	23 19	177 148	133 178			
ANTA MON	(ICA	B250094A	915	661	110	47	23	178	208	191	115	
ANTA MON ANTA MON	IICA IICA	6250095A 6250099B	993 794	639 520	120 99	35 26	28 20	151 121	171 149	177 152		
ANTA MON	IICA	6250104A	984	578	91	35	21	159	191	187	74	
anta mon anta mon	HCA HCA	8250106A 6250107A		605 518	114 97	48 30	27 22	171 119	186 148			
ANTA MON	(ICA	6250109A	945	862	181	26	12	134	160	167	175	
ANTA MON ANTA MON	NICA NICA	6250110A 6250113A	969 778	616 505	101	45 29	20 21	155 126				
ANTA MON	VICA	6250120A	777	526	78	22	18	152	154	169	117	0
ANTA MON MON ATMA	VICA UTCA	6250121A 6250125A	900 733	494 442			29 15	142 65				
ANTA MON	VICA	6250127A	882	601	93	43	28	170	181	170	101	
ANTA MON	NICA	6250128A	876	534	208	36	14	40	72	92	252	
RECINCT	TOTAL VOTE		59272	37370	7656	2327	1326	9009	9603	9838	8746	
BSENTEE	TOTAL VOTE		77	12257	2028	943	472	2451	2981	3570	3028	
RAND TOT	TAL VOTE		59349	49627	9682	3270	1798	11460	12584	13408	11774	
			23343	75047		3270] .,,,,	11400	12304	,5400	11//4	

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GEN	ERAL ELECT	ION				NOVEMBER	2, 2004		PAGE	81.3	
				ANTA MONICA CITY GEN MUNI OUNCILMEMBER							
			KATHRYN J MOREA								
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST		L MENDELSOH	JONATHAN MANN	MARIA Loya							
•	•						PATRICIA HOFFMAN	KEN			
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA-	BALLOTS CAST					-	GENSER	MATT DINDLFO		
COUNTYWIDE	59272	37370	7656	2327	1326	9009	9603	9838	8746		
COUNTYWIDE ABSENTEE VOTE	77	12257	2026	943	472	2451	2981	3570	3028		
TOTAL	59349	49627	9882	3270	1798	11460	12584	13408	11774		
SOTH US CONGRESSIONAL	59272	37370	7656	2327	1326	9009	9603	9838	8746		
30TH US CONGRESSIONAL ABSENTEE VOTE	77	12257	2028	943	472	2451	2981	3570	3028		
TOTAL	59349	49627	9682	3270	1798	11460	12584	13408	11774		
23RD STATE SENATE	59272	37370	7858	2327	1326	9009	9603	9838	8746		
23RD STATE SENATE ABSENTEE VOTE	77	12257	2028	943	472	2451	2981	3570	3028		
TOTAL	59349	49627	9682	3270	1798	11460	12584	13408	11774		
41ST STATE ASSEMBLY	59272	37370	7656	2327	1326	9009	9603	9838	8746		
41ST STATE ASSEMBLY ABSENTEE VOTE	77	12257	2025	943	472	2451	2981	3570	3028		
TOTAL	59349	49627	9682	3270	1798	11460	12584	13408	11774	·	
GRO SUPERVISORIAL	59272	37370	7656	2327	1326	9009	9803	9838	8746		

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GET	NERAL ELECT	ION				NOVEMBE	R 2, 2004		PAGE	81.4	
				ANTA MONICA CITY GEN MUNI OUNCILMEMBER							
	KATHRYN J MDREA		•								
FINAL OFFICIAL		L MENDELSOH									
STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST				WY CONTRACT TO THE TOTAL	JONATHAN MANN	MARIA					
						LOYA	PATRICIA				
	<u>.</u>			<u></u>	HOFFMAN	KEN GENSER					
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST		1		}			MATT DINOLFO		
PRD SUPERVISORIAL ABSENTEE VOTE	77	12257	2026	943	472	2451	2981	3570	3028		
TOTAL	59349	49627	9682	3270	1798	11460	12584	13408	11774		
ITH BOARD OF EQUALIZATION	59272	37370	7656	2327	1326	9009	9603	9838	8746		
CITY OF SANTA MONICA	59272	37370	7656	2327	1326	9009	9603	9838	8746		
CITY OF SANTA MONICA	77	12257	2028	943	472	2451	2981	3570	3028		
ABSENTEE VOTE											
TOTAL	59349	49627	9682	3270	1798	11460	12584	13408	11774		
	·										
										2	
)								

COUNTY OF LOS	ANGELES GE	NERAL ELECT	TON				NOVEMBE	₹ 2, 2004		PAGE	82.1
					ANTA MONICA CITY GEN MUNI Guncilmember						
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST				MICHAEL FEINSTEIN	HERB KATZ	BOBBY SHRIVER	DAVID COLE	LINDA ARMSTRONG	LETICIA M ANDERSON		
CITY/F	PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST	-						RICHARD BLOOM	
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250001A 6250002A	770	517 509	58 50	297 278	362 370	49		26 11	97 96	
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250003A 6250005A	849 869	533 568	42 78	297 174	381 305		3 6	18 29	98 188	
NTA MONICA	6250007A	755	403	57	114	213	44	5	17	124	
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250008A 6250 010A	707 857	383 535	54 63	115 196	178 315		4 9	32 30	130 127	
anta monica	6250015A	986	800	83	241	347	49	9	24	164	
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	8250016A 6250017A	787 820	494 556	74 60	158 272	265 364		9	23 24		
ANTA MONICA	6250018A	952	631	84	140	286	47	15	36	232	•
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250020A 6250021A	1043 918	623 62 0	102 102	165 122	299 260		6 10	27 42	238 261	
ANTA MONICA	6250029 A	872	471	54	233	264	50	8	11	114	
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250031A 6250032A	1043 911	878 550	76 88	205 149	341 270			31 32	219 215	
ANTA MONICA	6250034A	1090	718	97	197	332	50	19	52	248	i
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250035A 6250 038A	955 950	653 580	90 87	159 133	287 251		17 12	46 35		
ANTA MONICA	6250038A	1120	636	115	146	272	61	19	60	192	
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250041A 6250043A	924 946	627	98	141	221	61	17	55		
ANTA MONICA	6250045A	989	581 611	86 82	137 150	246 248		20 15	44 60		
ANTA MONICA	6250046A	894	564	78	122	247	47	13	37	202	
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250048A 6250050A		576 579	94 88	129 109	245 207		15 17		223 208	
ANTA MONICA	6250051A	902	556	89	115	201	42	13	39	180	
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	62500529 62500538		613 551	94	128 109	214					
ANTA MONICA	6250055A	947	613	81	123	210	66	15	50	225	
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	8250056A 6250080A		381	41	78	125					
ANTA MONICA	6250061A		318 708	68 117	90 137	135 223					
ANTA MONICA	62500624	1072	628	106	94	187	41	17	47	190	
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250063 <i>A</i> 6250065 <i>A</i>		571 456	82 75	138 101	213			55		
ANTA MONICA	62500874	885	633	141	134	272	33	10	37	279	
anta monica	52500684	598	349	74	99	184	90	5	25	111	I

				SANTA MONI	ICA CITY G	EN MINT					
			!	COUNCILMEN		SIA MICIAT					
FINAL OFFICIA Statement of				MICHAEL FEINSTEIN	HERB KATZ	BOBBY SHRIVER	DAVID				
							COLE	LINDA ARMSTRONG	LETICIA M		
CITY/PREC		REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST							RICHARD BLGOM	
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250069A 6250070A	956 947	674 608	109 124	157 199	289 324			52 45		
ANTA MONICA	6250071A	1017	609	86	108	197	46	17	68	226	
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250072A 6250075A	938	577 664	123 127	162 221	283 333		14 15	37 44		
ANTA MONICA	6250076A	947	589	86	214	311		13	43	1	
ANTA MONICA	6250078A	1002	644	76	216	296	81		55		
ANTA MONICA	8250081A	782	553	120	125	259			42 28		
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250083A 6250085A	835 1014	538 613	98 99	202 182	295 291		13	48		
SANTA MONICA	6250087A	832	506	93	203	295		11	31	177	
SANTA MONICA	6250089A	842	559	99	258	346		3	25		
SANTA MONICA	6250092A 6250093A	984	597	177	184	273			53 29		
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250094A	850 915	561 661	112 87	129 156	231 279		11 13	28 34		
SANTA MONICA	6250095A	993	639	87	153	306			40		
SANTA MONICA	6250098B	794	520	119	140	239	40	16	47		
SANTA MONICA	6250104A	984	578	94	108	224			39		
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250106A 6250107A		605 518	106 95	138 147	260 259		15	51 27		
SANTA MONICA	6250109A		562	95	185				34		
SANTA MONICA	6250110A	969	816	97	150	264	45	8	31	229	
SANTA MONICA	6250113A	778	505	58	100						
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250120A 6250121A		526 494	119 89	138 113	246 192			31 44		
SANTA MUNICA	6250121A		442		171						
SANTA MONICA	6250127A	882	801	115	134	239	35	13	42	198	
SANTA MONICA	6250128A	876	534	53	279	367	57	5	27	118	
PRECINCT TOTAL VO	ITE	59272	37370	5867	10577	17486	3065	793	2536	12503	
ABSENTEE TOTAL VO	ITE	77	12257	2156	3898	5774	1117	234	844	4207	
SRAND TOTAL VOTE		59349	49627	8023	14475	23260	4182	1027	3380	16710	
				1	1	4	ar e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	4	1	4	

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GEN	NERAL ELECT	'ION				NOVEMBE	2, 2004		PAGE	82.3					
			SANTA MON: COUNCILME	ICA CITY GI MBER	EN MUNI										
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST								INSTEIN HERB KATZ BOBBY SHRIVER		DAVID	LINDA ARMSTRONG	LETICIA M			
CITY/PREC								ANDERSON	RICHARD BLOOM						
COUNTYWIDE	59272	37370	5867	10577	17486	3085	793	2538	12503						
COUNTYWIDE ABSENTEE VOTE	77	12257	2156	3898	5774	1117	234	844	4207						
TOTAL	59349	49627	8023	14475	23260	4182	1027	3380	16710						
OOTH US CONGRESSIONAL	59272	37370	5867	10577	17486	3065	793	2536	12503						
OTH US CONGRESSIONAL ABSENTEE VOTE	77	12257	2156	3898	5774	1117	234	844	4207						
TOTAL	59349	49627	8023	14475	23260	4182	1027	3380	16710						
PARO STATE SENATE	59272	37370	5867	10577	17486	3065	793	2536	12503						
23RD STATE SENATE ABSENTEE VOTE	77	12257	2156	3898	5774	1117	234	844	4207						
TOTAL	59349	49627	8023	14475	23260	4182	1027	3380	16710						
IST STATE ASSEMBLY	59272	37370	5867	10577	17486	3065	793	2536	12503						
41ST STATE ASSEMBLY ABSENTEE VOTE	77	12257	2156	3898	5774	1117	234	844	4207						
TOTAL	59349	49627	8023	14475	23260	4182	1027	3380	18710)					
GRD SUPERVISORIAL	59272	37370	5867	10577	17486	3065	793	2536	12503						

			SANTA MON	ICA CITY GI	EN MUNI					
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST	MICHAEL FEINSTEIN HERB KATZ		BOBBY SHRIVER	DAVID COLE	LINDA ARMSTRONG	LETICIA M				
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- BALLOT							ANDERSON	RICHARD BLOOM	
BRD SUPERVISORIAL ABSENTEE VOTE	77	12257	2156	3898	5774	111	7 294	844	4207	
TOTAL	59349	49827	8023	14475	23260	418	1027	3380	16710	
FTH BOARD OF EQUALIZATION	59272	37370	5867	10577	17486	306	793	2536	12503	
CITY OF SANTA MONICA	59272	37370	5867	10577	17486	306	793	2536	12503	
OF SANTA MONICA ABSENTEE VOTE	77	12257	2156	3898	5774	111	7 234	844	4207	
TOTAL	59349	49627	8023	14475	23260	418	1027	3380	16710	
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			•		SANTA MON COUNCILME	ICA CITY G	EN MUNI		SANTA MON RENT CONT	ICA CITY GEI Rol Board	N MUNI	
	INAL OFFICI FATEMENT OF	AL VOTES CAST	·		BILL BAUER	TOM VISCOUNT			JOEL C KOURY	·		
			REGISTRA-	BALLOTS						JEFFREY A SKLAR		
	CITY/PRE	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	TION	CAST								
	MONICA MONICA	6250001A 6250002A	763 770	517 509	28 22	6 9			145 145	106 99		
ANTA	MONICA	6250003A	849	533		13			134	90		
	MONICA	6250006A	869	568	18				223	210	***********	
	MONICA MONICA	6250007A 6250008A	755	403	25				154	136		_
ANTA	MONICA	6250010A	707 857	383 539	20 39				127	124	406.000.000.000.000.000.000.000	
ANTA.	MONICA	6250015A	985	500 500		31			170 210	147 158		
ANTA	MONICA	6250016A		494					195	178		
ANTA	MONICA	6250017A	820	556	41	14			157	107		
	MONICA	6250018A	952	631	36]	267	247		
ANIA	MONICA MONICA	6250020A	1043	623	42				228	233		
ANTA	MONICA	8250021A 6250028A	918 872	620					269	254		
ANTA	MONICA	6250031A	1043	471 678					132 244	112		
ANTA	MONICA	6250032A	911	550	26				215	203 199		
	MONICA	6250034A	1090	718	39			ļ	279	248		
ANTA	MONICA	6250035A	955	653	38				250	246		
ANT A	MONICA	8250038A	960	580	35	38			206	187		
MPLA ANTA	MONICA MONICA	6250038A 6250041A	1120 924	636		58			242	203		l
ANTA	MONICA	6250041A	946	527 581	55 40				231 242	220		
ANTA	MONICA	6250045A	989	611	30				213	187 194]
ANTA	MONICA	6250046A	894	564	35	47			223	201		
ANTA	MONICA	6250048A	906	576	37	41			247	227		
ANTA	MONICA	6250050A		579	51	43			259	218		
ANTA	MONICA MONICA	6250051A 6250052B	902	556		34			200	187		
ANTA	MONICA	62500528	969 949	613 551	56 53				235	204		
ANTA	MONICA	6250055A	947	551 613					215 254	183		i
ANTA	MONICA	8250056A	713	381					254 132	238 105		
ANTA	MONICA	6250080A		318					129	107		
ANTA	MONICA	8250081A	1227	708	44	38			287	235		
	MONICA	6250062A	1072	628	29	37			244	184	oner en en en en en en en en en en en en en	
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ANTA	MONICA	6250067A	598	633 349					264 135	242 128		l

			,	SANTA MON COUNCILME	ICA CITY GE MBER	N MUNI		SANTA MON RENT CONT	ICA CITY GE ROL BOARD	INUM N	
	FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST CITY/PREC REGISTRA- BALLOTS CAST							JOEL C KOURY	JEFFREY A		
CITY/PREC	CITY/PREC TION CAST								SKLAR		
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250069A 6250070A		574 508	40 43				244 231	204 193		
SANTA MONICA	6250071A	1017	609	35	46			281	234		
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250072A 8250075A	938 990	577 864	41 50	22 39			227 255	199 219		
SANTA MONICA	6250075A	947	589	41				261	189		
SANTA MONICA	6250078A	1002	644	49	37			267 214	223		
SANTA MONICA	6250081A	782	553	37	43			214	208		
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	8250083A 6250085A	835 1014	538 613	36 75	14 27			214 259	177 227		
SANTA MONICA	6250087A	832	506	30		}		159	128		ļ
SANTA MONICA	6250089A	842	559	27	20			195	161	44-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4	
SANTA MONICA	6250092A	984	597	27 29	38			228	193		
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250093A 6250094A	850 915	561 661	28 38	29 47			213 244	203 251		
SANTA MONICA	6250095A	993	639	42	37			247	230		
SANTA MONICA	6250098B	794	520	42	34	1		219	191		
SANTA MONICA	6250104A	984	578	32	35			245	221		
SANTA MONICA	6250106A	919	805		44			287	218		
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250107A 6250109A	736 945	518 662		13 33			194 210	209 208		
SANTA MONICA	8250110A	969	616	36	49			258	224	*************	
SANTA MONICA	6250113A	778	505	32	33	•		205	183		•
SANTA MONICA	6250120A	777	526	26	24		000000000000000000000000000000000000000	209	214	650060000000000000000000000000000000000	*
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250121A 6250125A	900 733	494 442					242	171		
SANTA MONICA	6250125A 6250127A		801		31			149 231	132 208		
SANTA MONICA	6250128A		534					161	119		
PRECINCT TOTAL V	OTE	59272	37370	2473	2152			14292	12443		
ABSENTEE TOTAL VI	SENTEE TOTAL VOTE 77 1225		12257	891	642			4973	4378		
GRAND TOTAL VOTE		59349	49627	3364	2794			19265	16821		
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				A CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE OF TH		nacon a constante de la consta			# C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C.		

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GEN	IERAL ELECT	ION			NOVE	MBER 2, 2004		PAGE	.83.3
			SANTA MON COUNCILME	ICA CITY GE MBER	N MUNI	SANTA MONI RENT CONTI	CA CITY GEN ROL BOARD	I MUNI	
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST	STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST REGISTRA- BALLOTS					JOEL C	·		
						KOURY	JEFFREY A SKLAR	*	
CITY/PREC	TION	CAST							
COUNTYWIDE	59272	37970	2473	2152		14292	12443		
COUNTYWIDE ABSENTEE VOTE	77	12257	891	642		4973	4378		
TOTAL	59349	49627	3364	2794		19265	16821		
30TH US CONGRESSIONAL	59272	37370	2473	2152		14292	12443		
30TH US CONGRESSIONAL ABSENTEE VOTE	77	12257	891	642		4973	4378		
TOTAL	59349	49627	3364	2794		19265	16821		
23RD STATE SENATE	59272	37370	2473	2152		14292	12443		
23RD STATE SENATE ABSENTEE VOTE	77	12257	891	642		4973	4378		
TOTAL	59349	49627	3364	2794		19265	16821		
41ST STATE ASSEMBLY	59272	37370	2473	2152		14292	12443		
41ST STATE ASSEMBLY ABSENTEE VOTE	77	12257	891	542		4973	4378		
TOTAL	59349	49627	3364	2794		19265	16821		
GRD SUPERVISORIAL	59272	97370	2473	2152		14292	12443		

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GEN	IERAL ELECT	'ION				NOVEMBE	R 2, 2004		PAGE	83.4		
			COUNCILME BILL BAUER	ICA CITY GEMBER	N MUNI		SANTA MON RENT CONTI	ICA CITY G ROL BOARD	EN MUNI			
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST						VISCOUNT		·	JGEL C KGURY	JEFFREY A		
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST					<u> </u>	SKLAR				
GRD SUPERVISORIAL ABSENTEE VOTE TOTAL	77 59349	12257 49627	891 3364	642 2794			497 3 19265	4378 16821				
4TH BOARD OF EQUALIZATION	59272	37370					14292					
CITY OF SANTA MONICA CITY OF SANTA MONICA	59272 77	37370 12257					14292 4973	12443 4378				
ABSENTEE VOTE		49627				·	19265	16821				
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	Y OF LOS AN	AGETES AFI	NERAL ELECT	TUN	SANTA MO	NTCA	CITY SP	C MUNT	NOVEMBER	2, 2004	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	PAGE	84.1
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	CITY/PREC TION CAST												
	MONICA MONICA	5250001A 5250002A	763 770	517 509			105 99						
ANTA	MONICA	6250003A	849	593	30	1	141						
	MONICA MONICA	6250006A 6250007A	869 755	568			121 76					1	
	MONICA	6250007A	707	403 383			82						
ANTA	MUNICA	6250010A	857	539	28	4	102						
	MONICA	6250015A	988	600			133						
	MONICA MONICA	B250016A B250017A	787 820	494 556			94 134						
	MONICA	6250018A	952	631			139		, ,		1	1	}
	MONICA	6250020A	1043	623	35		118				<u> </u>	1	
ANTA	MONICA	6250021A		620			130						
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	MONICA	6250032A	911	550			90	***************************************			,	s:pss:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	
ANTA	MONICA	6250034A	1090	718			133		1		,	ļ	
	MONICA	6250035A	955	653			125			randonationalibrations			
	MONICA MONICA	8250036A 6250038A	980 1120	580 636			112 150						
	MONICA	6250041A		627			121						
	MONICA	6250043A	946	581			143	400000000000000000000000000000000000000		**********			
ANTA	MONICA	6250045A	989	611	32	2	147						
	MONICA	6250048A	894	564			93	**********					
ANTA	MONICA MONICA	6250048A 6250050A	906 893	576 579			109 122						
al a	MONICA	6250051A	902	575 556			98						
ANTA	MONICA	62500528	969	613			125	-2842-28423			***********		
	MONICA	62500538		551			118				1		
	MONICA	6250055A	947	613			114			intercente con constitución con	 		
	MONICA MONICA	6250056A 6250060A	713 562	381 318			77 63						
ANTA	MONICA	6250061A		708			170						
ANTA	MONICA	6250082A		628			124	ver-000000000000000000000000000000000000		v.v.o.000000000000000000000000000000000		1	
	MONICA	6250063A	995	571	33	31	123				1		
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TOTAL PARTY	PIUNTUM	OZDUVOSA	598	349	1 20	10	59				4	4	

COUNTY OF LOS A	NGELES GEI	VERAL ELECT	ION				NOVEN	MBER 2,	2004	Þ	PAGE 84.2		
				SANTA MON MEASURE N	ICA CITY S	PC MUNI							
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FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF													
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CITY/PRE	c	REGISTRA- Tion	BALLOTS CAST										
ANTA MONICA	8250089A	956	674	386	127						**********		
ANTA MONICA	6250070A	947	608	366 366	140								
ANTA MUNICA	6250071A	1017	609	377									
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250072A 6250075A	938 938	577 664	356 380			1			1			
ANTA MONICA	6250076A	947	589	372	118								
ANTA MUNICA ANTA MONICA	6250078A 6250081A		644	409									
ANTA MONICA	6250083A	782 835	553 538	333 340									
ANTA MONICA	6250085A	1014	613	394	120	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	****************	***************************************		*******************************	000000000000000000000000000000000000000		
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250087A 6250089A	832 842	506	297						1			
ANTA MONICA	8250082A	984	559 597	311 350									
ANTA MONICA	6250093A	850	561	317	95								
JANTA MONICA JANTA MONICA	6250094A 6250095A	915 993	861	381									
ANTA MONICA	6250095A 6250098B	794	639 520	356 325		İ		1		1			
ANTA MONICA	6250104A	984	578	340	94					Ì			
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250106A 6250107A	919 736	605 518	369 267									
ANTA MONICA	6250109A		962	360									
SANTA MONICA	6250110A	969	616	381	102				***********		********	***************************************	
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250113A 6250120A	778 777	505 526	278 346		ļ		- {	Ţ	- 1			
SANTA MONICA	6250121A	900	494	271									
SANTA MONICA	6250125A		442	253	105								
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250127A 6250128A		601 534	366 316									
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PRECINCT TOTAL V	OTE	59272	37370	21610	7576								
ABSENTEE TOTAL V	OTE	77	12257	7596	2321								
SPAND TOTAL MOTO													
GRAND TOTAL VOTE		59349	49627	29206	9897	}							
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COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GE	NERAL ELECT	ION				NOVEMBE	R 2, 2004	PAGE	84.3
			SANTA MON MEASURE N	ICA CITY S	PC MUNI				_
			YES						-
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST				NO					
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- Tion	BALLOTS CAST							
COUNTYWIPE	59272	37370	21610	7576					
COUNTYWIDE ABSENTEE VOTE	77	12257	7596						
TOTAL	59349	49627	29206	9897					
30TH US CONGRESSIONAL	59272	37370	21610	7576					
30TH US CONGRESSIONAL ABSENTEE VOTE	77	12257	7596	2321					
TOTAL	59349	49627	29206	9897					
23RD STATE SENATE	59272	97970	21610	7576					
23RD STATE SENATE ABSENTEE VOTE	77	12257	7596	2321					
TOTAL	59349	49627	29206	9897					
41ST STATE ASSEMBLY	59272	37370	21610	7576					
41ST STATE ASSEMBLY ABSENTEE VOTE	77	12257	7598	2321					
TOTAL	59349	49627	29206	9897					
3RD SUPERVISORIAL	59272	37370	21810	7576					

SENERAL ELECT	TON				NUVEMBE	R 2, 2004		PAGE 84.4		
				C MUNI						
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REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST									
77	12257	7598	2321							
	49627	29206	9897							
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59272	37370	21610	7576							
59272	37370	21610	7576							
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	REGISTRA- TION 77 59349 59272 59272	REGISTRA- BALLOTS CAST 77 12257 59349 49627 59272 37370 59272 37370	REGISTRA BALLUTS TION CAST TION CAST TION CAST TION CAST TION CAST TION	SANTA MONICA CITY SI MEASURE N YES NO	SANTA MONICA CITY SPC MUNI MEASURE N YES REGISTRA BALLOTS CAST 7598 2321	SANTA MONICA CITY SPC MUNI MEASURE N YES REGISTRA- BALLOTS CAST 77 12257 7598 2321 FE 59349 49627 29206 9887 59272 37370 21810 7578 59272 37370 21610 7576 77 12257 7596 2321	SANTA MONICA CITY SPC MUNI MEASURE N YES NO	REGISTRA- BALLOTS NO NO	SANTA MONICA CITY SPC MUNI MEASURE N YES NO REGISTRA- BALLOTS TION CAST 77 12257 7596 2321 59349 49627 29208 9887 59272 37370 21610 7576 59272 37370 21610 7576	

				SANTA MON	ICA COMM C	DLLEGE					
				BOARD OF	TRUSTEES						
FINAL DFFICIAL Statement of \				TONJA MCCOY	ROBERT G RADER	M R QUINONES	CHARLES DONALDSON	M DOUGLAS			
0777/0070		REGISTRA-	BALLOTS		 				SUSANNE TRIMBATH	SUSAN	
CITY/PREC		TION	CAST							AMINOFF	
ialteu Malteu	4050002A 4050004A	751 855	485 391	71 73	89 82	130 107	71 58	75 53	62 51	148	
MALTBU MALIBU	4050051A 4050056A	821 441	494 292	110		150 90	77	65	82 30	143	
ALIBU ALIBU	4050056A 4050057A	896	292 562	45 108	123	168	45 108	59 90	93		
ALIBU	4050059A	878	558	104	120	137	78	92	91	163	
ALIBU	4050060A	887	519	87	125	175	74	87	76		
ALIBU	4050052A	773	487	88	117	119	73	109	52		
ALIBU ALIBU	4050063A 4050064A	671 799	397 431	88 92	85 86	106 107	69 70	87 66	42 58	128 135	
ALIBU	4050208A	986	593	106	116	143	83	70	83		
ALIBU HEIGHTS	4060001A	403	283	61	56	80	40	58	40		
ALIBU HEIGHTS	4080003A	1305	792	146		197	104		114		
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IANTA MONICA IANTA MONICA	6250001A 6250002A	763 770	51 <i>/</i> 509	54 68	161 144	147 113	79 79	118 110	47	219 216	
ANTA MONICA	6250002A	849	533	64	148	148	79	136	51 36		
ANTA MONICA	6250006A	869	568	85	168	146	99	148	78		
ANTA MONICA	8250007A	755	403	70 49	155	81	54	104	44		
ANTA MONICA	6250008A	707	383	49	104	87	65	93		127	
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250010A 6250015A	857 986	539 600	80 80	151 450	115	80	119	56		
ANTA MONICA	62500 15A 62500 16A	787	494	73	156 174	157 114	102	131 134	62 57		
ANTA MONICA	6250017A	820	556	91	160	129	84	116	47		
ANTA MONICA	6250018A	952	631	102	163	165	130		89		
ANTA MUNICA	5250020A	1043	623	87	207	146	106	179	61	239	
ANTA MONICA	6250021A	918	620	99		193	106	183	400000000000000000000000000000000000000		
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250029A 6250031A	872 1043	471 678	90		103	81	100	60		
ANTA MONICA	6250031A	911	550	97 71	195 197	178 121	115 86	154 148	91 57		
ANTA MONICA	6250034A	1090	718	100		173	93	167	57 69		
anta monica	6250035A	955	653	82		143	93	172			
ANTA MONICA	6250036A	960	580	94		134	94	152	63	210	
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ANTA MONICA	6250070A		608	72	190		128	177	58	277	
ANTA MONICA	6250071A		609	101	195		128	182		267	
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ANTA MONICA	6250076A		589					177	69	242	
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INTA MONICA	6250087A	832	506	70	143	142	116	134	44	196	
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PRECINCT TOTAL VOTI		71045	44461	6783	12661	11448	7674	10581	5322	16551	
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COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GE	NERAL ELECT	ION			·	NOVEMBE	R 2, 2004	 	PAGE	86.4
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STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST			<u> </u> 		QUINONES	CHARLES DONALDSON				
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TOTAL	71045	59792	8936	16982	15465	10820	14519	7117	22154	
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LIBU		4050063A	571	397	96 88		140 121	347 259			
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ANTA M	ONICA	6250017A	820	556	119	196	256	282		,	
nta m Mata m	UNICA	8250018A 8250020A	952 1043	631 623	254 234		291 264	210 169			
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	MONICA	62500B0A	562	348 318		163	153					
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	MONICA	62500B2A		597	238		247					
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COUNTY OF LOS ANGE	LES GEN	NERAL ELECT	TION				NOVEMBE	2, 2004	PAGE	88.3	
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VO	TES CAST				ICA-MALIBU BOARD MEMI MARIA LEON-VAZQI	BER UEZ JOSE ESCARCE	KATHY WISNICKI				
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GRAND TOTAL VOTE		71122	59857				******************				

				ICA-MALIBU Board Memi				
FINAL OFFICIAL Statement of votes cast			JARA	MARIA LEON-VAZQI	JOSE ESCARCE	KATHY WISNICKI	ł	
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST					TAXON TO THE PROPERTY OF THE P	
COUNTYWIDE COUNTYWIDE ABSENTEE VOTE	71045 77	44461 15396	15198 4792	18325 6117	18323 6583	17183 6047		
TOTAL BOTH US CONGRESSIONAL	71122 71045	59857 444 61	1 999 0 15198	24442 18325	24906 18323	23230 17183		
BOTH US CONGRESSIONAL ABSENTEE VOTE	77	15396	4792	6117	6583	8047		
TOTAL 23RD STATE SENATE	71122 71045	59857 44461	19990 15198	24442 18325	2490 6 18323	23230 17183		
23RD STATE SENATE ABSENTEE VOTE	77	15396	4792	6117	6583	6047		9
TOTAL 41ST STATE ASSEMBLY	71122 71045	59857 44461	19990 15198	24442 18325	24906 18323	23230 17183	,	
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TOTAL GRO SUPERVISORIAL	71122 71045	59857 44481	19990 15198		24906 18323	23230 17183	-	

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GEI	NERAL ELECT		T			1104514051	2, 2004		PAGE	88.5
			SANTA MON GOVERNING	ICA-MALIBU BOARD MEME	UN SCH BER					
			ANA M JARA							
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FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST			[LLON VALUE	JOSE ESCARCE					
						KATHY WISNICKI				
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA-	BALLOTS CAST] 		
GRO SUPERVISORIAL ABSENTEE VOTE	77	15396	4792	6117	6583	6047				
TOTAL	71122	59857	19990	24442	24906	23230				
4TH BOARD OF EQUALIZATION	71045	44461	15198	18325	18323	17183				
CITY OF MALIBU	8768	5209	1082	1441	1444	3250				
CITY OF SANTA MONICA	59272	37370	13725	16337	16307	12998				
CITY OF SANTA MONICA ABSENTEE VOTE	77	12257	4109	5214	5588	4352	i			
TOTAL	59349	49827	17834	21551	21895	17348				
UNINCORPORATED	3005	1882	391	547	572	937				
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F:\ctyclerk\Elections\110706\staffreports&resos\results-resolution.doc City Council Meeting: December 5, 2006

RESOLUTION NO. ____(CCS)

RESOLUTION OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY
OF SANTA MONICA ACCEPTING THE LOS ANGELES COUNTY
REGISTRAR RECORDER/COUNTY CLERK'S OFFICIAL CANVASS
AND OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST FOR THE
CONSOLIDATED MUNICIPAL ELECTION HELD ON
NOVEMBER 7, 2006, AND DECLARING THE RESULTS THEREOF

WHEREAS, a Consolidated General Municipal Election was held in the City of Santa Monica on November 7, 2006, as required by law; and

WHEREAS, the provisions of the Elections Code of the State of California for the holding of elections in Charter cities were complied with in that notice of the election was given in the time, form and manner as provided by law; voting precincts were properly established; election officers were appointed; votes were cast, received and canvassed; and the returns were made and declared in the time, form and manner as required; and

WHEREAS, the Los Angeles Registrar Recorder/County Clerk canvassed the returns of the election and certified the results to the City Council, and those results are attached and made a part hereof as "Exhibit A",

NOW, THEREFORE, THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF SANTA MONICA DOES RESOLVE AS FOLLOWS:

SECTION 1. The vote totals for the Consolidated Municipal Election held on November 7, 2006, in the City of Santa Monica, as certified by the Los Angeles County Registrar Recorder/County Clerk, shall be and hereby are approved and adopted as the formal vote count of the City of Santa Monica for said offices and said measures of said election.

SECTION 2. The names of the candidates on the ballot were:

Santa Monica City Council

Terry O'Day
Pam O'Connor
Bob Holbrook
Gleam Olivia Davis
Mark C. McLellan
Kevin McKeown
Jonathan Mann
Jenna Linnekens
Terence Later
Linda Armstrong

Santa Monica Rent Control Board

Zelia Mollica Marilyn Korade-Wilson Jennifer Kennedy Robert Kronovet

College District Board of Trustees

Nancy Greenstein Tom Donner Louise Jaffe Susanna Kim Bracke Andrew Walzer David B. Finkel

Santa Monica-Malibu Unified School District Board of Education

Oscar de la Torre **Emily Bloomfield** Shane McLoud Kelly McMahon Pye Sidonie Smith Barry A. Snell

SECTION 3. The number of total ballots cast for this election was:

Santa Monica Community College District Board of Trustees

REGISTERED VOTERS	PRECINCT	ABSENTEE	TOTAL
	BALLOTS	BALLOTS	BALLOTS
68,999	29,502	12, 1 31	41,633

Santa Monica-Malibu Unified School District Board of Education:

REGISTERED VOTERS	PRECINCT BALLOTS	ABSENTEE BALLOTS	TOTAL BALLOTS
69,080	29,502	12,186	41,688
City of Santa Mo	nica:		
REGISTERED	PRECINCT	ABSENTEE	TOTAL

VOTERS **BALLOTS BALLOTS BALLOTS** 9,588

24,852 57,455

34,440

SECTION 4. The following persons were elected to office as follows:

Candidates elected to the Santa Monica Community College Board of Trustees:

CANDIDATE	VOTES	PERCENT
•		•
Nancy Greenstein	18,839	22.00%
Louise Jaffe	18,102	21.14
David B. Finkel	15,958	18.63
Andrew Walzer	14,855	17.34

Candidates elected to the Santa Monica-Malibu Unified School District:

CANDIDATE	VOTES	PERCENT
		a a
Emily Bloomfield	18,668	22.36%
Oscar de la Torre	16,403	19.64
Keliy McMahon Pye	16,305	19.53
Barry A. Snell	14.821	17.75

Candidates elected to the City of Santa Monica Rent Control Board:

CANDIDATE	VOTES	PERCENT
Jennifer Kennedy	12,330	29.93%
Marilyn Korade-Wilson	11,814	28.68
Zelia Mollica	10,368	25.17

Candidates elected to the Santa Monica City Council:

VOTES	PERCENT
14,000	19.21%
13,315	18.27
13,041	17.89
	14,000 13,315

SECTION 5. The measures that appeared on the ballot read as follows:

PROPOSITION U: Shall the City Charter be amended to make it current with best governmental management practices by removing City departmental directors from civil service, changing the advisory roles of some City boards and commissions that deal with hiring of departmental directors, making other related changes concerning promotions and hiring, amending certain provisions concerning the office of City Clerk and by amending some other Charter provisions to remove terms that are no longer legally valid?

PROPOSITION V: Clean Beaches and Ocean Parcel Tax Act. For the purposes of funding the implementation of a portion of the City of Santa Monica Watershed Management Plan, shall the City of Santa Monica authorize the Clean Beaches and Ocean Parcel Tax, as specifically set forth in the proposed Ordinance that

appears in the voter pamphlet, subject to an annual CPI escalator, and subject to audit by a citizen's oversight committee?

PROPOSITION W: Shall City Charter Article XXII be amended by replacing restrictions against a person giving, and a City official receiving, any campaign contribution, employment, or valuable gift, after the official votes "yes" on certain matters benefiting the person, with prohibitions against giving or receiving anything valuable in return for an official decision and against using public office to gain employment, and restrictions on gifts from persons doing business with the City and other gifts?

PROPOSITION Y: Shall the Municipal Code be amended to: state that City police shall make law enforcement related to adult, personal use of manijuana the lowest enforcement priority, unless the use occurs on public property or in conjunction with driving under the influence; require the City Council to effectuate the priority through reporting, grievance and oversight procedures; and require the City Clerk to send annual notice of the priority to federal and state representatives?

The Measuresreceived votes as follows

Measure U was approved by the voters by the following votes:

YES VOTES

18,676

71.63%

NO VOTES

7.396

28.37

Measure V requiring a 2/3 vote was approved by the following vote:

YES VOTES

19,568

67.02%

NO VOTES

9,630

32.98

Measure W was defeated by the following vote:

YES VOTES

12,668

47.82%

NO VOTES

13.821

52.18

Measure Y was approved by the following vote:

YES VOTES

18,045

65.28%

NO VOTES

9,596

34.72

SECTION 6. The City Clerk shall enter on the records of the Santa Monica City Council, a statement of the result of the election showing: (1) the total number of votes cast for the offices and the measure in the election; (2) the names of the persons voted for; (3) the text of the measure voted upon; (4) the office that each person was running for; (5) the number of votes given at each precinct to each person, and for and against the ballot measure; and, (6) the total number of votes given to each person, and for and against the ballot measures.

SECTION 7. The City Clerk shall immediately make and deliver to each of the persons so elected a Certificate of Election signed by the City Clerk and authenticated. The City Clerk shall also administer to each person elected the Oath of Office prescribed in the Constitution of the State of California and shall have each person subscribe to it and file it in the office of the City Clerk. All of the persons so elected shall then be inducted into the office to which they have been elected.

SECTION 8. The City Clerk shall certify to the adoption of this Resolution, and thenceforth and thereafter the same shall be in full force and effect.

APPOVED AS TO FORM:

MARSHA JØNES MOUTRIE

City Attorney

Adopted and approved this 5th day of December, 2006.

Robert T. Holbrook, Mayor

I, Maria Stewart, City Clerk of the City of Santa Monica, do hereby certify that the foregoing Resolution No. 10187 (CCS) was duly adopted at a meeting of the Santa Monica City Council held on the 5th day of December, 2006, by the following vote:

Ayes:

Council members:

Bloom, Genser, Katz, McKeown, O'Connor

Mayor Holbrook, Mayor Pro Tem Shriver

Noes:

Council members:

None

Abstain:

Council members:

None

Absent:

Council members:

None

ATTEST:

Maria M. Stewart, City Clerk

			-	SANTA MON	ICA CITY G	EN MUNI					
				TERRY	MBLK						
				O'DAY	PAM		-	•			
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST					O'CONNOR	BOB HOLBROOK	GLEAM DLI	VIA			
		•					OAVIS	MARK C MCLELLAN	1		
		REGISTRA-	BALLOTS		,				MCKEOWN KEVIN	JONATHAN	
CITY/PR		TION	CAST							MANN	
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250001A 6250002A	779	383 366	165 129	107 113	212 203		27 31	103 96	1	8
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250003A 6250005A	887 735	422 328	157 127	105 117	227 137	78 82	21 26	132 136		9 2
ANTA MONIÇA	6250006A	860	388	147	154	166		23	158		7
ANTA MONICA	6250007A	726	281	82	108	107	79	15	108	1	2
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250008A 6250010A	735 855	316 353	101 144	110 114	124 153		29 33	127 131		3
ANTA MONICA	8250010A	840	363 340	107	157	133		13	131		4 2
ANTA MONICA	6250015A	813	340	126	101	160		20	124		5
ANTA MONICA	6250016A	761	366	121	153	125		25	148		3
ANTA MONICA	6250017A	818	424	200	108	238	85	20	131		2
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	5250018A 6250019A	807 983	370 227	104 62	165 89	122 65	107 83	23 22	159 95		9
ANTA MONICA	6250020A		330	112	155	113		24	125		ó
ANTA MONICA	6250021A	718	304	85	114	84		18	130		6
ANTA MONICA	6250023A	720	246	82	119	70		10	119	1	
ANTA MONICA	6250024A 8250025A	938	373	97	117	118	77	17	150		
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250025A	723 867	251 335	89 138	102 124	86 129	53 107	11 19	103 164		2
ANTA MONICA	6250029A	836	330	137	96	168		35	103		3
ANTA MONICA	6250031A	839	407	137	159	159	126	23	184		6
ANTA MONICA	6250032A	809	341	128	139	124	95	21	157] 1	
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250034A 6250035A	844 727	418 321	136 78	173 117	150		25	178	2	
ANTA MONICA	6250036A	976	435	170	176	90 168		21 34	152 161	1 3	
ANTA MONICA	6250038A	572	165	42	51	55		9	56		
ANTA MONICA	8250041A	836	344	126	149	126	95	15	124	2	9
ANTA MONICA	6250043A	768	297	84	112	83		13	124	1	
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250045A 6250046A	665 707	255	73 93	92 129	77	80	22	108	1	
ANTA MONICA	8250048A	770	323 334	101	138	119 104	84 98	24 22	127 122	2	5
ANTA MONICA	6250050A	894	404	135	168	109	119	25	175		
ANTA MONICA	62500528	880	353	115	140	101	91	25	144		9
ANTA MONICA	6250053B	840	322	115	141	102	83	17	134	1	5
ANTA MONICA	6250055A	977	399	136	173	142	109	35	166	2	2
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250056A 6250060A	871 745	175 277	48 88	66 111	66 94		11 22	55 129		4
THE PARTY NAMED IN		t		۰۰۰۹	, , , , ,			**	,,29	.	*

				SANTA MONI COUNCILME	ICA CITY G Mber	EN MUNI					
				TERRY O'DAY	PAM						
	FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST				O'CONNOR	BOB HOLBROOK	GLEAM OLI	/ ΤΔ	•		
							DAVIS	MARK C MCLELLAN	lez-u-si		
CITY/PREC		REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST						MCKEOWN	JONATHAN	
										MANN	
SANTA MONICA	6250062A	795 718	257 303	62 102	113 116	62 115	93 58	14 20		11 15	
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250063A 6250065A	780 805	314 319	124 98	121 134	104 97	72 94	18 16	139 131	10 17	
SANTA MONICA	6250067A	828	421	147	195	116	162	13	210	14	
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250068A 6250069A	807 791	340 371	113	123	93	88	16		20	
ANTA MONICA	6250070A	821	440	132 170	158 160	120 142	110 133	29 27	175 196	21 18	
ANTA MONICA	6250071A	855	333	89	125	94	66	8	141	24	
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250072A 6250075A	817 772	390 378	128 131	155 151	142 142	105 110	23 15	180 166	20 16	
ANTA MONICA	6250076A	849	425	132	161	172	114	28	197	19	
ANTA MONICA	6250078A	840	367	119	144	123	100	24	149	18	
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250081A 6250083A	724 827	989 450	144 146	158 192	125 164	117 147	30 30		20 22	
SANTA MONICA	6250085A	764	352	. 127	143	117	93	21	148	19	
SANTA MONICA	6250087A	869	366	132	136	170	102	- 25	175	21	
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	8250089A 6250092A	828 84 8	451 348	186 142	158 121	195 118	116 93	21 11	189 135	18 16	
ANTA MUNICA	6250093A	827	360	114	172	92	136	11	191	16	
ANTA MONICA	6250094A	752	356	101	142	114	88	20	141	18	
IANTA MONICA IANTA MONICA	6250095A 6250098B	764 755	324 349	97 128	143 139	90 90	110 112	24 14	151 171	16 19	
ANTA MONICA	6250104A	582	284	78	94	76	69	19	113	18	
ANTA MONICA	6250106A	820	403	139	167	108	112	26	182	17 19	
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250107A 6250109A	730 789	358 401	111 144	146 139	100 144	132 99	21 22	182 152	19	
ANTA MONICA	6250110A	780	330	97	130	113	98	## 17	152	19 12	
ANTA MONICA	6250113A	795	299	82	131	81	101	19	140	12	
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250120A 6250121A	857 734	413	140	180	123	132	22	221	19	
ANTA MONICA	6250125A	734 729	266 328	9 <u>2</u> 118	120 102	75 162	72 77	13 25	122 132	21 12	
IANTA MONICA	6250127A	899	384	138	162	108	119	31	179	18	
ANTA MONICA	6250128A	782	332	133	95	172	92	25	102	12	,
RECINCT TOTAL VO	TE	57374	24852	8454	9588	8870	6871	1518	10390	1170	
BSENTEE TOTAL VO		81	9588	3302	3727	4171	2600	566	3610	461	

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES	ENERAL ELEC	TION				NOVEMBE	R 7, 2006		PAGE	113.3
			SANTA MON COUNCILME	ICA CITY G Mber	EN MUNI					
FINAL OFFICIAL Statement of votes cas	FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST		TERRY O'DAY	O'DAY PAM		GLEAM OLI	Via			
						DAVIS	MARK C MCLELLAN	KEVIN		·
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST						MCKEDWN	JONATHAN MANN	
GRAND TOTAL VOTE	57455	34440	11758	19315	13041	9471	2184	14000	1631	
-										,

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GE	NERAL ELECT	TON				NOVEMBE	R 7, 2006		PAGE	113.4
			SANTA MON	ICA CITY G Mber	EN MUNI			•		
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST	TERRY O'DAY			GLEAM DLI DAVIS						
•					MARK C MCLELLAN	KEVIN		·		
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST						MCKEOWN	JONATHAN MANN	
COUNTYWIDE	57374	24852	8454	9588	8870	6871	1518	10390	1170	
COUNTYWIDE ABSENTEE VOTE	81	9588	3302	3727	4171	2600	666	3610	461	
TOTAL	57455	34440	11756	19915	13041	9471	2184	14000	1631	
30TH US CONGRESSIONAL	57374	24852	8454	9588	8870	6871	1518	10390	1170	
30TH US CONGRESSIONAL ABSENTEE VOTE	81	9588	3302	3727	4171	2600	666	3610	461	
TOTAL	57455	34440	11756	13315	13041	9471	2184	14000	1631	
29RD STATE SENATE	57374	24852	8454	9588	8870	6871	1518	10390	1170	
41ST STATE ASSEMBLY	57374	24852	8454	9588	8870	6871	1518	10390	1170	
41ST STATE ASSEMBLY ABSENTEE VOTE	81	9588	3302	3727	4171	2600	666	3810	461	
TOTAL	57455	34440	11756	13315	13041	9471	2184	14000	1631	
SRD SUPERVISORIAL	57374	24852	8454	9588	8870	6871	1518	10390	1170	
3RD SUPERVISORIAL ABSENTEE VOTE	81	9588	3302	3727	4171	2600	666	3610	461	
TOTAL	57455	34440	11756	13315	13041	9471	2184	14000	1631	

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GET	NERAL ELECT	TION				NOVEMBE	R 7, 2006	***	PAGE	113.5
			SANTA MON COUNCILME TERRY O'DAY		EN MUNI					
FINAL DFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST	·			PAM O'CONNOR	BOB HOLBROOK	GLEAM OLI OAVIS	VIA MARK C MCLELLAN	KEVIN		
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST			**************************************		777	MCKEOWN	JONATHAN MANN	
4TH BOARD OF EQUALIZATION 4TH BOARD OF EQUALIZATION ABSENTEE VOTE	57374 81	2485 2 9588	8454 3302	9588 3727	8870 4171	6871 2600			1176	
TOTAL	57455	34440	11756	13315	13041	9471	2184	14000	163	t
CITY OF SANTA MONICA	57374	24852	8454	9588	8870	6871	1518		1170	9
CITY OF SANTA MONICA ABSENTEE VOTE TOTAL	81 57455	9588 34440	3302 11756	3727 13315	4171 13041	2600 9471			46	
	37433	3440	11750	13313	13041	34/1	2184	14000	163	
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		-								
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COUNTY OF LOS A	NGELES GE	NERAL ELECT	ION	T			NOVEMBE	R 7, 2006		PAGE 114.1		
				SANTA MON COUNCILME	ICA CITY GI Mber	EN MUNI			•			
				JENNA								
			•	LINNEKENS	TERENCE			-				
ETNAL OFFICE					LATER							
FINAL OFFICIA STATEMENT OF					1	LINDA ARMSTRONG						
								1				
									ı			
	. ,	BECTETDA	PALLOTS									
CITY/PREC	3	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST				· e		,			
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250001A 6250002A	769 779	383 386	35 34	47 73	11 9						
ANTA MONICA	B250003A	887	422	56	46	13						
ANTA MONICA	6250005A	735	328	28	9	12	***************************************					
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250006A 6250007A	850 726	388 281	41 27	25 28	15 15			ļ	ļ		
ANTA MUNICA	6250008A	735	316	30	19	12				i e		
ANTA MONICA	6250010A		353	36 56	18	27						
ANTA MONICA Anta monica	6250012A 6250015A		340 340	28	28 28	16 17						
ANTA MONICA	6250016A	761	366	36	.19	18			ł			
ANTA MONICA Anta monica	6250017A 6250018A	8 18 807	424 370	44 40	47 16	14 18	300000000000000000000000000000000000000		abobato konorciorospeto			
ANTA MONICA	6250019A		227	27	17	6						
ANTA MONICA	6250020A	753	330	33	17	24						
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250021A 6250023A	718 720	304 245	31 19	18	18						
ANTA MONICA	6250023A	938	373	30	10	19 20						
ANTA MONICA	8250025A		251	23	16	17						
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	5250026A 5250029A	867 836	335 330	36 33	38 48	16 13						
ANTA MONICA	6250031A	839	407	42	36	19						
ANTA MONICA	6250032A	809	341	19	17	. 14.					4	
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250034A 6250035A	844 727	418	29	29 24	27 13						
ANTA MONICA	5250036A	976	321 435	31 53	20 20	21						
ANTA MONICA	6250038A	572	165	12	14	12						
ANTA MONICA	6250041A	836	344	25	18	19						
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250043A 6250045A	768 665	297 255	35 22	25 18	22 18			-			
ANTA MONICA	6250045A	707	323	27	26	20		1				
ANTA MONICA	5250048A	770	334	26	11	22						
ANTA MONICA	6250050A 6250052B	894	404	34	29	26						
ANTA MONICA Anta monica	6250052B	880 840	353 322	21 33	50 21	29 21						
ANTA MONICA	6250055A	977	399	27	42	35						
ANTA MONICA	625005BA	871	175	20	8	9						
ANTA MONICA	6250060A	745	277	19	23	36			l	1		

COUNTY OF LOS ANGE	OF LOS ANGELES GENERAL ELECTION			1 .			NOVEMBER	7, 2006		PAGE	114.2
				SÁNTA MÓN COUNCILME	ICA CITY G Mber	EN MUNI					
				JENNA		•					
				LINNEKENS	TERENCE						
					LATER						
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VO	TES CAST					LINDA ARMSTRONG					
OT:11 21 10					Į.	Aldis					
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CITY/PREC		REGISTRA- Tion	BALLOTS CAST								
ANTA MONICA	6250061A	795	257	22	26	26					
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250062A 6250063A	718 780	303 314	31 25	32 35	37					
ANTA MONICA	6250065A	805	319	25 24	18	21 23					
ANTA MONICA	6250067A	828	421	23	15	18			ļ		
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250068A 6250069A	807 791	340 371	20 26	24	23	*****				
ANTA MONICA	6250070A	75 821	440		33 49	25 15					
ANTA MONICA	B250071A	855	233	29	19	33					
ANTA MONICA	6250072A	817	390	29	47	18		*			
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250075A 6250076A	772 849	376 425	· 41	28 53	25 23				ļ	
ANTA MONICA	6250078A	840	367	36	25	20					
ANTA MONICA	6250081A	724	389	30	16	14					
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250083A 6250085A	827 764	450	40	47	13					
ANTA MONICA	6250087A	869	352 366	20 31	28 43	25 15			l		
ANTA MONICA	6250089A	828	451	40	48	13					
ANTA MONICA	6250092A	846	348	27	20						
ANTA MUNICA ANTA MUNICA	5250093A 6250094A	827 752	360 356	22 49	10 30	22 18					
ANTA MONICA	6250095A	764	324	27	18	22					
ANTA MONICA	6250098B	755	349	24	29	16			ļ		<u>.</u>
ANTA MONICA	6250104A	582	284	34	27	18		anni e ataun nacar nacar tanan			
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	8250106A 5250107A	820 730	403 358	46 26	. 36 21	27 18					
ANTA MONICA	6250109A	789	401	23	18	12					
ANTA MONICA	6250110A	780	330	40	18	21		************************			***************************************
ANTA MONICA	6250113A	795	299	27	17	17					
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250120A 6250121A	857 734	413 256	28 27	25 19	18 33				1	
ANTA MONICA	6250125A	734 729	200 328	42	19 31	16					
ANTA MONICA	6250127A	899	394	27	19	23					
ANTA MONICA	6250128A	782	332	44	26	9					
RECINCT TOTAL VOTE		57374	24852	2257	1949	1389					
BSENTEE TOTAL VOTE		81	9588	820	657	426					

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES	GENERAL ELEC	TION				NOVEMBE	R 7, 2006		PAGE 114.3		
			SANTA MON	ICA CITY G Mber	EN MUNI						
FINAL OFFICIAL Statement of votes cas	ST		JENNA LINNEKENS	TERENCE LATER	LINDA ARMSTRONG						
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- Tion	BALLOTS CAST									
IRAND TOTAL VOTE	57455	34440	3077	2606	1815						
								-			
						-					

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GE	NERAL ELECT	TION				NOVEM	BER 7, 2006		PAGE	114.4
			SANTA MON: COUNCILME! JENNA LINNEKENS		EN MUNI					
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST		i		TERENCE LATER	LINDA ARMSTRONG			٠		
								1		
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST								
COUNTYWEDE	57374	24852	2257	1949	1389					
COUNTYWIDE ABSENTEE VOTE	81	9588	820	657	426					
TOTAL	57455	34440	3077	2606	1815					
30TH US CONGRESSIONAL	57374	24852	2257	1949	1389					
30TH US CONGRESSIONAL ABSENTEE VOTE		9588	820	657	428					
TOTAL	57455	34440	. 3077	2606	1815	otolesiossatrication	-			
23RD STATE SENATE 41ST STATE ASSEMBLY	57374 57374	24852 24852	2257 2257	1949 1949	1389 1389					
41ST STATE ASSEMBLY	81	9588	820	857	426					
ABSENTEE VOTE		34440	3077	2606	1815					
3RD SUPERVISORIAL	57374	24852	2257	1949	1389					
3RD SUPERVISORIAL ABSENTEE VOTE	81	9588	820	657	426					
TOTAL	57455	34440	3077	2606	1815					

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GE	NERAL ELECT	TION		·		NOVEMBE	R 7, 2006	 PAGE	114.5
FINAL OFFICIAL Statement of Votes Cast			SANTA MON: COUNCILMEI JENNA LINNEKENS		EN MUNI LINDA ARMSTRONG				
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST							
4TH BOARD OF EQUALIZATION 4TH BOARD OF EQUALIZATION ABSENTEE VOTE	57974 81	24852 9588	2257 820	1949 657	1389 426				
TOTAL CITY OF SANTA MONICA	57455 57374	34440 24852	3077 2257	2605 1949	1815 1389		-		
CITY OF SANTA MONICA ABSENTEE VOTE TOTAL	81 57455	9588 34440	8 20 3077	657 2606	426 1815				
-					-				
							-		

	÷				SANTA MON RENT CONT	ICA CITY GI ROL BOARD	EN MUNI	-				
					ZELIA		•					
					MOLLICA	M		•				
						KORADE-WII	LSON					
	NAL OFFICIAL						JENNIFER					
51	FATEMENT OF VI	DIES CASI				-	KENNEDY	ROBERT				
	•							KRONOVET				
]						
						1 '		§		1 .		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				1							
	CITY/PREC		REGISTRA- Tion	BALLOTS CAST] .						
	CITT/FREC		IION	CASI								
	MONICA MONICA	6250001A 6250002A	769	383	62	69	79	93				
	MUNICA MUNICA	6250002A 6250003A	779 887	366 422			58 84	96 114				
ANTA	MONICA	6250005A	735	328		115	129	58				
	MONICA	625000BA	860	388			161	71		1		
ANTA	MONICA MUNICA	6250007A 6250008A	726 735	281 316			92	43		**************************************	.	
ANTA	MONICA	6250010A	735 855	353			120 103	65 57				
ANTA	MONICA	6250012A	840	340		142	142	57				
	MONICA	6250015A	813	340			93	53				
	MONICA MONICA	6250016A 6250017A	761 818	366 424		127	134 94	.69 108			1	
	MONICA	B250018A	807	370			140	63			1	
ANTA	MONICA	6250019A	983	227	70		86	37				
	MONICA	8250020A	753	330			130	52				
	MONICA MONICA	6250021A 6250023A	718 720	304 246		110 99	123 114	37 43	-			
	MONICA	6250024A	938	373	113	120	134	64				
	MONICA	6250025A	723	251	73	76	85	49				
	MONICA	6250026A 6250029A	867	335			104	72	1 .			
	MONICA MONICA	6250025A	836 839	330 407		76 140	80 142	84 86				
	MONICA	6250032A	809	341			138	53		1	1	
	MONICA	6250034A	844	418		166	173	75				
	MONICA MONICA	8250035A 6250036A	727 976	321 435		135	145	42 78				
	MONICA	8250038A	572	435 165			181 66	33				
ANTA	MONICA	6250041A	836	344		139	131	50				
	MONICA	6250043A	768	297	93		111	61				
	MONICA	6250045A 6250046A	665	255		88	90	44			 	
	MONICA MONICA	6250048A	707 770	323 334			125 143	55 42			1	
	MONICA	6250050A	894	404		167	178	65				
ANTA	MONICA	6250052B	880	353	121	131	135	69				
	MONICA	6250053B	840	322		138	146	43		<u> </u>		1
	MONICA MONICA	6250055A 6250056A	977 67 1	399 175		161 51	166 6 9	70 37				
	MONICA	6250080A	745	277			99	57		l	1	
					1						1	

COUNT	Y OF LOS ANGE	LES GEI	NERAL ELECT	ION				NOVEMBE	R 7, 200	3	PAGE	115.2 -
					SANTA MON RENT CONT	ICA CITY G ROL BOARD	EN MUNI				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
					ZELIA							
					MOLLICA	м						
						KORADE-WI			•			
	NAL OFFICIAL ATEMENT OF VO	TES CAST					JENNIFER KENNEDY					
		_						ROBERT				
								KRONOVET				
•								}		1		_
					1		<u> </u>					
	CITY/PREC		REGISTRA- Tidn	BALLOTS CAST]						
	MONICA MONICA	6250081A 6250062A	795 718	257 309	95 121	93 109	95 118					
SANTA	MONICA	6250063A	780	314	101	118	113	60				
	MONICA MONICA	6250065A 6250067A	805 828	319 421	117 145	121 156	130 158					
	MONICA	6250067A	807	340	95	107	116			†	1	
SANTA	MONICA	6250069A	791	371	108		146	66				
	MONICA MONICA	6250070A 6250071A	821 855	440 333	136 140		152 141					
SANTA	MONICA	6250072A	817	390	114	139	132					
SANTA	MONICA	6250075A 6250076A	772 849	376	116	137					1	
	MONICA MENICA	6250078A	840	425 367	127 124	134 126	140 136					
SANTA	MONICA	6250081A	724	389	121	145	164	59	1			
	MONICA MONICA	6250083A 6250085A	827 764	450 352	124 104	135 127	141 117					
SANTA	MONICA	6250087A	869	386	92	117	109					
	MONICA	6250089A	828	451	104							Real of historical discountry, as a consequence of
	MONICA MONICA	8250092A 6250093A	846 527	348 360	108 132		130 172					
SANTA	MONICA	8250094A	752	356	105	127	144	58				
	MONICA MONICA	6250095A 6250098B	764 755	324 349	103 116	119	134 132					•
SANTA	MONICA	6250104A	582	284	79	86	101	63				
SANTA	MONICA	8250108A	820	403	141		180	75 54				
	MONICA MONICA	6250107A 6250109A	730 789	358 401	109 102			54 78				
SANTA	MONICA	6250110A	780	330	106	122	132	48	ŀ		**************************************	on personal accessor accessor would be fined
	MONICA MONICA	6250113A 6250120A	795 857	299 413	118 149	129 163	193 181			-		
	MONICA	8250121A	734	266	108	121	119	talika taratar a tabah saratar bahasa bahasa		1	1	
SANTA	MONICA	6250125A	729	328	82	102	107	78				
	MONICA MONICA	6250127A 6250128A	899 782	394 332	140 62	147 74	159 74					
	ICT TOTAL VOTE		57374	24852	7534	8604	9058				-	
ABSENT	EE TOTAL VOTE		81	9588	2834	3210	3272	2108				

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES	GENERAL ELEC	TION	·			NOVEMBE	R 7, 2006	· . · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	PAGE	115.3
	,		SANTA MON RENT CONT	ICA CITY G ROL BOARD	EN MUNI					
			ZELIA MOLLICA							
FINAL OFFICIAL Statement of votes (CAST			KORADE-WI	LSON JENNIFER KENNEOY	ROBERT KRONOVET	ł		·	
	REGISTRA-	BALLOTS							ı	
CITY/PREC	TION	CAST								
RAND TOTAL VOTE	57455	34440	10368	11814	12380	6684				
					·					
		¥								

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GEN	ERAL ELECT	ION		_		NOVEMBEI	7, 2006	PAGE	115.4	
·			SANTA MON RENT CONT	ICA CITY G ROL BOARD	EN MUNI					
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST			ZELIA MOLLICA	M KORADE-WI	LSON JENNIFER KENNEDY	ROBERT KRONOVET				
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- Tion	BALLOTS CAST	3							,
COUNTYWIDE	57374	24852	7534	8604	9058	4576				
COUNTYWIDE ABSENTEE VOTE	81	9588	2834	3210	3272	2108	!			
TOTAL	57455	34440	10368	11814	12330	6684				
30TH US CONGRESSIONAL	57374	24852	7534	8604	9058	4576	•			(886)
30TH US CONGRESSIONAL ABSENTEE VOTE	81	9588	2834	3210	3272	2108				
TOTAL	57455	34440	10368	11814	12330	6584				00000000
23RD STATE SENATE	57374	24852	7534	8804	9058	4578				
41ST STATE ASSEMBLY	57374	24852	7534	8604	9058	4576				
41ST STATE ASSEMBLY ABSENTEE VOTE	81	9588	2834	3210	3272	2108				
TOTAL	57455	34440	10368	11814	12330	6684				8239
GRD SUPERVISORIAL	57374	24852	7534	8604	9058	4576				
3RD SUPERVISORIAL ABSENTEE VOTE	81	9588	2834	3210	3272	2108				
TOTAL	57455	. 34440	10368	11814	12330	6684				

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GE	NERAL ELEC	TION				NOVEMBE	7, 2006		PAGE	115.5
			SANTA MON	ICA CITY G ROL BOARD	EN MUNI					
			ZELIA MOLLICA				•			
FINAL OFFICIAL Statement of Votes Cast				M KORAOE-WI	LSON JENNIFER KENNEDY	ROBERT KRONOVET				
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST		٠						
4TH BOARD OF EQUALIZATION	57374	24852	7534	8604	9058	4576				
TH BOARD OF EQUALIZATION ABSENTEE VOTE	81	9588	2834	3210	3272	2108		·		
TOTAL	57455	34440	10358	11814	12330	6684				
CITY OF SANTA MUNICA	57374	24852	7534	8604	9058	4576				
ITY OF SANTA MONICA Absentee vote	81	9588	2834	3210	3272	2108				
TOTAL	57455	34440	10368	11814	12330	6684				
						-				
				,						

COUNTY OF LOS	ANGELES GE	NERAL ELECT	TION				NOVE	MBE	R 7, 2008		PAGE	116.1
				SANTA MON MEASURE L	NICA CITY S	PC MUNI	SANTA MEASUR		ICA CITY SP	C MUNI		
				YES		•						
					lare							
					NO							
FINAL OFFICE								•				•
STATEMENT OF	F VOTES CAST						YES					
							163					
									NO .			
									1			
		T										
CITY/PRI	FC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST									
ANTA MUNICA Anta munica	6250001A 6250002A		383 366					207 202	122 117			
ANTA MONICA	B250003A	887	422					197	163			
ANTA MONICA	6250005A	735	328	182	71			204	84	.000.000.000.0000.000000000000000000000	*************************	
ANTA MONICA	6250006A	860	388	218				222	110	•		
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250007A 6250008A		281 318	149] ************************************		158	81		**************	
ANTA MONICA	6250010A		310 353	17: 19:				180 214	80 92			
ANTA MONICA	6250012A		340		86			224	69			
ANTA MONICA	6250015A	813	340			***************************************	***************************************	174	109	***************************************	******************	
ANTA MONICA	6250016A		366			ĺ		211	102			
ANTA MONICA	8250017A	818	424	243				245	128		500000000000000000000000000000000000000	
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	8250018A 8250019A		370 227	193 131				222 143	90 46			
ANTA MONICA	6250020A		330					210	66			
ANTA MONICA	6250021A	718	304	· 148			000 (0000000000000000000000000000000000	198	55	****************	1010-100003-111-110000	
ANTA MONICA	6250023A	720	246	130		•		160	52	•		
ANTA MONICA	6250024A	938	373	202				217	79	atao mana sa tagana a sa sa s		
ANTA MONICA	6250025A		251	122	70			152	56			
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250026A 6250029A	867 836	335 330					186 168	122 126			
ANTA MONICA	6250031A	839	407	231				234	119			
ANTA MONICA	6250032A		341	177		· .		205	86			ļ
ANTA MONICA	6250034A	844	418	225	93			253	108		<u> </u>	
ANTA MONICA	6250035A		321					205	62			
ANTA MUNICA	8250038A		435					266	106			
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250038A 6250041A	572 836	165 344	78 191			***************************************	99 227	32 69			
ANTA MONICA	6250041A	768	297	162				173	84			
ANTA MONICA	6250045A	665	255	151		Ī	1	135	84			
ANTA MONICA	6250046A	707	323					205	67			
ANTA MONICA	6250048A		334					208	74			
ANTA MONICA	6250050A		404	223				243	111			
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250052B 6250053B	880	353	166	1			196	98			
ANTA MUNICA ANTA MONICA	62500536 6250055A	840 977	322 399	160 221				191	83 103			
ANTA MONICA	6250056A		175					238 99	33			
ANTA MONICA	6250060A	745	277				1	161	82			
.6696 M					1				I			

COUNTY OF LOS ANGE	LES GE	NERAL ELECT	TION				NOVEMBER	7, 2008	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	PAGE	116.2
				SANTA MON MEASURE U	ICA CITY SP	C MUNI	SANTA MONI MEASURE V	CA CITY SP	C MUNI		
				YES	•						
					NO		•	•			
					,						
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VO	TES CAST				-						
							YES				
•							1 1	NO			
-	•										
CITY/PREC		REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST				1				
						,			T. T. L		
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250061A 6250062A	795 718	257 303	124 137			148 172	70 85			
ANTA MONICA	6250063A	780	314	161	76		190	73			
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250065A 6250067A	805 828	319 421	164 218			192 315	56 59			
ANTA MONICA	6250068A	807	340	178			207	74			
ANTA MONICA	6250069A	791	971	211	65		253	79			
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250070A 6250071A	821 855	440	212			263	119			
ANTA MONICA	6250072A	817	390 390	170 201			189 229	73 107			
ANTA MONICA	6250075A	772	376	203	89		210	111			
ANTA MONICA ANTA MUNICA	6250076A 6250078A	849 840	425 367	233 161		200000000000000000000000000000000000000	201 203	165 11 5	000000000000000000000000000000000000000		
ANTA MONICA	6250081A	724	389	210			242	96			
ANTA MONICA	8250083A	827	450	250			262	133			
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	8250085A 8250087A	764 869	352 366	192 201			222 190	84 138			•
ANTA MONICA	6250089A	828	451	256			223	182			
NTA MONICA	8250092A	846	348	183	92		228	78			
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	5250093A 8250094A	827 752	360 356	186 195			247 218	57 75			
ANTA MONICA	6250095A	764	324	179			212	7.5 59	•		
ANTA MONÌCA	62500988	755	349	196	78		224	82			ę
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250104A 6250106A	582 820	284 403	124 203			158 247	52 101			
NTA MONICA	5250107A	730	358	213	65		223	85			
ANTA MONICA	6250109A	789	401	197			220	96			
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250110A 6250113A	780 795	330 299	177 176			200 195	68 65			
WTA MONICA	6250120A	857	413	232	87		292	74			
INTA MONICA	8250121A	734	266	143	59		176	58			
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	8250125A 8250127A	729 899	328 394	194 207			195 235	97 97			
NTA MONICA	6250128A	782	332	194			194	100		veni5100 000000	oro (2000-000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 0000
RECINCT TOTAL VOTE		57374	24852	13293	5545		14808	6411	80000000000000000000000000000000000000	5000000 (CCC) (COO	: :::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
SENTEE TOTAL VOTE		81	9588	5383	1851		4760	3219			
		- '		9000			7,50	32.13			

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES	GENERAL ELEC	TION				NOVEMBE	R 7, 2008		PAGE 118.3		
			SANTA MON MEASURE U	ICA CITY S	PC MUNI	SANTA MON MEASURE V	ICA CITY S	PC MUNI	****		
			YES						•		
				NO		•			•		
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES	CAST	•									
•						YES					
•	• •						NO				
	REGISTRA-	BALLOTS							1	÷	
CITY/PREC	TION	CAST							-		
AND TOTAL VOTE	57455	34440	18676	7396		19568	9630				
					<u> </u>						
					000000000000000000000000000000000000000						
										2	

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GE	NERAL ELECT	ION				NOVEMBER	7, 2006		PAGE	116.4
			SANTA MON MEASURE U	ICA CITY S	PC MUNI	SANTA MONI MEASURE V	CA CITY SP	C MUNI		
			YES							
				NO						-
FINAL OFFICIAL		•			1					
STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST						YES				
							NO			
OTTY (ODEO	REGISTRA-	BALLOTS			<u> </u>			1		
CITY/PREC COUNTYWIDE	TION 57374	CAST								
Office (4100	5/3/4	24852	13293	5545		14808	6411			
COUNTYWIDE ABSENTEE VOTE	81	9588	5383	1851		4760	3219			
TOTAL	57455	34440	18076	7396		19568	9630			
SOTH US CONGRESSIONAL	57374	24852	13293	5545		14808	6411			
30TH US CONGRESSIONAL	81	9588	5383	1851		4760	3219			
ABSENTEE VOTE										
TOTAL	57455	34440	18676	7396	[]	19568	9630			
23RD STATE SENATE	57374	24852	13293	5545		14808	6411			
41ST STATE ASSEMBLY	57374	24852	13293	5545		14808	6411			
TIST STRIL ASSEMBLI	3/3/4	24052	13293	3545	-	14606	0411	ł		
41ST STATE ASSEMBLY ABSENTEE VOTE	81	9588	5383	1851		4760	3219			
TOTAL	57455	34440	18676	7396		19568	9630			
3RD SUPERVISORIAL	57374	24852	13293	5545		14808	5411			
STO SUPERVISORIAL ABSENTEE VOTE	81	9588	5383	1851		4760	3219			
·		444								
TOTAL	57455	34440	18676	7396		19568	9630			

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GE	NERAL ELECT	TION				NOVEMBE	R 7, 2006		PAGE	116.5
			SANTA MON MEASURE U	ICA CITY SI	PC MUNI	SANTA MON MEASURE V	ICA CITY S	PC MUNI		
			YES							
				NO			•			
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST										
						YES				
							NO		•	
	REGISTRA-	BALLOTS							1	
CITY/PREC	TION	CAST								
4TH BOARD OF EQUALIZATION	57374	24852	13293	5545		14808	5411			
4TH BOARD OF EQUALIZATION ABSENTEE VOTE	81	9588	5383	1851		4760	3219			
TOTAL	57455	34440	18676	7396		19568	9630			
CITY OF SANTA MONICA	57374	24852	13293	5545		14808	6411			
	3/3/4	24632	13293	3545		14608	0411			
CITY OF SANTA MONICA ABSENTEE VOTE	81	9588	5383	1851		4780	3219			
TOTAL	57455	34440	18676	7396		19568	9630			
		•								
							:			
			n;							1

COUNTY OF LOS A	ANGELES GE	NERAL ELECT	ION					R 7, 2006		PAGE	117.1
				SANTA MON MEASURE W	ICA CITY SI	C MUNI	SANTA MON MEASURE Y	ICA CITY S	PC MUNI		
				YES	•						
					NO						
								-			
FINAL OFFICE	IAL F VOTES CAST										
2] :		YES				
					.]			NO			
		REGISTRA-	BALLOTS							1	
CITY/PRE	EC	TION	CAST								
SANTA MUNICA	6250001A 6250002A	769 779	383	139			180				
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250002A	887	366 422	133 163			176 191	125 158			
SANTA MONICA	6250005A	735	328	105	143		168	100	*******************		
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250006A 6250007A	860 726	388 281	164 118			213 135	100 86		ļ	
SANTA MONICA	6250008A	735	316	121			161				
SANTA MONICA	6250010A	855	353	141	125		205	82			
SANTA MUNICA SANTA MUNICA	6250012A 6250015A	840 813	340 340	139 118			185 169	89 . 111			
SANTA MONICA	6250016A	761	366	125			196	110			
SANTA MONICA	6250017A	818	424	162		·	207	144			
SANTA MUNICA SANTA MONICA	5250018A 6250019A	807 983	370 227	143 79			197 122				
SANTA MONICA	6250020A	753	330	125			174				
SANTA MONICA	6250021A	718	304	104			157	76			
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250023A 6250024A	720 938	24 6 373	111 109		•	135 196	69 84			
SANTA MONICA	8250025A	723	251	98	97		138	59			
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250026A 6250029A	867 836	335 330	136 129			185 168				
SANTA MONICA	6250025A	839	407	148			221	115			
SANTA MONICA	6250032A	809	341	113	144		191	81	}	}	
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250034A 6250035A	844 727	418	151 113			224 173	108 78			
SANTA MONICA	6250036A	976	321 435	170			229				
SANTA MONICA	6250038A	572	165	52	63		80	37			
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250041A 6250043A	836 768	344 297	125 125			189 166	79 67			1
SANTA MONICA	6250045A	665	257 255	117			135	78		1	
SANTA MONICA	6250046A	707	323	122			181	82			
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250048A 6250050A	770 894	334 404	133 122			182 247	76 94			
SANTA MONICA	6250052B	880	353	128			190	83			
SANTA MONICA	62500538	840	322	112	131		185	86			
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250055A 625005 6A	977 671	399	147			223 72	106			
SANTA MUNICA	6250080A	745	175 277	103			145	44 78			
		, T	=		•		, ,				

COUNTY OF LOS AN	GELES GE	NERAL ELECT	TION	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			NOVEMBE	R 7, 2006	PAGE	117.2
				SANTA MON MEASURE W	ICA CITY S	PC MUNI	SANTA MON MEASURE Y	CA CITY SPC MUN	NI	
				YES						
					NO		•			
			-		NU				•	
FINAL OFFICIAL					1					
STATEMENT OF	VUIES CASI					•	YES			
								1		
							1	NO		
					ļ.					
OTTY (0000		REGISTRA-	BALLOTS							
CITY/PREC		TION	CAST							
ANTA MUNICA ANTA MUNICA	6250061A 6250062A	795 718	257 303	87 121			139 170	74 69		
ANTA MONICA	6250083A	780	314	128	110		154	94		
ANTA MONICA	6250065A 6250067A	805 828	319	113			200	49		
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250067A	807	421 340	149 121	181		. 276 198	78 64	-	
anta Monica	6250069A	791	371	136	151		215	87		
ANTA MONICA	6250070A	821 855	440	154			245	125		
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250071A 6250072A	817	333 390	118 156			162 206	83 104		
ANTA MONICA	6250075A	772	376	128	160		191	117		
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250076A 6250078A	849 840	425 367	137	203 168		194 192	157		
ANTA MONICA	5250081A	724	389	111 148			252	114 74		
ANTA MONICA	6250083A	827	450	184	192		261	109		
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250085A 6250087A	764 869	352 365	130 125			192	74 116		
ANTA MONICA	6250089A	828	451	148			225	153	-	•
ANTA MONICA	8250092A	846	348	133	139		202	80		
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250093A 6250094A	827 752	360 356	123 140			208 178	7 <u>9</u> 98		
ANTA MONICA	6250095A	764	324	116			183	74		
ANTA MONICA	6250098B	755	349	133	144		233	63		İ
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250104A 8250106A	582 820	284 403	104			133	56		
ANTA MONICA	6250107A	730	403 358	150 115			248 197	82 90		
ANTA MONICA	6250109A	789	401	122	166		178	113		
ANTA MONICA	6250110A	780	330	106			160	86		
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250113A 6250120A	795 857	299 413	120 167			179 249	69 87		
ANTA MONICA	6250121A	734	266	124			175	45		
ANTA MONICA	6250125A		328	98			185	95		
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250127A 6250128A	899 782	394 332	137 129			229 153	85 114		
RECINCT TOTAL VO		57374	24852	9099	9905		13445	6530		
BSENTEE TOTAL VO	TE	81	9588	3569	3915		4600	3066		i i

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES	GENERAL ELEC	LION				NOVEMBE	R 7, 2008		PAGE 117.3		
	,		SANTA MON MEASURE W	ICA CITY S	PC MUNI	SANTA MON MEASURE Y	ICA CITY SF	C MUNI			
			YES								
				NO							
FINAL OFFICIAL Statement of votes (CAST					l.,					
						YES	NO .				
			[·							
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,						
GRAND TOTAL VOTE	8745 5	34440	12668	13821		18045	9596				
						·				-	

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GE	NERAL ELECT	LION				NOVEMBE	R 7, 2008		PAGE	117.4
			SANTA MON MEASURE W	ICA CITY SI	PC MUNI	SANTA MON MEASURE Y	ICA CITY S	PC MUNI		
			YES							
			ļ	NO			•			
FINAL OFFICIAL					1					
STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST						YES				
						1123	NO .			
			:				NO :	-		
	nrozerna.	544.070								
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST								
BOINTYNLOC	57374	24852	9099	9905		13445	6530			
man company i man										
COUNTYWIDE ABSENTEE VOTE	81	9588	3569	3916		4600	3066			
TOTAL	57455	34440	12658	13821		18045	9596			
30TH US CONGRESSIONAL	57374	24852	9099	9905		13445	6530			
BOTH US CONGRESSIONAL	81	9588	3569	3916		4600	3066			
ABSENTEE VOTE										
TOTAL	57455	34440	12668	13821		18045	9596			,
23RD STATE SENATE	57374	24852	9099	9905		13445	6530			
41ST STATĘ ASSEMBLY	57374	24852	9099	9905		13445	6530			
HIST STATE ASSEMBLY	8 1	9588	3569	3918		4500	3068			
ABSENTEE VOTE	*	9000	9000	00.10			5550			
TOTAL	57455	34440	12668	13821		18045	9596			
BRD SUPERVISORIAL	57374	24852	9099	9905		13445				
JAINUEIFRIETUE WAS	5/3/4	24032	8098	9305		13445	6530			
BRD SUPERVISORIAL	81	9588	3569	3916		4600	3066			
ABSENTEE VOTE		V0000000000000000000000000000000000000			200000000000000000000000000000000000000					
TOTAL	57455	34440	12668	13821		18045	9596			

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GE	NERAL ELECT	TION				NOVEMB	ER 7, 2008		PAGE	117.5
			SANTA MON MEASURE W	ICA CITY S	PC MUNI	SANTA MOI MEASURE '	NICA CITY S	PC MUNI		
			YES		•					
				NO						
FINAL OFFICIAL Statement of votes cast						YES				
							NO	•		
								-		
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST								
4TH BOARD OF EQUALIZATION	57974	24852	9099	9905		1344!	6530			
4TH BOARD OF EQUALIZATION ABSENTEE VOTE	81	9588	3569	3916		4600	3066		1	
TOTAL	57455	34440	12068	13821		1804!	9596			
CITY OF SANTA MONICA	57374	24852	9099	9905		1344	6530			
CITY OF SANTA MONICA ABSENTEE VOTE	81	9588	3569	3916		4600	3066			
TOTAL	57455	34440	12668	13821		1804	9596			
333333333333333333333333333333333333333	·····	5(2000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000			900 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000				
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,						
						_				

COUNTY OF LOS AN		NERAL ELECT		T				R 7, 2006		PAGE	119.1
-				SANTA MON: BOARD OF	ICA COMM C TRUSTEES	DLLEGE					
				NANCY GREENSTEI				•			
				***	TOM DONNER						
FINAL OFFICIA STATEMENT OF						LOUISE JAFFE					
							SUSANNA K	EM			
							BRACKE	ANDREW			
					-			WALZER	OAVID B		
<u></u>		122222		-					FINKEL		
CITY/PREC		REGISTRA- Tion	BALLOTS CAST		·						
ALIBU ALIBU	4050002A 4050004A	738 613	290 241	82 91	67 74	87 87		79 72	84 74		
ALIBU	4050051A	772	328	132	105	129	85	98	116		
ALIBU ALIBU	4050056A 4050057A	475 905	221 413	88 159	55 117	93 151		57 134	75 115		
ALIBU	4050059A	881	342	123	105	132	65	92			
ALIBU	4050060A 4050062A	832	942		107	157		107	133		
ALIBU ALIBU	4050063A	758 624	357 279	137 113	117 81	124 110	58 45	84 87			
ALIBU	4050064A	951	366	141	107	145	68	98	115	*****************	
ALIBU ALIBU HEIGHTS	4050208A 4060001A	871 332	323 169	122 53	78 45	· 106 50	53 32	71 42		•	
ALIBU HEIGHTS	4060003A	569	176		49	39	24	46	56		
ALIBU HEIGHTS ALIBU HEIGHTS	4080004A 4080005B	364 267	122		34	36		40			
ALIBU HEIGHTS	4080012A	328	90 122	36 45	29 30	31 43	26 18	24 40			
ANTA MONICA	6250001A	769	383	170	116	179	60	111	140		
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250002A 8250003A	779 887	366 422	176 182	123 155	186 200	43 47	126 110			
ANTA MONICA	6250005A	735	. 328	170	85	155		139	142		
ANTA MONICA	6250006A 6250007A	860	388		121	194		159			
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250007A	726 735	281 316	129 134	57 67	116 126	34 48	92 119			
ANTA MONICA	6250010A	855	353	162	79	140	53	104	127		
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250012A 6250015A	840 813	340		87 82	152		132			
ANTA MONICA	6250016A	761	340 366		93	161 158		103 127			
ANTA MONICA	6250017A	818	424	182	143	183	71	115	151	3-29-25-20-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-	
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250018A 6250019A	807 983	370 227	167 103	86 68	148 93	60 38	134 78			
ANTA MONICA	6250020A	753	330	Decree of the contract of the	81	135		133			+
ANTA MONICA	8250021A	718	304	146	61	137	48	118	141		
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250023A 6250024A	720 938	246 373		53 108	113 139		109 138			
ANTA MONICA	6250025A	723	3/3 251	126	108	110		93			
ANTA MONICA	6250026A	867	335	169	79	189	45	157	165	014000000000000000000000000000000000000	
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250029A 6250031A	835 839	330 407	155 180	98 97	169 187	47 63	100 141			
THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN	42444411	""	77/	'''	3,	107	99	141	,03		

COUNT	Y OF LOS A	NGELES GEI	NERAL ELECT	ION	•			NOVEMBE	R 7, 2006		PAGE	119.2
					SANTA MON BOARO OF	ICA COMM CO	DLLEGE					
					NANCY			•				
					GREENSTEI	N TOM						
-	NAL DFFICIA	A.I				DONNER	LOUISE	*	٠	•		
		VOTES CAST					JAFFE					
								SUSANNA K	IM			
								BRACKE	ANDREW			
						'			WALZER	leaves s		
										OAVID B		
	CITY/PREG	<u> </u>	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST]					-		
	MONICA MONICA	6250032A 6250034A	809 844	341 418	172 194	78 115	154 199		139 160	151 178		
SANTA	MONICA	6250035A	727	321	155	76	150	40	134	149		
	MONICA	6250036A	976	435	210	113	183		176	173		
	MONICA MONICA	6250038A 6250041A	572 836	165 344	68 171	43 90	53 150		45 148	59 162		
	MONICA	6250043A	768	297	134	79	125		113	109		
	MONICA	6250045A	685	255	124	66	105	51	92	103		
	MONICA	8250046A 8250048A	707	923	142	70	127		109	117		
	MONICA MONICA	6250050A	770 894	334 404	152 193	86 95	151 176	57 64	125 158	126 151		
	MONIÇA	6250052B	880	353	161	96	136		135	133		
	MONICA	62500538	840	322	162	71	145	57	126	125		
	MONICA	6250055A 6250056A	977	399		99	180		147	146		
ANTA	MONICA MONICA	6250060A	67 1 745	175 277	67 142	52 79	54 137		51 115	62 109		
SANTA	MONICA	6250081A	795	257	154	53	134		128	117		-
SANTA	MONICA	62500B2A	718	303	165	102	124	55	131	117		
	MONICA	8250063A	780	314	144	97	145		108	118		
	Menica Monica	6250065A 6250067A	805 828	319 421	156 231	68 96	146 219		123	129		
	MONICA	5250068A	807	340	154	82	146		179 127	205 140		
SANTA	MONICA	6250069A	791	371	181	86	198		160	155		· La
ANTA	MONICA	6250070A	821	440	213	104	261	58	170	178		
	MONICA	8250071A 6250072A	855 817	333	161	95	138		127	112		
	MONICA MONICA	6250075A	772	390 376	185 189	105 119	192 203		153 197	189 142		
	MONICA	6250076A	849	425	196	133	204		177	187		
	MONICA	6250078A	840	367	159	102	188	42	152	145	•	
	MONICA	6250081A	724	389	186	88	177		149	160		<u></u>
	Monica Monica	6250083A 6250085A	827 764	450 352	230 160	112 88	252 170		182	193		
	MONICA	6250087A	869	368	172	105	170		152 139	136 162		
SANTA	MONICA	6250089A	828	451	196	143	226	75	159	179		
	MONICA	6250092A	846	348	161	95	181	52	129	154		
	MONICA	6250093A	827	360	187	83	183	34	159	167		
	MONICA MONICA	5250094A 5250095A	752 764	356 324	173 156	80 78	144 142	66 46	120 122	151 133		
			, , ,	944	130	7.0	144	1 40	144	133		

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES	GEN	NERAL ELECT	TON				NOVEMBE	R 7, 2006		PAGE	119.3
FINAL OFFICIAL Statement of Votes	CAST			SANTA MONI BOARD OF I NANCY GREENSTEIN		DLLEGE LOUISE JAFFE	SUSANNA K Bracke	IM ANDREW WALZER	DAVIO B		
CITY/PREC		REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST						FINKEL		·
SANTA MONICA 625 SANTA MONICA 625 SANTA MONICA 625 SANTA MONICA 625 SANTA MONICA 625 SANTA MONICA 625 SANTA MONICA 625 SANTA MONICA 625 SANTA MONICA 625 SANTA MONICA 625 SANTA MONICA 625 SANTA MONICA 625 SANTA MONICA 625	50104A 50104A 50108A 50107A 50110A 50113A 50120A 50121A 50121A 50127A 50128A 30033A	755 582 820 730 789 780 785 857 734 729 899 782 994	349 284 403 358 401 330 299 413 266 328 394 332 469	169 119 195 188 173 156 140 222 130 148 191 150 180	89 76 103 85 102 79 65 102 77 100 78 111	178 104 181 174 165 154 124 204 132 143 163 155	45 41 67 44 41 41 35 49 62 44 74 80	95 158 143 145 133 129 180 117 121 150 96 139	154 99 157 172 156 137 131 185 109 131 160 116		
ABSENTEE TOTAL VOTE		351	29502 12131	13603 5236	7883 3560	13131 4971	4616 1832	10705 4150	11547 4411		-
GRAND TOTAL VOTE		68999	41633	18839	11443	18102	6448	14855	15958		
					-						

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GE	NERAL ELECT	ION				NOVEMBE	R 7, 2005		PAGE	119.4		
			SANTA MONI BOARD OF	ICA COMM C	DLLEGE							
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST		1	ENSTEIN TOM DONNER LI		GREENSTEIN TOM		FE SUSANNA KIM BRACKE ANDREW WALZER			DAVID B		
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- Tion	BALLOTS CAST					·	FINKEL				
COUNTYWIDE	68648	29502	13603	7883	13131	4616	10705	11547	-			
COUNTYWIDE ABSENTEE VOTE	351	12131	5236	3560	4971	1832	4150	4411				
TOTAL	68989	41633	18839	11443	18102	6448	14855	15958				
30TH US CONGRESSIONAL	68648	29502	13603	7883	13131	4616	10705	11547				
OOTH US CONGRESSIONAL ABSENTEE VOTE	351	12131	5236	3560	4971	1832	4150	4411				
TOTAL	68999	41633	18839	11443	18102	6448	14855	15958				
20RD STATE SENATE	68648	29502	13603	7883	13131	4616	10705	11547				
41ST STATE ASSEMBLY	68648	29502	13603	7883	13131	4616	10705	11547		2		
41ST STATE ASSEMBLY ABSENTEE VOTE	351	12131	5236	3560	4971	1832	4150	4411				
TOTAL	68999	41633	18839	11443	18102	6448	14855	15958	-			
GRD SUPERVISORIAL	68648	29502	13603	7883	13131	4818	10705	11547				
SRD SUPERVISORIAL ABSENTEE VOTE	351	12131	5236	3560	4971	1832	4150	4411				
TOTAL	68999	41633	18839	11443	18102	6448	14855	15958				

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GE	NERAL ELECT	ION				NOVEMBE	R 7, 2006	· -	PAGE	119.5
FINAL OFFICIAL Statement of votes cast			SANTA MON BOARD OF NANCY GREENSTEI		LOUISE JAFFE	SUSANNA KIM BRACKE ANDREW WALZER DAVID B				·
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST						FINKEL		
4TH BOARD OF EQUALIZATION	88648	29502	13603	7883	13131	4616	10705	11547		
4TH BOARD OF EQUALIZATION ABSENTEE VOTE	351	12131	5236	3560	4971	1832	4150	4411		
TOTAL	68999	41633	18839	11443	18102	6448	14855	15958		
CITY OF MALIBU	8420	3502	1346	1013	1321	650	979	1086		
CITY OF SANTA MONICA	57374	24852	11841	6500	11440	3789	9395	10106		
CITY OF SANTA MONICA ABSENTEE VOTE	o	9533	4324	2780	4098	1393	3466	3693		
TOTAL	57374	34385	16165	9280	15538	5182	12861	13799		
UNINCORPORATED	2854	1148	416	370	370	177	331	355		
				,						

COUNTY OF LOS AN	GELES GEI	NERAL ELECT	ION				NOVEMBE	R 7, 2006		PAGE	120.1
					ICA-MALIBU BOARD MEM						
				OSCAR DE	LA						
		•		TORRE	EMILY			-			
					BLOOMFIEL						
FINAL DFFICIAL STATEMENT OF V						SHANE MCLOUD					
SIAIEMEN OI	VOIES CASI					MCCOOD	KELLY MCM	AHON			
					1		PYE				
								SIDONIE	•	,	
				· ·	,			J. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C.	BARRY A		
		REGISTRA-	BALLOTS						SNELL	I	
CITY/PREC		TION	CAST		•						
IALISU	4050002A 4050004A	738 613	290	76	94	62	89				
MALIBU MALIBU	4050051A	772	241 328	51 95	87 123	70 116	87 124		70 112		
MALIBU	4050056A	475	221	68	97	67	84		74		
(ALIBÚ	4050057A	905	413	100	152	136	138				
ialibu Nalibu	4050059A 4050060A	881 832	342	89	119 148	104	119		92 126		
MALIBU	4050062A	758	342 357	103 111	121	92 105	148 120		126		
MALIBU	4050063A	824	279	77	99	75	93		95		
MALIBU	4050064A	951	366	104	, 135	108	120	41	115	*************	
MALIBU	4050208A	871	323	75	108	· 79	96		88		1
MALIBU HEIGHTS MALIBU HEIGHTS	4060001A 4060003A	332 569	169 176	50 48	64 61	32 43	57 52		52 42		
AALIBU HEIGHTS	40B0004A	364	122	32	44	35	34		37		
MALIBU HEIGHTS	4060005B	267	90	30	33	27	38		33		
MALIBU HEIGHTS	4060012A	328	122	29	45	32	36		37		
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250001A 6250002A	769 779	383 366	118 136	177 176	122 89	124 140		114 146		
SANTA MONICA	6250003A	887	422	117	202	112	158		134		
SANTA MONICA	6250005A	735	328	152	168	92	131		130		
SANTA MONICA	6250006A	860	388	158	194	119	168		143		
SANTA MONICA	6250007A	726	281	110	126	59	101		90		
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250008A 6250010A	735 855	316 353	127 114	147 151	67. 93	122 130	45 47	113 119		*
ANTA MONICA	8250012A	840	340	129	157	99	146				
ANTA MUNICA	6250015A	813	340	120	151	84	118		124		
ANTA MONICA	6250016A	761	366	151	163	87	146		127		
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250017A	818	424	166	197	119	144	67	147		
ANTA MONICA	6250018A 6250019A	807 983	370 227	152 81	166 94	103 71	134 90		130 82		
ANTA MONICA	6250020A	753	330	145	153	81	143		117		
ANTA MONICA	6250021A	718	304	125	144	67	127		121		
ANTA MONICA	6250023A	720	246	119	126	72	111		93		
ANTA MONICA	6250024A	938	373	154	165	110	113		118		
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250025A 6250028A	723 867	251 335	146 154	111 170	66 111	96	44 55	76 140		
ANTA MONICA	6250029A	836	335	139	181	100	125		126		
ANTA MONICA	6250031A	839	407	170	186	110	185		157		
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COUNTY OF LOS A	NGELES GEI	NERAL ELECT	ION				NOVEMBE	R 7, 2006		PAGE	120.2
					ICA-MALIBU BOARD MEM			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
				OSCAR DE	LA				•		
				TORRE	EMILY	_			•		
FINAL OFFICE					BLOOMFIEL	SHANE					
STATEMENT OF	VOTES CAST					MCLOUD	KELLY MCM	AHON			
							PYE	SIDONIE			•
								SMITH	BARRY A		
		REGISTRA-	BALLOTS						SNELL		
CITY/PRE	C	TION	CAST								-
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250032A 6250034A	809 844	341 418	146 183	170 201	92 130		42 78	139 148		
ANTA MONICA	6250035A	727	321	138	159	79	123	53	120		
ANTA MONICA Anta Monica	6250036A 6250038A	976 572	435 165	187 41	204 60	131 53	189 61	65 30	162 49		
ANTA MONICA	6250041A	836	344	153	161	114	146	50	128		
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	8250043A 8250045A	768 665	297 255	117 105	124 113	81 73	121 108	49 31	89 97		
ANTA MONICA	8250046A	707	200 323	111	133	83			100		
ANTA MONICA	6250048A	770	334	133	139	93	125	. 61	112	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	
ANTA MONICA	6250050A	894	404	189	179	110		53	148		1
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250052B 6250053B	880 840	353 322	149 136	138 138	94 93	127 125	59 51	122 115	*******	
ANTA MONICA	8250055A	977	399	172	172	135	147	67	134		
ANTA MONICA	6250056A	671	175	57	64	41	53	32	49		
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250060A 6250061A	745 795	277 257	143 150	134 117	86 . 54	112 108	61 62	78 93		
ANTA MONICA	6250062A	718	303	179	132	110	110	59	97		
ANTA MONICA	8250063A	780	314	136	146	105	124	47	103		
ANTA MONICA	6250065A	805	319	129	137	78	123	50	117		
ANTA MONICA Anta monica	6250087A 6250068A	828 807	42 1 340	209 151	212 157	91 85	190 139	47 53	167 121		
ANTA MONICA	6250069A	791	371	163	180	105	194	45	147		
ANTA MONICA	5250070A	821	440	184	211	109	214	56	189		
ANTA MONICA	6250071A	855	338	191	150	96	128	48	96		
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250072A 6250075A	817 772	390 376	161	192 189	103 121	174 176	59 67	149		
ANTA MONICA	6250076A	849	425	186 206	213	123	154	74	145 174		
ANTA MONICA	6250078A	840	367	172	173	111	161	54	122		
ANTA MONICA	6250081A	724	389	168	174	107	159	49	138	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250083A 6250085A	827 764	450	200	243	89	237	54	201		
ANTA MUNICA ANTA MONICA	6250087A	764 869	352 366	165 162	161 197	101 115	135 181	54 53	124 149		
ANTA MONICA	6250089A	828	451	201	219	111	215	56	183		
ANTA MONICA	6250092A	846	348	162	153	101	145	44	124		
ANTA MONICA	6250093A	827	360	178	182	85	169	51	136	edicate constitutiva de servi	
ANTA MONICA ANTA MONICA	6250094A 6250095A	752 764	358 324	138 132	161 147	101	135 128	50 40	130		
MITA MUNICA	GEOUGSON	/94	024	132	14/	87	128	40	121		

COUNTY OF LOS ANG	ELES GEI	NERAL ELECT	TION				NOVEMBE	R 7, 2006		PAGE	120.3
				SANTA MON GOVERNING	ICA-MALIBU Boaro mem	UN SCH BER					
				OSCAR DE TORRE	LA			•			
				TURKE	EMILY	.					
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF V					BLOOMFIEL	SHANE					
STATEMENT OF V	UIES CASI					MCLOUD	KELLY MCM	AHON			
				1			PIE	SIOONIE			
				<u> </u>	ľ			SWILL	BARRY A SNELL		
CITY/PREC		REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST				{ } [
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	62500988 6250104A	755 582	349 284	155 95			140 90	44 50			
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250106A 6250107A	820 730	403 358	176 159	172	108	165 154	52 39	133		
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250109A 6250110A	789 780	401 330	147 137	177	88 76	136 134	48 37	140		
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250113A 6250120A	795 857	299 413	126 202	144		113 180	43	102		
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250121A 6250125A	734 729	286 328	123 120	117	104 99	117 132	54 48			
SANTA MONICA SANTA MONICA	6250127A 6250128A	899 782	394 332	177	173	98	160 147	55 28			
TOPANGA	7100033A	994	469	147	195		152	69	153		
PRECINCT TOTAL VOT	£	68648	29502	11894	13253	8107	11892	4299	10430		
ABSENTEE TOTAL VOT	E	432	12186	4509	5415	3206	4613	1689	4391		
GRAND TOTAL VOTE		69080	41688	18403	18668	11313	16305	5988	14821		
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COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GEN	VERAL ELECT	TON	,			NOVEMBE	7, 2008		PAGE	120.4	
				ICA-MALIBU BOARD MEM						•	
			OSCAR DE TORRE	SCAR DE LA DRRE							
			TORKE	EMILY BLOOMFIEL	5						
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST				BLOOMFIEL	SHANE MCLOUD						
						KELLY MCMAHON PYE 3					
							SIDONIE SMITH				
					1		J 111	BARRY A SNELL			
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST									
COUNTYWIDE	68648	29502	11894	19253	8107	11692	4299	10430			
COUNTYWIDE	432	12186	4509	5415	3206	4613	1689	4391			
ABSENTEE VOTE					·						
TOTAL	59080	41688	16403	18668	11313	16305	5988	14821			
30TH US CONGRESSIONAL	68648	29502	11894	13253	8 107	11692	4299	10430			
30TH US CONGRESSIONAL	432								:00c:co::co:000000cccccc		
ABSENTEE VOTE	432	12186	4509	5415	3206	4613	1689	4391			
TOTAL	69080	41688	- 16403	18668	11313	16305	5988	14821			
29RD STATE SENATE	68648	29502	11894	13253	8107	11692	4299	10430			
IST STATE ASSEMBLY	68648	29502	11894	13253	8107	11692	4299	10430			
HIST STATE ASSEMBLY	432	12186	4509	5415	3206	4613	1689	4391			
ABSENTEE VOTE TOTAL	69080	#4 8 00	48400	10000	44040	45205	F000	44004			
TOTAL	1300U	41688	16403	18668	11313	16305	5988	14821			
BRD SUPERVISORIAL	58648	29502	11894	13253	8107	11692	4299	10430			
BRD SUPERVISORIAL ABSENTEE VOTE	432	12186	4509	5415	3206	4613	1689	4391			
TOTAL	59080	41688	18403	18688	11313	16305	5988	14821			
				l		l					

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GE	NERAL ELECT	TION				NOVEMBE	R 7, 2006		PAGE	120.5
			SANTA MON GOVERNING	ICA-MALIBU Board mem	UN SCH BER		•			
			OSCAR DE TORRE	LA	•					
FINAL OFFICIAL Statement of votes cast				EMILY BLOOMFIEL	SHANE MCLOUD					
						KELLY MCMAHON PYE SIDI SMI		BARRY A		
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST						SNELL		
4TH BOARD OF EQUALIZATION	68648	29502	11894	13253	8107	11692	4299	10430		
4TH BOARD OF EQUALIZATION ABSENTEE VOTE	432	12186	4509	5415	3206		1689	4391		
TOTAL	69080	41688	16403	18668	11313	16305	5988	14821		
CITY OF MALIBU	8420	3502	951	1283	1014	1218	494	1072		
CITY OF SANTA MONICA	57374	24852	10607	11528	6806	10105	3629	9004		
CITY OF SANTA MONICA ABSENTEE VOTE	81	9588	3796	4488	2540	3836	1371	3627		· ·
TOTAL	57455	34440	14403	18018	9346	13941	5000	12831		
JNINCORPORATED	2854	1148	336	442	287	369	176	354		
	·									



F:\ctyclerk\Elections\110408\staffreports&resos\results-resolution.doc City Council Meeting: December 9, 2008

RESOLUTION NO. 10370(CCS)

RESOLUTION OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY
OF SANTA MONICA ACCEPTING THE LOS ANGELES COUNTY
REGISTRAR RECORDER/COUNTY CLERK'S OFFICIAL CANVASS
AND OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST FOR THE
CONSOLIDATED MUNICIPAL ELECTION HELD ON
NOVEMBER 4, 2008, AND DECLARING THE RESULTS THEREOF

WHEREAS, a Consolidated General Municipal Election was held in the City of Santa Monica on November 4, 2008, as required by law; and

WHEREAS, the provisions of the Elections Code of the State of California for the holding of elections in Charter cities were complied with in that notice of the election was given in the time, form and manner as provided by law; voting precincts were properly established; election officers were appointed; votes were cast, received and canvassed; and the returns were made and declared in the time, form and manner as required; and

WHEREAS, the Los Angeles Registrar Recorder/County Clerk canvassed the returns of the election and certified the results to the City Council, and those results are attached and made a part hereof as "Exhibit A",

NOW, THEREFORE, THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF SANTA MONICA DOES RESOLVE AS FOLLOWS:

SECTION 1. The vote totals for the Consolidated Municipal Election held on November 4, 2008, in the City of Santa Monica, as certified by the Los Angeles County Registrar Recorder/County Clerk, shall be and hereby are approved and adopted as the formal vote count of the City of Santa Monica for said offices and said measures of said election.

SECTION 2. The names of the candidates on the ballot were:

Santa Monica City Council

Jerry Peace Activist Rubin
Jon Louis Mann
Ted Winterer
Bobby Shriver
Herbert Silverstein
Susan Hartley
Linda Armstrong
Ken Genser
Herb Katz
Michael Kovac
Linda M. Piera-Avila
John Blakely
Richard Bloom

Write-in Candidate

Terence Later

Santa Monica Rent Control Board

Robert Kronovet Joel C. Koury Christopher Braun

College District Board of Trustees

Robert Greenstein Rader Heidi Hoeck Susan Aminoff Margaret Quinones-Perez

Santa Monica-Malibu Unified School District Board of Education

Maria Leon-Vasquez Ben Allen Jose Escarce Chris Bley

SECTION 3. The number of total ballots cast for this election was:

Santa Monica Community College District Board of Trustees.

REGISTERED VOTERS	PRECINCT	ABSENTEE	TOTAL
	BALLOTS	BALLOTS	BALLOTS
69,867	43,929	17,345	61,274

Santa Monica-Malibu Unified School District Board of Education:

REGISTERED VOTERS	PRECINCT	ABSENTEE	TOTAL
	BALLOTS	BALLOTS	BALLOTS
69,867	43,929	17,416	61,345

City of Santa Monica:

REGISTERED VOTERS	PRECINCT	ABSENTEE	TOTAL
	BALLOTS	BALLOTS	BALLOTS
58,281	36,829	14,149	50,978

SECTION 4. The following persons were elected to office as follows:

Candidates elected to the Santa Monica Community College Board of Trustees:

CANDIDATE	VOTES	PERCENT
Susan Aminoff	25,070	28.67%
Robert G. Rader	24,341	27.84
Margaret Quinones-Perez	23,256	26.6

Candidates elected to the Santa Monica-Malibu Unified School District:

CANDIDATE	VOTES	PERCENT
Ben Allen	26,171	27.69%
Maria Leon-Vazquez	24,996	26.45
Jose Escarce	22,107	23.39

Candidates elected to the City of Santa Monica Rent Control Board:

CANDIDATE	VOTES	PERCENT		
lool C. Kour	22.604	42.72%		
Joel C. Koury	22,601	42.72%		
Robert Kronovet	15,186	28.7		

Candidates elected to the Santa Monica City Council:

CANDIDATE	VOTES	PERCENT
Bobby Shriver	24,298	18.56%
Richard Bloom	20,232	15.46
Ken Genser	19,145	14.63
Herb Katz	17,202	13.14

SECTION 5. The measures that appeared on the ballot read as follows:

MEASURE T: Shall the City's General Plan be amended through 2023 to establish a City-wide annual limit on commercial development of 75,000 square feet, which: would apply to the types of projects that required City Council or Planning Commission approval on 1/16/08; would not apply to specified uses such as residential, parking, hospitals, schools, care and government facilities; and would allow for borrowing from future years if the five-year average stays within the limit?

MEASURE SM: Shall an ordinance be adopted to continue and update Santa Monica's Utilities Tax on telecommunication services to fund City activities including police, fire, paramedic and emergency services, school and afterschool programs, gang and drug prevention programs, parks and recreation programs, environmental protection and other general fund services, with tax-exemptions for low-income seniors and disabled residents, with provisions ensuring equal treatment of taxpayers regardless of technology used, and with expenditures subject to independent annual audits?

The Measures received votes as follows

Measure T was defeated by the voters by the following votes:

YES VOTES

18,439

44.43%

NO VOTES

23.061

55.57

Measure SM was approved by the voters by the following vote:

YES VOTES

20,254

51.4%

NO VOTES

19,147

48.6

SECTION 6. The City Clerk shall enter on the records of the Santa Monica City Council, a statement of the result of the election showing: (1) the total number of votes cast for the offices and the measures in the election; (2) the names of the persons voted for; (3) the text of the measure voted upon; (4) the office that each person was running for; (5) the number of votes given at each precinct to each person, and for and against each ballot measure; and, (6) the total number of votes given to each person, and for and against the ballot measures.

SECTION 7. The City Clerk shall immediately make and deliver to each of the persons so elected a Certificate of Election signed by the City Clerk and authenticated. The City Clerk shall also administer to each person elected the Oath of Office prescribed in the Constitution of the State of California and shall have each person subscribe to it and file it in the office of the City Clerk. All of the persons so elected shall then be inducted into the office to which they have been elected.

SECTION 8. The City Clerk shall certify to the adoption of this Resolution, and thenceforth and thereafter the same shall be in full force and effect.

APPOVED AS TO FORM:

MARSHA JONES MOUTRIE

City Attorne

EXHIBIT A

6

Los Angeles County Degistrar-Decorder/County Clerk

Certificate of the Canvass of the Election Returns

OFFICIAL ELECTION RETURNS
GENERAL ELECTION – NOVEMBER 4, 2008
CANVASS OF WRITE-IN VOTES

PRESIDENT

	<u>VOTES CAST</u>
CHUCK BALDWIN	308
JAMES HARRIS	17
FRANK MOORE	3
RON PAUL	1.290

UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE

<u>28" DISTRICT</u> MICHAEL J. KOCH	<u>VOTES CAST</u> ISO
32 ND DISTRICT INNOCENT O. OSUNWA	8
37 TH DISTRICT LEE DAVIS PETER MATHEWS JUNE VIENA POUESI	10 600 526

STATE SENATOR

	7/VN
19 [™] DISTRICT	<u>VOTES CAST</u>
PETER WINFIELD DIEDERICH	2

CITY OF POMONA

MEMBER OF THE CITY COUNCIL, DISTRICT NO. 1

VOTES CAST

ROBERT L HAYES

VOTES CAST

CITY OF SANTA MONICA MEMBER OF THE CITY COUNCIL

TERENCE LATER

VOTES CAST

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my seal this 1st day of December, 2008.



DEAN C. LOGAN Registrar-Recorder/County Clerk County of Los Angeles

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Los Angeles County Degistrar-Decorder/County Clerk Certificate of the Canvass of the Election Returns

I, DEAN C. LOGAN, Registrar-Recorder/County Clerk of the County of Los Angeles, of the State of California, DO HEREBY CERTIFY that pursuant to the provisions of Section 15300 et seq. of the California Elections Code, I did canvass the returns of the votes cast for each elective office and/or measure(s) for

Santa Monica Eity

at the General Election, held on the 4th day of November, 2008.

I FURTHER CERTIFY that the Statement of Votes Cast, to which this certificate is attached, shows the total number of ballots cast in said jurisdiction and the whole number of votes cast for each candidate and/or measure(s) in said jurisdiction in each of the respective precincts therein, and the totals of the respective columns and the totals as shown for each candidate and/or measure(s) are full, true and correct.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my seal this 1st day of December, 2008.



DEAN C. LOGAN Registrar-Recorder/County Clerk County of Los Angeles

Los Angeles County Degistrar-Decorder/County Clerk Certificate of the Canvass of the Election Returns

I, DEAN C. LOGAN, Registrar-Recorder/County Clerk of the County of Los Angeles, of the State of California, DO HEREBY CERTIFY that pursuant to the provisions of Section 15300 et seq. of the California Elections Code, I did canvass the returns of the votes cast for each elective office and/or measure(s) for

Santa Monica Community College District at the General Election, held on the 4th day of November, 2008.

I FURTHER CERTIFY that the Statement of Votes Cast, to which this certificate is attached, shows the total number of ballots cast in said jurisdiction and the whole number of votes cast for each candidate and/or measure(s) in said jurisdiction in each of the respective precincts therein, and the totals of the respective columns and the totals as shown for each candidate and/or measure(s) are full, true and correct.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my seal this 1st day of December, 2008.



DEAN C. LOGAN
Registrar-Recorder/County Clerk
County of Los Angeles

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Los Angeles County Registrar-Recorder/County Clerk Certificate of the Canvass of the Election Returns

I, DEAN C. LOGAN, Registrar-Recorder/County Clerk of the County of Los Angeles, of the State of California, DO HEREBY CERTIFY that pursuant to the provisions of Section 15300 et seq. of the California Elections Code, I did canvass the returns of the votes cast for each elective office and/or measure(s) for

Santa Monica-Malibu Unified School District at the General Election, held on the 4th day of November, 2008.

I FURTHER CERTIFY that the Statement of Votes Cast, to which this certificate is attached, shows the total number of ballots cast in said jurisdiction and the whole number of votes cast for each candidate and/or measure(s) in said jurisdiction in each of the respective precincts therein, and the totals of the respective columns and the totals as shown for each candidate and/or measure(s) are full, true and correct.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my seal this 1st day of December, 2008.



DEAN C. LOGAN
Registrar-Recorder/County Clerk
County of Los Angeles

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a	OUNT	TY OF LOS AN	RGELES GEN	NERAL ELECT	'ION				NOVEMBE	R 4, 2008		PAGE	114.1	
				. "			NTA MONICA CITY GEN MUNI Uncilmember							
						JERRY A	•		· ·				•	
						RUBIN	JON LOUIS		•					
		NAL OFFICIA					Inches	TED						
	31	ALEMENI OF	VUIES CASI					WINTERER	BOBBY					
								SHRIVER	Н					
									SILVERSTE	SUSAN		•		
		C1TY/PREC	>	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST						HARTLEY	LINDA ARMSTRONG	à	
SA	VI A	MONICA	6250001A	1218	730	72	33	160	435	67	137	3/		
		IV/VBM FOTAL		0 1216	334 1064	20 92	7 40	60 220	199 694	21	71 208	4	i i	
SAI	NTA	MONICA	6250001B	1139 0	660 352	56	15 9	167	417	50 21	102		/	
	1	VV/VBM FOTAL		1139	1012	19 75	24	80 247	218 635	71	69 171	2:	2	
SA		MONICA W/VBM	6250003D	1121	618 361	46 23 69	11 10	153 68	384 224		115 90	11		
CA		OTAL Monica	6250005A	1121 1147	977 762	69 78	21 30	221 199	608 375	65	205 164	2) 2(
J ~	- 1	AV/VBM	CZGGGGA	0	259	23	6	40	144	16	51		5	
SAI	NTA.	TOTAL MONICA	62500058	1147 1084	1021 699	101 73	36 38	239 175	519 344		215 124	3·	3	
		IV/VBM TOTAL		0 1084	258 957	20 93		47 222	124 468		45 169			
SAI	NTA	MONICA NV/VBM	6250007A	1209 0	659 410	65 46	29 17	181 83	377 241	58	107 77	3! 1!	5	
annana Managara	٦	OTAL		1209	1069	111	46	264	618	96	184	50	ol	
1.1		MONICA V/VBM	6250008E	1168 0	737 294	80 32	27 11	177 43	380 144	28	122 46		3	
SΑ		TOTAL MONICA	6250010A	1168 1167	1031 670	112 61	38 33	220 179	504 379		168 112	4 26) 3	
	1	AV/VBM TOTAL		0 1167	315 985	15 76	11 44	56 235	186 545		60 172		7 0	
5A	NT A	MONICA	6250010E	1056	670	71	28	174	819	49	147	2	1	
		AV/VBM FOTAL		0 1056	257 927	26 97 65	11 49	35 209		64	47 194		i	
SA		MONICA NY/VBM	6250011A	1166 0	677 297	65 43	31 14	149 52	275 170		126 56			
	٦	TOTAL MONICA	6250016A	1 166 1160	974 692	108	45 29	201	445	74	182 127	4:	3	
a/N		AV/VBM	Adi Ducke	0	313	74 33	9	48	385 169	29	60	11	5	
SAI		OTAL Monica	6250018A	1150 1108	1005 761	107 72	38 40	196 156	955 344		187 155			
	. /	AV/VBM FOTAL		0 1108	298 1057	31 103	8 48	51 207	145 489	21	58 213	2	1 1	
SAI	WA	MONICA	6250021A	1037	749	94	38	145	321	48	130	2		
		GV/VBM FOTAL		0 1037	276 1025	32 125	17 55	44 189	141 462		53 183	11 31		

COUNTY OF LOS AND	GELES GE	NERAL ELECT	ION	1			NOVEMBE	R 4, 2008		PAGE	114.2
				SANTA MON COUNCILME	ICA CITY GI Mber	EN MUNI.					
				JERRY A							
				RUBIN	JON LOUIS						
FINAL OFFICIAL		•			MANN	TED					
STATEMENT OF \						WINTERER					
				<u> </u>			BOBBY SHRIVER				
								H SILVERSTEIN			
								SUSAN		•	
· CTTV (DDFA	REGISTRA-		BALLOTS						HARTLEY	LINDA	
CITY/PREC		TION	CAST							ARMSTRONG	
SANTA MONICA AV/VEM	6250023A	1106	711 264	107 22	36 17	169 50	315 139	38 22	129 59	33 11	
TOTAL SANTA MONICA	6250025B	1106 1030	975 651	129 93	53 41	219 161	454 236	60 31	188 122	44 48	
AV/VBM TOTAL		0 1030	181 832	30 123	8 49	31 192	74 310	14 45	28 150	9 57	
SANTA MONICA	6250026A	1159	704	111	18	226	958	34	183	33	
AV/VBM TOTAL		1159	322 1026	41 152	14 32	58 284	164 520	14 48	77 280	19 52	
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250029A	1135	602 373	49 31	21 6	149 65	321 217	58 27	93 69	17 16	
TOTAL SANTA MONICA	6250031A	1135 1137	975 858	80 62	27 32	214 157	538	85 35	162 113	33 31	
AV/VBM		0	321	28	11	57	161	25	44	10	
TOTAL SANTA MONICA	6250032A	1137 1081	977 746	90 90	43 27	214 193	358	60 47	157 134	41 31	
AV/VBM TOTAL		1081	241 987	24 114	10 37	36 229	117 475	24 71	45 179	14 45	
SANTA MONICA AV/VEM	62500340	1090	718 226	75 15	46 6	168 36	325 123	47 19	148 46	35 7	
TOTAL SANTA MONICA	6250036B	1090 1033	942 715	90 66	52 36	204 197	448 294	86 48	194 130	42 33	
AV/VBM	U2-10000D	0	215	34	6	30	109	23	47	10	*
TOTAL SANTA MONICA	6250038A	1033 1076	930 628	100 89	42 39	227 130	403 250	71 78	177 144	43 37	
AV/VBM TOTAL		0 1076	206 834	32 121	8 47	24 154	95 345	24 102	36 180	13 50	
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250041C	909 0	523 241	77 37	28 13	129 51	241 110	47 18	109 59	17 23	er in the second state of the second
TOTAL SANTA MONICA	5250043A	909 961	764 651	114 78	41 28	180 175	351 263	65 35	168	40 31	
AV/VBM	<i>ULUUUHJA</i>	0	201	27	10	25	96	9	132 26	11	
TOTAL SANTA MONICA	6250045A	961 1045	852 689	105 84	38 44	200 167	359 256	44 56	158 123	42 34	
AV/VBM TOTAL	•	0 1045	226 915	33 117	15 59	36 203	101 357	18 74	48 171	17 51	
SANTA MONIGA AV/VBM	6250048A	1084 0	732	87	45	188	315	35	125	40 17	
TOTAL		1084	238 970	31 118	11 56	33 219	116 431		48 173	57	

	COUNTY OF LOS ANG	ELES GEI	NERAL ELECT	ION		NGVEMBER 4, 2008 PAGE 114.3								
					SANTA MON COUNCILME	ICA CITY G Mber	EN MUNI							
	FINAL OFFICIAL				JERRY A RUBIN	JON LOUIS MANN	TED							
	STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST			MI		WINTERER	WINTERER BOBBY SHRIVER		IN SUSAN					
۱ <u>-</u> آ	CITY/PREC		REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST						HARTLEY	LINDA ARMSTRONG			
	SANTA MONICA AV/VBM TOTAL	5250050C	1122 0	580 281	75 34	47 15	162 38	259 137	41 22	122 39	11			
	SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250052A	1122 1146 0	961 775 234	109 107 .31	62 44 16	200 172 37	396 319 106	53 38 20	161 151 . 52	44 18			
	TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM	5250053A	1146 934 0	1009 640 205	138 76 31	60 41 43	209 150 30	425 247 101	58 31 18	203 114 50	42			
	TOTAL Santa Monica	6250056A	934 1076	845 612	107 79	54 32	180 132	348 239	49 51	184 120	33			
333	AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA	6250060A	0 1076 1167	173 785 716	28 107 84	11 43 44	26 158 155	78 317 271	13 64 48	33 153 150	42			
	AV/VBM TOTAL		0 1167	270 985	15 99	44 16 62	43 198	117 388	13 61	68 218	22 73			
	SANTA MONICA AV/VBM TOTAL	6250061B	1070 0 1070	728 150 878	94 22 116	42 15 57	178 21 199	256 68 324	46 12 58	135 29 164	9			
	SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250065A	1126 0	731 242	105 32	40 15	222 43	315 119	47 15	129 48	33 12			
ľ	TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250068A	1126 1140 0	973 728 288	197 105 37	55 27 20	265 186 52	434 345 134	62 29 14	177 126 61	45 29 12			
	TOTAL SANTA MONICA	6250068E	1140 1056	1016 653	142 106	47 32	238 187	479 269	43 40	187 121	41 32			
	AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA	6250070A	0 1058 1170	225 879 748	39 145 86	17 49 41	55 242 221	98 367 384	7 47 35	40 161 161	42			
	AV/VBM TOTAL		0 1170	287 1035	27 113	10 51	57 278	158 542	15 50	58 219	12			
	SANTA MONICA AV/VBM TOTAL	6250071A	1163 0 1163	787 195 982	101 41 142	41 8 49	187 19 205	296 97	41 9	180 50 230	10			
	SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250075A	1158 0	738 290	78 27	24 11	200 188 61	393 372 157	50 46 16	170 77	45			
	TOTAL Santa Monica	82500758	1158 1120	1028 745	105 98	35 35	249 185	529 367	62 48	247 173	55 44			
	AV/VBM TOTAL		0 1120	283 1028	38 134	14 49	55 240	133 500	11 56	60 233				

COUNTY OF LOS AN		NERAL ELECT		,	·		IADAEMBE	R 4, 2008		PAGE	114.4
				SANTA MON COUNCILME	ICA CITY G Mber	EN MUNI					
		-		JERRY A RUBIN			·				
					JON LOUIS						
FINAL OFFICIA					MANN .	TED					
STATEMENT OF	VOTES CAST					WINTERER	BOBBY				
							SHRIVER	las.		٠	
				4				H SILVERSTE	IN		
1									SUSAN		
		REGISTRA-	BALLOTS						HARTLEY	LINDA	
CITY/PREC		TION	CAST							ARMSTRONG	
SANTA MUNICA AV/VBM	6250078A	1028	631 245	94 26		201 50	293 129	38 15	138 58	30	
TOTAL		1028	876	120	36	251	422	54	196	22 52	
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250081C	933 O	678 212	101 29	31 7	230 53		43 7	135 47	29 14	
TOTAL		933	890	130	38	283	431	50	182	43	
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250083C	993 0	626 79	89 6	32 3	193 17	279 42	28 8	135 15	25 2	
TOTAL SANTA MONICA	6250085A	993 1187	705 636	95 85	35 28	210 186		38 25	150 194	27 29	
AV/VBM	020000.	0	347	48	16	65	197	21	121	21	•
TOTAL SANTA MUNICA	62500B9A	1187 1128	983 716	133 102	44 87	251 250	519 410	46 38	315 168	50 22	
AV/VEM TOTAL		0 1128	279 995	40 142	7 44	91 341		10 48	83 251	13	
SANTA MONICA	6250089C	1002	640	91	28	198	284	30	110	28	
AV/VBM TOTAL		1002	237 877	40 131	17 45	53 251	109 393	7 37	42 152	15 43	-
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	82900988	1159 0	758 282	116 41		250 59	340 126	36 15	139	38	
TOTAL		1159	1040	157	34	309	466	53	42 181	11 49	
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250104A	1179 0	709 333	89 55	41 18	149 50	299 141	57 4 4	117 56	37 19	5
TOTAL SANTA MONICA	625 0107A	1179	1042	144	59	199	440	101	173	56	
AV/VBM	025U IU/A	1069	649 329	74 40	16	189 57	325 179	61 31	114 72	27 15	
TOTAL SANTA MONICA	6250113A	1069 1135	978 696	114 62	54 19	246 165	504 314	92 42	186 110	42 35	
AV/VBM		0	308	22	11	43	153	13	62	12	
TOTAL SANTA MONICA	6250120A	1135 1061	1004 779	84 109	30 20	208 250	467 359	55 37	172 118	47 27	
AV/VBM TOTAL		0 1081	218 997	33 142	5 25	45 295		12 49	47 165	10 37	
SANTA MONICA	6250121A	1109	712	104	54	178	281	37	132	48	
AV/VBM TOTAL	:	0 1109	210 922	23 127	17 71	29 207	100 381	13 50	45 177	8 56	
SANTA MONICA	6250127A	1075	767	101	30	259	324	52	141	30	
AV/VEM TOTAL		1075	238 1005	31 132	12 42	48 301		16 68	32 173	16 46	

_ (COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GE	NERAL ELEC	TION		NOVEMBER 4, 2008 PAGE 114.5						
				SANTA MON COUNCILME	ICA CITY G Mber	EN MUNI					
				JERRY A RUBIN			- .				
	FINAL OFFICIAL				JON LOUIS MANN	TED					
	STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST			·		WINTERER	BOBBY				
							SHRIVER	H SILVERSTE:	ΓN		
								SUSAN			
	CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- BALLOTS TION CAST		. •	-					LINDA ARMSTRONG	
5/	ANTA MONICA 82501288 AV/VBM TOTAL	1149 0 1149	745 294 1039	77 16 93	10		158	33	38	8	
S	ANTA MONICA +6250128C AV/VBM	86 0	0 71	0 3	0 1	0	0 39	0 2	. 8	O 3	
PI	TOTAL RECINCT TOTAL VOTE	86 58281	71 36829	3 4461	1 1766	9552	39 17087	2 2439	8 7052	3 1725	
VE	BM TOTAL VOTE	٥	14083	1603	610	2482	7171	1010	2848	658	
	BM BY GROUP TOTAL	٥	56	12	2	13	40	0	14	5	
Gi	AND TOTAL VOTE	58281	50978	6076	2378	12047	24298	3449	9924	2398	
200000											
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1086536											

	COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GEN	IERAL ELECT	rion				NOVEMBE	R 4, 2008		PAGE	114.6
				SANTA MON	ICA CITY G	EN MUNI					
			•	JERRY A RUBIN		·	-				
	FINAL OFFICIAL				JON LOUIS MANN	TED					
	STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST					WINTERER	BOBBY				
								SHRIVER H SILVERSTEIN SUSAN HARTLEY			
		REGISTRA- BALLOTS								LINDA	
	CITY/PREC CUNTYWIDE	TION 58281	CAST 96829	4461	1766	9552	17087	2439	7062	ARMSTRONG	
ľ	OUNTYWIDE VOTE BY MAIL	O	14149	1615	612	2495	7211	1010	2862	663	
	TOTAL	58281	50978	6076	2978	12047	24298	3449	9924	2398	
73	OTH US CONGRESSIONAL	58281	36829	4461	1766	9552	17087	2439	7062	1735	
	OTH US CONGRESSIONAL VOTE BY MAIL	0	14149	1815	612	2495	7211	1010	2662	663	
	TOTAL	58281	50978	6076	2378	12047	24298	3449	9924	2398	
	GRD ST SENATE	58281	38629	4461	1765	9552	17087	2439	7062	1735	
1 2	3RD ST SENATE	0	14149	1615	612	2495	7211	1010	2862	663	
	VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	58281	50978	6076	2378	12047	24298	3449	9924	2398	
		58281	36829		1766	9552	17087	2439	7082	1735	
	1ST STATE ASSEMBLY			4461							#1#\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$
	IST STATE ASSEMBLY VOTE BY MAIL	0	14149	1615	612	2495	7211	1010	2862	663	
2000	TOTAL	58281	50978	6076	2378	12047	24298	3449	9924	2398	
	RD SUPERVISORIAL	58281	36829	4461	1756	9552	17087	2439	7062	1735	

	COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GEN	IERAL ELECT	ION	r			NOVEMBE	R 4, 2008	~~ <u>~~</u>	PAGE	114.7
	•			SANTA MON	ICA CITY GI Mber	en muni					
	•			JERRY A RUBIN	JON LOUIS						
	FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST		•		MANN	TED WINTERER	вовву				
							SHRIVER	H SILVERSTE	SUSAN		
Ī	C1TY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST						HARTLEY	LINDA ARMSTRONG	
	GRD SUPERVISORIAL VOTE BY MAIL	0	14149	1615	612	2495	7211	1010	2862	963	
3	TOTAL	58281	50978	6076	2378	12047	24298	3449	9924	2398	
300000000000000000000000000000000000000	4TH BOARD OF EQUALIZATION	58281	36829	4461	1768	9552	17087	2439	7062	1735	
*	4TH BOARD OF EQUALIZATION VOTE BY MAIL	Ó	14149	1615	612	2495	7211	1010	2862	663	
	TOTAL	58281	50978	6076	2378	12047	24298	3449	9924	2398	
83	CITY OF SANTA MUNICA	58261	36829	4461	1766	9552	17087	2439	7062	1735	
	CITY OF SANTA MONICA VOTE BY MAIL	0	14149	1615	612	2495	7211	1010	2862	863	
Î	TOTAL	58281	50978	6076	2378	12047	24298	3449	9924	2398	
					***************************************						·

					CANTA MON	ICA CITY G	EN MINT				······································	
					COUNCILME		LIA MONT					
				•	KEN							
					GENSER	HERB						
						KATZ						
	FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF				,		MICHAEL					•
								L M				
						÷		PIERA-AVI	JOHN			
									BLAKELY	RICHARD		
			REGISTRA-	BALLOTS						BLOOM	ì	
	CITY/PREC		TION	CAST								
ANT	A MONIGA AV/VBM	6250001A	1216 0	730 334	211 96	933 128	79 32	36 5	38 18	261 124		
	TOTAL A MONICA	PDE0004B	1218	1064	307	461	111	41 34	56	385		
ANI	AV/VBM	62500018	1139 0	660 352	209 96	291 154	66 33	22	28 15	233 104		·
SASAGAA	TOTAL A MUNICA	EDEOGRAP	1139	1012	305	445	99 54	56	43	337		
,,,,,,,,,,	AV/VEM	62500030	1121	616 361	212 108	282 167	33	24 9	24 15	245 124		
	TOTAL A MONICA	6250005A	1121 1147	977 762	320 274		97 86	39 52	39	969 298		
:ANI	AV/VBM	6290005A	0	259	101	270 92	21	16	40 11	107		
SANGE	TOTAL A MONICA	62500088	1147 1084	1021 699	375 307	362 248	107 114	68 43	51 39	405 325		
	AV/VBM	0200000	0	258	91	72	25 139	21 54	9	90		
:ΔΝτ	TOTAL A MONICA	6250007A	1084 1209	957 659	398 262	320 228	139 91	64 49	48 28	415 244		
	AV/VBM		0	410	153	133	44	29	22	193		
ANT	TOTAL A MONICA	6250008E	1209 1158	1069 787	415 297	361 232	135 85	78 43	50 39	437 298		
	AV/VBM		0	294	128	105	28	23	12	132		
ANT	TOTAL A MONICA	6250010A	1168 1167	1031 570	425 209	337 271	113 75	56 50	51 34	428 242		
	AV/VBM		0	315	86	125	35	17	19	90		*
ANT	TOTAL A MONICA	6250010E	1167 1056	985 6 70	295 262	396 216	110 88	67 54	53 43	332 250		
	AV/VBM		0 1056	257	80	67	96	23	19	94		
ANT	TOTAL A MONICA	6250011A	1166	927 677	942 275	283 222	124 97	77 61	6 2 45	354 302		l
	AV/VBM TOTAL		0 1166	297 974	109 384	100 322	46 143	23 84	14 59	126 428		
ANT	A MONICA	6250016A	1160	692	264	259	88	45	31	277		
	AV/VBM TOTAL		0 1160	313 1005	110 974		24 112	20 85	14 45	110 387		
ANT	A MONICA	6250018A	1108	761	290	247	108	62	50	295		******************
	AV/VBM Total		1108	296 1057	134 424	75 322	31 139	26 88	9 59	126 421		
ANT	A MONICA	B250021A	1037	749	277	209	67	45	63	308		
	AV/VBM TOTAL		1037	276 1025	118 395			19 64	11 74	103 411		

COUNTY OF LOS AND	GELES GEN	NERAL ELECT	ION		و عديد و د در در در در در در در در در در در در د		NOVEMBEI	₹ 4, 2008		PAGE	115.2
				SANTA MONI COUNCILMEN	ICA CITY GI MBER	EN MUNI					
				KEN GENSER			-		•		
					HERB KATZ						
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF						MICHAEL KOVAC					
							L M PIERA-AVII	LA.			
					·			JOHN BLAKELY			-
									RICHARD BLOOM		
CITY/PREC	٠.	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST	-							
ANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250023A	1108 0	711 264	269 108	201 89	89 28	65 23	34 21	262 102		
TOTAL SANTA MONICA	6250025B	1106 1030	975 651	377 249	28 4 215	115 70	88 96	55 40	364 261		
AV/VBM TOTAL	·	0 1030	181 832	76 325	47 262	22 92	20 116	9 49	81 342		
anta munica	6250028A	1159	704	285	269	89	61	41	301		
AV/VBM TOTAL		0 1159	322 1028	120 405	118 381	38 127	36 97	12 53	128 429		
SANTA MONICA	6250029A	1135	602	222	248	82	36	32	234		
AV/VBM TOTAL		0 1135	373 975	93 315	159 407	45 127	11 47	13 45	125 359		
SANTA MONICA AV/VBN	6250031A	1137	659 321	237 104	259 104	56 30	55 14	28 13	243 113		
TOTAL		1137	977	341	359	96	69	41	356		
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250032A	1081 0	746 241	308 94	243 79	82 25	58 21	36 8	315 94	-	
TOTAL	0.00.00.00	1081	987	402	322	107	79	44	409		
ANTA MUNICA AV/VBN	6250034C	1090 0	718 226	265 89	240 74	107 21	77 16	30 6	290 95		
TOTAL SANTA MONICA	6250036B	1090 1033	942 715	354 306	314 263	128 87	93 65	36 42	385 298		
AV/VBM	02900366	0	215	83	203 56	33	21	6	71		٠.
TOTAL ANTA MONIGA	6250038A	1033 1076	930 62 8	389 180	319 169	120 73	86 62	48 45	369 200		
AV/VBM	GAGGGGA	0	208	58	48	23	28	10	55		
TOTAL SANTA MONICA	6250041C	107 6 909	834 523	238 201	217 174	96 70	90 49	65 34	255 211		
AV/VBM		0	241	91	68	26	29	10	94		
TOTAL IANTA MUNICA	6250043A	909 961	764 851	292 242	242 206	96 79	78 74	44 49	305 234		
AV/VBM TOTAL		961	201 852	64 306	51 257	18 97	15 89	4 53	76 310		
ANTA MONICA	6250045A	1045	689	263	228	108	79	60	262	(0000000000000000000000000000000000000	
AV/VBM TOTAL		0 1045	226 915	66 329	65 293	33 141	31 110	17 77	82 344		
ANTA MONICA	6250048A	1084	732	323	269	111	78	77 54	342		
AV/VBM TOTAL		0 1084	238 970	86 409	69 332	36 147	30 108	12 66			

COUNTY OF LOS AN	GELES GEN	IERAL ELECT	ION				NOVEMBE	₹ 4, 2008		PAGE	115.3
				SANTA MONI COUNCILMED	ICA CITY GI Mber	EN MUNI					
				KEN GENSER	HERB		*				
FINAL OFFICIAL Statement of					KATZ	MICHAEL KOVAC	L M PIERA-AVI				
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						BLAKELY	RICHARD BLOOM		
CITY/PREC		REGISTRA-	BALLOTS CAST								
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM TOTAL	6250050C	1122 0 1122	580 281 961	275 96	224 69	86 32	71 24	44 15 59	281 99		
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250052A	1146 0	775 234	971 291 87	293 240 59	118 94 33	95 89 36	45 14	380 322 . 82		
TOTAL ANTA MONICA AV/VEM	6250053A	1148 934 0	1009 640 205	378 230 75	299 182 54	127 87 23	125 81 29	59 45 22	404 247 92		
TOTAL ANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250056A	934 1076 0	645 812 173	305 230 75	296 190 59	110 90 19	104 83 21	67 38 4	339 217 81		
TOTAL ANTA MONICA	6250060A	1076 1167	785 716	305 285	249 239	109 52	104 100	42 36	298 282		
AV/VRM TOTAL ANTA MONICA	62500618	1167 1070	270 986 728	107 392 303	71 310 242	27 79 89	39 139 104	10 46 66			
AV/VBM TOTAL ANTA MONICA	6250085A	0 1070 1128	150 878 731	50 353 26 9	37 279 208	18 107 82	11 115 72	10 76 47	60 373 284		
AV/VBM TOTAL		0 1126	242 973	88 357	62 271	25 108	12 84	11 58	84 358		
ANTA MONICA AV/VBM TOTAL	6250068A	1140 0 1140	728 288 1016	273 97 370	245 88 333	103 30 133	70 23 93	52 14 66	395		*
ANTA MONICA AV/VBM TOTAL	6250068E	1056 0 1056	653 226 879	242 74 316	213 66 279	101 21 122	70 29 96	49 12 61			
ANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250070A	1170 0 1170	748 287 1035	288 100 388	272 121 393	112 31 143	70 32 102	37 13 50	287 114		
TATOT ANTA MONICA MBV\VA	8250071A	1163 0	787 195	316 80	255 49	87 17	132 17	39 3	338 84		
TOTAL ANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250075A	1163 1158 0	982 738 290	996 274 101	304 298 114	104 115 32	149 54 24	42 20 11	309 113		
TOTAL ANTA MONICA	6250075B	1158 1120	1028 745	375 300	412 268	147 92	78 77	31 45 19	422 312		
AV/VEM TOTAL		1120	283 1028	104 404		32 124	26 103	19 60			

COUNTY	OF LOS ANGI	LES GEN	NERAL ELECT	ION				NOVEMBE	R 4, 2008	<u> </u>	PAGE	115.4
					SANTA MON COUNCILME	ICA CITY GI Mber	EN MUNI					
	AL OFFICIAL Fement of Vo	OTES CAST			KEN GENSER	HERB KATZ	MICHAEL KOVAC	L M Piera-avi	LA JOHN BLAKELY			
	CITY/PREC		REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST					DEARLET	RICHARD BLOOM		
SANTA M	INICA	6250078A	1028	631	249	231	100	98		258		
AV. TOT SANTA MC		6250081C	0 1028 933	245 878	72 321 250	71 902	32 132 98	31 97 63	24 63 37	84 342 254		
	/VBM	929008 IC	933	678 212 890	100 350	215 60 275	17	21 84	6 43	254 95 349		
SANTA MI		6250083C	933	626 79	239 21	275 234 29	115 115	53 2	36	264 27		
TOT SANTA MO	FAL	6250085A	993 1187	705 636	260 224	263 232	122 98	88 70	37 37	291 236		
	/VBM		0 1187	347 983	107 331	127 359	36 134	42 112	9	137 373		
SANTA ME		6250089A	1128 0	716 279	272 100	276 99	123 22	68 24	29 4	318 111		
TOT SANTA MO		6250089C	1128 1002	995 640	372 245	269 237	149 72	92 62	33 22	424 275		
AV/	/VBM FAL		1002	237 877	90 335	71 308	27 99	33 95	13 35	101 376	6-6	
	/VBM	6250C98B	1159	758 282	314 111	223 66	99 22	82 24	37 16	236 114		
SANTA MC		6250104A	1159 1179	1040 709	270	289 213	121 105	106 59	53 38	450 278		
TOT			0 1179	333 1042	124 394	112 325	40 145	29 88	18 56	130 408	**************	
	/VBM	6250107A	1069 0	649 329	250 137	187 116	100 42	47 24	48 11	255 194		
SANTA MO		6250113A	1069 1135	978 696	987 288	313 206	142 91	71 56	57 43	389 298		
TOT			0 1135	308 1004	131 419	97 303	39 130	19 75	19 62	119 417		
	/VBM	6250120A	1061 C 1061	779 218 997	321 94	265 58	109 19	58 21 89	32 8	357 80 437		
TOT OM ATMAS	ONICA	6250121A	1109	712	262	323 237 58	128 107 26	86 28	40 56 16	283 86		
AV/ TOT SANTA MO		6250127A	1109 1075	210 922 767	346	295	133 100	114	72 53 12	369		
AV,	/VBM FAL	SEGUIE!A	1075 0 1075	767 238 1005		267 64 931	100 18 118	72 22 94	53 12 65	314 95 409		

	COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GEN	NERAL ELECT	TION				NOVEMBE	R 4, 2008		PAGE	118.5
		,		SANTA MON COUNCILME	ICA CITY GI MBER	EN MUNI					
				KEN GENSER							
					HERB KATZ						
	FINAL OFFICIAL Statement of votes cast					MICHAEL KOVAC	11 14				
							L M PIERA-AVI	LA JOHN			
								BLAKELY	RICHARD		
	CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- Tion	BALLOTS CAST				·		BLOOM		
	SANTA MONICA 52501288 AV/VBM	1149 0	745 294	294 100	123	89 26 115	38 12	32 11 43	324 103		
	TOTAL SANTA MONICA *6250128C AV/VBM	1149 86 0	1039 0 71	394 0 31	397 0 35	135 0 3	0	0	427 0 31		
01	TOTAL	86	71	31	35	3	2	0	31		
	PRECINCT TOTAL VOTE VBM TOTAL VOTE	58281 0	36829 14083	14054 5065	12658 4531	4837 1503		2127 651	14807 5398		
	VBM BY GROUP TOTAL	0	66	26	13	5		6	27		
	GRAND TOTAL VOTE	58281	50978	19145	17202	6345	4623	2784	20232		
8											·
æ			Markink Markinson								

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00											

	COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GEN	IERAL ELECT	ION				NOVEMBE	R 4, 2008		PAGE	115.6
			-	SANTA MON COUNCILME	ICA CITY G MBER	EN MUNI					
	FINAL OFFICIAL Statement of Votes Cast			KEN GENSER	HERB KATZ	MICHAEL KOVAC	L M Piera-avi	LA JOHN BLAKELY	RICHARD		
! [.	CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST						BLOOM		
	COUNTYNIDE	58281	36829	14054	12658	4837	3416	2127	14807		
***	OUNTYWIDE VOTE BY MAIL	٥	14149	5091	4544	1508	1207	657	5425		
	TOTAL	58281	50978	19145	17202	6345	4623	2784	20232		
***	BOTH US CONGRESSIONAL	58281	36829	14054	12658	4837	3416	2127	14807		
	OTH US CONGRESSIONAL VOTE BY MAIL	0	14149	5091	4544	1508	1207	657	5425		
93	TOTAL	58281	50978	19145	17202	6345	4623	2784	20232		
	ORD ST SENATE	58281	36829	14054	12658	4837	3416	2127	14807		
	PRD ST SENATE VOTE BY MAIL	o	14149	5091	4544	1508	1207	657	5425		
	TOTAL	58281	50978	19145	17202	6948	4623	2784	20232		
4	HIST STATE ASSEMBLY	58281	36829	14054	12658	4837	3416	2127	14807		
	HST STATE ASSEMBLY VOTE BY MAIL	G	14149	5091	4544	1508	1207	657	5425		
	TOTAL	58281	50978	19145	17202	6345	4623	2784	20232		
	RD SUPERVISORIAL	58281	36829	14054	12658	4837	3416	2127	14807		

	COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GEN	NERAL ELECT	TION .				NOVEMBE	R 4, 2008		PAGE	115.7
		-		SANTA MON COUNCILME	ICA CITY G	EN MUNI		ε			101 to 10
	FINAL OFFICIAL Statement of Votes cast	·		KEN GENSER	HERB KATZ	MICHAEL KOVAC	L M PIERA-AVI	ı a			
							FIERA AVI	JOHN BLAKELY	RICHARD		
' [CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST						BLOOM		
•	RD SUPERVISORIAL VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	58281	14149 50978	5091 19145	4544 17202	1508 6345	1207 4623	657 2784	5425 20232		
	TH BOARD OF EQUALIZATION TH BOARD OF EQUALIZATION VOTE BY MAIL	58281 O	35829 14149	14054 5091	12658 4544	4837 1508	3419 1207	2127 657	1 4 807 5425		
	TOTAL ITY OF SANTA MONICA	58281 58281	50978 36829	19145 14054	17202 12658	6345 4837	4623 3416	2784 2127	20232 14807		
C	ETY OF SANTA MONICA VOTE BY MAIL	C	14148		4544	1508	1207	857	5426	3	
83883	TOTAL	58281	50978	19145	17202	6345	4623	2784	20232		

COUNTY OF LOS AN	GELES GEF	VERAL ELECT	ION				NOVEMBE	R 4, 2008		PAGE	116.1
				SANTA MON RENT CONT	ICA CITY G ROL BOARD	EN MUNI			SANTA MON MEASURE T	IÇA ÇITY S	PÇ MUNI
FINAL OFFICIA Statement of		·		ROBERT KRONOVET	JOEL C KOURY	CHRISTOPHE BRAUN	R				
		REGISTRA-	BALLOTS						YES	NO	
CITY/PREC	· .	TION	CAST								
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250001A	1218 0 1218 1139 0	730 934 1064 660 352	304 124 428 283 143	189 75 264 164 72	65			274 126 400 252 130	378 163 541 322 167	
TOTAL SANTA MUNICA AV/VEM TOTAL	625000 3D	1139 1121 0 1121	1012 616 361 977	426 249 153 402	236 180 79 253	60 219			382 214 132 346	497	
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA	6250005A 6250005B	1147 0 1147 1084	762 259 1021 699	206 79 285 186	351 99 450 348	245 68 313 222			295 89 384 233	320 121 441 325	
AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VBM TOTAL	6250007A	0 1084 1209 0 1209	258 957 659 410 1069	72 258 216 142 358	106 454 279 153 432	288 288 212 101 313			89 322 261 147 408		
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA	8250008E 8250010A	1168 0 1168 1167	737 294 1031 670	186 96 282 239	335 107 442 201	249 68			278 87 366 237	316 153	
AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250010E	0 1167 1056 0	315 985 670 25 7	131 370 192 73	74 275 326 108	59 232			116 353 240 85	147 503 304	a a
TOTAL Santa Monica AV/VBM Total	6250011A	1058 1166 0 1166	927 677 297 974	265 170 88 258	434 334 146 480	286 228 99 327			325 213 100 313	314 138 452	
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA	8250016A 6250018A	1150 0 1150 1108	692 313 1008 761	225 106 931 208	283 127 410 382	216			248 109 357 240	142 475 367	
AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250621A	0 1108 1037	296 1057 749 276	69 277 172 52	136 518 369 145	307 245			113 353 235 102		

COUNTY OF LOS AN	NGELES GEI	NERAL ELECT	ION				NOVEMBE	R 4, 2008	**************************************	PAGE	116,2
				SANTA MON RENT CONT	ICA CITY G ROL BOARD	EN MUNI			SANTA MON MEASURE T	ICA CITY	SPC MUNI
FINAL OFFICIA Statement of				ROBERT Kronovet	JOEL C KOURY	CHRISTOPHE BRAUN	ER				
									YES		•
CITY/PREC	;	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST							NO	
SANTA MONICA AV/VEM	6250023A	0	711 264	178 72	122	230 80			263 105	111	3
TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	62500258	1106 1030 0	975 651 181	250 158 47	445 288 85	310 164 65			368 219 55	281	5
TOTAL SANTA MONICA	8250026A	1030 1159	832 704	205 249	373 303	229 220			274 286	33	5
AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA	6250029A	0 11 59 1135	322 1026 602	143 392 227	132 485 194	69 289 156			136 422 208	46	5
AV/VBM TOTAL	02300294	1135	373 975	152 379	81 275	90 246			128 336	17 49	9
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250031A	1137 G	656 321	205 98	99	178 73			235 122	12	5
TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250032A	1137 1081 0	977 746 241	303 191 57	254 336 111	251 244 70			257 255 82	334	4
TOTAL SANTA MONICA	6280034C	1081 1090	987 718	248 199	447	314 232			337 233	441	8
AV/VBM TOTAL		1090	226 942	52 261	118 471	51 293			7¢ 203	45	5
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM TOTAL	6250036B	1033 0 1033	715 215 930	178 71 249	365 103 468	244 65 309			215 76 291	90	3
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250038A	1076 0	628 205	177 56	272				210 70	25	5
TOTAL Santa Monica	6250041C	1076 909	834 523	233 143	355 267	230 161			280 175	33 25	2
AV/VBM TOTAL JANTA MONICA	6250043A	0 909 961	241 764 651	56 199 164	125 392 311	84 245 210			89 264 234	35	8
AV/VBM TOTAL		0 961	201 852	37 201	85 396	55 265			67 301	8 36	3 7
ANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250045A	1045	689 226	203 86	321 83	204 54			214 86	9	1
TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM	6250048A	1045 1084	915 732 238		404 409 122				300 257 81	36	9
TOTAL		1084	230 970		531				338		

····		VERAL ELECT		I				R 4, 2008	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	PAGE	116.3
				SANTA MON RENT CONT	ICA CITY G ROL BOARD	EN MUNI			SANTA MON MEASURE T	ICA CITY S	PÇ MUNI
FINAL OFFICIAL Statement of V				ROBERT KRONOVET	JOEL C KOURY	CHRISTOPHI BRAUN	ER				
									YES		
CITY/PREC		REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST							NO .	
ANTA MONICA AV/VEM	6250050C	1122 0	680 281	163 83	337 95	248 58			230 98	115	
TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250052A	1122 1146 0	961 775 234	246 200 75	432 397 121	316 241 82			328 271 . 88	351	·
TOTAL SANTA MONICA	6250053A	1146 934	1009 640	275 158	518 315	323 208			359 217	444 276	
AV/VBM TOTAL ANTA MONICA	6250056A	934 1076	205 845 612	70 228 186	104 419 296	54 262 186			91 302 213	348	
AV/VBM TOTAL		0 1076	173 785	57 243	100 396	55 241			61 274	80 350	
ANTA MONICA AV/VBM TOTAL	6250060A	1167 0 1167	716 270 986	199 80 279	324 130 454	231 74 305			258 98 358	117	
ANTA MONICA AV/VBM	62500618	1070 0	728 150	201 45	391 70	235 42			248 53	334 63	
TOTAL ANTA MONICA AV/VBM	8250065A	1070 1126 0	878 731 242	248 185 70	461 366 104	277 242 51			301 278 98	295	
TOTAL Anta Monica	6250068A	1126 1140	979 728	255 208	470 339	293 209			374 265	981 320	-
AV/VBM TOTAL ANTA MONICA	6250068E	0 1140 1056	288 1016 653	85 293 205	106 445 320	78 287 195			99 364 262	440	
AV/VBM TOTAL ANTA MONICA	6250070A	0 1056	226 879	62 267	92 412	55 250			7E 33E	100 374	
AV/VBM TOTAL	02900/UA	1170 0 1170	748 287 1035	221 93 314	356 100 456	228 71 299			298 126 424	117	
ANTA MONICA AV/VBM TOTAL	6250071A	1163 0 1163	787 195	235 75	451 108	283 52 335			246 78	85	
ANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250075A	1158 0	982 738 290	310 219 98	333 117	226 70			326 282 121	353 120	
TOTAL ANTA MONICA	62500758	1158 1120	1028 745	917 248	450 982	296 228			403 280	353	
AV/VBM TOTAL		1120	283 1028	112 959	99 451	71 299			10°		

COUNTY OF LOS AN	IGELES GEN	IERAL ELECT	ION				NOVEMBE	R 4, 2008		PAGE 1	116.4
				SANTA MONT	ICA CITY G ROL BOARD	EN MUNI			SANTA MON MEASURE T	ICA CITY SE	PC MUNI
				ROBERT			•				
				KRONOVET	JOEL C						
ETNAL OFFICIA	,				KOURY	CHRISTOPHE	:D				
FINAL OFFICIA STATEMENT OF					-	BRAUN	:rc				
	·										
-			·			,			YES		
CITY/PREC	,	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST				-		-	NO	
ANTA MONICA AV/VEM	6250078A	1028	631 245	203 99	286 107	233 60			271 110		
TOTAL		1028	876	302	393	293			381	369	
ANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250081C	933	678 212	175 50	328 116	206 71			273 82	90	
TOTAL NATA MUNICA	6250083C	933 993	890 626	225 203	444 302	277 195			355 232		
AV/VBM		0 993	79 705	31 234	25 327	15 210			41 273	29	
TOTAL Anta Monica	6250085A	1187	636	238	281	183	-		285	260	
AV/VBM Total		0 1187	347 983	120 358	110 391	88 271			163 448	396	
ANTA MUNICA AV/VBM	6250089A	1128	718 279	259 88	273 95	224 87			381 133		
TOTAL	6250089C	1128	995	347	368 300				464 208	427	
ANTA MONICA AV/VBM	5250069C	1002 0	640 237	178 74	110	69			86	105	
TOTAL ANTA MUNICA	62500988	1002 1159	877 758	252 178	410 421	265 269			294 304	994	
AV/VBM TOTAL		0 1159	282 1040	53 241	126 547	77 346			97 401	129	
ANTA MONICA	6250104A	1179 0	709 333	176 105	335 154	223 87	*****************	************	208 118	319	
AY/VBM TOTAL		1179	1042	281	489	310			326	458	an an an an an an an an an an an an an a
ANTA MONICA AV/VBM	8250107A	1089 0	849 329	194 111	280 142	187 88			228 132		
TOTAL Anta Monica	6250113A	1069 1135	978 696	905 130	422 282	275 200			360 199		
AV/VBM	WWW. 1946	0	308	102	140	87			119	123	٠
TOTAL ANTA MONICA	8250120A	1135 1061	1004 779	232 180		287 296			318 285	i 349	
AV/VBM TOTAL		0 1061	218 997	58 238	104 511	74 370			92 377	87 435	
ANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250121A	1109 0	712 210	209 58	374 101	232 61	:	- 100 mary constraint and and	251 87	326	
TOTAL		1109	922	267	475	293			338	410	
ANTA MONICA AV/VBM	8250127A	1075 0	767 238	195 46					266 85	i 91	
TOTAL		1075	1005						951		

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GEN	NERAL ELECT	'ION				NOVEMBER	4, 2008			16.5
		6. h	SANTA MON	ICA CITY GI ROL BOARD	EN MUNI			SANTA MONI MEASURE T	ICA CITY SE	C MUNI
FINAL OFFICIAL Statement of votes cast	•		ROBERT KRONOVET	JOEL C KOURY	CHRISTOPHE BRAUN	FR				
,								YES		
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST							NO	
SANTA MONICA 62501288 AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA *6250128C AV/VBM TOTAL	1149 0 1149 86 0 86	745 294 1939 0 71 71	190 333 0 16	92 493 0 8	59 300 0 10			264 98 362 0 . 12	129 490 0 47	
PREGINGT TOTAL VOTE VBM TOTAL VOTE	58281 0	36829 14083	10679	16924				13178 5232	16928	
VBM BY GROUP TOTAL GRAND TOTAL VOTE	O 58281	66 50878						29 18439		
	<u>.</u>									a
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	COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GEN	ERAL ELECT	'ION				NOVEMBER	4, 2008		PAGE 1	116.6
				SANTA MONI RENT CONTI	ICA CITY GI ROL BOARD	EN MUNI			SANTA MON: MEASURE T	ICA CITY SF	C MUNI
	FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST			ROBERT Kronovet	JOEL C KOURY	CHRISTOPHE BRAUN	ER.				
									YES	·	
ĺ	CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- Tion	BALLOTS CAST							NO .	
1000000000000000	COUNTYWIDE COUNTYWIDE VOTE BY MAIL	582 61	36829 14149	10679 4507	16924 5677	11435 3689			19178 5261	16926 6135	
	TOTAL SOTH US CONGRESSIONAL	58281 58281	50978 36829	15186 10679	726 01 16924	15124 11435			18439 13178	23061 16926	
	GOTH US CONGRESSIONAL VOTE BY MAIL	0 58281	14149 50978	4507 15186	5677 22501	2689 15124			5261 18439	6135 23061	
	23RD ST SENATE	58281	36829 14149	10879 4507	16924 5677	11435 3689			13178	1 692 6 6135	
10.7.	VOTE BY MAIL	58281	50978	15186	22601	15124			18439	23051	
	41ST STATE ASSEMBLY 41ST STATE ASSEMBLY VOTE BY MAIL	58281 0	36829 14149	10679 4 507	16924 5677	11495 3689			13178 5251	16926 6135	
	TOTAL	58281	50978	15186		15124			18439	23061	
	ORD SUPERVISORIAL	58281	36829	10679	16924	11435			19178	16926	

ſ	COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GEN	IERAL ELECT	TON				NOVEMBER	4, 2008		PAGE 1	16.7
				SANTA MON: RENT CONTR	IÇA CITY GI ROL BOARD	EN MUNI			SANTA MON MEASURE T	ICA CITY SE	C MUNI
	FINAL OFFICIAL Statement of votes cast			ROBERT KRONOVET	JOEL C KOURY	CHRISTOPHE BRAUN	ËR		YES	·	
ן ר	CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST							ŅO	
	GRD SUPERVISORIAL VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	0 58281	14149 50978	4507 15186	5677 22601	3689 15124			5261 18439	6135 23061	
	4TH BOARD OF EQUALIZATION 4TH BOARD OF EQUALIZATION	58281 O	35829 14149	10679 4507	16924 5677	11435 3689			13178 5261	16926 6135	
	VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL CITY OF SANTA MONICA	58281 58281	50978 36829	15186 10879		15124 11435			18439 13178	29061 16926	
	CITY OF SANTA MONICA VOTE BY MAIL	0 58281	14:148 50978	4807 15186		3689 15124			5261 18439	6135 23061	

COUNTY OF LOS AN		NERAL ELECT			ICA CITY S	PÇ MUNI		BER 4, 200		PAGE	117.1
				MEASURE S	M	r					
				YES					•		
					NO			,			
FINAL OFFICIA	NL				1.	1					
STATEMENT OF	VOTES CAST						1				
						1				~	
CITY/PREC	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST			-					
SANTA MONICA	E250001A	1218	730	289	305						
AV/VBM TOTAL		0 1218	334 1064	115 404	145						
SANTA MONICA	6250001B	1139	680	230	287	Name of the second seco					
AV/VBM TOTAL		0 1139	352 1012	120 350	429						
ANTA MONICA AV/VBM	62500030	1121	618 361	221 127							
TOTAL	COFOCOFA	1121	977	348	436	i					
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250005A	1147 0	762 259	304 102	102	ŧ.					
TOTAL SANTA MONICA	62500058	1147 1084	1021 699	406 285							
AV/VBM TOTAL		0 1084	258 957	90 375							
ANTA MONICA	6250007A	1209	859	256	265					*************	
AV/VBM TOTAL		0 1209	410 10 6 9	144 400	432	:		,,			
IANTA MUNICA AV/VBM	6250008E	1188 0	737 294	285 112	276						
TOTAL SANTA MONICA	6250010A	1168 1167	1031 670	397	397						
AV/VBM		0	315	117	132	2					*
TOTAL Santa Monica	B250010E	1167 1056	985 670	379 257	269	ı					
AV/VBM TETAL		0 1056	257 927	87 344							
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250011A	1166 0	677 297	292 128	227	'		*****	1.00 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	A14440000000000000000000000000000000000	
TOTAL		1166	974	420	325	i					
IANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250016A	1160 0	692 313		190	1					
TOTAL ANTA MONICA	6250018A	1160 1108	1005 761	344 309							
AV/VBM		0	298	134	l 97	,				·	
TOTAL ANTA MONICA	6250021A	1108 1037	1057 749		252	t i					
AV/VBM TOTAL		0 1037	275 1025				1				

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OF LOS AND	GELES GEN	ERAL ELECT	ION				NOVEMBE	R 4, 2008		PAGE	117.4
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TEMENT OF	VOTES CAST]	1				
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					<u> </u>		1		,		
							1				
		REGISTRA-	BALLOTS				1				
CITY/PREC		TION	ÇAST								
KONI CA	6250078A	1028									
//VBM		0 1028			1 361						
MONICA	6250081C	933	678	283	238	- Charles and Assessment group					,
		933	890	368	3 315		ny diagnosa a ganantana tanàna a tao	55:2000)(200)(200		1	
MONICA	6250083C		626 70		242						
V/VBM STAL		993	705	309	276						
MONICA	6250085A										,
DTAL	and the second s	1187	983	382	423	t :					
	5250089A										
DTAL		1128	995	400							
	6250089C	1002		94	4 88	i	ŀ				
OTAL		1002		Accordant accordant 50000							
	62500988	0	282	10:	3 105						
OTAL.	E2E01044										
MONICA V/VBM	5250 104A	0	333	13	1 102	!		1			
OTAL MONICA	6280107 0			Accessor and the second stances	5 233	r i			1		
V/VBM		0	329	14	3 164						
OTAL MONICA	6250113A	30000000000000000000000000000000000000	696	27	0 220)		240100000000000000000000000000000000000	0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	en extraoriu francisco accusações.	
V/VBM		0	308								
OTAL MONECA	6250120A		779	97	1 246	5					
V/VBM											
MONICA	6250121A	1109	712	30	8 249	3	Anna Anna Anna ann an Anna Anna an Anna				
V/VBM					9 319)					
MONICA	6250127A		76	31	3 29						
N/VBM OTAL		1075			1 51 4 363	:			1		
	CITY/PREC CITY/PREC CITY/PREC KONICA //VEM FTAL MONICA //VEM STAL MONICA //WEM STAL MONICA //WEM MONICA //WEM STAL MONICA //WEM MONICA //WEM STAL MONICA //WEM STAL MONICA //WEM MONICA //WEM MONICA //WEM MONICA	AL OFFICIAL ITEMENT OF VOTES CAST CITY/PREC MINICA 5250078A //YEM 3TAL MONICA 6250083C //YEM 3TAL MONICA 6250085A //YEM 3TAL MONICA 6250089A //YEM 3TAL MONICA 6250089A //YEM 3TAL MONICA 6250089C //YEM 3TAL MONICA 6250089C //YEM 3TAL MONICA 6250089C //YEM 3TAL MONICA 6250107A //YEM 3TAL MONICA 6250107A //YEM 3TAL MONICA 6250107A //YEM 3TAL MONICA 6250113A //YEM 3TAL MONICA 6250127A //YEM 3TAL MONICA 6250127A //YEM 3TAL MONICA 6250127A //YEM 3TAL MONICA 6250127A //YEM 3TAL MONICA 6250127A	CITY/PREC	CITY/PREC	SANTA MON MEASURE S YES	SANTA MONICA CITY SI MEASURE SM YES NO	SANTA MONICA CITY SPC MUNI MEASURE SM YES	SANTA MONICA CITY SPC MUNI MEASURE SM YES NO ACTITY/PREC REGISTRA- TION REGISTRA- CAST REGISTRA- CAST REGISTRA- CAST NO REGISTRA- CAST REGISTRA- CAS	SANTA MONICA CITY SPC MUNI MEASURE SM	SANTA MONICA CITY SPC MUNI MEASURE SM YES NO IAL OFFICIAL TEMENT OF VOTES CAST CITY/PREC REGISTRA- TION CAST TI	SANTA HONICA CITY SPC MUNI MEASURE SM YES

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				SANTA MONI BOARD OF	ICA COMM CO TRUSTEES	LLEGE			
FINAL OFFICIAL Statement of V	DTES CAST			ROBERT G RADER	HEIDI HOECK	SUSAN AMINOFF	M QUINONES-F	PEREZ	
CITY/PREC		REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST						
ALIBU AV/VEM TOTAL	4050002A	741 0 741	480 209 589	165 79 s 244	31 142	155 76 231	130 71 201		
ALIBU AV/VBM TOTAL	4050004A	601 0 601	314 200 514 453	131 74 205 157	100	122 74 198 154	125 63 188 141		
ALIBU AV/VBM TOTAL JALIBU	4050051A 4050056A	757 0 757 493	453 236 689 295	64 221 112	47 141 59	65 219 108	57 198 95		
AV/VBM TOTAL IALIBU	4050057A	0 493 915	139 435 585	55 167 220 89	85 150		42 137 178 75		
AV/VEM TOTAL IALIBU AV/VBM	4050059A	916 916 967 O	240 825 589 278		190 141 62	313 212 110	253 193 91		
TOTAL MALIBU AY/YEM	4050000A	967 835 0	867 531 217	311 217 88	92 44	95	284 181 77 258		
TOTAL IALIBU AV/VBM TOTAL	4050062A	835 960 0 960	748 593 247 840	232 97	137 46 183	232 95 327	219 71 290		
ALIBU AV/VBM TOTAL	4050064A	1068 0 1068	571 364 935	228 140 368	135 1 58 1 193	142 371	119 341		
MALIBU AV/VBM TOTAL MALIBU HEIGHTS	4050208A 4050001A	1071 0 1071 425	641 294 935 277	32	5 41 1 196	106 335 104	90 265 98		
AV/VBM TOTAL MALIBU HEIGHTS	4060003A	0 425 599	95 372 544	4: 14: 17:	17 2 75 3 107	38 142 167	130 159		
AV/VBM TOTAL MALIBU HEIGHTS	40500044	0 599 338	640	20!	123	186	182 54		

COUNTY OF LOS ANGE	LES GEN	ERAL ELECT	ION				NOVEMBER	4, 2008	 PAGE	119.2	
				BOARD OF 1	CA COMM CORUSTEES	OLLEGE					
FINAL OFFICIAL Statement of vo	OTES CAST			ROBERT G RADER	HOECK HOECK	SUSAN AMINOFF	M QUINONES-PEREZ				
CITY/PREC		REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST								
MALIBU HEIGHTS AV/VBM	40800058	252 0	132 74	49 22	24 15	23	36 19 55				
TOTAL MALIBU HEIGHTS AV/VBM	4060012A	252 315 0	206 175 88	71 67 32	39 52 31 83	66 32	53 21 74			·	
TOTAL SANTA MENICA AV/VEM	62500C1A	315 1216 0	264 730 334	99 300 150	159 46	316 144	261 125				
TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250001B	1218 1139 0	1064 660 352	273 153	125 32	293 161	386 227 138				
TOTAL SANTA MUNICA AV/VEM	6250003D	1139 1121 0	1012 618 361	153	60	253 158	365 219 143				
TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250005A	1121 1147 0	977 762 259	390 289	184 200 37	318	288 109				
TOTAL SANTA MONICA	6250005B	1147 1084 0	1021 699 258	413 278	193	293					
AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA	6250007A	1084 1209	957 659 410	378 254	232	393 272	359				
AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA	6250008E	0 1209 1158	1069 737	441 281	249 179 47	463 303	411 280				
AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA	5250010A	1168 1167	294 1031 670	412 250	226 147	430 284	393 244				
AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA	8250010E	0 1167 1056	315 985 870	398 292	185 195	433 282	361 257				
AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA	6250011A	0 1058 1166	257 927 677	387 254	233 180	377 268	348 249				
AV/VBM TOTAL	6250016A	0 1166	297 974	152 406	64 244	423	370 276				
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM TOTAL	923VV 18A	1160	313	138	1 52	146	144				

COUNTY OF LOS AND	GELES GEN	NERAL ELECT	ION				MUACMBE	4, 2008		PAGE	119.5
				SANTA MON BOARD OF	ICA COMM CO TRUSTEES	DLLEGE					
				ROBERT G	•						
				RADER	HEIDI						
·					HOECK	SUSAN	•			•	
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF V						AMINOFF	ı				•
							M QUINONES-	EREZ			
C1TY/PREC		REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST			و المار المار المار المار المار المار المار المار المار المار المار المار المار المار المار المار المار المار					
			738	314	182	327	292				
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250075A	0	290	139	41	142	118				
TOTAL SANTA MONICA	6250075B	1158 1120	1028 745	453 285		469 325	408 310				
AV/VBM		0	283		51	121 446	121 431				
TOTAL SANTA MUNICA	6250078A	1120 1028	1028 631	253	195	243	248				
AV/VBM TOTAL		0 1028	245 876			100 343					
SANTA MONICA	6250081C	933	678	249	176	270	251	Bride 1000 Carrier and Sancton Communication			
AV/VBM TOTAL		933	212 890			377	357			100000000000000000000000000000000000000	
SANTA MONICA	6250083C	993 C	626 79		166 14						
AV/VEM TOTAL		993	705	292	180	320	281				
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250085A	1187 0	636 347			246 148					
TOTAL		1187	983	379							
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	5250089A	1128	279	118	67	132	107				
TOTAL SANTA MONICA	6250089C	1128 1002	995 640								
AV/VBM	62500550	0	237	96	46	108	100				-
TOTAL SANTA MONICA	62500988	1002 1159	877 758		229	317	285				
AV/VBM		0 1159	282	104							
TOTAL SANTA MONICA	6250104A	1179	709	265	193	280	244	**************************************	40-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10		
AV/VBM TOTAL		1179	333 1042		251	437	382		0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000		
SANTA MONTCA	6250107A	adi ana ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang		25	178						
AV/VBM TOTAL		1069	978	409	237	429	377				
SANTA MONICA	6250113A	1135					130				
AV/VBM TOTAL		1135	1004	376	216	401	367				
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	8250120A	1061				98	99				
TOTAL		1061				413	401				

	COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GE		ION				NOVEMBER	4, 2008	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	PAGE 1	119.6
				SANTA MONI BOARD OF T	CA COMM CO	LLEGE				,	
	FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST			ROBERT G RADER	HEIDI HOECK	Susan Aminoff	M QUINONES-F	PEREZ			
	CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- Tion	BALLOTS CAST							<i>:</i>	
	SANTA MONICA 5250121A AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250127A AV/VEM	1109 3 1109 1075 0	712 216 922 767 238	280 89 369 305 85	225 57 292 228 54	284 93 377 310 94	292 87 379 327 95		_		
	TOTAL SANTA MUNICA 62501288 AV/VEM TOTAL TUPANGA 7100032A AV/VEM	1075 1149 9 1149 236	1005 745 294 1039 106 102	390 301 107 408 39 39	282 186 35 221 29 17	404 308 105 413 39	422 285 92 377 35 32				
	TOTAL TOPANGA 7100033A AV/VEM TOTAL	236 1012 0 1012	208 622 273 895	78 279 121 400	46 11 8 45	78 259 116 375	67 240 100 340				
_	PRECINCT TOTAL VOTE VBM TOTAL VOTE VBM BY GROUP TOTAL	69867 0	43929 17273 72	17117 7192 32	11557 3198 16	17605 7431 34	16521 6708 27				
	GRAND TOTAL VOTE	69867	61274	24341	14771	25070	23258				
					72						

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GEN	ERAL ELECT					NU V EMBE	4, 2008	 PAGE	119.7				
•			SANTA MONI BOARD OF 1	(CA COMM CO TRUSTEES	LLEGE								
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST							ROBERT G RADER	HEIDI HOECK	Susan Aminoff	M QUINONES-I	PEREZ		
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST					-						
COUNTYWIDE COUNTYWIDE VOTE BY MAIL	69867 O	43929 17345	17117 7224	11557 3214	17605 7465	16521 6735							
TOTAL 30TH US CONGRESSIONAL	69867 69867	B1274 43929	24341 17117		25070 17605	23256 16521			·				
30TH US CONGRESSIONAL VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	0 69867	17945 61274	7224 24341		7465 25070	6735 23256							
23RD ST SENATE 23RD ST SENATE VOTE BY MAIL	69867 O	43928 17345				16521 6735							
TOTAL 41ST STATE ASSEMBLY	598 5 7 69867	81 274 43929											
41ST STATE ASSEMBLY VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	69867	17345 61274											
BRD SUPERVISORIAL	59867	43929	17117	11557	17605	1652*							

	COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GEN	IERAL ELECT	ION				NOVEMBEI	4, 2008	PAGE	119.8
				SANTA MONI BOARD OF	ICA COMM CO	DLLEGE				
	FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST			ROBERT G RADER	HOECK HEIDI	SUSAN AMINOFF	M QUINONES-F	PEREZ		
- -	CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST					•		
	SRD SUPERVISORIAL VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	69867	17345 61274	7224 243 4 1	3214 14771	7455 25070	6735 23256			
	4TH BOARD OF EQUALIZATION 4TH BOARD OF EQUALIZATION VOTE BY MAIL	698 6 7 0	43929 17345	17117 7224	11557 3214	17605 7465	16521 6735			
	TOTAL CITY OF MALIBU	6 9867 8409	81274 5053	24341 1894	14771 1140	25070 1881	23256 1659			
	CITY OF MALIBU VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	8409	2428 7479	885 2779	480 1570	904 2785	757 2416			
	CITY OF SANTA MONICA CITY OF SANTA MONICA VOTE BY MAIL	58281 O	36829 14078	1 4448 6012	9984 2620	14977 6254	14187 5716			
	TOTAL UNINCORPORATED	58281 3177	50907 2047	20460 775	1280 4 433	21231 747	19903 675			
	UNINCORPORATED VOTE BY MAIL	G	841	327	164	307	262			

	COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GEN	NERAL ELECT	ION	-			NOVEMBER	4, 2008		PAGE	119.9
				SANTA MONI BOARD OF	CA COMM C	DLLEGE					
	FINAL OFFICIAL Statement of Votes Cast			ROBERT G RADER	HOECK HEIDI	SUSAN AMINOFF	M QUINONES-F	PEREZ	1		
`	CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST								
	TOTAL	3177	2888	1102	597	1054	937				
			-								
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700										-	

	COUNTY OF LOS ANGE	LES GEN	NERAL ELECT	'ION	NOVEMBER 4, 2008					PAGE 120.1		
						SANTA MONICA COMM COLL SPC MEASURE AA						
	l _y				YES	YES						
						NO						
	FINAL OFFICIAL											
	STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST						1				•	
										1		
1 _			REGISTRA-	BALLOTS							i	
\mathbb{L}_{-}	CITY/PREC		TION	CAST								
	MALIBU AV/VBM	4050002A	741 G	480 209	209 85							
	TOTAL IALIBU	4050004A	741 601	689 314	294 151	221 101						
	AV/VBM TOTAL		0 801	200 514	73 224	78						
	MALIBU AV/VBM	4050051A	757 0	453 236	189 84							
	TOTAL MALIBU	4050056A	757 493	689 296	279 143							
	AV/VBM TOTAL		0 493	139 435	53 196	58						
	MALIBU AV/VBM	4050057A	916 0	585 240	263 89	218						
	TOTAL (ALIBU	4050059A	916 967	825 589		310						
"	AV/VBM TOTAL	4050000R	0 967	278 867	104	101						
l _i	MALIBU AV/VBM	405006GA	835 0	531 217	263 90	146						
1	TOTAL AALIBU	4050062A	835 960	748 593	953 278	230						
"	AV/VBM TCTAL	40300BZA	960	247 840	101	97	,					
	MALIBU	40500644	1068	571 364	299	169						
	AV/VBM Total Alibu	4050208A	1058 1071	935 641		284						
1	AV/VBM TOTAL	HOUZVEVOA	1071	294 935	105 394	103						}
	MACIBU HEIGHTS AV/VBM	406000 1A	425 0	277 95	129	97						
	TOTAL	4060003A	425 599	372 544	167 213	137						
"	AALIBU HEIGHTS AV/VBM	+UQUUUSA	0	96	37	92						
	TOTAL MALIBU HEIGHTS	40 8 0004A	599 338	640 190		75						
	AV/VBM TOTAL		938 338	109 299		119 119						

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELS	ES GEN	ERAL ELECT	ION				NOVEMBE	R 4, 2008		PAGE	120.3
					IICA COMM (COLL SPC					
				YES							
					NO						
FINAL OFFICIAL	• •					1					·
STATEMENT OF VOTE	ES CAST						4				
CITY/PREC		REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST				,				
SANTA MONICA E AV/VEM	5250018A	1108	761 296	395 143							
TOTAL	5250021A	1108 1037	1057 749	538 389	29	1					
AV/VBM	323002 IA	٥	276	125	s	t i					
TOTAL Anta monica e	5250023A	1037 1106	1025 711	514 387	17:						
AV/VEM TOTAL		0 1106	264 975	143 530							
SANTA MONICA (5250025B	1030	651 181	403 111	14:	2		tario de la compansión de la compansión de	***************************************	**************************************	27-16-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-
AV/VBM TOTAL		0 1030	832	514	180)					
SANTA MONICA E AV/VBM	5250026A	1159 0	704 322	320 108							
TOTAL	6250029A	#159 1135	1028 602	426 299							
AV/VBM	ACTOOCSA	0	373	149	154	\$					
TOTAL SANTA MONICA E	3250031A	1135 1137	975 65 6	448 328							
AV/VBM TOTAL		0 1137	321 977	130 461							
ANTA MONICA	5250032A	1081	746	405	19:	2			b commonwhite commonwers	1000 2000000000000000000000000000000000	
AV/VBM TCTAL		0 1081	241 987	111 516	27	1					
AV/VBM	3250034C	1090	718 225	385 102							
TOTAL	5250036B	1090 1033	942 715		25	3					
AV/VBM	5250000	· o	215	108	6	7					
TOTAL ANTA MONICA (525003BA	1033 1076	930 528		15	2					
AV/VBM TOTAL		0 1078	206 834								
SANTA MONICA (8250041C	909	.523	280	13	3	orale actions of the property	- Sticker was the discussion of a			
AV/VBM TOTAL	poplens delanament	909	241 764		20	1				<u> </u>	
AV/VEM	8250043A	961 0	651 201								
TOTAL		961	852		008000000000000000000000000000000000000					1	

COUNTY OF LOS ANG	ELES GEN	NERAL ELECT	ION	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				NOVEMBER 4, 2008			PAGE 120.5		
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CITY/PREC		REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST										
ANTA MONICA	6250075A	1158	738	333	282				1				
AV/VEM TOTAL		0 1158	290 1028	469	383								
ANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250075B	1120 0	745 283		107	,							
TOTAL Inta monica	6250078A	1120 1028	1028 631		273								
AV/VBM TOTAL	COF 0004G	1028	245 876 678	360	111 384 182	i i							
ANTA MONICA AV/VBM TOTAL	6250081C	933 933	212 890	118	51								
ANTA MENICA AV/VBM	B250083C	993 O	828 79	321	214								
TOTAL Anta Monica	6250085A	992 1187	705 636	355	252								
AV/VBM TOTAL		0 1187	347 983	135	152	1	1		and a second				
ANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250089A	1128 0	716 279	310									
TOTAL Anta Monica	6250089C	1128 1002	995 640	331	196	S							
AV/VBM TOTAL		1002	237 877	439	273	3							
ADINOM ATMA MBV\VA	6250098B	1159 0	758 282	148	78	1							
TOTAL Anta Monica	6250104A	1159 1179	1040 709	376	165	j					·		
AV/VBM TOTAL	CSEAVATE	0 1179 1069	333 1042 649	545	251	1							
ANTA MONICA AV/VBM TOTAL	6250107A	1063 0 1069	949 329 978	149	110)							
NTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250113A		696 308	349	170)		99-00-000000000000000000000000000000000	(A.C.) (A.C.) (A.C.) (A.C.) (A.C.)	Anna Anna Anna Anna Anna Anna Anna Anna			
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AV/VEM TOTAL	SEGUIZOA	0 1051	218 997	122	53	1							

	COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GEN	IERAL ELECT	ION				NOVEMBER	R 4, 2008		PAGE	120.8
				SANTA MON MEASURE A	ICA COMM CO A	OLL SPC					
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	SANTA MONICA 6250121A AV/VEM	0	712 210	107	63						
	TOTAL SANTA MUNICA 6250127A AV/VBM	1109 1075 0	922 767 238	416 106	200						
	TOTAL SANTA MUNICA 62501288	1075 1149	1005 745	522 377	269 222						
	AV/VEM TOTAL	1149	294 1029	494	326						
	TOPANGA 7100032A AV/VBM TOTAL	236 0 236	106 102 208		21						
	TOPANGA 7100033A MBV/VBM		622 273	302 117	197						
Ì	TOTAL	1012	695					`			
	PRECINCT TOTAL VOTE VBM TOTAL VOTE	69867 6	43929 17273								
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Γ	COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GEN	ERAL ELECT	ION				NOVEMBER	R 4, 2008		PAGE	120.7
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	3RO SUPERVISORTAL	69867	43929	22439	19157						

NTY OF LOS ANGELES GE	NERAL ELECT	TION				NOVEMBE	R 4, 2008		PAGE	120.9
			SANTA MON MEASURE A	ICA COMM C	OLL SPC					
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FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST		,								
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-		FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST CITY/PREC REGISTRA- TION	FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST CITY/PREC REGISTRA- BALLOTS TION CAST	SANTA MON MEASURE A YES FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST REGISTRA- BALLOTS CITY/PREC TION CAST	SANTA MONICA COMIN C MEASURE AA YES FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST CITY/PREC REGISTRA- BALLOTS CAST CAST 2888 1281 834	SANTA MONICA COMN COLL SPC MEASURE AA YES NO CITY/PREC REGISTRA- TION CAST AL 3177 2886 1281 534	SANTA MONICA COMM COLL SPC MEASURE AA YES NO CITY/PREC REGISTRA- BALLOTS CAST CAE 3177 2888 1281 834	SANTA MONICA COMM COLL SPC MEASURE AA YES NO CITY/PREC REGISTRA- BALLOTS CAST TAL 2878 1261 S34	SANTA MONICA COMM COLL SPC MEASURE AA YES NO TINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VUTES CAST CITY/PREC REGISTRA- BALLOTS CAST AL 9177 2878 1251 8-34	SANTA MONICA COMM COLL SPC MEASURE AA YES TIMAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST CITY/PREC REGISTRA- TION CAST AS 3377 ASRB 13253 S24

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FINAL OFFICIAL Statement of V	OTES CAST			MARIA LEON-VAZQI	JEZ BEN ALLEN	JOSE ESCARCE	CHRIS BLEY			
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CITY/PREC		REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST							
MIBU HEIGHTS AV/VBM TOTAL	40600058	252 0 252	132 74 206	36 19 55	48 32 80	33 20 53				
LIBU HEIGHTS AV/VBM	4060012A	315 0	176 88	67 25	66 42	41 24	70 30	-		
TOTAL NTA MONICA AV/VEM	6250001A	315 1218 0	264 730 334	92 241 109	108 985 137	65 261 105	100 294 124			
TOTAL NTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250001B	1218 1139 0	*064 660 352	350 221 111	523 337 157	368 205 124	418 255 108			
TOTAL NTA MONICA AV/VBN	62500030	1139 1121 0	1012 616 361	332 241 131	494 317 177	329 233 147	363 218 127			
TOTAL NTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250005A	1121 1147 0	977 762 259	372 349 98	494 346 109	380 277 103	345 255 77			
TOTAL NTA MONICA AV/VBN	625000SB	1147 1084 0	1021 699 258	447 308 83	455 321 93	380 250 86	332 233 78			
TOTAL NTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250007A	1084 1209 0	957 659 410	391 291 157	414 320 194	336 242 150				
TOTAL NTA MONECA AV/VBM	6250008E	1209 1168 0	1069 737 294	448 310 112	514 311 126	392 277 97	364 206 86			
TOTAL NTA MONICA AV/VBM	62500 10A	1168 1167 0	1031 670 315	422 264 110	437 319 150	974 238 101				
TOTAL NTA MONICA AV/VBM	62500106	1167 1056 0	985 670 257	374 314 83	469 299 93	339 253 85	355 239			
TOTAL NTA MONICA	6250011A	1056 1166 0	927 677 297	397 298 109	392 294 138	265 118	319 231			
AV/VBM TOTAL NTA MONICA	625001BA	1166 1160	297 974	109 407 298	138 432 320	118 383 263	111 342		<u></u>	

COUNTY OF LOS AN	GELES GE	NERAL ELECT	TON	,	***************************************		NOVEMBER	4, 2008		PAGE	121.3
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FINAL OFFICIA Statement of				MARIA LEON-VAZQI	JEZ BEN ALLEN	JOSE ESCARCE	CHRIS BLEY				
CITY/PREC		REGISTRA- Tion	BALLOTS CAST						And the second of the second o	e-fulfic databases	
ANTA MONICA AV/VEM	6250018A	0	761 296	333 114	315 115	294 108	99				
TGTAL ANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250021A	1108 1037 0	1057 749 276	447 298 105	430 312 93	402 285 85	228				
TOTAL ANTA MONICA	5250023A	1037 1106	1025 711	403 293	405 304	370 261	297 239				
AV/VEM TOTAL ANTA MONICA	6250025B	0 1196 1030	264 975 651	105 398 333	106 410 264	78 339 262	338				
AV/VBM TOTAL		0 1030	181 832	93 426	77 341	76 338	52 260	400 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100		uu lavaannoonis eme	
ANTA MONICA AV/VBM TOTAL	6250026A	1159 0 1159	704 322 1025	354 130 484	344 137 481	323 123 446	129				
ANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250029A	1135 0	602 373	246 123	302 162	213 115	207 121				
TOTAL ANTA MUNICA AV/VBM	6250031A	1135 1137 0	975 655 321	369 266 96	464 296 129	328 252 104	225				
TOTAL Anta Monica	B250032A	1137 1081	977 746	362 338	#25 337	356 293	312 249				
AV/VBM TOTAL NTA MONICA	6250034C	0 1081 1090	241 987 715	89 427 297	107 444 327	99 382 283	325				
AV/VBM TOTAL		0 1090	228 942	99 395	97 424	96 379	73 334				
ANTA MONICA AV/VBM TOTAL	62500368	1033 0 1033	715 215 930	340 101 441	346 80 426	288 78 366	74				
AV/VBM	6250038A	1076 0	628 206	233 63	242 73	212 58	210 63				
TOTAL ANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250041C	1076 909 0	834 523 241	298 234 106	315 248 103	270 217 86	185				
TOTAL NATA MONICA	6250043A	909	764 651	340 270	351 260	303 246	284 230				
AV/VBM TOTAL		961	201 852	78	74	62 308					

COUNTY OF LOS ANG	ELES GEI	NERAL ELECT	ION				NOVEMBE	R 4, 2008	 PAGE	121.4
				SANTA MONI BOARD OF	ICA-MALIBU EDUCATION	UN SCH				
FINAL OFFICIAL Statement of V				MARIA LEON-VAZQ	JEZ BEN ALLEN	JOSE ESCARGE	CHRIS BLEY			
CITY/PREC		REGISTRA TION	BALLOTS CAST				_		***************************************	
ANTA MONICA AV/VEM	6250045A	1045 0 1045	589 226 915	316 93 409	300 89 389	277 67 344	238 84 322			
TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250048A	1084 0	732 238	377 105	349 95 444	323 86 409	264 106 370			
TOTAL ANTA MENICA AV/VEM	6250050C	1084 1122 0	970 580 281	482 304 96	281 119	274 94	195 102			
TOTAL ANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250052A	1122 1146 0	961 775 234	400 360 101	400 314 92	368 283 75	298 270 102 372			
TOTAL ANTA MINICA AV/VEN	B250053A	1146 934 0	1009 640 205	461 275 84	406 248 86	358 217 68	235 86			
TOTAL ANTA MONICA AV/YBM	6250056A	934 1076 0	845 612 173	359 289 66	334 257 78	305 252 66	208 65			
TOTAL ANTA MONICA AV/VBN	6250060A	1076 1167 0	785 716 270		335 290 109	318 301 93	105			
TSTAL ANTA MONICA AV/VBM	62500618	1167 1070 0	986 728 150	484 402 61	399 318 63	394 303 56	332 240 54			
TOTAL ANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250065A	1070 1126 0	878 731 242	463 305 77	381 308 84	359 263 76	79			
TOTAL ANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250068A	1125 1140 0	973 728 288	309 120	392 300 94	339 282 85	326 249 95			
TOTAL ANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250068E	1140 1056 0	1016 653 226	429 275 85		367 251 81				
TOTAL ANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250070A	1056 1170 0	879 748 287	360 374 112	334 115	332 328 105	285 111			
TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250071A	1170 1163	1035 787 195	486 476 93		433 366 77				

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				BOARD OF	IÇA-MALIBU EDUÇATION	UN SCH				•										
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STATEMENT OF	VOTES CAST					ESCARCE	CHRIS													
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CITY/PRE	G	TION	CAST :																	
ANTA MONICA AV/VEM	6250075A	1158	738 290	343 124	990 12 4	313 116	251 98													
TOTAL		1158	1028	467	454	429	349													
ANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250075B	1120	745 283	342 114	344 111	297 105	296 107													
TOTAL	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1120	1028	458	455	402	403		**********	N. A. S. /VBM	6250078A	1028 0	631 245	305 113	298 105	252 85	232 96			
TOTAL		1028	876	418	403	337	328													
ANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250081C	933	678 212	303 101	286 95	245 87	224 78													
TOTAL		933	890	404	381	332	302	66000000000000000000000000000000000000	 											
ANTA MONICA AV/VBM	82500830	993	626 79	303 28	301 34	253 28	232 28													
TOTAL ANTA MONICA	6250085A	993 1187	705 636	331 283	335 269	281 252	260 268													
AV/VBM	023QQ83A	0	347	152	133	126	143	•												
TOTAL ANTA MONICA	6250089A	1187 1128	983 716	435 354	402 344	378 272	411 287													
AV/VBM	UZSOOSAA	0	279	123	115	116	101													
TOTAL ANTA MONICA	6250089C	1128 1002	995 640	477 302	459 272	388 279	388 194													
AV/VBM	02000000	0	237	101	101	95	71		+											
TOTAL Anta monica	62500988	1002 1159	877 758	403 354	373 346	374 310	265 254													
AV/VBM		0 1159	282 1040	106	96	87 397	81 335													
TOTAL ANTA MONICA	6250104A	1179	709	460 274	285	261	226													
AV/VBM TOTAL		1179	333 1042	127 401	146 431	102 363	113 339													
ANTA MONICA	6250107A	1069	649	285	307	223	215													
AV/VBM TOTAL		1069	329 978	124 410	140 447	120 343	108 323													
ANTA MONICA	6250113A	1135	696	259	275	243	203	AND SECTION AND ADDRESS AND SECTION AND SE	 	A A SALAMAN OF MANY AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND										
AV/VBM TOTAL		0 1135	308 1004	122 381	129 404	108 351	121 324													
ANTA MONICA	6250120A	1081	779	358	358	314	270													
AV/VBM TOTAL		1051	218 997	89 447	99 447															

	COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GE	NERAL ELECT	'ION				NOVEMBER	4, 2008		PAGE	121.6
				SANTA MONI BOARD OF	ICA-MALIBU EDUCATION	UN SCH					
	FINAL OFFICIAL Statement of votes cast			MARIA LEON-VAZQ	JEZ BEN ALLEN		CHRIS BLEY				
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	CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST				·				
	SANTA MONICA 5250121A AV/VBM TGTAL SANTA MONICA 6250127A AV/VBM	1109 1109 1075 0	712 210 922 767 238	428 349 90	88 405 332 98	80 362 306 70	257 89 946 245 74				
	TOTAL SANTA MONICA 62501288 AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA *6250128C	1075 1149 0 1149 86	1005 745 294 1039 0	100 442 0	118 467 0	81 363 O	319 229 81 310				
	AV/VBM TOTAL TOPANGA 7:100032A AV/VBM TOTAL	0 86 236 0 296	71 71 196 102 206	37 73	21 40 42 82	20 49	24 24 29 26 65				
	TOPANGA 7100033A AV/VBM TOTAL PRECINCT TOTAL VOTE	1012 0 1012 69867	622 273 895 43929	203 68 271 18620	110 379	206 93 299 16252	202 92 294 1524 8				
	VBM TOTAL VOTE	0	17344		6983	5828	5962				
-	VBM BY GROUP TOTAL GRAND TOTAL VOTE	0 69867	72 61345	29 24996	29 2617 t	27 22107	30 21240				
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COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GE	NERAL ELECT	TION				NOVEMBE	R 4, 2008	PAGE	121.7
			SANTA MON BOARD OF	ICA-MALIBU EDUCATION	UN SCH				
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST			MARIA LEON-VAZQI	UEZ BEN ALLEN	JOSE ESCARCE	CHRIS			
	REGISTRA-	BALLOTS			,	BLEY		Г	
CITY/PREC	TION	CAST				Processor and the Control of the Con		 ***************************************	a*************
COUNTYWIDE COUNTYWIDE VOTE BY MAIL	69867 O	43929 17416	18620 6376	19159 7012	16252 5855	15248 5992			
TUTAL 30TH US CONGRESSIONAL	69867 69867	813 4 5 43929	24996 18 62 0	26171 19159	22107 16252	21240 15248			1.034.3
30TH US CONGRESSIONAL VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	0 69867	17416 61345	6376 24996	7012 26171	5855 22107	5992 21240			
23RD ST SENATE 23RD ST SENATE VOTE BY MAIL	69867 C	43929 17416	18620 6376	19159 7012	16252 5855	15 248 5992			
TOTAL 41ST STATE ASSEMBLY	69867 69867	6 1345 43929	24996 18620	2617 1 19159	22 107 16252	21240 15248			
41ST STATE ASSEMBLY VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	0 59867	17416 81345	6976 24996	7612 26171	5855 22107	5892 21240			
GRD SUPERVISORIAL	69867	43929	18620	19159	16252	15248			

COUNTY	OF LOS ANGELES GE	NERAL ELECT	TION				NOVEMBE	R 4, 2008		PAGE	121.8
				SANTA MON BOARD OF	ICA-MALIBU EDUCATION	UN SCH					
	L OFFICIAL Ement of Votes Cast		MARIA LEON-VAZQI	JEZ BEN ALLEN	JOSE ESCARCE	CHRIS BLEY				·	
	CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST						٠.		
SRD SUPEI	RVISORIAL VOTE BY MAIL	0 59867	17416 61345	6376 24996	7012 26171	5855 22107	\$992 21240				
	O OF EQUALIZATION OF EQUALIZATION VOTE BY MAIL	5986 7 0	43929 17416	18620 6376	19159 7012	16252 5855	15248 5992				
TOTAL CITY OF N		6 9867 8409	61345 5053	24986 1512	26171 2012	22107 1373	2124 0 1906				
CITY OF N	AALIBU VOTE BY MAIL	0 8409	2426 7479	64 1 2153	884 2896	547 2020	824 2730				
	SANTA MONICA	58281 O	36829 14149	16486 5507	16378 5800	14297 4982	12667 4896				
TOTAL.	VOTE BY MAIL	58281	50978	21993	22178	19279	17563				
UNINCORPO		3177	2047 841	622 228	769 328	582 226	675 272				

Adopted and approved this 9th day of December, 2008.

Mayor Pro Ton, on behalf a FHerb Katz, Mayor

1, Maria Stewart, City Clerk of the City of Santa Monica, do hereby certify that the foregoing Resolution No. 10370 (CCS) was duly adopted at a meeting of the Santa Monica City Council held on the 9th day of December, 2008, by the following vote:

Ayes:

Council members: Genser, Holbrook, McKeown, O'Connor, Shriver

Mayor Katz, Mayor Pro Tem Bloom

Noes:

Council members:

None

Abstain:

Council members: None

Absent:

Council members: None

ATTEST:

Maria Stewart, City Clerk



RESOLUTION NO. 10547 (GGS) (City Council Series)

RESOLUTION OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY
OF SANTA MONICA ACCEPTING THE LOS ANGELES COUNTY
REGISTRAR RECORDER/COUNTY CLERK'S OFFICIAL CANVASS
AND OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST FOR THE
CONSOLIDATED MUNICIPAL ELECTION HELD ON
NOVEMBER 2, 2010, AND DECLARING THE RESULTS THEREOF

WHEREAS, a Consolidated General Municipal Election was held in the City of Santa Monica on November 2, 2010, as required by law; and

WHEREAS, the provisions of the Elections Code of the State of California for the holding of elections in Charter cities were complied with in that notice of the election was given in the time, form and manner as provided by law; voting precincts were properly established; election officers were appointed; votes were cast, received and canvassed; and the returns were made and declared in the time, form and manner as required; and

WHEREAS, the Los Angeles Registrar Recorder/County Clerk canvassed the returns of the election and certified the results to the City Council, and those results are attached and made a part hereof as "Exhibit A",

NOW, THEREFORE, THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF SANTA MONICA DOES RESOLVE AS FOLLOWS:

SECTION 1. The vote totals for the Consolidated Municipal Election held on November 2, 2010, in the City of Santa Monica, as certified by the Los Angeles County Registrar Recorder/County Clerk, shall be and hereby are approved and adopted as the formal vote count of the City of Santa Monica for said offices and said measures of said election.

SECTION 2. The names of the candidates on the ballot were:

Santa Monica City Council - 4-year term

Jerry Rubin
Daniel Cody
Ted Winterer
Pam O'Connor
Terence Later
Kevin McKeown
Jean McNeil Wyner
Jon Louis Mann
Linda Armstrong
Bob Holbrook
Jeff Decker (Write-in Candidate)

Santa Monica City Council - 2-year term

Terry O'Day Robert Kronovet David Ganezer Gleam Olivia Davis Susan Hartley

Santa Monica Rent Control Board - 4-year term

Bill Winslow Marilyn Korade Wilson Todd Flora

Santa Monica Rent Control Board - 2-year term

Chris Braun

Santa Monica-Malibu Unified School District Board of Education

Patrick Cady
Jake Wachtel
Chris Bley
Laurie Lieberman
Barry A. Snell
Nimish Patel
Ralph Mechur
Oscar de la Torre

SECTION 3. The number of total ballots cast for this election was:

Santa Monica-Malibu Unified School District Board of Education;

REGISTERED	PRECINCT	ABSENTEE	TOTAL
<u>VOTERS</u>	BALLOTS	BALLOTS	BALLOTS
70857	30417	15613	46030

City of Santa Monica:

REGISTERED	PRECINCT	ABSENTEE	TOTAL
<u>VOTERS</u>	BALLOTS	BALLOTS	BALLOTS
59120	25597	12531	38128

SECTION 4. The following persons were elected to office as follows:

Candidates elected to the Santa Monica-Malibu Unified School District:

CANDIDATE	VOTES	PERCENT
Laurie Lieberman	17985	17.74%
Oscar de la Torre	15788	15.58
Ralph Mechur	14271	14. 0 8
Nimish Patel	13019	12.84

Candidates elected to the Rent Control Board (4-year terms):

CANDIDATE	VOTES	PERCENT
Marilyn Korade Wilson	15753	35.0 9%
Bill Winslow	14986	33.39
Todd Flora	14148	31.52

Candidate elected to the Rent Control Board (2-year term):

CANDIDATE	VOTES	PERCENT
Chris Braun	17219	100%

Candidates elected to the Santa Monica City Council (4-year term):

CANDIDATE	VOTES	PERCENT
Kevin McKeown	16337	21.77%
Pam O'Connor	14535	19.37
Bob Holbrook	12775	17.03

Candidates elected to the Santa Monica City Council (2-year term):

CANDIDATE	VOTES	PERCENT
Terry O'Day	15948	33.19%
Gleam Olivia Davis	13370	27.83

SECTION 5. The measures that appeared on the ballot read as follows:

MEASURE Y: Shall an ordinance be adopted to offset severe state budget cuts, protect and stabilize City finances, and maintain essential services including: police, fire, paramedic and emergency 911 response, school, educational and afterschool programs, public transit, services for the disabled, gang and drug prevention programs, environmental, library and other general fund services, by enacting a City of Santa Monica ½ percent transactions and use tax, subject to independent annual audits, and no money going to Sacramento?

MEASURE YY: ADVISORY VOTE ONLY: If a local transactions and use tax is enacted in the City of Santa Monica, should half of its revenue be used to support school, educational and afterschool programs, with half of its revenue being used for general City services such as: police, fire, paramedic and emergency 911 response, public transit, services for the disabled, gang and drug prevention programs, environmental, library and other general fund services?

MEASURE RR: "Shall the City Charter be amended to protect all tenants and preserve community stability and diversity by adding requirements that a landlord show good cause to evict any tenant and serve a warning notice giving reasonable time to correct a rental agreement violation, except nonpayment of rent, and adding a prohibition against evicting long-term elderly, disabled or terminally ill tenants for owner occupancy unless the proposed owner-occupant is also elderly, disabled or terminally ill?"

The Measures received votes as follows

Measure Y was approved by the voters by the following votes:

YES VOTES

20046

61.22%

NO VOTES

12698

38.78

Measure YY was approved by the voters by the following vote:

YES VOTES

22077

68.26%

NO VOTES

10266

31.74

Measure RR was approved by the voters by the following vote:

YES VOTES

19897

65,36%

NO VOTES

10544

34.64

SECTION 6. The City Clerk shall enter on the records of the Santa Monica City Council, a statement of the result of the election showing: (1) the total number of votes cast for the offices and the measures in the election; (2) the names of the persons voted for; (3) the text of the measure voted upon; (4) the office that each person was running for; (5) the number of votes given at each precinct to each person, and for and against each ballot measure; and, (6) the

total number of votes given to each person, and for and against the ballot measures.

SECTION 7. The City Clerk shall immediately make and deliver to each of the persons so elected a Certificate of Election signed by the City Clerk and authenticated. The City Clerk shall also administer to each person elected the Oath of Office prescribed in the Constitution of the State of California and shall have each person subscribe to it and file it in the office of the City Clerk. All of the persons so elected shall then be inducted into the office to which they have been elected.

SECTION 8. The City Clerk shall certify to the adoption of this Resolution, and thenceforth and thereafter the same shall be in full force and effect.

APPOVED AS TO FORM:

MARSHA JONES MOUTRIE

City Attorney

EXHIBIT A

7

Los Angeles County Registrar-Recorder/County Clerk Certificate of the Canvass of the Election Returns

I, DEAN C. LOGAN, Registrar-Recorder/County Clerk of the County of Los Angeles, of the State of California, DO HEREBY CERTIFY that pursuant to the provisions of Section 15300 et seq. of the California Elections Code, I did canvass the returns of the votes cast for each elective office and/or measure(s) for

Santa Monica City

at the General Election, held on the 2nd day of November 2010.

I FURTHER CERTIFY that the Statement of Votes Cast, to which this certificate is attached, shows the total number of ballots cast in said jurisdiction, and the whole number of votes cast for each candidate and/or measure(s) in said jurisdiction in each of the respective precincts therein, and that the totals of the respective columns and the totals as shown for each candidate and/or measure(s) are full, true and correct.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my seal this 29th day of November 2010.



DEAN C. LOGAN
Registrar-Recorder/County Clerk
County of Los Angeles

mcIsan

COUNTY OF LOS ANGE	LES GEI	NERAL ELECT	'ION		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 	,	NOVEMBE	R 2, 2010		PAGE 1	09.1
				SANTA MON: CNC (FULL	ICA CY GEN TERM)	MUNI					
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VO	FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST					TED WINTERER	PAM O'CONNOR				
		REGISTRA-	BALLOTS					TERENCE LATER	KEVIN MCKEOWN	JEAN MONEI	L
CITY/PREC		TION	CAST	og transporter i projection	**************************************					WYNER	WW. STREET OF THE STREET OF TH
PARTA MONICA AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VBM TOTAL	6250003A 6250006A 6250008A 6250010B 6250010B	12.73 1151 0 1151 2.06 1194 0 1194 0 1194 0 1054 0 1054 0 1054	321 321 526 350 876 253 448 311 759 263 293 293 200 723 200 723 198 68	18 36 28 64 26 50 23 73 73 42 15 57 42 15	21 70	194 89 213 166 99 265 167 90 254 137 90 227 188 86 220 149 59 208	124 181 225 170 96 266 201 100 154 117 271 151 188 249 172 89 261 200 217	36 36 33 69 44 50 36 36 36 36 36 37 37 38 31 43 33 10 43 31 31	164 104 265 208 106 314 219 173 173 291 160 255 207 207 81 288 288	86 73 159 100 45 46 91 179 88 58 188	
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SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL TOTAL	6250018A	688 0 888	400 184 584 26 207 633	58 11 69	36 8 44 46 16	127 68 195 81 59	133 102 235 14 215	35 6 41 71	154 83 237 125 62	32 11 43	

COUNTY OF LOS AN	ngeles ge	NERAL ELECT	'ION				NOVEMBE	R 2, 2010		PAGE 109.2
				SANTA MON CNC (FULL	ICA CY GEN TERM)	MUNI				
FINAL OFFICIA STATEMENT OF			,	JERRY RUBIN	DANIEL	TED WINTERER	PAM O'CONNOR			
								TERENCE LATER	KEVIN MCKEOWN	
CITY/PREG	2	REGISTRA-	BALLOTS CAST							JEAN MCNEIL WYNER
SANTA MONICA AV/YEM EQTAIX SANTA MONICA	6250020A 6250023A	1027 1027 865	7 454 7 194 648 381	52 18 70 39	39 19 58 38	942 63 297 87	170 80 250 148	26 7 43 30	211 75 286 131	90 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	62500258	0 865 0	173 554 240 143	11 50 44	8 46 26	67 154 124 54	86 234 197	7 37 30 8	83 214 180	45
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM TOTAL	6250026A	1173 0 1173	519 318 837	63 25 88	36 21 57	209 118 327	194 126 320	46 32 78	258 258 155 413	54 38 92
SANTA MONICA AVZYBU TORAL SANTA MONICA	6250029A 6250031A	894 0 884 909	245 276 521 402	36 12 48 40	22 25 47 31	113 113	107 83 190 160	25 14 39 30	120 106 226 175	40 11 11 11 11 13
AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA	62500 124	0 909 820	209 611 409	19 59 36	10 41	73 186 107	59 219 188	6 36 26	87 262 179 54	24 67 36
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM TOTAL	6250034A	820 878 0 878	407 407 173 580	41 11 52	39 37 15 52 27	111 41 152	167 167 54 221	23 7 30	187 58 245	71
SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA	6250036A 6250043A	950 950 1008	429 1163 1592 430	иб 13 59 36	35 32	118	146	35 14 49 39	188 69 257 160	39 18 27 37
AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONTEA AV.VEM	62500264	0 1008 1112 0	208 638 487 232	17 53 49		180 139 75	90 236 176 503	15 54 48	85 245 198 402	33 70 25
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM TOTAL	. 6250048C	1030 0 1030	404 202 606	37 18 55	27 27 11 38	146 63 209	175 69 244	32 11 43	181 86 267	49
SAN'A MODICA AV/VBM TOTAL	(525)) (504)		189 202 199			65	167 179 225		156 86 244	

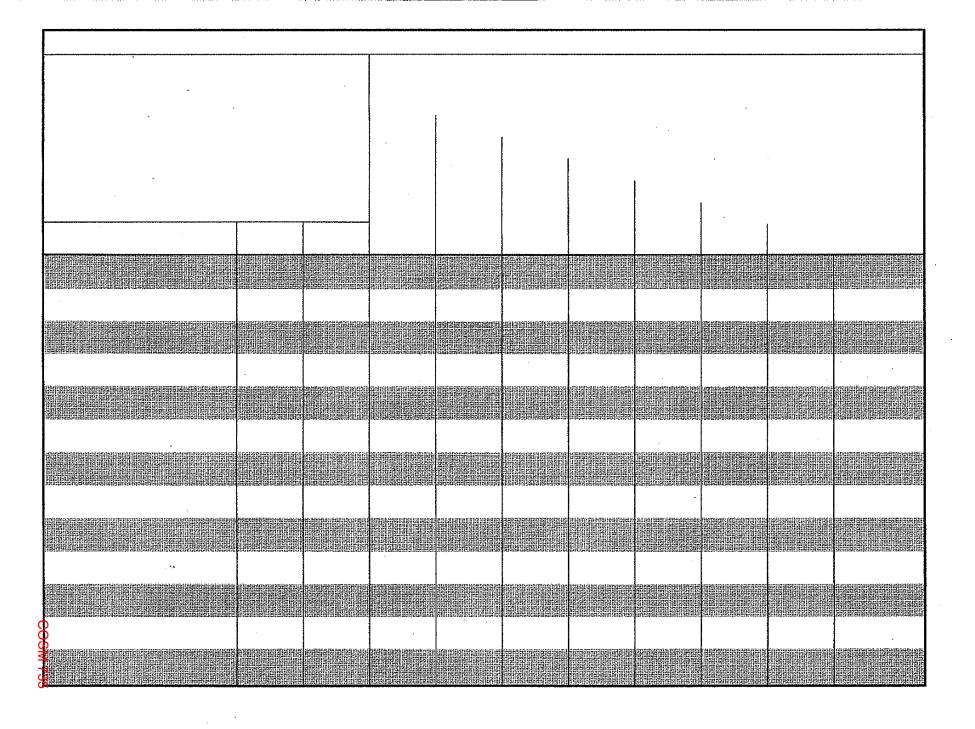
COUNTY OF LOS ANG	eles gei	NERAL ELECT	PION				NOVEMBE	₹ 2, 2010		PAGE 1	09.3
				SANTA MONI CNC (FULL	ICA CY GEN TERM)	MUNI					
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST				JERRY RUBIN	DANIEL	TED WINTERER	PAM O'CONNOR			KEVIN MCKEOWN	
CITY/PREC		REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST							JEAN MCNEI WYNER	L.
SANTA MONICA AV./VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA	6250052A 6250052D	1056 0 1056 989	204 204 677 350	54 20 75 42	100 28 58 23	109 64 105	771 72 245 142	39 15 54 41	186 85 271 145	43 28 71 17	
AV/VBM TOTAL SANDA MONTCA AV/VBM	62500536	989 989	183 533 366	14 14 56 7718	9 32 32	76 181	75 217 147	20 61 22	87 232 147	21 38	
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM TOTAL	6250053F	887 0 887	346 346 185 531	68 39 16 55	27 15 42	116 75 191	148 94 242	36 11 47	223 150 87 237	31 18	
SANTA MONECA AV/VEM TOWAT SANTA MONICA	6250055A 6250060A	1056 1056 872	318 167 485 365	94 2.5 5.0 5.2	23 13 36 27	64 62 126 86	167 64 173 132	35 10 45 35	103 82 165 145	38	
AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	11 (5500 65 4)	0 872 927	162 527 353 417	12 64 48 16	10 37 21		63 195 150 150	9 44 34 9	81 226 156		
TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VBM TOTAL	6250062C	940 940 0 940	407 407 105 512	34 7 41	26 9 35 25	96 48 144	215 163 46 209	35 6 41	180 180 51 231	38 38 17 55	
SANTA MONICA AV/VEM SANTA MONICA AV/VEM	6250065A 6250067A	274 0 979 1108 0	27 145 516 545 187	52 62 21	25 17 38 10	125 58 183 207 95	37 53 196 239 69	19 9 36 10	155 53 208 283 99	33 33	
AV/VSM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VSM FOTAL	62=1067R	1108 11097 1117	732 437 221 658	83 83 83 81	10 48 25	302	308 308 180 269	10 46 33 114 44	382 217 104	18 51 30 29 59	
EANTA MONICA D AV/VEM O TOTAL CANTA MONICA	6250068E	1004 0 1004	428 207 635	56 29 85	25 13 38	148 71 219	170 72 242	28 20 48	184 93 277 218	36 30 66	
			1 2 2 5 8 2		18 42	70 240	187 252		10 L 31 9	22 67	

COUNTY OF LOS	angeles gei	NERAL ELECT	TION				NOVEMBE	R 2, 2010		PAGE :	L09.4
STATEMENT OF	FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST REGISTRA- BALLOTS			SANTA MONICA CY GEN MUNI CNC (FULL TERM) JERRY RUBIN DANIEL CODY TED WINTERER			PAM O'CONNOR TERENCE LATER		KEVIN MCKEOWN JEAN MCNEIL		
CITY/PRE		TION	CAST	1200 Carrier 1200						WYNER	•
SANTA MONICA ANJOHM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA		961 933 0 933 634 0 933 1083 0 1083 981 867 0 867 0 867 1050 1161 0 0 1161 0 0 1161 677 859 859	33 364 364 311 495 420 63 603 603 603 603 603 603 603	22 22 39 10 49 36 50 44 24 68 51 11 77 68 43 25 68 43 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	23 13 23 13 36 28 29 42 20 62 13 45 28 13 41 22 28 13 41 22 28 13 41 22 28 13 41 22 28 13 41 22 28 13 41 28 13 41 28 13 41 28 13 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41	191 93 2577 87 39 126 122 95 175 76 251 146 56 202 22 29 178 117 295 214 92 25 177 295 178 117 295 178 117 117 295 218	148 74 222 153 58 211 165 81 173 96 269 174 424 67 711 139 63 63 63 63 63 63 79 222 132 79 222 132 75 207	41 42 63 35 7 42 28 14 48 48 19 67 22 17 29 43 13 56 29 43 13 56 44 65 24 65 24 65 24 65 20 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21	217 25 312 172 227 185 227 211 114 325 223 86 220 180 82 262 254 148 372 214 148 372 216 85 88 87 37 216 88 224 148 372 216 85 224 148 372 217 228 238 248 249 258 258 258 258 258 258 258 258 258 258	34 21 25 9 34 36 25 60 37 40 77 42 42 42 43 91 42 49 91 48 55 65 18 15 33 33	
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VBM TOTAL	6250094D	1071 0 1071 7189 1189	486 251 737 470 275	48 21 69 58 44	30 17 47 40 22 22 62	176 94 270 144 194 238	183 101 284 109 109 299	47 16 63 20 20	219 113 332 299 108	65 35 100 34 38	

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GE	NERAL ELECTION				NOVEMBE	R 2, 2010		PAGE 109.5
		SANTA MON CNC (FULI	NICA CY GEN L TERM)	MUNI				
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST	JERRY RUBIN	RUBIN DANIEL CODY		TED NINTERER PAM O'CONNOR		KEVIN MCKEOWN		
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- BALLOT	5						JEAN MCNEIL WYNER
SANTA MONICA 6250109A AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250113A AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250120A AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250120B AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250121A AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250127A AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250127A AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250128A AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250128A AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250128A AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250128A	10248 1032 0 1032 0 1032 0 979 1174 976 976 976 976 900 0 900 825 94	52	67 67 33 15 40 40 49 14 28 8 36 36 20 36	130 86 216 223 69 236 101 337 11% 59 1177 190 92 282 113 80 193	186 281 262 91 253 2220 56 276 217 94 311 118 212 177 76 253 212 177 161 213 212 177 76 253	25 76 23 15 38 37 13 45 37 14 51 25 49 31 7 38 31 7 38 31 7	204 93 174 105 279 245 245 247 247 247 247 247 247 247 247 247 247	28 28 25 53 43 43 16 59 30 28 28 14 40
AV/VBM TOTAL BRECTUCT FOTAL FOTE VBM TOTAL VOTE	0 94 94 59120 359	263	3 3 3 3 3 3	20	24 24 8782 4750	5 5 2046 885	20 20 11105 5231	
VBM BY GROUP TOTAL	0 59120 383	11 28 3735		0	3 (1255-1254) (1256-1253)	0 2931	1	2 4015

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GE	NERAL ELECT	.ION	,			NOVEMBE	R 2, 2010		PAGE 109.6		
			SANTA MON CNC (FULL JERRY	ICA CY GEN TERM)	MUNI			·			
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST			RUBIN	DANIEL	TED WINTERER	PAM O'CONNOR	TERENCE LATER	KEVIN MCKBOWN			
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST							JEAN MCNE WYNER	ſĽ	
COUNTYWIDE VOTE BY MAIL	59120 0	26597 12531	2633 1098	1871 893	83 4 6 4373	9782 4753	2046 885	11165 5232			
30TH US CONGRESSIONAL	59120 59120	25597	2633	2764 1871	12719 8346	14535 9782	2931 2046	16237 11105	2362		
30TH US FONGERSSIONAL VOTE BY MATE TOTAL	59120	1253) 38128	3731	2764	12719	4783 14535	8 8 5 2931	5292 16337	1653 4015		
23RD ST SENATE 23RD ST SENATE VOTE BY MAIL	59120 0	25597 12531	2 633 1098	873 893	8346 4373	9782 4753	2 046 885	11105 121105 5232	1653		
ALST STATE ASSEMBLY	59120 59120	25597	2633	2764 1871	12719 8346	24535 9782	2937 2046	16357 11105	4015 2362		
41ST STATE ASSEMBLY VOITE:BY MANG	59120	12531 38128	1098 3731	893 2764	12719	4753 14535	885 2931	16337	1 658 4015		
RD SUPERVISORIAL	59120	25597	2637	. 1871	8:46	3782	2046 11. 12. 13. 14. 14. 14. 14. 14. 14. 14. 14. 14. 14		2362		

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GE	NERAL ELECT	'ION				NOVEMBE	R 2, 2010		PAGE :	Ļ09.7
			SANTA MON CNC (FULL	ICA CY GEN TERM)	MUNI					
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST			JERRY RUBIN	DANIEL	TED WINTERER	PAM O'CONNOR	TERENCE LATER	KEVIN MCKEOWN		
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST							JEAN MCNE: WYNER	ΙL
3RD SUPERVISORIAL YOTE BY MATE TOTAL	59120	12531 38128	3731	.893 2764	12719	操 753 14535	2931	16337	4015	
4TH BOARD OF EQUALIZATION 4TH BOARD OF EQUALIZATION VOTE BY MAIL	59120 0	25597 12531	2683 1098	1 671 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2346 1373 4373	4753	2026 885	11.105 5232	2362 1653	
TOTAL CITY OF SANTA MONICA	59120 59120	38128 25597	37,31 2633	276 4 1871	2719 2719 8346	97535	293 9 2046	16337 11105	4015 2362	
CITY OF SANTA MONICA VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	59120	12531 38128	1008 3731	2764	12719	1783 14535	2931	\$232 16337	4015	
OSM 4										



COUNTY OF LOS AN		NERAL ELEC	11011	T		:	NOVEMBE	R 2, 201)	PAGE	110.1	
				SANTA MONICA CY GEN MUNI CNC (FULL TERM)								
				JON LOUIS								
					LINDA							
FINAL OFFICIA STATEMENT OF	L				ARMSTRONG	ВОВ						
TMAHAINI OF	VOTES CAST					HOLBROOK	I					
						-						
OTTO I PROVIDE	·	REGISTRA-	BALLOTS							ı		
CITY/PREC	250723000	TION	CAST									
VTA MONICA AV/VEN	6250001A	2272										
TETOTAL NTA MONICA	6250003A	1151		47		378						
AV/VBM TOTAL		O	526 350	33 21	17 10	279 169				Proportion (1995)	in meneral experience de la company	
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AY/VBM TOTAL			253			758 80						
TA MONICA	6250.008A	1194	448	37	14 14	177						
AV/VBM TOTAL		1194	311 759	18 55	4	104						
TA MUNICA AV/VEM	6250010A	1194 1103	453	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	18 18 145	281 141						
LUCTAL			244 5597	17 61	6 22	1 2 2						
TA MONICA AV/VBM	6250010B	1054	523 200	49 13	26 7	166	u.com/(5)2190092453451[1					
TOTAL	6250000G	1054	723	62	33	62 228						
AV AVBM Total			483 198	45 9 54	22	158 52						
TA MONICA	6250012A	2019 960	442	43		210						
AV/VBM TOTAL		0	194	16	26 3	134 65						
A MONECA	625001aD	960 109	636 420	59 6	29 1988 - 1988 - 1988 - 1988 - 1988 - 1988 - 1988 - 1988 - 1988 - 1988 - 1988 - 1988 - 1988 - 1988 - 1988 - 1988	199				TO PERIODE STATE OF THE STATE O	THE SALES SALES AND A STREET OF THE SALES OF	
AV/TEM TOTAL		1109	256 697	22	16							
TA MONICA AV/VBM	6250015A	1087	433	41	14	179						
TOTAL	and the state of t	1087	306 739	31 72	14 28	120 299					`	
A MONTOA AVZVBM	6250017A	1038	\$20 249	ŹŽ	181	265						
TOTALIHIII 'A MONICA	6250018A				22	115 370						
AV/VBM	MOTOR	888	400 184	38 6	23 8	100 65		- INAPVITABLE				
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AV/VBM TOTAT			207		25 15 40	110 53						

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GET	NERAL ELECTION			NOVEMBER 2, 2010	PAGE 110.2
•		SANTA MONICA CY GEN CNC (FULL TERM)	MUNI		
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST		JON LOUIS MANN LINDA ARMSTRONG	BOB HOLBROOK		
					,
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- BALLOTS TION CAST				
SANTA MONICA 5250112DA AW/VBM LOTAL 6250023A AV/VBM	1097 45 0 19 1027 64 865 38 0 17	3	55 190 91 52		
TOTAL SANTA MONICA 62500258 TAV/VPW TOTIAN SANTA MONICA 6250026A	865 55 1047 44 10 9 14 10 15 1077 51	4 62 31 5 86 29 3 20 10	49 192		
AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONTCA 625002 FA AV/VEM 100 TOTAL	0 31 1173 83 892 34 0 27 884 62	25 15 7 70 43 5 26 1 1	133 333 136 125		
SANTA MONICA 6250031A AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250052A AW/VEM	909 40 0 20 909 61 920 40	2 45 2 9 12 3 1 57 26	138 72 210		
GANTA MONICA 6250034A AV/VBM TOTAL	878 40 878 40 0 17 878 58	7 53 16 3 19 8 0 72 24	127 3 56 1 183		
SANTA MONICA 6250036A AV/VPM FOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250043A AV/VPM	0 16 950 5 1008 43 0 20	3	14 166 7 132 7 64		
TOTAL BANTA MONICA 6250046A AVI/TM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250048C		24 48 1 19 1 19 1 13 4 45 20	135 158 1203 105		
AV/VBM TOTAL ISANTA MONICA 6250050A AV/VBM TOTAL	0 20 1030 60 934 98	62 31 91 35 44 45 45	164		

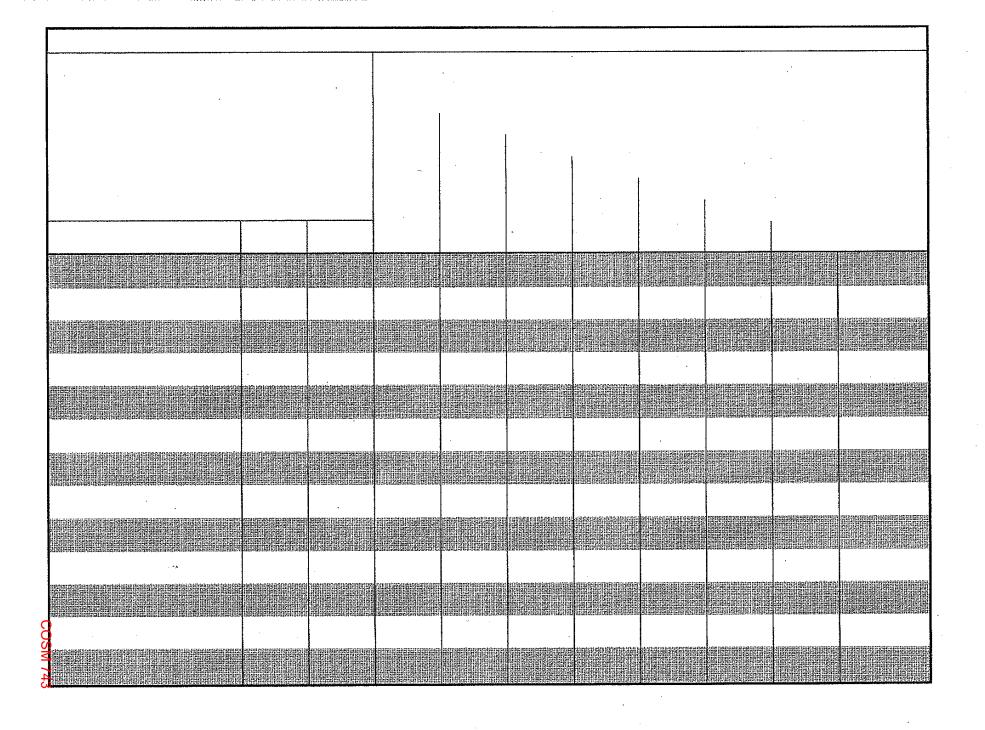
COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES	GENERAL ELECTION			,	NOVEMBER	2, 2010		PAGE 1	.10.3
		CNC (FULL		'MUNI					
ETNAL OBSTOTAL		MANN	LINDA ARMSTRONG						
	FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST			BOB HOLBROOK	1				
•	·					-		•	
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- BALLOT: TION CAST	3							
SANTA MONTCA 625005 AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONTCA 625005 AV/VEM	1056	23 7 7 50 52	9 38 21	#3 #2 98					
TOTAL SANYA MONICA 625065 ZWYYDM GOTAT	989 5 30 1010 3 1 2 4 1 3 5	69 69 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	28 13 14 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	149 111 58 188					
SANTA MONICA 625005 AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 625006	0 1 887 5	35 17 31 63	5	56 167					
FOTAL SANTA MONICA 625006 AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 625006	0A 872 3 0 1 872 5	55 49 52 24 27 73	24 1 12 3 36	54 173					
AVVBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 625006 AV/VBM	940 4 0 1	70 55 07 55 12 12	29 34 5	43 165 147 28					
TOTAL SANTA MONICA 625006 ZV/VDN TOTAL SANTA MONICA 625006	58 874 3 0 1 874 5			83 33 116					
AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONTCA AV/VBM TOTAL	1108 7 1108 7 107 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	37 7 32 64	1 1 21	55 212 213 4 21 62					
SANTA MONICA 625006 AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 625006	0 2 1004 6	28 37 27 27 35 64	7 19 7 12 1 31	137					
AVAGE									

COUNTY OF LOS AND	GELES GE	NERAL ELECT	ION				NOVEMBER	. 2, 2010	PAGE	110.4
				SANTA MON: CNC (FULL JON LOUIS MANN	_	MUNI				
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST					LINDA ARMSTRONG	BOB HOLBROOK				
CITY/PREC		REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST							
SANTA KONTOR AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250070A 6250071A	661 933 0	433 538 631 364 131	4 11 52 46 14	29 31 11	214 214 118 43				
TOTAL SANDA MODICA AV/VEM FOTAL SANTA MONICA	6250072A 6250076A	933 834 6 934 1083	495 420 183 603 496 274	60 27 13 40 45 17	42 20 32 32 32 9	161 133 160 161 220 121				
AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MOVICA AV/VBM	6250076B	1083	770 770 488 180 180 398	62 56 21 77 38	41 17 11 28 24	341 146 84 210				
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250076A	0 867 1050 1050	181 579 172 174 174 189	11 49 42 14 14	9 33 33	58 189				
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM TOTAL	6250087A	1161 0 1161	474 312 786 246	41 20 61	20 12 32	187 120 307				
AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA	6250092A	0 859	668 367 176 543	21 13 34	13 13 7 20	133 54 187				
AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM	6250094D	933 933	247 638 486 251	36 52 31 13 44	11 30 21	195 242 197 96				
TOTAL SANITA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL	6250055A	1071	737 470 275 746	44 53 30 83		293 142 184 1226				

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GE	NOVEMBER	2, 2010	PAGE	110.5					
		CNC (FULL	SANTA MONICA CY GEN MUNI CNC (FULL TERM) JON LOUIS						
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST	MANN	LINDA ARMSTRONG	BOB HOLBROOK						
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- BALLOTS TION CAST								
SANTA MONICA 62501092 AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250113A AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250120B AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250121B AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250121A AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250127A AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250127A AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250128A AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250128A AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA *6250128C AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA *6250128C AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA *6250128C AV/VEM TOTAL FRECINCT IGTAL *00TE	1045 1032 0 1032 579 4 979 1174 0 1174 7 976 900 1 900 1 900 6 825 94 0 94	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	13 29 16 12 23 7 30 24 32 21 3 24 6 6 14 0 3 3 3	58 160 145 48 195 83 278 278 116 43 159 122 284 0 51 51					
VEM TOTAL VOTE VEM BY GROUP TOTAL CRAND TOTAL VOTE	0 125: 0 0 :	3	505 0 1700	4244 2 112775					

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GEN	WRAL ELECT	ION				NOVEMBER	2, 2010	PAGE :	110.6
·			SANTA MON CNC (FULL JON LOUIS MANN	•	MUNI				
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST	•			ARMSTRONG	BOB HOLBROOK		ı		
		-							
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST	.,						
COUNTYWIDE COUNTYWIDE VOTE BY MAIL	20 20 30 0	125597 12531	2527 1001	1195 505	8529 4246				
TOTAL 30TH US CONGRESSIONAL	59120 59120	25597	3528 2527	1195	8529				
BOTE US CONGRESSIONAL VOTE BY MATE TOTAL	59120	38128	. 1001 3528	505 1700	12775				
23RD ST SENATE 23RD ST SENATE VOTE BY MAIL	5 9120 0	25597 12531	2527 1001	1095 1005 505	8529 4246				
TOTAL 41ST STATE ASSEMBLY	59120 59120	25597	3528 2527	1195	12775 11111 8529				
ALST STATE ASSEMBLY VOTE BY MAIN	59120	112531 38128	100±	1700	12775				
JRO SUPERVISOR AV	30 200 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1		110 2607 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110		8529				

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GER	NERAL ELECT	CION				NOVEMBE	R 2, 2010	PAGE	110.7
			SANTA MON: CNC (FULL JON LOUIS MANN	ICA CY GEN TERM)	MUNI				
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST	STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST REGISTRA- BALLOTS				BOB HOLBROOK				
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST	5						
RRD SUPERVISORIAL VOTE EV MATE TOTAL	59120	38128	1001 3528	505 1700					
ATH BOARD OF EQUALIZATION 4TH BOARD OF EQUALIZATION VOTE BY MAIL	59120 11111111111111111111111111111111111	25697 12531	2527 1001	11.95 505	8529 4246				
TOTAL CITY OF SANTA MONICA	59120 59120	38128 25597	2527	1766 1195					
CFTY OF SANEA MONTON VOILE BY MAIL TOTAL	59120	12531 12531 38128	1001 3528	505 1700	12775				



COUNTY OF LOS AND	geles gei	NERAL ELECT	ION.			,	NOVEMBE	2, 2010	PAGE 11	1.1
				CNC (SHOR	ICÂ CY GEN I TERM)	NUNI				
	FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST CITY/PREC REGISTRA- BALLOT TION CAST			TERRY O'DAY	ROBERT KRONOVET	DAVID GANEZER	GLEAM OLIV	/IA SUSAN HARTLEY		
CITY/PREC			BALLOTS CAST	·				ŕ		
SANTA MONICA AV/VHM ICTAI SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250901A 6250003A	1179 1179 1179 1151 0	514 1321 1335 526 350	160 170 270 199 111	174 65 179 134 84	77 99 26 78 77	106 106 256 188 89	72 45		
TOTAL SANTA MONICA AVIVEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA	6250006A 6250008A	1151 1106 0 1106 1194	876 512 255 765 448	310 232 105 133 194	218 100 66 1160 86	155 63 34 87 66	277 279 269 268 148	117 89 37 126 63		
AV/VBM TOTAL SANUN MONTCA AV/VBM	6250010A	0 1194 1163 0	311 759 455 244 697	115 309 100 100 100 100	52 138 96 39	60 126 68 36	98 246 127 188 215	23 86 30 84		
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA	6250010B 6250010F	1054 0 1054 1019	523 200 723 483	224 81 305 212	93 28 121 86	76 24 100 64 29	169 72 241 181	50 28 78 78		
SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA	6250012A 6250012D	1019 960 0 960 1109	6912 442 194 636	283 196 85 281	74 74 32 106	60 28 88	248 170 84 254	95 58 28 86 68		
AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VBM TOTAL	6250015A	1109 1087 0 1087	256 697 433 306 739	94 293 186 93 279	73 737 98 60 158	50 54 114	93 257 151 97 248	65 43 108		
SANTA MONICA Ayyyddm TOTAB SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250017A 6250018A	1038 0 1038 888 0	523 249 772 400 184	5 195 74 269 152 93	55 24	82 53 56 15	178 255 137 84	50 28 76 70 16		
TOTAL SANITA MOVICA AV/VAM TOTAL	6250078A	888 191 101	584 428 207	245 148 83 228	79 79 85 86 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88	71 55 25	221 107 62 169	86 81		

COUNTY OF LOS ANG	eles Gei	WERAL ELECT	ION				NOVEMBE	2, 2010		PAGE	111,2
			,	SANTA MONI CNC (SHOR	ICA CY GEN I TERM)	MUNI					
	-			TERRY O'DAY							,
					ROBERT KRONOVET	DAVID					
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF V						GANEZER	GLEAM OLI	/IA		-	
							DAVIS	SUSAN HARTLEY			•
	REGISTRA- BALLOT:										
CITY/PREC		REGISTRA-	BALLOTS CAST								
SANSON MONE 1045			454 104 648	195 99 288	76 31 107	52 9 81		70 28 98			
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250023A	865 0	381 1 73	160 78	60 23	48 18	115 74	46 29	reservation of the second of t	uman and an an an an an an an an an an an an an	E PETÜL MAHLIM DAMAMAMAMAMATAMATAM
TOTAL SANTA MONICA AVIVAN	62500258	865 104 0	554 440 143	238 196	83 92 30	Fig. 22	189 162 19	75 777 26			
AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA	6250026A	1173	519	250 242	114	63 84	192	119 61			
AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONTCA	[]][6250025A	0 1173 884	318 837 111 545	125 367 119	83 197		111 303	180 48			
AV/VBM FOTAL SANTA MONICA	6250031A	984 909	276 621 402	95 204 166	51 116 86	69 417 65	200 136	36 84 57			
AV/VBM TOTAL	man non non man de la company	0 909	209 611	72 238	37 123	24	67 203	18 75	marene ana ana ana ana	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
SANTA MONICA AVYVEM TOTAL	9250032A	820 820	409 56 56	184 59 243		1 1 1 52 22 52 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	160	22 72 78			
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250034A	878 0	407 173	164 59	. 80 39	51 19	146 47 193	60 31 91	American of the leaf 15 days and 42 days and 42 days		
TOTAL EANTA MONICA AVIVEM	6250096A	878 950 0	580 5140 5140 5140 5140 5140 5140 5140 514	223 175 70 245	119 67 28		144 60	21 51 21 21 21 22			
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250043A	1008 0	430 208	160 84	76 37			68 36			
TOTAL SANTA VONICA	16250046A	1008	638 487	244 11111111111111111111111111111111111	113 99	105 66	206	104			
AV./YBM TOTAL)SANTA MONICA	62500 4 8C	0 111 4 1030	234 721 404	105 1304 187	119 62	61	156	70			
AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA	######################################	0 1030	202 606 1889	72 259 157	87	87	234	35 105			
AV/VEM		0 934	202 591	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		4 1	78 222	98 1 98			

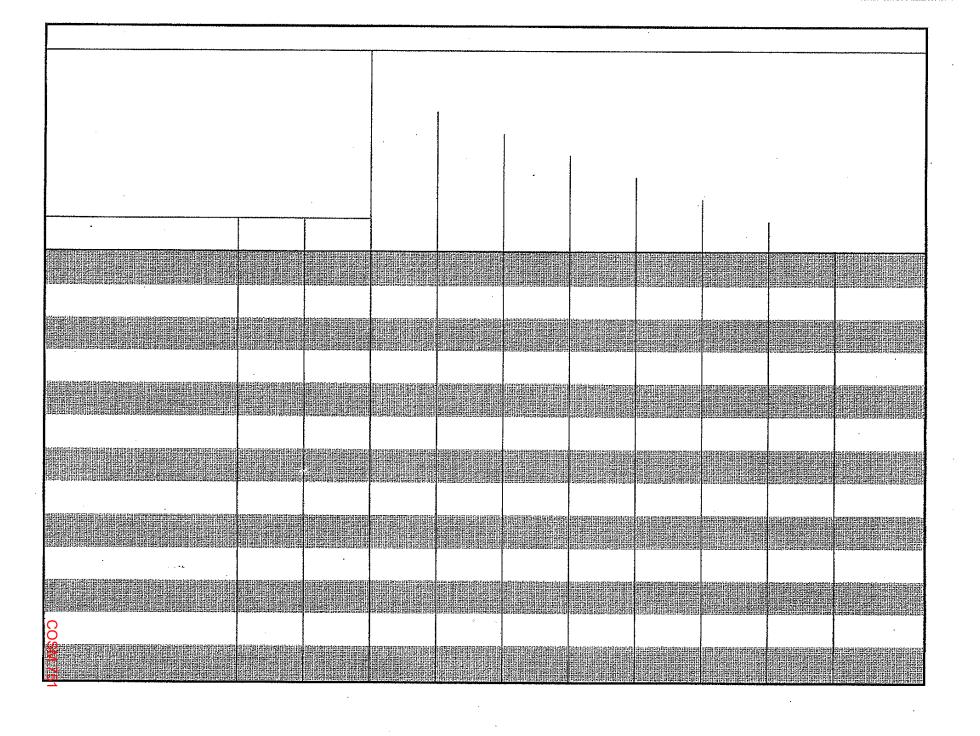
COUNTY OF LOS AN	GELES GE	NERAL ELEC	CION				NOVEMBE	R 2, 2010	PAGE	111.3
FINAL OFFICIA STATEMENT OF			SANTA MON CNC (SHOR TERRY O'DÂY	ICA CY GEN I TERM) ROBERT KRONOVET	MUNI DAVID GANEZER	GLEAM OLI	VIA SUSAN HARTLEY			
CITY/PREC		REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST							
SANTA MONECA AMAGEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA	6250052A 6250052D 6250053A 6250053A 6250062A 6250062A 6250063A	1056 989 0 989 0 989 0 0 0 989 0	4 7 8 7 7 8 7 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7	194 272 170 90 260 227 155 88 243 142 186 167 65 232 187 48 223 187 234 147 234 147 234 147 234	80 32 32 53 34 87 45 1110 79 36 115 64 40 101 72 20 33 103 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80	28 77 44 26 70 31 37 29 66 45 25 16 68 31 47 9 9 14	118 69 227 127 73 200 61 125 62 187 143 114 66 68 180 150 42 2167 46 213	61 28 92 63 27 66 32 98 58 120 51 68 120 65 24 92 65 29 94 92		
AV/VEM TOTAL ANTA MONICA	6250067E 625006BE	0 1108 987 6 6 997 1004 0 1004 0 1004	187 732 437 721 658 428 207 635 450 423 682	78 362 190 85 275 188 82 270 277 1112 390	31 114 775 23 23 85 37 122 42 48 48	21 64 15 26 83 49 35 84 49	82 289 159 76 233 159 77 236 169 169 85	31 123 90 47 79 45 124		

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES	GENERAL ELECTION			NOVEMBER 2, 2010	PAGE 111.4
		SANTA MONICA CY GEI CNC (SHORT TERM)	MUNI		
		TERRY O'DAY ROBERT			
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES C	AST	KRONOVET	DAVID GANEZER	GLEAM OLIVIA	
				DAVIS SUSAN HARTLEY	·
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- BALLOTS TION CAST				
ANIIA MONICA 6250 2V/VBM TOTAL	198 861 - 138	96 - 27 1 9 1	27	70 9 231 124	
ANTA MONICA 6250 AV/VBM TOTAL	0 131 933 495	58 35 212 12	5 15 5 54	48 31 182 101	
ANITA MONICA 6250 AV/VEM TOTAL	0 188 603 1884	65] 41	47	601	
ANTA MONICA 6250 AV/VBM TOTAL	0 274 1083 770	119 64 324 184	36 113	100 33 263 122	
ANTA MONICA 6256 AV/VEM TOTAL		641	61 42 103	146 59 37 205 135	
ANTA MONICA 6250 AV/VBM TOTAL	0 181 867 579	162 83 69 48 231 129	59 32 91	50 37 390 124	• •
ANTA MONICA 6250 AV/VBM TOTAL	0810 1950 512 1 177 1 188 1950 589	84 2	49 20 69	173 89 76 19 128	
ANTA MONICA 6250 AV/VBM TOTAL	087A 1161 474 0 312 1161 786	115 72 324 153	: 35	92 97 225 · 217	
NNTA MONICA 6256 AV/VEM TOTAL	085X 877 449 6 219 877 668	81 4	64 28 102	162 09 82 48 244 157	
ANTA MONICA 6250 AV/VBM TOTAL		185 60 79 24 264 84	24 58	128 67 68 42 196 109	Annual Control of the
NTA MONICA 6256 AV/YEM TOTAL		100	43	122 89 33	
ANTA MONICA 6250 AV/VBM TOTAL	094D 1071 486 0 251 1071 737	226 103 107 41 333 144	76 . 44 . 120	188 65	от под подраждения на под под под под под под под под под под
ANTA MONICA 6250 AV/YEM TOTAL		(209) 88 109	60 54	160 70 94 58 254 24	

COUNTY OF LOS ANG	eles gei	NERAL ELECT	CION				NOVEMBE	R 2, 2010	PAGE 1	.11.5
				SANTA MON	ICA CY GEN I TERM)	MUNI			 <u> </u>	
			,	TERRY O'DAY	I					
FINAL OFFICIAL					ROBERT KRONOVET	DAVID				
STATEMENT OF V	OTES CAST					GANEZER	GLEAM OLI	VLA	•	
								SUSAN HARTLEY		
CITY/PREC		REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST					,	a distribution	
SANDA YONGOZETA			462 242		69			je po pres		
AV/WEM TOTAN SANTA MONICA	6250113A	1028 1032	367	84 289 180	124 59	50	280 139	61 86 87		
AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA		0 1032 979	224 591 750	1.04 284 249	47 106	22 72 74 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	91 230 1194	41 102 94		
AVAVEM POTAL SANTA MONICA	6250120B	1979 1978 1174	165 650 550	65 914 237	26 402 84	92 75 72	54 248	124		
AV/VBM TOTAL		0 1174	230 780	104 341	50 134 59	29 101	83 270	53 177		
SANTA MONTCA AVYVEM TOTAL	6250121A	976	372 156 528	161 154 245		17 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	135 59 194	32 36		
SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL	6250127A	900	456 170 626	194 78 272	87	35 18 53	76 236	91 31 122		errorrandinakopa grodukarran bararran
SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL	6250128A	825 825	324 244 568	241 79 220	60 29 100	46 50 96		29 21 60		
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM TOTAL	*6250128C		0 68 68	0 32 32	0 15 15	0 1 1	1	0 5 5		
PRECINCT TOTAL VOI		74 59120	25597	72 10980	4704	3305	8925	4261		
VBM TOTAL VOTE			12520	4984	2451			2068		
VBM BY GROUP TOTAL GRAND TOTAL VOTE		0	11 38128	15948	1 7056	0 15240	1 1 12370 12370	4 6383		

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GET	NERAL ELECT	ION				NOVEMBE	R 2, 2010		PAGE	111.6
			SANTA MON CNC (SHOR	ICA CY GEN I TERM)	MUNI	***************************************				
			TERRY O'DAY	ROBERT						
Final Official Statement of Votes Cast				KRONOVET	DAVID GANEZER	igleam oliv	JTA ·		-	
					ANY VARIABLE PLANTED TO SERVICE	DAVIS	SUSAN HARTLEY	1		
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST	-							
COUNTYWIDE COUNTYWIDE VOTE BY MAIL	59120 0	25897 12531	10968 4988	4704 2452	1935 1935	8925 4445	#26I 2072			
10TAL 30TH US CONGRESSIONAL	59120 59120	38128 25597	15948 10960	7156 4704		13370 13370 8925	6383 4261			
30TH US COMPRESSIONAL VOTE EV MAIL TOTAL	59120	12531 38128	15948		1935 1935 5240	4245 13370	2072 - 2072 - 2072 - 2072 - 2072			
23RD ST SENATE 23RD ST SENATE VOTE BY MAIL	59£26 0	25597 12531	10960 4988	4704 2452	3505 1935	8 925 4445	4261 2072			
TOTAL 41ST STATE ASSEMBLY	59120 -59120	38128 25597	15948 10960	715 <i>6</i> 4704	3305	13376 13376 8925	6333 4261			
ATST STATE ASSEMBLY VOTE BY MALE TOTAL	59120	12581 38128	4998 15948		1935 1935 5240	13370	2072 6333			
GRD SDPERVISORTAL	59120 59120	25597	10960	4704	3305	8925	426E			

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GER	TERAL ELECTION		,			NOVEMBER	2, 2010	PAGE 1	11,7
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST			SHORT T	BERT ONOVET	DAVID GANEZER		TIA SUSAN HARTLEY		
CITY/PREC		LOTS							-
JRD SUPERWISORIAL VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL			4988 5948	2452 7156	1935 5240	13370	2072 6333		
4TH BOARD OF EQUALIZATION 4TH BOARD OF EQUALIZATION VOTE BY MAIL	5420		0960 4988	4704 2452	1935	8905 4445	4261 2072		
CITY OF SANTA MONICA	59120 59120		5988 0960	7156 4704	5240 3305	13370 13370 8925	6333 4261		
CITY OR SANTA MONICA VOTE E7 MATE TOTAL			4988 5948	2452 7156	1935 5240	944 5 13370	2072 6333		



COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GEN	NERAL ELECTION					NOVEMBER	2, 2010		PAGE 1	12.1
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST		REN	T CNTRI L ISLOW	CA CY GEN . (FULL TER M KORADE WILSON						
	REGISTRA- BA	LLOTS						,	l	
CITY/PREC		AST		·						
SANTA MONICA 5250001A AV/VEN TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250003A AV/VEN TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250006A BV/VEN TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250008A AV/VEN TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250010B AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250010B AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250010B AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250010F AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250010F AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250012E SANTA MONICA 6250012E	1179 1151 0 1151 1106 1236 1194 109 1103 1054 1054 1054 1079 1005 1005 1005 1005 1005 1005 1005 100	512 825 526 350 876 572 253 755 448 311 759 244 697 523 200 723 723 723 744 697 523 200 723 442 194 696 696 696 697 697 697 697 697	167 165 185 101 286 216 113 167 111 278 267 186 76 262 27 192 87 27 192 87 27 192	200 140 75 215 297 297 169 108 277 151 213 204 75 279 224 67 213 213 213 213 213 31	143 93 236 205 105 105 105 105 110 266 110 266 110 266 110 156 110 266 110 156 110 156 110 156 110 156 110 156 110 156 110 156 110 156 110 156 110 156 110 156 156 156 156 156 156 156 156 156 156					
AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250015A AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250017A AV/VBM TOTAL	0 1087 0 1087 1087 1088	256 697 433 306 739 523 249 772	185 185 90 275 189 280	140 368 168 75 243 126 68	125 322 152 61 213 33 74 207					
SANTA MONICA 6250018A AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250019A AU/VBM TOTAL	888 0 886 3190 11191	400 184 584 426 207	161 73 234 015 240	75 253	153 78 231 142 77 219					

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES	ENERAL ELECTION				NOVEMBER	2, 2010	PAGE 112.2	
FINAL, OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CASI	FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST					•		
· .								
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- BALLO TION CAST	S			-			
SANTA MONICA 5250026 AV/VBM 5250026 SANTA MONICA 6250023 AV/VBM TOTAL	A 865 0 865	54 159 94 27 48 27 81 13 73 7 54 20	7 153 2 86 9 239	263. 138 68 206				
SANTA MONICA 625002 AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250026 AV/VBM	B 1047 0 1047 A 1173 0	40 18 43 23 86 23 19 22 18 11	63 279 1 228 2 119	65 242 207 106				
TOTAL SANTA MONICA 625002 AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250031 AV/VBM	A 864 .A 909	37 33: 48 100 76 20 02 15: 09 6	100 7 9 172 9 166	93 76 169 137				
TOTAL SANTA MONECA 625003: AVARM TURE SANTA MONICA 6250034	909 820 820 820 A 878	11 22: 09 15: 54 20: 07 14:	3 236 2 177 7 16 2 16 9 23 8 183	201 148 132 198 148				
AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250030 EX//VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 625004	878 260 950	73 41 80 19 28 05 63 1 6 92 22 30 14	6 243 5 152 64 236	206 48 64 209				
AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MEN DA 625064 AV/VBM	0 1008 (4) (1)14 (6) (1)14	08 7: 38 21 87 21	72 8 241 6 262 2 100 8 300	77 219 81				
SANTA MONICA 6250046 AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250051 AV/VBM TOTAL	0 1030 # 934	04 16 02 8 06 24 09 14 02 7	1 80 3 278	79 245				

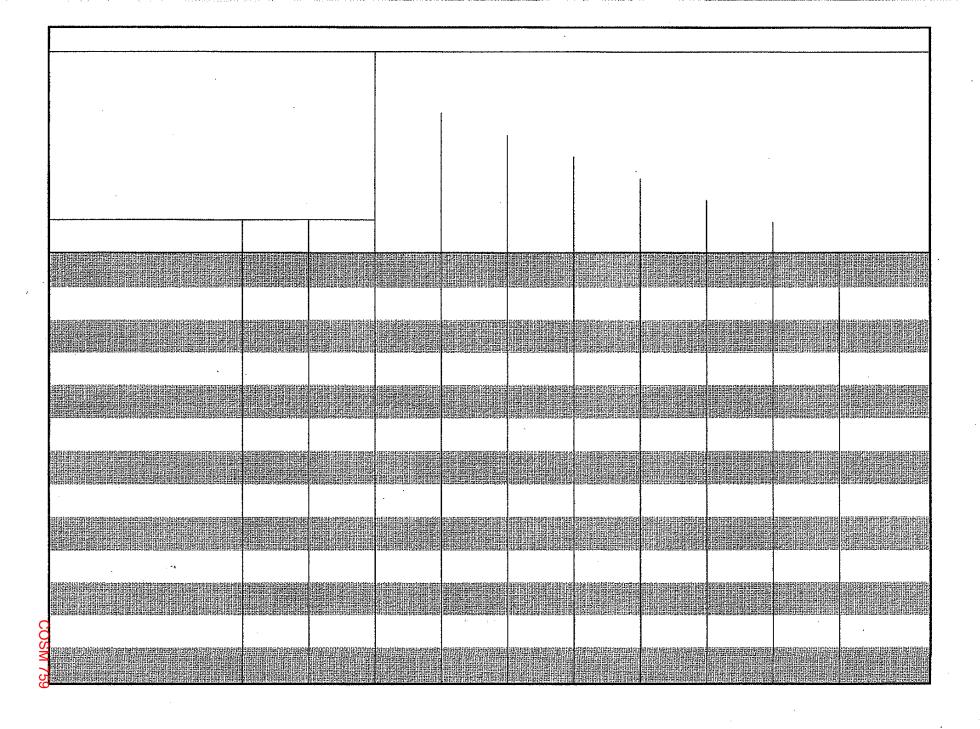
	COUNTY OF LOS AN	Geles Gei	NERAL ELECT	'ION				NOVEMBE	R 2, 2010	PAGE	112.3
		Pinal official Statement of votes cast				ICA CY GEN L (FULL TE M KORADE WILSON					
-	,		REGISTRA-	BALLOTS						1	
	CITY/PREC		TION	CAST				,			
	ANTA MONICA AVYVBM ECTAL ANTA MONICA AVYVBM TOTAL	6250052A 6250052D	1056 1056 989 0	207 207 677 350 183 533	199 286 158 88 246	214 79 293 182 92 274	193 177 258 139 81 220				
	ADTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL ANTA MONICA AV/VEM	6250053A 6250053F	1010 0 1010 887 0	356 193 549 346 185	150 9 150 150 91	168 89 269 169 100	220 148 72 220 133 85				
	TOTAL ANTA MONICA AVVEM TOTAL ANTA MONICA	6250055A 6250060A	887 1056 2 2066 872	531 3 8 3 6 3 6 3 6 3 6 3 6 3 6 3 6	231 123 170 184 132	269 122 76 198 162	218 1108 79 187 135				
	AV/VBM TOTAL ANTA MONTICA AV/VEM DOTAL ANTA MONICA	6250062A 6250062C	0 872 947 0 847 940	162 527 1153 117 470 407	64 196 158 46 202 191	68 230 176 56 232 231	62 197 147 47 194 195				
	AV/VBM TOTAL ANTA MONICA AV/VBM TOPAL	62500652	0 940 874 0 874	105 512 371 145 516	99034 55054 214 00	58 289 180 56	46 241 146 53				
	ANTA MONICA AV/VBM TOTAL ANTA MONICA AV/ABM TOTAL	6250067A 6250067R	1108 0 1108 997	545 187 732 237 221	237 65 302 1878	255 73 328 202 73	222 67 289 185				
8	ANTA MONICA AV/VBM TOTAL ANTA MONTCA AV/VBM	6250068B	1004 0 1004 10025	428 428 207 635 423 682	257 170 80 250 176 88 267	201 85 286 205 205 283	264 168 79 247 182 86				

COUNTY OF LOS A	ngeles ge	NERAL ELECT	CION				NOVEMBE	R 2, 2010		PAGE	112.4
					ICA CY GEN L (FULL TE						
FINAL OFFICTA STATEMENT OF			WINSLOW	M KORADE WILSON	TODD FLORA						
CITY/PREC		BALLOTS CAST			·				Particular		
STNTA WONTEA AVXVEM	6250070 2		// // // // // // // // // // // // //	77.8 77.4	192	1175 78					
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM TOTAL	6250071A	933 0 933	364 131 495	252 165 59 224	197 74 271	253 161 59 220					
ANTA MONICA AVVORM LACOTO	62500724	634	420 420 63			220 144 7 <u>4</u> 218					
ANTA MONICA AV/VBM TOTAL ANTA MONICA	6250076A	1083 0 1083	496 274 770	192 86 278	191 88 279	188 93 281	ilidiyiddəd patportasısı	(ASCHERNARIES (SEEDER)			
AV/VIM TOTAL ANTA MONICA	6250078A	981 867	730 186 668 398	176 64 234 175	191 58 249 172	156 57 213 166					
AV/VBM TOTAL ANYA MONTCA	76250081N	0 867 7050	181 579 612	64 239 195	70 242 	57 223					
AV/VEM TOTAL ANTA MONICA AV/VEM	6250087A	1050 1161 0	177 589 474 312	75 177 177 118	84 298 169 103	76 269 153 106					
TOTAL ANTA MONTEA AY/VEM	62500862	1161 877 0 877	786 449 219	295 192 81 273	272 177	259 173 68					
ANTA MONICA AV/VBM TOTAL	6250092A	859 0 859	367 176 543	147 71 218	248 160 74 234	142 142 68 210					
AVAVEM ROTAL	62500908	983	391 247 638	162 100 262	180 101 281	159 97 250					
ANTA MONICA AV/VBM TOTAL	6250094D	1071 0 1071	486 251 737 470	208 97 305	220 86 306	203 97 300		igusuhnunggorregen			
AV (VBV					10c 12c	118 312					

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GE	NERAL ELECTION				NOVEMBER	2, 2010		PAGE 11	2.5
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST			NICA CY GEN RL (FULL TE M KORADE WILSON			1			
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- BAL TION CA	LOTS ST			·		·		
SANTA MONICA 6250109A AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250113A AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250120A AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250120B AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250121A AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250121A AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250127A AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250128A AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250128A AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250128A AV/VEM TOTAL PRECINCT TOTAL WOTE VBM BY GROUP TOTAL	1046 1032 0 1032 979 1032 174 0 1174 976 900 900 900 825 0 94 0 94	68 1 68 1 28597 1019 12520 479	0	258 159 102 261 279 214 308 187 176 72 248 92 100 112 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 12					
GRAND TOTAL WOUL	359120	36128		14.5					

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GEN	VERAL BLECT	ION				NOVEMBER	2, 2010	 PAGE :	112.6
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST	STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST								
CITY/PREC		BALLOTS CAST							·
COUNTYWIDE COUNTYWIDE VOTE BY MAIL	59120 0	25597 12531	10190 4796	10953 4 800	8570 4578				
30TH US CONGRESSIONAL	59120 59120	38128 25597	14986 10190	15753 10953	14149 9570				
SOTH US CONCERSS ONA VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	59120	12531 38128	14986	4800 15753	4578 14148				
23RD ST SENATE 23RD ST SENATE VOTE BY MAIL	59 90 0	25587 2531	10190 4796	. 10953 4800	4578				
TIOTAL 41ST STATE ASSEMBLY	59120 59120	38128 25597	12986 10190	10953	9570				
AIST STATE ASSEMBLY VOTE BY MATE	59120	12930 12930 38128	4796 14986	4800 15753	14578 14148				
SHO SUPERVISORIAL	591 28	2557	10190	10953	9572				

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GE	NERAL ELEC	TION	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			NOVEMBE	R 2, 2010		PAGE	112.7
				ICA CY GEN L (FULL TE						
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST			BILL WINSLOW	M KORADE WILSON	TODD FLORA	1				
								1		
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST								
RD SIPERVISORDAN WOTE BY WALL TOTAL	59120	1253d 38128	4796 14986		14578 14148					
THE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION THE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION VOTE BY MAIL	59120 0	12531	16196 4796		9570 4578					
TOTAH	59120 59120	26128 25597	14986 10190		9570					
ITY OF SANTA MONICA WOTE BY MATIC	59120	12531 38128	4796 14986	4800 15753	4578 14148					



COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GE	NERAL ELECTION				NOVEMBER	2, 2010	PAGE	113.1
			MONICA CY O		SANTA MONI MEASURE Y	CA CITY		
	-	CHRIS BRAUN	,					
FINAL OFFICIAL								
STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST					YES			
· ·			•	-		ио		
CITY/PREC		LOTS ST						
SANTA MONICA - 5250001A					238 127			
SANTA MONICA 6250003A AV/VBM	1178 1151 0	835 526 350	252 194 110		285 282 156	203 157		HENNIN DIRITERUS BERKERAK BERKERAK BERKERAK
TOTAL SAVIA MONICA 6250006A AV/ASM	1151 1166	876 1 512 253 4 5 1	304 247 113		438 250 122	360 173 90		
TOWAL SANTA MONICA 6250008A AV/VBM	1194 0	448 311	185 117		218 129	263 158 119		
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250010A AV/VDM	1194 1103	759 11453	302 1157 1212		347 228	277 154		
SANTA MONICA 6250010B AV/VBM		242 697 523 200	224 227 227 78		121 349 257 99	87 241 182 73		
TOTAL SANTA MONICA	1054	723 483	305 205		356 260	255 128 85		
AV VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250012A		108 881 442	229		354 249 86	213 135 85		
AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONTOA F250012D	0 960 1109	194 636 441	95 324 205		335	220 221		
SANTA MONTCA 6250012D AV/VBN 6250012D TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250015A	1087	256 597 433	141 1372 182		149 386 228	75 207 174		
AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA WONICA SECTION SECT	0 1087 1088	306 739 523	100 282 172 82		147 375 277	115 289 192		
AYVYBN TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250018A	1038 888	772 400	82 254 192		107 394 207	116		
AV/VBM TOTAL SANIA MONICA	888	184 584	84 276 89		111 318 182	44 160		
AV/VBM TOTAL					106 288	209		

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GET	NERAL ELECTIO	Ą				NOVEMBE	R 2, 2010		PAGE :	113.2
			SANTA MONI RENT CNTRI			SANTA MON MEASURE Y	ICA CITY			
			CHRIS BRAUN							
FINAL OFFICIAL										
STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST						YES		•		
		-				· ·	NO		•	
		ALLOTS								
CITY/PREC		CAST								
AV/VBM TOTAL	1027 1027 1027	94 648	221 95 316			92 329				
SANTA MONICA 6250023A AV/VBM TOTAL	865 0 865	381 173 554	177 80 257	e ly a y bad derigen was the think of the waste they staged	111 P T 3 TH AT AT A T A T A T A T A T A T A T A	186 100 286	126 47 173	316/6 4.3.3/492/626/3825/57865180	n ben one wiens water out of	nalici der de signat de signa por como a vigori tentro
SANTA MONICA 6250025B AV/VEM TOTAL	1047 0 1047	440 143 583	222 64 286				119 60 179			
SANTA MONICA 6250026A AV/VBM TOTAL		519 318 837	252 131 383			281 178 459	199 108 307			
SANIA MONICA 6250029X AV/VBM	884 0	276 276 621					17.2 11.7 23.9			
SANTA MONICA 6250031A AV/VBM	0	402 209	1 8 5 7 3		omunicum emalelli	218 100	137 80	Tayan sang aga sa sa na		
TOTAL SANTA MONICA 5250030A AVVUM	909 820 0	611 209 156 563	258 189 59			318 222 71	217 126 61			
AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	826 878 0	407 173	248 204 54			225 74	142 71			
TOTAL SANTA MONICA : 6250036A AV/VBM	878 950	580 429 163	258 189 64			299 232 74	213 113 163			
SANTA MONICA 6250043A	1008	430	179			200	153			
AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA	0 1008 3114	208 638 487	94 273 223			97 297 280	86 239 140			
AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250048C	1014 1030	284 721 404	117 340 216			117 367 226	82 222 122			
AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA	0 1030	202 606	94 310 193			109 335	66 188			
AV/VBV TOTAL	934	202 591	790 283			102	202			

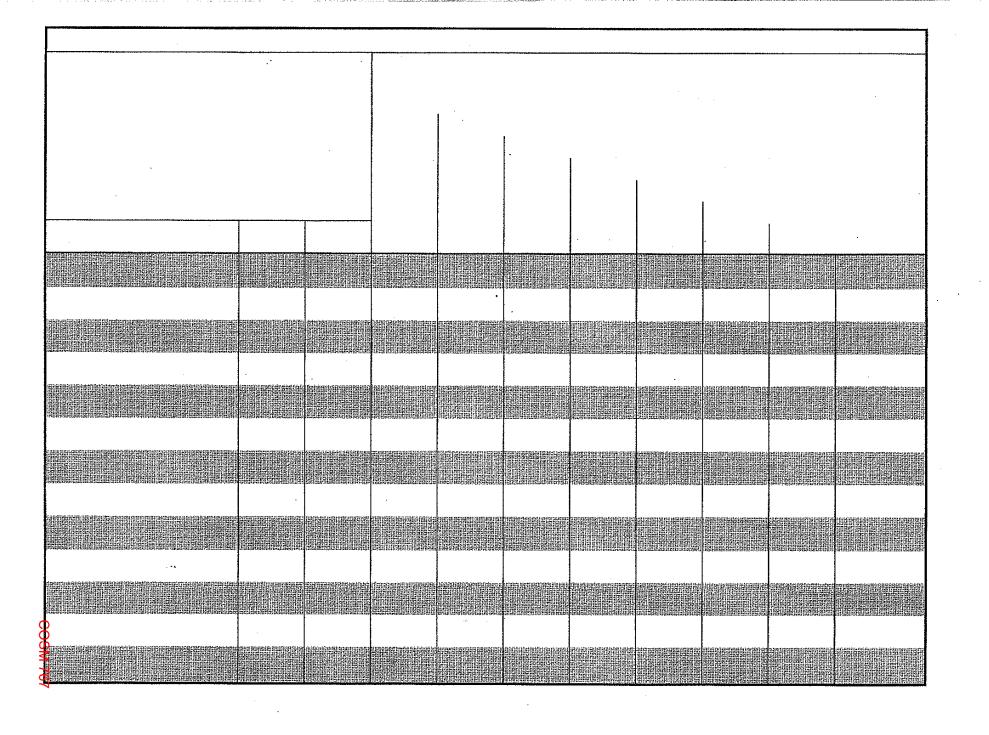
COUNTY OF LOS AN	igeles ge	NERAL ELECT	ION				NOVEMBE	R 2, 2010		PAGE	113.3
					ICA CY GEN L (SHORT T		SANTA MON MEASURE Y				
				CHRIS BRAUN	1						
FINAL OFFICIA	т.					ı				•	•
STATEMENT OF							YES				
•							165	INO			
			٠			And the second s					
CITY/PREC		REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST								
ATA MONSICA AV/VZM	6250052A		473				248				
TOPAZ	6250052D	1056 989	204 677 350	185			360 198	96			
AV/VBM TOTAL		0 989	183 533	101 286			104 302	51 147	-		
ANEA MONICA AV/VEM	6260053A	0010 0010 0010	356 193	384 67			185 93 278	126			
ANTA MONICA	6250053F	887	346 346	182			187	106			
AV/VBM TOTAL		0 887	185 531	105 287	Andrikiskus (arkansım)		101 288	59 165	199668888888888888888		
AVIA MONICA AVIVEN TOTAL ANTA MONICA	6250055A	1056 0 1056	318 167 485	144 64 228			143 96 239	98 53 11 11 11 1			
ANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250060A	872 0	365 162	180 69			207	94	ITET HER TANK TO THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TO THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN		
TOTAL WIA MONIKA	62500624	872 247	527 第四数 的 355	249			293	150 150			
AT ATAM TOTAL		0. 947	117 470	198 97 280			237 62 1300	40 119			
ANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250062C	940° 0	407 105	229 65			261 62	94 32			
TOTAL NTA MONICA	6250065A	940 874 0	512 1271	294 184			323 1107 1107	126 93 46			
		874	145 1516	61 245			264	139			
AV/VBM	6250067A	1108	545 187	274 78			295 107	171 65			
TOTAL APPA MONTCA AW/WM	6250067/R	11.08 11.08 11.08	732	352 247 81			402 211 114	236 151			
TOTAL ANTA MONICA	6250068E	1997. 1004	221 658 428	298 207			325 222	78 229 125			
AV/VBM TOTAL	CES C C C C	0 1004	207 635	90 297			107 329	75 200			
ADITA MONTCA	6250069#	1029	459 223	256 256			DK4	127 85			
		1026	682								

COUNTY OF LOS A	ngeles ge	NERAL ELECT	CION				NOVEMBER	2, 2010		PAGE	113.4
					ICA CY GEN L (SHORT T		SANTA MONI MEASURE Y	CA CITY			
				CHRIS BRAUN							
FINAL OFFICE	**										
STATEMENT OF							YES				
								NO			
								740	I	٠	
OTEN / DDT		REGISTRA-	BALLOTS					·		1	
CITY/PRE		TION	CAST		Taisasanasa arawaya						en pales en mari deservicamento de
		861 28	433 198 631	198 25 273			266 98 364	127 79 206			
ANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250071A	933	364 131	197 76	्रामक्ष्मश्चायस्य स्थानन्त्र । 	ana ana ana ana ana ana ana ana ana ana	228	93 44	august ingsekterior	ALL MARKET THE WARMEN OF WA	
TOTAL ANTA MONICA	5250072Å	933 834	495 420	273			299	137			
ANTA MONTGA			183	88 272			92	69 193			
ANTA MONICA AV/VBM TOTAL	6250076A	1083 0 1083	496 274 770	229 102			269 138	161 114			
anda vánga	62500768	981 0	488 180	331 191 60			407 259 86	275 058 79			
ANTA MONICA	6250078A	981 867	668 398	25t 204			204	131			
· AV/VBM TOTAL	FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF	0 867	181 579	84 288			80 284	79 210			
ANTA MONTCA AV/VBM	6250091D	1050	542 177	231 82			205 82	123 75			
MINITOTATUM ANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250087A	1050 1161 0	474 312	197			358 237	198 180			
TOTAL ANTA MONICA	62500894	1161	786 786 449	123 320 196			160 397 11111111218	118 298 			
AV/VBM TOTAL		877 0 877	219 668	74 276			112 128	193 84 277			
ANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250092A	859 0	367 176	178 72			224	96 56	Hourked South House College	TREASON TO STREET	is nestex transcribing
TOTAL NEX MONECO	62500928	859 933	543 391	250			321 2021	152			
AVIVEM TOTAL ANTA MONICA	6250094D	983 1071	247 698 486	119 310 249			112				
AV/VBM TOTAL	· .	1071	486 251 737	95 344			270 127 397	166 99 265	,		
ANTA MINICA				220 136			753 143	203 203 203 203 203 203 203 203 203 203			
TÖTPİL		1189	745	365				وأوالا			

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GI	NERAL ELECTION				NOVEMBE	R 2, 2010	 PAGE	113.5
**			VICA CY GEN LL (SHORT T		SANTA MONI MEASURE Y			
		CHRIS BRAUN	1 .					
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST					YES	NO		
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- BALL							
SANTA MONICA 6250108/ AV/VED TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	0 1048	22 1242 1204 367 367 224 116			240 129 369 195 124	7160 736 236 119 69		
TOTAL SANTA MONTCA 6250120 AV/VBM TEGRAL SANTA MONTCA 62501201		591 311 280 26 161 72 550 267			319 289 73 762 322	188 140 64 204 164		
AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250120 AV/VBM		230 102 780 365 372 186 1156 26			124 446 7205 80	85 249 95 57 152		
SANTA MONICA .62501272 AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA .62501282 AV/VBM	900	456 216 170 83 626 293 224 10 268 17			253 91 344 188	136 58 194 116		
AVV/SM TOTAL SANTA MONICA *62501280 AV/VBM TOTAL	94 0 94	0 0 68 17 68 17			306 0 25 25	208 0 31 31		
PRECINCT FOTAL VOTE VBM TOTAL VOTE VBM BY GROUP TOTAL		5597 1196 2520 5253 11 5			13772 6269 5	8082 4616 0		
GRAND TIOTEL VOTE	59t)q(1-1-3	8178 1727 1727			20028	2698		
V C <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>								

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GE	NERAL ELEC	TION	-	* .*		NOVEMBE	R 2, 2010		PAGE	113.6
				ICA CY GEN L (SHORT T		SANTA MON MEASURE Y				
			CHRIS BRAUN	•						
FINAL OFFICIAL					1					
STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST						YES				
						1	NO			
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST	-							
		25.97	11961							
OUNTYWIDE VOTE BY MAIL	o O	12531	5258			6274	4616			
	(777381126				120046	12698			
OTH US CONGRESSIONAL	59120	25597	11961			13772	8082			
OTHUS CONGRESSIONAL		i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	144 5258					- The constitution and H	asaaraanaaraana	and the state of t
уоте ву маш						6274	4616			
TOTAL	59120	38128	17219			20046	12698	A Common Community of the Community of t	810 11000 1100 1100 1100 1100 1100 1100	
ROST SEXATE	79120 79120	25597 25697	L51,961			13772	8062			
3RD ST SENATE VOTE BY MAIL	0 C	12531	5258			627 4	4616			
	59120	11136128	117219			2002	- 1.19 6 28			
1ST STATE ASSEMBLY	5 9 120	25597	11961			13772	8082			
TSP STATE ASSEMBLY			Alianiaaneesees		iilliürhittikointuuronaa		,		REDNINGLAGAGE SHIP	spiestos de la compania de la compania de la compania de la compania de la compania de la compania de la compa
ALTERNATION OF BY MAY I						62.70	4616			
TOTAL	59120	38128	17219	es v		20046	12698			······································
RE STPERVISORIAL	######################################	25597	#10ex 1			3772	8082			

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GE	NERAL ELECT	NOI.				NOVEMBE	R 2, 2010	PAGE	113.7
				ICA CY GEN L (SHORT T		SANTA MON MEASURE Y		13 13134	
			CHRIS BRAUN	,				,	
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST						YES	lno		
				,	,				
CITY/PREC									
SRD SUPERVISORIAL VOTE BY MATE TOTAL	59120	12531 11111 38128	17219			6274 20046	4616 12698		
4TH EGARD OF EQUALIZATION 4TH BOARD OF EQUALIZATION VOTE BY MAIL	59120 0	25597 12531	21969 5258			13 <i>071</i> 2 6274	8062 4616		
TOTAL CITY OF SANTA MONICA	69120 59120	38128 25597	17219 11961			20626 11 13772	- 2698 8082		
TITY OF SANTA MONICA VOTE BY MALL TOTAL	59120	12531 38128	17219			6274 20046	4616 12698		



COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GE	NBRAL ELECTI	ON .				november	2, 2010		PAGE :	114.1
			SANTA MONI MEASURE Y			SANTA MONI MEASURE RE		,		
		į	YES							
	•			NO						
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST										
STATEMENT OF VOIES CAST		·				YES			•	
							NO			
				,						
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST								
SANTA WONICA 625000 A	1177	514 321 838	272 166	108 108 280						
SANTA MONICA 6250003A	1151	526	303	173		188	241			
AV/VBM TOTAL	1151	350 876	177 480	134 307	iagisanekununggaroks	85 273 287	199 440 125			9941409443436440 43 9454
SANTA MONECA 6250005A	0106 11.06	512 253 766	287 136 423	73 340 73 213		130 225	63 88			
SANTA MONICA 6250008A AV/VBM	1194	448 311	237 150	138 102		202 137	141	gnalonalassissidak irvolik	TO STANSON WAS PROPERTY MICHALL	TOTAL SALES BOTH CONTRACTOR SALES AND ASSESSMENT OF THE SA
TOTAL SANTA MONICA	1194 1103	759 453 444 697	387 262 137	240		339	240 142			
AV/VBM DOTAL	1103	657	E 299	64 181			79 221			
SANTA MONICA 6250010B AV/VBM	1054	523 200	298 116	140 52		266 104	149 58			
TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250010R	1054 1019	723 483	414 261 105	192 115		370 279	207 温度 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			
AWAVBMI TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250012A	960	198 681 442	386 256	167 119		107 377 260	76 162 111			
AV/VBM TOTAL	960	194 636	110 366	59 178		108 368	54 165			TO THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT
SANITA KONJECA 62500 LD II AVAVBM TOTAL	1 09	441 256	247 159 406	015 159		265 171	85 45			
SANTA MONICA 6250015A	1087	433	260	140		196	175			
AV/VBM TOTAL	1087	306 739	162 422 2314	100 240		96 292	135 310 264			
SANTA MONICA 6250017A AV/VBW TOTAL	1038 9	249 772	314 32 446	257 82 239		69 244	129			
PSANTA MONICA 6250018A AV/VBM		400 184	237 115	80 37	THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O	229 114	82 34	nen minteratura arangkulahat (dibili	and the state of t	हाराजनामध्यम् स्थानस्थानस्थानस्थानस्थानस्थितिर्देशे
TOTAL SANTA MONTCA	888 111111111	584 426	352 1100 1100 1100 1100 1100 1100 1100 11	117 118 118 118 118 118 118 118 118 118 118		343 230	116 118 1173			
AV/VEN	1191	207 633	297	165 182		120 17 350	50 123			

COUNTY OF LOS AN	ngeles gei	NERAL ELECT	'ION				NOVEMBE	2, 2010	PAGE 114.2
,				SANTA MON MEASURE Y			SANTA MONI MEASURE RI		
				YES					
li					NO				
FINAL OFFICIA						-			
STATEMENT OF	VOTES CAST						YES		
								NO	
•	,							1	
CITY/PREC	٦	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST						
SANTA MONIGALI	- 6250020A								
AV/VEM			194 648		163 175		92 363	96 64 159	
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250023A	865 0	381 173	205 108	104	- Harrican Particular Constant	200 106	86 40	ariako-karturaka yasen kutu harifa karifa kirika kirika da Dalaman karifaten karifaten karifaten da marifaten Karifatan
TOTAL	62500258	865	554 440	313	138		306	126	
AV/VBM TOTAL		9 11047	143 583	263 76	52 1158		91 367	33	
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250026A	1173 . 0	519 318	316 195	162		275 143	169 124	
TOTAL SANTA MONECA	J	1173 184	837 83 45	511 201	249 111111111101		418	293 136	
AV/VEM TOTAL		884	276 621		1 82 183		80 191	297	
SANTA MONICA AV/VEM	6250031A	909	402 209	235 102	118		205 100	128 65	
TOTAL SANTA MONICALI	62500324	909 820	611 209	337 	184 189 189		305 220	193 103	
AYZYEM TOTAL		0 820	154 563	187 342	39 138		82 302	40 1111 5143	
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250034A	878 0	407 173	254 79	61		228 83	101 53	
Total Santa Monica	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	878 950 - 0	580 429	333 248 2187	165 93		311 219	154 74 78	
AV/VEM TOTA		950	163 592				909 909	112	
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250043A	1008 0	430 208	234 101	114 77		209 97	124 73	
TOTAL	6250046A	1008 1114	638 7	335 269	191 122		306 272	197 	
AV/VBM POTAL		NI LEE	23 <u>4</u> 721		65 187		132 404	53 7 154	
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250048C	1030 0	404 202	236 125	47	1	241 123	87 47	
TOTAL SANTA MONICALLI	62504504	1030	606 1111389	361 9 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1	156 156		364 202	134 90	
AYAVEN TOTAL		934 934	-202 561	121 332	51 161		118 350	135	

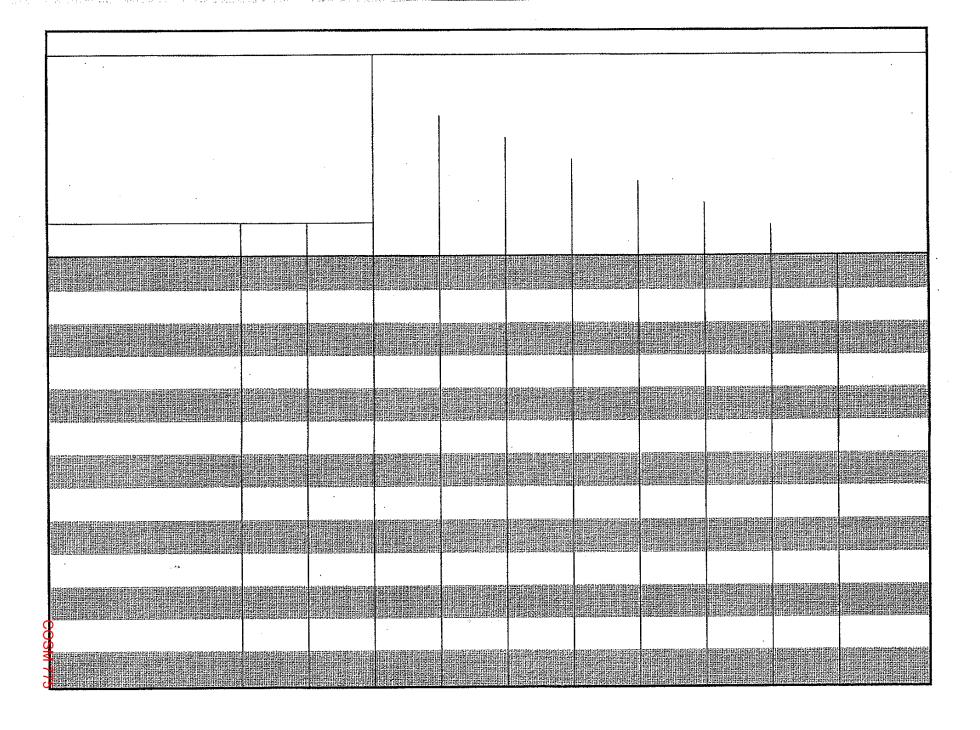
COUNTY OF LOS ANG	eles gen	eral elect	ION				NOVEMBER	2, 2010		PAGE :	114.3
				SANTA MONI MEASURE Y			SANTA MON: MEASURE RI				·
				YES		•					
		,			мо						
FINAL OFFICIAL										•	
STATEMENT OF V	OTES CAST						YES				
		-						NO			
								1 1	•		
CITY/PREC		REGISTRA-	BALLOTS CAST								
ANDA MONICA III	<u> </u>										
AVZVINI TOTAL		7 19 3056	473 274 672	266 115 381	168		108 372	53 166			
BANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250052D	989	350 183	216 114	80 40		228 124	59 27			
TOTAL ANTA MONICA	1162500E3A	989 110101	533	330 203	120		352 144 220	86 87			
AV/VEM : FORAL			956 183 548		90 62 252			48 C15			
EANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250053F	887	346 185	213 117	81 47		213 124	69 40			
TOTAL	456250055A	887 111111056	531 1405 14818	330 158	128 78		337 15 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	109 63			
AV/VEV		0 21056	167 285	92 250	48 126		106 266	109			
EANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250060A	872 0	365 162	230 99	72 48		206	76 40			
TOTAL	6250062A	872 947	527	329 248	120 60		297 215	116 120 121			
AV/VBM TOTAL		0 94.7	117 1476				69 284	24 95			
EANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250062C	940 0	407 105	267	28		265 70				
TOTAL	#250065A	940 872	512	333 2041 206	110 		335 220 78	80 54			
POTAL				78 284	134 110		1 1 298	95			
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250067A	1108 0	545 187	340 118	52	1	336 101	54			
TOTAL	62500678	1108 997 6	732	458 241			437 251	107			
AV/\\PM BAROTI		997	1221 1658				361				
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250068E	0	428 207	252 107	93	.	250 105	71			
O TOTAL	11 6250069A	1004	635 459	359 28	1988-102		355 11111111111111111111111111111111111	159			
AV/VEM TOTAL		1029	90 662	44	66 1168			101 68 164			

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GE	NERAL ELECTIO	N	···· ·			NOVEMBER	2, 2010.		PAGE 1	14.4
	-	The state of the s	SANTA MONI MEASURE YY			SANTA MONI MEASURE RR				
			YES				•			
				NO						
FINAL OFFICIAL										
STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST			·			YES			-	
							NO			
·			,				1		•	
	REGISTRA- B	ALLOTS	!					!		
CITY/PREC		CAST								
SANDEMONDOS EN BESTOSOS	86	488	289	185		242 75				
AVAVBM TODAL SANTA MONICA 6250071A	933	198 631 364	401 244	169 75		317 246	213 59			
AV/VBM	933	131 495	80 324	34 109		80 326	33 92			
TOTAL SANTA MONICA 52500722	834	420				222 85				
AW/VBM	834	183 603	400000000000000000000000000000000000000	458		207	172			
SANTA MONICA 6250076A AV/VBM	0	496 274	299 154	133 87		238 122	106			
TOTAL SANTA WONECA	1083 981	770 770	453 297	220 220		360 200	278 278			
AVAVEMENTE DE LE PROPERTE DE LE PROP	981	180 668	98 395	177		351 351	185			
SANTA MONICA 6250078A AV/VBM	867	398 181	231 95	102 61		223 96	104 55			
TOTAL	867 1050 #	579 512	326	163 106		319	159 159			
AV/VBM TOTAL	11050	512 177 689	102 422	56 162		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	52 147			
SANTA MONICA 6250087A AV/VEM	electronican commencement man	474 312	267 188	150 91		212 151	165 111			
TOTAL SANTA MONTEX	1161	786 1449	455	241 447		363 1108	276 			
AV/VEM	879 0	219	259 124	76 223		97 235	90 267			
SANTA MUNICA 6230032A		668 367	247	73		190 86	102		American de la company de la c	a spanistratura de la marcha de la companya de la c
AV/VEM TOTAL	0 859	176 543	106 353	116	etu Brisairistanasena	276	158 158			
SANTA MONTCA 6250093B AV/VBM	933	991 1247	226 115	90 93		128	91			
SANTA MONICA 6250094D		486	341 299			230	173		estasina entrachy	ikiden semban bangan bangan bangan banga Pangan bangan bangan bangan bangan
AV/VBM TOTAL	0 1071	251 737	143 442	79 216	and the following state of the control of the contr	110 340	99 272	nceneggeneeneem	\$4450 HATHAN BASSANSANS	
SANTA MONICA 6250095A		470 275	275 146	112 76			72 51			
	1189	745	421	188		Hara Bada				

AV/VEM 0 232 136 55 115 777 1048 704 402 138 384 197 SANTA MONICA 6250113A 1032 367 216 93 244 57 AV/VEM 0 224 127 60 144 46 TOTAL 1032 591 343 153 388 103 SANCA MONICA 62502202 979 103 103 115 226 99 50 50 101 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 20	COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GE	NERAL ELECTION				NOVEMBEI	R 2, 2010		PAGE	114.5
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST CITY/PREC REGISTRA- BALLOTS ANAME BOUNT							*****			
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CITY/PREC TION CAST										
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TOTAL 1032 591 343 153 388 103 381 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 10	SANTA MONICA 6250113A	. 1032 36	7 216							
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TOTAL 1174 780 496 188 380 199 221 70 221 70 221 611 227 86 372 222 70 221 611 227 69	SANTA MONICA 6250120B	1174 55	0 360	122		261	127	ariter and a supplementation of the supplemen	自由	en ligenderen men eta eta eta eta eta eta eta eta eta eta
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AV/VEM TOTAL 900 170 98 49 101 41 110 201 25 124 157 98 111 152 111 15	AV/VBM		61 87	48		98	37			
ANTA MONICA 62561288 925 324 127 79 78 1509 EDTAL 825 586 324 1277 189 2261 SANTA MONICA *6250128C 94 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	AV/VBM	0 17	0 98	49		101	41			
SANTA MONICA *6250128C 94 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	ANTA MONICA - 6256128A					338 111	110000000000			
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PRECINCT TOTAL VOTE 59120 25592 2513 6535 L3665 6536 JBM TOTAL VOTE 0 12520 6959 3731 6228 3987 JBM BY GROUP TOTAL 0 11 5 0 4 1	AV/VBM	0 6	8 21	38		16	34			
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VBM BY GROUP TOTAL 0 11 5 0 4 1										
	. **A			1		4	1			
		59120 3881	8 22077	10266		119897	10544			
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COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GEN	COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GENERAL ELECTION					NOVEMBER	2, 2010		PAGE 1	14.6
	SANTA MONI MEASURE Y			SANTA MONI MEASURE RR						
			YES				*			•
•				NO						:
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST			•			l yes				
				·			NO			
							[
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST								
	#### 69 620	# 1 25 59 Tr		 			65.6			
		12531	6964	3731		6232	3988			
COUNTYWIDE VOTE BY MAIL	٥	12531	6964	3/31		0252	•			
		38128	22077	10266		19897	10544			
30TH US CONGRESSIONAL	59120	25597	15113	6535		13665	6556			
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BOTH US CONGRESSIONAL VOTE BY MAIL		10.561	6964							
	59120	38128	22077	10266	<u>इत्तरक्षत्रम्थ</u>	19897	10544	,		
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23RD ST SENATE VOTE BY MAIL	٥	12531	6964	3731		6232	3988			
	9120	38128	22077	111110265		19897	10544			
41ST STATE ASSEMBLY	59120	25597	15113	6535		13665	6556			
۸		2337,						enamagganonano ""	***************************************	a izani birracini shi shi shi shi shi shi shi shi shi sh
415T STATE ASSEMBLY VOTE BY MAIL		12531	6964	3781 1577		6232	3988			
TOTAL	59120	38128	22077	10266		19897	10544			HERKEUNIKERIKERIKERIKERIKERI
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TORU SUPERVISOREAL	59120	25597		6525						
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COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GEN	eral elect	ION				NOVEMBER	2, 2010		PAGE 1	114.7
	SANTA MONI MEASURE Y			SANTA MONI MEASURE RE						
•		1	YES							
				ио						
final official Statement of votes cast						I Yes				
,							NO			
			·							
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST								
3R SUPERVISORIAL WOTE BY MAIL		1125.06	18 7 6 6 7 18 1 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1				9 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6			
TOTAL	. 59120	38128	220 7 7	10266		19897	10544			
ZTH BOARD OF BOUALDZECTON	 						6556			
4TH BOARD OF EQUALIZATION	0	12531	6964	3731		6232	3988			
VOTE BY MAIL					AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER			Nation Williams were the state of the state	Markilla alikan kalendari baran bara	omecognagagagagagagagagagagagagagagagagagaga
TOTAL	59120	38128	22077	10266		118897	0544			
CITY OF SANTA MONICA	59120	25597	15113	6535	*(#)(## <u>#21:000</u> 000000000000000000000000000000000	13665	6 556	보는 현실 등 등 등 등 등 등 등 등 등 등 등 등 등 등 등 등 등 등	The state of the s	are control of the second second second second second second second second second second second second second
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TOTAL	59120	38128	22077	10266		19897	10544			
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	共同3000000000000000000000000000000000000	2029E8555555			TOTALITY CONTRIBUTES STATES ST		स्त्रच स्वरूप । स्टब्स्य स्वरूप । स्टब्स्य स्वरूप । स्त्रच स्वरूप । स्टब्स्य स्वरूप । स्टब्स्य स्वरूप ।	MANUSEUS DELENARIES		THE THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER



COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GET	NERAL ELECTION				NOVEMBE	R 2, 2010		PAGE	116.1
			ICA-MALIBU EDUCATION	USD					
		PATRICK CADY	JAKE						
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST			WACHTEL	CHRIS		,			
					LAURIE LIEBERMAN	BARRY A			•
						SNELL	nimish Patel		
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- BALLOTS TION CAST						PAIEL	RALPH MECHUR	
MALEBU 4050009A AV/VEM TOTAL	46 0 31 1175 1175	2 92		99 81 180		104 104 104 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105	5 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	107 89 1186	
MALIBU 40500021 AV/VBM TOTAL	1102 40 0 25 1102 65	3 151 3 58	55 28	103 61	111 77 188	97 67 164	111 62 173	94	
MATTRU 405005TA	1304	9 22 9 115	79	13 80	-16i -16i 274	100	1.73 1.80 3.02	142 80	
MALIEU 4050057A AV/VBM TOTAL	929 39 0 23 929 63	8 159 5 78	57 29	105 57	104 63 167	105 71 176	141 92 233	93 53	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
MOCT BU 4050059& AV/OUM TOTAL	1070	0 16 0 6	68 37				233 132 181 213	90 74	
MALIBU 4050060A AV/VBM TOTAL	1070 47 0 23 1070 71	9 189 7 77	55 34	119 60	147 86 233	136 70 206	174 71 245	145 61	
MATURE AV/VBM	1729 11 1 50 0 1 2 2 8 1 2 9 1 1 7 8	5 4 4 4 4 190	81 36	1739 139 85 224	142 142 173	185 183 283	206 85 221		
MALIBU 4050064A AV/VBM	988 41 988 68	3 135 7 61	71 40	98	133 98 231	108 53 161	139 70 209	105 70	
TOTAL MALIBU HEIGHTS ACCOUNTA AV/VEM TOTAL	327 18 0 327 25 327			101111111111111111111111111111111111111	6 2 2 3 8	147 10 154		12	
MALIBU HEIGHTS *4060001C AV/VBM	99 0 5	0 0 6 24 6 24	0 8	0 20	0	9	23 23	0 10	,
MCLIEU HEIGHTS 4060003A AV/VEM TOTAL	686 U12 0 886 31					7 11 11 62	52 52 10 62	36 7	
MALIBU HEIGHTS *4060003B AV/VEM TOTAL	53 0 4	0 0	3	0	10	0 10 10	0 11 11	0 11	
ALLHI HEICHTS 4060004A AV/UBM TOTAL	338			22 53	BOOK CONTRACTOR TO MAKE	25 25 26 36 51	1 1 2 2 6 7	29 22	

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GEN	ERAL ELECTION				NOVEMBES	2, 2010		PAGE 1	16.2
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST CITY/PREC	SANTA MONI BOARD OF E PATRICK CADY		USD CHRIS BLEY	LAURIE LIEBERMAN	BARRÝ A SNELL	NIMISH PATEL	RALPH MECHUR		
MALTRU HETCHYS 4060063B AWARM	TION CAST 258 8 10 7 258 15	37					100		
MALIBU HEIGHTS 4060012A AV/VBM TOTAL	319 14 0 8 319 23	7 58 3 34 0 92	22 16 38	45 27 72	45 27 72	20 20 40	33 20 53	27 16 43	
SANTA MONTCA 625900TA AVACEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250003A	1179 51 20 32 1179 52 0 35	76 194 6 114	69 41	67 221 125 89	112 303 234 140	71 957 107 82	324 222 127	70 202 164 87	
AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONTCA 6250006A AV/VEM	1151 87 1106 11 251	6 182	110 110 134	214 209 109 172	374 230 102 332	189 189 14 19	349 147 52 209	251 166 77 243	
TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250008A AV/VEM TOTAL	1194 44 0 31 1194 75	8 108 1 48 9 156	62 24 86	92 64 156	183 115 298	114 96 210	114 66 180	142 93 235	
SANTA MONICA 6256810A AVIVEN FOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250010B	103 45 24 24 1203 69 1054 52	4 50 7 150 3 111	93 65	105 105	96 266 203	28 377 130	180 138 47	192 218 158 66	
AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 62500 TOF AV/VBM	0 20 1054 72 1010 28	3 143 3 213 8 225	18 83 52 27	42 147 100 30	78 281 203 64	57 187 119	185 126 39	224	
SANTA MONICA 6250012A AV/VBM TOTAL	960 44 0 19 960 63	2 101 4 44 6 145	61 28 89	167	76 263	167	158 52 210	143 57 200	
SANTA MONICA 62500120 AV / VBM 107AL	4109 4 25 4 27 1109 69	101 6 8 55 7 7 156	84 29 93 50		195 101 297 172	97 97	126 50 176 172	192 1246 159	
AV/VBM TOTAL SANKA MONIKA 6258017A TV/VBM	0 30 1087 73 1038 52 1038 73	6 75 9 182 3 701 9 45	36 86 67 40	68 161	130 302 101	64 161 102 73	112 284 233 82		

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GEN	VERAL ELECTION				NOVEMBER	2, 2010		PAGE	116.3
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST CITY/PREC	SANTA MONICA-MALIBU USD BOARD OF EDUCATION PATRICK CADY JAKE WACHTEL CHRIS BLEY			LAURIE LIEBERMAN BARRY A SNELL NIMISH PATEL			RALPH MECHUR		
SANTA MONICA 6250015A AV / YEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250019A AV / YEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250020A AV / YEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250023A AV / YEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250025B AV / YEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250026A AV / YEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250029A AV / YEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250029A AV / YEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250031A AV / YEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250031A AV / YEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250034A AV / YEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250034A AV / YEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250034A AV / YEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250034A AV / YEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250034A AV / YEM TOTAL	0 31 1173 83 884 34 909 40 0 20 909 61 820 31	1	48 164 64 32 96 40 25 50 18 68 47 125 63 183 52 164 52 168 47 17 64	96 133 95	140 84 23 140 78 218 182 252 136 73 209 171 147 418 133 143 143 143 143 143 143 143	44 143	114 164 999 455 144 967 143 899 422 131 103 103 107 107 122 141 59 200 123 144 159 107 124 144 159 167 179 184 179 184 197 198 198 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 109	16: 17: 17: 10: 27: 21: 12: 5: 17: 13: 4: 4: 17:	
SANTA MONICA 5250035A AV/MBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250043A AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 62500462 AV/VBM TOTAL	950 43 1008 43 0 20 1008 63	38 2 138 0 86 8 42 8 128	38 18 56 56 29 85 60 27 87	122 103 68	154 64 218 167	54 147 109 75	111 111 111 165 100	19 13 13 1 19	2 5 0 5

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GE	NERAL ELECTION	T				NOVEMBE	2, 2010		PAGE	116.4
			ANTA MONI	CA-MALIBU	USD					
			ATRICK ADY							
FINAL OFFICIAL				JAKE WACHTEL	CHRIS					
STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST					BLEY	LAURIE				
						LIEBERMAN	BARRY A SNELL			
	REGISTRA- B	LLOTS						NIMISH PATEL	RALPH	
CITY/PREC	TION (CAST		XNXN88800000000000000000000000000000000					MECHUR	
SANTA MONICA 6250048C AV/VBM TOTAL	3030 0 1020	404 202 606	302 513 513	57 14 71	90 40 130	170 78 248	1.12 1.74 1.83	129	20 S	
SANTA MONICA 6250050A AV/VBM TOTAL	934 0 934	389 202 591	76 53 129	40 24 64	89 53 142	156 87 243	91 58 149	98 47 145	125 70 195	-
SANYA WONICA 5250052A AV/VBN	1056	202	11.1 10	54 27	106 57	76	199 47	128 49	145 64	
SANTA MONICA 6250052D AV/VBM	989 0	350 183	83 50	-36 24	80 59	248 151 67	86 61	95 39	209 124 69	
TOTAL SANTA GONICA 62500582 AV/WBM	989 0010	533 356	133 83	60 5 1 35	139 91 53	218 136 63	147 79 128	134 93 43	193 107 107	
SANTA MONICA 6250053F AV/VBM	887 0	346 185	91 43	35 89 53 26	94 55	139 78	91 51	93 51	118 67	
Total Saata monica	887 1056	531	134 79	79	149 67	217 300 62	142 69 42	144	185 85 52	
AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250060A	1056 872	167 485 365	114	26 67 39	51 118 101	162 144	86	. 89	113	
AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA	0 872 872	162 527 253	50 164 74	18 57 29	51 152 86	68 212 125	45 131 101	33 122 144 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	55 168 168	
AV/VBM TOTAL	947	470	31 105	20 20	26 112	49 174 168	41 142 89	73 22 795 113	31 164 152	
SANTA MONICA 6250062C AV/VBM TOTAL	940 0 940	407 105 512	111 31 142	31 16 47	88 39 127	53 221	45 134	20 133	41 193	
SANIA MONICA 6250063A AV/AVBM TODAL	874 0 874	371 145 516	85 29 114	98 12 50	72 24 196	119 64 193	79 35 5 4	69 29 118	102 43 145	
SANTA MONICA 6250067A AV/VBM TOTAL	1108 0 1108	545 187 732	122 30 152	54 24 78	100 38 138	248 64 312	137 55 192	154 38 192	193 59 252	
SANDA MONJEA 6250067F AV/VBM TOTAL	997	43 / 22 1 65 8	86 42 128	% 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	130 716 24 205	185 185 84 269				

COUNTY OF LOS AN	igeles grn	ERAL ELECT	NOI				novembei	2, 2010		PAGE :	116.5
FINAL OFFICIA STATEMENT OF CITY/PREC	VOTES CAST	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST	SANTA MON BOARD OF : PATRICK CADY	ICA-MALIBU EDUCATION JAKE WACHTEL	CHRIS BLEY	LAURIE LIEBERMAN	BARRY A SNELL	NIMISH PATEL	RALPH MECHUR	
SANTA MONICA AV/YEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA	6250069A 6250070A 6250071A 6250076A 6250076A	11004 1029 0 1029 0 1029 661 933 0 933 1083 1083 1083 1083	428 207 635 459 223 682 431 495 420 420 420 420 420 420 420 420 420 420	49	32 88 32 22 21 53 26 99 141 49 159	60 155 88 49 137 101 65 153 91 49 140 68 56 124 84 230	86 296 137 78 277 149 46 195 268 218 121 339	101 27 118 68 186 115 76 39 115 22 127 115 70 185 223 233 243 243 243 243 243 243 243 243	118 162 123 63 186 173 101 33 134 40 42 63 205 142 63 205 158	166 86 252 162 59 221 132 34 166 126 88 250 153	
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VEM TOTAL SANTA MONICA	6250078A 6250083D 6250087A 6250088A 6250092A	867 0 867 1050 1050 1161 0 1161 877 859 0 859 0 959	398 181 579 512 474 312 786 219 648 367 176 543	138 50 188 124 152 156 73 229 110 83	61 16 77 78 23 78 36 36 26 26 33 12 45	117 55 172 144 104 87 191 162 73 31 110	167 76 243 226 129 186 127 313 210 211 172 74 246 171 189	112 78 190 14 56	121 56 177 118 134 93 227 152 213 97 36 313	55 169 7,75 64 240 143 99 242 220 132 65 139 139	

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GE	VERAL ELECTION				NOVEMBER	2, 2010		PAGE	116.6
	•	SANTA MON BOARD OF	ICA-MALIBU EDUCATION	USD					<u>.</u>
		PATRICK CADY	JAKE WACHTEL	CHRIS					
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST		The state of the s	BLEY	LAURIE LIEBERMAN	Barry a Snell		•		
	REGISTRA- BALLOTS	-					NIMISH PATEL	RALPH	
CITY/PREC	TION CAST						III ZANI KARIKA SISHILI KARISI ZA	MECHUR	
SANTA MONICA 62500940 ANY/WBM FOTAN SANTA MONICA 6250095A	9071 0 25 1978 1189 47	1 7 0 115	108 47	117 49 166 97 62	219 112 333 197 129	144 74 218 138 82	219 105 60	186 94 -220 182 100	
AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA WOMICA 6250169A AV/VBM TOTAL	0 27 1189 74 1048 124 1048 70	5 176 2 106 2 108 3 108 3 108	82 53 37	159	326 326 997 79	220 115 74 189	165 140 66	282 122 70	
SANTA MONICA 6250113A AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA: 6250120A	1032 36 0 22 1032 59	7 75 4 49 1 124	41 25 66	82 51 133	164 100 264 231	91 66 157 136	96 69 165 139		
BV/VBM TOTAT SANTA MONICA 6250120B AV/VBM	0 16 979 65 1174 55 0 23	0 153 0 65	73	122 55	296 261 104 365	136 132 61 193	41 180 175 59 234	23 201	
TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6258121A AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250127A	1174 78 1176 3 37 11 6 1 5 15 15 576 52 900 45	2 88 6 3 38 8 126	37 18 18	89 58 147	152 169 221 184	100 100 102 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103	106 127 133 105	225 55 181	
AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250128A AV/VBM	0 17 900 62 325 32	0 40 6 141 4 6	19 71 28	32 120 80 69	74 258 184	50 147 75	42 147 161 71	183 6	
TOTAL SANTA MONICA *6250128C AV/VBM TOTAL TOPANCA *TIGGUEDE	0 6 94 6	8	18 18	0 21 21	29 29	13	0 24 24		7
TOPANCA XICOGO OF AV/VEM 7100033A 7100033A AV/VEM	262 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	4 1 1 1 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3	27 27 87 26	53 53 117 64	59 178 80	80	27 27 124 60	122) 8:	
TOTAL PRECINCT TOTAL VOTE	1034 72 70857 302	1 232	113	181	258 12051	186	184 2813		

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GEN	ERAL ELECT	'ION				november	2, 2010		PAGE :	116.7
			SANTA MON BOARD OF I	CA-MALIBU EDUCATION	USD	-				
·			PATRICK CADY				•			
FINAL OFFICIAL				JAKE WACHTEL	CHRIS					
STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST	STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST				BLEY	LAURIE LIEBERMAN	BARRY A SNELL NIMISH			
	REGISTRA-	BALLOTS CAST						PATEL	RALPH MECHUR	·
CITY/PREC	TION								1	
VEM TOTAL VOTE VBM BY GROUP TOTAL	0	15599 14	3751 4	2019 3	4005	5930 4	4316 2	1 420s		
GRAND TOTAL, YOTB	70857	46030	11646	6005	10982	17985	11661	13019	14271	
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COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GEN	ERAL ELECT	ION		V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	NOVEMBER	2, 2010		PAGE 1	16.8	
			SANTA MONI BOARD OF F	CA-MALIBU	USD		-				
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST						Laurie Lieberman	BARRY A				
								NIMISH PATEL	RALPH		
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST							MECHUR		
COUNTYWIDE VOTE BY MAIL	1111170887 70887 0	30477 15613	3755	3983 2022	6973 4009	12051 5934	4318	8813 4206	9526 4745		
TOTAL 30TH US CONGRESSIONAL	70857 70857	46030 30417	7891	3983	10982 6973	17585 17585 12051	11661 7343	13019 8813	1 4271 9526		
TOTAL	70857	15613 46030	3786 11646	2022 6005	10982	598 4 17985	4313 11661	426c 13019	14271		
Z3RD ST SENATE	70857 0	20417. 15613	7891 3755	3983 2022	4009	5934	7343 4318	8603 4206	9526 4745		
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COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GEN	ERAL ELECT	ION				NOVEMBER	2, 2010		PAGE 1	16.9
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FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST	REGISTRA-	BALLOTS			BLEY	LAURIE LIEBERMAN	BARRY A SNELL	NIMISH PATEL	RALPH	
CITY/PREC 3RD STIPPEVISOR AL; VOTE BY MALE TOTAL	TION 0 70857	CAST 15613 46030	11646	2022 6005	10982	17985	11661	420 6 13019	MECHUR 4745 11271 14271	
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TOTAL CITY OF MALIBU	70857 8.767	3538	1362	. 517	903	17985 1034	11661 974	13019 1198		
CTLY OR MALTHU VOTE BY MATH TOTAL	8767 	2157 5695	638 2000		1488 1488	1716 1716	1548		1484	
CITY OF SANTA MONICA CITY OF SANTA MONICA VOTE BY MAIL	0	12531 38128	2835	1601	3174 8623				3941	
UNINCORPORATED UNINCORPORATED VOTE BY WALL	2970	1282	413 282	190	311 · 250	399 269	267 285			

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GENERAL ELECTION	ON		NOVEMBER 2, 2010	PAGE	116.10	
	SANTA MONICA- BOARD OF EDUC PATRICK	-MALIBU USD CATION				
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST	OF VOTES CAST		LAURIE LIEBERMAN BARRY A SNELL	TIMISH PATEL		
CITY/PREC TION	BALLOTS CAST			RALPH MECHUR		
29/9	2207 695	369 - 100 -	566 502	541		

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GEN	DUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GENERAL ELECTION					NOVEMBER	2, 2010		PAGE	117.1
				CA-MALIBU DUCATION	USD					
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STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST										
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MALIBU 4050002A AVYYEM TOTAL			98 74 172							
MALIBU 4050002I AV/VBM	1102 0	403 253	92 47	, • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	TO MOUNT HOUSE IN THE		<u> Marijariki pakti propirti i</u>	ing breise bereinen en er	ATTERNATION OF STATE	s folice) visibles misuritament ampre massem repre
TOTAL MANUSU 4050051X AV/VBM	1102 1204	656 520 - 1117 319 - 1117 848 - 1117	139 116 64							
MALIBU 4050057A	929	398	109 75							
AV/VBM TOTAL MATJEU	. 0 929 2004-1070	235 633 44.0	48 123							
AND TOTAL SELECTION OF THE SELECTION OF	2070	250 660	130 130							
MALIBU 4050060A AV/VBM TOTAL	1070 0 1070	479 237 716	123 48 171					almani milulmi a zialydi delgi kali (dia Elsa) (ta kweke	. ja parvamin 135 co kjildrikiyi sakkatik	
MALIBU (1906)	1129	505) 282 787	120							
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TOTAL MALTBU HEIGHTS 406000LA AV/WBM	988 327 2 0	680 484 124 134 75 144 134	163 47							
MALIEU HEIGHTS *4060001C	99	259 0	10 57 0							
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AV/XAM	0 686	63 17 311	10 58 0							
MALIBU HEIGHTS *4060003B O AV/VBM O TOTAL	0 53	40 40	6 6	and heavy terminate the second	enggasaaggaanscobus	n indrangantancearacan		iorichischer server	THE RESERVE THE PROPERTY OF TH	organizatornissinosissinosissi
MALTEU RECOPTS 206064A AV/WEN POTAL	338	144 93	28 18							

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GEN	VERAL ELECTION			NOVEMBER 2, 2010	PAGE 117.2
		SANTA MONICA BOARD OF EDU		-	
		OSCAR DE LA TORRE			
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST					·
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CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- BALLOT TION CAST	3			
MALTED HETGETS 4060605B	266 Julius 266 Julius				
MALIBU HEIGHTS 4060012A] 319] 1	58			
AV/VBM TOTAL	319 2	33 22 30 49 4 2 2 129			
SANTA MONICA 6250001A AV/VBM TOTAL		79 75 208			
SANTA MONICA 6250003A AV/VBM	1151 5 0 3	26 144 50 95	(\$ 150 N 12: 150 N 12: 151 N 13: 151 N 13: 151 N 13: 151 N 13: 151 N 13: 151 N 13: 151 N 13: 151 N 13: 151 N 13		
TOTAL SANTA MONICA: 125006A	1151	76 239 12 11 11 11 10 11 53 283			
AV/VBM. TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250008A	1194 4	65 283 48 148			
AV/VBM TOTAL	0 3	11 96 59 244	e representation de la company	endowownach onerhingsperikenskripenierhenden schierte	
SANTA MONICA 62500 DA AV/VEM		53 44 80			
SANTA MONICA 6250010B AV/VBM	1054 5	97 224 224 23 23 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24	(07) 1931 1932 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 1933 	នប៉ុន្មិត ប្រមួញ ម៉ូស្រែងមិន ស្រាប់នេះបានមានប្រជាជាក្នុង ប្រជាជាក្នុង ប្រជាជាការការការការការការការការការការការ 	SECTION AND COMPANIAN AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND A
TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250010F	1054	23 238 81 23 238			
AV/VBM TOROT	1019	98 69 81 261			
SANTA MONICA 6250012A AV/VBM	0 :	42 174 94 68 36 242	•		
TOTAL SANIA WONICA 6250012D AWYEM		41 2634			
SANTA MONICA 6250015A	. 1087 4	33 142			
O AV/VBM TOTAL CANTA MON CA	1087	06 75 39 217 23 15 15 121 13			
GANTA MONTCA 6250017A AV/VBM TOTAL		49 68 72 209			

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GE	NERAL ELECTION		NOVEMBER 2, 2010	PAGE 117.3		
	•	SANTA MONICA-MALIBU USD BOARD OF EDUCATION				
	•	OSCAR DE LA TORRE				
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST						
STATEMENT OF VOIES CAST						
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- BALLOT TION CAST	5				
SANTA MONICA 62500188 AV/VEN TOTAL	688 1 5					
SANTA MONICA 6250019A AV/VBM TOTAL	0 2 1191 6	26 126 07 72 33 198				
SANTA MONICA 6250626A ZWAVEM 6250626A TOTAL	1027					
SANTA MONICA 6250023A AV/VBM TOTAL	0 1 865 5	125 73 67 64 192	TAGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGG	тингт ыншигныгыныгызыг (Зоозаластиялагаааааа		
SANTA MONICA 6250025B AV/VBM TOTAL	01 5 L	10 3 58 3 283				
SANTA MONICA 6250026A AV/VBM TOTAL	0 3 1173 8	19 211 18 120 37 331	HE ASSAMENTATION (2006) (1906) IN THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY	realist securities and the control of the control o		
SAUTA MONICA 6250029A AV/720M TOTAL	884					
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM TOTAL	0 2 909 6	02 141 09 72 11 213	n de la la calacación de la composition de la calacación de la calacación de la calacación de la calacación de	THE RESIDENCE OF THE PROPERTY		
SANTA MONICA 6250032A AV/VBW TOTAL	1 5 5					
SANTA MONICA 6250034A AV/VBM ATOTAL	0 1 878 5	07 154 73 55 80 209	лимини проможения в применения в применения в применения в применения в применения в применения в применения в	angan pangangan na kangangan pangangan angan na kangan na kangan na kangan na kangan na kangan na kangan na ka		
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SANTA MONICA 6250043A AV/VBM TOTAL TOTAL	0 2 1008 6	161 08	egeggggggggggggggggggggggggggggggggggg	nganggagagagagagagagagagagagagagagagaga		
AV/VBM TOTAL	11(4 0 2 1314 7	17.4 24 79 2 31 253 5 4 7 7 7				

COUNTY OF LOS AN	igeles gei	veral elect	ION				NOVEMBER	2, 2010	PAGE	117.4•									
'				SANTA MONI BOARD OF I	CA-MALIBU EDUCATION	USD													
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POTAE!			202 606																
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250050A	934 0	389 202	151 79															
TOTAL SANTA MONICA	6250052A	934 1056	591 408	230 274 73															
AY XIM		2016	204 677																
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250052D	989 0	350 183	143 71		·													
TOTAL SANTA MONICA	######################################	989 1010	533 256 193	214 130 66															
AV/VEM TOTAE			549																
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250053F	867 0	346 185	124 83															
TOTAL SANTA MONICA	(# 6250055A	887 1056	531 918 167	207 113															
AV VIEW TOTAL		0 2056:	MHH H485	61 1775															
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250060A	872 0	365 162	150 72															
total Canta nontea	- 6250062A	872 947	527 523	222 22193															
AVVVBM TOTAL		947	117 470	54 247															
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250062C	940 0	407 105	243 58				,											
TOTAL SANIA MONICA	11 6250065A	940 874	512 1911 1921	301															
AV/VBM TOTAL		874	145 516	111111111111111111111111111111111111111															
SANTA MONICA AV/VBM	6250067A	1108	. 545 187	229 67	comment for these automobilities to the state such selection	The state of the s	4		 A programme and the Market										
O TOTAL	1=16250087F	1108 997	732 1005 1237	296															
AV/VBV		907	291 658	. 25 80 262															
		imainsinis iistoides						nuncialininganeneleest	de la TY OF LOS ANGELES GET	NERAL BLECT	ION				NOVEMBER	2, 2010		PAGE	117.5
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			SANTA MONI BOARD OF I	CA-MALIBU	USD			**************************************	(
			OSCAR DE I TORRE	LA															
FINAL OFFICIAL		:			1														
STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST						l													
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CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST																	
SANTA MODECA 6250068F			168																
TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250069A	100a 1029	207 636 459	79 247 172																
AV/VBM TOTAL	0 1029	223 682	89 261				·												
SANTA MONTCA 6250970A	861 0	433 198	178 67																
UCTAL SANTA MONICA 6250071A AV/VEM	933 0	364 131	185 62																
TOTAL	933 83 4	495 495	247																
AV/VEN L TOTAL	e3 4	183 608	64 210																
SANTA MONICA 6250076A AV/VBM	1083	496 274	164 92																
TOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250076B AV/VBM	1083 981	770 488 180	256 1 6 4 52																
DOTAL 6250078A	981 867	868 398	216 152																
AV/VBM TOTAL	0 867	181 579	61 213					•											
CANTA MONICA 6250081D AV/VBM TOTAL	1050 1050 1050	177	91																
SANTA MONICA 6250087A AV/VBM	1161	689 474 312	254 162 110																
TOTAL	1161 87 7	786 446	272 278 1100																
TOWER P.	877	210 668	70 248																
SANTA MONICA 6250092A AV/VEM	859	367 176	163 73	en v															
TOTAL SANTA MONICA AV/VAN	859 933	543 291 247	236 63 01																
			764																

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GE	NERAL ELECTION					NOVEMBER	2, 2010		PAGE :	117.6
				CA-MALIBU DUCATION	USD			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
		OSC	CAR DE L RE	A						
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST										
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CITY/PREC	TION C	LLOTS AST								
SANTA MONICA 5250094D AV/VEM TOTAL	1071 0 1071	486 251 737	192 87 279							
SANTA MONICA 6250095A AV/VBM TOTAL	1189 0 1189	470 275 745	188 97 285				arsanchian in in in in in in in in in in in in in		ASTROPHOLOGIST (CASTROL)	-SITINANTIGIN KWANGANISHIGANIGA
SANTA MONECA 6250108A AV/VBM LOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250113A	1048 1048 1032	462 242 704 367	159 77 236 133							
AV/VBM TOTAL	0 1032 1032	224 591	88 221 228							
AV/VBM BOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250120B	1174	161 651 550	25 283 213							
AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONTCA	0 1174 ##################################	230 780 372	93 306 163			ilayi derikan kandari Toda berlayaran kesa				
AY YEM LOTAL SANTA MONICA 6250127A	97 5 900	156 528 456	62 215 186							
AV/VBM TOTAL SANTA MONTCA 525-0128A	0 900 825	170 626 1324	70 256							
AV/YBM TOTAT SANTA MONICA *6250128C	825 94	244 244 1568	54 167 0							
AV/VBM TOTAL FORMICK *7.10003CB	0 . 94 262	68 68	30 30							
TOPANGA 710033A	262 1034	477	0 53 53 115							
AV/VBM TOTAL	0 1034	244 721	67 182							
PRECINCULATION AND MOVE CO.	70857	30417	10736							

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GEN	NERAL ELECT	ION				NOVEMBE	R 2, 2010	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	PAGE :	117.7
	,		SANTA MONI BOARD OF E	CA-MALIBU EDUCATION	USD					
			OSCAR DE I	ĽΑ.						
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST										
·	•							l		
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST								
VBM TOTAL VOTS VBM BY GROUP TOTAL	a 0	15599 14	1 03 6							
GRAND TOTAL VOTE	70857	46030	15788							

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GE	NERAL ELEC	LION				NOVEMBE	R 2, 2010		PAGE	117.8
			SANTA MON BOARD OF	ICA-MALIBU EDUCATION	USD					
*			OSCAR DE :	LA						
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST								•		
				·		[1		
· CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST								
COUNTYWIDE COUNTYWIDE	70857 0	30 4 17 15613	10736 5052							
TOTAL	76857		15788							
OTH US CONGRESSIONAL	7 0857	30417	10736							
OTH US CONGRESS TOWAL VCTE BY MAIL TOTAL	70857	15613 46030	5052 15788							
ZERD ST SENATE	70857. 0	30417 15613	10736 5052							
VOTE BY MAIL	70857	46030	15/188							
IST STATE ASSEMBLY	70857	30417	10736							
IET STATE ASSEMBLY VOTE EY MAIL TOTAL	70857	15613 46030	5052 15788							
RD SUPERVISORIAL	70857	30417								

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GET	VERAL ELECT	ION				NOVEMBE	2, 2010		PAGE	117.9
		•	SANTA MON BOARD OF	ICA-MALIBU EDUCATION	USD					
			OSCAR DE : TORRE	LA 1				•		
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST					***				-	
CITY/PREC	REGISTRA- TION	BALLOTS CAST								
JRD SUPERVISORIAL VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	70857	156 3 46030	15788							
4TH ECARD OF EQUALIZATION 4TH BOARD OF EQUALIZATION	7 6857 0	30417 15613	10736 5052							
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL CITY OF MALIBU	70857 70857 8767	46036 3538	15788 111 111 111 111							
CTTY OF MALLEO VOTE BY WAIL TOTAL	8767	21 97 21 97 5695	453 1263							
CITY OF SANTA MONICA	59129 0	26597 12531	9638 9638 4389							
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL UNINCORPORATED	59026 2970	38128 1282	14027 288							
UNINCORPORATED VOIR BY MAIL	Ö	936	31,2316 21,231 21,331							

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES GE	NERAL ELECT	TON				NOVEMBE	R 2, 2010		PAGE :	117.10
			BOARD OF		USD					
			OSCAR DE TORRE	La I		,				
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST						1				
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	REGISTRA-	BALLOTS							l	
CITY/PREC	TION	CAST	es in services							
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Los Angeles County Registrar-Recorder/County Clerk Certificate of the Canvass of the Election Returns

OFFICIAL ELECTION RETURNS GENERAL ELECTION - NOVEMBER 2, 2010 CANVASS OF WRITE-IN VOTES

GOVERNOR

아는 말이 어려지 않는 그 꽃잎을 잘 되었다고 모	VOTES CAST
HUGH BAGLEY	1
ANSELMO A. CHAVEZ	0
RAKESH KUMAR CHRISTIAN	1
CASSANDRA A. LIEURANCE	2
ROWAN MILLAR	0
LEA SHERMAN	14.
NADIA B. SMALLEY	2
JACOB VANGELISTI	1

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR

KAREN ENGLAND 2,336

UNITED STATES SENATOR

JERRY LEON CARROLL 0
JAMES E. HARRIS 15
HANS J. KUGLER 2
CONNOR VLAKANCIC 0

UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE

(CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE)

COSM 796

Los Angeles County Begistrar-Becorder/County Clerk

Certificate of the Canvass of the Election Returns

OFFICIAL ELECTION RETURNS GENERAL ELECTION - NOVEMBER 2, 2010 CANVASS OF WRITE-IN VOTES

STATE SENATOR

24TH DISTRICT WILLIAM RODRIGUEZ MORRISON **VOTES CAST**

MEMBER OF THE STATE ASSEMBLY

42ND DISTRICT DAVID HERNANDEZ

57[™] DISTRICT MIKE MEZA

VOTES CAST

SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

DIANE LENNING

VOTES CAST

JUDGE-SUPERIOR COURT OFFICE NO. 136

MARYETTA C. MARKS

VOTES CAST

CITY OF SANTA MONICA

MEMBER OF THE CITY COUNCIL JEFF DECKER

VOTES CAST

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my seal this 29th day of November 2010.



DEAN C. LOGAL Registrar-Recorder/County Clerk County of Los Angeles

Muchon

COSM 797

Adopted and approved this 7th day of December, 2016

Bobby Shriver, Mayor

I, Maria M. Stewart, City Clerk of the City of Santa Monica, do hereby certify that the foregoing Resolution No. 10547 (CCS) was duly adopted at a meeting of the Santa Monica City Council held on the 7th day of December, 2010, by the following vote:

Ayes:

Councilmembers:

Bloom, Davis, Holbrook, McKeown, O'Day,

Mayor Pro Tem O'Connor, Mayor Shriver

Noes:

Councilmembers:

None

Abstain:

Councilmembers:

None

Absent:

Councilmembers:

None

ATTEST:

Maria M. Stewart, City Clerk





Los Angeles County Registrar-Recorder/County Clerk

DEAN C. LOGAN Registrar-Recorder/County Clerk

December 2, 2016

Denise Anderson-Warren, City Clerk City of Santa Monica 1685 Main Street, Room 102 Santa Monica, California 90407

Dear Ms. Anderson-Warren:

Enclosed are the Official Canvass Certificate and the Official Statement of Votes Cast by precinct for the City of Santa Monica General and Special Municipal Election consolidated with the General Election held on November 8, 2016.

Please call the Election Planning Section at (562) 462-2317, if you have any questions.

Sincerely,

DEAN C. LOGAN Registrar-Recorder/County Clerk

FRANCIS GUIJARO, Head Election Planning Section

Enclosures Official Canvass Certificate Official Statement of Votes Cast

I 2016EF LAMCE CanvassCert CityLetter

LAVOID. DET

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Los Angeles County Begistrar-Becorder/County Clerk

Certificate of the Canvass of the Election Returns

I, DEAN C. LOGAN, Registrar-Recorder/County Clerk of the County of Los Angeles, of the State of California, DO HEREBY CERTIFY that pursuant to the provisions of Section 15300 et seq. of the California Elections Code, I did canvass the returns of the votes cast for each elective office and/or measure(s) for

Santa Monica City

at the General Election, held on the 8th day of November 2016.

I FURTHER CERTIFY that the Statement of Votes Cast, to which this certificate is attached, shows the total number of ballots cast in said jurisdiction, and that the whole number of votes cast for each candidate and/or measure(s) in said jurisdiction in each of the respective precincts therein, and the totals of the respective columns and the totals as shown for each candidate and/or measure(s) are full, true and correct.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my seal this 2nd day of December 2016.



DEAN C. LOGAN

Registrar-Recorder/County Clerk

County of Los Angeles

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL E	LECTION	***************************************	***************************************	***************************************	***************************************		***************************************	***************************************	11/08/16	***************************************		153.1	- PAGE - 119	23 of 12214
				COUNCILN											
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT				1800	AWESTWATSON	TED WINTERER	70VV WEDLES	MENDE SWITH	OSCAPOELA	04/544021V4	TEARNOE LATER	No.	W		
LOCATION		REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	TERRY ODAY	AMES.	TEO WILL	140/	MENDE	80	ONEN ONNS	ZEREW.	MELY ONANG	NAM		
SANTA MONICA - 6250001A VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2372	980 0	453 367	148 124	41 41	145 147	117 117	45 26	85 76	115 139	84 51	141 105	33 23		
TOTAL	OE1 117 12 207 2	980	820	272	82	292	234	71	161	254	135	246	56		
SANTA MONICA - 6250003C VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2373	1104 0	459 454	135 169	40 55	127 156	118 132	27 33	89 76	114 154	69 77	133 135	20 37		
TOTAL	OLNIAL 2010	1104	913	304	95	283	250	60	165	268	146	268	57		
SANTA MONICA - 6250005A		1407	620	229	68	222	209	55	113	212	38	160	27		
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2374	0 1407	517 1137	201 430	65 133	183 405	202 411	44 99	88 201	205 417	50 88	137 297	31 58		
SANTA MONICA - 6250006A		1203	606	229	77	237	222	59	128	205	68	171	47		
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2375	0	368	155	42	141	133	31	78	136	33	86	30		
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250008A		1203 1225	974 503	384 166	119 67	378 134	355 138	90 59	206 93	341 123	101 62	257 121	77 45		
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2376	0	454	171	64	178	155	32	66	164	55	90	38		
TOTAL		1225	957	337	131	312	293	91	159	287	117	211	83		
SANTA MONICA - 6250010E VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2377	1341 0	607 402	202 144	80 54	188 142	196 134	57 25	121 64	192 141	53 27	123 88	41 33		
TOTAL	SERIAL 2377	1341	1009	346	134	330	330	82 82	185	333	27 80	211	74		
SANTA MONICA - 6250011A		1311	546	183	75	154	171	61	111	162	65	116	27		
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2378	0 1311	430 976	168 351	80 155	155 309	141 312	45 106	68 179	163 325	30 95	90 206	43 70		
SANTA MONICA - 6250015B		1406	561	204	49	195	176	50	96	182	62	154	40		
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2379	o	539	188	59	175	165	50	101	177	59	199	38		
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250016A		1406 1551	1100 663	392 244	108 93	370 230	341 236	100 76	197 144	359 228	121 85	353 192	78 56		
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2380	1551	511	244	53	188	236 170	76 72	91	228	45	192	31		
TOTAL		1551	1174	452	146	418	406	148	235	429	130	315	87		
SANTA MONICA - 6250017A	OFFINAL COOM	1397	624 481	223	58 44	228 204	195	40	119 79	203	95	181	34 38		
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2381	0 1397	1105	191 414	102	432	144 339	27 67	198	169 372	66 161	134 315	72		
SANTA MONICA - 6250019A		1843	663	217	92	174	197	77	122	180	68	131	52		
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2382	0	540	200	95	168	158	50	91	190	62	106	53		
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250020A		1843 1213	1203 582	417 197	187 64	342 174	355 172	127 56	213 99	370 162	130 65	237 145	105 29		
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2383	0	352	127	42	135	129	34	59	126	31	76	34		
TOTAL		1213	934	324	106	309	301	90	158	288	96	221	63		
SANTA MONICA - 6250024A VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2384	884 0	450 251	139 102	56 39	129 76	135 82	51 22	101 46	132 94	43 18	102 52	37 19		
TOTAL	OLI IIAL 2004	884	701	241	95	205	217	73	147	226	61	154	56		
8															

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL E	LECTION	***************************************	***************************************	***************************************	***************************************	***************************************			11/08/16	***************************************	***************************************	153.2	- PAGE - 1192	24 of 12214
				COUNCILM											
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT				1800	AMEST WATSON	TED WINTERER	JOHN WZOLES	MENDE SWITH	OSCAPOELA	04/544021V4	TEARNOE LATER	N MANS	W		
LOCATION		REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	TERRY 0241	AMES	TEO WILL	No.	MENDE	80	ONEN ONNS	ZEREW.	ASMEN MELKOMANS	NAM		
SANTA MONICA - 6250025B VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2385	1362 0	558 372	182 148	51 54	131 138	196 168	47 41	221 109	152 149	39 31	112 69	46 40		
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250026A VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2386	1362 1335 0	930 633 436	330 222 155	105 73 47	269 216 150	364 226 154	88 74 44	330 188 99	301 195	70 64 53	181 179 130	86 39 35		
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250029A	SERIAL 2300	1335 803	1069 392	377 128	120 35	366 117	380 123	118 36	287 80	159 354 105	117 42	309 139	74 31		
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2387	0 803	269 661	98 226	33 68	94 211	77 200	18 54	56 136	87 192	28 70	88 227	28 59		
SANTA MONICA - 6250032A VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2388	1333 0	534 474	189 197	61 58	174 179	181 179	50 29	114 83	190 182	61 25	135 122	42 36		
SANTA MONICA - 6250034A VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2389	1333 1373 0	1008 650 428	386 256 162	119 74 47	353 227 170	360 221 149	79 70 38	197 132 82	372 235 170	86 46 37	257 156 102	78 50 25		
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250036B		1373 1390	1078 575	418 222	121 76	397 214	370 205	108 46	214 116	405 217	83 59	258 148	75 51		
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2390	0 1390	446 1021	154 376	62 138	142 356	159 364	36 82	80 196	161 378	39 98	86 234	39 90		
SANTA MONICA - 6250041A VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2391	1557 0 1557	621 480 1101	211 175 386	83 70 153	203 160 363	221 163 384	89 53 142	120 97 217	223 174 397	74 51 125	139 102 241	62 41 103		
SANTA MONICA - 6250045A VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2392	1473	624 470	201 198	92 69	180 148	201 164	60 51	135 97	187 181	69 34	145 116	33 37		
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250046A	OFPIAL COOR	1473 1417	1094 607	399 240	161 62	328 207	365 228	111 68	232 124	368 205	103 59	261 128	70 46		
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250050A	SERIAL 2393	0 1417 1191	446 1053 484	188 428 175	40 102 50	161 368 168	166 394 171	40 108 63	88 212 98	183 388 180	41 100 49	78 206 95	36 82 45		
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2394	0 1191	393 877	174 349	56 106	156 324	159 330	41 104	85 183	171 351	27 76	76 171	26 71		
SANTA MONICA - 6250051A VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2395	1446 0	652 432	234 159	80 43	186 169	205 157	60 38	141 93	190 153	72 32	142 102	39 29		
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250052B VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2396	1446 1168 0	1084 479 322	393 174 124	123 66 61	355 128 100	362 188 101	98 60 37	234 107 75	343 151 108	104 55 34	244 96 61	68 25 23		
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250053A	OE11171E 2000	1168 1528	801 583	298 223	127 63	228 175	289 186	97 68	182 139	259 198	89 54	157 124	48 35		
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2397	0 1528	508 1091	190 413	69 132	162 337	185 371	41 109	94 233	196 394	46 100	100 224	46 81		

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL E	LECTION	***************************************	***************************************	***************************************	***************************************			***************************************	11/08/16			153.3	- PAGE - 1192	25 of 12214
				COUNCILM											
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT				1800	AMES TWATSON	TED WINTERES	ZWWWZ	MENDE SWITH	OSCAPOELA	04544 02.1VA	TEAENCE LATES	ARINEN WELKOWANS	W		
LOCATION		REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	TERRY 0241	SAME'S	ZZ MI	140/	MENDE	8 Z	04/20 04/20 04/30	ZEREW.	ARIVE VELYON	NAM		
SANTA MONICA - 6250056A VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2398	1333 0 1333	428 294 722	131 97 228	75 53 128	97 76 173	115 86 201	63 30 93	92 66 158	102 102 204	45 24 69	88 57 145	45 34 79		
SANTA MONICA - 6250060A VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2399	1068	403 288	126 106	49 41	95 80	156 114	38 30	151 91	101 95	38	84 65	30 26		
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250061A VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2400	1068 1189	558 247	232 227 95	90 57 34	175 167 90	270 267 100	68 46 23	242 294 93	196 201 101	71 27 20	149 87 52	56 37 21		
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250062A		1189 1074	805 510	322 189	91 53	257 118	367 196	69 67	387 256	302 157	47 43	139 111	58 40		
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250067A	SERIAL 2401	0 1074 1419	233 743 710	90 279 246	29 82 62	69 187 278	78 274 283	22 89 70	66 322 152	85 242 253	26 69 60	51 162 155	18 58 46		
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2402	0 1419	403 1113	163 409	48 110	168 446	173 456	38 108	57 209	150 403	40 100	97 252	31 77		
SANTA MONICA - 6250069A VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2403	1281 0 1281	579 447 1026	251 169 420	48 40 88	218 149 367	226 152 378	67 50 117	145 86 231	207 140 347	67 41 108	136 116 252	38 34 72		
SANTA MONICA - 6250070A VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2404	1179 0	484 419	200 188	52 59	195 155	215 181	45 58	118 97	188 166	45 45	142 114	54 38		
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250071A VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2405	1179 1102 0	903 489 241	388 200 107	111 46 28	350 135 70	396 194 111	103 47 31	215 204 74	354 162 94	90 40 13	256 79 56	92 43 26		
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250072A VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2406	1102 1461 0	730 706 451	307 266 196	74 63 49	205 261 193	305 267 174	78 73 50	278 167 98	256 235 171	53 81 48	135 207 124	69 49 30		
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250076B	SENTAL 2400	1461 927	1157 454	462 167	112 52	454 156	441 170	123 51	265 119	406 144	129 39	331 149	79 30		
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250078A	SERIAL 2407	0 927 945	319 773 529	112 279 167	37 89 47	118 274 161	113 283 153	37 88 55	95 214 132	104 248 129	40 79 46	105 254 125	37 67 29		
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2408	0 945	287 816	116 283	40 87	110 271	107 260	26 81	74 206	101 230	35 81	76 201	23 52		
SANTA MONICA - 6250081A VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2409	1290 0 1290	605 356 961	236 141 377	60 54 114	264 131 395	246 128 374	77 40 117	118 63 181	218 128 346	37 33 70	156 93 249	47 26 73		
SANTA MONICA - 6250083A VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2410	1287 0	621 407	225 176	55 44	240 172	236 171	53 45	141 94	204 161	70 36	167 107	43 21		
TOTAL		1287	1028	401	99	412	407	98	235	365	106	274	64		

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL E	LECTION	***************************************	***************************************	***************************************	***************************************				11/08/16			153.4	- PAGE - 1192	26 of 12214
				COUNCILM											
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT				1800	MESTWATSON	TED WINTERES	SANDAM MOZ	WENDE SWITH	OSCAPOELA	OLEAN OLVA	PERENCE LATES	ARINEN WELKOWANS	W		
LOCATION		REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	TERRY 0241	SAME'S	ZZ MI	140/	MENDE	8 Z	04/5M	ZEREW.	ARIVE VELYON	NAM		
SANTA MONICA - 6250085A VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2411	1359 0	598 429	224 176	68 57	216 152	226 161	83 53	147 123	207 148	62 50	201 131	49 39		
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250089A VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2412	1359 1347 0	1027 629 462	400 243 184	125 55 42	368 277 209	387 268 222	136 61 42	270 172 97	355 218 187	112 80 43	332 211 158	88 45 43		
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250092A		1347 1355	1091 603	427 252	97 50	486 287	490 265	103 66	269 134	405 223	123 47	369 157	88 46		
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250094B	SERIAL 2413	0 1355 1168	414 1017 547	180 432 175	42 92 71	204 491 179	192 457 158	42 108 61	99 233 99	177 400 168	35 82 58	95 252 124	25 71 52		
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2414	0 1168	388 935	141 316	45 116	157 336	153 311	31 92	60 159	140 308	18 76	105 229	22 74		
SANTA MONICA - 6250095A VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2415	1490 0 1490	608 489 1097	229 205 434	105 77 182	213 187 400	228 178 406	74 34 108	125 78 203	213 176 389	74 43 117	145 118 263	64 49 113		
SANTA MONICA - 6250098A VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2416	1403	634 477	220 193	66 50	266 175	234 172	64 41	117 77	230 184	55 35	144 83	72 35		
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250106A VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2417	1403 1469 0	1111 583 482	413 217 201	116 68 58	441 239 176	406 230 192	105 71 56	194 148 99	414 199 192	90 51 40	227 159 120	107 42 41		
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250107A	OLITIAL 2417	1469 1300	1065 556	418 190	126 63	415 206	422 207	127 43	247 95	391 204	91 40	279 104	83 42		
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2418	0 1300 1120	437 993 514	186 376 192	58 121	192 398 178	170 377	50 93 71	62 157 94	173 377	41 81 55	104 208	34 76 42		
SANTA MONICA - 6250110D VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2419	0 1120	357 871	132 132 324	64 32 96	145 323	172 132 304	38 109	56 150	184 153 337	33 88	119 77 196	18 60		
SANTA MONICA - 6250113A VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2420	1642 0 1642	682 540 1222	237 181 418	95 79 174	220 193 413	236 169 405	84 56 140	120 99 219	245 199 444	78 44 122	148 117 265	64 39 103		
SANTA MONICA - 6250121A VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2421	1716 0	648 546	230 214	84 78	187 172	226 195	83 69	156 102	210 179	61 63	159 123	55 34		
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250125A VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2422	1716 1204 0	1194 500 382	444 190 142	162 56 41	359 211 157	421 182 132	152 35 15	258 95 51	389 172 140	124 55 34	282 136 83	89 33 30		
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250127A	SERIAL 2422	1204 1266	882 618	332 248	97 84	368 267	314 247	50 53	146 135	312 226	89 48	219 138	63 42		
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2423	0 1266	376 994	150 398	53 137	155 422	139 386	46 99	75 210	156 382	23 71	62 200	20 62		

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL E	LECTION								11/08/16			153.5	- PAGE - 119	27 of 12214
				COUNCIL	IICA CITY GE MEMBER										
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT				1800	JAMES TWATSON	TED WAYTERER	SW WESTER	MENDE SMITH	080AP 08 LA	04V5W01V4	TERENCE LATER	ARMEN MELYOWANS	W		
LOCATION		REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	TEARY ODAY	AMES	TED WILL	140/	MENDE	8 2 3 3 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4	ON PO	Tenen.	ARWE VALYON	ONWANN		l
SANTA MONICA - 6250128A VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2424	931 0 931	380 369 749	138 127	45 34 79	133 165 298	123 122 245	36 16 52	62 71 133	117 120 237	43 36 79	108 100 208	30 33 63		
SANTA MONICA - 6250128C* VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 6343	78 0 78	0 58	0 31	0 3 3	0 29 29	0 32 32	0 4 4	0 4 4	0 29 29	0 0	0 10 10	0 1 1		
BALLOT GROUP 318 - 9990318A VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 8318	0 0	0 17	0 5	0 4 4	0 3 3	0 4 4	0 0	0 4 4	0 3 3	0 3 3	0 4 4	0 1 1		
TOTAL							-		7			-	1		

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL ELECTION	000000000000000000000000000000000000000		***************************************	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	***************************************	11/08/16	***************************************	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	153.6	- PAGE - 119	28 of 12214
		SANT/ COU	MONICA CITY GI NCILMEMBER	EN MUNI									
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT		BALLOTS CAST	TA SMA	E3/21/MM Q2/10127	John Wales	MENDE SMITH	OSCAPOELA	04V5W5W4V	TEMENCE LATER	ASIMEN MELKONANS	W		
LOCATION	REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	SAMES.	NA CEL	1/1/10/	MENOE 	\$ \$4 \$ \$5 \$ \$2	9/80 04/5/	New York	A PANACA PACACA LO	ON WANN		
PRECINCT TOTAL VBM TOTAL GROUP TOTAL	68644 0 0	29905 1	0789 3419 8469 2747 5 4	10127	10560 7892 4	3141 2071 0	6924 4328 4	9755 8084 3	3045 2054 3	7347	2241		
GRAND TOTAL	68644		9263 6170		18456	5212	11256	17842	5102	12603	3959		

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL E	LECTION							11/08/16		154.1	- PAGE - 119	29 of 12214
				DENTION	IICA CITY GE ITROL BOAR	D.							
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAS BY PRECINCT	Т			MQ17	A SOLONGEMERA SALANA	A.S.A.	7805/NEW						
LOCATION		REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	COWALTON	7004	AMS748/4 503789	2/2						
SANTA MONICA - 6250001A VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2372	980 0 980	453 367 820	51 24 75	103 64 167	84 72 156	99 81 180						
SANTA MONICA - 6250003C VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2373	1104 0	459 454 913	39 38 77	75 84	69 89 158	88 102						
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250005A VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2374	1104 1407 0	620 517	81 80	159 88 70	177 147	190 185 161						
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250006A VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2375	1407 1203 0	1137 606 368	161 110 61	158 82 54	324 191 103	346 193 104						
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250008A VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2376	1203 1225 0	974 503 454	171 73 58	136 90 81	294 103 104	297 130 103						
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250010E		1225 1341 0	957 607 402	131 95 58	171 105	207 151	233 185						
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250011A	SERIAL 2377	1341 1311	1009 546	153 84	54 159 87	115 266 150	131 316 193						
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250015B	SERIAL 2378	0 1311 1406	430 976 561	77 161 64	64 151 105	127 277 114	142 335 134						
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2379	0 1406	539 1100	73 137	104 209	133 247	143 277						
SANTA MONICA - 6250016A VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2380	1551 0 1551	663 511 1174	89 84 173	133 91 224	188 160 348	189 160 349						
SANTA MONICA - 6250017A VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2381	1397 0 1397	624 481 1105	65 58 123	105 76 181	104 84 188	112 110 222						
SANTA MONICA - 6250019A VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2382	1843 0 1843	663 540 1203	100 84 184	107 92 199	153 133 286	178 164 342						
SANTA MONICA - 6250020A VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2383	1213 0	582 352	99 51	80 47	157 110	164 119						
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250024A VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2384	1213 884 0	934 450 251	150 63 41	127 60 39	267 107 62	283 136 81						
TOTAL		884	701	104	99	169	217						

SANTA MONICA CITY GEN MUNI RENT CONTROL BOARD FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT LOCATION REGIST- RATION SANTA MONICA - 6250025B VOTE BY MAIL SERIAL 2385 SANTA MONICA - 6250026A SANTA MONICA - 6250026A VOTE BY MAIL SERIAL 2386 SERIAL 2387 SERIAL 2387 SERIAL 2388	
SANTA MONICA - 6250025B 1362 558 76 99 141 147 VOTE BY MAIL SERIAL 2385 0 372 70 71 121 128 TOTAL 1362 930 146 170 262 275 SANTA MONICA - 6250026A 1335 633 102 127 149 174 VOTE BY MAIL SERIAL 2386 0 436 50 61 98 117 TOTAL 1335 1069 152 188 247 291 SANTA MONICA - 6250029A 803 392 46 93 74 88 VOTE BY MAIL SERIAL 2387 0 269 33 49 55 69 TOTAL 803 661 79 142 129 157 SANTA MONICA - 6250032A 1333 534 80 91 147 163 VOTE BY MAIL SERIAL 2388 0 474 77 74 141 150 TOTAL 1333 1008 157 165 288 313	
SANTA MONICA - 6250025B 1362 558 76 99 141 147 VOTE BY MAIL SERIAL 2385 0 372 70 71 121 128 TOTAL 1362 930 146 170 262 275 SANTA MONICA - 6250026A 1335 633 102 127 149 174 VOTE BY MAIL SERIAL 2386 0 436 50 61 98 117 TOTAL 1335 1069 152 188 247 291 SANTA MONICA - 6250029A 803 392 46 93 74 88 VOTE BY MAIL SERIAL 2387 0 269 33 49 55 69 TOTAL 803 661 79 142 129 157 SANTA MONICA - 6250032A 1333 534 80 91 147 163 VOTE BY MAIL SERIAL 2388 0 474 77 74 141 150	
SANTA MONICA - 6250025B 1362 558 76 99 141 147 VOTE BY MAIL SERIAL 2385 0 372 70 71 121 128 TOTAL 1362 930 146 170 262 275 SANTA MONICA - 6250026A 1335 633 102 127 149 174 VOTE BY MAIL SERIAL 2386 0 436 50 61 98 117 TOTAL 1335 1069 152 188 247 291 SANTA MONICA - 6250029A 803 392 46 93 74 88 VOTE BY MAIL SERIAL 2387 0 269 33 49 55 69 TOTAL 803 661 79 142 129 157 SANTA MONICA - 6250032A 1333 534 80 91 147 163 VOTE BY MAIL SERIAL 2388 0 474 77 74 141 150	
SANTA MONICA - 6250026A 1335 633 102 127 149 174 VOTE BY MAIL SERIAL 2386 0 436 50 61 98 117 TOTAL 1335 1069 152 188 247 291 SANTA MONICA - 6250029A 803 392 46 93 74 88 VOTE BY MAIL SERIAL 2387 0 269 33 49 55 69 TOTAL 803 661 79 142 129 157 SANTA MONICA - 6250032A 1333 534 80 91 147 163 VOTE BY MAIL SERIAL 2388 0 474 77 74 141 150 TOTAL 1333 1008 157 165 288 313	1 1 1
SANTA MONICA - 6250029A 803 392 46 93 74 88 VOTE BY MAIL SERIAL 2387 0 269 33 49 55 69 TOTAL 803 661 79 142 129 157 SANTA MONICA - 6250032A 1333 534 80 91 147 163 VOTE BY MAIL SERIAL 2388 0 474 77 74 141 150 TOTAL 1333 1008 157 165 288 313	
TOTAL 803 661 79 142 129 157 SANTA MONICA - 6250032A 1333 534 80 91 147 163 VOTE BY MAIL SERIAL 2388 0 474 77 74 141 150 TOTAL 1333 1008 157 165 288 313	
TOTAL 1333 1008 157 165 288 313	
, 6/11/// (1/0/10/10// 020004//	
VOTE BY MAIL SERIAL 2389 0 428 63 56 146 161 TOTAL 1373 1078 152 167 329 363 SANTA MONICA - 6250036B 1390 575 100 110 182 211	
VOTE BY MAIL SERIAL 2390 0 446 71 68 138 167 TOTAL 1390 1021 171 178 320 378	
SANTA MONICA - 6250041A 1557 621 104 92 198 215 VOTE BY MAIL SERIAL 2391 0 480 92 74 140 154 TOTAL 1557 1101 196 166 338 369	
SANTA MONICA - 6250045A 1473 624 101 94 177 195 VOTE BY MAIL SERIAL 2392 0 470 91 70 141 162	
TOTAL 1473 1094 192 164 318 357 SANTA MONICA - 6250046A 1417 607 100 106 158 188 VOTE BY MAIL SERIAL 2393 0 446 91 59 133 146	
TOTAL 1417 1053 191 165 291 334 SANTA MONICA - 6250050A 1191 484 83 80 137 151 VOTE BY MAIL SERIAL 2394 0 393 58 62 132 157	
TOTAL 1191 877 141 142 269 308 SANTA MONICA - 6250051A 1446 652 98 90 167 189	
VOTE BY MAIL SERIAL 2395 0 432 67 59 127 124 TOTAL 1446 1084 165 149 294 313 SANTA MONICA - 6250052B 1168 479 72 90 128 145	
VOTE BY MAIL SERIAL 2396 0 322 56 44 106 92 TOTAL 1168 801 128 134 234 237	
SANTA MONICA - 6250053A 1528 583 88 102 175 189 VOTE BY MAIL SERIAL 2397 0 508 103 68 151 158 TOTAL 1528 1091 191 170 326 347	

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL E	LECTION							11/08/16		154.3	- PAGE - 119	31 of 12214
				DENT CON	IICA CITY GE ITROL BOARI	ח							
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT				MQ17	AN SOLOSA	ASA	7000/VEW						
LOCATION		REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	COWALTON	7004	AMS7289 FOSTER	2/2						
SANTA MONICA - 6250056A VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2398	1333 0 1333	428 294 722	59 56 115	86 42 128	86 85 171	116 96 212						
SANTA MONICA - 6250060A VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2399	1068 0	403 288	53 34	83 54	87 74	111 95						
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250061A VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2400	1068 1189 0	691 558 247	87 94 48	137 108 42	161 172 82	206 192 98						
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250062A VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2401	1189 1074 0	805 510 233	142 74 33	150 112 53	254 122 55	290 166 75						
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250067A		1074 1419	743 710	107 95	165 96	177 216	241 245						
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250069A	SERIAL 2402	0 1419 1281	403 1113 579	54 149 82	43 139 105	127 343 152	140 385 163						
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2403	0 1281	447 1026	72 154	63 168	111 263	113 276						
SANTA MONICA - 6250070A VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2404	1179 0 1179	484 419 903	52 60 112	78 61 139	133 129 262	150 150 300						
SANTA MONICA - 6250071A VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2405	1102 0 1102	489 241 730	72 41 113	77 48 125	136 72 208	141 79 220						
SANTA MONICA - 6250072A VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2406	1461 0	706 451	92 74	119 70	166 125	195 136						
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250076B VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2407	1461 927 0	1157 454 319	166 48 45	189 85 54	291 102 67	331 129 99						
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250078A VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2408	927 945 0	773 529 287	93 76 55	139 82 48	169 112 78	228 127 87						
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250081A	OLHIAL 2400	945 1290	816 605	131 110	130 108	190 186	214 195						
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250083A	SERIAL 2409	0 1290 1287	356 961 621	54 164 74	66 174 102	92 278 153	132 327 184						
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2410	0 1287	407 1028	85 159	55 157	127 280	136 320						

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL E	LECTION		000000000000000000000000000000000000000	***************************************		000000000000000000000000000000000000000	***************************************	11/08/16		000000000000000000000000000000000000000	154.4	- PAGE - 119	932 of 12214
FINAL OFFICIAL				DENTION	IICA CITY GE ITROL BOAR	D								
STATEMENT OF VOTES CAS BY PRECINCT	Т			MQ17	EN GEN	484	W SW S							
LOCATION		REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	NOT JAM CO	A SOLONGEMERA SALANA	4W674874 FOSTER	78086W							
SANTA MONICA - 6250085A		1359	598	82	99	154	184							
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2411	0 1359	429 1027	53 135	69 168	114 268	127 311							
SANTA MONICA - 6250089A		1347	629	83	113	149	158							
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2412	0	462	Į.	82	119	129							
TOTAL		1347	1091	134	195	268	287							
SANTA MONICA - 6250092A VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2413	1355 0	603 414	88 62	100 53	183 124	190 138							
TOTAL	OLITINE 2410	1355	1017	150	153	307	328							
SANTA MONICA - 6250094B		1168	547	89	98	146	153							
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2414	0	388	66	60	117	125							
TOTAL		1168	935	155	158	263	278							
SANTA MONICA - 6250095A VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2415	1490	608 489	103 77	113 79	183 132	205 171							
TOTAL	OLITIAL 2415	1490	1097	180	192	315	376							
SANTA MONICA - 6250098A		1403	634	102	89	168	198							
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2416	0	477	75	69	128	123							
TOTAL		1403	1111	177	158	296	321							
SANTA MONICA - 6250106A VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2417	1469	583 482	95 89	101 81	176 146	199 170							
TOTAL	SERIAL 2417	1469	482 1065	i e	182	322	369							
SANTA MONICA - 6250107A		1300	556	97	86	139	150							
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2418	o	437	66	77	124	141							
TOTAL		1300	993	163	163	263	291							
SANTA MONICA - 6250110D	OFFILM 0440	1120	514	78 54	99	147	172							
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2419	0 1120	357 871	54 132	50 149	110 257	137 309							
SANTA MONICA - 6250113A		1642	682	119	98	201	230							
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2420	o	540	88	72	169	184							
TOTAL		1642	1222	207	170	370	414							
SANTA MONICA - 6250121A	OFFINI DAG:	1716	648	108	112	179	197							
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2421	0 1716	546 1194	82 190	83 195	141 320	153 350							
SANTA MONICA - 6250125A		1204	500	63	91	117	139							
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2422	0	382	l	74	87	112							
TOTAL		1204	882		165	204	251							
SANTA MONICA - 6250127A		1266	618	1	85	205	206							
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2423	1000	376	i e	43	134	137							
TOTAL		1266	994	181	128	339	343							

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL E	LECTION								11/08/16			154.5	- PAGE - 119	33 of 12214
					IICA CITY GE ITROL BOAR										
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT				<i>M</i> ₂ ;	THOL BOAH	, ASA	WEW.								
LOCATION		REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	NOIMMION	0003	AM67-7007 FOSTER	7800/1/EM	l			I	I	I		l
SANTA MONICA - 6250128A VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2424	931 0 931	380 369 749	41 39	68 51 119	70 72 142	85 86 171								
SANTA MONICA - 6250128C* VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 6343	78 0 78	0 58	0 4	0 11 11	0 9 9	0 13 13								
BALLOT GROUP 318 - 9990318A VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 8318	0 0	0 17	0 1	0 5 5	0 3 3	0 5 5								

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL ELECTION	***************************************	***************************************			***************************************		11/08/16		***************************************	154.6	- PAGE - 119	934 of 12214
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT			SANTA MON RENT CON	43/		N.S.							
LOCATION	REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	NO MALTON	\$000°	AW674874 F0874894	7040LIVE W	l		l	I	I	 	I
PRECINCT TOTAL VBM TOTAL GROUP TOTAL	68644 0	29905 21740	4394 3333	5098 3388	7804 6018	8823 6768							
GROUP TOTAL GRAND TOTAL	0 68644	17 51662	1 7728	5 8491	3 13825	5 15596							

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL E	LECTION						 	11/08/16			161.1	- PAGE - 119	968 of 12214
					IICA COMM C TRUSTEES	COLLEGE								
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAS BY PRECINCT	Т	,		MOMOSES PERES MONES	4	⁷ 08 G 140Es	SUSANANINOFE							
LOCATION		REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	P. C. W. C.	300/802	, s 80 1	No. Se					I	I	
MALIBU - 4050002A		803	369	138	108	122	132							
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 1648		262	1	87	73	89							
TOTAL		803	631	235	195	195	221							
MALIBU - 4050003A		728	362	125	106	130	153							
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 1649	0	207	65	64	65	72							
TOTAL		728	569	190	170	195	225							
MALIBU - 4050004A	OFFINAL 4050	588	247	87	81	81	107							
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 1650	0	226	74	67	58	73							
MALIBU - 4050014A		588 914	473 384	161 119	148 84	139 109	180 123							
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 1651	914	281	99	75	109	113							
TOTAL	OLDIAL 1001	914	665	218	159	213	236							
MALIBU - 4050051A		1289	579	204	185	170	200							
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 1652	1200	428	136	127	132	141							
TOTAL	CETTIVE 1002	1289	1007	340	312	302	341							
MALIBU - 4050057A		920	408	116	132	123	131							
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 1653	0	318		96	119	128							
TOTAL		920	726		228	242	259							
MALIBU - 4050059B		635	280	92	86	68	100							
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 1654	0	198	59	53	64	71							
TOTAL		635	478	151	139	132	171							
MALIBU - 4050062A		942	450	135	143	126	157							
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 1655	0	347	118	112	109	123							
TOTAL		942	797	253	255	235	280							
MALIBU - 4050063A		967	363	129	115	104	132							
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 1656	0	389	Į.	125	127	141							
TOTAL		967	752	269	240	231	273							
MALIBU - 4050064A	OFFILAL 4057	946	425	135	136	140	152							
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 1657	0	351	133	87	133	138							
TOTAL MALIBU HEIGHTS - 4060001A		946 463	776 218	268 75	223 60	273 64	290 71							
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 1658	463	146	i e	38	40	40							
TOTAL	SERIAL 1000	463	364	118	98	104	111							
MALIBU HEIGHTS - 4060003A		652	237	77	54	54	56					 	 	
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 1659	052	165	i e	47	47	52							
TOTAL	OLI 1171L 1000	652	402		101	101	108							
MALIBU HEIGHTS - 4060004A*		425	0		0	0	0							
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 6226	0	312	i .	92	90	99							
TOTAL		425	312	i e	92	90	99							
1														
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COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL E	LECTION							11/08/16			161.2	- PAGE - 119	69 of 12214
					IICA COMM C TRUSTEES									
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT	-			ONES	4	108 G PADES	S/SANAWINOFE							
LOCATION		REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	ERES NONES	108NO/8	10804	I SON		I		[
MALIBU HEIGHTS - 4060012A VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 1660	559 0 559	219 198 417	91	53 52 105	70 73 143	78 73 151							
SANTA MONICA - 6250001A VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2372	980 0	453 367	135 108	138 127	163 139	175 151							
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250003C VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2373	980 1104 0	820 459 454	243 124 150	265 130 137	302 143 186	326 176 220							
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250005A VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2374	1104 1407 0	913 620 517	274 230 177	267 195 156	329 249 211	396 268 223							
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250006A		1407 1203	1137 606	407 237	351 213	460 223	491 275							
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250008A	SERIAL 2375	0 1203 1225	368 974 503	144 381 166	124 337 148	158 381 172	139 414 194							
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250010E	SERIAL 2376	0 1225 1341	454 957 607	174 340 232	146 294 172	188 360 195	182 376 247							
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2377	0 1341 1311	402 1009 546	127 359 216	117 289	147 342	170 417							
SANTA MONICA - 6250011A VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2378	0 1311	430 976	153 369	171 139 310	203 166 369	214 189 403							
SANTA MONICA - 6250015B VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2379	1406 0 1406	561 539 1100	185 173 358	175 188 363	186 199 385	227 231 458							
SANTA MONICA - 6250016A VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2380	1551 0 1551	663 511 1174	268 187 455	228 156 384	258 209 467	301 221 522							
SANTA MONICA - 6250017A VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2381	1397 0	624 481	205 171	212 156	221 184 405	224 215 439							
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250019A VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2382	1397 1843 0	1105 663 540	376 234 193	368 184 187	213 182	254 244							
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250020A VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2383	1843 1213 0	1203 582 352		371 163 118	395 211 145	498 215 167							
TOTAL		1213	934	334	281	356	382							

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL E	LECTION		***************************************	000000000000000000000000000000000000000		000000000000000000000000000000000000000	 ***************************************	11/08/16	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	161.3	- PAGE - 11	970 of 12214
					IICA COMM C TRUSTEES	COLLEGE								
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT	-			S.Mo	\	PAOES	SUSANAMINOF							
LOCATION		REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	MOUNONES.	SONROY	AOS GAUCES	No. Service Marie Commence of the Commence of		1	I	l	I	l	
SANTA MONICA - 6250024A		884	450	176	117	147	173							
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2384	0	251	98	80	91	101							
TOTAL		884	701	274	197	238	274							
SANTA MONICA - 6250025B		1362	558	245	178	171	209							
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2385	0	372	Į.	134	152	165							
TOTAL		1362	930	404	312	323	374							
SANTA MONICA - 6250026A	OFFIAL COSC	1335	633		224	212	262							
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2386	0	436		167	176	185							
TOTAL		1335	1069	409	391	388	447							
SANTA MONICA - 6250029A	CEDIAL CORT	803	392	111	126	127	144							
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2387	0 803	269 661	88 199	80 206	97 224	122 266							
SANTA MONICA - 6250032A		1333	534	199	∠06 185	224	200							
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2388	0	474	176	165	180	207							
TOTAL	SERIAL 2000	1333	1008	368	350	402	431							
SANTA MONICA - 6250034A		1373	650	231	211	248	282							
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2389	10,0	428	148	151	183	194							
TOTAL	OLI III IL 2000	1373	1078	379	362	431	476							
SANTA MONICA - 6250036B		1390	575		184	234	266							
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2390	0	446		129	190	185							
TOTAL		1390	1021	423	313	424	451							
SANTA MONICA - 6250041A		1557	621	236	187	223	272							
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2391	0	480	176	146	164	194							
TOTAL		1557	1101	412	333	387	466							
SANTA MONICA - 6250045A		1473	624	263	162	274	249							
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2392	0	470	189	134	193	195							
TOTAL		1473	1094	452	296	467	444							
SANTA MONICA - 6250046A		1417	607	235	183	206	269							
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2393	0	446	152	125	165	192							
TOTAL		1417	1053	387	308	371	461							
SANTA MONICA - 6250050A		1191	484	196	143	170	217							
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2394	0	393		138	157	162							
TOTAL		1191	877	361	281	327	379							
SANTA MONICA - 6250051A	055141 0005	1446	652	i e	194	206	241							
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2395	1446	432		148	157	160							
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250052B		1446	1084 479	393 228	342	363 173	401					-	-	-
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2396	1168 0	479 322	1	134 93	173	212 148							
TOTAL	SERIAL 2090	1168	801	353	93 227	312	360							
TOTAL		1100	001	353	221	312	300							

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL E	LECTION							11/08/16			161.4	- PAGE - 119	971 of 12214
					IICA COMM C TRUSTEES	COLLEGE								
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAS BY PRECINCT	Т	,		ERES NONES	4	708 G PAUSS	SUSANANINOFE							
LOCATION		REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	P. S.	108NO'S	408°C	No. Se				I	I	 	l
SANTA MONICA - 6250053A		1528	583	226	163	242	234							
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2397	0	508	173	146	176	191							
TOTAL		1528	1091	399	309	418	425							
SANTA MONICA - 6250056A	055141	1333	428	150	128	139	144							
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2398	0	294	88	95	108	112							
TOTAL CONTA MONICA COFFOCOA		1333	722	238	223	247	256							
SANTA MONICA - 6250060A VOTE BY MAIL	CEDIAL 0000	1068	403 288	178 115	104 103	141 119	160							
TOTAL	SERIAL 2399	1068	288 691	115 293	207	260	120 280							
SANTA MONICA - 6250061A		1189	558	293 335	175	200	259					-		
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2400	0	247	112	100	112	127							
TOTAL	OLI IIAL 2400	1189	805	447	275	339	386							
SANTA MONICA - 6250062A		1074	510	274	166	186	210							
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2401	10,4	233	102	64	88	97							
TOTAL	02117122101	1074	743	376	230	274	307							
SANTA MONICA - 6250067A		1419	710	290	195	250	299		<u></u>					
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2402	o	403	148	135	149	161							
TOTAL		1419	1113	438	330	399	460							
SANTA MONICA - 6250069A		1281	579	249	201	220	261							
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2403	o	447	152	126	165	181							
TOTAL		1281	1026	401	327	385	442							
SANTA MONICA - 6250070A		1179	484	188	176	196	234							
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2404	0	419	178	161	174	194							
TOTAL		1179	903	366	337	370	428							
SANTA MONICA - 6250071A		1102	489	231	147	182	235							
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2405	0		125	82	97	124							
TOTAL		1102	730	356	229	279	359		ļ		ļ			
SANTA MONICA - 6250072A	0=====	1461	706	297	231	284	329							
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2406	0	451	188	178	190	191							
TOTAL		1461	1157	485	409	474	520							
SANTA MONICA - 6250076B	OFFILAL 0407	927	454	152	193	166	183							
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2407	0 927	319 773	104 256	142 335	112 278	129 312							
SANTA MONICA - 6250078A		927	773 529	256 160	158	157	180							
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2408	945	529 287	111	93	100	124							
TOTAL	JUNIAL 2400	945	207 816	271	93 251	257	304							
SANTA MONICA - 6250081A		1290	605	248	200	227	263					 		
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2409	1290	356		106	127	152							
TOTAL	SEI IIAE 2703	1290	961	374	306	354	415							
10176		1230	301	0/4		004	713							
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COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL E	LECTION	***************************************	***************************************			000000000000000000000000000000000000000	***************************************	***************************************	11/08/16	000000000000000000000000000000000000000		161.5	- PAGE - 11	972 of 12214
					IICA COMM C TRUSTEES	COLLEGE									
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT				OWES	,	MOER	SISANAMNOF								
LOCATION		REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	MOMONES.	SONROY	AOS GAUCES	No. Service Market						I	I	
SANTA MONICA - 6250083A		1287	621	226	231	214	261								
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2410	0	407	144	170	148	189								
TOTAL		1287	1028	370	401	362	450								
SANTA MONICA - 6250085A	055141 0444	1359	598	239	214	204	254								
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2411	0	429	Į.	144	170	186								
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250089A		1359 1347	1027 629	400 250	358 224	374 255	440 282								
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2412	1347	629 462		178	255 167	182								
TOTAL	JENIAL 2412	1347	1091	390	402	422	464								
SANTA MONICA - 6250092A		1355	603	263	219	243	264								
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2413	1000	414	174	150	195	193								
TOTAL	OLI III IL L-10	1355	1017	437	369	438	457								
SANTA MONICA - 6250094B		1168	547	183	186	174	205								
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2414	0	388	141	116	146	156								
TOTAL		1168	935	1	302	320	361								
SANTA MONICA - 6250095A		1490	608	243	199	222	264								
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2415	0	489	164	141	195	211								
TOTAL		1490	1097	407	340	417	475								
SANTA MONICA - 6250098A		1403	634	223	214	255	292								
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2416	0	477	179	134	148	181								
TOTAL		1403	1111	402	348	403	473								
SANTA MONICA - 6250106A		1469	583	238	179	225	265								
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2417	0	482	193	153	181	224								
TOTAL		1469	1065	431	332	406	489								
SANTA MONICA - 6250107A		1300	556	205	174	214	228								
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2418	0	437	171	153	182	201								
TOTAL SANITA MONICA COSSILLOS		1300	993		327	396	429								
SANTA MONICA - 6250110D VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2419	1120 0	514 357	222 134	167 109	183 144	222 156								
TOTAL	SERIAL 2419	1120	871	356	276	327	378								
SANTA MONICA - 6250113A		1642	682	249	195	242	286								
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2420	1042	540	199	179	185	218								
TOTAL	OLI II/IL 2420	1642	1222	448	374	427	504								
SANTA MONICA - 6250121A		1716	648		225	230	270								
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2421	1710	546		180	181	220								
TOTAL		1716	1194	457	405	411	490								
SANTA MONICA - 6250125A		1204	500	175	183	190	231			<u> </u>		†	†	†	†
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2422	0	382		125	134	159								
TOTAL		1204	882		308	324	390								
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COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL E	LECTION	000000000000000000000000000000000000000			000000000000000000000000000000000000000		***************************************	***************************************	11/08/16		161.6	- PAGE - 119	73 of 12214
					ICA COMM C		-							
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT				ONES	4	PADER	SUSANAVANOFE							
LOCATION		REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	MOUNONES.	SON ROY	AOB GAMOES	WS)S					l		
SANTA MONICA - 6250127A VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2423	1266 0 1266	618 376 994	273 143 416	182 115 297	250 148 398	261 164 425							
SANTA MONICA - 6250128A VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2424	931 0 931	380 369 749	120 115 235	122 120 242	134 142 276	158 137 295							
TOPANGA - 7100032A* VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 6387	286 0 286	0 233 233	0 94 94	0 79 79	0 66 66	0 76 76							
TOPANGA - 7100033A VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2566	1058 0 1058	459 350	151 124	122 107	163 117	178 132							
BALLOT GROUP 301 - 9990301A VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 8301	0 0	809 0 1	275 0 0 0	229 0 0 0	280 0 0 0	310 0 0 0							
BALLOT GROUP 303 - 9990303A VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 8303	0 0	0 1	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0							
BALLOT GROUP 305 - 9990305A VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 8305	0 0	0 1		0 0	0 0	0 0							
BALLOT GROUP 318 - 9990318A VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 8318	0 0	0 17 17		0 4 4	0 3 3	0 4 4							
		-												

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL ELECTION								11/08/16			161.7	- PAGE - 119	74 of 12214
			SANTA MON BOARD OF	ICA COMM C	OLLEGE									
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT			PEREZNONES.	ζ.	POB GRADER	SUSANANINOFE								
LOCATION	REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST		SONROL	408°	SCSW.	ļ					I		
PRECINCT TOTAL VBM TOTAL GROUP TOTAL	80742 0 0	34905 26093 20	13335 9446 6	10973 8447 4	12426 9758 3	14294 10803 4								
GRAND TOTAL	80742	61018	22787	19424	22187	25101								

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL E	LECTION	***************************************		***************************************					11/08/16			155.1	- PAGE - 119	935 of 12214
FINAL OFFICIAL				SANTA MON MEASURE	IICA CITY SPO GS	C MUNI									
STATEMENT OF VOTES CAS BY PRECINCT	Т														
LOCATION		REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	\Z\ \S\2\	%			1					I		
SANTA MONICA - 6250001A		980	I	207	156										
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2372	980 980	367 820	190 397	124 280										
SANTA MONICA - 6250003C		1104	459	205	155										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2373	0		220	150										
TOTAL		1104	913	425	305										
SANTA MONICA - 6250005A VOTE BY MAIL	CEDIAL 0074	1407	620 517	364 284	142 133										
TOTAL	SERIAL 2374	1407	1137	284 648	275										
SANTA MONICA - 6250006A		1203		344	158										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2375	0	I	202	88										
TOTAL		1203	ı	546	246										
SANTA MONICA - 6250008A		1225	503	258	128										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2376	0	454	231	146										
TOTAL		1225		489	274										
SANTA MONICA - 6250010E		1341	607	346	111										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2377	0	,	208	99										
TOTAL		1341	1009	554	210										
SANTA MONICA - 6250011A	055141 0050	1311	546	287	99										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2378	0		230	93										
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250015B		1311 1406	976 561	517 282	192 178										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2379	1400		202	176										
TOTAL	SERIAL 2019	1406		556	355										
SANTA MONICA - 6250016A		1551	663	407	139										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2380	0	I	290	140										
TOTAL		1551	1174	697	279										
SANTA MONICA - 6250017A		1397	624	321	214										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2381	0	481	240	183										
TOTAL		1397	1105	561	397										
SANTA MONICA - 6250019A		1843	663	336	131										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2382	0		293	117										
TOTAL		1843		629	248										
SANTA MONICA - 6250020A	CEDIAL COOC	1213	1	308	143										
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2383	0 1213	1 002	203 511	85 228										
SANTA MONICA - 6250024A		884		250	69								-		-
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2384	004	I	149	49										
TOTAL	3L1 (1) (L 2004	884	i	399	118										
				555	,,5										
		l					l		I	I	I	I	1	I	

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL E	LECTION	***************************************	300000000000000000000000000000000000000	***************************************			***************************************	***************************************	11/08/16			155.2	- PAGE - 119	936 of 12214
				SANTA MON MEASURE	IICA CITY SPO GS	D MUNI									
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT															
LOCATION		REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	120	%					I			I		
SANTA MONICA - 6250025B		1362	558	312	107										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2385	0	372	234	79										
TOTAL		1362	930	546	186										
SANTA MONICA - 6250026A	055141 0000	1335	633	370	134										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2386	0	436	241	126										
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250029A		1335 803	1069 392	611 191	260 134										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2387	0	269	113	104										
TOTAL	JERIAL 2007	803	209 661	304	238										
SANTA MONICA - 6250032A		1333	534	299	131								 		
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2388	0	474	258	120										
TOTAL		1333	1008	557	251										
SANTA MONICA - 6250034A		1373	650	366	146										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2389	0	428	245	108										
TOTAL		1373	1078	611	254										
SANTA MONICA - 6250036B		1390	575	318	148										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2390	0	446	252	106										
TOTAL		1390	1021	570	254										
SANTA MONICA - 6250041A		1557	621	344	142										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2391	0	480	273	108										
TOTAL		1557	1101	617	250										
SANTA MONICA - 6250045A VOTE BY MAIL	CEDIAL 0000	1473 0	624 470	340 264	136 119										
TOTAL	SERIAL 2392	1473	1094	604	255										
SANTA MONICA - 6250046A		1417	607	349	136										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2393	1717	446	266	78										
TOTAL	02.17.12.2000	1417	1053	615	214										
SANTA MONICA - 6250050A		1191	484	294	80										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2394	0	393	248	80										
TOTAL		1191	877	542	160										
SANTA MONICA - 6250051A		1446	652	347	142										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2395	0	432	238	124										
TOTAL		1446	1084	585	266										
SANTA MONICA - 6250052B		1168	479	293	97										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2396	0	322	188	76										
TOTAL CONTO A COFFORM		1168	801	481	173										ļ
SANTA MONICA - 6250053A	CEDIAL COOT	1528	583	326	124										
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2397	0 1528	508 1091	279 605	120 244										
TOTAL		1528	1091	005	244										

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL E	LECTION	***************************************	300000000000000000000000000000000000000	***************************************	800800800000000000000000000000000000000	 ***************************************	***************************************	11/08/16	 	155.3	- PAGE - 119	937 of 12214
				SANTA MON MEASURE	NICA CITY SP	O MUNI							
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT													
LOCATION		REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	\$3.	18								
SANTA MONICA - 6250056A		1333	I	216	1								
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2398	1000		180									
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250060A		1333 1068	722 403	396 251	139								
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2399	0	i	179	1								
TOTAL	OLITIAL 2000	1068	691	430	115								
SANTA MONICA - 6250061A		1189		383	79		 						
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2400	0	i	168	43								
TOTAL		1189	805	551	122								
SANTA MONICA - 6250062A		1074	i	349	83								
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2401	0		133	50								
TOTAL		1074	743	482	133								
SANTA MONICA - 6250067A	055141 0400	1419	i	428	136								
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2402	0	1	254	75								
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250069A		1419 1281	1113 579	682 340	211 136								
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2403	1201	1	248	119								
TOTAL	OLITIAL 2400	1281	1026	588	255								
SANTA MONICA - 6250070A		1179		299	108								
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2404	0	l	236	111								
TOTAL		1179	903	535	219								
SANTA MONICA - 6250071A		1102	489	311	73								
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2405	0		153	48								
TOTAL		1102	730	464	121								
SANTA MONICA - 6250072A	055141 0400	1461	706	403	180								
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2406	0		256	137								
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250076B		1461 927	1157 454	659 253	317 111								
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2407	927	i	253 178	92								
TOTAL	OLI (1) (L 2-10)	927	773	431	203								
SANTA MONICA - 6250078A		945		285	92								
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2408	0	l	177	64								
TOTAL		945	816	462	156								
SANTA MONICA - 6250081A		1290	605	367	123								
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2409	0	1	192	1								
TOTAL		1290	961	559	209		 			 			
SANTA MONICA - 6250083A	OFFILM: THE	1287	621	364	133								
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2410	0	10,	243	91								
TOTAL		1287	1028	607	224								
												1	

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL E	LECTION	***************************************	100000000000000000000000000000000000000				 	11/08/16			155.4	- PAGE - 119	938 of 12214
FINAL OFFICIAL				SANTA MON MEASURE	IICA CITY SPO GS	C MUNI								
STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT														
LOCATION		REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	\$\$.	%			l				I		
SANTA MONICA - 6250085A VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2411	1359 0	429	370 247	135 123									
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250089A		1359 1347	1027 629	617 360	258 184									
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2412	0 1347	462 1091	262 622	130 314									
SANTA MONICA - 6250092A VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2413	1355 0	603 414	390 258	132 91									
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250094B		1355 1168	i	648 285	223 129									
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2414	0 1168	935	223 508	98 227									
SANTA MONICA - 6250095A VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2415	1490 0	,	331 277	162 115									
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250098A		1490 1403	634	608 377	277 137									
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2416	1403	1111	271 648	109 246									
SANTA MONICA - 6250106A VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2417	1469	482	356 273 629	122 126 248									
SANTA MONICA - 6250107A VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2418	1469 1300 0	556 437	290 236	132 93									
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250110D VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2419	1300 1120 0	514	526 277 218	225 136 68									
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250113A		1120 1642	871	495 374	204 179									
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2420	0 1642	540 1222	293 667	134 313									
SANTA MONICA - 6250121A VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2421	1716 0 1716	546	372 297 669	128 134 262									
SANTA MONICA - 6250125A VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2422	1204 0	500 382	290 197	136 114									
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250127A VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2423	1204 1266 0	376	487 380 224	250 123 86									
TOTAL		1266	994	604	209									

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL E	LECTION			***************************************			***************************************	***************************************	11/08/16			155.5	- PAGE - 119	39 of 12214
				SANTA MON MEASURE	NICA CITY SP	C MUNI									
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT															
LOCATION		REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	£8,	18	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	l
SANTA MONICA - 6250128A VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2424	931 0 931		201 172 373	131 142 273										
SANTA MONICA - 6250128C* VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 6343	78 0 78	0 58	0 30 30	0 21 21										
BALLOT GROUP 318 - 9990318A VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 8318	0 0 0	17	0 9 9	5										

SANTA MONICA CITY SPC MUNI MEASURE GS	COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL ELECTION		11/08/16	155.6 - PAGE - 11940 of 12214
BY PRECINCT			SANTA MONICA CITY SPC MUNI MEASURE GS		
PRECINCT TOTAL 68644 29905 16966 6845 VBM TOTAL 0 21740 12188 5541 GROUP TOTAL 0 17 9 5	BY PRECINCT				
VBM TOTAL 0 21740 12188 5541 GROUP TOTAL 0 17 9 5		RATION CAST			
GRAND TOTAL 68644 51662 29163 12391	VBM TOTAL	0 2174	0 12188 5541		
	GRAND TOTAL GRAND TOTAL				

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL E	LECTION		***************************************						11/08/16	000000000000000000000000000000000000000		156.1	- PAGE - 119	941 of 12214
FINAL OFFICIAL				SANTA MON MEASURE	IICA CITY SPO GSH	C MUNI									
STATEMENT OF VOTES CAS BY PRECINCT	Т														
LOCATION		REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	\$3	8			1			I	l	l		
SANTA MONICA - 6250001A		980	453	158	197										
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2372	980	367 820	163 321	154 351										
SANTA MONICA - 6250003C		1104	459	177	189										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2373	0	454	171	211										
TOTAL		1104	913	348	400										
SANTA MONICA - 6250005A		1407	620	335	175										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2374	0	517	234	183										
TOTAL		1407	1137	569	358										
SANTA MONICA - 6250006A VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2375	1203	606 368	316 185	195 118										
TOTAL	OLHIAL 2015	1203	974	501	313										
SANTA MONICA - 6250008A		1225	503	224	154										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2376	0	454	207	169										
TOTAL		1225	957	431	323										
SANTA MONICA - 6250010E		1341	607	324	139										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2377	0	402	194	120										
TOTAL		1341	1009	518	259										
SANTA MONICA - 6250011A		1311	546		125										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2378	0	430	214	119										
TOTAL		1311	976	486	244								ļ		
SANTA MONICA - 6250015B	OFFILAL COZO	1406	561	242	218										
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2379	0 1406	539 1100	225 467	233 451										
SANTA MONICA - 6250016A		1551	663	333	217										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2380	1331	511	240	192										
TOTAL	32. iii ii 2300	1551	1174	573	409										
SANTA MONICA - 6250017A		1397	624	290	252						T	†			
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2381	0	481	176	248										
TOTAL		1397	1105	466	500										
SANTA MONICA - 6250019A		1843	663	317	154										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2382	0	540	255	160										
TOTAL		1843		572	314							ļ			
SANTA MONICA - 6250020A	055141 0000	1213	582	281	170										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2383	0	352	181	113										
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250024A		1213 884	934 450	462 228	283 96										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2384	0 884	450 251	140	96 64										
TOTAL	OLI IIAL 2004	884	701	368	160										
I O IAL		004	/01	500	100										
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COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL E	LECTION	***************************************	300000000000000000000000000000000000000			 ***************************************	***************************************	11/08/16	 	156.2	- PAGE - 119	942 of 12214
				SANTA MON MEASURE	IICA CITY SPO GSH	O MUNI							
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT													
LOCATION		REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	\$3	%								
SANTA MONICA - 6250025B		1362	558	304	123								
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2385	0	372	215	104								
TOTAL		1362	930	519	227								
SANTA MONICA - 6250026A	055141 0000	1335	633	310	201								
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2386	0	436	208	167								
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250029A		1335 803	1069 392	518 168	368 160								
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2387	0	269	109	110								
TOTAL	JLNIAL 2307	803	209 661	277	270								
SANTA MONICA - 6250032A		1333	534	262	168		 			 	 	 	
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2388	0	474	218	168								
TOTAL		1333	1008	480	336								
SANTA MONICA - 6250034A		1373	650	333	185								
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2389	0	428	224	137								
TOTAL		1373	1078	557	322								
SANTA MONICA - 6250036B		1390	575	281	183								
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2390	0	446	208	152								
TOTAL		1390	1021	489	335								
SANTA MONICA - 6250041A		1557	621	329	169								
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2391	0	480	250	135								
TOTAL		1557	1101	579	304		 			 			
SANTA MONICA - 6250045A VOTE BY MAIL	CEDIAL 0000	1473 0	624 470	318 228	164 154								
TOTAL	SERIAL 2392	1473	1094	546	318								
SANTA MONICA - 6250046A		1417	607	315	167								
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2393	1717	446	241	108								
TOTAL	02.117.112.2000	1417	1053	556	275								
SANTA MONICA - 6250050A		1191	484	260	114								
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2394	0	393	220	109								
TOTAL		1191	877	480	223								
SANTA MONICA - 6250051A		1446	652	319	174								
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2395	0	432	218	153								
TOTAL		1446	1084	537	327								
SANTA MONICA - 6250052B		1168	479	260	137								
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2396	0	322	169	97								
TOTAL SOFOOFOA		1168	801	429	234							ļ	
SANTA MONICA - 6250053A VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2397	1528 0	583 508	291 249	165								
TOTAL	JENIAL 2097	1528	i e	549 540	161 326								
TOTAL		1520	1091	540	320								

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL E	LECTION		000000000000000000000000000000000000000	***************************************	300000000000000000000000000000000000000	 	***************************************	11/08/16		***************************************	156.3	- PAGE - 11	943 of 12214
				SANTA MON MEASURE	NICA CITY SP	C MUNI								
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT	-													
LOCATION		REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	Ž.	18			1	I	1	I		I	
SANTA MONICA - 6250056A		1333	428	201	103									
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2398	0	294	157	83									
TOTAL		1333	722											
SANTA MONICA - 6250060A		1068	403	242										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2399	0	288	l .	1									
TOTAL		1068	691	411	144									
SANTA MONICA - 6250061A		1189	558	i	1									
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2400	0	247		1									
TOTAL		1189	805	535	4						ļ			-
SANTA MONICA - 6250062A	OFFIAL CASA	1074	510	337	91									
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2401	0	233		1									
TOTAL		1074	743 710	460	<u> </u>							ļ	ļ	
SANTA MONICA - 6250067A VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2402	1419	403	384 231	184 106									
TOTAL	SERIAL 2402	1419	1113	615	1									
SANTA MONICA - 6250069A		1281	579		172							<u> </u>	ļ	-
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2403	0	447	220	i .									
TOTAL	OLITIAL 2400	1281	1026	i	323									
SANTA MONICA - 6250070A		1179	484	277	140							<u> </u>		
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2404	1 0	419											
TOTAL		1179	903	i	1									
SANTA MONICA - 6250071A		1102	489		86									
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2405	0	241	137	69									
TOTAL		1102	730	444	155									
SANTA MONICA - 6250072A		1461	706	373	213									
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2406	o	451	225	171									
TOTAL		1461	1157	598										
SANTA MONICA - 6250076B		927	454	209	159									
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2407	0	319											
TOTAL		927	773	363	4									
SANTA MONICA - 6250078A		945	529	263										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2408	0	287	165	1									
TOTAL		945	816	428							ļ		 	
SANTA MONICA - 6250081A		1290	605	i	144									
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2409	0	356	i e	1									
TOTAL		1290	961	535								ļ		
SANTA MONICA - 6250083A	CEDIAL 0440	1287	621	331	175									
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2410	1007	407	219	1									
TOTAL		1287	1028	550	300									
i														

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL E	LECTION	***************************************				 ***************************************	***************************************	11/08/16			156.4	- PAGE - 119	944 of 12214
FINAL OFFICIAL				SANTA MON MEASURE	IICA CITY SPO GSH	MUNI								
STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT	Γ													
LOCATION		REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	1. E.S.	<i>∞</i>	ı			I			I	l	
SANTA MONICA - 6250085A		1359	598	335	179									
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2411	0 1359	429 1027	207 542	172 351									
SANTA MONICA - 6250089A		1347	629	305	232									
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2412	0 1347	462 1091	217 522	180 412									
SANTA MONICA - 6250092A		1355	603	350	172									
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2413	0	414	236	114									
TOTAL		1355	1017	586	286									
SANTA MONICA - 6250094B		1168	547	265	152									
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2414	0 1168	388 935	194 459	127 279									
SANTA MONICA - 6250095A		1490	608	322	182									
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2415	0	489	240	153									
TOTAL		1490	1097	562	335									
SANTA MONICA - 6250098A		1403	634	345	167									
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2416	0	477	247	134									
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250106A		1403 1469	1111 583	592 330	301 147		 							
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2417	0	482	239	165									
TOTAL		1469	1065	569	312									
SANTA MONICA - 6250107A		1300	556	268	151									
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2418	0	437	207	138									
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250110D		1300 1120	993 514	475 250	289 163									
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2419	0	357	184	109									
TOTAL	CEI III ILE E I I I I	1120	871	434	272									
SANTA MONICA - 6250113A		1642	682	335	218									
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2420	0	540	254	183									
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250121A		1642 1716	1222 648	589 372	401 155									
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2421	1/16	548 546	266	167									
TOTAL	OLI IIAL 2421	1716	1194	638	322									
SANTA MONICA - 6250125A		1204	500	258	168									
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2422	0	382	170	153									
TOTAL		1204	882	428	321		 							
SANTA MONICA - 6250127A VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2423	1266 0	618 376	349 187	149 121									
TOTAL	JENIAL 2423	1266	376 994	536	270									
			554	230										
		**************************************							4	torono con constitución de la co		***************************************		

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL E	LECTION		***************************************					11/08/16	***************************************		156.5	- PAGE - 119	45 of 12214
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST				SANTA MON MEASURE	NICA CITY SP	C MUNI								
BY PRECINCT LOCATION		REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	\$3	[₹]	1	•	 ı	ı	ı	ı	ı		ı
SANTA MONICA - 6250128A VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2424	931 0 931	380	169 154	158									
SANTA MONICA - 6250128C* VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 6343	78 0 78	0 58 58	0 29 29	0 23 23									
BALLOT GROUP 318 - 9990318A VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 8318	0 0 0	17	8	5									

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL ELECTION				000000000000000000000000000000000000000	***************************************		11/08/16			156.6	- P A GE - 119	946 of 12214
FINAL OFFICIAL			SANTA MON MEASURE	IICA CITY SPO GSH	C MUNI								
STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT													
LOCATION	REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	1/2/5	2							I		
PRECINCT TOTAL VBM TOTAL GROUP TOTAL	68644 0 0	29905 21740 17		8543 7264 5									
GRAND TOTAL	68644	51662	26190	15812									

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL E	LECTION	***************************************	000000000000000000000000000000000000000				***************************************	***************************************	11/08/16		000000000000000000000000000000000000000	157.1	- PAGE - 11	947 of 12214
				SANTA MON MEASURE	NICA CITY SP	C MUNI									
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT	Г														
LOCATION		REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	Ş.	18	.	l		1	I	I	I	I	I	I
SANTA MONICA - 6250001A		980	453	185	221										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2372	0		141	187										
TOTAL		980	820	326	408										
SANTA MONICA - 6250003C	055141 0070	1104	459		221										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2373	0	, ,	Į.	218										
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250005A		1104 1407	913 620	345 255	439 293										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2374	1407	i	i e	293										
TOTAL	OLI IIAL 2014	1407	1137	450	545										
SANTA MONICA - 6250006A		1203	606	L	284					 	-	 	 		
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2375	0	I	127	176										
TOTAL		1203	974	387	460										
SANTA MONICA - 6250008A		1225	503	210	221										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2376	0	454	172	217										
TOTAL		1225	957	382	438										
SANTA MONICA - 6250010E		1341	607	226	255										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2377	0	, ,,,	i	178										
TOTAL		1341	1009		433										
SANTA MONICA - 6250011A		1311	546	Į.	250										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2378	0	430	i	1										
TOTAL		1311	976		445										
SANTA MONICA - 6250015B VOTE BY MAIL	CEDIAL 0070	1406		252 271	251 213										
TOTAL	SERIAL 2379	1406	I	523	464										
SANTA MONICA - 6250016A		1551	663	280	310										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2380	1337	l .	200	251										
TOTAL	CEI III/IE 2000	1551	1174	484	561										
SANTA MONICA - 6250017A		1397	624	223	356										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2381	0	i .	193	246										
TOTAL		1397	1105	416	602										
SANTA MONICA - 6250019A		1843	663	216	310										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2382	0	1 0.0	166	256										
TOTAL		1843	1203	382	566										
SANTA MONICA - 6250020A		1213	582	i	257										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2383	0		i e	168										
TOTAL		1213	934	378	425										
SANTA MONICA - 6250024A	CEDIAL COOK	884	450	178	171										
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2384	0 884	251 701	99 277	111 282										
TOTAL		884	/01	2//	282										
l															

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL E	LECTION	***************************************	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	***************************************	 ***************************************	***************************************	11/08/16		000000000000000000000000000000000000000	157.2	- PAGE - 119	948 of 12214
FINAL OFFICIAL				SANTA MON MEASURE	NICA CITY SP	O MUNI								
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT														
LOCATION		REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	£8,	18							l		
SANTA MONICA - 6250025B VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2385	1362 0	558 372	202 131	248 187									
TOTAL		1362	930	333	435									
SANTA MONICA - 6250026A VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2386	1335 0	633 436	238 175	300 211									
TOTAL	SENIAL 2000	1335	1069	413	511									
SANTA MONICA - 6250029A		803	392	180	165									
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2387	0 803	269 661	121 301	114 279									
SANTA MONICA - 6250032A		1333	534	205	279									
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2388	0	474	202	208									
TOTAL		1333	1008	407	465									
SANTA MONICA - 6250034A VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2389	1373 0	650 428	247 162	314 215									
TOTAL	OLITIAL 2000	1373	1078	409	529									
SANTA MONICA - 6250036B		1390	575	220	278									
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2390	0	446	143	240									
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250041A		1390 1557	1021 621	363 239	518 286									
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2391	0	480	163	238									
TOTAL		1557	1101	402	524									
SANTA MONICA - 6250045A VOTE BY MAIL	CEDIAL COCO	1473 0	624 470	239 158	285 239									
TOTAL	SERIAL 2392	1473	1094	397	524									
SANTA MONICA - 6250046A		1417	607	213	299									
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2393	0	446	149	210									
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250050A		1417 1191	1053 484	362 180	509 231									
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2394	0	393	145	195									
TOTAL		1191	877	325	426									
SANTA MONICA - 6250051A		1446	652	256	280									
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2395	0 1446	432 1084	152 408	216 496									
SANTA MONICA - 6250052B		1168	479	171	244									
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2396	0	322	120	162									
TOTAL		1168	801	291	406									
SANTA MONICA - 6250053A VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2397	1528 0	583 508	195 178	279 233									
TOTAL	JE1 117 1E 2001	1528	i e	373	512									

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL E	LECTION	***************************************	300000000000000000000000000000000000000	***************************************	800800800000000000000000000000000000000		***************************************	***************************************	11/08/16			157.3	- PAGE - 119	949 of 12214
FINAL OFFICIAL				SANTA MON MEASURE	NICA CITY SP	C MUNI									
STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT	•														
LOCATION		REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	\\ \tilde{\tilie{\tilde{\tilde{\tilde{\tilde{\tilde{\tilde{\tilde{\tilde{\tilde	&					I			I		
SANTA MONICA - 6250056A		1333	428	141	187										
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2398	1333	294 722	105 246											
SANTA MONICA - 6250060A		1068	403	166	162										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2399	0	288	110	i .										
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250061A		1068 1189	691 558	276 194	293 302										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2400	0	247	82	1										
TOTAL		1189	805	276	445										
SANTA MONICA - 6250062A		1074	510	216	232										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2401	0	233	81	109										
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250067A		1074 1419	743 710	297 297	341 311										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2402	1413	403	133	205										
TOTAL		1419	1113	430	516										
SANTA MONICA - 6250069A		1281	579	228	279										
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2403	0 1281	447 1026	183 411	201 480										
SANTA MONICA - 6250070A		1179	484	193	236										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2404	0	419	176	i .										
TOTAL		1179	903	369	433										
SANTA MONICA - 6250071A	055141 0405	1102	489	187	227										
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2405	1102	241 730	100 287	116 343										
SANTA MONICA - 6250072A		1461	706	268	353										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2406	0	451	190	207										
TOTAL		1461	1157	458											
SANTA MONICA - 6250076B VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2407	927	454 319	192 128	202 145										
TOTAL	SERIAL 2407	927	773	320	347										
SANTA MONICA - 6250078A		945	529	185	211										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2408	0	287	126	1										
TOTAL		945	816	311	337										
SANTA MONICA - 6250081A VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2409	1290 0	605 356	242 136	1										
TOTAL	OLI IIAL 2409	1290	961	378	436										
SANTA MONICA - 6250083A		1287	621	245	312										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2410	0	407	165	1										
TOTAL		1287	1028	410	505										

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL E	LECTION		000000000000000000000000000000000000000			 ***************************************	***************************************	11/08/16	 	157.4	- PAGE - 119	950 of 12214
FINAL OFFICIAL				SANTA MON MEASURE	IICA CITY SPO LV	C MUNI							
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT		,											
LOCATION		REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	\$3	8								
SANTA MONICA - 6250085A VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2411	1359 0	598 429	274 175	267 213								
TOTAL	SERIAL 2411	1359	1027	449	480								
SANTA MONICA - 6250089A		1347	629	294	282								
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2412	0	462	197	212								
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250092A		1347 1355	1091 603	491 240	494 305								
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2413	0	414	145	215								
TOTAL		1355	1017	385	520								
SANTA MONICA - 6250094B		1168	547	189	273								
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2414	0 1168	388 935	141 330	189 462								
SANTA MONICA - 6250095A		1490	608	230	301								
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2415	0	489	165	249								
TOTAL		1490	1097	395	550								
SANTA MONICA - 6250098A		1403	634	227	315								
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2416	0	477	176 403	217								
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250106A		1403 1469	1111 583	233	532 283								
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2417	0	482	184	229								
TOTAL		1469	1065	417	512								
SANTA MONICA - 6250107A		1300	556	205	260								
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2418	0	437	130	231								
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250110D		1300 1120	993 514	335 193	491 246								
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2419	0	357	128	179								
TOTAL		1120	871	321	425								
SANTA MONICA - 6250113A		1642	682	263	321								
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2420	0	540	199	239								
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250121A		1642 1716	1222 648	462 262	560 295								
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2421	1710	546	202	244								
TOTAL		1716	1194	466	539								
SANTA MONICA - 6250125A		1204	500	213	240								
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2422	0	382	130	194								
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250127A		1204 1266	882 618	343 231	434 310								
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2423	0	376	132	180								
TOTAL		1266	994	363	490								

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL E	LECTION					 ***************************************		11/08/16	***************************************		157.5	- PAGE - 119	951 of 12214
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT				SANTA MON MEASURE	IICA CITY SPO	O MUNI								
LOCATION		REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	ES.	8		ı ı	ı	i	I	ı	i	i	ı
SANTA MONICA - 6250128A VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2424	931 0 931	380	148 138 286	193 187 380									
SANTA MONICA - 6250128C* VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 6343	78 0 78	0 58 58	0 13 13	0 38 38									
BALLOT GROUP 318 - 9990318A VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 8318	0 0 0	17	0 6 6	0 6 6									

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL ELECTION	000000000000000000000000000000000000000				000000000000000000000000000000000000000		11/08/16		157.6	- PAGE - 119	952 of 12214
			SANTA MON MEASURE	IICA CITY SPO LV	C MUNI							
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT												
LOCATION	REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	£8	%								
PRECINCT TOTAL VBM TOTAL GROUP TOTAL	68644 0 0	29905 21740 17		14044 10425 6								
GRAND TOTAL	68644	51662	19786	24475								

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL E	LECTION	***************************************	300000000000000000000000000000000000000				***************************************	***************************************	11/08/16			158.1	- PAGE - 119	953 of 12214
				SANTA MON MEASURE	IICA CITY SPO SM	O MUNI									
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT															
LOCATION		REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	120	8					l			I	l	
SANTA MONICA - 6250001A		980	I	282	77										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2372	0		228	52										
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250003C		980 1104	820 459	510 260	129 77										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2373	0	i	288	55										
TOTAL	SERIAL 2013	1104	913	548	132										
SANTA MONICA - 6250005A		1407	620	404	69										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2374	0	i	323	52										
TOTAL		1407	1137	727	121										
SANTA MONICA - 6250006A		1203	606	393	97										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2375	0	1 000	239	27										
TOTAL		1203	974	632	124										
SANTA MONICA - 6250008A		1225	i	298	76										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2376	0	1	280	75										
TOTAL		1225	957	578	151										
SANTA MONICA - 6250010E	OFFILM OOZZ	1341	607	343	62										
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2377	1341	402 1009	242 585	26 88										
SANTA MONICA - 6250011A		1311	546	306	78										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2378	0	l	263	40										
TOTAL	OLI III IL 2010	1311	976	569	118										
SANTA MONICA - 6250015B		1406		336	82										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2379	0	1	377	58										
TOTAL		1406	1100	713	140										
SANTA MONICA - 6250016A		1551	663	419	89										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2380	0		316	65										
TOTAL		1551	1174	735	154										
SANTA MONICA - 6250017A	000141 000	1397	624	395	114										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2381	0		310	80										
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250019A		1397 1843	1105 663	705 357	194 96										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2382	1843	1	357	96 49										
TOTAL	SENIAL 2302	1843	1203	675	145										
SANTA MONICA - 6250020A		1213		326	89										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2383	12.0	I	213	38										
TOTAL		1213	i	539	127										
SANTA MONICA - 6250024A		884	450	262	45										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2384	0	251	155	26										
TOTAL		884	701	417	71										

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL E	LECTION	***************************************	300000000000000000000000000000000000000				***************************************	***************************************	11/08/16			158.2	- PAGE - 119	954 of 12214
				SANTA MON MEASURE	IICA CITY SPO SM	D MUNI									
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT															
LOCATION		REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	120	%					I			I		
SANTA MONICA - 6250025B		1362	558	313	77										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2385	0	372	240	43										
TOTAL		1362	930	553	120										
SANTA MONICA - 6250026A	055141 0000	1335	633	380	92										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2386	0	436	277	62										
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250029A		1335 803	1069 392	657 243	154 62										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2387	0	269	180	30										
TOTAL	JLNIAL 2307	803	209 661	423	92										
SANTA MONICA - 6250032A		1333	534	359	58										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2388	0	474	306	53										
TOTAL		1333	1008	665	111										
SANTA MONICA - 6250034A		1373	650	411	84										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2389	0	428	277	58										
TOTAL		1373	1078	688	142										
SANTA MONICA - 6250036B		1390	575	364	78										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2390	0	446	265	58										
TOTAL		1390	1021	629	136										
SANTA MONICA - 6250041A		1557	621	394	62										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2391	0	480	296	43										
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250045A		1557 1473	1101 624	690 380	105 70										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2392	14/3	470	295	70 44										
TOTAL	SERIAL 2092	1473	1094	295 675	114										
SANTA MONICA - 6250046A		1417	607	382	60										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2393	0	446	279	33										
TOTAL		1417	1053	661	93										
SANTA MONICA - 6250050A		1191	484	292	66										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2394	0	393	259	45										
TOTAL		1191	877	551	111										
SANTA MONICA - 6250051A		1446	652	367	99										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2395	0	432	277	44										
TOTAL		1446	1084	644	143										
SANTA MONICA - 6250052B	OFFIN OSSO	1168	479	290	58										
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2396	1160	322 801	188 478	42										
SANTA MONICA - 6250053A		1168 1528	583	344	100 86								 		
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2397	1520	508	302	54										
TOTAL	OLI IIAL 2001	1528	i e	646	140										
		1020	1001	070	170										

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL E	LECTION		300000000000000000000000000000000000000		800800800000000000000000000000000000000	 ***************************************	***************************************	11/08/16			158.3	- P A GE - 119	955 of 12214
				SANTA MON MEASURE	IICA CITY SPO SM	C MUNI								
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT														
LOCATION		REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	1. S.	2				l			I		
SANTA MONICA - 6250056A	OFFIAL COOR	1333	428	232	50									
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2398	1333	294 722	187 419	39 89									
SANTA MONICA - 6250060A		1068	403	230	59									
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2399	1068	288 691	174 404	42 101									
SANTA MONICA - 6250061A		1189	558	353	92									
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2400	0	247	167	23									
TOTAL		1189	805	520	115									
SANTA MONICA - 6250062A VOTE BY MAIL	CEDIAL 0404	1074	510 233	314 137	93 23									
TOTAL	SERIAL 2401	1074	743	451	116									
SANTA MONICA - 6250067A		1419	710	444	71									
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2402	0	403	278	30									
TOTAL		1419	1113	722	101									
SANTA MONICA - 6250069A	CEDIAL 0400	1281	579	382 277	72									
VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2403	1281	447 1026	659	49 121									
SANTA MONICA - 6250070A		1179	484	309	78									
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2404	0	419	283	41									
TOTAL		1179	903	592	119		 							
SANTA MONICA - 6250071A VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2405	1102 0	489 241	286 156	71 32									
TOTAL	SERIAL 2405	1102	730	442	103									
SANTA MONICA - 6250072A		1461	706	468	86									
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2406	0	451	300	56									
TOTAL		1461	1157	768	142									
SANTA MONICA - 6250076B VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2407	927	454 319	285 217	63 37									
TOTAL	SERIAL 2407	927	773	502	100									
SANTA MONICA - 6250078A		945	529	289	65									
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2408	0	287	189	31									
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250081A		945	816 605	478 404	96 59									
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2409	1290 0	356	404 228	29									
TOTAL	OLITIAL 2400	1290	961	632	88									
SANTA MONICA - 6250083A		1287	621	388	85									
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2410	0	407	285	32									
TOTAL		1287	1028	673	117									
									1					

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL E	LECTION		300000000000000000000000000000000000000			000000000000000000000000000000000000000	***************************************	***************************************	11/08/16			158.4	- PAGE - 119	956 of 12214
				SANTA MON MEASURE	IICA CITY SPO SM	O MUNI									
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT															
LOCATION		REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	120	<i>∞</i>		l		I	I			I		
SANTA MONICA - 6250085A		1359	598	395	77										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2411	0	429	307	50										
TOTAL		1359	1027	702	127										
SANTA MONICA - 6250089A	OFFIN OAKO	1347	629	415	100										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2412	0	462	309	60										
TOTAL SANTA MONICA - 6250092A		1347 1355	1091 603	724 397	160 82										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2413	0	414	282	82 48										
TOTAL	OLNIAL 2413	1355	1017	679	130										
SANTA MONICA - 6250094B		1168	547	299	88										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2414	0	388	244	31										
TOTAL		1168	935	543	119										
SANTA MONICA - 6250095A		1490	608	373	89										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2415	0	489	322	43										
TOTAL		1490	1097	695	132										
SANTA MONICA - 6250098A		1403	634	397	83										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2416	0	477	309	43										
TOTAL		1403	1111	706	126										
SANTA MONICA - 6250106A		1469	583	393	63										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2417	0	482	308	52										
TOTAL		1469	1065	701	115										
SANTA MONICA - 6250107A VOTE BY MAIL	CEDIAL 0440	1300 0	556 437	346 269	63 54										
TOTAL	SERIAL 2418	1300	993	615	117										
SANTA MONICA - 6250110D		1120	514	315	75										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2419	1120	357	234	38										
TOTAL	22 2-110	1120	871	549	113										
SANTA MONICA - 6250113A		1642	682	432	84										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2420	0	540	330	56										
TOTAL		1642	1222	762	140										
SANTA MONICA - 6250121A		1716	648	373	113										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2421	0	546	308	82										
TOTAL		1716	1194	681	195										
SANTA MONICA - 6250125A		1204	500	315	79										
VOTE BY MAIL	SERIAL 2422	0	382	226	57										
TOTAL		1204	882	541	136									ļ	
SANTA MONICA - 6250127A VOTE BY MAIL	CEDIAL 0400	1266 0	618 376	407 251	66 28										
TOTAL	SERIAL 2423	1266	994	658	28 94										
IOIAL		1200	554	038	94										

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL E	LECTION		***************************************						11/08/16	***************************************		158.5	- PAGE - 119	57 of 12214
FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST				SANTA MOI MEASURE	NICA CITY SP	C MUNI									
BY PRECINCT															
LOCATION		REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	£	18				I				I	 	l
SANTA MONICA - 6250128A VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 2424	931 0 931	369 749	242 231 473	54										
SANTA MONICA - 6250128C* VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 6343	78 0 78	58	39 39	0 9 9										
BALLOT GROUP 318 - 9990318A VOTE BY MAIL TOTAL	SERIAL 8318	0 0 0	17	8	0										

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES -	GENERAL ELECTION	***************************************	***************************************			 		11/08/16			158.6	- P A GE - 119	958 of 12214
FINAL OFFICIAL			SANTA MON MEASURE	IICA CITY SPO SM	C MUNI								
STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST BY PRECINCT													
LOCATION	REGIST- RATION	BALLOTS CAST	/ES	%							I	 	
PRECINCT TOTAL VBM TOTAL GROUP TOTAL	68644 0 0	29905 21740 17		4068 2421 0									
GRAND TOTAL	68644	51662	32231	6489									

Los Angeles County Registrar-Recorder/County Clerk

Certificate of the Canvass of the Election Returns

OFFICIAL ELECTION RETURNS GENERAL ELECTION – NOVEMBER 8, 2016 CANVASS OF WRITE-IN VOTES

PRESIDENT

	VOTES CAST
LAURENCE KOTLIKOFF	155
MIKE MATUREN	274
EVAN MCMULLIN	4,607
BERNARD "BERNIE" SANDERS	7,724
JERRY WHITE	15

SANTA MONICA CITY

MEMBER OF THE CITY COUNCIL

VOTES CAST

1,049

PHIL BROCK

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my seal this 2nd day of December, 2016.



DEAN C. LOGAN
Registrar-Recorder/County Clerk
County of Los Angeles

Pg. 1 of 1



		•
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1.5	SUPERIOR COURT OF THI	STATE OF CALIFORNIA
15		ESTATE OF CALIFORNIA
16	FOR THE COUNTY	
	FOR THE COUNTY PICO NEIGHBORHOOD ASSOCIATION; and	OF LOS ANGELES CASE NO. BC616804
16	FOR THE COUNTY PICO NEIGHBORHOOD ASSOCIATION; and MARIA LOYA,	OF LOS ANGELES
16 17	FOR THE COUNTY PICO NEIGHBORHOOD ASSOCIATION; and MARIA LOYA, Plaintiffs,	OF LOS ANGELES CASE NO. BC616804 DEFENDANT CITY OF SANTA MONICA'S NOTICE OF APPEAL
16 17 18	FOR THE COUNTY PICO NEIGHBORHOOD ASSOCIATION; and MARIA LOYA, Plaintiffs, v.	OF LOS ANGELES CASE NO. BC616804 DEFENDANT CITY OF SANTA MONICA'S NOTICE OF APPEAL Complaint Filed: April 12, 2016
16 17 18 19	FOR THE COUNTY PICO NEIGHBORHOOD ASSOCIATION; and MARIA LOYA, Plaintiffs, v. CITY OF SANTA MONICA,	OF LOS ANGELES CASE NO. BC616804 DEFENDANT CITY OF SANTA MONICA'S NOTICE OF APPEAL
16 17 18 19 20	FOR THE COUNTY PICO NEIGHBORHOOD ASSOCIATION; and MARIA LOYA, Plaintiffs, v.	OF LOS ANGELES CASE NO. BC616804 DEFENDANT CITY OF SANTA MONICA'S NOTICE OF APPEAL Complaint Filed: April 12, 2016
16 17 18 19 20 21	FOR THE COUNTY PICO NEIGHBORHOOD ASSOCIATION; and MARIA LOYA, Plaintiffs, v. CITY OF SANTA MONICA,	CASE NO. BC616804 DEFENDANT CITY OF SANTA MONICA'S NOTICE OF APPEAL Complaint Filed: April 12, 2016 Trial Date: August 1, 2018
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	FOR THE COUNTY PICO NEIGHBORHOOD ASSOCIATION; and MARIA LOYA, Plaintiffs, v. CITY OF SANTA MONICA,	CASE NO. BC616804 DEFENDANT CITY OF SANTA MONICA'S NOTICE OF APPEAL Complaint Filed: April 12, 2016 Trial Date: August 1, 2018 Assigned to Judge Yvette Palazuelos
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	FOR THE COUNTY PICO NEIGHBORHOOD ASSOCIATION; and MARIA LOYA, Plaintiffs, v. CITY OF SANTA MONICA,	CASE NO. BC616804 DEFENDANT CITY OF SANTA MONICA'S NOTICE OF APPEAL Complaint Filed: April 12, 2016 Trial Date: August 1, 2018 Assigned to Judge Yvette Palazuelos
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	FOR THE COUNTY PICO NEIGHBORHOOD ASSOCIATION; and MARIA LOYA, Plaintiffs, v. CITY OF SANTA MONICA,	CASE NO. BC616804 DEFENDANT CITY OF SANTA MONICA'S NOTICE OF APPEAL Complaint Filed: April 12, 2016 Trial Date: August 1, 2018 Assigned to Judge Yvette Palazuelos
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	FOR THE COUNTY PICO NEIGHBORHOOD ASSOCIATION; and MARIA LOYA, Plaintiffs, v. CITY OF SANTA MONICA,	CASE NO. BC616804 DEFENDANT CITY OF SANTA MONICA'S NOTICE OF APPEAL Complaint Filed: April 12, 2016 Trial Date: August 1, 2018 Assigned to Judge Yvette Palazuelos
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	FOR THE COUNTY PICO NEIGHBORHOOD ASSOCIATION; and MARIA LOYA, Plaintiffs, v. CITY OF SANTA MONICA,	CASE NO. BC616804 DEFENDANT CITY OF SANTA MONICA'S NOTICE OF APPEAL Complaint Filed: April 12, 2016 Trial Date: August 1, 2018 Assigned to Judge Yvette Palazuelos
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	FOR THE COUNTY PICO NEIGHBORHOOD ASSOCIATION; and MARIA LOYA, Plaintiffs, v. CITY OF SANTA MONICA,	CASE NO. BC616804 DEFENDANT CITY OF SANTA MONICA'S NOTICE OF APPEAL Complaint Filed: April 12, 2016 Trial Date: August 1, 2018 Assigned to Judge Yvette Palazuelos

DEFENDANT CITY OF SANTA MONICA'S NOTICE OF APPEAL

TO THE CLERK OF THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES:

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure section 904.1, subdivision (a), Defendant City of Santa Monica hereby appeals to the Court of Appeal of the State of California, Second Appellate District, from the Judgment issued following a court trial in the above-referenced action, filed and entered on or around February 13, 2019, including, but not limited to, all rulings and orders embodied in said Judgment and in the above-referenced action that were adverse to the City of Santa Monica.

DATED: February 22, 2019

Respectfully submitted, GIBSON, DUNN & CRUTCHER LLP

Theodore J. Boutrous, Jr. Attorneys for Defendant City of Santa Monica

PROOF OF SERVICE

I, Laura Rocha-Maez, declare:

I am employed in the County of Los Angeles, State of California. My business address is 333 South Grand Avenue, Los Angeles, California 90071. I am over the age of eighteen years and not a party to the action in which this service is made.

On February 22, 2019, I served

DEFENDANT CITY OF SANTA MONICA'S NOTICE OF APPEAL

on the interested parties in this action by causing the service delivery of the above document as follows:

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- BY MAIL: I placed a true copy in a sealed envelope addressed as indicated above, on the above-mentioned date. I am "readily familiar" with the firm's practice of collection and processing correspondence for mailing. It is deposited with the U.S. Postal Service on that same day with postage thereon fully prepaid at Los Angeles, California in the ordinary course of business. I am aware that on motion of party served, service is presumed invalid if postal cancellation date or postage meter date is more than one day after date of deposit for mailing an affidavit.
- **BY ELECTRONIC SERVICE**: I will also cause the documents to be emailed to the persons at the electronic service addresses listed above.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

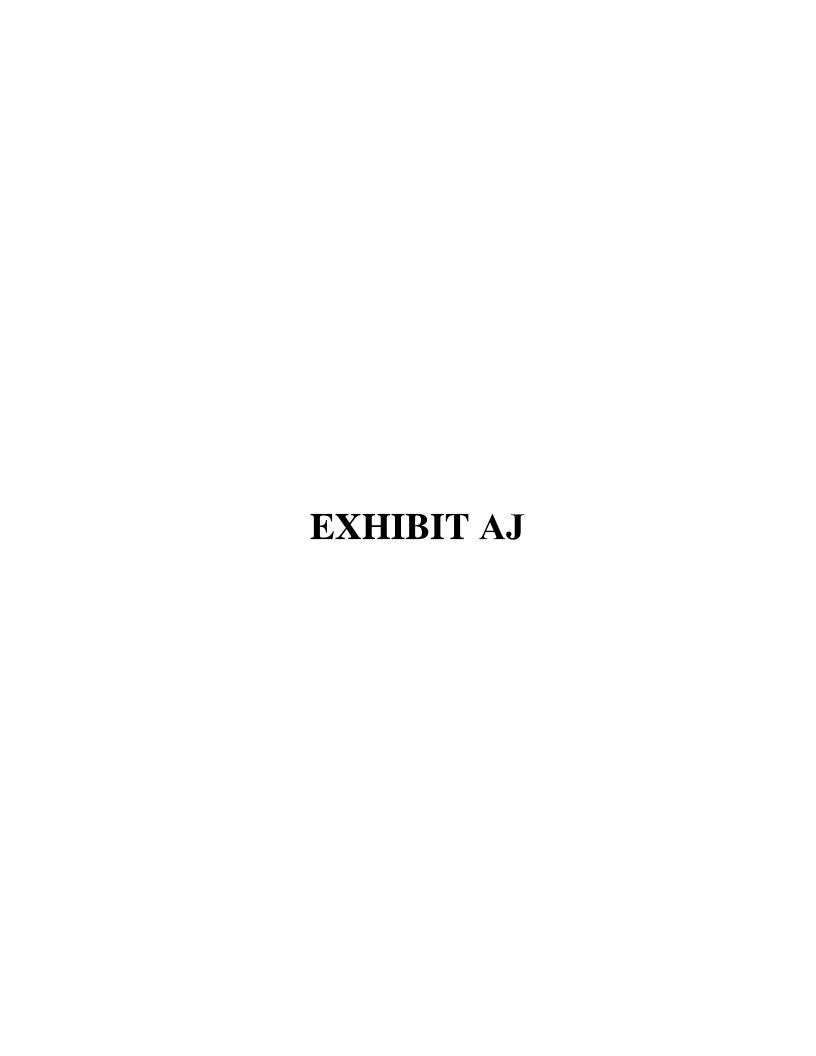
Executed on February 22, 2019, in Los Angeles, California.

Laura Rocha-Maez

28

26

27



To: 12132296804 From: (4422473942) 03/06/19 08:52 AM

Page 2 of 2

Los Angeles Superior Court Spring Street Court 312 N. Spring Street, Dept. 9 Los Angeles, CA 90012 (213) 310-7009

Fax

10.	Gibson I	Dunn			
FAX:	(213) 229-6804		PAGES	: 2 (including cove	r sheet)
PHON	PHONE: DATE: March 6, 2019		<u>.</u> .		
RE:	BC61680	04	CC:	dadler@gibsondunn.com	
□ Urį	gent	⊠ For review	☐ Please comment	☐ Please reply	☐ Please recycle
Comm	nents: Plea	se distribute. Tha	ank vou.		

03/06/19 08:52 AM Page 2 of 2

> FILED Superior Court of California County of Los Angeles

RULING/ORDERS

MAR 06 2019

Sherri R. Carter Executive Officer/Clerk

Pico Neighborhood Association, et al. v. City of Santa Monica M. Raya Case No.: BC616804

Defendant City of Santa Monica's Ex Parte Application to Confirm (filed March 1, 2019) is DENIED.

Plaintiff Pico Neighborhood Association's Motion to Strike Declaration of Jeffrey Lewis in support of Defendant's Ex Parte Application is GRANTED.

The Declaration of Jeffrey Lewis is STRICKEN.

CLERK TO GIVE NOTICE TO ALL PARTIES VIA FAX AND U.S. MAIL

IT IS SO ORDERED.

YVETTE M. PALAZUELOS

YVETTE M. PALAZUELOS JUDGE OF THE SUPERIOR COURT



No. B295935

IN THE COURT OF APPEAL OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA SECOND APPELLATE DISTRICT

CITY OF SANTA MONICA,

Petitioner-Defendant,

v.

PICO NEIGHBORHOOD ASSOCIATION; MARIA LOYA,

Respondents and Plaintiffs.

PETITION FOR WRIT OF SUPERSEDEAS OR OTHER EXTRAORDINARY RELIEF; MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

Appeal from the Superior Court for the County of Los Angeles The Hon. Yvette M. Palazuelos, Judge Presiding Superior Court Case No. BC616804 Department 9 Telephone: (213) 310-7009

Gov't Code, § 6103

IMMEDIATE STAY REQUESTED

(of order prohibiting Council members from serving after August 15, 2019, which calls for compliance starting on or before April 1, 2019)

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I. INTRODUCTION AND SUMMARY OF ARGUMENT

In this California Voting Rights Act case, the trial court entered a judgment mandating, in paragraph 9, that as of August 15, 2019, the City of Santa Monica must oust all of its duly elected Council members from office—leaving the City with no choice but to hold an election this summer to ensure that there is a new Council in place to run the City. The City has appealed, effectuating an automatic stay of paragraph 9 under section 916 of the Code of Civil Procedure. But the trial court has refused to confirm that a stay is now in place. And plaintiffs have taken the position that paragraph 9 is merely prohibitory, so it is *not* stayed during this appeal, and that if the City does not comply with it, "there will be consequences." (Vol. 5, Ex. GG, p. 1121, fn.2.)

Paragraph 9 provides: "Any person, other than a person who has been duly elected to the Santa Monica City Council through a district-based election in conformity with this Judgment, is prohibited from serving on the Santa Monica City Council after August 15, 2019." This is indistinguishable from many other injunctions that the Supreme Court and Courts of Appeal have found to be mandatory in effect—and thus automatically stayed on appeal—even if prohibitory in form, because they coerce a change to the status quo. (See, e.g., Paramount Pictures Corp. v. Davis (1964) 228 Cal.App.2d 827, 838.) Here, the enforcement of paragraph 9 will have a dramatic, irreparable impact on the status quo and the electoral process in Santa Monica. It requires the City to strip its current Council members of their elected positions, scrap an at-large election system that has been in place for

more than seven decades, and hold an election this summer under a brand-new, court-imposed district-based system. Plaintiffs have emphasized that paragraph 9 *requires* a fundamental change to the status quo, and that if the City refuses to disband its current Council and hold an election before August 15, "the Governor will do it for them. He will order an election. We are not talking about them not having an election. They have time to do it. They will do it. They just don't want to do it." (Vol. 5, Ex. II, p. 1184:18-21, italics added.)

Under the circumstances, in light of the plaintiffs' position that paragraph 9 is not presently stayed and the trial court's refusal to clarify this issue, the City respectfully requests that this Court issue a writ of supersedeas in a corrective capacity, confirming that paragraph 9 of the trial court's judgment is a mandatory injunction and was automatically stayed by the City's filing of its notice of appeal.¹

Alternatively, if the Court concludes that paragraph 9 is prohibitory in effect as well as form, and therefore not automatically stayed on appeal, this Court should exercise its discretion to stay the enforcement of paragraph 9 during the appeal to avoid irreparable harm to the City, its Council members, and the public. Among other things, the enforcement of paragraph 9 could leave the City without any governing body for some period of time;

The parties and the trial court agree that paragraph 8 of the judgment, which expressly calls for a district-based election to be held on July 2, 2019, is stayed automatically as a result of the City's appeal. (See Vol. 5, Ex. II, p. 1189:14-16.)

would compel the City to adopt the very method of election and districting plan whose necessity and legality are the subjects of this appeal; would rob the current Council members of the seats they spent time and energy campaigning for and winning; would deprive voters, including Latino voters, of their preferred representatives; and would cost the City almost \$1 million in unrecoverable election-related costs.

Finally, the City requests that this Court either issue a decision on this petition before April 1 (the date when the Council would need to pass a resolution calling for an election to occur in late July) or push back the August 15, 2019, deadline in paragraph 9. Elections must be noticed approximately four months in advance, and without either temporary or permanent relief from this Court, the City would be forced to notice a district-based election in early April. (See Vol. 5, Ex. GG, p. 1135, ¶¶ 5(a)–(c).)

II. PETITION FOR WRIT OF SUPERSEDEAS OR OTHER EXTRAORDINARY RELIEF; REQUEST FOR STAY

A. Parties

- 1. Petitioner, the City of Santa Monica, was the defendant in the underlying action (Los Angeles Superior Court case number BC616804).
- 2. Respondents, who were the plaintiffs in the underlying action, are the Pico Neighborhood Association and Maria Loya.

B. Factual background

3. Santa Monica is a small, progressive, and inclusive

- city. In 1946, the City adopted its current Charter, which calls for the "at-large" election of seven Council members. (See Vol. 2, Ex. E, p. 291.) Each voter may cast up to three votes in gubernatorial election years and up to four votes in presidential election years for candidates of his or her choice. Every voter thus has a say as to who sits in each seat on the Council, and Council members are accountable to every voter.
- 4. The City's most prominent minority leaders backed the adoption of the current electoral system in the 1946 Charter (see Vol. 5, Ex. BB, p. 1079, \P 70), in large part because that system made it more likely that minorities could elect candidates of their choice. The 1946 Charter also featured other provisions that were highly favorable to minorities, including an explicit prohibition against racial discrimination in public employment. (Vol. 4, Ex. X, p. 864.) Not surprisingly, there is no record of any minority residents opposing the 1946 Charter. (Id., p. 931.)
- 5. Santa Monica voters have twice, in 1975 and in 2002, overwhelmingly rejected proposals to drop the at-large method of election in favor of a districted electoral scheme. (See Vol. 2, Ex. E, pp. 294, 297.) And they did so for sound, "good government" reasons that had nothing to do with race. Under a districted system, each voter would be able to vote only once every four years, and for only one seat on the Council—the one assigned to the particular district in which that voter lives. A Council member under such a system would be directly accountable only to his or her district, not the City as a whole, and voters feared that such Council members would succumb to horse-trading and parochialism.

6. The at-large system has served the City well for 73 years. Council elections are hotly contested, with typically over a dozen candidates running for office, and voter participation is high. The candidates elected as a result of these competitive races represent and are accountable to every last resident in the City. And, critically, under the current at-large election system, candidates preferred by Latino voters have consistently prevailed at the polls, notwithstanding the fact that Latinos presently make up only 13.6 percent of the City's voting population. (See Vol. 2, Ex. E, pp. 303–314.)

C. Procedural background

7. Plaintiffs filed this action on April 12, 2016 (see Vol. 1, Ex. A, pp. 9–25), and filed the operative complaint on February 23, 2017 (see Vol. 1, Ex. B, pp. 27–48). Plaintiffs alleged that the City amended its Charter in 1946 to discriminate against minority voters, in violation of the Equal Protection Clause of the California Constitution, and that the City's at-large electoral system prevents Latino voters from electing candidates of their choice, in violation of the CVRA. (*Ibid.*)

1. The court trial and subsequent proceedings

- 8. The court trial in this case began on August 1, 2018. The trial lasted for six weeks, concluding on September 13, 2018.
- 9. The parties then submitted closing briefs and proposed verdict forms, with plaintiffs' opening papers filed on September 25, 2018 (Vol. 1, Ex. C, pp. 50–160 (original); Vol. 1, Ex. D,

- pp. 162–257 (corrected)), the City's papers filed on October 15, 2018 (Vol. 2, Ex. E, pp. 266–339), and plaintiffs' reply filed on October 25, 2018 (Vol. 2, Ex. F, pp. 341–355).
- 10. In its closing brief, the City argued, among other things, that Santa Monica's elections are not characterized by racially polarized voting, because Latino-preferred candidates are not usually defeated by white bloc voting; that the City's at-large electoral system does not dilute Latino voting power, because no hypothetical alternative system would enhance Latino voters' ability to elect candidates of their choice; and that neither the adoption of the City's current Charter in 1946 nor the Council's decision in 1992 not to put a districting measure on the ballot was motivated by racial discrimination. (See Vol. 2, Ex. E, pp. 266–339.) With respect to plaintiffs' Equal Protection claim, the City argued that plaintiffs' factual allegations were false and, even if they were true, would not be enough as a matter of law to show that the relevant decisionmakers affirmatively intended to discriminate against minority voters. (*Id.* at pp. 289–297.)
- 11. On November 8, 2018, the trial court issued a tentative decision stating only that it had found in favor of plaintiffs on both causes of action, without any reasoning or citations to evidence or case law. (See Vol. 2, Ex. H, pp. 363–364.) The court also instructed the parties to submit further briefing in advance of a hearing "regarding the appropriate/preferred remedy for violation of the California Voting Rights Act." (See *id.* at p. 364.)
- 12. The City timely filed a request for a statement of decision on November 15, 2018. (See Vol. 2, Ex. I, pp. 366–378.)

- 13. The parties filed briefs on remedies. (Vol. 2, Ex. J, pp. 380–420; Ex. N, pp. 488–520; Ex. O, pp. 522–536).
- 14. In their brief concerning remedies, plaintiffs contended that the trial court should order the City to hold an election by April 16, 2019, and also "[p]rohibit anyone not duly elected through a district-based election from serving as a member of the Santa Monica City Council after May 14, 2019." (Vol. 2, Ex. J, p. 384.) Plaintiffs also urged the Court to adopt the seven-district map drawn by their expert witness. (See *id.* at pp. 387–388.)
- among other things, that if the court entered judgment in favor of the plaintiffs, it should "disregard plaintiffs' contrived deadlines for holding a special election" and "should instead issue an order that is to be carried out only once any judgment against the City is final, with appellate rights exhausted." (Vol. 2, Ex. N, p. 500.) The City noted that "any order requiring the City to hold a special election or otherwise depart from the status quo would necessarily be mandatory in character, and thus stayed on appeal." (See *id.* at p. 498.) The City also contended that any order prohibiting council members not elected through district-based elections would, "despite its prohibitory label, . . . be mandatory in effect . . . and therefore would be automatically stayed on appeal." (*Id.* at pp. 498–499 n.7.)
- 16. The City also argued that if any remedy were necessary, the court should order the City to fashion such a remedy subject to judicial approval for three reasons. (See *id.* at pp. 500–505.) First, California law requires as much. (See *id.* at pp. 504–

- 505.) When a court orders a change from at-large elections to district-based elections, section 10010 of the Elections Code calls for a process of public input on potential district lines. Second, Santa Monica is a charter city and should be allowed to fashion its own proposed remedy, subject to judicial oversight. (See *id.* at p. 503.) Third, federal courts adjudicating statutory vote-dilution claims generally do not design remedies in the first instance and instead leave that task to the relevant legislative body, subject to judicial review. (See *id.* at pp. 503–504.)
- 17. On November 26, 2018, plaintiffs filed an ex parte application seeking a temporary restraining order prohibiting the City from certifying the results of its November 2018 City Council election. (See Vol. 2, Ex. K, pp. 422–446.) The trial court denied plaintiffs' ex parte application on November 27, 2018. (See Vol. 2, Ex. M, p. 478:24-25.)
- amended tentative decision. (See Vol. 3, Ex. Q, pp. 594–596.) In addition to the single sentence finding in favor of plaintiffs on both causes of action, the court issued two orders. First, it "enjoin[ed] and restrain[ed] Defendant from imposing, applying, holding, tabulating, and/or certifying any at-large elections, and/or the results thereof, for any positions on its City Council." (*Id.* at pp. 594–595, ¶ 2.) Second, it ordered all City Council elections to "be district-based elections, . . . in accordance with the map attached hereto," which was plaintiffs' trial exhibit 162 depicting a single "Pico Neighborhood District." (*Id.* at p. 595, ¶ 3.)
 - 19. On the same day, the court ordered plaintiffs to file a

proposed statement of decision and proposed judgment by January 2, 2019. (Vol. 3, Ex. R, p. 598.)

- 20. On December 21, 2018, the City filed a second request for a statement of decision, in light of the court's additional findings on remedies in its amended tentative decision. (Vol. 3, Ex. S, pp. 600–631.)
- 21. On January 2, 2019, plaintiffs filed an ex parte application for clarification of the court's December 12 order. (Vol. 3, Ex. T, pp. 633–653.) Plaintiffs noted that the map attached to the order defined only one district, not the seven drawn by their expert, and that the court did not specify when district-based elections would be held, or what seats would be subject to election first. (*Id.* at pp. 637–639.)
- 22. In its opposition, the City reiterated its contentions that the court was obligated under section 10010 of the Elections Code to give the City the opportunity to draw districts in the first instance after soliciting public input, and that any order calling for a special election before the next regularly scheduled general municipal election (in November 2020) would be a mandatory injunction and therefore automatically stayed upon the taking of an appeal. (Vol. 3, Ex. U, pp. 657, 659.)
- 23. At the hearing on plaintiffs' ex parte application, held on January 2, 2019, the court directed plaintiffs to propose a statement of decision and judgment calling for the seven districts drawn by plaintiffs' expert and a special election in 2019. (See Vol. 3, Ex. V, p. 703:9-11.) The court concluded the hearing by stating, "We will let it run and see where it goes in the Court of

Appeal." (*Id.* at p. 703:11-12.)

- 24. On January 3, 2019, plaintiffs filed a proposed statement of decision that closely followed the content of their closing brief and a proposed judgment that (a) called for a special district-based election for all seven council seats to be held on July 2, 2019, (see Vol. 3, Ex. W, p. 715), with the districts being those drawn by plaintiffs' expert, and (b) prohibited "any person, other than a person who has been duly elected to the Santa Monica City Council through a district-based election in conformity with this judgment, . . . from serving on the Santa Monica City Council after August 15, 2019." (*Ibid.*)
- 25. Because the proposed statement and proposed judgment were in almost every respect contrary to the factual record and the law, the City timely objected (on January 18, 2019) at great length to both. (See Vol. 4, Ex. X, pp. 772–988.) Among many other things, the City contended that any order of a special election would be automatically stayed by the taking of an appeal, as would any order prohibiting Council members other than those elected by districts from serving past a certain date, as such an order would be prohibitory in form but mandatory in effect. (See *id*. at p. 775.)
 - 2. The judgment, the City's appeal, and the City's efforts to seek confirmation of the automatic stay
- 26. On February 13, 2019, the trial court (a) overruled all of the City's objections to the proposed judgment in an order con-

taining no reasoning or citations (Vol. 5, Ex. CC, p. 1100); (b) sustained a handful of the City's objections to the proposed statement of decision, overruling the balance without explanation (Vol. 5, Ex. DD, pp. 1102–1103); (c) issued a statement of decision that was nearly identical to plaintiffs' proposed statement (see Vol. 5, Ex. BB, pp. 1028–1098); and (d) issued a judgment that was substantively identical to plaintiffs' proposed judgment. (Vol. 4, Ex. AA, pp. 1005–1019.)

- 27. Paragraph 8 of the judgment orders the City to "hold a district-based special election," with district lines drawn by plaintiffs' expert, "on July 2, 2019, for each of the seven seats on the Santa Monica City Council." (See *id.* at p. 1017.)
- 28. Paragraph 9 of the judgment provides: "Any person, other than a person who has been duly elected to the Santa Monica City Council through a district-based election in conformity with this judgment, is prohibited from serving on the Santa Monica City Council after August 15, 2019." (*Ibid.*)
- 29. On February 21, 2019, the Santa Monica City Council unanimously resolved to appeal from the judgment.
- 30. Because the City wished to effect an automatic stay of the trial court's judgment and thereby avoid making arrangements for a district-based election—the deadline for the earliest of those arrangements is approximately four months before the election date—the City filed its notice of appeal the next day, on February 22, 2019. (See Vol. 5, Ex. FF, pp. 1107–1109.)
- 31. On February 28, 2019, the City filed an ex parte application in the trial court concerning paragraph 9 of the judgment,

which prohibits Council members other than those elected in a district-based system from serving after August 15. (See Vol. 5, Ex. GG, pp. 1111–1152.) The City contended that paragraph 9 is effectively mandatory, because it requires the City to oust its current Council members and to hold a district-based election before August 15. The City therefore sought confirmation that paragraph 9 is automatically stayed on appeal. (*Id.* at p. 1122.) In the alternative, the City requested that the trial court exercise its discretion to stay the enforcement of paragraph 9 pending appeal.

- 32. Plaintiffs contended in their opposition that paragraph 9 is prohibitory in both form and effect. (See Vol. 5, Ex. HH, pp. 1157–1163.) They argued that the City "could comply with paragraph 9 of the Judgment by holding a district-based election for the seats on its city council, or Defendant could opt to exist with no quorum on its city council"—that is, without any governing body at all. (See *id.* at p. 1162.)
- 33. At the March 4 hearing on the City's application, plaintiffs also contended, citing Elections Code section 10300, that if the City were to choose not to hold a district-based election before August 15, the voters could petition the Governor to appoint commissioners to call an election, which would need to be district-based. Plaintiffs thus argued that the City's only two options were either to hold a district-based election voluntarily before August 15, 2019, or to be forced to do so by the Governor at some point thereafter. (See Vol. 5, Ex. II, p. 1174:19–1175:20.)
- 34. The trial court took the matter under submission and issued an order denying the City's application for confirmation on

March 6, 2019, with no reasoning or citations to law. (See Vol. 5, Ex. JJ, p. 1208.) The court also struck, without explanation, the declaration of Dr. Jeffrey Lewis, which the City had submitted with its application to demonstrate that voters, including Latino voters, would suffer irreparable harm from the loss of the representation of their preferred candidates. (*Ibid.*)

35. Just two days after the issuance of the trial court's order, the City files this petition for relief from this Court so that it may preserve the status quo pending appeal and avoid calling a district-based special election that it should not be under any obligation to hold.

D. Statement of the case

- 36. A petition for writ of supersedeas must show "that substantial questions will be raised upon the appeal." (*Deepwell Homeowners' Protective Ass'n v. City Council of Palm Springs* (1965) 239 Cal.App.2d 63, 66–67; Cal. Rules of Court, rule 8.112(a)(4)(A).) The City's appeal raises substantial questions with respect to both of plaintiffs' causes of action.
- 37. The CVRA has been addressed in published appellate decisions only three times, and those decisions resolve none of the disputed issues in this case. In fact, the leading CVRA case, Sanchez v. City of Modesto (2006) 145 Cal.App.4th 660, expressly left unresolved several questions raised in this appeal: (a) "What elements must be proved to establish liability under the CVRA?"; (b) "Is the court precluded from employing crossover or coalition districts (i.e., districts in which the plaintiffs' protected class does

not comprise a majority of voters) as a remedy?"; and (c) "Does the particular remedy under contemplation by the court, if any, conform to the Supreme Court's vote dilution remedy cases?" (*Id.* at p. 690.)

- 38. The trial court committed numerous legal errors in deciding plaintiffs' CVRA claim, only a few of which are briefly catalogued here.
- a. In determining whether the City's elections are characterized by racially polarized voting, the court erred in focusing exclusively on the performance of Latino (or Latino-surnamed) candidates. But it is well settled that minority-preferred candidates need not themselves be members of the protected class. (See, e.g., *Ruiz v. City of Santa Maria* (9th Cir. 1998) 160 F.3d 543, 551 [joining eight other circuits "in rejecting the position that the 'minority's preferred candidate' must be a member of the racial minority"].) If the trial court had properly identified Latino voters' candidates of choice—in part by acknowledging that in multiple elections, white candidates were preferred by Latino voters to an equal or greater extent than Latino candidates—it could not have concluded that Latino-preferred candidates are usually defeated.
- b. The trial court erred in concluding that the City's at-large election system has diluted Latino voting power. To prove vote dilution, a plaintiff must show that a protected class would have greater opportunity to elect candidates of its choice under some other electoral system, which serves as a "benchmark" for comparison. "[I]n order to decide whether an electoral system

has made it harder for minority voters to elect the candidates they prefer, a court must have an idea in mind of how hard it 'should' be for minority voters to elect their preferred candidates under an acceptable system." (*Thornburg v. Gingles* (1986) 478 U.S. 30, 88 (conc. opn. of O'Connor, J.).) In Santa Monica, Latino voters account for just 13.6 percent of the voting population (see Vol. 2, Ex. E, p. 273), and would comprise only 30 percent of the voting population in the purportedly remedial district ordered by the court (see Vol. 2, Ex. N, p. 496). Unrebutted testimony demonstrates that the court-imposed districting plan would dilute the voting strength of minority voters in the six other districts—where two-thirds of the City's Latinos reside. (*Ibid.*)

- c. If, as plaintiffs have argued and as the trial court's decision suggests, vote dilution is not an element of the CVRA, then the statute must be unconstitutional as applied in this case, to the extent that it authorizes predominantly racebased remedies without a showing of any injury, much less a compelling governmental interest.
- d. The trial court adopted the districting plan drawn by plaintiffs' expert, without public input, in violation of section 10010 of the Elections Code. (See Vol. 4, Ex. AA, p. 1019.) That statute requires that a city changing from an at-large method of election to district-based elections—whether doing so voluntarily or, as here, under a court order—must hold a series of public hearings over the boundaries of potential districts. The trial court erred in refusing to allow the City to go through the inclusive, democratic process of public engagement mandated by

law.

The trial court erred as a matter of law in cone. cluding that plaintiffs had proven a violation of the Equal Protection Clause. Plaintiffs submitted no evidence, and the court made no findings, demonstrating that the City's electoral system has caused a disparate impact on minority voters—i.e., that some alternative electoral system would have enhanced any minority group's voting strength at any time in the City's history. (E.g., Johnson v. DeSoto Cty. Bd. of Comm'rs (11th Cir. 2000) 204 F.3d 1335, 1344.) The fact that few Latinos have served on the Council to date—in addition to being irrelevant, as the focus is on *Latino*preferred candidates, regardless of their ethnicity—says nothing about how many Latinos should have been elected to serve had Latinos voted cohesively throughout the City's history. In addition, the facts found by the trial court do not support its conclusion of intentional discrimination. For example, the court acknowledged that the adoption of the City's current electoral system in the 1946 Charter was favored by every prominent local minority leader, but nevertheless somehow concluded that the Charter (which contained an explicit *anti*-discrimination provision) was motivated by an intent to discriminate against minorities. (See Vol. 5, Ex. BB, pp. 1075, 1079, ¶¶ 65, 70.)

E. Basis for relief

39. Mandatory injunctions are automatically stayed by the taking of an appeal. (Code Civ. Proc., § 916, subd. (a); *Ket*-

tenhofen v. Superior Court (1961) 55 Cal. 2d 189, 191.) "The purpose of the automatic stay provision of section 916, subdivision (a) is to protect the appellate court's jurisdiction by preserving the status quo until the appeal is decided." (URS Corp. v. Atkinson/Walsh Joint Venture (2017) 15 Cal.App.5th 872, 881, internal quotation marks omitted.)

- 40. Where, as here, an appeal effects an automatic stay, "the writ of supersedeas will issue 'in a corrective capacity' in case of a . . . threatened violation of such stay." (*In re Dabney's Estate* (1951) 37 Cal.2d 402, 408; see also *Hedwall v. PCMV*, *LLC* (2018) 22 Cal.App.5th 564, 572 ["the appropriate method of challenging the denial of an order to enforce the stay arising under section 916 is a petition for writ of supersedeas"]; *Nielsen v. Stumbos* (1990) 226 Cal.App.3d 301, 303 ["Supersedeas is the appropriate remedy when it appears that a party is refusing to acknowledge the applicability of statutory provisions 'automatically' staying a judgment while an appeal is being pursued."].)
- 41. Here, plaintiffs have refused to acknowledge that paragraph 9 of the judgment is mandatory in effect and therefore stayed on appeal, and they have contended there will be "consequences" if the current Council is not ousted by August 15. The trial court has likewise refused to confirm that the automatic stay applies to paragraph 9. Accordingly, the City has brought this petition for a corrective writ of supersedeas clarifying that paragraph 9 of the trial court's judgment was automatically stayed by the filing of the City's notice of appeal.
 - 42. In determining whether an injunction is mandatory

and therefore automatically stayed on appeal, courts must identify the *substance* of the injunction, regardless of its form. (*URS Corp.*, *supra*, 15 Cal.App.5th at p. 884.) An injunction is "mandatory in effect if its enforcement would be to change the position of the parties and compel them to act in accordance with the judgment rendered." (*Musicians Club of L.A. v. Superior Court* (1958) 165 Cal.App.2d 67, 71.)

- 43. Paragraph 9 states: "Any person, other than a person who has been duly elected to the Santa Monica City Council through a district-based election in conformity with this Judgment, is prohibited from serving on the Santa Monica City Council after August 15, 2019." (Vol. 4, Ex. AA, p. 1017.)
- 44. Paragraph 9 is mandatory in effect for two reasons. First, it changes the status quo by compelling duly elected Council members "affirmatively to surrender a position which [they] hold[]," or, presumably, the City to take affirmative action to remove them. (*Clute v. Superior Court* (1908) 155 Cal. 15, 20 [holding injunction was mandatory in effect even though prohibitory in form].)
- 45. Second, paragraph 9 effectively compels the City to conduct a district-based election in advance of August 15, 2019. The City's Charter assigns all the City's powers to its Council. (§ 605.) If the current Council members cannot continue represent the City after August 15, 2019, then the City will be left without any governing body. To avert that outcome, the City must install new Council members, but the judgment requires that they be elected in a district-based election. And under California law,

any election must be noticed at least 113 days before the election date. (Elec. Code, § 12101.) Accordingly, paragraph 9 effectively requires the City to give notice of an election in short order and to conduct that election in July.

- 46. Paragraph 9 is analogous to the injunctions entered in many other cases in which the Supreme Court and Courts of Appeal have found relief to be mandatory in effect even if prohibitory in form. (See, e.g., Feinberg v. Doe (1939) 14 Cal.2d 24, 29 [order prohibiting employment of non-union worker, "in effect, commands the defendants to release the said employee from their employment"]; Clute, supra, 155 Cal. at p. 20 [order prohibiting hotel manager from fulfilling duties was mandatory because it "compel[led] him affirmatively to surrender a position which he h[eld]"]; Davis, supra, 228 Cal.App.2d at p. 838 [order prohibiting actress from filming scenes for other studios tantamount to a mandatory injunction that she film for Paramount]; Ambrose v. Alioto (1944) 62 Cal.App.2d 680, 686 [order prohibiting defendant from delivering fish to any canner except one equivalent to an order requiring defendant to deliver to that canner].)
- 47. In the alternative, if this Court deems paragraph 9 to be prohibitory in effect as well as form, it should exercise its discretion to issue the writ to stay the enforcement of paragraph 9 during the appeal, in order to avoid irreparable harm to the City and the public. (Code Civ. Proc., § 923; e.g., *Mills v. Cty. of Trinity* (1979) 98 Cal.App.3d 859, 861.)
- 48. For the reasons set out above (¶¶ 38(a)–(e)), the City's appeal raises substantial questions, many of first impression in

California's appellate courts, and the City has a substantial likelihood of prevailing on appeal.

- 49. Should this Court decline to grant this petition and then later reverse the judgment, the enforcement of paragraph 9 during the pendency of the City's appeal will have worked irreparable harm on the City, its current Council members, and the public. These irreparable harms include:
- a. The voters' will would be disregarded. Santa Monica voters have twice rejected a proposal to revert to district-based elections (which were in place in Santa Monica between 1906 and 1914) for entirely non-discriminatory reasons.
- b. Relatedly, all Santa Monica voters will lose the candidates that they duly elected to serve until 2020 and 2022—nullifying the fundamental constitutional rights of those voters to have their voices heard in the electoral process. (Cal. Const., art. II, § 2.5 ["A voter who casts a vote in an election in accordance with the laws of this State shall have that vote counted"].)
- c. The City would be compelled to hold districted elections this summer, with the district lines drawn by plaintiffs' expert rather than through the public-hearing process mandated by section 10010 of the Elections Code. Going through this process would result in voter confusion and almost \$1 million in direct and unrecoverable costs to the City.
- d. The court-imposed districts threaten to *dilute* the voting power of the vast majority of Latinos who live outside of the one purportedly remedial district ordered by trial court. The likely result of a district-based election this summer is that the

City goes from its current Council, where most of its members were the preferred candidates of Latinos in the 2016 and 2018 elections, to a new Council that Latinos have had little say in electing.

F. The Court has jurisdiction, and this petition is timely.

- 50. This Court is authorized to grant a writ of supersedeas. "An appellate court may issue a writ of supersedeas to stay a judgment . . . where an appeal from the judgment or order is pending." (*In re Christy L.* (1986) 187 Cal.App.3d 753, 759; see also *Sun-Maid Raisin Growers of Cal. v. Paul* (1964) 229 Cal.App.2d 368, 374 ["The issuance of a writ of supersedeas . . . is within the inherent power of the court."].)
- 51. Here, a notice of appeal was filed on February 22, 2019, from a judgment entered on February 13, 2019.

G. Authenticity of exhibits

- 52. Exhibits A–JJ accompanying this petition are true and correct copies of original documents on file with the trial court or certified reporters' transcripts.
- 53. Exhibit GG contains three declarations submitted to show the irreparable harm that would be caused if the stay of the trial court's order prohibiting duly elected Council members from serving past August 15, 2019, were not stayed pending this appeal, and the lack of harm to Respondents if a stay is granted. These declarations were filed in the trial court in connection with

the City's application for a stay (and the trial court issued an order striking Dr. Lewis's declaration without explanation).

 $54. \hspace{0.5cm}$ The exhibits are paginated consecutively from page 1 through 1208.

III. PRAYER FOR RELIEF

The City prays that this Court:

- 1. Issue a writ of supersedeas confirming that paragraph 9 of the trial court's judgment entered on February 13, 2019, was automatically stayed by the City's noticing of an appeal, and that the stay will remain in effect until the appeal is resolved;
- 2. In the alternative, issue a writ of supersedeas staying paragraph 9 of the trial court's judgment entered on February 13, 2019, and continuing the stay during the pendency of this appeal;
- Grant any temporary stay of the trial court's judgment pending this Court's determination of this petition (if necessary); and
 - 4. Grant such other relief as is just and proper.

DATED: March 8, 2019 Respectfully submitted,

GIBSON, DUNN & CRUTCHER LLP

By:

Theodore J. Boutrous, Jr.

Attorneys for Petitioner-Defendant City of Santa Monica

IV. VERIFICATION

I, Kahn A. Scolnick, declare as follows:

I am one of the attorneys for Petitioner in this matter, and I am authorized to execute this verification on its behalf. I have read the foregoing petition and know its contents. The facts alleged in the petition are within my own knowledge, and I know these facts to be true. Because of my familiarity with the relevant facts pertaining to the trial court proceedings, I, rather than Petitioner, verify this petition.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct and that this verification was executed on March 8, 2019, in Los Angeles, California.

By:

Kahn A. Scolnick

V. MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES A. Introduction

Paragraph 9 of the trial court's judgment states: "Any person, other than a person who has been duly elected to the Santa Monica City Council through a district-based election in conformity with this Judgment, is prohibited from serving on the Santa Monica City Council after August 15, 2019." (Vol. 4, Ex. AA, p. 1017.) The trial court refused either to confirm that paragraph 9 is mandatory in effect and therefore automatically stayed on appeal or, in the alternative, to exercise its discretion to stay the enforcement of paragraph 9 so as to avoid irreparable harm to the City, its Council members, and the public. (See Vol. 5, Ex. JJ, p. 1208.)

This Court should issue a writ of supersedeas in a corrective capacity, confirming that paragraph 9 is mandatory in effect because it requires the City to go without a government after August 15—thus forcing the City to change the status quo by holding a district-based election this summer. As a mandatory injunction, paragraph 9 was automatically stayed by the filing of the City's notice of appeal.

In the alternative, this Court should issue the writ in the exercise of its discretion, because without a stay of paragraph 9's enforcement during the appeal, the City, the Council members, and the public will suffer irreparable harm, including the deprivation of voters' constitutional rights to choose their elected officials, and almost \$1 million in unrecoverable election-related costs.

B. Standard for granting a writ of supersedeas

Section 923 of the Code of Civil Procedure grants this Court virtually unlimited discretion to issue orders preserving the status quo in protection of its own jurisdiction. (*People ex rel. San Francisco Bay Conservation & Dev. Comm'n v. Town of Emeryville* (1968) 69 Cal.2d 533, 538–539.) "The right of appeal would be but an empty thing if the appellate court could not, and in proper cases did not, afford to the appellant a means whereby the fruits of victory were fully preserved to him in the event of a reversal of the judgment against him." (*Deepwell, supra*, 239 Cal.App.2d at p. 66.)

When, as here, an appeal effects an automatic stay, "the writ of supersedeas will issue 'in a corrective capacity' in case of a threatened violation of such stay." (*Dabney's Estate*, *supra*, 37 Cal.2d at p. 408.) "[U]pon a mistaken attempt of the trial court to enforce [an injunction that is mandatory in character], the appellant is entitled as a matter of right to issuance of the writ of supersedeas." (*Food & Grocery Bur. of S. Cal. v. Garfield* (1941) 18 Cal.2d 174, 176–177.) In these circumstances, because "the perfecting of the appeal . . . operates to automatically stay proceedings in the court below, it is unnecessary . . . to balance or weigh the arguments with reference to the possible irreparable injury to appellants or respondents" (*Feinberg*, *supra*, 14 Cal.2d at p. 29.)

The writ is also available where the injunction at issue is prohibitory in effect. (City of Pasadena v. City of Alhambra (1946)

75 Cal.App.2d 91, 98.) The stay of such an injunction is appropriate where (a) the petitioner will suffer irreparable harm absent relief and (b) the petitioner demonstrates that "substantial questions will be raised on appeal." (*Deepwell*, *supra*, 239 Cal.App.2d at pp. 66–67; see also, e.g., *Meyer v. Arsenault* (1974) 40 Cal.App.3d 986, 989; *Wilkman v. Banks* (1953) 120 Cal.App.2d 521, 523.)

C. A corrective writ of supersedeas is necessary to clarify that paragraph 9 of the judgment, though prohibitory in form, is mandatory in effect.

Mandatory injunctions are automatically stayed pending appeal. (Code Civ. Proc., § 916, subd. (a); *Ambrose*, *supra*, 62 Cal.App.2d at p. 686.) The form of the injunction does not determine its effect: "What may appear to be negative or prohibitory frequently upon scrutiny proves to be affirmative and mandatory." (*Byington v. Superior Court* (1939) 14 Cal.2d 68, 70; see also *Davis*, *supra*, 228 Cal.App.2d at p. 835 ["The character of an injunction . . . is determined not so much by the particular designation given to it by the court directing its issuance, as by the nature of its terms and provisions, and the effect upon the parties against whom it is issued."].)

To discern the nature and effect of an injunction, courts assess whether it calls for the disruption of the status quo. "An order enjoining action by a party is prohibitory in nature if its effect is to leave the parties in the same position as they were prior to the entry of the judgment. On the other hand, it is mandatory in

effect if its enforcement would be to change the position of the parties and compel them to act in accordance with the judgment rendered." (*Musicians Club of L.A.*, *supra*, 165 Cal.App.2d at p. 71.)

Paragraph 9 of the judgment states: "Any person, other than a person who has been duly elected to the Santa Monica City Council through a district-based election in conformity with this Judgment, is prohibited from serving on the Santa Monica City Council after August 15, 2019." (Vol. 4, Ex. AA, p. 1017.) This injunction, although prohibitory in form, is mandatory in effect because its enforcement would leave the parties in a dramatically different position than the one they occupied before the judgment issued.

First, paragraph 9 coerces the City to hold a district-based election before August 15, 2019, in accordance with the district map drawn by plaintiffs' expert. If the current Council members cannot continue to serve after August 15, then the City must make arrangements for seven new Council members to take their seats. There is no practical alternative, because the City can be governed only by its seven-member Council. (See Santa Monica City Charter, § 400 [defining powers of City], § 605 ["All powers of the City shall be vested in the City Council"], § 600 [City Council shall consist of seven members].)

Under paragraph 9, the only persons eligible to become Council members after August 15 are those who have "been duly elected to the Santa Monica City Council through a district-based election in conformity with this Judgment." (Vol. 4, Ex. AA, p. 1017.) The City therefore would need to hold a district-based

election. And for that election to take place in time for new Council members to take their seats on or around August 16, 2019, the City would need to notice the election no later than April 8, 2019, which would mean a resolution from the Council by April 1, 2019. (Elec. Code, § 12101 [notice of election must be given at least 113 days before election date]; Vol. 5, Ex. GG, p. 1134, ¶ 3 [City Clerk explaining that the final Tuesday on which an election could take place with sufficient time for votes to be counted before August 15, 2019, is July 30, 2019].) Paragraph 9 thus requires the City to give notice of an election in a matter of weeks and then to hold a district-based election in July—which is exactly what is commanded by the expressly mandatory portion of the judgment that is unquestionably stayed.

Paragraph 9 is analogous to many injunctions entered in other cases that were prohibitory in form but mandatory in effect. In *Paramount Pictures Corp. v. Davis* (1964) 228 Cal.App.2d 827, for example, Paramount sued Bette Davis when she refused to film an additional scene for a movie. At the time, Davis was filming another movie under an exclusive contract with a different studio. The trial court prohibited Davis from filming any other movies until she filmed the additional scene for Paramount. Davis appealed and sought a writ of supersedeas. The Court of Appeal granted the writ, holding that "the injunctive order, although framed in prohibitory language, was intended to coerce or induce defendant into immediate affirmative action, i.e., to make the additional scene for Paramount." (*Id.* at p. 838.) Paragraph 9 puts the City in the same position as Davis, leaving it no choice but to

hold a district-based election—in other words, making mandatory the very act that the City has filed its appeal to avoid.

Similarly, in *Ambrose v. Alioto* (1944) 62 Cal.App.2d 680, the trial court prohibited the defendant "from delivering to Sun Harbor Packing Company, or to anyone other than Westgate Sea Products Co., any fish caught on any fishing voyage made by the vessel Dependable," notwithstanding a contract to deliver to Sun Harbor. (*Id.* at p. 681, internal quotation marks omitted.) The Court of Appeal held that this injunction was "but another means of stating that defendant must cease delivering to Sun Harbor Packing Company and must deliver fish to Westgate Sea Products Co.," and therefore was mandatory and automatically stayed pending appeal. (*Id.* at p. 686.)

Paragraph 9 is substantially similar to the challenged injunction in *Ambrose*: it is "but another means of stating" that the City must hold district-based elections in the short term. Just as the defendant-appellant in Ambrose could continue honoring the challenged contract and delivering fish to Sun Harbor during the appeal, so, too, should the current Council be able to remain seated throughout the pendency of the City's appeal. To demand otherwise would be to compel an affirmative act and a departure from the status quo. (*Ibid.*)

Davis and Ambrose are only two of the many cases in which California's appellate courts have reaffirmed the principle that substantively mandatory injunctions, even if prohibitory in form, are automatically stayed by operation of law for the duration of an appeal. (E.g., Garfield, 18 Cal.2d at pp. 177–178; Byington v. Superior Court of Stanislaus Cty. (1939) 14 Cal.2d 68, 72; Agricultural Labor Bd. v. Superior Court (1983) 149 Cal.App.3d 709, 713; Podesta v. Linden Irrigation Dist. (1955) 132 Cal.App.2d 250, 261; In re O'Connell (1925) 75 Cal.App. 292, 298.)

Second, paragraph 9 is mandatory in effect because its enforcement would require the City to strip the seven current Council members of their titles and oust them from their duly elected positions. Courts have held that this sort of injunction is mandatory in character and therefore automatically stayed on appeal.

The Supreme Court's decision in Clute v. Superior Court (1908) 155 Cal. 15 is directly on point. There, the treasurer and manager of a corporation operating a hotel was ousted from his positions. In subsequent litigation over the legitimacy of that ouster, the trial court prohibited the erstwhile corporate officer from holding himself out as such or otherwise doing his job. He appealed and continued to do his job; the trial court held him in contempt. The Supreme Court reversed, holding that the injunction was mandatory, "though couched in terms of prohibition," because it impliedly required the former corporate officer to turn over the hotel and the personal property in it to someone else—it "compels him affirmatively to surrender a position which he holds" (*Id.* at p. 20.) Accordingly, the injunction was automatically stayed by the taking of an appeal, and "no contempt proceedings against him should have been entertained." (Ibid.) The same conclusion should follow here, as an order prohibiting a corporate officer from fulfilling his job duties is little different from the trial

court's order prohibiting Council members from serving after August 15.

The trial court's March 6, 2019, order, which declined to confirm the automatic stay of paragraph 9, contained no reasoning. Nonetheless, the trial court appears to have agreed with plaintiffs' effort to distinguish *Clute* on the ground that *Clute* involved disputed control over real property. Even if that were a valid distinction—and it is not, because the case concerned the surrender of an *office* as well as the surrender of property—the trial court failed to account for the many other cases (including those cited by the City) that had nothing to do with real property.

In *Feinberg v. Doe* (1939) 14 Cal.2d 24, for example, the Supreme Court held that an order prohibiting defendants from continuing to employ a particular non-union worker was mandatory because "[i]t, in effect, commands the defendants to release the said employee from their employment." (*Id.* at p. 29.) Here, similarly, the trial court's order requires the City to strip the current Council members of their seats.

The recent decision in *URS Corp. v. Atkinson/Walsh Joint Venture* (2017) 15 Cal.App.5th 872, another case not concerning disputed control over real property, holds that an order disqualifying a litigant's lawyer is automatically stayed on appeal. After the trial court denied a motion for stay pending appeal, the Court of Appeal granted a petition for a writ of supersedeas, holding that "[a]n order disqualifying an attorney from continuing to represent a party in ongoing litigation is a mandatory injunction because it requires affirmative acts that upset the status quo. . . ."

(*Id.* at p. 886.) Absent a stay, there was also serious risk of "mooting the appeal," insofar as the petitioner would "need to move on . . . and hire replacement counsel" and might choose not to pursue an independent appeal "because it will not make sense to reinsert [disqualified counsel] into the proceedings even if the order is reversed." (*Ibid.*)

Here, likewise, paragraph 9 would require the City to proceed with a district-based election whose animating premise and particulars (the district lines drawn by plaintiffs and adopted by the Court without public input and in violation of Elections Code section 10010) will be the very subject of the City's appeal. And although holding a district-based election during the appeal would not deprive this Court of jurisdiction, it would plainly moot the City's argument that it should not be compelled to hold any such an election *at any time*, not to mention any dispute over who should be seated on the Council during the pendency of the appeal. If seven new Council members were to assume those seats, and if the City prevails on appeal, there would be no turning back the clock; the City would have been governed by the wrong people, potentially for years.

D. There is no support for plaintiffs' contentions, and the trial court's implicit conclusion, that paragraph 9 is prohibitory in effect.

The trial court (although it offered no reasoning to support its decision) appears to have accepted one or more of plaintiffs' arguments as to why paragraph 9 is prohibitory in effect. None of them has merit.

First, the trial court may have improperly elevated form over substance, concluding that, by its terms, paragraph 9 does not call for the City to do anything at all after August 15. But plaintiffs admitted that paragraph 9, if enforced, would effect a massive change in the status quo: "Defendant could comply with paragraph 9 of the Judgment by holding a district-based election for the seats on its city council, or Defendant could opt to exist with no quorum on its city council"—that is, with no Council members at all. (Vol. 5, Ex. HH, p. 1162.) At the hearing on March 4, plaintiffs further suggested that if the City did nothing at all, the Governor might, under section 10300 of the Elections Code, appoint commissioners to call a district-based election. (See Vol. 5, Ex. II, pp. 1174, 1184.)

According to plaintiffs, then, paragraph 9 will result in district-based elections—the very relief, set out in paragraph 8 of the judgment, that is unquestionably stayed—or, in the (completely unrealistic) alternative, in the complete disbanding of the City's government. Whether paragraph 9 compels the City to hold a district-based election or to strip Council members of their seats and

somehow go without a governing body, the effect of "its enforcement would be to change the position of the parties and compel them to act in accordance with the judgment rendered"—the very essence of a mandatory injunction. (*Musicians Club*, *supra*, 165 Cal.App.2d at p. 71.)

Second, plaintiffs are wrong that "[w]here an injunction has both mandatory and prohibitory features, the prohibitory portions are not stayed even if they have the effect of compelling compliance with the mandatory portions of the injunction." (Vol. 5, Ex. HH, p. 1157.) This made-up rule flatly contradicts the long line of cases holding that if the effect of an injunction is to compel affirmative action, then its prohibitory form is irrelevant. (See, e.g., Kettenhofen, supra, 55 Cal.2d at p. 191; Stewart v. Superior Court (1893) 100 Cal. 543, 544–546; URS Corp., supra, 15 Cal.App.5th at pp. 884–885.)

Further, plaintiffs' only support for their manufactured rule is *Ohaver v. Fenech* (1928) 206 Cal. 118, which they egregiously mischaracterize. Plaintiffs summarize that case with the following parenthetical: "injunction prohibiting the defendants from feeding garbage to their hogs was prohibitory in nature, and therefore not stayed by the subsequent appeal, even though the inevitable consequence of the injunction was to require the defendant to remove the hogs from their then-current location." (Vol. 5, Ex. HH, p. 1157.) But it was the argument of the losing litigant, not the holding of the Supreme Court, that the challenged injunction would inevitably require the appellant ranchers to move their hogs.

In response to that argument, the Court in *Ohaver* concluded that "[t]his does not necessarily follow. The appellants may feed their hogs other food" and therefore need not "make any change in the locality in which their hogs are kept." (206 Cal. at p. 123.) In other words, the injunction was truly prohibitory in nature, because it did not impliedly require the defendant to take any affirmative action. Here, by contrast, paragraph 9 *does* impliedly require affirmative action—the City must strip the Council members of their seats and hold a district-based election.

Third, the trial court may have erroneously accepted plaintiffs' contention that a statutory exception to the automatic-stay rule applies in this case. In particular, section 917.8 of the Code of Civil Procedure provides that there is no stay when "a party to the proceeding has been adjudged guilty of usurping, or intruding into, or unlawfully holding a public office, civil or military, within this state." The statute simply does not apply here.

Section 917.8's exception to the automatic-stay rule applies only to actions brought in *quo warranto* under section 803 of the Code of Civil Procedure—which is a special cause of action brought on behalf of the Attorney General to determine someone's right to hold a public office. The two sections are phrased in materially identical language.² And the California Supreme Court

² Section 803 provides, in relevant part: "An action may be brought by the attorney-general . . . against any person who usurps, intrudes into, or unlawfully holds or exercises any public office, civil or military, . . . within this state."

has held that where, as here, an action was not brought in *quo* warranto and was instead a challenge to an election, section 917.8 (previously section 949) does not apply; as a result, "the perfecting of the appeal by the party aggrieved, *ipso facto*, operates as a *supersedeas*." (Day v. Gunning (1899) 125 Cal. 527, 530; see also Anderson v. Browning (1903) 140 Cal. 222, 223 [holding that "the certificate of election continues unimpaired during the pendency of the appeal"].) Legal treatises confirm this narrow construction of section 917.8: "Inasmuch as the language of [section 917.8] is similar to that contained in another statute authorizing an action in quo warranto for usurpation [section 803], it is apparent that the statutory exception under discussion refers *only* to actions of this character." (Cal. Jur. 3d, Appellate Review, § 412, italics added.)

In opposing the City's application for confirmation of the automatic stay, plaintiffs were unable to cite a single case applying section 917.8 or its predecessor to a context like this one, and instead argued that the current Council members are now "unlawfully" holding their seats under the terms of the statute. (Vol. 5, Ex. HH, pp. 1163–1165; Ex. II, pp. 1169–1196.) But *Day* expressly rejected such an argument, holding that "it cannot be said that the respondent is unlawfully holding his office" because "he *entered upon it lawfully* by virtue of his certificate of election. If, by matters arising after his incumbency, he has lost the right to retain the office"—such as, in this case, a judgment that the City's electoral system violates the CVRA, and that the current Council members elected under that system cannot continue to serve after

a specific date—"still it cannot be adjudged in this proceeding that he is usurping, intruding, or unlawfully holding office, within the intent and meaning of section 949." (125 Cal. at p. 529, italics added.) The word "unlawfully," then, is not some catch-all that must cover this case simply because plaintiffs say so. It is a term of art that applies specifically and solely in *quo warranto* proceedings.

And this, of course, is not a *quo warranto* proceeding. The trial court's judgment makes no reference to section 803 or the *quo warranto* remedy. But more importantly, this case was not brought directly by the Attorney General or by a relator authorized by the Attorney General. (See Code Civ. Proc., § 803; see also *Nicolopulos v. City of Lawndale* (2001) 91 Cal.App.4th 1221, 1228 [addressing circumstances under which private parties may serve as relators after applying for and receiving leave from the Attorney General to bring a *quo warranto* proceeding]; *Oakland Mun. Improvement League v. City of Oakland* (1972) 23 Cal.App.3d 165, 170 [cause of action for *quo warranto* "is vested in the People, and not in any individual or group"].) Under *Day*, then, section 917.8 does not and cannot apply.

Plaintiffs argued below that *Day* was no longer good law in light of the CVRA. Specifically, plaintiffs contended that the CVRA authorizes state courts to grant any remedy that a federal court might grant in a federal Voting Rights Act case, and that federal courts have the authority to order immediate elections. (Vol. 5, Ex. HH, p. 1165; Ex. II, pp. 1181–1182.) But that argument is entirely beside the point.

The question before the trial court, and now before this Court, is not whether the trial court had the remedial authority to order an immediate election or to prohibit Council members from serving after a certain date. The question, rather, is whether such an order was stayed automatically by operation of law or ought to be stayed in the exercise of judicial discretion. Federal voting rights decisions provide no guidance on the application of the automatic-stay rule, as there is no automatic stay of mandatory injunctions in federal court upon the taking of an appeal. (Wright & Miller, Injunction Pending Appeal, 11 Fed. Prac. & Proc. Civ. § 2904 (3d ed.).) And the CVRA neither displaced the case law concerning section 917.8 nor created a new exception to the automatic-stay rule.

E. In the alternative, the Court should exercise its discretion to issue the writ to prevent irreparable harm to the City and the public.

Even if the Court deems paragraph 9 to be prohibitory in effect as well as form, it should nevertheless exercise its discretion to issue the writ in order to prevent the City, its Council members, and the public from suffering irreparable harm. (City of Pasadena, supra, 75 Cal.App.2d at p. 98 ["Irrespective of whether an injunction is mandatory or prohibitory, this court has the inherent power to issue a writ of supersedeas if such action is necessary or proper to the complete exercise of its appellate jurisdiction [citations], and may issue the writ upon any conditions it deems just."]; see also, e.g., Mills, supra, 98 Cal.App.3d at p. 861 [issuing writ to avoid "irreparable injury" from repayment of fees collected

by a county planning department]; *Meyer v. Arsenault* (1974) 40 Cal.App.3d 986, 989 [issuing writ to avoid "irreparable injury" in the form of money that likely could not be recovered once paid]; *Wilkman v. Banks* (1953) 120 Cal.App.2d 521, 523 [issuing writ to avoid "irreparable damage" from the loss of "the fruits of a favorable determination on appeal if [appellants] were to be precluded in the meantime from continuing in their business of operating a sanitarium"].)

1. The City's appeal raises substantial issues, several of first impression

In evaluating the petition, the court should consider "the respective rights of the litigants," and accordingly "contemplate[] the possibility of an affirmative of the decree as well as of a reversal." (*Garfield*, *supra*, 18 Cal.2d at p. 177.) Here, there is a substantial likelihood of a reversal on one or more legal grounds, such that there is real risk that the City, the current Council members, and the public would suffer irreparable harm from the enforcement of paragraph 9 during the City's appeal. In entering a judgment in the plaintiffs' favor, the trial court erred in numerous respects, a few of which are briefly catalogued below.

a. The trial court erred in focusing exclusively on the performance of Latino candidates, ignoring the preferences of Latino voters.

To prevail on their CVRA claim, plaintiffs had to prove, among other things, legally significant racially polarized votingin this case, that Latino voters cohesively prefer certain candidates, and that those candidates are usually defeated as a result of white bloc voting. (*Gingles*, *supra*, 478 U.S. at pp. 49–51; see also Elec. Code, § 14026, subd. (e) [defining "racially polarized voting" by reference to federal case law].)

The first step in determining whether voting has been racially polarized is identifying the preferred candidates of the relevant minority group. (Collins v. City of Norfolk (4th Cir. 1989) 883 F.2d 1232, 1237 ["The proper identification of minority voters' representatives of . . . choice' is critical"].) The trial court erred by focusing exclusively on the performance of Latino (or Latino-surnamed) candidates, and ignoring the preferences of the Latino voters when they preferred candidates of other races. (See, e.g., Vol. 5, Ex. BB, pp. 1044–1045 [table showing regression results only for Latino or Latino-surnamed candidates in seven elections].)

Minority-preferred candidates need not themselves be members of the protected class, as courts have repeatedly held. (See, e.g., *Ruiz*, *supra*, 160 F.3d at p. 551 [joining eight other circuits "in rejecting the position that the 'minority's preferred candidate' must be a member of the racial minority"].) To indulge the presumption that voters always prefer candidates of their own race "would itself constitute invidious discrimination of the kind that the Voting Rights Act was enacted to eradicate, effectively disenfranchising every minority citizen who casts his or her vote for a non-minority candidate." (*Lewis v. Alamance Cty., N.C.* (4th Cir. 1996) 99 F.3d 600, 607; see also *NAACP*, *Inc. v. City of Niagara Falls*, *N.Y.* (2d Cir. 1995) 65 F.3d 1002, 1016 [such a ruling "would

project a bleak, if not hopeless, view of our society" and would "presuppose the inevitability of electoral apartheid"].) If the trial court had properly identified Latino-preferred candidates, in part by acknowledging that in multiple elections white candidates were preferred by Latino voters to an equal or greater extent than Latino candidates, there is no dispute that Latino-preferred candidates were not "usually" defeated.

To take but one example, in the 2008 Council election, a losing Latina-surnamed candidate, Linda Piera-Avila, is estimated to have received the support of just one-third of Santa Monica's Latino voters. (See Vol. 2, Ex. E, p. 313.) But two white candidates, Ken Genser and Richard Bloom, who both won, are each estimated to have received the support of half of Latino voters. (*Ibid.*) The trial court never accounted for the possibility that Latino voters may have legitimately preferred Mr. Genser and Mr. Bloom over Ms. Piera-Avila, or that voters prefer candidates for a variety of reasons having nothing to do with the candidates' race or ethnicity—such as the candidates' stances on the issues of interest to the voters.

The 2002 Council election showcases another flaw in the court's analysis. There, a losing Latina candidate, Josefina Aranda, is estimated to have received the support of 82.6% of Latino voters. (See *id.* at p. 312.) But Latino support for a winning white candidate, Kevin McKeown, was almost identical, at 76.8% (and may indeed have been higher, as there is substantial uncertainty in all of these estimates, which both parties' experts acknowl-

edged). (*Ibid.*) Even assuming for argument's sake that Ms. Aranda's defeat was one of the rare instances in which a Latino-preferred candidate did not prevail in Santa Monica elections, the trial court should not have disregarded the identically strong showing of Mr. McKeown simply because he is white.

When Latino-preferred candidates are counted accurately, and not on the basis of an erroneous and unconstitutional assumption that they must themselves be Latino (or Latino-surnamed), it becomes clear that those candidates prevail more often than not, contradicting the trial court's conclusion that Latino-preferred candidates usually lose. (Vol. 2, Ex. E, pp. 278–281, 311–315.) Because plaintiffs did not prove a legally significant pattern of racially polarized voting for this and other reasons, the trial court's judgment should be reversed.

b. The trial court erred in holding that plaintiffs proved vote dilution.

A public entity violates the CVRA only if its at-large method of election "impairs the ability of a protected class to elect candidates of its choice or its ability to influence the outcome of an election, as a result of the dilution or the abridgment of the rights of voters who are members of a protected class." (Elec. Code, § 14027, italics added.) Courts interpreting similar language in § 2 of the federal Voting Rights Act require proof of harm (vote dilution) and causation (a connection between the harm and the electoral system). (E.g., Gingles, supra, 478 U.S. at 48, fn. 15; Gonzalez v. Ariz. (9th Cir. 2012) 677 F.3d 383, 405; Aldasoro v.

Kennerson (S.D.Cal. 1995) 922 F.Supp. 339, 369, fn. 10.) California courts have stated, but not yet held, that the CVRA similarly demands proof of vote dilution caused by an election system. (E.g., Jauregui v. City of Palmdale (2014) 226 Cal.App.4th 781, 802.)

To prove vote dilution, a plaintiff must show that a protected class would have greater opportunity to elect candidates of its choice under some other electoral system, which serves as a "benchmark" for comparison. (See, e.g., *Reno v. Bossier Parish Sch. Bd.* (1997) 520 U.S. 471, 480; *Holder v. Hall* (1994) 512 U.S. 874, 880 (plurality); *Gingles, supra*, 478 U.S. at 50, fn. 17.) "[I]n order to decide whether an electoral system has made it harder for minority voters to elect the candidates they prefer, a court must have an idea in mind of how hard it 'should' be for minority voters to elect their preferred candidates under an acceptable system." (*Gingles, supra*, 478 U.S. at 88 (conc. opn. of O'Connor, J.).)

Because Latino voters account for just 13.6 percent of the City's voting population and are dispersed throughout the City, they would comprise only 30 percent of the voting population in the purportedly remedial district ordered by the court. (See Vol. 2, Ex. E, p. 283; Ex. N, pp. 496–497.) Plaintiffs' expert on remedial effectiveness could not identify a single judicially created district in California or elsewhere in which the minority voting population was anywhere near that small. (*Ibid.*) And not only would the purportedly remedial district cure no ills, unrebutted testimony demonstrates that it would create new ones by diluting the voting strength of minority voters, including Latinos, outside of

that district. (*Ibid.*) This is particularly concerning given that two-thirds of the City's Latinos live *outside* the purportedly remedial district. (Vol. 4, Ex. X, pp. 799, 852.)

Because it is impossible, given the City's basic demographic facts, to prove that any other electoral system would give Latino voters the ability to elect candidates of their choice, the trial court's judgment should be reversed.

c. The trial court's holding renders the CVRA unconstitutional as applied to the facts of this case.

If, as plaintiffs have argued and the trial court's decision suggests, vote dilution is not an element of the CVRA, then the statute must be unconstitutional to the extent that it authorizes predominantly race-based remedies without a showing of any injury, much less a compelling governmental interest.

The United States Constitution forbids the imposition of any predominantly race-based remedy unless that remedy is narrowly tailored to serve a compelling governmental interest. (Cooper v. Harris (2017) 137 S.Ct. 1455, 1463–1464; Shaw v. Hunt (1996) 517 U.S. 899, 907–908.) Courts have assumed without deciding that governments have a compelling interest in remedying vote dilution. (Cooper, 137 S.Ct. at p. 1464.)

Here, the trial court has adopted a purportedly remedial district that was drawn, by the admission of plaintiffs' expert, to maximize the number of Latino voters within it, without any compelling justification for engaging in such race-based classifications. (E.g., Vol. 2, Ex. N, pp. 495–497; Vol. 4, Ex. X, pp. 858–

861.) There is no evidence of vote dilution: The districting plan approved by the trial court would not give Latinos within the purportedly remedial district the ability to elect candidates of their choice, and it would splinter two-thirds of the City's Latinos across six other districts, submerging them in overwhelmingly white districts. (See Vol. 2, Ex. E, pp. 283, 287; Ex. N, pp. 496–497.) There thus could not have been any lawful basis for the court to compel the City to adopt districts.

d. The trial court's judgment violates Elections Code section 10010.

The trial court rubber-stamped a districting plan drawn by plaintiffs' expert, without public input, in violation of section 10010 of the Elections Code. That statute requires that a city changing from an at-large method of election to district-based elections hold a series of public hearings over the boundaries of potential districts. Section 10010 expressly "applies to . . . a proposal that is required due to a court-imposed change from an atlarge method of election to a district-based election." The court erred in refusing the City's repeated requests to follow the inclusive, democratic process of public engagement mandated by law. (E.g., Vol. 2, Ex. N, pp. 504–505; Vol. 4, Ex. X, pp. 775, 883–884.)

e. The trial court's findings are legally insufficient to demonstrate discriminatory impact or intent.

The trial court erred in concluding that plaintiffs had proven a violation of the Equal Protection Clause. To prevail on that claim, plaintiffs were obligated to demonstrate that the City's at-large electoral system has caused a disparate impact that was intended by the relevant decisionmakers. (See *Rogers v. Lodge* (1982) 458 U.S. 613, 617; *Personnel Adm'r of Mass v. Feeney* (1979) 442 U.S. 256, 279.) Even if the facts found by the trial court were entirely correct—and they were not—those facts still would not remotely clear this high bar.

As an initial matter, plaintiffs submitted no evidence, and the court made no findings, demonstrating that the City's electoral system has caused any disparate impact—which must be proven with evidence that a protected class would have greater opportunity under some other method of election. (E.g., Johnson v. DeSoto Cty. Bd. of Comm'rs (11th Cir. 2000) 204 F.3d 1335, 1344.) No minority group, including Latinos, has ever accounted for a large percentage of the City's total population. (E.g., Vol. 4, Ex. X, pp. 76–77.) Plaintiffs did not prove, and the trial court did not find, that some alternative electoral system would have given any minority group the power to elect candidates of its choice at any time in the City's history. Accordingly, the fact that few Latinos have served on the Council—in addition to being irrelevant, as the question is whether *Latino-preferred* candidates have so served—says nothing about how many Latinos should have been elected to serve had Latinos voted cohesively throughout the City's history.

The facts found by the Court also do not support its conclusion of intentional discrimination. For example, the court acknowledged that the adoption of the City's current at-large elec-

toral system in the 1946 Charter was favored by prominent minority leaders and members of the local Committee on Interracial Progress (none of whom opposed the Charter). (Vol. 5, Ex. BB, p. 1078.) Yet the court nevertheless concluded that those who supported and adopted the Charter—which also contained an explicit *anti*-discrimination provision—were somehow motivated by an intent to discriminate *against* minorities. (See *id.*, pp. 1075, 1079.)

The trial court also inexplicably concluded that in 1946, proponents and opponents of the new Charter alike all understood "that at-large elections would diminish minorities' influence on elections." (Vol. 5, Ex. BB, p. 1080.) The reality is exactly the opposite. Plaintiffs could not identify a single member of any minority group in 1946 who (a) contended that at-large elections diminished minorities' influence on elections, (b) advocated for districted elections, or (c) opposed the new Charter. The opponents of the 1946 Charter were *not* calling for district-based elections rather, they wanted to retain the status quo of a three-commissioner, designated-post system that was far less favorable to minorities. (Vol. 2, Ex. E, p. 293.) The local newspaper even published an article titled, "New Charter Aids Racial Minorities," which described a meeting with the local chapter of the NAACP, led by its chairman (who also publicly advocated for the new Charter), where it was pointed out that "the opportunity for representation in minority groups has been *increased* two and a half times over the present charter by expansion of the City Council from three to seven members." (Vol. 2, Ex. E, pp. 288, 327, italics

added.)

The trial court reached an equally outlandish conclusion in finding that the City Council decided in 1992 not to put district elections on the ballot because they were somehow intending to discriminate against minorities. Plaintiffs admit there is no evidence of racial animus on the part of the Council in 1992; in fact, the Council members consistently expressed a desire to *expand* minority representation. (Vol. 2, Ex. E, pp. 295, 335.) Plaintiffs' only argument about 1992, which the trial court accepted, was based on a single statement by a single Council member relating to preserving affordable housing. (Vol. 5, Ex. BB, p. 1083.) The City cannot find a single published decision grounding a weighty finding of intentional discrimination on anything so flimsy.

2. The City, its current Council members, and the public will be irreparably harmed without a stay.

If this Court ultimately reverses the judgment, then the enforcement of paragraph 9 during the pendency of the City's appeal will have worked irreparable harm on the City, its current Council members, and the public at large. Paragraph 9, if not stayed, will leave the City no choice but to immediately scrap its longstanding electoral system in favor of a district-based election scheme using the district maps drawn by plaintiffs' expert without any public input—the necessity and lawfulness of which are the very questions presented by this appeal. If this Court ultimately reverses on liability and/or remedy, then City and its voters will have gone

through an unnecessary and unlawful election process. The irreparable harms that will flow from that process include:

First, the current Council members will have lost much of the terms that they and their volunteers and financial supporters invested time and funds into winning.

Second, voters will have lost the representation of the candidates they preferred and elected. Notably, most of the City's current Council members were preferred by Latino voters. In the 2016 election, Tony Vazquez, one of two Latino-preferred candidates (see Vol. 2, Ex. E, p. 314), prevailed. He has since left the Council for a seat on the State Board of Equalization; the Council appointed Ana Jara, a Latina, to fill his seat for the balance of his term (until November 2020). (See Vol. 5, Ex. GG, pp. 1146, 1150-1152.) In the 2018 election, Latino voters' top three choices all won seats on the Council: Sue Himmelrich, Greg Morena, and Kevin McKeown. (See *id.* at p. 1142.)

Third, and relatedly, voters who elected the current Council members in 2016 and 2018 will have had their votes nullified—depriving these voters of their fundamental constitutional rights to have their voices heard in the electoral process. (Cal. Const., art. II, § 2.5 ["A voter who casts a vote in an election in accordance with the laws of this State shall have that vote counted"]; see also United States v. City of Houston (S.D. Tex. 1992) 800 F.Supp. 504, 506 ["When elections have been held—even under a voting scheme that does not technically comply with section 5 [of the Voting Rights Act]—the people have chosen their representatives. Neither the Justice Department nor this court should lightly overturn

the people's choices."].)

Fourth, the City will have paid the County almost \$1 million for its assistance in providing computer records of voters' names and addresses, furnishing printed indices of voters to be used at polling places, and furnishing election equipment for a standalone election this summer. (Vol. 5, Ex. GG, pp. 1134, 1139.) That money will be unrecoverable.

Fifth, voters will have lost the electoral system that they have determined best suits their City, in part because it makes Council members accountable not just to a particular neighborhood, but to the City as a whole, and in part because it gives voters a say over every seat in elections held every two years, rather than a say over a single seat in elections held every four years. Santa Monica voters have twice overwhelmingly rejected proposals to abandon this system. (Vol. 2, Ex. E, pp. 294, 297.)

Sixth, if the City must hold an election before August 15, 2019, and if this Court later reverses the trial court's judgment, there would need to be yet another Council election for all seven Council members—which would be the third City Council election in a two-year span. In addition to the expenditure of time and resources by the City and the candidates, such a frequency of elections, under two entirely different schemes, would risk voter confusion and fatigue, and undermine voters' confidence in the electoral system.

3. Respondents' interests would not be harmed by a stay.

The City showed at trial why plaintiffs have not suffered

and will not suffer any harm from the continued maintenance of the current at-large election system. Latino-preferred candidates routinely get elected in Santa Monica. (Vol. 2, Ex. E, pp. 278–281.) And even if they did not, the City's Latino voters are too few in number and too dispersed throughout the City for any alternative electoral scheme, including districts, to give them the ability to elect candidates of their choice. (*Id.*, pp. 281–284.) Put simply, there is no wrong to right in this case.

Even if the City's basic demographic facts were different, and even if it were possible to create a district in which Latino voters could elect candidates of their choice, there still would be no prospect of real harm here. As noted above, the current Council members, who were elected in the 2016 and 2018 elections, were almost all preferred by Latino voters. Accordingly, removing this Council would, if anything, harm the interests of Latino voters, who would lose the benefit of the very representation they themselves sought at the polls, in favor of a brand-new election system that would threaten to dilute the voting power of Latinos citywide by fracturing their votes across seven districts. (E.g., Vol. 2, Ex. N, p. 496; cf. Phil Willon, A Voting Law Meant to Increase Minority Representation has Generated Many More Lawsuits than Seats for People of Color (L.A. Times, Apr. 7, 2017) ["The threat of legal action has forced cities to switch to council districts, but in some cases the move hasn't resulted in more minority representation because the city already is well-integrated and drawing districts where minorities predominate is difficult."].)

Finally, to the extent plaintiffs would suffer any harm at all

from a stay of paragraph 9, it would necessarily be of a short duration—the time required to dispose of this appeal. If the City is wrong, and the judgment is affirmed, the at-large election system will no longer be used to elect City Council members. But if the City is correct, and the judgment is reversed, the City and its voters will have incurred massive expenses and endured a great deal of disruption and uncertainty for no reason. The prospect of multiple elections, as well as uncertainty as to who will make decisions on the City's behalf even a few months hence, will interfere with the City's ability to govern itself.

In sum, even if plaintiffs might suffer any harm from a stay, it does not remotely compare with the harms the City and its voters will certainly suffer absent a stay.

VI. CONCLUSION

For these reasons, this Court should grant the City's petition for a writ of supersedeas, and it should confirm that paragraph 9 of the trial court's judgment is mandatory in effect, and thus automatically stayed during the pendency of the City's appeal. In the alternative, this Court should stay the enforcement of paragraph 9 of the trial court's judgment until the final resolution of this appeal.

DATED: March 8, 2019 Respectfully submitted,

GIBSON, DUNN & CRUTCHER LLP

Theodore J. Boutrous, Jr.

Attorneys for Petitioner-Defendant City of Santa Monica

CERTIFICATION OF WORD COUNT

Pursuant to rules 8.204(c)(1) and 8.486(a)(6) of the California Rules of Court, the undersigned hereby certifies that this petition and the accompanying memorandum contain 13,227 words, as counted by the Microsoft Word word-processing program, excluding the tables, this certificate, the verification, and the signature blocks.

DATED: March 8, 2019

Kahn A. Scolnick



IN THE COURT OF APPEAL OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

SECOND APPELLATE DISTRICT

DIVISION EIGHT

FILED

Mar 27, 2019

DANIEL P. POTTER, Clerk

PICO NEIGHBORHOOD ASSOC. et al.,

B295935

KRLEWIS Deputy Clerk

Respondents,

(Super. Ct. No. BC616804)

(Yvette M. Palazuelos, Judge)

V.

CITY OF SANTA MONICA,

Appellant.

STAY ORDER

We have read and considered the petition for writ of supersedeas filed on March 8, 2019. We have also read and considered the opposition and motion to strike, both filed on March 21, 2019, and the reply and opposition to motion to strike filed on March 25, 2019.

The motion to strike is denied.

The petition for writ of supersedeas is granted. Paragraph 9 of the judgment entered on February 13, 2019 operates as an automatic stay pending the disposition of this appeal.

GRIMES, Acting P.J.

STRATTON, J.

WILEY, J.



IN THE COURT OF APPEAL OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

SECOND APPELLATE DISTRICT

COURT OF APPEAL - SECOND DIST

DIVISION EIGHT

FILED
Oct 06, 2023

EVA McCLINTOCK, Clerk

mfigueroa Deputy Clerk

PICO NEIGHBORHOOD ASSOCIATION et al.,

Plaintiffs and Respondents,

v.

CITY OF SANTA MONICA,

Defendant and Appellant.

B295935

Los Angeles County Super. Ct. No. BC616804

ORDER

THE COURT:

The trial court entered judgment in 2019. It found the City of Santa Monica had created an election system that violated constitutional equal protection as well as the California Voting Rights Act.

This court reversed both rulings in 2020.

The Supreme Court depublished this court's opinion and, in 2023, reversed this court's analysis of the Act. The high court did not review the constitutional issue, nor did it reinstate the trial court's judgment on the Act. The high court identified the proper way to analyze the Act and remanded for a searching evaluation of the totality of the facts and circumstances, including the characteristics of the specific locality, its electoral history, and an intensely local appraisal of the design and impact of the contested electoral mechanisms as well as the design and impact of the potential alternative electoral system.

Appellant and Respondents may each file a supplemental opening brief addressing the Supreme Court's decision and any other legal authorities appearing since this Court's 2020 opinion, consistent with California Rule of Court 8.200(b). The supplemental opening briefs shall not exceed 14,000 words each and shall be filed no later than December 6, 2023 (with no additional grace period under rule 8.220(a) of the California Rules of Court). Appellant and Respondents may then each file a supplemental responding brief, responding to the other side's respective supplemental opening brief. The supplemental responding briefs shall not exceed 14,000 words each and shall be filed no later than February 7, 2024 (with no additional grace period under rule 8.220(a) of the California Rules of Court).

This court invites the parties to include in their briefing whether it would be appropriate to remand the case to the trial court for the necessary searching evaluation of the totality of the facts and circumstances, including the characteristics of the specific locality, its electoral history, and an intensely local appraisal of the design and impact of the contested electoral mechanisms as well as the design and impact of the potential alternative electoral system. (See also *Pico Neighborhood Association v. City of Santa Monica* (2023) 15 Cal.5th 292, 308 [312 Cal.Rptr.3d 319, 339] ["In predicting how many candidates are likely to run and what percentage may be necessary to win, courts may also consider the experiences of other similar jurisdictions that use district elections or some method other than traditional at-large elections."].)

STRATTON, P. J.

GRIMES, J.



JUN 2 2 2023

Jorge Navarrete Clerk

Court of Appeal, Second Appellate District, Division Eight - No. B29593Deputy

S263972

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF CALIFORNIA

En	Ra	n	^
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PICO NEIGHBORHOOD ASSOCIATION et al., Plaintiffs and Respondents,

v.

CITY OF SANTA MONICA, Defendant and Appellant.

The City of Santa Monica's Motion for Judicial Notice, filed on March 22, 2021, is granted as to Exhibits A and B and granted as to Exhibit C insofar as it requests notice of the existence of the candidates' statements.

Pico Neighborhood Association's Motion for Judicial Notice, filed on May 12, 2021, is granted.

Amici curiae The League of Women Voters of Santa Monica, et al.'s Request for Judicial Notice, filed on June 7, 2021, is denied. Amici curiae The League of Women Voters of Santa Monica, et al.'s Request for Judicial Notice, filed on December 21, 2022, is granted.

Pico Neighborhood Association's Motion to Strike Amicus Curiae Brief of The League of Women Voters of Santa Monica, et al., filed on July 8, 2021, is denied.

GUERRERO	
 Chief Justice	



No. S263972

In the

Supreme Court

of the

State of California

City of Santa Monica,

Defendant and Appellant,

v.

Pico Neighborhood Association, et al.,

Plaintiffs and Respondents.

PETITIONERS' OPENING BRIEF

After a Published Decision of the Court of Appeal Second Appellate District, Division Eight Case No. BC295935
(Subsequently Depublished by this Court)

Appeal from the Superior Court of Los Angeles Case No. BC616804 Honorable Yvette M. Palazuelos

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Constitutional Provisions

I. ISSUE CERTIFIED FOR REVIEW

What must a plaintiff prove in order to establish vote dilution under the California Voting Rights Act?

II. INTRODUCTION

In enacting the California Voting Rights Act ("CVRA"), the

Legislature sought to expand the protections of the federal Voting Rights

Act ("FVRA") to better address the unique diversity and politics of

California. The CVRA did just that and has been a resounding success—
eliminating "winner-take-all" at-large elections that hindered minority

voters' effective participation in local elections in hundreds of political
subdivisions, and dramatically increasing minority representation in local
government.

That success is owed to the simplicity of the CVRA, relative to the FVRA, and the CVRA's corresponding greater protection of minority voting rights. A CVRA plaintiff prevails on a vote dilution claim by proving racially polarized voting in relevant elections, either alone or in conjunction with other historical, socio-economic, and political factors, and the availability of an alternative election system that would improve minority voters' political strength. Plaintiffs prove racially polarized voting by showing that the minority group is politically cohesive and the majority votes sufficiently as a bloc to enable it, in the absence of special circumstances, usually to defeat the minority's preferred candidate. To

establish vote dilution under the CVRA, plaintiffs do not need to prove the minority is concentrated enough to be the majority in a single member district. Nor do they need to prove that minority voters would be able to elect a candidate of their choice under an alternative election system; it is sufficient to show an alternative election system would enable them to "influence the outcome of an election" in a way they were not previously afforded.

Whether an alternative system would improve minorities' ability to elect candidates of their choice or influence the outcome of elections requires "a searching practical evaluation of the past and present reality," guided by objective standards. For the remedy adopted by the trial court here—district elections—those objective factors include: (1) the minority's proportion of the electorate in a potential remedial district or districts, compared to its proportion in the entire jurisdiction; (2) the degree of support received by minority-preferred candidates and ballot choices in past elections within a potential remedial district; and (3) other political, social, and economic conditions impacting minority voters' ability to compete in alternative systems, as compared with at-large elections. While the compactness or concentration of a minority community may be a factor in selecting an appropriate remedy, a court cannot require that the minority constitute a majority in a proposed district, as the Legislature explicitly

eschewed that inflexible requirement adopted under federal law as ill-suited to California's distinct demographic and political conditions.

Applying these principles here, the trial court found that Plaintiffs proved that racially polarized voting had plagued Defendant's at-large city council elections for at least the last quarter century, leading to a dilution of the Latino vote. The trial court also found that other historical, socioeconomic, and political factors, specified in the CVRA, supported its finding that Defendant's at-large election system diluted the Latino vote and violated the CVRA. Finally, the trial court found that a district election system with a Latino "influence" district was the most appropriate remedy, because, while other remedies would also afford Latino voters the ability to elect candidates of their choice, or at least influence the outcome of elections, district elections would best accomplish that remedial purpose on the facts of this case.

While this case was on appeal, that district-election remedy was stayed. Too long denied full participation in the democratic process, Santa Monica's Latino voters should not have to continue to suffer from Defendant's disempowering at-large system. This Court should reinstate the trial court's judgment, finding a violation of the CVRA and ordering district elections.

III. BACKGROUND

A. Statutory Framework

In 2002, the Legislature enacted the CVRA to implement the equal protection and voting rights guarantees of the California Constitution.

(Elec. Code § 14031.)¹ The CVRA is intended to "provide a broader basis for relief from vote dilution than available under the federal Voting Rights Act of 1965" (*Jauregui v. City of Palmdale* (2014) 226 Cal.App.4th 781, 806), and tailor voting rights protections to California's unique diversity (see *Sanchez v. City of Modesto* (2006) 145 Cal.App.4th 660, 669, citing and quoting Assem. Com. on Judiciary, Analysis of Sen. Bill No. 976 (2001-2002 Reg. Sess.) as amended Apr. 9, 2002, p. 2.).

To accomplish this goal, the Legislature selectively incorporated some aspects of the FVRA, but deliberately and significantly departed from others. The framework for vote dilution claims under the FVRA, announced in *Thornburg v. Gingles* (1986) 478 U.S. 30 ("*Gingles*"), thus provides essential context for the CVRA, but is only a starting reference, not an end point, to understanding the CVRA.

¹ Further statutory references are to the Elections Code unless otherwise noted.

1. The *Gingles* Framework and the Federal Debate About Dilution of Influence

Gingles acknowledged the Supreme Court's longstanding recognition that "at-large voting schemes may 'operate to minimize or cancel out the voting strength of racial [minorities in] the voting population." (Gingles, supra, 478 U.S. at p. 47, quoting Burns v. Richardson (1966) 384 U.S. 73, 88.) As the Court explained, "[t]he theoretical basis for this type of impairment is that where minority and majority voters consistently prefer different candidates, the majority, by virtue of its numerical superiority, will regularly defeat the choices of minority voters." (Gingles, supra, 478 U.S. at p. 48; see also, Rogers v. Lodge (1982) 458 U.S. 613, 616 ["At large voting schemes and multimember districts tend to minimize the voting strength of minority groups by permitting the political majority to elect *all* of the representatives of the district. ... The minority's voting power in a multimember district is particularly diluted when bloc voting occurs"].)

Gingles set out three "preconditions" to a successful vote dilution claim under Section 2 of the FVRA. First, the minority group must be "sufficiently large and geographically compact to constitute a majority in a single-member district" ("Gingles Prong 1") (478 U.S. at p. 50); second, "the minority group must be able to show that it is politically cohesive" (id. at p. 51) ("Gingles Prong 2"); and third, the "majority [must] vote[]

sufficiently as a bloc to enable it -- in the absence of special circumstances ... usually to defeat the minority's preferred candidate" ("Gingles Prong 3") (*ibid.*, citation omitted). Gingles Prongs 2 and 3 are collectively referred to as "racially polarized voting." (*Id.* at p. 56; Ruiz v. City of Santa Maria (9th Cir. 1998) 160 F.3d 543, 551.)

Under *Gingles*' framework, once the "preconditions" are established, federal courts apply a "totality of the circumstances" test to consider the extent of racially polarized voting together with other qualitative factors identified in the Senate Judiciary Committee Report that accompanied the 1982 amendments to Section 2—the "Senate Factors." (*Gingles, supra,* 478 U.S. at pp. 37-38, 43-46, 80; see, e.g., *Old Person v. Cooney* (9th Cir. 2000) 230 F.3d 1113, 1120, 1128-29.)

Gingles also sparked a debate over FVRA protection for minorities outside potential majority-minority districts. Two alternatives were central: (1) minority voters' practical ability to elect candidates while constituting less than the majority of a district, with some crossover support; and (2) minority voters' practical ability to influence elections even when they could not drive the election of their own preferred candidate. Based on the text of the FVRA, the *Gingles* majority limited its opinion to claims alleging impairment of the minority's "ability *to elect* the representatives of their choice," stating that it had "no occasion to consider" possible claims alleging an impairment of the minority's "ability to *influence* elections."

(*Gingles, supra*, 478 U.S. at p. 46 fn.12, emphasis in original.) And, it limited its opinion to districts affording the ability to elect because they were majority-minority. The "ability to elect" standard tracks the language of Section 2, which, unlike the CVRA, addresses only election structures that result in members of the protected class "hav[ing] less opportunity than other members of the electorate ... to elect representatives of their choice," not less opportunity to influence election outcomes. (52 U.S.C. § 10301(b).)

Justice O'Connor's concurring opinion noted the "artificiality" of this distinction and criticized the majority-minority district requirement of Gingles Prong 1 for failing to account for instances where a minority constituting less than 50% of a district can elect its preferred candidates with supporting white crossover votes. (*Gingles, supra,* 478 U.S. at p. 89 fn.1, O'Connor, J., concurring.) Justice O'Connor further cautioned that courts should "bear in mind that 'the power to influence the political process is not limited to winning elections." (*Id.* at p. 99, citation omitted.)

Over the following two decades, the Supreme Court and lower courts weighed in on whether and in what form the electoral power of such minority groups is entitled to protection or recognition under the FVRA. In several contexts, courts held that influence districts should be considered in assessing a minority's voting power. (See, e.g., Justice O'Connor's majority opinion in *Georgia v. Ashcroft* (2003) 539 U.S. 461, 480-83

[discussing theories of effective political representation and holding the minority's ability to exercise political power through "influence districts" relevant to retrogression analysis in FVRA Section 5 cases] (superseded by statute); Vecinos De Barrio Uno v. City of Holyoke (1st Cir. 1995) 72 F.3d 973, 979, fn. 2, 990-91, collecting cases; compare Justice Stevens' majority opinion in *Chisom v. Roemer* (1991) 501 U.S. 380, 396-398 [discussing whether the ability to elect candidates is essential to a claim under FVRA Section 2] with Justice Scalia's dissent, pp. 409-410 & fn. 2 [same, and recognizing a textual distinction in the statute between the ability "to elect" and an ability "to influence"].) Indeed, in *Georgia*, the Court acknowledged that influence districts—"where minority voters may not be able to elect a candidate of choice but can play a substantial, if not decisive, role in the electoral process"—may in some circumstances be the most effective way to enhance minority voting strength. (539 U.S. at p. 482.)

Then, in *Bartlett v. Strickland* (2009) 556 U.S. 1, the Supreme Court reaffirmed the majority-minority district requirement of *Gingles* Prong 1 and ruled that dilution of electoral capacity attainable only through influence or crossover voting was not a cognizable claim under Section 2 of the FVRA. (*Id.* at p. 26.) While ruling that Section 2 does not require the creation of influence districts, the *Bartlett* plurality was careful to note positive aspects of influence districts, and also confirmed that "[s]tates that wish to draw crossover districts are free to do so where no other prohibition

exists." (*Id.* at pp. 23-24.) *Bartlett*'s preclusion of influence or crossover dilution claims under Section 2 occasioned strong dissents from Justices Souter, Ginsburg, and Breyer, each agreeing that the law should recognize the functional ability of a cohesive political minority to elect its preferred candidates even in districts where it constitutes less than a majority. (See *id.* at pp. 26-48.)

2. The CVRA

In designing the CVRA, the Legislature drew heavily on *Gingles* and its progeny, but also marked a path distinct from the FVRA in several significant respects—particularly in its embrace of claims that a minority's ability to *influence* elections may be impaired by an at-large voting system, and its related embrace of claims that a minority's ability to elect its preferred candidates has been diluted even when the minority is not sufficiently geographically compact to constitute a majority in a single-member district. The core provisions of the CVRA are briefly summarized here; a more detailed analysis follows in Section V, *infra*.

Section 14027 provides that "[a]n at-large method of election may not be imposed or applied in a manner that impairs the ability of a protected class to elect candidates of its choice or its ability to influence the outcome of an election, as a result of the dilution or the abridgment of the rights of

voters who are members of a protected class[.]"² The explicit safeguard against dilution of a protected class's ability not just to "elect candidates of its choice," as in Section 2 of the FVRA (52 U.S.C. § 10301(b)), but also to "influence the outcome of an election," deploys the state's ability to exceed a federal statutory floor, decisively aligning the CVRA with the protections envisioned by Justices O'Connor, Souter, Ginsburg and Breyer. Thus, the Legislature acknowledged the pivotal role a cohesive bloc of voters may play even when they cannot constitute a district's numerical majority.

Section 14028(a) provides that "[a] violation of Section 14027 is established if it is shown that racially polarized voting occurs in elections for members of the governing body of the political subdivision or in elections incorporating other electoral choices by the voters of the political subdivision." Racially polarized voting is defined as "voting in which there is a difference, as defined in case law regarding enforcement of the [FVRA], in the choice of candidates or other electoral choices that are preferred by voters in a protected class, and in the choice of candidates and electoral choices that are preferred by voters in the rest of the electorate." (§ 14026(e).)

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² The CVRA defines "protected class" as "a class of voters who are members of a race, color, or language minority group" (§ 14026(d).)

The remainder of subdivisions (a) and (b) of Section 14028 provide additional guidance for the racially polarized voting analysis, selectively adopting principles from some FVRA cases and rejecting the contrary principles expressed in others, as discussed below. Two elements of this guidance are of particular significance here: first, the command that "[t]he occurrence of racially polarized voting shall be determined from examining results of elections in which at least one candidate is a member of a protected class or elections involving ballot measures, or other electoral choices that affect the rights and privileges of members of a protected class;" and second, the direction that "[o]ne circumstance that may be considered in determining a violation of Section 14027 and this section is the extent to which candidates who are members of a protected class and who are preferred by voters of the protected class, as determined by an analysis of voting behavior, have been elected to the governing body of [the defendant]." (§ 14028(b).)

Section 14028(c), specifying, "[t]he fact that members of a protected class are not geographically compact or concentrated may not preclude a finding of racially polarized voting, or a violation of Section 14027 and this section, but may be a factor in determining an appropriate remedy" underscores the Legislature's determination to draft a statute without the limitations of *Gingles* Prong 1. (See also Senate Analysis of Sen. Bill No. 976 (2001–2002 Reg. Sess.) as amended June 11, 2002, p. 4,

[acknowledging the CVRA departs from the federal requirement "that a minority community be sufficiently concentrated geographically to create a district in which the minority community could elect its own candidate," because this elimination would "presumably make it easier to successfully challenge at-large [elections]"].)

Section 14028(e) lists qualitative factors that are "probative, but not necessary factors to establish a violation of Section 14027 and this section." The non-exhaustive list includes "the history of discrimination, the use of electoral devices or other voting practices or procedures that may enhance the dilutive effects of at-large elections, ... the extent to which members of a protected class bear the effects of past discrimination in areas such as education, employment, and health, which hinder their ability to participate effectively in the political process, and the use of overt or subtle racial appeals in political campaigns." These qualitative factors track the "Senate Factors" announced with the 1982 amendment to the FVRA. (See *Gingles, supra*, 478 U.S. at pp. 36-37, 43-46, 80; *Old Person, supra*, 230 F.3d at pp. 1120, 1128-29.)

Section 14029 provides that "[u]pon a finding of a violation of Section 14027 and Section 14028, the court shall implement appropriate remedies, including the imposition of district-based elections, that are tailored to remedy the violation." In determining whether a particular remedy is "appropriate," the court may consider whether members of a

protected class are "geographically compact or concentrated."
(§ 14028(c).)

B. Proceedings Below

In 2016, Plaintiffs Pico Neighborhood Association and Maria Loya filed this case, asserting Defendant's at-large method of electing its City Council impairs the ability of Latino voters to elect their preferred candidates, or at least to influence the outcome of council elections. (1AA70-80; 4AA1141-1162.) The case was tried over six weeks in August and September 2018. (24AA10670.) Following a series of post-trial briefs and hearings, on February 13, 2019 the trial court entered judgment for Plaintiffs and issued a detailed Statement of Decision, finding Defendant's at-large elections violate the CVRA and the Equal Protection Clause of the California Constitution. (24AA10669-10739; 24AA10649-10664.) The trial court ordered the implementation of district-based elections with a remedial district encompassing the Latino-concentrated Pico Neighborhood, which it determined would effectively remedy the vote dilution established at trial. (24AA10707; 24AA10733-10735; 24AA10739.)

1. Trial and Findings of the Trial Court

Over the course of the six-week trial, the trial court heard testimony from seven experts and nine lay witnesses. Witnesses testified regarding, among other things: statistical analyses of voting behavior in Santa Monica city council and other elections;³ the challenges Latino candidates have experienced campaigning in the at-large system;⁴ the history of discrimination experienced by Latinos in Santa Monica, socioeconomic disparities, and the many environmental and other harms heaped upon the Latino-concentrated Pico Neighborhood over many years;⁵ and the viability of several remedial election systems—districts, limited voting, cumulative voting, and ranked choice voting.⁶

a. The Trial Court Found a Stark Pattern of Racial Polarization in Santa Monica's Elections.

The trial court accepted the estimates of voter support from each major racial group for each city council candidate over the past 24 years that both Plaintiffs' and Defendant's experts calculated using the well-established ecological regression method. (24AA10679-10694.)

The trial court found that the analyses of both sides' experts revealed "a consistent pattern of racially polarized voting." (24AA10680; see also

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³ See, e.g., RT3021:2-3021:19; RT3057:22-3089:12; RT3171:5-3199:24; RT5515:22-5524:19; RT5528:1-5537:9; RA56-76; RA193-215.

⁴ See, e.g., RT2145:11-2145:23; RT3453:11-3453:28; RA281-282; RA291-292.

⁵ See, e.g., RT2292:19-2294:22; RT2302:13-2303:14 [objections later overruled at RT2429:10-11]; RT2316:10-2317:27; RT3755:6-3756:11; RT6078:18-6081:20; RT6083:10-28; RT7968:28-7989:23; RT8630:8-8631:27; RT8637:17-8639:24; RT8770:28-8772:15; RT8774:21-8788:15; RT9153:25-9156:14; 25AA11001; RA28; RA39-40; RA41; RA49; RA255-256; RA285-287; RA294-295; RA297-346; RA346.

⁶ See, e.g., RT6817:2-6819:16; RT6919:14-7073:22.

244AA10677-10694.) Those analyses demonstrated that "[i]n most elections where the choice is available, Latino voters strongly prefer a Latino candidate running for Defendant's city council, but despite that support, the preferred Latino candidate loses." (24AA10680.)

The trial court found both sides' experts' analyses showed a consistent, statistically significant difference in the voting behavior of non-Hispanic white and Latino voters in six out of the seven elections since 1994 involving Latino candidates.⁸ The trial court further found that "Latino voters cohesively support those Latino candidates," who in all but one of those six elections "received the most Latino votes, often by a large margin." Each of the Latino candidates preferred by Latino voters received markedly (and statistically significantly) less support from non-

⁷ Plaintiffs' expert, Dr. Morgan Kousser, offered his expert opinion that Santa Monica elections were racially polarized. (See, e.g., RT3184:5-3184:27; RT3187:19-23; RT3194:4-3194:9; RT3219:1-3219:12.) Though he had done so in other cases, Defendant's expert, Dr. Jeffrey Lewis, refused to opine on whether Defendant's elections exhibit racially polarized voting, but conceded that all of the indicia of racially polarized voting were present. (RA193-215; RT5524:20-5526:8; RT5536:20-5537:9; RT5555:12-5556:25.) Another Plaintiffs' expert, Professor Justin Levitt, evaluated Dr. Lewis' estimates, and concluded that Defendant's elections exhibit "stark" racially polarized voting. (RT6762:27-RT6764:22; RT6771:20-6799:4; RT6804:7-6811:25.)

⁸ 24AA10686; 24AA10690; RT3021:2-3021:19; RT3057:22-3089:12; RT3171:5-3199:24; RT5515:22-5524:19; RT5528:1-5537:9; RA56-76; RA193-215.

⁹ 24AA10686; see also 24AA10690; RT3021:2-3021:19; RT3057:22-3089:12; RT3171:5-3199:24; RT6762:27-6764:22; RT6771:20-6799:4; RT6804:7-6811:25; RA56-76; RA193-215.

Latino voters, and "in all but one of those six elections," "the Latino candidate most favored by Latino voters lost." (24AA10685-86; 24AA10690.)

The trial court made specific findings concerning each of the relevant elections (24AA10687-10689):

- In 1994, Latino voters' top choice was the lone Latino candidate Tony Vazquez but he lost.
- In 2002, Latino voters' top choice was the lone Latina candidate Josefina Aranda but she lost.
- In 2004, Latino voters' top choice was the lone Latina candidate Maria Loya but she lost.
- In 2008, the lone Latina candidate Linda Piera-Avila received significant support from Latino voters, but she lost. 10
- In 2012, an unusual election in which no incumbents who had won four years earlier sought re-election, the leading Latino candidate, Tony Vazquez, was heavily favored by Latino voters but did not receive nearly as much support from non-Hispanic white voters. He barely won, finishing fourth in the four-seat race.
- In 2016, Latino voters' top choice was Latino candidate Oscar de la Torre, who received even more support from

¹⁰ The trial court recognized Ms. Piera-Avila was not the top choice of Latino voters, but the contrast between the levels of support she received from Latinos and non-Hispanic whites, respectively, was nonetheless consistent with racially polarized voting. (24AA10688 [comparing majority and minority support for Piera-Avila to evidence of racially polarized voting in *Gingles*].)

Latinos than did Mr. Vazquez in the same election, but Mr. de la Torre lost.

The trial court found that as a result of that pattern of racially polarized voting there has been a near-complete absence of Latinos elected to the city council despite cohesive support from Latino voters—"only one Latino has been elected to the Santa Monica City Council in the 72 years of the current election system – 1 out of 71 to serve on the city council." (24AA10681.)

The trial court rejected Defendant's arguments that in these multimember elections, the success of non-Latino candidates who received some Latino support, but less than the Latino candidates, undermined the pattern of racially polarized voting. (24AA10697-10700.) Citing the "demonstrated salience of the race of the candidates," the trial court gave greater weight to the pattern of racial bloc voting associated with Latino candidates who were strongly backed by Latino voters, in line with both FVRA jurisprudence and the language of the CVRA. (24AA10697-24AA10700, collecting cases; see also § 14028(b).) The trial court refused Defendant's invitation to discount Latinos' inability to elect the Latino candidates who "received the most Latino votes, often by a large margin" because lesser-preferred white candidates who necessarily garnered the second, third or fourth-most Latino votes were successful. (24AA10697-24AA10700.)

b. The Trial Court Found Additional Qualitative Evidence That Supported a Finding of Impairment of Voting Rights.

The trial court made additional findings on several of the qualitative factors set out in Section 14028(e), which the court found "further support" its determination that Defendant's at-large election system violated the CVRA. The existence of these factors is undisputed.

History of Discrimination. The trial court recited a troubling history of discrimination against Latinos in Santa Monica, including: (1) restrictive real estate covenants; (2) 70% percent of Santa Monica voters supporting a proposition to repeal the Rumford Fair Housing Act "and therefore again allow racial discrimination in housing"; (3) segregation in public facilities; and (4) discriminatory programs such as English-literacy requirements for voting and a "repatriation" program that sought to force Mexican-American legal immigrants and even citizens out of the country.¹¹

Voting Procedures that Exacerbate the Dilutive Effect of At-Large Voting. The trial court found that "the staggering of Defendants' city council elections enhances the dilutive effect of its at-large election system." (24AA10703; RT6813:17-6814:21 [expert testimony that

¹¹ 24AA10701-02; RT3755:6-3756:11; RT8637:17-8639:24; RT8630:8-8631:27; RA41, RA255-256; *see also Garza v. County of Los Angeles* (C.D. Cal. 1990) 756 F.Supp. 1298, 1339-40, cited in 24AA10701-02.

staggered elections make it "more possible for the majority to field candidates for every single seat and to win each of those races"].)

Socioeconomic Effects of Past Discrimination. The trial court found that the disposable wealth disparity between white residents and Latino and African American residents in Santa Monica, due in part to the housing discrimination discussed above, was "far greater than the national disparity," and that disparity disadvantaged Latino voters and candidates in Santa Monica's extraordinarily expensive city-wide elections. ¹²

Racial Appeals in Political Campaigns. The trial court found that Santa Monica's elections have been plagued by both overt and subtle racial appeals—including depictions of a Latino candidate as the leader of a Latino gang, and repeated questions of a Latina candidate regarding "whether she could represent all Santa Monica residents or just 'her people.'" (24AA10704-10705; RT2145:11-23; RA278-279; RA291-292.)

Lack of Responsiveness to the Latino Community. The trial court found that environmental burdens (e.g. hazardous waste storage and a landfill now emitting methane) were disproportionately sited in the Latino-concentrated Pico Neighborhood, including "undesirable elements—e.g., the 10-freeway and train maintenance yard—[that] were placed in the Pico

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¹² 24AA10703-10704; RT2292:19-2294:22 and RT2302:13-2303:14 [objections later overruled at RT2429:10-11]; RA49.

Neighborhood at the direction, or with the agreement, of Defendant or members of its city council." The court further found that the City's commissions were "nearly devoid of Latino members,"—only one out of Defendant's 106 commissioners was Latina—which is significant both for city planning and as a barrier to political advancement. 13

c. The Trial Court Found Several Alternative Election Systems Would Remedy the Dilution of Latino Voting Power in Santa Monica.

The trial court held Defendant's violation of the CVRA was established by the evidence of racially polarized voting and the additional qualitative factors. (24AA10672-10677.) Defendant argued that in order to establish a violation Plaintiffs must also show "that some alternative method of election would enhance Latino voting power." (24AA10706, quoting 22AA9861 (Defendant's Closing Brief).) Accepting this position arguendo, the trial court made that precise finding, *i.e.*, that several election methods—district elections, cumulative voting, limited voting, and ranked choice voting—would each enhance Latino voting power in Santa Monica, giving Latinos greater ability not just to influence elections but also to elect candidates of their choice. (24AA10706-10707, 24AA10733-10735.)

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¹³ 24AA10705-10706; RT2316:10-2317:27; RT6078:18-6081:20; RT6083:10-28; RT7968:28-7989:23; RT8774:21-8788:15; 25AA11001; RA28; RA39-40; RA294-295; RA297-346.

District elections. The trial court found that district elections, including a remedial district centered on the Pico Neighborhood, would be an effective remedy, "improving Latinos' ability to elect their preferred candidate or influence the outcome of such an election." (24AA10707, 10734.) The court cited the following factors:

- the demographics of the remedial district, in which Latinos would comprise "30% of the citizen voting age population," in contrast with only 13.64% citywide (24AA10734; RA48; RT2470:8-2470:10; RT6943:20-6950:16);
- the precinct-level results of past city council elections, which showed the Latino candidates preferred by Latino voters winning the remedial district (24AA10707, 24AA10734; RT2318:7-2330:4; RA 29-30, 25AA11002-11004);
- organized in a manner that would "likely translate to equitable electoral strength" in a district system (24AA10735; RT 6950:20-6952:6);
- (4) evidence that district elections, by reducing the size of the electorate and geographic area candidates have to cover in their campaigns, would "reduce the campaign effects of wealth disparities between the majority and minority communities, which are pronounced in Santa Monica"

(24AA10735; RT6921:18-6929:27; RT2292:19-2295:15, RT2302:4-2303:14 [objections later overruled at RT2429:10-11]; RT2430:11-2432:3; RT7056:23-7059:3; RT7061:7-7063:24; RA49); and,

evidence from other jurisdictions that recently adopted district elections showing that "[e]ven in districts where the minority group is one-third or less of a district's electorate, minority candidates previously unsuccessful in at-large elections have won district elections." (24AA10734; RT6932:14-6932:26; RT6935:24-6938:18; RT6939:7-6942:20; RT6946:5-6947:21; RT7065:19-7067:19.)

Non-District Remedies. The trial court also found that non-district remedial election systems including "cumulative voting, limited voting, and ranked choice voting ... would improve Latino voting power in Santa Monica." (24AA10733.) Expert testimony at trial established that in a

¹⁴ In a cumulative voting system, voters can "cumulate" their votes by casting more than one of their available votes for a single candidate. (RT 6955:7-6956:23.) Limited voting limits the number of votes a voter can cast to fewer than the number of seats to be filled at the election. (RT 6967:9-23.) Ranked choice voting allows voters to rank candidates in their order of preference; the voter's single vote is initially allocated to his/her most preferred candidate and, as the count proceeds and candidates are either elected or eliminated, the votes for eliminated candidates are transferred to other candidates according to the voter's stated preferences. (RT 6975:5-6979:20.)

seven-seat race, corresponding to Defendant's seven-seat council, utilizing any of these non-district remedies, a voting bloc would be assured of winning a seat with just 12.5% of the votes, known as the "threshold of exclusion."¹⁵ The Latino proportion of the electorate in Santa Monica, which the racially polarized voting analysis had demonstrated to be highly politically cohesive, was 13.64% at the time of trial—greater than the threshold of exclusion for a seven-seat race with any of these non-district remedial systems. (24AA10680, 24AA10685-86, 24AA10693-94, 24AA10733-34; RT2470:8-2470:10.) The trial court also heard historical evidence that cumulative voting and limited voting have been "effective in providing minorities, even a low proportion of minorities, the opportunity to both influence and elect candidates of choice," even in jurisdictions where the minority proportion of the electorate was *less* than the threshold of exclusion. (RT6963:1-6965:10 (cumulative voting); RT6971:14-6972:7 (limited voting).) Based on this unrebutted evidence, the trial court found that these non-district remedies would also "improve Latino voting power in Santa Monica." (See 24AA10733.)

¹⁵ RT 6955:7-6958:13 [cumulative voting]; RT6967:25-6970:16 [limited voting]; RT6975:28-6979:20 [ranked choice voting]; RT7051:27-7053:20 [further discussing the concept and comparing it to a 50% threshold of exclusion for the current at-large system].

d. The Trial Court Ordered Appropriate Remedies.

Based on its finding that Santa Monica's at-large election system impaired Latino voting rights in violation of the CVRA, the trial court entertained remedial proposals. Although Defendant refused to offer a remedial plan, it indicated a preference for district elections. (24AA10735-10737; 23AA10181.)

The trial court found that "given the local context in this case—including socioeconomic and electoral patterns, the voting experience of the local population, and the election administration practicalities present here—a district-based remedy is preferable." (24AA10733.) For this finding, the court relied on (1) expert analysis of prior voting patterns in the precincts comprising the remedial district, (2) the significantly greater proportion of the Latino citizen-voting-age population in the remedial district as compared with the city as a whole, (3) testimony regarding the degree of political organization among Latino voters in the Pico Neighborhood, and (4) testimony that district elections would reduce the campaign effects of the "pronounced" wealth disparities between the majority and minority communities in Santa Monica. (24AA10733-35.)

The trial court further ordered prompt and orderly special elections for all seven council seats "[i]n order to eliminate the taint of the illegal atlarge election system." (24AA10737-38, collecting authorities and noting that relief for voting rights violations should be prompt.)

2. Appellate Proceedings

Defendant appealed from the judgment and obtained a writ of supersedeas, delaying effective relief pending resolution of the appeal. On July 9, 2020, the Court of Appeal reversed in a published decision holding that Plaintiffs cannot succeed under the CVRA, essentially because it is not possible to draw a majority-Latino district. Plaintiffs filed a petition for rehearing, which was denied.

This Court granted Plaintiffs' Petition for Review and, on its own motion, ordered the Court of Appeal decision depublished. ¹⁶ This Court certified the following question for review: "What must a plaintiff prove in order to establish vote dilution under the California Voting Rights Act?"

IV. STANDARD OF REVIEW

Determining the proper legal standards that apply to a CVRA claim presents a pure question of law that this Court reviews *de novo*. (*Christensen v. Lightbourne* (2019) 7 Cal.5th 761, 771 ["We review questions of statutory interpretation *de novo*"].) The trial court's findings of fact and weighing of the evidence leading to its finding of vote dilution is reviewed under the deferential substantial evidence standard. (*Jessup Farms v. Baldwin* (1983) 33 Cal.3d 639, 660; *Jauregui, supra*, 226

¹⁶ The Court of Appeal also reversed the judgment for Plaintiffs on their Equal Protection claim. This Court did not grant review of that portion of the Court of Appeal's decision, but did depublish the entirety of that decision.

Cal.App.4th at p. 792 [citing cases describing the substantial evidence standard - "The trial court's dilution findings are presumed to be correct."]; *accord Gingles, supra*, 478 U.S. at p. 78 ["the ultimate finding of vote dilution [is] a question of fact subject to the clearly-erroneous standard of [FRCP] 52(a)"].)

V. ARGUMENT

A. The CVRA Recognizes California's Authority to Protect the Ability of Minorities to Influence Elections.

The Legislature enacted the CVRA in recognition of California's unique demographics, embracing a robust, functional view of potential minority political power in California that the Legislature determined was not sufficiently incorporated in federal law. Gingles is not a constitutional mandate, but a case interpreting a particular federal statute; California can, and did, go farther. Central to the CVRA's statutory scheme is the Legislature's decision to create protection untethered from *Gingles* Prong 1, which links vote dilution to a particular type of remedy (i.e., districts) and a rigid benchmark for undiluted voting power (i.e., a majority within a compact district). (Compare Gingles, supra, 478 U.S. at p. 50 with § 14028(c) ["The fact that members of a protected class are not geographically compact or concentrated may not preclude a finding of racially polarized voting, or a violation of Section 14027 and this section."].)

The legislative history of the CVRA confirms that the Legislature saw *Gingles* Prong 1 as an unduly rigid barrier to a functional assessment of vote dilution, and intentionally created a state statute without that limitation. The June 4, 2002 Bill Analysis of SB 976 by the Assembly Judiciary Committee explains, after summarizing the *Gingles* preconditions:

This bill would allow a showing of dilution or abridgement of minority voting rights by showing [Gingles Prongs 2 and 3] without an additional showing of geographical compactness [G]eographical compactness would not appear to be an important factor in assessing whether the voting rights of a minority group have been diluted or abridged by an at-large election system. Thus, this bill puts the voting rights horse (the discrimination issue) back where it sensibly belongs in front of the cart (what type of remedy is appropriate once racially polarized voting has been shown).

(Assem. Com. on Judiciary, Analysis of Sen. Bill No. 976 (2001-2002 Reg. Sess.) as amended Apr. 9, 2002, p. 3; see also *Amici* Sen. Richard Polanco's Motion for Judicial Notice (B295935), Exhibit A, Enrolled Bill Memorandum (July 1, 2002) ["This bill enacts the California Voting Rights Act of 2001 that is very similar to the federal Voting Rights Act but with one key exception. In 1985, the Supreme Court imposed three preconditions (Gingles factors) for determining if a protected class' voting rights have been/are being diluted. One of the three conditions is that the plaintiff must show that the protected class is geographically compact enough that it would be a majority in a single district (and presumably elect

and that a protected class need only demonstrate the other two Gingle[s] factors."].) The Legislature underscored its intention to expand voting rights protections by pairing the elimination of *Gingles* Prong 1 with the explicit protection, in Section 14027, of a protected class's ability, not only to "elect candidates of its choice," but also to "influence the outcome of an election."

The purpose and significance of this legislative choice is illuminated by reference to federal jurisprudence. The debate among federal legislators and jurists over *Gingles*' reserved question about the viability of claims that at-large elections dilute minority electoral influence highlighted compelling arguments about the value and functional significance of districts and electoral systems in which a cohesive protected class is able to "play a substantial, if not decisive, role in the electoral process." (*Georgia, supra,* 539 U.S. at p. 482; see also, e.g., *Gingles, supra,* 478 U.S. at p. 46 fn.12; *id.* at pp. 89-90 & fn. 1, 98-100 (O'Connor, J., concurring); *Bartlett, supra,* 556 U.S. at pp. 32-35 (Souter, J., dissenting); *Vecinos, supra,* 72 F.3d at pp. 990-91.)

Those arguing for recognition of a cohesive minority's ability to exercise political power through "influence" districts emphasized a pragmatic assessment of voting strength. As one court wrote, after citing a collection of federal cases, "These precedents merely confirm the lessons of

practical politics: the voting strength of a minority group is not necessarily limited to districts in which its members constitute a majority of the voting age population, but also extends to every district in which its members are sufficiently numerous to have a significant impact at the ballot box most of the time." (*Vecinos, supra*, 72 F.3d at p. 991.) Scholars have echoed this observation. (See, e.g., J. Morgan Kousser, *Beyond Gingles: Influence Districts and the Pragmatic Tradition in Voting Rights Law* (1993) 27 U.S.F. L.Rev. 551.)

This insight into the nature of voting rights and political power is at the heart of the CVRA. Every published decision concerning the CVRA has recognized the clarity of this legislative choice. (See *Sanchez, supra,* 145 Cal.App.4th at p. 669; *Jauregui, supra,* 226 Cal.App.4th at p. 789; *Rey v. Madera Unified Sch. Dist.* (2012) 203 Cal.App.4th 1223, 1229.) Yet, the Court of Appeal below entirely ignored the text embracing this legislative choice and the insight it reflects, and instead substituted its own preference over the unmistakable intention of the Legislature.¹⁷

The CVRA's protection of a cohesive minority's ability to exercise influence over election outcomes is also integral to the Legislature's effort

¹⁷ In focusing exclusively on the ability to elect, the Court of Appeal did not merely ignore CVRA text protecting influence. Even in the context of the ability to elect, the logic of that court depends on an improper assumption, contrary to the evidence adduced at trial, that voting is 100% based on race and without crossover support.

to tailor voting rights protections to California's diversity—the "unique situation where we are all minorities." (See Sanchez, supra, 145 Cal.App.4th at 669, quoting Assem. Com. on Judiciary, Analysis of Sen. Bill No. 976 (2001–2002 Reg. Sess.) as amended Apr. 9, 2002, p. 2.) By moving beyond *Gingles* Prong 1, the CVRA extends voting rights protection to smaller but still significant minority communities as well as minority voters who live in jurisdictions that are only moderately racially segregated. For the numerous California jurisdictions that fall into these categories, voting rights remedies like influence districts or the use of cumulative, limited, or ranked choice voting have the potential to secure a more equitable electoral playing field, making local government elections more "fair and open." (See Sanchez, supra, 145 Cal.App.4th at p. 669, quoting Assem. Com. on Judiciary, Analysis of Sen. Bill No. 976 (2001-2002 Reg. Sess.) as amended Apr. 9, 2002, p. 2.)

Thus, unlike the FVRA, the CVRA was specifically designed to encompass jurisdictions where minority voters have electoral preferences distinct from voters of the racial majority, but the geography and demographics of the jurisdiction do not permit creation of a compact majority-minority district. Moreover, the Legislature's departures from the federal framework demonstrate its purpose to provide "a broader basis for relief from vote dilution than available under the federal Voting Rights Act." (*Jauregui, supra*, 226 Cal.App.4th at p. 806.) The CVRA's purpose

to expand voting rights protections in California beyond those of the FVRA, and specifically to embrace a pragmatic notion of political power, provides vital context for the questions posed by this appeal.

B. Plaintiffs Prevail on a Vote Dilution Claim Under the CVRA by Showing Racially Polarized Voting, Alone or in Combination with Historical, Socioeconomic and Political Factors, and by Showing That a Different Electoral System Would Afford Minority Voters the Ability to Elect Their Preferred Candidates or Influence Election Outcomes.

What a plaintiff is required to show to prove vote dilution under the CVRA is a question of statutory interpretation, whose resolution depends on the construction of Sections 14027, 14028 and 14029. (See Meza v. Portfolio Recovery Assocs. LLC (2019) 6 Cal.5th 844, 856 [Statutory language should be interpreted "in the context of the statutory framework as a whole in order to determine its scope and purpose and to harmonize the various parts of the enactment."].) These statutory provisions can be interpreted in two reasonable ways, as set out below. The result in each instance, however, is, the same—plaintiffs prevail on a CVRA claim by showing: (1) racially polarized voting in an at-large jurisdiction, alone or in combination with other qualitative factors, and (2) an alternative election method would afford the protected class the opportunity to "elect candidates of its choice" or "influence the outcome of an election" they were not previously afforded. (See §§ 14027, 14028.) A CVRA plaintiff need *not* show what the appellate court below required—that the minority

community is geographically concentrated enough to comprise the majority of a single-member district. (See § 14028(c).)

No matter which interpretation this Court adopts, the evidence and findings below are more than adequate to sustain the trial court's finding that Defendant's at-large elections unlawfully dilute Latino votes in violation of the CVRA.

In construing statutory language, this Court seeks to "determine the Legislature's intent so as to effectuate the law's purpose." (*Meza, supra*, 6 Cal.5th at p. 856, quoting *City of San Jose v. Superior Court* (2017) 2 Cal.5th 608, 616–617.) The Court "first examine[s] the statutory language, giving it a plain and commonsense meaning." (*Ibid.*) "If the language is clear, courts must generally follow its plain meaning unless a literal interpretation would result in absurd consequences the Legislature did not intend." (*Ibid.*) When the statute is capable of "more than one reasonable interpretation, courts may consider other aids, such as the statute's purpose, legislative history, and public policy." (*Ibid.*) Accordingly, we start with the words of the CVRA.

1. The Plain Language of the CVRA Provides that Vote Dilution Is Established by Proof of Racially Polarized Voting.

The plain language of the CVRA provides that evidence of racially polarized voting in at-large elections, either alone or in combination with

qualitative factors from Section 14028(e), establishes the vote dilution proscribed by Section 14027.

In this plain text reading, Section 14027 describes the nature of the harm targeted by the CVRA—*i.e.*, at-large elections that "impair[] the ability of a protected class" to "elect candidates of its choice" or "influence the outcome of an election" as a result of vote dilution—and Section 14028 sets out the standards of proof for showing a violation of the CVRA. The language of Section 14028(a) is quite explicit on this point:

A violation of Section 14027 *is established* if it is shown that racially polarized voting occurs in elections for members of the governing body of the political subdivision ...

(emphasis added.) Similarly, subdivision (e) of Section 14028 provides that other qualitative factors, such as a history of discrimination and its continuing effects and evidence of racial appeals in political campaigns "are probative, but not necessary factors to establish a violation of Section 14027 and this section." Subdivisions (c) and (d) identify factors expressly excluded from the analysis of whether the CVRA has been violated, specifically, whether members of the protected class are "geographically compact or concentrated," and "intent ... to discriminate against a protected class." (§§ 14028 (c), (d).)

Giving effect to the plain language of Section 14028, proof of racially polarized voting in the jurisdiction's at-large elections, either alone or in combination with the qualitative Section 14028(e) factors, establishes

the vote dilution that Section 14027 declares the CVRA is designed to combat. (See §§ 14028(a), (e), 14027.) The CVRA is reasonably read in this way because Section 14028 expressly states how a violation of Section 14027 is shown. (*Green v. State of California* (2007) 42 Cal.4th 254, 260 ["The statute's plain meaning controls the court's interpretation unless its words are ambiguous," citation omitted].)

This interpretation is also consistent with the legislative history, which reflects the Legislature's desire to craft a statute in which *Gingles* Prong 1 (proof that a majority-minority district can be created) is unnecessary, and to focus the analysis on *Gingles* Prongs 2 and 3, which together constitute racially polarized voting. (See Assembly Judiciary Committee Bill Analysis, S.B. 976, June 4, 2002 ["This bill would allow a showing of dilution or abridgement of minority voting rights by showing [Gingles Prongs 2 and 3] without an additional showing of geographical compactness"]; Assembly Committee on Elections Bill Analysis, S.B. 976, April 2, 2002 [the bill "[e]stablishes that voter rights have been abridged if it is shown that racially polarized voting occurs in elections for members of the governing body of the political subdivision"].)¹⁸

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¹⁸ The appellate courts have recognized this legislative choice reflected in the statutory language and legislative history of the CVRA. (*Rey, supra,* 203 Cal.App.4th at p. 1229 ["To prove a CVRA violation, the plaintiffs must show that the voting was racially polarized. However, they do not need to either show that members of a protected class live in a

Contrary to the Court of Appeal's assumption, this interpretation would *not* eliminate the need for a court to consider whether there are any effective remedies. On the contrary, the CVRA directs that "appropriate remedies" be implemented (§ 14029, emphasis added) and that the geographical compactness of the minority community "may be a factor in determining an appropriate remedy" (§ 14028(c)). "Appropriate remedies" are only those that redress the electoral harms the minority communities experience. (See, e.g., *Dillard v. Crenshaw County, Ala.* (11th Cir. 1987) 831 F.2d 246, 250; *Harvell v. Blytheville Sch. Dist. No. 5* (8th Cir. 1997) 126 F.3d 1038; see also *Louisiana v. United States* (1965) 380 U.S. 145, 154.)

2. Alternatively, Vote Dilution Under the CVRA Requires Showing, in Addition to Racially Polarized Voting, that an Alternative Election System Would Improve Minority Voters' Ability to Elect Their Candidates of Choice or Influence Election Outcomes.

The second interpretation of the statutory language—requiring

CVRA plaintiffs to also show that an alternative election system would

improve the minority's ability to elect its preferred candidates or influence

election outcomes to establish vote dilution—gives effect to the ordinary

geographically compact area or demonstrate a discriminatory intent on the part of voters or officials."]; *Jauregui*, *supra*, 226 Cal.App.4th at p. 798 ["The trial court's unquestioned findings [concerning racially polarized voting] demonstrate that defendant's at-large system dilutes the votes of Latino and African American voters."].)

meaning of the language of Section 14027. By showing racially polarized voting, either alone or in combination with the 14028(e) factors, as well as a benchmark election system that would afford the minority community a greater opportunity to elect candidates of its choice or exercise a meaningful if not decisive influence over election outcomes, CVRA plaintiffs establish that the at-large system results in the "impairment of the ability of a protected class to elect candidates of its choice or its ability to influence the outcome of an election." (§§ 14027, 14028.)

This interpretation is supported by the ordinary meaning of the language of Section 14027, specifically the words "dilution" and "impair." To dilute something means "to diminish the strength, flavor, or brilliance of (something) by or as if by admixture," or, figuratively, "[t]o weaken, take away the strength of force of" the thing diluted. (Merriam Webster Online, dilute, v., https://www.merriam-webster.com/dictionary/dilute; Oxford English Dictionary (1989), dilute, v.). Similarly, "impair" means "to diminish in function, ability, or quality: to weaken or make worse." (Merriam Webster Online, impair, v., https://www.merriam-webster.com/dictionary/impair; see also Oxford English Dictionary (1989), impair, v. ["to make worse, less valuable, or weaker; to lessen injuriously; to damage, injure"].)

Both "impairment" and "dilution" are comparative—to weaken something, it must have some strength in an unweakened state, *i.e.*, an

undiluted benchmark. Accordingly, FVRA cases have recognized that "dilution" refers to a weakening of a group's voting power due to an electoral system, and is measured by comparison of that electoral system to a different potential system. (*Reno v. Bossier Par. Sch. Bd.* (1997) 520 U.S. 471, 480 ["Because the very concept of vote dilution implies—and, indeed, necessitates—the existence of an 'undiluted' practice against which the fact of dilution may be measured, a Section 2 plaintiff must also postulate a reasonable alternative voting practice to serve as the benchmark 'undiluted' voting practice."]; *Holder v. Hall* (1994) 512 U.S. 874, 880.)

By showing racially polarized voting, a CVRA plaintiff demonstrates that under the challenged at-large system the protected class of voters lack the ability to elect candidates of their choice. (See *Gingles*, *supra*, 478 U.S. at p. 51 ["In establishing" "that the white majority votes sufficiently as a bloc to enable it -- in the absence of special circumstances, ... usually to defeat the minority's preferred candidate ... the minority group demonstrates that submergence in a white multimember district impedes its ability to elect its chosen representatives."].) The Section 14028(e) factors, where they are established, can provide further qualitative support for this conclusion by highlighting historical, political or socioeconomic facts that explain how and why, in a particular jurisdiction, the at-large system disadvantages the minority. Finally, by showing that a benchmark alternative system would afford minority voters a greater ability

to elect candidates of their choice or influence the outcome of elections (in other words, to "play a substantial, if not decisive, role in the electoral process" (see *Georgia*, *supra*, 539 U.S. at p. 482)), the CVRA plaintiff establishes that the minority's voting power is weakened by the existing atlarge system—*i.e.*, diluted.

C. An Impairment of Voting Rights Under the CVRA Can Be Determined Based on Objective Factors.

Whether the analysis is part of an evaluation of whether the minority's voting rights have been "impair[ed]" (§ 14027) or whether a particular remedy is "appropriate" (§ 14029), courts are perfectly capable of judging whether an alternative election system will improve minority voters' ability to elect their preferred candidates or influence election outcomes.

As with most voting rights issues, evaluating the effectiveness of a proposed remedy or benchmark alternative system requires "a searching practical evaluation of the past and present reality," and should be guided by localized data and objective standards. (*Gingles, supra*, at p. 45; see also Grofman, Handley & Lublin, *Drawing Effective Minority Districts: A Conceptual Framework and Some Empirical Evidence* (2001) 79 N.C. L. Rev. 1383, 1423 ["A case-specific functional analysis ... must be conducted to determine the percentage minority necessary to create an effective minority district."].) While that "searching practical evaluation"

may differ in minor respects between cases, courts can rely on objective factors to determine whether an alternative system would confer greater voting power on cohesive minority voters, as set out below.

1. District Remedies

To evaluate whether district elections would afford a minority community the ability to elect its preferred candidates or exercise electoral influence, courts should consider: (1) the minority proportion of the electorate in a potential remedial district or districts, compared to that of the jurisdiction as a whole; (2) electoral behavior, including the degree of support received by minority-preferred candidates and ballot choices in past elections within a potential remedial district; and (3) other historical, political, social, and economic factors impacting minority voters' ability to compete in district elections, as compared with at-large elections.

Protected Class Proportion of the Electorate. The minority proportion of the electorate in a potential district is obviously one important predictor of whether that district will provide the minority with an ability to elect its preferred candidates or influence the outcome of elections. It therefore makes sense that under the CVRA the geographic compactness of a minority community "may be a factor in determining an appropriate remedy." (§ 14028(c).)

Federal cases suggest that where a politically cohesive minority makes up 25% or more of the citizen-voting-age population of a district, it

will often be able to exercise meaningful electoral "influence." In Georgia, *supra*, the Supreme Court approvingly discussed a plan to improve African American voting strength by creating "more influence and coalitional districts" with black voting-age populations ranging between 25% and 50%. (539 U.S. at pp. 482, 487.) Prior to Georgia, other federal courts reached similar assessments about the proportion of the minority voters corresponding to meaningful electoral influence in a district. (See Rural W. Tenn. African-American Affairs Council v. McWherter, 877 F.Supp. 1096, 1101 (W.D. Tenn. 1995) (three judge court) [an "influence district exists when members of a minority group compose 25% or more of the votingage population of a district"]; see also Vecinos, supra, 72 F.3d at pp. 990-91 ["Although we are unwilling to prescribe any numerical floor above which a minority is automatically deemed large enough to convert a district into an influence district, we believe that when, as now, a minority group constitutes 28% of the voting age population, its potential influence is relevant" to assessing a violation of voting rights].) Without identifying a lower bound, this Court too has regarded as "influence districts" two districts where minorities comprised 35.9% and 46% of the electorate, respectively. (Wilson v. Eu (1992) (Appendix) 1 Cal.4th 707, 771 & fn.43, 773.)

Such a rule of thumb finds support in the current demographic and political realities in California, where communities of color often comprise

significant portions, but less than half, of voters in a potential district. As expressed in their amicus letter in support of the Petition for Review, the Latino, African American, and Asian American Legislative Caucuses credit their members' electoral success to influence districts with corresponding minority proportions as low as 20%. ¹⁹ Additionally, a rule of thumb in the range of 25% is particularly appropriate for the non-partisan municipal elections governed by the CVRA (see Cal. Const. art. II, section 6) because those elections often involve more than two candidates, allowing a candidate to win with well below 50% of the vote.

While the minority proportion of the proposed remedial districts is important, it is not the only relevant consideration, and any rigid minimum percentage should be eschewed. (See *Vecinos*, *supra*, 72 F.3d at pp. 990-91 [declining to "prescribe any numerical floor above which a minority is automatically deemed large enough to convert a district into an influence district," and directing lower courts to identify influence districts through a "searching evaluation of the degree of influence exercisable by the minority, consistent with the political realities, past and present"].)

Even if 25% were taken to be a minimum level, it would be met and exceeded in this case, as discussed below.

¹⁹ Amicus Curiae Letter in support of Petition for Review submitted by members of the Latino, Asian and Pacific Islander, and African American Legislative Caucus (August 20, 2020) at pp. 1-2, 4.

Past Precinct-Level Results. Courts should also consider the performance of candidates and ballot issues preferred by the protected class in the precincts making up a potential remedial district or districts. Where minority candidates preferred by the minority community lose in at-large elections, but perform much better in the potential remedial district, perhaps even garnering the most votes of any candidate in that district, that is strong evidence that the district will improve minority voting power. (See Gingles, supra, 478 U.S. at p. 89 fn. 1 (O'Connor, J., concurring) ["[I]f a minority group that is not large enough to constitute a voting majority in a single-member district can show that white support would probably be forthcoming in some such district to an extent that would enable the election of the candidates its members prefer, that minority group would appear to have demonstrated that, at least under this measure of its voting strength, it would be able to elect some candidates of its choice."].)

Where this evidence exists, it should be given decisive weight. On the other hand, the absence of evidence that minority-preferred candidates were the top vote getters in a potential district should not be conclusive. (RT2585:26-2587:8.) As is well known, at-large election systems often deter minority candidates, who would be preferred by minority voters, from running. (See, e.g., *Westwego Citizens for Better Government v. City of Westwego* (5th Cir. 1989) 872 F.2d 1201, 1208-1209, fn. 9 [discriminatory at-large election systems can dissuade minority candidates—they "don't

run because they can't win"].) And, minority voters may rationally cast votes for candidates more likely to win majority support over candidates they prefer but who they understand are unlikely to succeed. (RT3084:2-3085:12; RT3087:4-3087:28.) For these reasons, and because the CVRA protects against the dilution of a cohesive minority's ability to influence election outcomes, the absence of evidence that minority-preferred candidates received the most support in the precincts making up a potential remedial district should not preclude a determination that district elections would enable the minority to "elect candidates of its choice" or "influence the outcome of an election." (See § 14027; cf. Westwego Citizens for Better Government, supra, 872 F.2d at pp. 1208-09 fn. 9.)

Local Political Factors. Finally, political circumstances and socioeconomic conditions may also be important in assessing whether district
elections would improve minority electoral efficacy. For instance, a
significant income or wealth disparity between the minority and majority
communities, particularly where citywide campaigns have historically been
expensive, may support a finding that a district system will provide the
minority significantly greater opportunity than an at-large system. At-large
campaigns are typically more expensive than district election campaigns
because at-large campaigns must reach a much larger electorate.

(RT6921:1-6921:14; RT6928:23-6929:27; RT6928:23-6929:27;

RT7056:23-7059:3; RT7061:7-7063:11.) District elections, with their

correspondingly smaller electorate and geographic footprint, render inexpensive campaign activities, such as door-knocking and phonebanking, more effective, thus reducing the political advantages of having superior financial resources. (*Ibid.*) A minority community that has been unsuccessful in expensive at-large elections due in part to its inferior financial resources, could reasonably be expected to fare better in district elections. (*Ibid.*; see also Collingwood, L. & Long, S., Can States Promote Minority Representation? Assessing the Effects of the California Voting Rights Act (Dec. 31, 2019) Urban Affairs Review, p. 5, citing Berry, B. & Dye, T., *The Discriminatory Effects of At-Large Elections* F.S.U. L. Rev. (1979) 7 Fla. St. U. L. Rev. 85.) By way of further example, if the minority community is politically well organized within the potential district and has dedicated hard-working leaders willing to seek elective office, the potential district is more likely to enable minority voters to elect their preferred candidates or influence the outcome of elections. (RT6920:20-6920:28; RT6950:20-6952:6; RT7063:12-7063:24.)

All of this, and more as warranted by the facts, should be considered as part of a court's "searching practical evaluation" of a potential district remedy. (*Gingles, supra*, at p. 45; *Vecinos, supra*, 72 F.3d at pp. 990-91.)

As discussed in Section V.D below, the evidence from trial and the trial court's findings address these factors in this case, supporting the trial court's conclusion that district elections would provide an effective

remedy—improving Latino voters' ability to elect candidates of their choice or at least influence the outcome of elections.

2. Non-District Remedies

While district-based systems are the most common remedies used in voting rights cases, the CVRA also permits the imposition of non-district remedies like cumulative voting, limited voting and ranked choice voting. (Sanchez, supra, 145 Cal.App.4th at p. 670 ["a court could impose a remedy not involving districts at all, relying instead on one of several alternative at-large voting systems, [such as] cumulative voting"]; Jauregui, supra, 226 Cal. App. 4th at p. 807 ["the appropriate remedies language in section 14029 [authorizes] orders of the type approved under the [FVRA]."]; United States v. Village of Port Chester (S.D.N.Y. 2010) 704 F.Supp.2d 411, 448-53 [ordering cumulative voting]; *Dillard v. Cuba* (M.D. Ala. 1988) 708 F.Supp. 1244, 1245-1246 & fn. 3 [upholding settlement requiring limited voting]; *United States v. City of Eastpointe* (E.D. Mich., June 26, 2019, No. 4:17-CV-10079) 2019 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 110885, at *4-6 [ranked choice voting].)

In judging the likely effectiveness of these non-district remedies, courts generally compare the "threshold of exclusion" to the minority proportion of eligible voters citywide. (*Port Chester, supra,* 704 F.Supp.2d at p. 450.) The threshold of exclusion is "the percentage of the vote that will guarantee the winning of a seat even under the most unfavorable

circumstances." (Ibid., quoting Cottier v. City of Martin (D.S.D. 2007) 475 F.Supp.2d 932, 937; RT7051:27-7053:20.) The threshold of exclusion for each of these non-district remedies is calculated from the number of seats available – 1/(1+N) where N is the number of available seats. (*Port* Chester, supra, 704 F.Supp.2d at p. 450; RT6955:7-6958:13; RT6967:25-6970:16; RT6975:28-6979:20.) For example, for Defendant's seven-seat council the threshold of exclusion is 12.5%. (RT6955:7-6958:13: RT6967:25-6970:16; RT6975:28-6979:20.) Where the minority proportion of eligible voters exceeds the threshold of exclusion, as in this case, these non-district remedies provide the minority with an ability to elect its preferred candidate. (RT7051:27-7053:20.) Even where the minority proportion is less than the threshold of exclusion, these non-district remedies may still enable minority voters to play a "substantial, if not decisive" role in elections (see *Georgia*, supra, 539 U.S. at p. 482) and may even afford the minority the practical opportunity to elect candidates of its choice, as the most comprehensive study of the issue to date has found. (RT6963:1-6965:10; RT6971:14-6972:7; R. Engstrom, Modified Multi-Seat *Election Systems as Remedies for Minority Vote Dilution*, 21 Stetson L. Rev. 743, 758-759 (1992).)

Courts may also consider other social and political factors relevant to whether these non-district remedies will improve minority voting power, or to whether they will be more or less effective than other remedial alternatives. For example, the likelihood that minority voters will coalesce around a limited set of candidates impacts their ability to effectively exercise voting strength in a cumulative voting system, and so a history of strong citywide political organization among minority voters may be relevant to a cumulative voting remedy's effectiveness. (RT7063:12-7063:17.)

Each of these objective factors, for district remedies and non-district remedies alike, can be analyzed in the particular circumstances of a given jurisdiction to give a clear indication of whether a benchmark alternative election system would enable the minority to "elect its preferred candidates" or "influence the outcome of an election." (§ 14027.) Here, the trial court did so, and found that the alternative systems would.

D. The Trial Court's Findings, Based on Substantial Evidence, Satisfy Every Element Necessary to Establish Dilution Under the CVRA.

This case presents detailed factual findings by the trial court and a robust factual record on each of the elements of a vote dilution claim under the CVRA—racially polarized voting, the optional qualitative Section 14028(e) factors, and the availability of appropriate remedies. (See Section V.B, *supra*.) Those factual findings, and the trial court's reasoning, all detailed in its Statement of Decision (24AA10669-10739), aptly illustrate how vote dilution under the CVRA is established. To fully address what a plaintiff must "prove in order to establish vote dilution under the California

Voting Rights Act", and thus provide guidance to the lower courts as well as to political subdivisions contemplating changes to their elections to comply with the CVRA, this Court should review the trial court's findings on each of these elements.²⁰

Equally important, addressing the trial court's finding of dilution will also serve judicial economy and secure a long-awaited resolution of the challenge to Defendant's continuing use of at-large elections without further delay. The trial court's remedial order has been stayed for nearly two years. Further delay is unnecessary and unwarranted; Santa Monica's Latino community has already waited far too long for their voting rights.

The trial court's well-reasoned findings, based on an extensive trial record, and a "searching practical evaluation of the past and present reality," leave no doubt Defendants' at-large elections impair Latino voting rights as a result of vote dilution. (See *Gingles, supra*, 478 U.S. at p. 79.)

The trial court found a stark pattern of racially polarized voting, a pattern of

The application in this case of the standards governing a vote dilution claim under the CVRA is "fairly included" in the issue presented. (Cal. Rules of Court rule 8.516(a)(1).) Moreover, the showing required to establish dilution under the CVRA is an important issue "presented by this case," and the parties have ample opportunity to brief the issue. (See Cal. Rules of Court rule 8.516(b)(2).) By applying these standards to the facts of this case, this Court will also be providing a ruling that will govern cities and special districts throughout the State as they seek to fairly implement election systems consistent with the CVRA. When the U.S. Supreme Court defined the contours of vote dilution claims under the FVRA in *Gingles*, it likewise applied its standards to the facts of that case.

losses by Latino candidates supported by Latino voters, multiple qualitative Section 14028(e) factors, and that Latino voters would have a greater opportunity to elect their preferred candidates or influence the outcome of elections under several alternatives to the at-large system. Because the trial court's findings are all supported by substantial evidence and correctly apply the law, they should be affirmed.

1. The Trial Court Correctly Found that Defendant's City Council Elections Exhibit Racially Polarized Voting Which Dilutes Latinos' Voting Strength.

The trial court's finding of a "consistent pattern of racially polarized voting" in Defendant's city council elections is supported by substantial evidence. (24AA10680; see also 244AA10677-10694.) Focusing on Defendant's city council elections involving at least one Latino candidate, as the CVRA directs (§§ 14028 (a) and (b)), both sides' experts' analyses revealed stark racially polarized voting, the result of which was, in the absence of special circumstances, Latino voters were invariably prevented from electing the Latino candidates whom they strongly preferred. Each step of the trial court's racially polarized voting analysis complied with the express direction of the CVRA and the guidance from federal courts in cases under the FVRA.

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²¹ See 24AA10680, 24AA10684-10690, 24AA10700; RT3021:2-3021:19; RT3057:22-3089:12; RT3171:5-3199:24; RT5515:22-5524:19; RT5528:1-5537:9; RA56-76; RA193-215.

Section 14026(e), in defining "racially polarized voting," incorporates FVRA standards, which have described racially polarized voting as shorthand for *Gingles* Prongs 2 and 3, *i.e.*, that the protected class is "politically cohesive" and that the majority "votes sufficiently as a bloc to enable it—in the absence of special circumstances ...—usually to defeat the minority's preferred candidate." (*Gingles, supra,* 478 U.S. at pp. 51, 56; *Ruiz, supra,* 160 F.3d at p. 551.) Synthesizing these requirements, *Gingles* held that evidence that minority voters "strongly supported [minority] candidates, while, to the [minority] candidates' usual detriment, whites rarely did, satisfactorily addresses each facet of the proper legal standard." (478 U.S. at p. 61.)

As discussed above in Section III.B.1.a, that is exactly what the evidence demonstrated and the trial court found. Both sides' experts' ecological regression analyses produced group voting estimates that were nearly identical. (Compare RA56-76 with RA204-209.) In six of the seven city council races from 1994 to 2016 involving at least one Latino candidate, the non-Hispanic white majority voted statistically significantly differently from Latinos (using a 95% confidence interval)—specifically, the Latino candidates received much greater support from Latino voters than from non-Hispanic whites. (RT3057:22-3199:24; RA56-76; see also, *Campos v. Baytown* (5th Cir. 1988) 840 F.2d 1240, 1248-49 [finding racially polarized voting based on differing levels of support for minority

candidates from minority and white voters, respectively]; *Gomez v. City of Watsonville* (9th Cir. 1988) 863 F.2d 1407, 1416-17 [same].) In all but one of those six elections, a Latino candidate received the most Latino votes, often by a large margin; and in all but one of those elections—an unusual election in which none of the incumbents elected 4 years earlier sought reelection—those Latino candidates who received the most Latino votes lost despite overwhelming Latino support. (RT3057:22-3199:24; RT4960:21-4960:24; RA56-76; RA204-209.)

On appeal, Defendant has never challenged Plaintiffs' *Gingles* Prong 2 showing—that Latino voters in Santa Monica are "politically cohesive." (See *Gingles, supra*, 478 U.S. at p. 51.) Nor could it. Instead, Defendant has focused on *Gingles* Prong 3, arguing principally that non-Latino candidates who (in an election where voters cast votes for three or four candidates²²) receive some support from Latino voters, but less than that of the Latino candidates preferred by Latino voters, have been elected. But that argument hardly advances Defendant's cause; the express language of the CVRA, persuasive authority from FVRA cases, and the trial court's

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²² In Defendant's elections, candidates run in a single race for the three or four seats that are up for election that year. Voters can cast votes for as many candidates as there are seats open, and the three (or four) candidates receiving the most votes citywide are seated on the City Council.

reasonable weighing of the evidence all require a rejection of Defendant's rationale.

The CVRA commands a focus on voting patterns and election outcomes for minority candidates who were the preferred candidates of minority voters. Section 14028(b) directs, in mandatory language, that "[t]he occurrence of racially polarized voting shall be determined from examining results of elections in which at least one candidate is a member of a protected class or elections involving ballot measures, or other electoral choices that affect the rights and privileges of members of a protected class." The overwhelming weight of FVRA authority concurs these elections are the most probative of racially polarized voting. (See, e.g., U.S. v. Blaine County (9th Cir. 2004) 363 F.3d 897, 911 [rejecting defendant's argument that trial court must give weight to elections involving no minority candidates]; Ruiz, supra, 160 F.3d at pp. 553-54 ["minority v. non-minority election is more probative of racially polarized voting than a non-minority v. non-minority election" because "[t]he Act means more than securing minority voters' opportunity to elect whites."].) The trial court's analysis complies with this direction, focusing on city council elections involving Latino candidates. (24AA10677-10690; 24AA10697-10700.)

Additionally, the trial court's findings as to the nearly uniform inability of Latino candidates to win city council elections is evidence of a

violation, as called out by Section 14028(b): "the extent to which candidates who are members of a protected class and who are preferred by voters of the protected class, as determined by an analysis of voting behavior, have been elected" to the defendant's governing body. That legislative choice in the CVRA incorporates the principle, recognized in FVRA cases, that the "guarantee of equal opportunity is not met when ... candidates favored by [minorities] can win, but only if the candidates are white," (*Ruiz, supra*, 160 F.3d at p. 553, quoting *Clarke v. City of Cincinnati* (6th Cir. 1994) 40 F.3d 807, 809-10; see also *Citizens for a Better Gretna v. City of Gretna* (5th Cir. 1987) 834 F.2d 496, 502 ["That blacks also support white candidates acceptable to the majority does not negate instances in which white votes defeat a black preference [for a black candidate]."].)

The evidence at trial also supports a focus on voting patterns and electoral outcomes for Latino candidates who received the strong, and even overwhelming, support of Latino voters in the particular context of Santa Monica. Where the choice has been available in Defendant's elections, Latino voters have preferred the serious Latino candidates—Vazquez in 1994, Aranda in 2002, Loya in 2004, Vazquez in 2012, and de la Torre in

2016 were each the top choice of Latino voters, receiving the highest levels of Latino support of any candidate in their respective races.²³

In multi-seat at-large elections like Defendant's, when minority voters exercise their right to cast all their votes it is "virtually unavoidable that certain white candidates would be supported by a large percentage" of minority voters, even though they are just the least objectionable option. (*Ruiz, supra*, 160 F.3d at pp. 553-54, quoting *Gretna*, 834 F.2d at p. 502.) Therefore, the Ninth Circuit explained, "the order of preference non-Hispanics and Hispanics assigned Hispanic-preferred Hispanic candidates as well as the order of overall finish of these candidates" is paramount. (Ruiz, supra, 160 F.3d at p. 554 [reversing the district court's finding of no racially polarized voting based on the success of white candidates who were the second-choice of Latinos]; see also Meek v. Metropolitan Dade County (11th Cir. 1990) 908 F.2d 1540, 1547 ["Gingles addresses not only a group's ability to elect a satisfactory candidate (that is, a candidate for whom the minority voter is willing to cast a vote), but the group's ability to elect its *preferred* candidate"].) The trial court recognized that Latino voters' top choice was a Latino candidate every time a serious Latino

²³ 24AA10681-10682; 24AA10686-10689; RT3061:10-3061:20; RT3068:4-3069:4; RT3079:2-3079:11; RT3172:18-3172:23; RT3182:16-3183:11; RA56-57; RA62-63; RA65-66; RA71-72; RA74-75.

candidate ran, and, with only one exception which the trial court found exhibited special circumstances, that candidate lost. (24AA10686-10689.)

The trial court properly refused to "disregard or discount both the order of preference of minority voters and the demonstrated salience of the race of the candidates." (24AA10699.) On this record, and in the exercise of its duty to make a "searching practical evaluation," the trial court was well justified in giving decisive weight to the nearly unbroken string of losses experienced by Latino candidates who were cohesively preferred by Latino voters. (*See Gingles, supra, 478 U.S.* at p. 79.)

In sum, the evidence established that Latino voters have cohesively (indeed, overwhelmingly) supported Latino candidates in most elections where the choice was available. Those Latino-preferred Latino candidates universally received statistically significantly fewer votes from white voters, and, almost as universally, lost.²⁴ That is the epitome of racially polarized voting. (See *Gingles, supra*, 478 U.S. at p. 61 ["We conclude that the District Court's approach, ... which revealed that blacks strongly supported black candidates, while, to the black candidates' usual detriment, whites rarely did, satisfactorily addresses each facet of the proper legal standard" for racially polarized voting]; § 14028(b).)

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²⁴ 24AA10685-10690; RT3059:13-3059:19; RT3061:10-3063:5; RT3068:4-3069:4; RT3079:2-3079:11; RT3172:18-3172:26; RT3182:16-3183:11; RA56-57; RA62-63; RA65-66; RA71-72; RA74-75.

2. The Trial Court's Findings of Additional Probative Factors Are Based on Substantial and Undisputed Evidence.

As set out above in Section III.B.1.b, the trial court found the "probative but not necessary" factors of section 14028(e) also supported the conclusion of racially polarized voting and vote dilution. Strong evidence supports that finding.

"The essence" of a vote dilution claim "is that a certain [electoral structure] interacts with social and historical conditions to cause an inequality in the opportunities enjoyed by [minority] and white voters to elect their preferred representatives." (*Gingles*, *supra*, 478 U.S. at p. 47.)

Here, as the trial court found, the continuing impact of historical discrimination against Latinos in Santa Monica, a gulf in wealth and income between Latino and white residents of Santa Monica combined with extraordinarily expensive campaigns, overt and subtle racial appeals in city council campaigns, and the use of dilutive staggered elections, all combine with the at-large system to prevent Latinos from electing their preferred candidates. The symptoms of this lack of electoral power are palpable – a disturbing lack of responsiveness to the Latino-concentrated Pico Neighborhood resulting in every undesirable feature of the city being sited there, poisoning the residents with environmental hazards. And, the lack of responsiveness to the Latino community is self-perpetuating; the City's many commissions—pipelines to city council appointments and election—

are nearly devoid of Latinos, and so council vacancy appointments have invariably gone to non-Latinos. (See Section III.B.1.b, *supra*, and record cites therein.) The trial court made detailed findings on all of this, and Defendant has never seriously disputed any of it.

3. As the Trial Court Found, and Substantial Evidence Demonstrates, Several Available Remedies Would Improve Latinos' Voting Power Over the Current At-Large System.

The trial court's finding that district elections, cumulative voting, limited voting, and ranked choice voting would each improve Latino voting power in Santa Monica is based on substantial and undisputed evidence, and satisfies the objective multi-factor standard set out above in Section V.C. (24AA10706-10707; 24AA10733-10735.)

a. District Elections

Analyzing a potential district plan presented by Plaintiffs' expert (RA46), the trial court reasonably concluded, based on substantial and unrebutted evidence, that district elections would improve Latino voting power over the current at-large system. The trial court found that unlike the at-large system, district elections would afford the Latino community the ability to elect candidates of their choice, or at least the ability to significantly influence elections. (24AA10706-10707; 24AA10733-10735.)

Minority Proportion. The trial court found that the significantly greater Latino proportion of the citizen voting age population in the Pico Neighborhood district (30.4%), compared to that in the city as a whole (13.6%), demonstrates that district elections would improve Latinos' voting power. (24AA10734-10735; RA48; RT2470:4-2470:10.) The unrebutted trial testimony revealed that districts with similar Latino voter proportions in other cities have allowed Latinos to elect their preferred candidates something Latino voters had been consistently unable to do in the at-large elections in those other cities. (24AA10733-10734, citing Florence Adams, Latinos and Local Representation: Changing Realities, Emerging Theories (2000), at 49-61; RT6932:14-6932:26; RT6935:24-6938:18 [describing Latino candidate's loss in at-large election and subsequent victory in district with 22% Latino voters]; RT6939:7-6942:20; RT6946:5-6947:21; RT7065:19-7067:19.)

While the Court of Appeal insisted that only a majority-Latino district could afford Latino voters any meaningful relief, that view is directly contrary to the statutory text, legislative history and purpose of the CVRA, as explained above in Section V.C. And, as explained below, the trial evidence (which the Court of Appeal expressly refused to consider) proves the Court of Appeal wrong.

Voting Patterns in the Pico Neighborhood District. After establishing that Latino voters consistently preferred Latino candidates

when the choice was available (24AA10686-10689), the trial court evaluated how those candidates performed in the Pico Neighborhood district. The Statement of Decision summarizes that analysis: "Mr. Ely's analysis of various elections shows that the Latino candidates preferred by Latino voters perform much better in the Pico Neighborhood district ... than they do in other parts of the city – while they lose citywide, they often receive the most votes in the Pico Neighborhood district," indicating district elections "would [] result in the increased ability of [Latinos] to elect candidates of their choice or influence the outcomes of elections." (24AA10734; see also RT2318:7-2330:4; RA 29-30, 25AA11002-11004.)

The 2004 election is illustrative. Plaintiff Maria Loya received the votes of essentially 100% of Latinos and just 21% of non-Hispanic whites. (RT3076:9-3077:2; RA65-66; RA204.) Despite that overwhelming support from Latino voters, Ms. Loya lost, placing seventh in an at-large election for four seats. (*Ibid.*) In the Pico Neighborhood district, where she resides, Ms. Loya received the most votes of any candidate – more than Bobby Shriver who beat every other candidate in their own neighborhoods. (RT2132:26-2134:14; RT2320:14-2322:2.) With district elections, she surely would have won. (*Ibid.*) The same was true for Tony Vazquez in 1994 when he enjoyed overwhelming support from Latino voters but lost at-large, while receiving the most votes in the Pico Neighborhood district. (RT2318:7-2320:6.) Mr. Ely explained that these results are not

anomalous, but typical of expected outcomes in the remedial district, and the trial court agreed. (RT2318:7-2330:4; 24AA10734.)²⁵

Local Political Factors. The trial court further looked to local political and economic circumstances relevant to the likely impact of district elections—particularly the wealth and income disparity between Latino and white residents of Santa Monica, and between the Pico Neighborhood and other parts of the city, and the political organization of Latinos in the Pico Neighborhood. (24AA10735.) Its findings in this regard are also supported by substantial evidence.

Campaigning in Defendant's at-large elections is extraordinarily expensive, approaching \$1 million. (RT6921:15-6928:22.) Such enormous cost is prohibitive for the Latino community, which has much less wealth than the non-Hispanic white community (a disparity much greater than in the rest of the United States), both because Latino candidates are not wealthy enough to self-finance their campaigns and Latino voters lack

²⁵ The Court of Appeal expressly disregarded the trial court's findings and evidence of voting patterns in the Pico Neighborhood district, claiming the trial court made no findings concerning this evidence and that Plaintiffs failed to mention this evidence in their appellate brief. (Court of Appeal Opinion, p. 37.) In their Petition for Rehearing, Plaintiffs pointed to precisely where they had described this evidence in their lone appellate brief (it was also discussed at length in the Amicus Curiae brief of Senator Polanco et al.), and precisely where in the Statement of Decision the trial court made these findings. (Petition for Rehearing, pp. 25-26.) Still, the Court of Appeal refused to correct its Opinion.

sufficient disposable wealth to contribute to their preferred candidates. (RT6921:15-6929:27; RT2292:19-2295:15, RT2302:4-2303:14 [objections later overruled at RT2429:10-11]; RT2430:11-2432:3.) District election campaigns are much less expensive; the smaller geography and electorate makes inexpensive campaign activities such as door-knocking and phonebanking more effective than the expensive mailers and print advertising that dominate at-large campaigns. (RT6928:23-6929:27.)

Additionally, as the trial court found, the Latino community in the Pico Neighborhood is politically organized in a manner that would "likely translate to equitable electoral strength" in a district system. (24AA10735; RT 6950:20-6952:6.)

b. Non-District Remedies

The trial court's finding that non-district remedial election systems, including "cumulative voting, limited voting, and ranked choice voting ... would improve Latino voting power in Santa Monica" is likewise supported by substantial evidence. (*See* 24AA10733.) The unrebutted evidence at trial demonstrates that these non-district alternative election systems would enable Latino voters to elect their preferred candidates – something they have not been able to do in the current system. ²⁶

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²⁶ See RT6955:7-6966:18 [cumulative voting]; RT6967:9-6975:4 [limited voting]; RT6975:5-6979:20, RT7051:27-7054:9 [ranked choice voting].

The ability to elect under these remedies is evaluated by comparing the proportion of Latino eligible voters in the city to the "threshold-of-exclusion." (*Ibid.*; *Port Chester, supra*, 704 F.Supp.2d at p. 450.) At 13.64%, the Latino share of eligible voters citywide surpasses the threshold of exclusion under any of these remedies for a seven-seat race, corresponding to Defendant's seven-seat council—12.5%. (RT2470:8-2470:10; RT 6955:7-6958:13; RT6967:25-6970:16; RT6975:28-6979:20; RT7051:27-7053:20.) Because the Latino share of eligible voters exceeds the threshold of exclusion, the politically cohesive Latino voters in Santa Monica could elect their preferred candidates even with no help from non-Latinos. (RT7051:27-7053:20.)

Even if the Latino proportion of the electorate were slightly less than the threshold of exclusion, evidence shows that it is still likely cumulative voting, limited voting, or ranked choice voting would enable Latino voters to elect their preferred candidates, or at least significantly influence the election outcomes. As Plaintiffs' expert explained, the threshold of exclusion represents the "worst-case scenario." (RT6955:25-6958:13.) In Defendant's elections there is some majority-crossover voting for the Latino-preferred candidate in each election, just not enough to elect those candidates in the current at-large system. (RT3021:2-3021:19; RT3057:22-3089:12; RT3171:5-3199:24; RT5515:22–5524:19; RT5528:1-5537:9; RA56-76; RA193-215.) For that reason, minority candidates have been

successful with cumulative and limited voting systems even where the minority proportion is less than the threshold of exclusion. (RT6963:1-6965:10; RT6971:14-6972:7; Engstrom, *supra*, 21 Stetson L. Rev. at pp. 758-759.)

Based on the substantial evidence that district and non-district remedies alike would afford Latino voters in Santa Monica the ability not just to influence elections, but actually to elect their candidates of choice, there can be no doubt that Defendants' at-large system has diluted Latinos' votes.

VI. CONCLUSION

In the eighteen years since the CVRA was passed, hundreds of California jurisdictions—cities, school districts, water districts—have switched from discriminatory at-large election systems to fairer systems, largely district-based election systems, that afford minority voters a true voice in who represents them. The CVRA has performed remarkably well in fulfilling what the Legislature designed it to do—ensuring that the right to vote for all Californians is not unfairly or discriminatorily impaired or diluted. The CVRA's success, where the FVRA's effect had been limited, is due precisely to the Legislature's choices—most notably, to protect minority voters from dilutive at-large elections regardless of how compact or concentrated their communities may be.

The Court of Appeal's decision threatened to eviscerate that progress, wiping out the distinct choices made by the Legislature to craft a voting rights law that recognized California's unique demographic and geographic realities. This case presents the Court with its first and best opportunity to make crystal clear what the CVRA stands for and requires—that no at-large system may deny the rights of minority voters through racially polarized voting when there is an alternative election system that will allow those voters to elect candidates of their choice or to influence the outcome of the elections. This Court should affirm the trial court's judgment and allow the ordered changes to Santa Monica's election system to proceed without further delay.

Dated: December 21, 2020 Respectfully submitted,

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CERTIFICATE OF WORD COUNT

(Cal. Rules of Court, rules 8.2024(c)(1).)

I, the undersigned appellate counsel, certify that this brief consists of 13,987 words exclusive of those portions of the brief specified in California Rules of Court, rule 8.204(c)(3), relying on the word count of the Microsoft Word 2016 computer program used to prepare the brief.

Dated: December 21, 2020 Respectfully submitted,

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PROOF OF SERVICE

I am a citizen of the United States, am over the age of 18 years, and not a party to the within entitled action. My business address is 300 Lakeside Drive, Suite 1000, Oakland, CA 94612. I declare that on the date hereof I served the following documents:

REPLY IN SUPPORT OF PETITION FOR REVIEW

By Electronic Service: Based on a court order or an agreement of the parties to accept electronic service, I caused the documents to be sent to the persons at the electronic service address(es) as set forth below

Via Electronic Filing/Submission:

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I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed on this 14th day of September 2020, at Oakland, California.

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